The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1476. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

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Ottawa, Sept. 1870. 1324b

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Wanted—C. B. Wright.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Stree

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1870.

The Secretary of State leaves this morning for Toronto.

Mr. Benoit, M. P. for Chambly, is in town.

The Intercolonial Railway Commissioners were at Dalhousie yesterday.

Sir John A. Macdonald leaves this morning for Brockville, where a steamer will be in waiting to convey him to Kingston.

Tenders have been called for, for the erection of new Post Offices at Toronto and Quebec. The plans for the latter were accepted yesterday.

Some of our contemporaries state that Sir Edward Kenney has been made a Knight of St. Michael and St. George. This is a mistake; he is simply a "Knight bachelor," not belonging to any order of knighthood.

A deputation of members of Parliament, lumbermen and others, had an interview with the Minister of Public Works yesterday, respecting certain improvements and alterations which they desire to have made in the Carillon Canal. The Minister promised that the matter should be investigated at once.

American papers are constantly abusing Great Britain for not interfering in the present war, and twitting her with cowardice, &c., for not doing so. They do not give any particular reason why she should interfere, the simple truth being, that the Americans long to see Great Britain suffering from the effects of a war, possibly hoping that a chance might offer for them to attempt the conquest of Canada.

We have seen a memorandum of the coal shipped from the Port of Pictou to Canada and the United States up to the 1st of July, 1869-70. The results shown are as follows:

To the United States	—1869..	Tons..	34,940
" " "	—1870..	" ..	26,627
To Canada	—1869..	" ..	7,338
"	—1870..	" ..	18,871

This large increase in the quantity of coal sold in Canada may fairly be attributed to the imposition of the duty on foreign coal.

Ben. Butler says if he were a New England fisherman, and were interfered with by the Canadian cruisers, he would fight. When Butler was a soldier he took especial care to avoid fighting—his cowardice being only equalled by his brutality—and we have no doubt that he would be equally prudent now. Butler should not talk about fighting; he is so universally known that his bluster and big words can deceive no one. As an insulter of women and a purloiner of spoons he is a success, but for Butler to talk of fighting is rather too absurd. He will be setting up for a civilized Christian next.

THE NECESSITY OF EUROPEAN INTERVENTION.

The series of battles and skirmishes which has lately taken place in the vicinity of Paris appears to have been attended, on the whole, with rather favourable results to the French. The Prussian position has been withdrawn farther from the walls of the city than it was a week ago, and the defenders, encouraged by their successes, are more resolute than ever in their determination to resist to the last. We read that large bodies of men are being organized in the south of France and will soon be ready to take the field against the Prussians, and the position of the invaders appears to be beset with more difficulties than it has been since the battle of Woerth. Still, in spite of all this, and although the telegraph tells us that "American Generals have introduced the rifle pit system of defence invented by the Americans in the late civil war,"—which by the way, was used by the Allies during the Crimean war,—we do not believe that the seige will be long protracted or that Paris will be saved from capture, unless the other powers of Europe interfere. Nor can we shut our eyes to the fact that if Paris falls, France will be left almost helpless at the mercy of the victors. Without a capital, and without a government which foreign nations recognize, or which the French themselves are unanimously agreed upon respecting, what hope would there be for this brave sorely tried nation, or with what prospect of success could they maintain the struggle against the overwhelming armies of Germany. The capture of the Emperor and the overthrow of the Imperial regency were the fatal blows which prostrated France. Revolts against the Republican Government of Paris have already occurred; the people of Lyons, influenced by a few demagogues of the most Radical type, have hoisted the red flag and refuse to submit to the authority of Jules Favre and his adherents. Marshal Bazaine is also reported to have declared that he would receive orders from no one but the Empress; and it is stated that the inactivity of the French naval squadron arises from the fact that the Admiral in command will not acknowledge the Republic. A people thus divided, however brave and patriotic they may be, cannot hope to contend successfully against such a mighty power as Prussia.

We have said that unless foreign nations interfere we see little prospect of Paris being saved. Let us then consider for a moment what would be the position of the other powers of Europe in the event of Prussia being completely triumphant, France utterly overthrown, and Alsace and Lorraine annexed to the dominions of King William. Great Britain has lost in France the only ally she had in the world. The interests of the two nations were more or less identical on most important questions. They were both interested in upholding the integrity of the Turkish Empire and in putting a check upon Russian aggression, in China and Japan they acted in concert, and even in the New World, France and England were inclined, from motives of policy, to repress the soaring proclivities of the American Eagle. But if the war between France and Prussia were ended to-morrow, it would be years before the former would be willing, or indeed, able, to enter into another strife. Turkey might go, and the seat of the Muscovite Empire might be removed from St. Petersburg to Constantinople, but the French would not deem it worth their while to interfere.

With Alsace and Lorraine annexed, with the expenses of the war paid by France, and with her generals and soldiers flushed with victory, what would be Prussia's next move? We know that Bismarck is especially desirous of making the German Confederation an important naval power; that immense exertions have already been made with that end in view, and that the great obstacle lies in the fact of Prussia possessing such a limited seaboard. In view of this fact then, does it not seem probable, nay almost certain, that King William and Bismarck would look with longing glances towards Holland and Belgium, with their magnificent harbours and long coast line? In the event of Prussia attempting the conquest of those countries, England could scarcely remain passive; she would be compelled in honour, as well as out of regard for her own future security, to take up arms and resist the aggressive designs of Prussia.

It is evident that Russia already perceives the dangerous results which would follow the downfall of France, and recognises the necessity of preserving the balance of power in Europe. She sees that a consolidated German Empire, freed from all dread of French hostility, would endanger her hold upon Poland and the safety of her North Western Provinces, and is already massing troops upon the frontier of eastern Prussia.

Austria has not forgoten or forgiven Sadowa, and views the probable aggrandizement of her great rival with distrust.

Thus Great Britain, Russia, Austria, Holland and Belgium, to say nothing of Denmark, all have good reason to dread the utter annihilation of French power, and all are interested in persuading, and if necessary in compelling, King William and his ambitious minister to consent to peace on fair and honorable terms, and not to insist on the annihilation of the French nation as now they appear resolved upon doing. The necessity of intervention seems every day to be becoming more and more apparent. The present British Government may defer it until it is too late; we trust however that they will not do so. We regard the disaster which has fallen upon France, as a disaster to Great Britain likewise; and the fall of Paris and complete overthrow of the French nation would be attended in the not far distant future with lamentable results. In the interests of civilization as well as of the nations of Europe, we hope that before many days elapse, Great Britain and Russia may come to the rescue, and put an end to this terrible strife.

COMPLIMENTARY.

Dr. Goldwin Smith is one of those exceedingly egotistical self-opinionated men who consider it necessary to make their views known on all subjects of public importance. Consequently he has written a letter to an American newspaper in which he sets forth his ideas as to what ought to be the course of Great Britain in the present war. In doing so he does not lose the opportunity of having a quiet little hit at Canada. He says "Canada is at this moment demonstrating its loyalty and enhancing the 'prestige' of the mother country by demanding a compensation for repulsing a Fenian raid, on the ground that Fenianism is an Imperial and not a Canadian question." We are not surprised at Dr. Smith's hostility to this country; it is a fair evidence of our loyalty. But with regard to this question of compensation for Fenian raids, and without for the moment discussing whether Fenianism is an Imperial or a Canadian question, we would like to ask the learned professor, whether he does not consider that the United States Government is bound, by every principle of justice and honour, to reimburse the people of this country for the losses which they have sustained in consequence of the negligence of the American authorities, and the lawless violence of American citizens? If this is the case, surely there is no reason why we should be sneered at for presenting our claims. Perhaps, however, Dr. Smith thinks that a people who are so blindly perverse as to live close to a Republic without becoming a portion of it, and who still cling to monarchical institutions with so much affection and pride as the Canadians do, are not worthy of consideration, and are in fact fit victims for American fillibusters to wreak their vengeance upon. Meanwhile, the people of this country cannot fail to feel gratified and complimented by the dislike of this unpatriotic and disloyal Englishman. It is our attachment to the mother country and its Queen that renders us the object of Dr. Smith's scorn and aversion.

THE NOVA SCOTIA SENATORS.

The Hon. Alexander MacFarlane has been nominated a Senator in the place of Hon. J. McCully, and Jeremiah Northrup, Esq., M.P.P., has been nominated a Senator in the place of the Hon. J. W. Ritchie.

Mr. MacFarlane is a member of the Bar, and also a leading agriculturist. He has been for many years President of the Agricultural Society of Nova Scotia. He represented the County of Cumberland for twelve years, and was a member of the Executive Council at the time of the Union, when he resigned. His rank and precedence for life were continued by special patent from the Crown.

Mr. Northrup is one of the most wealthy and influential merchants in the city of Halifax, and a representative of the County of Halifax in the Local Legislature.

Among the forthcoming volumes of "Ancient Classics for English Readers" will be 'Xenophon," by Sir A. Grant, Bart, whose edition of "The Nicomachean Ethics" is well known.

"PALMAN QUI MERUIT FERANT."

It affords us real gratification to announce that Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to confer upon Colonels Osborne Smith, McEachern, Chamberlin, and Fletcher, the companionship of St. Michael and St. George, in acknowledgement of their distinguished services during the late Fenian raid. We are quite sure that not only the worthy recipients of this honour, but the people of the Dominion generally, will feel gratified at this token of Her Majesty's appreciation of the loyalty and patriotism of her Canadian subjects.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Far be it from me to lay any blame upon the shoulders of the officials, from the Postmaster down, but that there is something radically and absurdly wrong in the system of mail deliveries at the Post Office here is an established and much "grumbled over" fact.

I have just been standing for three-quarters of an hour *quivering* with impatient longing to smash the glass through, which for that period of time my eyes have rested upon letters I knew to be of the utmost consequence to me, clutch them in my hand, and rush off to answer them; but an innate feeling of respect for the "rules that be" restrained me, and so I stood, alternately glancing at my coveted property and the busy impassive individual inside, who, regardless or unconscious perhaps of my agonizing suspense, would *not* grant me the means of obtaining them till the last article in the shape of some newspaper was deposited in its owner's receptacle.

Now, Sir, would it be too much to ask for the moderate favour of me, (with the rest, no doubt, of an equally impatient public,) receiving my *letters* without having to wait for the assorting of *newspapers*, which might just as well, for all nine-tenths of their recipients care for them, be delivered at a later hour? I think so, and I am sure our good obliging Postmaster would do anyting *in his power* to still further effect improvement, but to my own humble view Ottawa wants not only a new system but a new Post Office.

Yours truly,
CITIZEN.

Ottawa, 30th Sept. 1870.

Challenge.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Having heard that Mr. Burke, of March, offered to run his half bred horse "Young Bob Logic" for the sum of $500, mile heats, or a dash of two miles, against "Sunshine," I now challenge him to run "Sunshine," who is now in my possession, for $500 a two mile dash (viz., twice around the Ottawa Driving Park). This challenge to remain open for one week.

A. O. F. COLEMAN, V. S.

Ottawa, Sept. 30th, 1870.

RED RIVER NEWS.

We have received the first number of the *News Letter*, a publication which made its appearance at Winnipeg on the 13th inst. It is a small sheet, but neatly printed, and contains a quantity of well selected local news. Of its intentions it says:

"The *News Letter* is intended to supply the deficiency now so seriously felt in the absence of a regular newspaper here until the arrival of a press and type now on the way shall enable us to do business on a scale commensurate with the importance and requirements of the Province."

From the above paper we clip the following news items:

Great alarm prevails at the report that some hunters have brought in the small-pox infection from where it is raging on the Saskatchewan.

It is said that a few of the desperadoes who lately left here have located in the woods immediately on this side of the line, where they intend to prey upon the flatboats and carts of the loyal people.

A prominent "Honorable" from the lower district ran the gauntlet on the day of the Levee. Molasses, we hear, was substituted for tar, and though the feathers were ready, the Bird had flown and could not be found.

Some knowing ones have been sending up rockets a couple of nights ago to humbug our people into the belief that some grand movement is contemplated by the self exiled P.G.'s.

A portion of the Ontario Battalion with their fine band passed through the town last Sunday morning on their way to the different places of worship, affording a very pleasing sight to our townspeople.

Among the late departures, some of which were quite hurried, we note that of the Hon. Mr. Bannatyne, Hon. Mr. O'Lone, Hon. Dr. Bird, Hon. Mr. O'Donohue, His Excellency President Riel, Mr. Alex. Begg, Mr. Lennon, Mr. Eck, and others.

We notice that some people here, and a good many of the newspapers of Ontario, spell the name of our Province with a final "h." They should go the entire swine, and spell the name of the Dominion "Canadah."

Great dissatisfaction is felt at the want of a post-master in the town of Winnipeg. The hon. gentleman who held that position left the country for reasons which doubtless were urgent, and the public are desirous of having some one to fill the place who shall attend to that duty alone.

Designing parties are circulating the absurd report about the attempted shooting of a priest, and that the Sisters of Charity were forced to leave the town for fear of being burnt out. Every one will see the utter absurdity and untruthfulness of these reports, and the effect they are intended to produce.

It is a source of some gratification to our people to learn the manly course pursued by the Commandant at Pembina towards the ruffians who fled from Fort Garry. Lieut.-Col. Wheaton has shown himself a gentleman, as well as a gallant soldier, and would be welcomed everywhere here. Great praise is also due to Major Stoever, the collector, and Mr. Nelson, his gentlemanly assistant.

The band of the Ontario Battalion is now in daily practice, and at church parade last Sunday acquitted itself in a very creditable manner. Although the number of instruments is not large, yet the thorough knowledge on the part of the majority of the members, and the exertions of so experienced a teacher as Bugle Major Walker will shortly make the band a credit to the fine corps to which it is attached.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.
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☞See elegant styles in pattern JACKETS, MANTLES, TARTAN WRAPS, WATERPROOF CLOAKS, OPERA CLOAKS and Costumes this day at Magee & Russell's.

☞See beautiful display of Flowers, Feathers, Ribbons, Laces, Dress Caps, Head Dresses, this day at Magee & Russell's.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
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Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Latest from the Seat of War.

CABLE NEWS.

This Morning's Despatches

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 30.—The *Journal* of this city (official organ) emphatically denies the report of Russia's purchase of a new iron-clad steamer from the United States Government.

CHERBOURG, Sept. 30.—The greatest part of the French fleet has returned to this port to-day. A squadron has been left in the North Sea and English Channel sufficiently large to protect the French coast.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—The *Times'* correspondent writing from Luxemburg, says Dresiers is very strong, but it was not thought that it could hold out.

French prisoners of war have been set at work constructing canals at Hanover.

A despatch from Frankfort just received states that the prevailing sentiment of the people of that city in reference to a peace settlement, is that fortified cities and forts in Alsace and Lorraine must be retained by the Prussians as the price of their victory.

Prussian troops are now being transported through France, crossing the Rhine close to the Swiss frontier. During the last three days trains have run day and night conveying the *corps d'armée* which has hitherto been engaged as an army of observation in the Upper Alsace, for the prevention of forming French levees.

TOURS, Sept. 30.—A great number of private documents of the Emperor, which were recently seized at Quillains, by officers of the new government, have been made public in the columns of the *Official Journal* of the new Republic. Many noted persons under the old regime are implicated in the scandals. The Provisional Government of Paris have already dismissed M. Devinne, President of the Court de Cassation, he having been shown to be mixed up in the scandalous transactions of the ex-Emperor. The correspondence in relation to Mexico was unearthed, implicating Duc de Morny and others high in the Emperor's confidence. Besides these there were found letters from Persigny to Napoleon, proving the existence of a black tribunal; and others from the Queen of Holland, written directly after the battle of Sadowa, warning the Emperor against the disclosures thus made in regard to Napoleon's private life.

Later advices from Paris state that the construction of barricades is being vigorously pushed on under the supervision of Rochefort and Flurens.

The Mobiles have been armed with a new and dreadfully destructive engine, an invention which has just been made, and which is a profound secret. Greater results are expected from this weapon than from the celebrated mitrailleuse.

At Tours the firemen are being enrolled.

Large numbers of breech-loaders have been distributed to such soldiers of the National Guard as had inferior arms.

TOURS, Sept. 30.—Later advices from Paris mention a series of successful engagements around the city.

The ardour of the besieged has been much increased by the victories of the new French leaders.

Cannon have been placed on the ramparts.

There is no sign of the enemy in this direction yet.

ROUEN, Sept. 29, *via* Tours, 30.—Another balloon from Paris landed near Mantes to-day. A courier with a multitude of letters and packages has gone forward to Tours.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—Retrenchments have been made in the public expenditure by the Minister of Finance, by cutting down the salaries of Councillors of State and Prefects of Departments. It is also proposed to reduce the pay of the Ministers. The members of the Provisional Government have announced that they do not want any pay for services to their country. The saving to the Government will reach 50,000,000 francs, as will be shown by comparing the first budget of the new Government with the last under the Empire.

VIENNA, Sept. 30.—The Naturalization Treaty with the United States has been signed by the Austrian Government.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—There is no abatement in the military preparations of Russia.

At the arsenal at Kiev five hundred old muskets are daily turned into use.

A telegram from Tours says there is still considerable insubordination in the French army. Officers are unable to prevent disorder and violence among the raw and undisciplined soldiers. Severe examples have been made.

The French say the Prussian losses since the war began, and particularly in the investment of Paris, have been so immense that the German authorities have taken care to conceal the facts from the newspapers.

Paris dates to the 24th say that yesterday there was a brilliant reconnoisance, supported by the artillery of the gunboat fleet on the Seine, under the command of Admiral Sasset, which resulted disastrously to the enemy.

The Prussians are constructing formidable works at Ragneux, also before forts Vauves and Issy, on the Terrace of Meudon.

Grand scandals are daily coming to light on the examination of documents found in the Tuileries, implicating the highest personages.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—The Prussians evacuated Rambouellet, 17 miles south of Versailles, on Sunday. Confidence is returning in Paris. It is vaguely asserted that some of the positions occupied by the Prussians have been recovered.

LONDON, September 29.—By the recent successes of the French troops around Paris, the circle of German investment has been shattered at two points, and repelled to a distance varying from three to six miles, and the French have occupied a position taken in strong force.

The Hungarian Government, fearing the consequences of the Russian demonstration against Austria, insists upon the absolute neutrality of Austria, in the event of hostility between Russia and Germany.

It is reported that Russia, supposed to have threatened Turkey, has really offered to protect her against any attempt of the Pasha of Egypt on her independence.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—The French troops which occupy the positions taken during the recent operations, have been strongly supported by General Trochu, and present a firm front.

General Ripley, who assisted Beauregard in the defence of Charleston, and several other federal and confederate officers, are employed in organizing the American system of defence by rifle pits at several points of the French circles of defence.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—It is probable that Senator Morton, the new Minister to England, will be able to sail for London before the first or tenth of November.

SANFRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—Parties from Lower California report that a volcano, near San Rafael valley, which has been in a dormant state for years, has commenced a violent eruption, emitting columns of smoke, and scattering ashes and cinders for miles around its base.

Forty thousand women are employed as outdoor laborers in Paris.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 30.

Business at Corn Exchange yesterday was not very heavy. The breadstuffs market was rather quiet, but not weaker flour ruled about the same as the previous day, wheat was very dull and entirely nominal, no transactions being reported. Advices from Chicago report an advance to 108¾, but this was counterbalanced by the weakness of the Liverpool market. On other grains there were no important changes, and they are still quotable at about yesterday's figures.

The delay of tenders relating to the building of a wing to the Sherbrook jail has been extended to the 20th of October.

Hon. Mr. Chauveau intends to bring down a new education Bill at the next session of the Legislature, that it will embody many of the features which impressed him while on his visit to the Educational Institutions of the old world. The conference of the delegates from the Church of Scotland and Canada Presbyterian Church in the question of the union of these two churches assembled again yesterday morning in St. Paul's church. The whole day was occupied in the discussion of the question of educational establishments, on which there seemed to be at first a good deal of difference of opinion, and a number of resolutions were offered, but none met with an entire concurrence. The general feeling of the meeting was evidently in favor of maintaining one efficient university having other affiliated colleges fully equipped for the education of students in arts and theology, not closing any of those now in existence. It is expected that a unanimous decision will be arrived at on this question to-day.

Weather this morning is dull, and the sky forbidding, the temperature is rather low and rain is not unlikely. Heavy fogs during the last two days have seriously interfered with the river steamboat navigation.

The Rev. Mr. Lang, minister of the parish of Glassford, Scotland, has intimated by telegraph, his acceptance of the offer of the pastorate of St. Andrew's church in this city, and vacant by the death of the late Dr. Mathieson.

Last night an inveterate drunkard named Margaret Murphy died suddenly in jail.

Recently a vast amount of velocipeding, lotteries, concerts and excursions for the benefit of the French wounded, have taken place in this city; but as yet, no acknowledgement of the receipt of the funds by the French Consul.

Last evening a grand concert and ball in aid of the French wounded, was held in the St. Patrick's Hall, and over 2,000 people were present. Speech's appropriate to the occasion were delivered by Messrs. Devlin and Duvert.

The conference of the delegates from the Presbyterian churches in British North America, appointed to consider the practicability of a union of these churches, has been in session since Wednesday last. The delegates seemed to be unanimous in expressing a willingness for a general union on a basis that would be acceptable to all. A general resolution embodying all the views of the conference, is being drawn up to-day.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Sept. 30.

General Lindsay is at Spencer Wood.

The deferred inspection of the garrison corps takes place to-day.

Messrs. Foy, Joseph, and Grant represent Quebec at the approaching convention in Montreal for forming a Dominion Board of Trade and Commerce.

Rev. Dr. Percy arrived here on the *Hibernian*. He was for a long time a much respected resident of Quebec, and is now rector of a parish in Ireland, being here on a visit to his relatives.

In the weekly share list of the Union Bank the six months' dividend is put down at 4 per cent.

But little variation is noted in prices during the week.

A young man here has invented an aerial passenger ship. He has advertised to give public exhibitions shortly. He brought out a pamphlet on the subject some time ago, and is said to be very aerial generally.

The barque *Napier* is in port for Montreal.

Beigade Camp at Sherbrooke,

From the Montreal Gazette.

The first brigade camp of the Militia of the Dominion that has been held in the Eastern Townships was on Wednesday broken up. Never, during the course of the militia training, has there been a greater success. The brigade that assembled was that under the immediate charge of Lieut.-Col. King, Brigade-Mojor of the 3rd Brigade Division of the 5th Military District; the command was assumed by the Deputy Adjutant-General commanding the District, and for the eight days the men have been encamped for their annual training, the work has been incessant. The whole of the corps assembled, which included the Cookshire and Sherbrooke troops of cavalry, and the 53rd, 54th and 58th Battalions of Infantry, have not only gone through the whole of their prescribed course of target practice, but have, in addition to the requisite company and battalion drill, had two or three brigade field days, the last being on the occasion of the visit of the Adjutant General of the Dominion, Colonel Robertson Ross. The situation of the camp, the crowd of spectators, to whom the assemblage of such a body of of men was a novel sight, combined to render the occasion most interesting. The Adjutant-General on his arrival at the place of parade was received in the ordinary manner by a general salute, and after a minute inspection of the arms and accoutrements of the various companies, numbering in all between one and two thousand men, took over the command of the force from Lt. Colonel Osborne Smith, and directed the movements of a field day, which occupied over three hours. The whole of the men were constantly kept in motion, and the two arms of the service represented performed nearly all the evolutions that could be required in actual warfare. The roll of the musketry, the skirmishing, and charges of the cavalry; and the final charge of the whole line by which the enemy were presumed to have been finally repulsed, presented a *coup d'œil* not easily to be forgotten by the thousands of the inhabitants of Sherbrooke and the adjacent townships who had assembled to witness the sight. After the field day the Adjutant-General, in a few well chosen remarks, complimented in the highest terms the officers and men of the brigade. He concluded with a remark on the benefit of a country owning the sway of our Queen. On her name being uttered, a storm of heartfelt cheers greeted his speech. Lt.-Colonel Osborne Smith, having obtained the permission of the reviewing officer to address the brigade, asked the officers and men to join in welcoming the new Adjutant-General with a real Eastern Township cheer. This was most heartily responded to. Subsequently the Adjutant-General inspected the camps of the various corps, which, he was pleased to say, were in most perfect order as regarded cleanliness and general arrangement. Captain Hyndman, District Paymaster, then paid off the brigade, and the men left for their homes, well satisfied with their first experiences of a brigade camp of instruction.

☞See magnificent show of Autumn Trimmed Straw and Velvet Bonnets and Hats this day at Magee & Russell's.

☞See immense Stock of Untrimmed Straw, Velvet, Velveteen and Felt Hats this day at Magee & Russell's.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

A naval court marshal in England is now investigating the loss of the *Captain*.

James B. Taylor, of New York, by his will, gives the widow $3,000,000, absolutely, and an annuity to his grandfather.

"The Three Choirs" of England hold their festival this year at Hereford, in the nave of the Cathedral. "Elijah," is the leading oratorio selected.

The most positive contradiction is given to the statement that was circulated as to the mutiny of a native regiment in Allahabad. The report proves to be utterly untrue.

Mr. John Van Emburgh, of Kearny, N. J., died on Thursday, aged 104 years. He was married five times, and had numerous children, grand-children, great-grand-children, and great-great-grand-children.

The second annual Western Fair, held under the auspices of the East Middlesex Agricultural and City of London Horticultural Societies, was opened in London on Tuesday.

Monsieurs Chassepot, the French rifle inventor, is in Birmingham, England, under the assumed name of Mr. Jacob, examing rifles and cartridges in behalf of the French government.

Ships may now enter the Elbe cautiously. Most of the torpedoes in the channel are sunk too deep for merchant vessels. Many of them have been removed, and the positions of the remainder are exactly known to pilots.

The ex-Emperor Napoleon, in his exile at Wilhelmshohe, has for companions Princes Moskowa and Murat. His actions and demeanor are said to be slow and apathetic. Like the First Napoleon, he sleeps only for about four hours out of the twenty-four.

Since the termination of the Austrian war, not a railroad car has ever been constructed in Prussia or any of its dependencies in which the primary idea of its construction has not been military capacity and utility rather than passenger or merchandize traffic.

A most violent scene is said to have occurred at Metz, between Leboeuf and Bazaine. Leboeuf interfered to make a certain appointment, which Bazzine refused to recognize. Leboeuf threatened to have Bazaine shot. Bazaine answered: "I dare you to find four men and one corporal in the entire French army who would carry out that order. But, I tell you, tens of thousands of brave men would fight for the honour of putting an end to your miserable existence.

Two boys, aged respectively eight and nine years, living in Dorcestershire, England, were recently killed in a very shocking manner. They were driving a couple of cows to feed, and round the waist of each boy was fastened a rope, which was attached to the cow. The boys were walking leisurely along the road, picking nuts in the hedgerows, when the animals suddenly took fright, and dragged the boys after them at a furious pace. The boys were found lying on the road quite dead.

The Melbourne *Argus* states that the principal event in theatrical circles in that city for some time had been the *debut* of Mrs. Charles Matthews. After a very satisfactory engagement of her husband at the theatre Royal Mrs. Matthews appeared as *Harriet Routh*, in "Black Sheep," and met with a very kindly reception. Subsequently, Mrs. Matthews performed as *Medea*, in the burlesque of "The Golden Fleece," and Mr. and Mrs. Matthews brought the season to a close on Friday, the 3rd of June, with the performance of "London Assurance."

The city of Rome is quiet, and confidence is returning in business circles. The Pope and Cardinals now show themselves in public again. The Pope desiring to drive through the city, General Cadorna has given orders that the same honors be paid to him as to the King, and to the cardinals as to the princes of royal blood. A correspondent writes: "The Pope is not ill pleased with having changed his foreign mercenaries for Italian defenders, and he was never treated with more respect. His Holiness is now probably satisfied that the change is better for the interests of the Papacy and Catholicity."

Communications which we (*British Medical Journal*) have received from a source worthy of the highest confidence, assure us that the statements which have appeared as to the debilitated and doubtful state of the Emperor's health are well founded. We learn from this source that Mr. Prescott Hewett, of St. George's Hospital, has visited the Emperor professionally. The consequences of the painful and wearing vesical and prostatic affections of the Emperor, added to the fatigues and trials, bodily and mentally, to which he has been subjected during the recent campaign, have been such that at any moment very startling announcements might be made.

Several balloons have already been sent out from Paris, since the investment, and have managed to deliver their advices in safety. A service more critical can hardly be imagined than that of being charged with despatches to be conveyed in such a manner. Now that the Prussians have captured so many mitrailleuses, the balloon service must be especially hazardous. A single bullet, even with the best of marks men and needle-guns, might fail, at a great distance, to hit such a vehicle. But the practice of a gun throwing many bullets at a balloon must, like that of a fowling piece throwing shot at a bird, increase greatly the chance of bringing the object down. Perhaps the exigencies of Paris at this moment may lead to important discoveries in aeronautic science. Necessity is the mother of invention, and the existing circumstances of the French capital will at least induce many experiments.

The N.Y. *Tribune* has made a discovery that must please the palates of its readers, particularly the believers in spread-eagle theories and the Munroe doctrine. In short our contemporary foresees an intention on the part of Newfoundlanders to seek an entrance into the American Union. It says on the subject:—

"The Governor of Newfoundland is in this city. He arrived from Ottawa, where he has been tarrying for some weeks upon affairs of state. The Governor's visit to the United States is understood to be mainly for the purpose of learning the exact tendencies of the leading men of the country with refenence to the subject of the annexation of Newfoundland, and the probable action of the Government in case the Newfoundlanders offer a proposal for terms of annexation. Gov. Hill served in the Crimean War, and has rendered numerous important services to his Government. He is now at the Astor House, and will leave for Washington during the week."

A new danger to the peaceful inhabitants of Great Britain seems to have arisen out of the Franco-Prussian war, and it has developed itself in an unexpected quarter. The *Pall Mall Gazette* remarks that increased danger to life or limb is incurred by railway travellers, owing to the avidity of signal men for news of the war. This very useful and responsible class of functionaries, it is said, are so intent upon studying the gigantic tragedies of continental Europe, that they are growing indifferent to the prevention of lesser and more commonplace tragedies at home, and allowing railway trains to take their chance of perdition while they are tracking the march of the Crown Prince, or sympathizing with the sorrows of the Emperor.

Some of the French papers appear much displeased with England for not making more vigorous exertions to secure Prussia's assent to the terms of France. *Le Gaulois* addresses the following warning "To England:"

"The English Government, it appears, does not admit that it can offer its mediation to put an end to a war which, during the past month, has caused the blood of half a million of soldiers to flow. This mediation France, though terribly suffering, does not ask; but in not taking immediate action, the British Foreign Office commits the political error of which we were guilty in not intervening in 1866, in favor of Austria. If France is to undergo a Sadowa, Prussia will seize first upon Alsace and Lorraine, and then—to be logical, and to become what she ardently desires to become, namely, a maritime power—upon Belgium and Holland.

The *Illustrated London News* says: Col. Sir Henry James, in a recent lecture on the Pyramids of Egypt, stated that in the King's chamber, inside the pyramid, some of the stones were thirty feet long. These stones, weighing ninety tons, were not found in Egypt at all, but were taken down the Nile a distance of five hundred miles, and then placed in their present position one hundred feet above the level of the ground. With regard to their finish, these syenite stones are the very hardest known, and yet they are so exquisitely polished and built in (to form a casing for the King's chamber) with such superior skill, that the finest sheet of tissue paper could not be inserted between two of the stones, and this, after a lapse of four thousand years. Such workmanship would excite the wonder and admiration of the world, even in this age of science and improvement.

The library of Strasbourg, just destroyed by the bombs and shells launched by the Badeners, contained no less than 150,000 volumes. Amongst them were a large number of precious manuscripts, forming an inestimable collection of documents relative to the history of the Reformation, which were highly valued by the erudite. On its shelves also were to be found the incurables (?) formerly belonging to the ancient Commandery of St. John of Jerusalem. Amongst the treasures there preserved was the MS of Herrade de Landsperg, Abbess of Saint Odile, entitled "Hortus Deliciarm," which dated from the twelfth century, and the miniatures of which furnished the most useful information to the history of art and costumes; a "Recueeil de Prieres" of the eighth and ninth centuries, on vellum, in letters of gold and silver; a "Missal," with the arms of Louis XII.; the collections of the "Constitutions de Strasbourg;" and the poem of the "Guerre de Troie," in 60,000 verses, by Conrad de Wurzburg.

The Fenian Convention at Cincinnati was not without its fruits. It laid down the programme for the overthrow of the British Empire; it fixed the tariff of subscriptions to be imposed on Irish servant girls who are devoted to the cause; and they made the following valuable addition to Irish music. To do justice to this sweet anthem it is necessary for the vocalist to be very drunk, and he must use the air of "The Colleen Bawn," if possible:—

Some toime in loine
Our hosts we'll jine
Benayth the Oirish pinnint,
Till Dublin falls,
And on its walls
We'll hang the Lord-liftininit.

The Saxon crew
We'll thin purshoo
Judiciously an' calmly;
On Windsor's plain
We'll hang the Quane
An' all the royal family.

An' thin, begob!
No more they'll rob
Ould Oirland av her taxes,
An' earth shall rowl
From powl to powl
More aisy on its axis!

The Dardannelles, of which we hear so much just now, are, properly speaking two castles (Seston, in Romenia, and Abydos, famous in Byron's poem of the Bride of Abydos, in Natolia) commanding the entrance of the Straight of Gallipoli, built by the Sultan Mahommed IV. 1659, and named Dardanelles, from the contiguous town Dardanus. The passage of the Dardanelles has never been made but twice since then by any but Turkish vessels. It was achieved by the British squadron, under Sir John Duckworth, February 19, 1809; but the Admiral was obliged to repass them, which he did with great loss, March 2, following, the castles of Sestos and Abydos hurling down stones of many tons weight upon the British ships. The allied English and French fleets passed the Dardanelles at the Sultan's request, October, 1853. The term Dardanelles is also now applied to a narrow arm of the sea, betwixt Europe on the west, Asia on the east, the Propontis, or sea of Marmora, northward, and Ægean Sea, now the Archipelago, southward. It was anciently called the Hellespont, but, as we have said, it is now called the Strait of the Dardanelles, taking its name from the two castles we have mentioned. The Hellespont took its original name from Helle, daughter of Athamas, King of Thebes, whose daughter was drowned in these Straits. It is celebrated for the loves of Hero of Sestus and Leander of Abydos.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

DIED,

On Thursday, 29th September, George Patrick O'Donohoe, Esq., Post Office Department, aged 26 years.

The funeral will leave his late residence Gloucester Street, at two o'clock this afternoon.

WANTED,

TWO BOYS to carry papers. Must be able to read and write.

Apply at the

TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT.

Hull, September 29, 1870 1416 4m&w31 2m

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years ... WALTHAM WATCHES, and the ... where acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, he has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits; but most enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad debts. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 3.4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality both in gold and silver, are the CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD.

These watches can be ordered of any watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; and the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privilged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agents for the Dominion, Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street, Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

1397 3md

WONDERS OF WONDERS!

RINK MUSIC HALL!

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

Thursday and Friday, Oct. 6 and 7

SATSUMA'S

Japanese Troupe!

CONSISTING OF

TWENTY STAR ARTISTS

OF BOTH SEXES,

Acrobats, Tumblers and Jugglers!

Their First Tour of America.

Appearing in the rich Court Dresses of Japan.

☞Everything entirely different from any other Japanese Troupe ever in this country.

Admission 25 cents; Reserved Seats 50 cents. Seats for sale at Orme & Son's music store.

J. E. NOBLE, Agent. H. SCHUHMANN, Manager and Director.

Ottawa, Sept. 29, 1870.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

THIS EVENING, SATURDAY 1st, Will be presented

JACK SHEPPHERD

AND

ROBINSON CRUSOE and HIS MAN FRIDAY,

—OR—

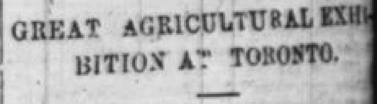
Harlequin, the Elfin Prince at the Bottom of the Sea.

BOX PLAN now open at Orme & Son's Music Store.

Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Private Boxes, $3.00 and $5.00; Single Seats in Private Boxes, 75 cents. A limited number of Season Family tickets at reduced terms.

Sole Lessee and Manager, WM. J. MARSHALL.

October 1. 1476 1



THE ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA R. R.

Managing Director's Office, Ottawa, Sept. 28, 1870.

GREAT AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION AT TORONTO.

NOTICE.

Return Tickets at a Single Fare good till 8th October, are issued by this

COMPANY

To enable the public to visit the

GREAT EXHIBITION AT TORONTO.

THOS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

1475 4

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO,

Will be held at the

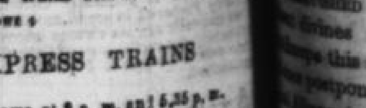
ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next, AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORKMAN, Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office, Ottawa, September 14. 1870



CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over these Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4.40 p. m.

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT, Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 13, 1870 1466f

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

...AWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

......8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
......4.30 p m, 11.90 a m, 9.00 pm
...where trains connect at Prescott Junction
...Grand Trunk Railway for all points south
...and west.
...OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner o Sussex
A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

WANTED, a first class Salesman for the ...ery Department; must speak English and French fluently. Apply to R. L. James & Co. 1451-tf.

See endless variety of made up ...ts, QUILTED LUSTRE and Satin Under ...ts, also CORSETS, this day at Magee & Russell's.

See the Richest and most elegant ...bition of Millinery and Mantles ever ...n in the Metropolis this day at Magee & Russell's.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

THE STREET CARS had an unusually large number of passengers yesterday, owing to the excursion to town.

SALE OF NEW EDINBURGH MILLS.—The ...w Edinburgh woollen mills, lately ...ed by J. Mackay & Brother, were sold ...on Wednesday last, by auction, to Messrs. ...Laren and R. Blackburn, for $42,000.

See all the leading novelties in ...ss CLOTHS, Costume Cloths, with ...mings to match, this day at Magee & Russell's.

CRICKET MATCH AT ALMONTE.—A cricket match will be played to-day, weather permitting, on the Almonte grounds between the Ottawa Club and the Almonte and Arnprior clubs, we wish them a pleasant time.

POLICE COURT.—Friday.—Several persons were brought before His Worship for selling liquor without a licen-e, two of them were fined $20 each, one was dismissed, and the other was ordered to appear at the Police Court this morning.

Ladies and gentlemen would do well to examine the stock of general furnishing goods at the Golden Lion before purchasing elsewhere. R. L. James & Co., opposite the Russell House.

WAR PANIC.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co., are opening up large lots of new goods ex ...Ocean steam and sailing ships, all ...chased in Britain during the great war ...panic. Horrocks A 1 white cotton, only ...d per yard. Other goods cheaper than ... 1469 tf

THE MARKET.—Friday.—The attendance at the market this morning was not very ...

...tatoes were in good supply and sold ...45 to 50 cts. per bushel. There was ...re than usually large quantity of ...er—price 20 to 22 cts. in tubs and 25 ...n prints; hay sold for $18 to $20 per ...n; good onions sold for $2.00 per ...l; oats 50 cts.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE, Friday.—D. Watt, Montreal; R. Jones, ——; ...Batham, Montreal; M. Robertson, ...; J. Masson, Toronto; E. B. ..., Boston; E. J. Armstrong, Fitz...; W. Lachlin, Arnprior; G. Hurd, ...ville.

In consequence of the excursion yesterday by the Canada Central Railway, a large number of people took advantage of the ...trip to visit Ottawa. The various ...and passages in the Parliament Buildings were thronged by the excursionists, ...of whom had possibly never seen the buildings.

MUSIC.—The Brockville and Ottawa Railway Artillery Band will play the following programme on Major's Hill, at 3 o'clock ...to-day, weather permitting:—

March..................by Khuner.
Quadrille..Queen's Canadian ... Prince.
Fantasia, (Comic)..Echoes of the Night........ Riviere.
......Shilly Shally..... Hardy.
......Ghost........... Petit.
God Save the Queen.

...STONE PHOTOGRAPHS.—A photograph has been taken by Notman, of the ...er stone of the new court house on the ...inst. It is an excellent one and reflects credit on this well known establishment. We understand that Mr. Notman will have for sale in a few days these photographs on a much larger scale. This will be a good opportunity for members of the craft to secure a likeness of the Most Worshipful Master, as well as many of their brethren were present on that occasion.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.—The Treasurer of ...County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital, acknowledges the receipt of the following note and enclosure:

"Rev'd. J. S. Lauder,"

"Dear Sir,—I enclose to you the sum of ... dollars for the benefit of the Protestant Hospital of this city, wishing it ...ure for the suffering ones who from ...time, find an Asylum there.

Yours truly,
A MEMBER OF THE CHAPEL OF EASE.
..., Sept 28, 1870.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.—Among other ...nent divines attracted to our shores ...m Europe this autumn by the proposed, ...now postponed meeting of the Evangelical Alliance in New York, are the Reverend Dr. Mullens, and Henry Allow, who ...e as a deputation from the "London ...ionary Society." The latter gentleman, ...for more than a quarter of a century ...ccupied a prominent pastorate in ..., has promised to visit Ottawa on ...day, the 13th instant. Our citizens ...l have the rare opportunity of hearing ...distinguished minister preach a sermon, and afterwards give a narrative of the ...derful religious movement in Madagascar. The service will be held in the ...gregational Church at 8 o'clock on the ...named evening.

A MAGICAL MIRROR.—Novel in design, ...ous in its effects, and nevertheless, ...ingly simple in construction is a ...glass invented and patented by Mr. McKay, painter, Rideau street. A ...mirror, divided into three parts, and ... formed into three sides of a ...ure, reflects the human form divine, in front, behind, in profile, three quarters face, full face and indeed all round, while a slight change of arrangement of one or both wings exhibits a dozen or more portraits of the individual standing between them somewhat after the manner of a kaleidescope. For the dressing room no mirror can equal this wonderful invention by Mr. McKay. It might even be utilized in the Theatre. In the ball room it might combine the camera with the kaleidescope, while in the drawing room it could be made a source of infinite amusement. Mr. McKay has placed one of these pier-glasses in a room off the Senate chamber where it can be seen, and must be seen, either to be appreciated or fully understood.

Excursion.

An entirely unexpected influx of visitors to Ottawa occurred yesterday. They came from Sand Point, Almonte, Carleton Place, and all stations between Ottawa and the first named place; the object of the excursion being to raise funds towards the building of a Methodist Church at Sand Point. Ottawa was scarcely aware that she was to be invaded by the very welcome people from that section of the country, until they marched into town from the Canada Central station, and even then there were many queries exchanged as to who they were, from whence they had come, and what their object was. The train on which they came arrived at about one o'clock. There were eight cars, four passenger cars and four wood cars, crowded full of lady and gentlemen excursionists, the fair sex, we think, being the majority. Every carriage and 'bus at the station was immediately besieged, but they could accommodate only a comparatively small number. The street cars lost a rare opportunity of filling their money boxes. Had they had a half dozen of cars waiting at Pooley's bridge they would all have got more passengers than they could carry. But the Company were ignorant of the excursion. The ladies from Almonte and surrounding country are evidently, as they are everywhere, fair, fresh and beautiful, and their masculine companions hardy looking as the trees of their forests.

Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment.

Present:—Messrs. McLaren, Elliot and Fetherston.

Moved by Mr. Elliot and seconded by Mr. Fetherston, that Mr. McLaren be chairman of the Council for this present session—Carried.

The Minutes of last session were read.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Fetherston, that the overseer of the division be directed to remove the obstructions on the Fitzroy Harbor road in the seventh concession to the width of the ditches.—Carried.

Tenders for the collection of the Taxes were opened as follows:

Charles Murphy..................$58 00
Patrick Gorman..................$75 00

Moved by Mr. Fetherston and seconded by Mr. Elliot that the tender of Charles Murphy for the collection of the taxes for the current year, be accepted, and that the Clerk deliver the roll to him not latter than the 1st November next.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Fetherston and seconded 5, in the third concession of this Township.—Carried.

by Mr. Elliott that Mr. David Story be heard at the bar of this Council concerning the side road between lots Nos. 6 and

Mr. D. Story then addressed the Council on that subject.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Fetherston that this Council do now adjourn for one hour.—Carried.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment, the same members present.

Moved by Mr. Fetherston and seconded by Mr. Elliott that the Clerk give the requisite notices of the passing of a By-law for opening the original allowance between lots Nos. 5 and 6 in the third concession and for stopping up the road now used in lieu thereof.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Fetherston and seconded by Mr. Elliott that fifteen dollars be granted for the repair of the Mississippi Bridge, and that Mr. A. Riddell do superintend the expenditure of the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Fetherston that this Council do now adjourn until the twenty-ninth day of October next.—Carried.

LITERARY.

Dr. Andrew Wood, an eminent Scottish physician and a member of the Medical Council, is engaged on a translation of Horace's "Satires," which will be issued in October by Messrs. Nimmo.

Mr. John Byrne, jr., has been elected Secretary of the Newspaper Press Fund. There were one hundred applicants for the post.

Mr. John Gough Nichols is about to finish his long delayed collection on "Boy-Bishops," for the Camden Society.

The *Standard* records with regret the early death of Mr. Robert Hartford, a gentleman on the literary staff of a contemporary. Mr. Hartford, on leaving the University, at once devoted himself to journalism. Unhappily, consumption prevented his realizing the brilliant promise of his earlier days.

Messrs. Chapman & Hall publish, with the sixth and last number of "The Mystery of Edwin Drood," a portrait of Mr. Charles Dickens, engraved by Baker.

Mr. Smiles' "Self Help" is translated into Italian, and is to appear in a Library for the education of the people, which is being started in Italy.

The death is announced of M. J. S. Lacordaire, elder brother of the famous Pere Lacordaire. M. Lacordaire was professor of comparative anatomy at Liege. He was highly distinguished as an entomologist, and was engaged on a history of insects, of which the eighth volume appeared in 1868.—*Athenæum.*

It is stated that Mark Lemon, the late editor of *Punch*, has left his family in very straightened circumstances. His life was insured for £6,000, but creditors hold the policy.—*John Bull.*

A Gentleman named Work has lately purchased a large portion of the estate formerly belonging to the poet, Percy Bysshe Shelley, in the neighborhood of Horsham.

The Montreal *Daily News* says, the Montreal Club has challenged the Shamrocks to play a friendly match, on the earliest convenient date. The championship would not be in issue, as the Montreal if we are not mistaken, have had enough of that troublesome honor. Torrance and Macdougall will be in their old places.

Dry - Goods.

GRAND

OPENING OF SHOW ROOM

—ON—

Saturday, 1st October,

—WITH A—

MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY

—OF—

Autumn and Winter Fashions

In Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Jackets, Costumes and Evening Dresses,

and an Innumerable Variety of FANCY GOODS

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have much pleasure to acquaint the LADIES of Ottawa, surrounding Villages, and Counties, that the extensive alterations to their SHOW ROOMS are now completed, forming ONE GRAND SALOON, equal, if not superior, to any in the Dominion for the display of the above enumerated articles, and also for the convenience and comfort afforded to visitors and purchasers. The following are only a few of the many NOVELTIES deserving of special notice, viz:

LONDON AND PARIS PATTERN STRAW BONNETS and HATS, suitable for early Autumn wear

London and Paris Pattern Velvet Bonnets and Hats
Dress Caps
Widow's Caps
Head Dresses
Flowers
Feathers
Wreaths,

And every other requisite for

MILLINERY PURPOSES.

☞20 dozen Trimmed Velvet Hats from 75cts. each up.

☞10 dozen Real Ostrich Plumes at $1.50, $1.75, and $2.00, worth from $2.50 to $3.50.

☞The GIPSY BONNET, the great novelty for this Season, has been adopted unanimously by LADIES of FASHION in all the large cities of Europe and America.

☞The Millinery Department is now under the management of MISS BEAMISH, of English and Canadian experience.

☞Orders promptly Executed.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

London and Paris Pattern Jackets

—IN—

Cloth,
Beavers
Velveteen,
Imitation Dog and Seal, also
Real Seal and Velvet
Waterproofs
Tartan Wraps
Opera Cloaks
Costumes
Skirts
Corsets

CHILDREN'S BRAIDED DRESSES

And a full stock of Ladies Underclothing, &c., &c.

☞200 Black Cloth Jackets from $1.00 up.

☞100 Silk Finished Velveteen Jackets from $1.75 up.

☞70 Waterproof Assorted Shades from $2.50 up.

☞Several dozen made up Wincey and Quilted Skirts in immense variety at extremely low prices.

—ALSO—

☞MANTLE CLOTHS☜

In the piece as represented in Mantles in endless variety with SATINS, REPS, EPANGLES, Fringes, Buttons, &c., to match in all the new Autumn Shades.

☞Orders taken for Mantles, Jackets, Costumes, and Ladies' Outfitting generally.

☞The ...our of a call solicited.☜

MAGEE & RUSSELL
Sparks Street.
...ttawa, September 29, 1870. 1475 6

Dry Goods.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

☞FALL AND WINTER STOCK,☜

And are shewing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c.

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES
HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

☞OUR STOCK☜

—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

Auction Sales.

By Jas. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT SALE
—OF—
☞ GOVERNMENT STORES ☜
BY AUCTION.

The subscriber has received instructions to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,
AT THE
CITY AUCTION MART,
YORK STREET,
ON
FRIDAY, the 30th SEPTEMBER, INST.,
At 10 o'clock Sharp.

The following valuable

MILITARY STORES,

VIZ.,
2,000 All Woo White Blankets
1,560 " " Grey "
1,2?0 Plain Rugs.
4,275 Linen Sheets
950 Linen Bed Ticks
200 Bolster Cases
1 Farmer's Boiler
3 Quarter Casks, 99 Gallons, Cheers Mess Sherry,
And Various Other Articles.
J BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer.

Ottawa, September 28, 1870 1474 td

AUCTION NOTICE.

The subscriber would take this mode of informing the public that he is prepared to receive all kinds of goods on consignment, either for auction or private sale, at his rooms, York Street, opposite the Market. Parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to call upon him before going elsewhere. His experience, and the testimonials he can furnish, is a sufficient guarantee that their interest will be carefully attended to.

JOHN CHAPMAN,
Queen's Auctioneer,
Ottawa, September 12, 1870 1461 1m

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned for the several

☞ARTIFICERS WORK☜

Required in the erection of a

BANK BUILDING
FOR THE
Bank of British North America,
—IN—
WELLINGTON STREET,
Until Noon of the Third of October.

Plans and specifications may be seen at GOWAN'S HALL.

The lowest, nor any Tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

ALEX C HUTCHISON,
Architect,
Ottawa and Montreal.
Ottawa, September 27, 1870. 1473 4

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-tIN.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,
MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

FOR CHEAP

JOB PRINTING

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE,

38 Sparks Street,

Ottawa

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea, The
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use i, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

AUTUMN IMPORTATIONS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Are now shewing large lines of the following

NEW GOODS.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

NEW SCARBOROUGH CLOTHS for Dresses and Costumes,
NEW TWEEDS for Dresses and Costumes,
NEW GERMAN CLOTHS for Dresses and Costumes,
NEW SERGE TWEEDS for Dresses and Costumes,
NEW WOOL TARTANS,
NEW TARTAN REPS,
NEW TARTAN POPLINS,
NEW FIGURED POPLINS,
NEW FRENCH REPS,
NEW FRENCH MERINOES,
NEW WINCIES,
NEW BLACK LUSTRES,
NEW BLACK PARAMATTAS,
NEW VICTORIA CORDS,
NEW CRAPE CLOTHS.

CLOTH DEPARTMENT.

A complete stock of *British and Canadian Cloths and Tweeds,* direct from best makers.

FLANNEL DEPARTMENT.

A complete stock of Lancashire, Welsh, Saxony and Canadian Flannels, all direct from manufacturers.

LACE, RIBBON AND FANCY DEPARTMENT.

Well stocked with all the leading novelties of the season.

Rael Honiton, Valencies and Maltese Laces.

☞GLOVES☜

In variety, including the celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves.

G. M. & Co's goods were purchased under every advantage.

Cash paid where any saving could be effected.

Were all purchased late when goods were at the lowest point, all selected personally by Mr. GARLAND who has had sixteen years experience in buying Dry Goods.

☞ Inspection and Comparison of goods and prices invited.

WHOLESAIL & RETAIL.

THE MERCHANT'S BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.

THOMAS KIRBY.
Manager.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468 1m

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 22, 1870 1443tf

SALESMAN WANTED

For Lace & Trimming Department. Apply to A. TIMES Office, with references and situations held.

Ottawa, Sept. 24, 1870. 1471tf

TAYLOR'S PURE HONEY.

A small lot of MACHINE EXTRACTED HONEY of superior flavor; also a small quantity in COMB.

BATE & CO., Agents,
52 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1469a

1870. 1870.

FALL IMPORTATIONS.

DRY GOODS.

NEW STYLES,

FALL HATS,

R. L. JAMES & CO

NEW STYLES,

DRESS GOODS.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

NEW GOODS,

IN VARIOUS

DEPARTMENTS,

☞Per Late Ocean Steamers,

☞DIRECT FROM BRITAIN.

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

☞ Opposite the Russell House. ☜

NEW FALL IMPORTATIONS

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & C

Are now opening out a stock of

DRY GOODS

Well Worthy of Inspection. All departments Complete, and BEST VALUE showing in

Silks and Velvets,
Velveteens and Poplins,
Dress Goods,
Hosiery and Fancy Wool Goods
Laces and Ribbons,
Millinery.

Our MANTLE DEPARTMENT contains all the Choicest Goods and Newest Styles.

☞For Best Valu Call at

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Special attention has been given to our

Carpet & Furnishing Departments

which will be found VERY COMPLETE and LOW IN PRICE.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.
September 14, 1870. 1451y

TO RENT,

From 1st November next, a DWELLING HOUSE, 10 rooms, Corner Sussex and Patrick Streets, at present occupied by W. B. Lindsay, Esq.

THOMAS McKAY,
Ottawa Mills, Chaudiere, or from Store Sussex Street.
Ottawa, September 23, 1870 1470

NOTICE.

For sale a SECOND HAND WAGGON. Enquire of

JOHN CHAPMAN,
Queen's Auctioneer opposite the By Ward Market,
Ottawa, September 29, 1870 1475 td

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILO

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

☞FIRE AND WATER PROOF,☜

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $5 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without it.
Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Material and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street,
Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

DOMINION

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

T...GRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

☞LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards. For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.
Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

HORSE FOR SALE.

A BAY HORSE, 6 years old, 16 hands price $146.

Apply at the Office of the UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COY.
Ottawa, September 28, 1870 1474 3

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
QUEEN STREET,
Will open on the
FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.
Room for one or two Boarders.
Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,
ALSO
TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to
MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, Sept 23, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices, until further notice, 12 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Tuesday the 4th day of October, at noon, for the construction of certain works at the NAGLE DAM, and the Booms at CALABOGIE LAKE and CHAIN RAPIDS, on the Madawaska River.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office or at the office of the Superintendent of Ottawa, River Works, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

Seperate tenders to be given for each work, and to be endorsed "Tender for Nagle Dam, and "Tender for Calabogie Lake and Chain Rapid" respectively.

The Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 24th September, 1870. 1472 4

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA..................$300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1 2: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 187-, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,
1407 3m Agent

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

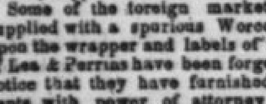
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

OTTAWA CITY PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a

SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

STOCKHOLDERS

Will be held at the office of the Company in New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the first day of October, A. D., 1870, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of the other business appointed to be done at the annual general meeting of the company under the charter and by-laws thereof.

By order of the Directors.

ROBERT SURTEES,
Secretary.

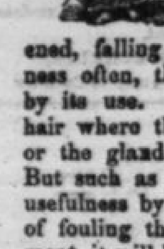
Office of the O C P R R C.

September 19, 1870. 1469td

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY.

MESSrs GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm 1awk6m

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS

OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

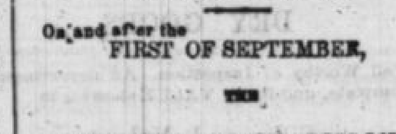
The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the

FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 3 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144-tf

Mr. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the central 219tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

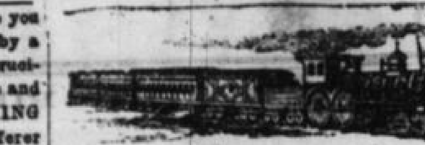
Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours
Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

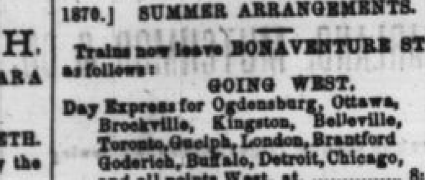
PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1427tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..............	8:30 a m
Night do do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at........	4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.....	7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at ....6:00 a m,	7:00 a m
9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1;30 p m,	4:00 p m
and 5:30 p m.	

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at.........	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at........................	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at........................	3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at..............	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at..................	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at.........	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p. m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at.....	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do............	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations..........................	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations..	5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at.........	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at........	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at..........	3 4 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at..............	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 0 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at..	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 142tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that his constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch of business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. PRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p. m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 -1

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name without a written order from myself.

NORMAN McLEOD.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1454 1m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Med

The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery;
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS

TRADE-MARK · VALET ANCHORA VIRTUS · GARDNER MONTREAL

AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

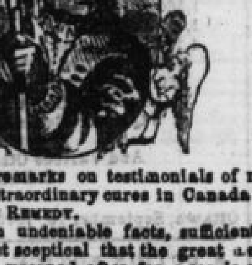
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in ....

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

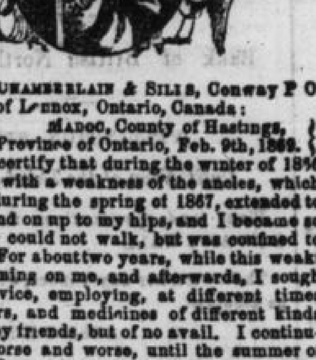
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P,

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

U LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven
Cook Stoves.
Low Oven
Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.
Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.
Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.
Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.
Elbows.
Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.

LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,

ASSISTED BY

An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870.

Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or

REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 25th, 1870.

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York Streets. For particulars apply to

MOSGROVE & TAILLON
Or to KEARNS & RYAN
On the premises.

Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1432tf

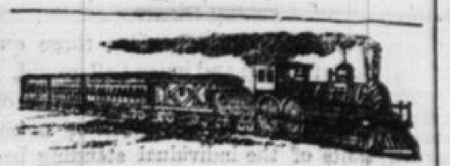
DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbred street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3.45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS
Superintendent. Managing Director

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER!

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown..............	$100 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown...............	35 0
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown................	$180 00
Halifax.......................	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..........	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown...............	30 00
Halifax.......................	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..........	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE:

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

a a Ma 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

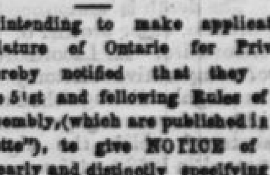
FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1360 td lawk.

Sarsapari...

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

For all the purposes of a ... Medicine.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical ...
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

It has no adjusted losses ...
It respectfully solicits ... of the insuring public of Ottawa.
1298tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELL, Opposite the Union ...

Ottawa, July 8, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business. Apply at ...

References given if required.

TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, ... Centre Town, Ottawa. ... Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1477. OTTAWA, MONDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

...& CLEMOW, Barristers and ...-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, ... Public, &c. &c., for the Pro... and Quebec. ... Book Store, Sparks street, ...aw F C CLEMOW.

...WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, ... has removed his Chancery ... Chambers, opposite Russel ...

...LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attor..., Solicitor-in-Chancery, Convey..., Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ... 358y

...Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor..., Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-... Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

...Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor..., Conveyancer, Notary ... Office—Im... Sigin-st. 43utf

...Barristers, Attorneys, ... Office—In the ... JOHN J. GEMMILL.

...PARTNELL, Barrister ..., Notary Public, Clerk ... for the United ... Office—In the ... -34-8m

...Barristers and ... Solicitors in Chancery, ... for the Provinces of Ontario ... Buildings, Elgin street, ... RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

...SPARKS, Barrister and Attor..., Solicitor-in-Chancery, Convey..., ...Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., ... Offices, Ottawa. 489y

...RA, Architect. Office—Aumond's ..., Rideau-st., Ottawa. 362y

...VE & TALLON, Barristers, ... Office—Mgrove's Buildings, ... 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

...EAU, Notary Public for the Pro... of Quebec, Hull, near the Pos... 390tf

Medical.

...HENDERSON, [McGill Uni..., Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, ... recently occupied by Dr. Mal... Ottawa. 1388y

...LAND, Physician, Surgeon, ... Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug ... of Sapper's Bridge. Office ... attention given to the treatment ... the EYE and EAR. At night can ... Sussex street.

...C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and ... Office—...'s Block, Sparks-...

...ARTIN, Dentist. Office—... 34utf

Hotels and Saloons.

...HOUSE, ...-STREET, ...FAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851. ...and transient boarders accommoda-... attention paid to their comfort. JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

...WICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., ...Court House and Public Offices, ST. ... Ont. ...HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) ...sample-room for commercial ... 859y

...HUTCHISON, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, Sparks Street. ...THE "TIMES" OFFICE. ...is fully prepared to supply ... or to insert single Teeth ... gold, silver or vulcanite ... fitting so closely and easily to ... be capable of all the uses to ... are applied without the ... to the wearers, and after ... in use, without even a con-... the presence of a substance origin-... the mouth. ...to the removal of painful ...during the operation of extracting ...teeth, has introduced into ...the use of the Nitrous Oxide or ...which the sufferer inhales without ... and loses his tooth as it ... dream. ...any day, except Sunday, ... a. m. to 6 p. m. ...September 2, 1870

...SURANCE CO... Office, Toronto. ... John Hillyard ... Moffatt, Esq. J Campbell, ... T Macdonnell, ... Esq. Geo ... Morrison, ...

...BOX. ...GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, ... Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa. ... of the Lumber Merchan... Ottawa. From his long experi-... offers his services in engaging ... their rafts while passing ... ability. ...REFERENCES. Walter Smith, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1284t.

...Bushels of Oats for Sale by ...Bailey, Doran and Cameron, 1452 8a

...Cherry Pectoral, ...the Throat and Lungs, ...Coughs, Colds, Whooping ...Bronchitis, Asthma, ...of Consumption. ...before in the whole history of ...anything won so widely and so deeply ...confidence of mankind, as this excellent ...pulmonary complaints. Through a long ...and among most of the races of ...has risen higher and higher in their estima-...as it has become better known. Its uniform ...power to cure the various affections ...throat, have made it known as a re-...against them. While adapted to ...disease and to young children, it is ...the most effectual remedy that can ...incipient consumption, and the dan-...of the throat and lungs. As a pro-...sudden attacks of Croup, it should ...in every family, and indeed as all ...subject to colds and coughs, all ...with this antidote for them. ...Consumption is thought in-...numbers of cases where the dis-...have been completely cured, ...restored to sound health by the ... So complete is its mastery ...of the Lungs and Throat, that ...of them yield to it. When noth-...them, under the Cherry Pec-... Public Speakers find great pro-... relieved and often wholly ...generally cured by taking the ...small and frequent doses. ...virtues known that we need ...of them here, or do more ...public that its qualities are fully

...'s Ague Cure, ...Ague, Intermittent Fever, ...Remittent Fever, Dumb ...or Bilious Fever, &c., ...the affections which arise ...marsh, or miasmatic ...it does Cure, and does not ...Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, ...mineral or poisonous substance ...injures any patient. The ...of its cures in the ague dis-...account, and we believe ...the history of Ague medicine. ...by the acknowledgments we ...radical cures effected in obstinate ...remedies had wholly failed. ...either resident in, or ...localities, will be pro-...AGUE CURE daily. ...arising from torpidity ...excellent remedy, stimulating ...activity. ...and Liver Complaints, it is ...producing many truly re-...other medicines had failed. ...Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical ...Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold ... $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS— COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES— Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Souterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices. Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom. Dunville's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts. Molson's and other Ales. Sugars and Syrups, all grades. Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞ THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS.,

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED STALL-FED

☞ BEEF AND MUTTON. ☜

ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET.

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada.]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee, CHICAGO, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers. DAILY LINE BETWEEN OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO; Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired, VIA ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau st.

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in FALL STYLES OF HATS, JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form. no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M. R. C. S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d, to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

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B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

☞ FAIRY ☜

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

Hardware.

PRIZE STOVES!

PRIZE STOVES!!

At the Exhibition we were awarded FIRST PRIZES as follows:

First Prize for Elevated Oven Cook Stove.
First Prize for Low Oven Cook Stoves.
First Prize for Parlor Stoves.
First Prize for Hall Stoves for Coal.
First Prize for Hall Stoves for Wood.
First Prize for best assortment of Tinware.

The above Prize Tickets can be seen in our window.

Our Fall and Winter Stock of Stoves is now complete, all of the very best description.

☞ Hot Air Furnaces fitted up to Order.

H. MEADOWS & CO., "Capital" Stove Depot. 35, Sussex St.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER ☞ HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS. ☜

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Oil or Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
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Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottawa 24th June, 1870,

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Delf Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c., Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.t

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

☞ TEAS AND WINES, ☜

6 HOSPITAL STREET, MONTREAL.

August 23, 1870 1444tf

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DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY, First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851, The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE, Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY, The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS, Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE, The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS, BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet. GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS, all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very GOOD

PICKLES, SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS, Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries Wines, and Liquors, OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON, No. 26, Rideau Street.

...1870.

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Connor and Wellington Streets

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

ARE YOU READY?

Then leave your orders for

☞ COALOIL ☜

—AT—

ESMONDE BROS., SPARKS STREET.

We guarantee a better OIL than will be supplied elsewhere and at a LOW RATE.

COMPETENT TINSMITHS

Ever ready to do all sorts of

☞ TIN WORK. ☜

Orders received for Plumbing, Gasfitting, Locksmithing, Bell Hanging, etc.

ESMONDE BROS.

☞ P. S.—Two STRONG BOYS Wanted.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

of the Village of Kenmore,

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE, Assignee, 401 Notre Dame St

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw27i

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, Augus 6 3m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	MAILS	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
11.15		3.00	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaste., &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45	—	4.00
6.00			Montreal, by Steamer	9.45		4.00
11.15			Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		7.30
7.30		8.00	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.45		4.00
11.15		8.00	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.			6.30
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.			6.30
5.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	8.00		
		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	11.00	
5.00	11.00	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	9.45		4.00
7.30	11.15		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		
11.15			North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		
7.30			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.00		1.00
8.00		4.30	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway			1.00
8.00			For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway			
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays			5.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, 16th Sept, 1870.

READ THE OPINION OF THE "GLOBE"

RESPECTING

MESSRS. QUETTON ST GEORGE & CO'S

☞ PURE FRENCH WINES ☜

Messrs Quetton St. George & Co. have done the Canadian public a service in establishing their depot for the sale of wines and Mediterranean produce. Mr. St. George has long been resident in Toronto and its neighborhood, but has retained his inherited estates of Langaren and Caravettes, in the south of France. He can, of course, command the wine of his own property, and, besides has excellent facilities for purchasing the products of his neighbors. He ships direct from Marseilles to Montreal, when it is found advisable to do so, and thus reduces to a minimum the cost of transit. He buys directly from the producer, and brings his wines to market in the cheapest way. It is not to be wondered at, under such circumstances, that he should have, revolutionized the wine trade in Toronto. He has introduced here wines not hitherto known or used but which are peculiarly acceptable for their pleasing flavor, their purity and lightness. They are perfectly sound and wholesome, and yet are sold lower than the worst decoctions which pass under the misused names of port and sherry. The encouragement which Messrs. St. George & Co. have received from the Canadian public is very satisfactory to them. They find it difficult to keep up their stock, the demand being so great; but they are now receiving a large additional supply for winter use. What, with our native Canadian Wines, and the importation of Messrs. St. George, it is to be hoped that in time stronger liquors will cease to be used.

☞ Price List on application,

J P MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa.

Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454:f&w37tf

DOG LOST.

Lost on Friday night last in the vicinity of Bell's Corners, a Liver colored SPANIEL DOG had on a chain collar with the owners name thereon, and answers to the name of DASH. Any one bringing him to the TIMES office will receive a suitable reward, and anyone found harboring him after this notice will be prosecuted.

Ottawa, September 27, 1870 1472 3

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights. Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1406y

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

BOARD.

A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.

Ottawa, September 19, 1870 1468tf

LADY FAIR.

Underneath the beach-tree sitting,
With that everlasting knitting,
And the soft sun-shadows flitting
Through your wavy hair;
All my thoughts and plans confusing,
All my resolution losing,
Say, what matter's in your musing,
Lady fair?

Oh, the charm that in your face is,
All the loves and all the graces!
To be clasped in your embraces
Monarch's guerdon were;
Not a man, I ween, who sees you,
But would give his life to please you,
Yet you say—that lovers tease you!
Lady fair!

One by one, to their undoing,
Fools in plenty come a-wooing,
Baffled still, but still pursuing,
Tangled in the snare:
In your ever changing smile hid,
Or beneath your sleepy eyelid,
Many a heart it hath beguiled,
Lady fair!

While the summer breezes fan her
Gently with their leafy banner,
Venus' form and Dian's manner,
Doth my goddess wear:
Lives the man who can discover
Any secret spell to move her
To the wish of mortal lover,
Cold as fair?

But to see those dark eyes brighten,
And for me with kindness lighten,
While the cheek's rich color heighten,
What would I not dare?
To improve their scornful splendor
With the love-light soft and tender,
Bow the proud heart to surrender,
Lady fair!

By the loves that thou hast broken,
By the words that I have spoken,
By the passion they betoken,
I have loved, I swear,
Only thee, since I have seen thee;
And, if woman's heart be in thee,
I will die, but I will win thee,
Lady fair!

The Empress Eugenie at Hastings.

A correspondent of the London *Telegraph*, writing on the 12th, says:—

"The Empress and the Prince Imperial are still here, and as yet there is no sign that the time of their departure elsewhere is approaching. It was even reported that, with a view to a prolonged stay, they were about to change their apartments in the Marine Hotel for a house in one of the squares here; but this report has, I am informed, no foundation. To day twenty-one horses and a large quantity of baggage belonging to the Prince Imperial were brought from London. This, I should say, rather favours the supposition that the royal exiles intend to remain here for some time. There is at present a regular French occupation of the Marine Hotel. The imperial party fill the greater part of the house: in the entrance hall a crowd of French valets converse with the harmonious volubility and graceful gesticulation of their nation; and occasionally there emerge from some of the rooms military looking gentlemen, with the thin sombre face and the somewhat faded appearance which we have been so long accustomed to associate with the opponents, not the adherents of the imperial cause.

"The Prince goes out frequently, but the Empress appeared out of doors yesterday for the first time. In the morning she and her son walked together to the Roman Catholic chapel of All Souls, and attended the 8 o'clock mass. She went out I believe in the evening for a short time. It is said by those who have seen her that the Empress, considering the scenes of anxiety and danger through which she had passed, looks remarkably well. Save that her face is rather pale, she bears scarcely any marks of her sufferings. She has not yet, of course, completly recovered from the fatigues of her long journey, nor is her abstinence from going out purely a matter of choice, for she has caught a slight cold. Our readers, however, need feel no alarm, for the local doctor who was called in to see her has, I believe, pronounced his illustrious patient to be in very fair health. The Prince appears fond of exercise, and, in company with some of his attendants, takes long walks in the neighbourhood of the town. As I was standing near the hotel door to day I suddenly saw the crowd, which is from morning till night collected before the windows of the Royal apartments, begin to move and show some excitement. A man beside me exclaimed, "There he is," and following his hand, I saw the back of a rather low-sized, slight boy a little stooped in the shoulders, I sauntered along in the direction in which I saw the people running, being by this time aware that the Prince Imperial was the object of their chase. A narrow stone staircase brought me up to the West Hill, and here, at a short distance from me, I saw the Prince stopping for a moment, evidently to enjoy the outlook on the sea below. As far as I could judge at a distance his face was not pale, but ruddy and when he began to walk his steps appeared quick and elastic. Two ladies followed and a gentleman walked by his side. To this gentleman he appeared to me to be speaking with that eager yet respectful inquisitiveness which we find so charming in a lad. And in dress as well as demanor he resembled a young school boy. He wore a short tweed jacket, tweed trousers, and a small black hat. Whilst I was still looking at the Prince I was astonished to see him approached by a gentleman who bore the most unmistakeable marks of being a Briton and a Briton of by no means the highest rank. Without the smallest hesitation rushed up to the young exile, twice shook him by the hand with the air of a compassionate patron, and then walked off with a swagger, as if he had done not a disgraceful but a very laudable action. This discourtesy was met by the greatest politeness on that part of the Prince; but it was no wonder that the lad, who but a few days ago left the court in which he was reared, should look with rather a puzzled air after the retreating form of his energetic patron It is to be hoped that neither of the illustrious exiles who have fled for refuge to our shores will be again troubled with the vulgar familiarity and insulting sympathy of such persons as the gentleman of whom I have just spoken. All those who have come in contact with the Prince or his mother speak of them with the greatest warmth. They show, in the trying circumstances in which they are placed, dignified self-control. The Prince speaks English perfectly, is affable to all, and is very thandful for any attention paid to him. The Mayor of Hastings, the Deputy-Mayor, the Roman Catholic clergymen of the neighborhood, and a few others, are the only persons who have called to see the Imperial party. It is expected that Prince Napoleon, who is believed to be at present in London, and M. de Lavallette, will pay a visit to the Marine Hotel to morrow. M. de Lesseps, who accompianied the Empress from Paris, has returned to France. The Empress is in constant communication, by telegraph, with Cassel. Further than that the Emperor is in good health, I have been unable to learn the natural of these communications.

The French authorities have accorded full pardon to 627 men under sentence by the military tribunals, and commutations of punishment to 348 others.

The Captive Emperor's Home.

A correspondent writes: The good people of Cassel display no animosity towards the Emperor Napoleon, and, indeed, why should they? His arrival has been quite a godsend for them, for his servants and retinue number about 130 persons, and strangers are likely to be attracted to the place in the hope of seeing the distinguished prisoner. All this is good for trade, and in fact some of the inhabitants believe King William selected Wilhelmshohe as the captive's residence in order to compensate Cassel for the premature closing of its industrial exhibition. As for the Emperor, he appears by no means dissatisfied with his present quarters, and he is far from being so broken in health as has been alleged in some quarters. He is frequently to be seen of a morning promenading up and down the walk in front of the castle, smoking as usual, and conversing placidly with some of his generals. Occasionally he takes a longer walk in the park, and he is at liberty to go where he pleases, within range of some dozen miles, without fear of being interfered with by any of the five and thirty soldiers who are supposed to be his keepers.

His retinue are perfectly "jolly." They laugh, talk, and smoke as complacently as though they were still at the Tuilleries, and as though the Emperor's misfortunes were nothing but a dream.

In the castle garden this morning I met an officer of the Emperor's household, who, judging by his uniform and demeanor, holds a somewhat dignified position. He had just made a cigarette, and, with a polite bow, he asked me in German for a light. On my answering him in French, he appeared pleased, and immediately opened a conversation.

"This is a delightful spot," said he.

I assented, but added that I regretted the event which had made him acquainted with it.

"Ah, well!" he rejoined, shrugging his shoulders; "the Emperor was deceived; but never mind, it is only a slight misfortune."

The sacrifice of so many thousands of lives a slight misfortune! thought I; but I said nothing.

"There is no doubt," he continued, "that we have met with some trifling reverses, but we shall make up for them."

"How?" I ventured to ask. "Do you really think you can put together an army which can offer any substantial resistance to the Prussians?"

"Why not?" enquired the officer. "France has inexhaustible resources. You do not mean to say we are conquered?"

I pointed him to the smoke which was pouring out of the kitchen chimney. "Surely," said I, "you are not waited upon here as conquerors. How can you possibly expect France to drive back the invading hosts when the Emperor with an entire army has capitulated, and when another is shut up in Metz?"

"No doubt," he admitted, "we had ill luck at Sedan, but you don't say a word about Phalsburg, Bitsche, and Strasbourg, and for very good reason. Metz, too, is that taken?"

"Have you conquered there?" I asked.

"Not exactly conquered, but the Germans have not taken it."

I saw it was useless to discuss the military point, so I turned to politics. "What do you say," I asked, "to the Republic?"

"Perfectly absurb!" he replied. "Can any man in his senses believe in the Government of M. Rochefort! There is no more a republic in France than there is here."

"But the newspapers—"

"One must not believe everything the newspapers say. They said Failly was killed, but I saw him speak to the Emperor after the battle, and the Emperor turned away his head, as well he might, for Failly acted as if he were on the side of the Prussians."

"How do you think," I asked, "the war will end? Do you believe the Emperor will ever return to Paris?"

"If we had not believed that we should never have submitted. Prussia will restore order, and take care that peace is concluded with a durable government. If we give the Germans Alsace and Lorraine, the smallest return they can make will be the restoration of the Emperor."

I assured him that Germany considered the Emperor's downfall one of the most gratifying results of the war; but the officer shook his head and, bidding me good morning, walked back into the castle.

I may mention that a post-office and telegraph station have been opened at the castle, and the former at least is quite necessary, for more than a hundred letters actually came to the Emperor the very first day of his residence here. As a matter of form, they are opened before being handed to the Emperor, but they contain no secrets. Half of them are letters from Germans, giving him "a bit of their mind;" in other words, they are outpourings of abuse; and the other half are begging letters, for there is a general impression that the Emperor has a "mint of money" in the Bank of England.

The Monster Meeting in Hyde Park.

The following is the account of the meeting which was held in Hyde Park, London, as taken from an English paper. It will be remembered that lying correspondents of New York papers made out the demonstration to be terribly imposing, atttended by an immense audience, &c., &c. The following facts will prove how insignificant was the affair:—"On Saturday evening, the 11th instant, a meeting of working men, assembled for the purpose of expressing their opinion on the present state of war and politics in France, took place in Hyde Park. The meeting, it had been understood, was fixed for four o'clock, and at that hour a few groups were assembled near the usual trysting tree for Hyde Park demonstrations. One of them, evidently of respectable working Frenchmen, was an object of much interest. The poor fellows conversed earnestly, but in low tones, and with sorrowful accents. As well as one could gather the general tones of their observation was censure of the Emperor and bitter sorrow for the troubles which had fallen upon their country. Not far off a few Germans were gathered together, but they did not stop long. Whilst they remained they also conversed earnestly but there was nothing of boast or triumph in the tone of their conversation. Then the most curious approached the tree and looked about for the meeting. Amongst them were a bishop, a clergyman, an old gentleman in a Bath chair, and several ladies. Seeing no appearance of a meeting, these groups gradually melted away. Shortly afterwards Mr. Weston, the well known member of the Labor League, appeared on the ground, armed with a sheaf of handbills, announcing that five, not four, was the hour appointed for the meeting. The working men now began to show themselves, but in very moderate numbers. At a quarter past five, when Mr. Odger, the chairman of the day, arrived, the whole number present did not exceed five hundred persons."

A London firm has contracted to supply a house in Paris with 6,000 mourning bonnets and 60,000 yards of crape within the next fortnight, and at Berlin the orders given are far greater.

The St. John *News* says that a new Methodist church is being built at Nashwash, the whole cost of which will be paid by Mr. A. Gibson. It will cost between $20,000 and $25,000.

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre—W. J. Marshall.
Notice to Contractors—F. Braun.
Do. Do. Do.
Coal Oil, Stoves—Esmonde Bros.
American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 35, Sparks Street.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1870.

Chief Justice Hagarty is in town. The Fall Assizes will open to-day.

The Minister of Public Works leaves to-day on his official tour of inspection in the West. He will go as far as Sault Ste Marie.

The Minister of Customs leaves to-day on his official tour of inspection in the West.

The Western Agricultural Exhibition held in London (Ont.) has proved an entire success. We congratulate the people of Middlesex upon it, and cannot help taking exception to the narrow-minded spirit of local jealousy displayed by the Toronto *Leader* in reference to the matter. Toronto journals, at all events some of them, seem to imagine that Toronto is the whole of Ontario, and that cities with smaller populations and less advantageous positions which venture to show any enterprise or energy are to be snubbed and put down. Bumble the beadle when Oliver Twist asked for "more," could not have been more surprised than our Toronto contemporary seems to be, when any of the other cities of Ontario ask for a small amount of public recognition.

We have mentioned one or two captures which have recently been made on the coast of Nova Scotia, of vessels engaged in smuggling tea and tobacco from the United States to Canada. We learn that no less than fifteen captures have been made, and a number of merchants in Halifax and elsewhere who were found to be implicated have been heavily fined. It seems that the tea and tobacco are cleared in bond from American ports, and by a "hocus pocus" arrangement, which we are not at present at liberty to describe, the U. S. authorities are satisfied that the cargoes have been landed in Canada in a legitimate manner. We are glad to hear that the Custom's officers have obtained a clue to the whole affair, and that it is probable that in a few days some more seizures will be made.

The quantity of sawn lumber exported from this port to the United States during the years ending June 30th, 1869-70 respectively is given as follows:

	M. feet.	Value.
1869	13,124	$173,252
1870	28,294	326,331

Although the increase in the quantity exported has been very considerable, we do not believe that it has been quite as large as shown above. The fact is that during the past twelve months, much more care has been taken by the Customs Department to ascertain, for statistical purposes, what is the actual produce of the Ottawa Valley than was ever taken before. It is difficult to arrive at this exactly, from the fact that some of the timber exported to the United States is entered here, some at St. John's and other places. It is certain, however, that the quantity produced this year for foreign and domestic consumption has been very large.

THE POSITION OF THE EMPIRE.

Of all the mean contemptible papers of America, and their name is legion, there is perhaps none to equal the *N. Y. Sun*. It was this journal which published fictitious telegrams which it pretended had passed between its proprietor and Dr. Russell of the London *Times*, in which the celebrated war correspondent was represented as having promised to furnish information to the *Sun*, of the progress of the Franco-Prussian war; it was the *Sun* which more than any other of its New York contemporaries, hounded on the Fenians to attempt the murder and robbery of Canadians and now it is the *Sun* which is responsible for the following paragraph, which, for cowardice and utter absence of all shame, is, we believe, unsurpassed in the annals of journalism.

"Closely pressed by Russia in the east, England should now be made to pay us a handsome indemnity for her ravages upon our commerce, or take the risk of our coalition with the Czar in destroying her prestige in the Orient, and her empire in India."

If the *Sun* were the only American journal which advocated a like policy we might pass this matter by in silence. Thoroughly unprincipled and disreputable as we know it to be, we could scarcely expect from it sentiments of a more dignified and chivalrous character. Unfortunately, however, there is reason to fear that the idea which is here enunciated, animates a very large portion of the worst and consequently the most influential class of American society, and that some millions of American citizens are only waiting for an opportunity for striking a foul blow at England, should she become involved in war with any other power. For a nation that aspires to be great, and to be high toned and generous *par excellence*, to be thus waiting to take advantage of England's difficulty is certainly anything but a pleasant spectacle. England is too rich and powerful to be encountered single handed, "but," argue the Americans, "let her ironclads be employed in blockading the Gulf of Finland or in bombarding Cronstadt, and we may with some prospect of final success undertake the invasion and subjugation of Canada." This is what these frequent hints about the United States forming a coalition with any other power against England mean, if they mean anything, and it is as well that we should understand and appreciate the fact.

The spirit of the "haughty islanders" must have changed indeed if threats like these can have any effect upon them, or will be likely to incline them "to pay a handsome indemnity" for the ravages of the *Alabama*. The claims of the American Government have been discussed in a fair and impartial manner by British statesmen, but every effort made by them to effect a compromise has only been met by further demands. The offer to leave the matter to arbitration was refused by the Americans because they knew that their claims were not founded upon justice, and after this our neighbours may rely upon it that Great Britain will not yield one jot or iota in the face of threats. We know that we are only speaking the sentiments of the entire Canadian people, who, after all, have more to dread from a war between Great Britain and the United States than anyone else, when we say that we should regret to see the Imperial Government yield a single point in the position which they have assumed.

We sincerely trust that Great Britain may not become involved in the present struggle; that the happy homes of our beloved mother country may not be rendered desolate as those of France and Prussia are to-day by war's destroying hand, but if unhappily the contrary should be the case and the call to arms should peal forth throughout the length and breadth of the United Kingdom, we may rely upon it that the force she will be able to bring into the field will be in all respects worthy of her ancient fame and present importance.

Americans try to impress people with the belief that England is a comparative cypher in European affairs, and that her military force is utterly contemptible. There are some people in Canada who unfortunately have become inoculated with this belief, and imagine that the mother country is not able to contend successfully against the great continental powers. It is true that at present her army, as compared with that of Russia or Prussia, is numerically small, but it is allowed to be more perfect in its drill, organization and equipment than that of any other country, nor is it so insignificant in numbers as some people imagine. At the present moment the regular army of Britain, including the 20,000 lately added, numbers 231,000 men, 90,000 of these are in India and the Colonies, leaving an available force at home of 141,000 regulars. The militia, which it must be remembered, is no mere "paper" organization, but a well drilled and efficient force, numbers 120,000, while the Volunteer army, the "Landwehr," is 180,000 strong. Here we have in time of peace, a force of nearly 450,000 men in the United Kingdom, all thoroughly well drilled and disciplined, and all animated with the most earnest patriotism and determination.

The navy of England is allowed, even by her enemies, to be the most powerful in the world, and, when the numbers and quality of her seamen are taken into account, to be fully equal to any combination that can be brought against it. Including the Royal Naval Reserve, upwards of 100,000 sailors and marines could be mustered to defend the flag, and to maintain the Imperial honour. Surely when these facts are considered there is much to encourage every loyal and true subject of Britain, and nothing to justify the taunts and sneers of those who, because they long for England's downfall, try to persuade themselves and others that she is *effete* and powerless.

In view of the disturbed condition of affairs in Europe, and the undisguised hostility which unfortunately prevails among a large portion of our American neighbours, it is essential that we in Canada should give no uncertain sound, and in the interests of peace it is desirable that we should let the world know that whatever comes, in foul weather as in fair, we are united in our determination to remain an integral portion of the British Empire. We do not regard war between Great Britain and the United States as probable, but we do believe that if the former were engaged in a war which taxed her energies to the utmost, we might be subjected to a vast amount of annoyance and possible humiliation, too, unless we show that we are resolved to do all that five millions of freemen can do in defence of their native land. The safety of Canada depends chiefly and above all upon the practiced skill of her riflemen, and the patriotism and efficiency of her army. The 40,000 men who compose the army of Canada are at the present time far more available for defensive purposes than ever they were before. Unlike the armies of the late French Empire they exist not upon paper only, but in fact, as well as in name. Let them be well backed up by the people; let every effort be made to improve their condition, and render them still more efficient. Let them be warmly and ungrudgingly supported, and we shall not only provide for our own security, but possibly help to prevent hostilities from occurring between our mother country and our neighbours. We do not wish to be considered "Alarmists;" as we have said before, we do not believe that a war between Great Britain and the United States is probable, but it seems to us that just now it will be well to bear in mind that the best thing to prevent war, is to let the world know that we are prepared for it.

BESET WITH PERILS.

Few people have any idea of the perils and hardships to which the lighthouse-keepers on outlying stations on our coast are constantly exposed. The following extracts which we are permitted to make from two letters from Mr. Condon, who is in charge of the Egg Island Lighthouse, to the Halifax Agent of the Marine Department, gives a very graphic account of the great storm of the 4th ultimo, and of the narrow escape of himself and his family. Egg Island lies to the east of Halifax, and is about thirty miles from that city. The revolving light placed upon it is a most important one; consequently the Department have refused to act upon the suggestion made by Mr. Condon, and have issued orders that it shall be kept burning at all hazards. With commendable promptitude the Department have already taken action with a view to the immediate repair of the building.

EGG ISLAND,
5th Sept. 1870.

SIR,—I write this to inform you that the storm of yesterday rendered this establishment nearly a complete wreck. Myself and family had a narrow escape for our lives; thanks be to God for preserving us.

The dwelling house was struck by a sea and carried away a distance of 150 feet. One store is completely gone; the other nearly so. The sea made a clear sweep over the Island. The Light House (thanks be to God) stood, receiving some injury, in which we saved our lives. We lost nearly everything, so sudden was the inroad of the sea.

We have had no water since yesterday morning, as there is none on the Island, our tank being destroyed. The sea took everything away within its sweep.

A boat came off just now to render assistance if required. The men are going in to bring us some water as soon as possible, and my family will go into Ship Harbor as soon as it is fit for them to go; likely this evening or to-morrow. I will stay at my post until I hear from you, which I trust will be as soon as possible.

It will be entirely impossible to continue the Light House service here until there is a complete refitting and rebuilding of the establishment.

We have no way to cook—no stove or utensils; all were destroyed.

I cannot, in this hasty letter, give you any idea of our situation.

I am informed by the men who are here that there are five vessels ashore and sunk in the vicinity, mostly all in Clam Bay.

There is a brig ashore within a short distance of the Island, on a place called Looming's Ledges, near Gun Island, Clam Bay.

* * * * *

EGG ISLAND LIGHT HOUSE,
9th September, 1870.

SIR,—I hope you received my letter of Monday last giving a hurried account of the destruction caused here by the storm of Sunday, 4th instant.

The wind and sea abated enough to allow a boat manned by five men to come off to us on Monday to enquire into our position, and render necessary aid. I availed myself of that opportunity to write to you, which I had to do quickly, as the men made no delay, the wind and sea increasing after they got here.

The men were not able to get out with some water for us until Tuesday, when they again took advantage of a comparatively smooth time to come and return.

It has blown too hard, with a heavy sea, for the men to take my family off ever since Sunday. It is now blowing hard, but I hope they will get off soon, as they have suffered enough already. My wife and children, with the exception of my eldest son, are all sick from fright, fatigue, and want of proper food and rest, having also to lay on the floor of the light house.

On Sunday morning the wind, which had previously been from E. to S E., suddenly hauled to the S. W., blowing fearfully, the sea rose very high, but did not alarm us being so well used to occasional high seas.

About 11 a. m myself and son went into the dwelling, being completely wet, having been out making everything secure. We were in the act of changing our clothes when a sea struck the S. W. end of the house, carrying away the foundation wall, and pouring into the basement.

I called to my family to run for the Light House, while I (who was in my bare feet, with only wet drawers and shirt on) ran to open the door for them.

Through the mercy of God we all got in safely, but were there only a few minutes when a sea took the house a distance of 150 feet, crushing foundation, chimney, &c., and sweeping everything in its course away.

The house was hurled against the end of the store, which it knocked down from its foundation about 28 feet, rendering it a wreck.

The store was in turn hurled against another one (my own) which was completely destroyed, and everything in it swept away. The slip, which came up to the Light House store, was by the shock from the buildings, forced away, and about 100 feet of it destroyed. All fences and erections of every kind are gone.

So sudden was the rush of the sea, we had not time to secure anything then, but what we had on, until 4 p. m.

The sea poured over where the dwelling stood. After that time it fell enough to allow myself and son to secure some clothing, bedding and provisions, which we did to a certain extent before nightfall, but in a damaged and wet condition. I expected when the next flood tide made, that the remains of the buildings would be swept away, but they yet stand where the sea left them. I may say we lost nearly everything, as what is saved is in a damaged and wet condition.

We were from Sunday morning until Tuesday without a drop of water, and I may almost say without food, as what we could get was but little. Having no way to cook, we saved a few loaves of bread, which did us until Tuesday.

Since then we have been without bread as the boat has not yet been able to bring us any. We are not suffering from hunger as we have other things to make a mess of, but from fatigue and weakness, our appetites are not very keen.

The men that came off to us said the people on shore were glad to see our light on Sunday night. They thought till they saw our light we were all lost as they could observe the sea breaking over the Island. I hope my family will be able to get off before another storm sets in. It is bad enough for them now, but in wet weather there is scarcely a dry spot in the light-house * * * * *

With respect to damage to the Light House it is of a more serious nature than I first thought, not having yet examined into it when I wrote on Monday last. The shingles were ripped off by the sea on the south west side. During the gale the water was forced through that side of the building, but the injury to the foundation wall is the most serious matter; the sea having loosened the stones and mortar and made openings During the storm the light house was shaken fearfully, and had the force of the sea continued but a short time longer, the wall would have fallen, the light house tumbled over and all of us, in all probability perished by being crushed in the ruins.

I have no doubt but that the hand of the Almighty alone could have saved us if the tide had been at full flood. When the storm was in its height the tide was but little over half flood. The highest knoll on the island is about 45 feet above the ordinary tide level.

The light house stands on a level spot about 32 feet above tide level. The sea on Sunday swept over the highest part, tearing up the turf and removing large boulders. One of the men who came off to us said he has seen the whole island covered like a ledge during a heavy sea.

Under the present condition of things here I most respectfully submit that the best course for the department to pursue is to give notice that the light will not be exhibited until further notice, after such time as may be named which ought to be as soon as possible. Myself and family will ever, I trust, have grateful hearts to the Almighty for preserving our lives, especially so for the storm occurring at this time of the year. Had the same thing occurred late in the winter and at a time when our intercourse with the mainland would be cut off, perhaps for weeks, we would have perished from want of water and from exposure.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

☞See elegant styles in pattern JACKETS, MANTLES, TARTAN WRAPS, WATERPROOF CLOAKS, OPERA CLOAKS and Costumes this day at Magee & Russell's.

☞See beautiful display of Flowers, Feathers, Ribbons, Laces, Dress Caps, Head Dresses, this day at Magee & Russell's.

☞See magnificent show of Autumn Trimmed Straw and Velvet Bonnets and Hats this day at Magee & Russell's.

An Unexpected Treat.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Having just had the benefit of a most unexpected treat, I cannot refrain from making known to the donors of it my unfeigned surprise and delight at its bestowal.

When I read in your issue of this morning that the band of the Brockville & Ottawa Railway was to play on the well-known ground which has so often resounded to the strains of two of the finest bands in Her Majesty's service (those of the Rifle Brigade, and after them the 60th Royal Rifles), I determined to stroll to the old spot on Major's Hill and listen to what I supposed would be a murder of the grand old music to which I have been so often an enrapt listener. You may judge of my feelings then when I tell you that the performance I came to "tolerate if I could" was equal to anything I ever heard executed by either of those bands, and I believe that there is not an individual on the ground who will not agree with me in saying so, and heartily, too.

It is a fine thing, sir, to think that a band like this can be brought in three hours to Ottawa, rendering us independent of the removal of those which have so often delighted us but which can do so no more, and it is a fine thing for us *all*, from the Governor-General down, to have the possession in our midst, and of *ourselves*, such expositors of Heaven's best and kindest gift to man—*music*.

May success attend the band of the Brockville & Ottawa and the new line of railway which renders us so easy of access to them. So say I, who heard them to-day, and can sign myself with all honesty and true faith.

A JUDGE OF MUSIC.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, Oct. 1st.—Cable special to the *Times*: The result of the Cabinet Council yesterday was a further postponement of the action of the Ministry in regard to mediation. The tone of the *Times* yesterday shows that the Government must yield to public sentiment.

Another letter from Sir Henry Bulwer this morning to the *Times* on the conclusive duty of England in this crisis, declares as an historical fact that when the Emperor Nicholas told Sir H. Seymour he meditated the marching of his troops to the principal cities of Turkey England had formally protested, he would not have taken that step, and that if she had protested against Napoleon III. undertaking this war in the same manner he would not have commenced it. Sir Henry Bulwer therefore deprecates the Ministerial policy of waiting for good opportunities which may never arrive.

The weak points of the defences of Paris which the Germans rely upon carrying promptly, are the heights of Sceaux, which approach the forts within 4,000 paces, the distance between the forts and the city being only 1,500 paces more, and the gaps on the western side north and south of Mount Valerian.

NEW YORK, October 1.—Cable despatches report that Bazine yesterday morning surprised the Prussians and gained a great victory.

A Prussian spy has been captured at Tours.

LONDON, October 1.—A despatch from Bombay mentions the death of Lord Mayo, Viceroy of India.

A correspondent writes from Berlin September 29th:—"The idea is strongly advocated that the surrender of Strasbourg is likely to produce a complete change in the war. It is said Bazaine is now willing to capitulate upon offers by Prussia to restore Imperial Government and agree to peace. This meets with the support of the Imperial soldiers and a majority of the bourgeois and peasants. Well informed persons express their conviction that Napoleon or his son, under the regency of the Emperor will be reinstated on the throne.

Wilhemshohe is the rendezvous of distinguished visitors. Hotels in the vicinity of the castle are crowded. The Emperor seems to be in perfect health, and makes daily excursions on foot and in his carriage accompanied by several adjutants on horses. I recently addressed a polite note to his Majesty, requesting the favour of an interview, Considering the peculiar and delicate situation of the Imperial prisoner I was not surprised at receiving a negative reply.

The number of French prisoners is not far short of 17,000. Of this number 11,020, are within the bounds of Prussia; sixty thousand in the forts and the others in open camps. The cabinet has decided that the prisoners may be employed by persons not connected with the military departments. Their wages will be prescribed by the district authorities, and the daily labour of such prisoners is not to exceed ten hours, and work to be voluntary.

The total number of trophies of war and prisoners, exclusive of those taken at Strasbourg, is 1 marshal, 39 generals, 3,810 officers, 123,990 men, not including 1,700 wounded at Sedan; 15,400 horses, 57 eagles, 136 small standards, 887 guns, 102 mitrailleurs, 4,000 waggons, and an incalculable quantity of weapons, ammunition, equipments, forage, and commissary stores. The published tables of the Prussian casualties show 1,690 officers and 38,151 men killed and wounded.

MADRID, September 28.—The Peninsular is in the greatest state of alarm at the continued spread of the yellow fever. The epidemic is more serious than it was at first supposed. The terror stricken inhabitants of Barcelona are flying from places. Upwards of 120,000 persons have left. The exodus of people has alarmed other provinces, and moved the Government to adopt strict sanitary measures. Nine hundred children of orphan and foundling asylums have been removed to the country. Hundreds of tickets have been issued to poor families, who have left their homes to take quarters temporarily in the magnificent monastery of Monteleager. Breeding of fowls, rabbits and other domestic animals, are prohibited in the city. Washerwomen are prohibited from taking clothes from Barcelona to the suburbs.

All vessels are inspected and fumigated. The fever is remarkably fatal in its attacks, but it is confined to Barcelona and the Mediterranean coast.

A cordon has been established, and people are prohibited from leaving the town. Vessels from Cuba are subjected to seven days' quarantine, and coasting vessels the same.

Railway carriages and goods are fumigated at the first station out of Barcelona.

A number of vessels entered the lazeretto with fever on board.

LONDON, Oct. 1st.—Advices from Versailles by way of Rome up to the 30th ult., have been received.

The spade work which has been going on quietly and vigorously in the Crown Prince's army was suddenly interrupted at 6 o'clock this morning by a sharp attack of the enemy.

The French in force made a sortie from the city in the direction of Forts D'Issay and Montroque, and attacked the 6th corps occupying the right of the Crown Prince's army at Sturk. Since that, another large force, said to be under command of Ducrat, advanced from the directions of St. Cloud, and attacked the 11th and 5th corps. The object was evidently to interrupt the work of the investing force. The French drove the Prussians from their position, and occupied them before reinforcements could come up. Immediately after the attack commenced the Crown Prince and staff hastened from their quarters at Veralles to the field of action. The French troops advanced under cover of a heavy fire from their forts, the advance posts of the 6th corps meantime falling back to the main line. After nearly three hours hard fighting, during which the Prussian lines were unshaken, the French gave way before a heavy fire of artillery, retreating towards the forts. As soon as the backward movement commenced the Germans took the offensive, vigorously following the retreating French, cutting off their flight, and capturing many prisoners The French troops behaved better than on former occasions when they have attacked the Prussians, but they were compelled to retreat in disorder. The Prussian loss is roughly estimated at four hundred to five hundred. Over four hundred prisoners were taken. Every day increases the strength of the Prussian position.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, October 1.—The French have a report that on Wednesday a bridge spanning the Oise at Creil, gave away under the weight of the Prussian cannons which were being moved across, whereby several of them were precipitated into the water. There was some loss of life.

Fourichon has not resigned his place in the Provisional Assembly, as reported.

The election for members of the Constituent Assembly in France, will take place on October 10th.

The reports of fighting before Paris on Wednesday and Thursday are false.

ROME, October 1.—The plebiscite to be voted on Sunday, to-morrow, will be thus stated: Is a union with the Kingdom of Itlay under the Constitutional rule of Victor Emmanuel and his successor desirable? The King awaits the result at Florence.

NEW YORK, October 1.—A special, dated London to-day, says General Bourbaki has escaped from Metz. He left the fortress and city in the garb of a peasant, and got safely through the German lines. He arrived in England yesterday, and immediately took the train for Hastings, on a visit to the Empress. It is believed that the General is bearer of despatches from Bazaine, and it is certain that the General will, now that he is outside of the fortress, have those notions dispelled as to the present existence of the Empire.

At the Cabinet Council held London on Friday the whole subject of the European situation came under discussion. The meeting was fully attended.

Bruce, the Home Secretary, urged the importance of such action on the part of England as should associate her with Russia and the pacification of Europe, and pointing out the danger of leaving the entire initiative of what he described as an inevitable interference to a power which had much interest in depressing and none in enlarging the influence of Great Britain.

Earl Granville, Secretary of Foreign Affairs, and Mr. Cardwell, Secretary of War, were not indisposed to this view, but represented the impossibility of action without recognizing the French Republic, which they maintained, existed only by the irresponsible act of the galleries of the Legislative body.

Mr. Gladstone inclined to the sentiment of the majority of his colleagues, which is he believed to the sentiment also of Her Majesty, that no Government exists in France which can properly be recognized by Great Britain at this time. The advices of the British Minister at Paris, Lord Lyons, were indeed very urgent in a contrary sense, but the course of the Government could not be absolutely determined by reference to the view of any Minister, no matter how well entitled to the confidence and respect of the Government. The final decision arrived at was, that nothing now could be done as it was not expected to recognize the Government, with which any relations could be at present established in France. This result had caused great excitement through London, and new demonstrations are looked for of a more serious character than those already chronicled.

At a Cabinet meeting a correspondence was laid before the Ministry which has just taken place between Earl Granville and the Prussian Ambassador Count Bernstoff. He addressed Granville a formal complaint against England for the shipment of arms to France. To this Granville replied that under the existing laws of England nothing could be done to prevent such shipments which might be made to one power as well as to another, and that Parliament alone could change the existing laws.

On Wednesday last Bernstorff addressed a second note to Granville, specifically stating that the Prussian Embassy had positive evidence of the shipment of 400 cases of arms from Birmingham to France. This said Bernstorff, is certainly no neutrality, as Your Excellency's Government must be perfectly aware of the present state of affairs on the Continent, that these arms are intended for use in the field at once against Prussia.

To this Granville replied by requesting Bernstorff to lay proofs of these statements before Her Majesty's Government Yesterday Bernstorff without delay furnished proofs in support of his statements at the British Foreign Office. Granville replied by acknowledging the receipt of the Ambassador's last note. Action was taken by council upon the matter, which rests with the Foreign Office.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—A special correspondent at Boulogne telegraphs that exciting news has been received at Rouen of the crowning defeat of the German forces on the south and west of Paris by the army of Gens. Ducrot and Mandent.

On the 27th the French forces were heavily reinforced by Gen. Trochu, and advanced upon the German positions at Montreuil and Versailles early on Tuesday morning.

The battle began at Viesficoy and Velisy, the Germans contesting the French advance with desperate energy, until they were assailed by fresh columns advancing from beneath the guns of Mount Vaeren at St. Cloud, through the Bois de Fausses Reeres and Vancesson; where a number of regiments of Baden troops mutinied on the battle field, and refused to go under fire. Nearly a hundred of these troops were shot by the order of the German Commander, but the rest still held back, and many of them throwing down their arms, dispersed through the forests.

The Crown Prince was finally compelled to order retreat upon Bengaval, abandoning Versaillies to the victorious French.

The German columns, which attempted the passage of the Seine at Bougival, were kept under terrible fire from Mont Vallerien, which converted their retreat into a rout, and they were driven in confusion beyond St. Germain. Night alone stopped the pursuit.

The Germans lost five thousand prisoners, among whom are many officers of the staff of the Crown Prince of Prussia, and fifty cannon and mitrailleuses were captured.

The road to Orleans and Tours is reopened, and quite cleared of the enemy.

Reports from Paris are that the general state of feeling is excellent, perfect order prevailing, and the morale of the people and troops much improved by recent victories.

The *World's* special at Ostend contradicts the recent reports of the bad state of the army commissariat at Metz.

The army of Bazaine, which encamped around and within the city, holds the Thionville road by the Porte de France, the bridge of Sairay Lados Champ, and the bridge Noroiy le Venur. It has sufficient provisions within the city for six months, with abundance of bread and fresh vegetables.

The German armies are inactive, nothing but skirmishes of slight importance having occurred for some time past.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—Private letters from Tours, 27th says, discouragement in official circles is so great among the people at the news that generals have declined to defend Orleans.

Cremieux is packing up, and advises his friends to do the same. He says there is no means for resisting an attack on Tours.

The Prussians are expected at Tours in a few days, and the government must move further West.

STRASBOURG, Sept. 30.—On Tuesday at 4 p. m. the joyful sight of the white flag was beheld flying from the Cathedral. This was speedily followed by the same welcome token of the surrender from the citadel. Firing instantly ceased, and a universal cheer rose from one portion of the beseiging lines, which was soon caught up and echoed throughout the entire army. Officers embraced each other, clasping hands. The men followed the example, and some actually cried with joy. Upon entering the sight was impressive and sad, which was at the same time relieved by the evident joy of the citizens, at their release from suffering and suspense. The Commanders of the two forces met for the first time yesterday, after the terms of capitulation had been arranged. The meeting took place just inside the gate on the east side. Gen. Ulrich advanced to Gen. Weiders, and with a voice much agitated, said, "I have yielded to an irresistable force when further resistance was only a needless sacrifice of the lives of brave men. I have the consolation of knowing I have yielded to an honorable enemy."

Gen. Werder, much affected, placed both of his hands upon Gen. Ulrich's shoulder, and said: "You fought bravely, you will have as much honor from the enemy as you can have from your own countrymen."

The hasty examination of the city showed that it has not suffered as much as was supposed.

The exterior of the cathedral appear much injured, but not sufficiently to prevent its restoration to its original shape. Among the buildings destroyed was a fine public library. The books were previously removed.

It does not appear there had been much actual suffering for want of food. The principal cause of anxiety was confinement and want of good water.

Several cases of mortality are reported as the effect of bombardment, but I believe the accounts are exaggerated.

The reports charging Ulrich with brutality are without foundation. His conduct towards the citizens was marked with the greatest humanity and consideration.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Oct. 1.

Letters have been received from David Bell, Luther H. Tucker, L. Fallon, Sandford Howard, and W. G. P. Beckwith, American gentlemen interested in agriculture, &c., accepting invitations to attend the Provincial Exhibition as guests.

Sir Narcisse Belleau and Major Campbell, ex President of the Quebec Provincial Agricultural Exhibition have declined.

Rev. C. S. Eastman, of Seaforth, has been appointed agent of the Upper Canada religious tract Society.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, October 1st.

No new features transpired in the money market yesterday; the feeling was as usual very easy, and owing to the quietness in business of all kinds borrowers are hard to find even at the low rate of 5 per cent. on call, and 6 to 7 per cent. on discount.

Dividends on the preference stock of the Montreal and Champlain Railroad Company are being paid to-day. The warrants are given at Molson's.

The Session of 1870-71 of the Medical College of McGill University will commence on Tuesday next, the 4th inst., when the opening lecture will be delivered by Prof. Fraser.

In consequence of the heavy fogs on the river below this city, and the very low water on the Ottawa, the regular trips of the steamers on these routes have within the last few days been somewhat deranged.

Greenbacks bought at 12¼ and sold at 12. Silver bought at 7 and sold at 6. 5-20's sold at 111 to 114.

The market has been rather more active during the past week, and prices have been well maintained.

The delegates appointed by the various Temperance Societies in this city to arrange for a united Temperance demonstration, met this evening in the Methodist New Connexion Church.

The Rev. George C. Hutton, of Paisley, a prominent minister of the United Presbyterian Church in Scotland, is expected to arrive in the city this evening. He will preach in Erskine's Church to-morrow evening.

As one of the 60th Rifles' team is in hospital, the match with the Victoria Rifles, which was to come off this afternoon, is postponed until early next week.

Only a moderate business done in flour to-day, within the range of yesterday's quotations.

Weather beautiful.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Oct. 1.

Gen. Lindsay's general order before his departure to Her Majesty's troops in Canada is very lengthy to give by telegraph in all its details. The main points touched upon, condensed, are, that he desired to record heartily the thanks with which all ranks in the Dominion regard his country and command here; rejoices to feel that wherever regular troops were stationed, their sojourn here was regarded with pleasure, and their departure with regret. He regretted his duty to the War Office recalled him home, and was confident that the general career of the army was beheld in the Dominion with as great an interest as in any portion of the British Empire. He expressed most flattering good wishes to our volunteers. His farewell to the troops still here were expressed in most feeling terms.

A fire at Beauport last night, near the Asylum, destroyed a valuable barn, waggons and two steers. The property was fully insured, and is estimated at about $2000.

Col. Wolseley left for England this morning on the steamer *Scandinavian*.

A return cricket match between the Royal Artillery and Quebec clubs began at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and the lacrosse match between the Union and Quebec clubs at the same hour.

At the meeting of the City Council last night, the North Shore Railway Committee deferred, in view of important interests, any report till the special meeting of the Council next Tuesday.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

☞See immense Stock of Untrimmed Straw, Velvet, Velveteen and Felt Hats this day at Magee & Russell's.

1,700 Women and Children Roasted alive by the Prussians

The following is a translation of the text of the Duke of Fitz-James's letter on the burning of Bazeilles, addressed to the London *Times* in French. The Duke of Fitz James, it may be observed, is neither a Napoleonist nor a Republican. He is the head of the semi-royal family of the Fitz-Jameses, descendants of the great Marshal Duke of Berwick, the son of James II, of England:

SIR,—I have come from Sedan. Since we left Chalons I have not quitted our courageous though unfortunate army. Charged, in company with the Prince of Sagan, with the duty of placing the ambulances of the International Society for aiding the wounded wherever they might best render the services which entitled them to a general gratitude. I have seen every field of battle from Beaumont to Sedan, upon which our soldiers, crushed by numbers, have fallen gloriously for France. I might, sir, give a long, mournful recital of all that I have seen; but in the face of the new dangers which menace my country, I will only speak of what took place at Bazeilles. I wish to utter but one cry of indignation. Bazeilles is near the Meuse, about eight kilometers from Sedan. On the evening of August 31st the brave villagers, seeing the enemy arrive, assumed their uniforms as National Guards and aided the army in their defence against a Bavarian corps and against the Division Shaeler of Erfurt, of the Fourth Corps of the Prussian Reserve. The French army was repulsed. The enemy entered Bazeilles, and then began scenes of horror and of excess without name which stain forever those who commit them. The Bavarians and Prussians to punish the inhabitants for defending themselves, set fire to the village. The greater portion of the National Guards were killed; the population had taken refuge in the cellars; women and children all were burned; of two thousand souls, scarcely three hundred are left, who tell how they saw Bavarians pushing back whole families into the flames and shooting down women who wanted to run away. I saw with my own eyes the smoking ruins of this wretched village; there is not a single house standing. A stench of burnt human flesh makes the stomach revolt. I have seen the bodies of the inhabitants calcined on their doorstep. This, Mr. Editor, I cannot allow to remain unknown. War has its rigors, but it has also its rules based on the laws of honour and humanity. Those laws, you Bavarians, you Prussians who were at Bazeilles, have been violated by you. You have disgraced your victory. I appeal to the world, to history to judge you. I ask whether you have the right to lay down a principle that you may slaughter the women and children of a village, whose inhabitants, seeing you arrive, defend their homes and their country. In every case the National Guard is a regular troop, as regular as the fourth and fifth ban of your Landwehr. You had even, in the name of your own terrible system, the right to burn Bazeilles; you killed for killing sake; you conducted yourselves like savages, and not like soldiers. This, Mr. Editor, is what I feel a duty upon me to write and to submit to the judgment of all men.

Most Respectfully,
DUC DE FITZ JAMES.

Paris, September 12, 1870.

United Germany.

The following is the true story of the planting of the German flag on the summit of the Kauffhausen:

Recently a Berlin merchant, in the course of a business journey, arrived at Suderode, and in the conversation at the *table d' hote* of the hotel where he lodged, somebody made the remark that the enchanted sleep of the Emperor Barbarossa must be drawing to a close, as the union of Germany now seemed inevitable, and that it would be a good idea to plant over the ruined tower of the Kauffhausen the flag of Germany. Now, the legend runs, that within the mountain, under the tower, the Emperor Barbarossa sits asleep at a marble table, upon which his head rests, and through which (so long have been his slumbers) his beard has grown. And he is to continue to sit there and sleep, and his beard is to continue to grow through the marble of the table till Germany shall be united—till "the Eagle shall come from the north and perch upon the tower, and scare away the ravens that scream around it." The Eagle is construed to mean the German flag; and probably the fluttering of the one that was actually planted upon the tower did scare away the ravens by its fluttering, but the Emperor B. has not yet been heard from]. When the Berlin man heard this remark, he conceived the idea of being the instrument in the fulfilment of the prophecy, and with another young patriot, whom he induced to join him, he chartered a vehicle, scared up a flag, and started for Barbarossa's stronghold.

It was a hair-brained feat, for eighty feet of the original altitude of the tower still remains, but in such a crazy condition that bands and stays of iron are necessary to hold it together. Nevertheless, the two succeeded in raising a young birch tree, thirty feet in height, from the tip of which floated a flag, upon the top of the tower. The feat itself, and the sight of the flag, which could be seen for miles around, created a great enthusiasm in the country.

The Minister of Marine.

The Hon. P. Mitchell, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, is giving evidence of being an efficient Cabinet officer. A few weeks ago he left Ottawa, and proceeding by way of Quebec, visited many of the ports on the Gulf shore, on business directly connected with his Ministerial department. Thence he visited St. John, and about the middle of last week, he came to this city. This week he proceeds to the Strait of Canso, Port Hood and other parts of Cape Breton. One of his principal aims in this tour is to make himself personally acquainted with the practical application of the means provided for the protection of the fisheries. He hopes, no doubt, to see for himself the true working of the present system, to canvass its demerits as well as ascertain beyond question its chief points of effectiveness. He will thus have an opportunity likewise of observing for himself the effect of the enforcement of the law, not merely upon the Americans, but also upon our own people who have been accustomed to trade with the American fishermen. This course will assuredly prove of great advantage to him in the administration of the affairs immediately under his supervision; and will also aid him in shaping the policy of the Government and of next Session's legislation on the very important question of fishery protection.

Grand Trunk Workshops.

The building of the Grand Trunk workshops of Brantford will be commenced immediately, Mr. Eaton, the Locomotive Superintendent, having selected the site. The car shop will be 295 feet by 120 feet, and there will be a shed for storing planks for cars, 296 feet by 60 feet. In a few years hence it is calculated there will be employed at the works from 500 to 1,000 operatives.

Wreck of the "Captain."

The foundering of the *Captain* has put into mourning several distinguished families, Lord Lewis Gordon, one of the sub-lieutenants drowned in the turret-ship, being the brother of the Marquis of Huntley, of Lady Aveland, and of Lady Mary Catharine Turnor, grandson of the late Countess of Lindsay, and the Hon. Captain Bertie. Lord Lewis, who was a fine young man in his twenty third year, was a very promising officer, and much beloved by his ship-mates.

WONDERS OF WONDERS!

RINK MUSIC HALL!

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

Thursday and Friday, Oct. 6 and 7

SATSUMA'S

Japanese Troupe!

CONSISTING OF

TWENTY STAR ARTISTS,

OF BOTH SEXES,

Acrobats, Tumblers and Jugglers!

Their First Tour of America.

Appearing in the rich Court Dresses of Japan.

☞Everything entirely different from any other Japanese Troupe ever in this country.

Admission 25 cents; Reserved Seats [illegible] Seats for sale at O[illegible] & Son's music store.

J. E. NOBLE, Agent. H. SCHUBERT, Manager and Director.

Ottawa, Sept. 29, 1870.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

THIS EVENING, MONDAY

Will be presented Tom Taylor's great drama the

TICKET OF LEAVE MAN.

TUESDAY evening, October 4th, the great London sensation drama the LANCASHIRE LASS.

WEDNESDAY evening for the benefit of Nellie Nelson.

BOX PLAN now open at Orme & Son's Music Store.

Dress Circle 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Private Boxes, $3.00 and $4.00; Single Seats in Private Boxes, 75 cents. A limited number of Season Family tickets at reduced rates.

W. J. MARSHALL, Sole Lessee and Manager.

October. 2.

PRESCOTT STOVES

ON HAND.

☞COAL OIL

OF THE

BEST QUALITIES SENT HOME FREE OF CHARGE,

50cts. to 60cts. PER GALL

TRY IT.

Have your

STOVE PIPE

Put up at once and avoid the rush

We have now the

MOST COMPLETE

AND

BEST ASSORTED STOCK IN THE CITY.

Any thing you want ask for it.

ESMONDE BROS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Quebec," will be received at this Office until Friday the [illegible] ing, the 13th instant, for the erection and completion of a new Post Office, at Quebec.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Office of Pierre Gauvreau, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Quebec, on and after Saturday, the 15th instant.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, October 3, 1870.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until [illegible] ing, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. [illegible] King Street, Toronto, on and after [illegible]

The Tender must be [illegible] bracing all trades and [illegible] material.

The signatures of two [illegible] persons, willing to become [illegible] fulfilment of the contract [illegible] each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, October 1, 1870.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, [illegible]

Authorised discount on American Invoices until further notice, 12 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL,

on

Wednesday, the 12th day of October next,

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W. E. WOMBELL, Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office, Ottawa, September 14, 1870.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Arrive............ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Leave............ 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner o Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

See endless variety of made up Skirts, Quilted Lustre and Satin Under Skirts, also Corsets, this day at Magee & Russell's.

See the Richest and most elegant exhibition of Millinery and Mantles ever shown in the Metropolis this day at Magee & Russell's.

See all the leading novelties in Mantle Cloths, Costume Cloths, with trimmings to match, this day at Magee & Russell's.

CITY COUNCIL.—A meeting of the City Council will be held this evening for general business.

FALL FAIR.—The Perth Fall Fair will be held next Tuesday. A very fair business is expected to be done.

Certain parties on Sandy Hill who have lately made it a practice to appropriate their neighbor's wood we would advise to look out for their stoves.

THE MARKET.—Saturday.—The attendance on the Market this morning was small. There was no material change in prices.

TO ALMONTE.—Eleven members of the Ottawa Cricket Club went to Almonte on Saturday. They will play a match with a Club from Arnprior to-day.

MAN DROWNED.—A man who fell off a barge whilst loading lumber at the Lievres Basin was drowned, notwithstanding the efforts made to save him.

BAD BREAD.—The quality of the bread sold by some of our Ottawa bakers is complained of.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.—The next quarterly meeting of this Society will be held to-morrow evening at Gowan's Hall. The meeting will be opened at 8 o'clock precisely.

WAR PANIC.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co., are opening up large lots of new goods ex the Ocean steam and sailing ships, all purchased in Britain during the great war panic. Horrocks A 1 white cotton, only 9½d. per yard. Other goods cheaper than ever. 1469 tf

MAJOR'S HILL.—On Saturday afternoon the Brockville and Ottawa Railway artillery band played some fine selections to a rather meagre audience on Major's Hill. The band, however, displayed much musical ability.

A HARD SPILL.—On Saturday afternoon a loaded waggon, the property of Mr. Whiteside, was capsized by the breaking of the wheel, opposite Hunton, Shoolbred & Co.'s store, on Spark street. The load consisted of chairs, tables, washstands, beds and bedding, and a host of minor articles, which were thrown in one promiscuous heap into the mud.

PRESENTATION.—On Saturday the employees at the Bureau of the Queen's Printer, presented Colonel Chamberlin, C.M.G., with an address congratulating him upon the honor which Her Majesty has been pleased to confer upon him. The address to which the gallant Colonel made an appropriate reply was presented to him by Mr. Kingston.

A meeting of the members and friends of the Ottawa Immigrant's Aid Society will, by the kind permission of the Rev. T. B. Jones, be held evening at 8 o'clock, in the school room, under St. Alban's Church, Lower Town. This promises to be a very interesting meeting, and we hope to see a large attendance.

FIRE RELIEF.—Further contributions: Mesdames Potts, Duncombe, Salmon, Rhodes, Curtis, Rapeljee, (per Mr. Rapeljee, of Simcoe, Ont.,) 1 case clothing; Mr. C. M. Hersey, Hawkesbury, Ontario, 1 box clothing; Ladies of Iberville, P.Q., 1 do; Ladies of Durham, P.Q., 1 do; Mr. J. P. Lawless, London, Ont., 1 bundle do.—Ottawa, 1st Oct. 1870.

RAN OFF THE TRACK.—The Evening Express train on the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway, due at Ottawa at 4½ o'clock p.m., ran off the track on Saturday, a short distance this side of the Prescott Junction, causing a delay to the train of about two hours. All the passenger cars ran off the track, only a second-class car, however, being much injured by the accident. There were a large number of passengers on board, but no one was injured.

AN OLD PENSIONER who got his pension to-day became "jolly tight" and created quite a stir for a time in Wellington street. He was going to fight several times not however with a musket, but with weapons furnished him by nature. He could not bear, to hear it said, that he had been a mere soldier; he was, by his own account, a colonel and a general, and did wonders in the way of bravery.

WHISKEY INFORMER.—We have our Whiskey Reason in Ottawa. The person who has taken to this hondrable occupation to make a living is the discharged soldier Kelly. He snacks about on Sundays and prevails upon saloon keepers to give him liquor, after which he takes out an information against them. It is undoubtedly a good thing to prevent the selling of liquor on Sunday, but this is a very mean way to go about accomplishing that object.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH.—A most interesting and impressive sermon was preached by the Rev. Mr. Stephenson in the above church last evening, to a densely crowded congregation, on the death of Mrs. Morley Punshon. The church was draped in mourning. The Rev. gentleman gave notice at the morning service, that a funeral sermon would be preached that evening at half-past six o'clock, the usual hour, and as the time approached the doors were besieged with people trying to get into the church. Every aisle was filled with all the available forms and chairs, to accommodate those who attended.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE—Saturday.—J H Hodges, Montreal; John F Donohue, Detroit; F G Becher, London (Ont.); G W West and wife, Buckingham; J A Wright, Pakenham; Chas Libbald, jr, Brockville; Jas F Donohue, Toronto; Chief Justice Hagerty, Toronto; Wm Hutchinson, Wm L Leach, John Weart, Wright Cornwell, W A Worsley, Geo Lowe, Brockville; A C Lee, Ottawa; G B Burland, Montreal; Mr and Mrs Jeffrey, the Misses Jeffrey, Richmond; E W Blackwell, London; Mr Fotingsby, Toronto; A G Tourangeau, A Mathew, Quebec.

POLICE COURT — Saturday morning.—Three boys were each fined in the sum of $2 and costs. It appeared these boys, together with several others, have made a practice of assembling every night opposite the theatre, crowding and obstructing the sidewalk during the performance. His Worship informed the culprits that, if brought before him again for the same sort of offence, he would make an example of them.

Three parties for selling liquor without a license were brought before the Court. One was fined $20 and costs; one was dismissed, and the other case was adjourned until Monday.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—Considering the trouble and expense to which Mr. Marshall has gone in order to render the performance of the burlesque of "Robinson Crusoe" a success, the support which he received on Saturday evening was miserably small. It is always discouraging to play to empty benches, and we only wonder that the performers got through their parts as well as they did. Miss Nellie Nelson, as "Robinson Crusoe," played with great spirit, and was the life of the piece throughout. Miss Nelson is a burlesque actress of more than ordinary ability. Mr. Atkins, as "a heavy villain of the old school," played respectably, and the other parts were fairly sustained. The transformation scene at the end is really a very brilliant one. The performance commenced with "Jack Sheppard," Miss Nelson sustaining the leading character. Mr. J. Davis, as "Owen Wood, the carpenter," was decidedly good. The "Ticket of Leave Man," will be presented to-night.

Another Excursion

During the last couple of months Ottawa has had an unusually large number of visitors. The great fire attracted many curious persons from far and near, then we had the Caughnawaga Canal meeting, which brought a number of distinguished American gentlemen to our city, the exhibition, and minor occurrences. On Friday we had the pleasure of seeing a numerous excursion of our friends from Almonte, and that section of the country, and on Saturday we had among us about 800 excursionists from Brockville, that town so noted for the general beauty of its fair sex. This excursion from Brockville came to Ottawa by way of the Canada Central. We are happy that our visitors had a fine day for their pleasure trip, and that they appeared to be enjoying themselves well in the capital. The Parliament buildings, of course, were well viewed. The Brockville and Ottawa Railway Band accompanied the excursionists to Ottawa, and played on Major's Hill at 3 o'clock.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned for the several

ARTIFICERS WORK

Required in the erection of a

BANK BUILDING

FOR THE

Bank of British North America,

—IN—

WELLINGTON STREET,

Until Noon of Tuesday, the 4th of October.

Plans and specifications may be seen a GOWAN'S HALL.

The lowest, nor any Tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

ALEX C HUTCHISON,
Architect,
Ottawa and Montreal.

Ottawa, September 27, 1870. 1477 2

THE ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA R. R.
Managing Director's Office,
Ottawa, Sept. 29, 1870.

GREAT AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION AT TORONTO.

NOTICE.

Return Tickets at a Single Fare good till the 8th October, are issued by this

COMPANY

To enable the public to visit the

GREAT EXHIBITION AT TORONTO.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

1475 4

CANADA CENTRAL

AND

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over these Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4.40 p. m

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870 1460tf

Dry Goods.

GRAND

OPENING OF SHOW ROOM

—ON—

Saturday, 1st October,

—WITH A—

MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY

—OF—

Autumn and Winter Fashions

In Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Jackets, Costumes and Evening Dresses,

and an Innumerable Variety of FANCY GOODS

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have much pleasure to acquaint the LADIES of Ottawa, surrounding Villages, and Counties, that the extensive alterations to their SHOW ROOMS are now completed, forming ONE GRAND SALOON, equal, if not superior, to any in the Dominion for the display of the above enumerated articles, and also for the convenience and comfort afforded to visitors and purchasers. The following are only a few of the many NOVELTIES deserving of special notice, viz:

LONDON AND PARIS PATTERN STRAW BONNETS and HATS, suitable for early Autumn wear

London and Paris Pattern Velvet Bonnets and Hats

Dress Caps
Widow's Caps
Head Dresses
Flowers
Feathers
Wreaths,

And every other requisite for

MILLINERY PURPOSES.

20 dozen Trimmed Velvet Hats from 75cts. each up.

10 dozen Real Ostrich Plumes at $1.50, $1.75, and $2.00, worth from $2.50 to $3.50.

The GIPSY BONNET, the great novelty for this Season, has been adopted unanimously by LADIES of FASHION in all the large cities of Europe and America.

The Millinery Department is now under the management of MISS BEAMISH, of English and Canadian experience.

Orders promptly Executed.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

London and Paris Pattern Jackets

—IN—

Cloth,
Beavers
Velveteen,
Imitation Dog and Seal, also
Real Seal and Velvet
Waterproofs
Tartan Wraps
Opera Cloaks
Costumes
Skirts
Corsets

CHILDREN'S BRAIDED DRESSES

And a full stock of Ladies Underclothing, &c., &c.

200 Black Cloth Jackets from $1.00 up.

100 Silk Finished Velveteen Jackets from $1.75 up.

70 Waterproof Assorted Shades from $2.50 up.

Several dozen made up Wincey and Quilted Skirts in immense variety at extremely low prices.

—ALSO—

MANTLE CLOTHS

In the piece as represented in Mantles in endless variety with SATINS, REPS, EPANGLES, Fringes, Buttons, &c., to match in all the new Autumn Shades.

Orders taken for Mantles, Jackets, Costumes, and Ladies' Outfitting generally.

The favour of a call solicited.

MAGEE & RUSSELL
Sparks Street.

Ottawa, September 29, 1870. 1475 6

Dry Goods.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

FALL AND WINTER STOCK,

And are showing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c.

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES

HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

OUR STOCK

—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

Auction Sales.

AUCTION NOTICE.

The subscriber would take this mode of informing the public that he is prepared to receive all kinds of goods on consignment, either for auction or private sale, at his rooms, York Street, opposite the Market. Parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to call upon him before going elsewhere. His experience, and the testimonials he can furnish, is a sufficient guarantee that their interest will be carefully attended to.

JOHN CHAPMAN,
Queen's Auctioneer.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870 1461 1m

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Tuesday the 4th day of October, at noon, for the construction of certain works at the NAGLE DAM, and the Booms at CALABOGIE LAKE and CHAIN RAPIDS, on the Madawaska River.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office or at the office of the Superintendent of Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

Separate tenders to be given for each work, and to be endorsed "Tender for Nagle Dam," and "Tender for Calabogie Lake and Chain Rapid" respectively.

The Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 24th September, 1870. 1472 4

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-tIN.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 8 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a priviliged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

1397 3eod

FOR CHEAP

JOB PRINTING

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE,

38 Sparks Street,

Ottawa

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

AUTUMN IMPORTATIONS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Are now showing large lines of the following

NEW GOODS.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

NEW SCARBOROUGH CLOTHS for Dresses and Costumes,
NEW TWEEDS for Dresses and Costumes,
NEW GERMAN CLOTHS for Dresses and Costumes,
NEW SERGE TWEEDS for Dresses and Costumes,
NEW WOOL TARTANS,
NEW TARTAN REPS,
NEW TARTAN POPLINS,
NEW FIGURED POPLINS,
NEW FRENCH REPS,
NEW FRENCH MERINOES,
NEW WINCIES,
NEW BLACK LUSTRES,
NEW BLACK PARAMATTAS,
NEW VICTORIA CORDS,
NEW CRAPE CLOTHS.

CLOTH DEPARTMENT.

A complete stock of

British and Canadian Cloths and Tweeds,

direct from best makers.

FLANNEL DEPARTMENT.

A complete stock of Lancashire, Welsh, Saxony and Canadian Flannels, all direct from manufacturers.

LACE, RIBBON AND FANCY DEPARTMENT.

Well stocked with all the leading novelties of the season.

Rael Honiton, Valencies and Maltese Laces.

GLOVES

In variety, including the celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves.

G. M. & Co's goods were purchased under every advantage.

Cash paid where any saving could be effected.

Were all purchased late when goods were at the lowest point, all selected personally by Mr. GARLAND who has had sixteen years experience in buying Dry Goods.

Inspection and Comparison of goods and prices invited.

WHOLESAIL & RETAIL.

THE MERCHANT'S BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.

THOMAS KIRBY.
Manager.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468 1m

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 22, 1870 1443tf

TAYLOR'S PURE HONEY.

A small lot of MACHINE EXTRACTED HONEY of superior flavor; also a small quantity in COMB.

BATE & CO., Agents,
52 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1469a

1870. 1870.

FALL IMPORTATIONS.

DRY GOODS.

NEW STYLES,

FALL HATS,

R. L. JAMES & Co

NEW STYLES,

DRESS GOODS.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

NEW GOODS.

IN VARIOUS

DEPARTMENTS,

Per Late Ocean Steamers,

DIRECT FROM BRITAIN.

R. L. JAMES & Co.,

Opposite the Russell House.

NEW FALL IMPORTATIONS

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co

Are now opening out a stock of

DRY GOODS

Well Worthy of Inspection. All departments Complete, and BEST VALUE showing in

Silks and Velvets,
Velveteens and Poplins,
Dress Goods,
Hosiery and Fancy Wool Goods
Laces and Ribbons,
Millinery.

Our MANTLE DEPARTMENT contains all the Choicest Goods and Newest Styles.

For Best Valu Call at

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Special attention has been given to our

Carpet & Furnishing Departments

which will be found VERY COMPLETE and LOW IN PRICE.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO

September 14, 1870. 14tly

TO RENT,

From 1st November next, a DWELLING HOUSE, 10 rooms, Corner Sussex and Patrice Streets, at present occupied by W. B. Lindsay, Esq.

THOMAS McKAY,

Ottawa Mills, Chaudiere, or from Store Sussex Street.

Ottawa, September 23, 1870 1470

NOTICE.

For sale a SECOND HAND WAGGON. Enquire of

JOHN CHAPMAN,

Queen's Auctioneer opposite the By Ward Market,
Ottawa, September 29, 1870 1475 td

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILO

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $5 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without it.
Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Material and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street.
Montreal.

Ottawa September 21, 1870 1468

DOMINION

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards. For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

HORSE FOR SALE.

A BAY HORSE, 6 years old, 16 hands price $140.

Apply at the Office of the
UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COY

Ottawa, September 28, 1870 1474 3

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the

FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for work on Black River," will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 3rd day of October, at noon, for the construction of a new Slide at High Falls, on Black River.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this Office, or at the Office of the Superintendent of Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order.

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, September 22, 1870. 1469 4

WANTED,

TWO BOYS to carry papers. Must be able to read and write.

Apply at the

TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT.

Hall, September 29, 1870 1476 4maw31 2m

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY,

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.................. $300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 3313, effected October, 1861, for £1300. Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total sum payable by assured, £112; the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4238. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 3313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies for amounts within value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent.

1407 3m

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. S. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

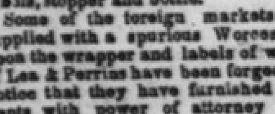
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

OTTAWA CITY PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a

SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

STOCKHOLDERS

Will be held at the office of the Company in New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the first day of October, A. D., 1870, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of the other business appointed to be done at the annual general meeting of the company under the charter and by-laws thereof.

By order of the Directors.

ROBERT SURTEES, Secretary.

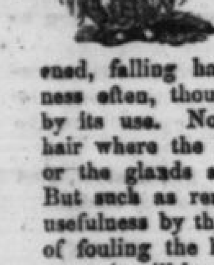
Office of the O C P R R C.

September 19, 1870. 1469td

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY. MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty: Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awôm lawkôm

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS

OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

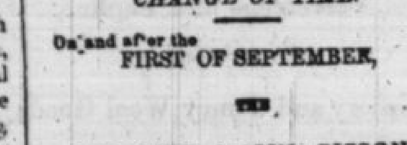
The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the

FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 3 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144tf

MDUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the general ... 219tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

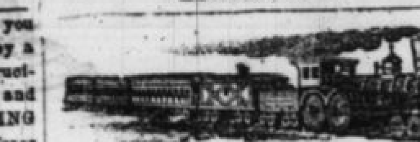
Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

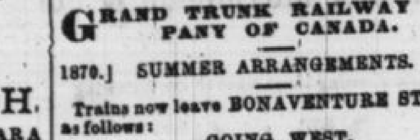
PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1417tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.	8:30 a m
Night do do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m,	4:00 p m
and 5:30 p m.	

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 am
Express for Boston at	8:40 am
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 am / 2:00 pm
Express for Island Pond, at	
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m. They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1425tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that his constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour, during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON.

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, it preferable to purchaser. Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,

Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

1306tf

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428.1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $226 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 -1

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name without a written order from myself.

NORMAN McLEOD.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1484 1m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs.

English Chemicals,

European and American

Patent Med

The Popular Proprietary

Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German

Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS

TRADE-MARK ANCHORA VIRTUS VALET GARDNER MONTREAL

AND GROCERS Here.

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best task for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

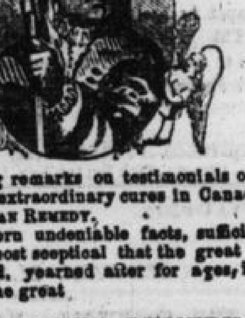
Newcastle, C. W.,

General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

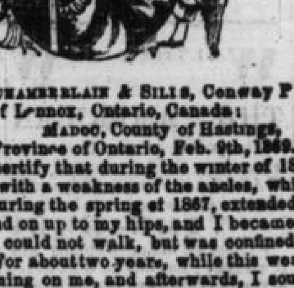
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Conseçon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hosey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,

Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1856 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1857, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ...th day of February, 1869.

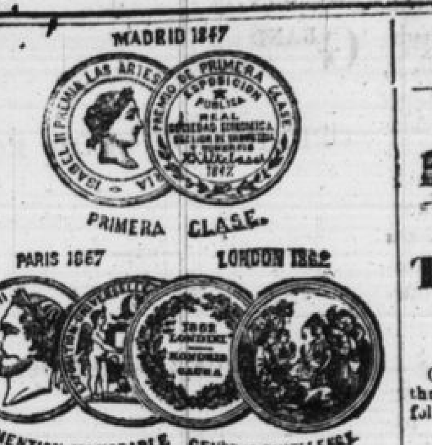
A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

MADRID 1867 PRIMERA CLASE. PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862 MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCY.



Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulant.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,

EVANS, MERCER & CO.,

Montreal,

Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

U

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven

Cook Stoves.

Low Oven

Cook Stoves.

Double Stoves.

Parlour Stoves.

Box Stoves all sizes.

Hotel Cook Stoves.

Dumb Stoves.

Hot Air Furnaces.

Stove Pipes.

Elbows.

Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.

LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN,

ASSISTED BY

An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870. Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or

REV. H. POLLARD,

Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 25th, 1870.

TO LET.

One or both of the Upper Flats of the Union Block on the corner of Sussex and York Streets. For particulars apply to

MOSGROVE & TAILLON

Or to KEARNS & RYAN

On the premises.

Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1432tf

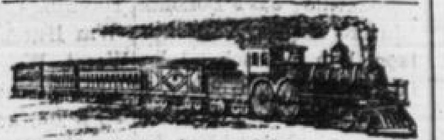
DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3.45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N. B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown................$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown................ 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown................$100 00
Halifax................ 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer........ 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown................ 30 00
Halifax................ 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer........ 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE:

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,

No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870. 1360 td lawk.

Sarsaparilla

... cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. ...

PREPARED BY

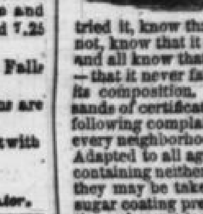
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



... For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite ... For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers ... For Dysentery or Diarrhoea ... For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins ... For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings ... For Suppression ... As a Dinner Pill ...

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Mason, Esq., McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq., A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq., J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J ... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its ... shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the promptness of its settlements the Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR ... 1298tf

FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis.

DATURA TATULA

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great ... usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal ...*

"The smoke causes no nausea. ... kind, I have never known an instance ... relief was not obtained."—*General ... Son. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes ... 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, ...

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., ...

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., ...

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION OF COD LIVER OIL, fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, ... and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. ...

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, ...

Ottawa, July 5, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1434-tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 26, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES ... *Managing Director.*

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1478. OTTAWA TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEROW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Province of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Over Darie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W. WRIGHT. 43w F C CLEROW.

W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Fisher & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House, Elgin-st.

ISAAC LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and Rideau, Ottawa. 365y

J. CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, Ottawa, Union Buildings. 557

J. B. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell house, Elgin-st. 43uif

BELL & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Russell House, Ottawa.
Chief Office. JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Russell House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

BLEAKEY & KERR, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c, for the Province of Ontario. Office—Union Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
ROBT. BLEAKEY. ROBT EDWARD KERR.

THOMAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office, Ottawa. 452y

J. L. HARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Sparks-street, Ottawa. 366tf GEORGE TAILON
JAMES MOSGROVE.

L. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

GEORGE HENDERSON, (McGill University) Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office—that recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1382y

A. SOUILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, end of Supper's Bridge. Office hours 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N.B.—Special attention given to the treatment of Diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be met at his residence, Surrey street.

A. G. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Office—Hanson's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 314tf

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, every attention paid to their comfort.
JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

CARLETON HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite Court House and Public Offices, ST. JOHN'S, NFLD.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
Has spacious sample-room for commercial men. 859y

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street.
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.
G. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply Sets of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth by pivoting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite plates, fitting so closely and easily to the gums as to be capable of all the uses of natural teeth are applied, without the inconvenience to the wearers, and after a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance original to the mouth.
Also, with a view to the removal of painful diseases during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into Ottawa the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without any inconvenience, and loses his teeth as in a pleasant dream.
Office—Consulted any day, except Sunday, from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

HENRICK FOX,
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Queen Street, next to the City Hotel
Ottawa.
Under the patronage of the Lumber Merchants of Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging and contracting to their rafts while passing the rapids, to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Hon. Geo. Bryson, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
Geo. Hamilton, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324d.

1000 Bushels of Oats for Sale by Bailey, Doran and Cameron, Rideau, Sparks Street. 1452 3a

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.
Nearly every person in the whole history of the world has anything worth so widely and so deeply the sufferings of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men, its fame has been higher and higher in their estimation as it has become better known. Its uniform virtue and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to the cure of disease and to young children, it is nevertheless the most effectual remedy that can be given in incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a protection against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept in every family, and indeed as all are more or less subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.
When once settled, *Consumption* is thought incurable. Yet great numbers of cases where the disease is settled, have been completely cured, and health restored to sound health by the use of this medicine. So complete is its mastery over the diseases of the Lungs and Throat, that many physicians of them yield to it. When nothing else can reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they slowly yield and disappear.
Clergymen, Public Speakers and great professional men, use it.
The public is always relieved and often wholly cured.
Asthma is generally cured by taking the *Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.
Many are its virtues known that we need not enumerate some of them here, or do more than ask the public that its qualities are fully tried.
PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ayer's Ague Cure,
For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chills and Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Bilious or Bilious Fever, &c., and all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic districts.
This preparation, it does Cure, and does not kill. It contains neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Mercury, or any other mineral or poisonous substance, and is free from injurious to any patient. The cures of its cures in the ague districts are thereby beyond account, and we believe unparalleled in the history of Ague medicine. We are gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of its wonderful cures effected in obstinate cases where other remedies had wholly failed. To persons, either resident in, or visiting unhealthy localities, will be profitable to keep the *AGUE CURE* daily.
Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the liver to a healthy activity.
Bowel Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is a mild remedy, producing many truly wonderful cures, where other medicines had failed.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold by all druggists around the world.
PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*)
offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,
Bordeaux and other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—
Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE—
Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—
COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Henessey, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—
De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.
WINES—
Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
WHISKIES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
Proof and over, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale strangers' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE
SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time or never also. 1105

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
C MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles
Good fit ensured or no sale.
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No Sensible or Coal Oil used. TEAS LANG GO ON PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. FOR HANDSOME WALL PAINTING STYLISH SIGNS

SATCHELL BROS.,
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,
To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
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VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada.]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee, CHICAGO, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.
NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LEAVE BUFFALO
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Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
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Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	756 do
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Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

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J P CONCORAN,
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JAMES PEACOCK,
HATS! *HATS*
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OPPOSITE OLD STAND.
The latest Novelties in
FALL STYLES OF HATS,
JUST RECEIVED.
Call and Examine.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE
PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES
These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.
N.B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:
"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic "Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for "Medical Purposes are of great importance to "Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled "to the consideration and support of every "one disposed to further the advancement of "real and useful progress.
"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."
PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).
These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.
PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.
PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.
B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
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B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.
No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.
A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.
J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
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Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

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THE OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.
MAIL STEAMER
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
CAPT. BOWIE,
Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.
MARKET STEAMER
"FAIRY"
CAPT. NICHOLS,
Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa over Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 8 a.m, and Ottawa at 4 p.m.
R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

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Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.
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At the Exhibition we were awarded FIRST PRIZES as follows:
First Prize for Elevated Oven Cook Stove.
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The above Prize Tickets can be seen in our window.
Our Fall and Winter Stock of Stoves is now complete, all of the very best description.
Hot Air Furnaces fitted up to Order.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
"Capital" Stove Depot.
35, Sussex St.

SCYTHES!
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AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
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Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
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Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
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Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Ottaw 24th June, 1870,

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oneida," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deff Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c, &c.
Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1432 1y

THOMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware
HENRY'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.
Ottawa December 29, 1869. 1236.1

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,
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—IN—
TEAS AND WINES,
6 HOSPITAL STREET,
MONTREAL.
August 23, 1870 1446tf

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DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
1870.
Per Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)
THE FOLLOWING GOODS:
10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.
10 HHDS PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.
25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.
GIN, RUM and WHISKEY.
The very best brands to be had.
ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS.
Dubli Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.
COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.
TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new crop and fragrant.
SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all inds.
RESSOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good
PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS. The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.
FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.
A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries
Wines,
and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.
The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for common goods.
A trial solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, 4th June, 1870.

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,
A Branch of the Monklands Villa,
MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,
The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.
Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.
For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIOR
Corner of O'Connor and Wellington Streets
Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

PRESCOTT STOVES
ON HAND.
COAL OIL
OF THE
BEST QUALITIES SENT HOME FREE OF CHARGE.
50cts. to 60cts. PER GALL.
TRY IT.
Have your
STOVE PIPES
Put up at once and avoid the rush.
We have now the
MOST COMPLETE
AND
BEST ASSORTED STOCK IN THE CITY.
Any thing you want ask for it.
ESMONDE BROS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of
JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,
of the Village of Kenmore,
AN INSOLVENT.
ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.
Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.
Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to
CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St
Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw271

NOTICE.
I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.
CHAS. COULDEN.
Ottawa, August 6 3m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.
Arrival and Departure of Mails.
1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		3.00		3.00	9.45		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer St. John, N. B., by St. L. & O. Railway	6.00							
Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	11.15							
Wallace, by Train, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	11.15		8.00	8.00				
Lower Ottawa, by St. L. & O. Railway; Gatineau, Aylmer, Wright, Hull, Cantin's Mills, Chelsea, Wakefield, Farrellton, Kazabazua, Low, Bristol's Mills, Portage du Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00		8.00	8.00	8.00	9.45		4.00
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, Portland, Grenville, &c.	5.00							
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage du Fort, Pembroke, &c.	12.15							
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Lakeshore, Blackburn, Hawkesbury, Carp, &c.	5.00	11.00						
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Gatineau Mills and Barrett's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	4.00							
Kemptville, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15						
Prescott, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15							
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	11.15							
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway	8.00		4.30					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Post Offices, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; and Mondays and Fridays	8.00							
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	12.30							

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.
The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.
BRITISH MAILS.
Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.
A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.
MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 16th Sept, 1870.

READ THE OPINION OF THE "GLOBE"
RESPECTING
MESSRS. QUETTON ST GEORGE & CO'S
PURE FRENCH WINES
Messrs Quetton St. George & Co. have done the Canadian public a service in establishing their depot for the sale of wines and Mediterranean produce. Mr. St. George has long been resident in Toronto and its neighborhood, but has retained his inherited estates of Langaren and Caravettes in the south of France. He can, of course, command the wine of his own property, and, besides has excellent facilities for purchasing the products of his neighbors, the ships direct from Marseilles to Montreal, when it is found advisable to do so, and thus reduces to a minimum the cost of transit. He buys directly from the producer, and brings his wines to market in the cheapest way. It is not to be wondered at, under such circumstances, that he should have revolutioned the wine trade in Toronto. He has introduced here wines not hitherto known or used but which are peculiarly acceptable for their pleasing flavor, their purity and lightness. They are perfectly sound and wholesome, and yet are sold lower than the worst decoctions which pass under the misused names of port and sherry. The encouragement which Messrs. St George & Co. have received from the Canadian public is very satisfactory to them. They find it difficult to keep up their stock, the demand being so great; but they are now receiving a large additional supply for winter use. What, with our native Canadian Wines, and the importation of Messrs St. George, it is to be hoped that in time stronger liquors will cease to be used.
Price List on application.
J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.
Lot No 31, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 200 acres, 110 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to
CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.
aw4 September 5, 1870 1454tf&w3tf

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration in Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights. Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1366y

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1356y

BOARD.
A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.
Ottawa, September 19, 1870 1466tf

TAYLOR'S PURE HONEY.
A small lot of MACHINE EXTRACTED HONEY of superior flavor; also a small quantity in COMB.
BATE & CO., Agents,
52 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1469a

German Humanity.

From the Spectator.

The German armies seem to have sullied their hitherto noble reputation for humanity both in the cruel affair at Bazeilles, before Sedan, of which the fuller English accounts are very shocking, and in the treatment of the defeated army after the capitulation. With respect to the latter we have an elaborate account by the correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph*, who is a witness far from being prejudiced against the Germans, and speaks of the treatment of the defeated army as "far worse than the result of any fight it has yet been my lot to see, though for the last fifteen years I have visited the scene of every great engagement in Europe within a few hours after it had taken place." Writing from Sedan, on Wednesday, September 7, just five days after the capitulation, he states that for the whole of that time almost all the men of McMahon's army, some 80,000, and all such of the officers as would not give their parole not again to bear arms against the Prussians during the present war—3,000 out of about 4,000, as it now appears—had been left out in an open field, as wet with the heavy rains as a marsh, without the slightest covering, huddled together like sheep, in a space about as large as Trafalgar square, without an ounce of meat, and with only one hard biscuit per man for two days' consumption—two and a half biscuits for the whole five days—and though, as the writer says, the Prussian troops round Sedan had two good meat meals per diem. Many of the officers had money enough, but "the Prussian authorities would not allow their prisoners even to purchase what they required." One of the writer's acquaintances, an officer of noble birth, assured him that he was really starving, and devoured what food the writer procured for him out of his own carriage, though not without first dividing it with his soldier servant, with the voracity of a wolf. The rain had been pouring down on these poor fellows almost without intermission ever since the Friday of the surrender; they were as wet as if they had been rescued from the water, many flushed with fever, hundreds hardly able to stand upright with rheumatic pains, and many of the remainder suffering from bad bowell complaints. He saw some of these poor fellows marched off to the frontier, and asserts that "even the French officers, if they lagged behind for an instant, were beaten with the butt ends of their escort's muskets, and roared at, 'forward, forward!'" "Weak, sick, suffering from dysentery, fever, and rheumatism," they were compelled to move for two miles at a pace nearly equal to our "double quick."
The writer says he has witnessed the brutality of Asiatic armies, but never saw prisoners treated so brutally. Representing to the Prussian officers what he had seen, he was politely told in two instances to mind his own business, and in the third answered by curses on the French nation and soldiers.

Alleged Treason in the French Camp.

A special correspondent of the *Telegraph*, writing from Paris, midnight on Saturday, says General Failly is believed by many not to have perished at the battle of Sedan, but to be still alive and in safety. There is but too much reason to apprehend that the almost universal belief entertained by Frenchmen that treachery and treason have been rampant, not only among French civilians, but also in the ranks of the French army, is founded upon fact. I have talked with several soldiers who escaped from the wreck of De Failly's division, and who have made their way back to Paris. They are unanimous in their assertion that this traitor, as they all regard him, so handled his men as to deliver them over to be helplessly massacred by their enemy. But I regret to add that, although De Failly is even more execrated by France than Leboeuf, there is still a mightier name on every lip against which the strongest muendoes are whispered. The letter from the pen of M. Podevin, late prefect of the department of La Meurthe, which appeared in last night's *Soir*, has produced a tremendous effect. M. Podevin was violently animadverted upon by public opinion for having surrendered Nancy without a struggle, and for having advised his fellow-townsmen not to resist the enemy. He says that his repeated appeals for arms were disregarded, and that not a grain of powder was supplied to him wherewith to blow up the bridges over the Muerthe. A story is to-night bandied about that Marshal Bazaine has announced that the Emperor himself made overtures to him, a most distinguished general, of a traitorous nature. "Traiter," "bandit," "robber," these are the mildest words which fly to-night from lip to lip; and I grieve to add that they are applied to no less a man than the unhappy Emperor himself.

CANADIAN GOSSIP.

Belleville has had *Tableaux Vivants*.
Guelph and Hamilton have been playing base ball matches.
An alleged embezzlement case exercises Toronto.
The Hamilton Maple Leaf Base Ball Club have been greatly strengthened of late.
Toronto has had a Scotch mist.
St. Catharines has had a fashionable wedding.
Simon McLeod, Reeve of West Williams has made a gift of an acre of land in Parkhill for a Presbyterian manse.
The Whitby and East Whitby show is to be held in Oshawa on Tuesday and Wednesday, October 25th and 26th.
Stephen Lett, M. D., son of the Rev. Dr. Lett, Collingwood, has received the appointment of resident physician in the Lunatic Asylum at London.
A boat race will take place in Aylmer on the 4th of October next. Among the competitors will be Messrs. Lawlor, Sims, Conroy, Driscoll, Chambealin, and Deegan.
Two Halifax merchants have subscribed one thousand dollars each, towards a fund for defraying the expenses of a boat race between the Tyne crew and a crew to be raised in Halifax.
Two workmen employed on the church at Lacolle, met with a serious accident a few days ago. The scaffolding they were operating on gave way and they fell to the ground, receiving serious injuries.

A Clever Parody.

A clever parody on Victor Hugo's fustian address to the Prussian invaders closes as follows:—"Germans, hold back! Paris is indeed formidable. Think before her walls. It is better than fighting. All transformations are possible to her! Yesterday she was a monkey, to-day she is a man, to-morrow she may be a gorilla. She seems to sleep. 'Tis but the seeming. She is either drunk or playing possum. Her hair will rise like the forest monarchs of Argonnes. Her toothpick will leap from its scabbard like a sword; and this city, which yesterday was Paris, to-morrow may be Pekin or Porkopolis.

A Philosophical Composer.

There is a man living in Paris now who has seen all shades of political events with the cheerful indifference of Epicurus. This is Auber, the composer. Born under Louis XVI., he has successfully saluted the first Republic, the First Empire, Louis XVIII., Charles X., Louis Philippe, the Republic of 1848, the Second Empire and the Third Republic in 1870.

A NUT THAT BURGLARS CANNOT CRACK.

The London correspondent of the Boston *Commonwealth* narrates the following:—
"A stranger in Threadneedle street, standing in the narrow thoroughfare shortly before ten o'clock in the morning, would have his curiosity aroused by the number of well dressed men whom he would see entering a silversmith's shop, and in a few minutes reappearing with small Japan boxes under their arms. If by further chance it so happened he was at the same spot between five and six o'clock in the evening, he would probably observe the same young men return to deposit the same Japan boxes on the counter of the same shop. The explanation is simple. The boxes which contain the unbanked securities and cash of merchants and brokers are locked up for the night in the silversmith's strong room, built in an evacuation of sand rock far below the surface of the street, and upon which falls, when closed up for the night, a considerable flow of water. The merchants and brokers pay a rent for the use of this secure depository; and, acting, no doubt upon this idea, a Mr. Streeter, an extensive jeweller, intends to give the wealthy possessors of costly jewelles the opportunity of using his 'Chatwood safe,' with his hydro-pneumatic envelope and patent water-level gauge. This safe stands on the floor of his shop, and is open to daylight. It rests upon a foundation of many details, and of sufficient solidity to sustain more than ten times sixty tons, the weight of the safe itself, which is encased in concrete, embedded in which is a water-chamber connected with an apparatus and air-tubes to give timely warning of sinister assaults. Besides this security, the safe is burglar-proof, engineer-proof, gunpowder-proof, chemical proof, miner-proof, and expert or dexterity-proof. It cannot be fused, melted, wedged, or bored, nor can the lock of the door, which weighs six tons, be picked or tamp

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Reception of His Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa.
Her Majesty's Theatre—W. J. Marshall.
Government House—W. H. Lee.
Do do do.
Do do do.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Stree[t]

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1870.

Sir George E. Cartier is in Montreal.

We are glad to announce the return of Major Futvoye, Deputy Minister of Militia, and to find that he is almost entirely recovered from the serious illness from which he was at one time suffering.

We are glad to hear Mr. Wainright, of the Grand Trunk Railway, has returned from England, where he went for the benefit of his health, which, we believe is now fully restored.

We have received from the publishers a copy of the International Railway and Steam Navigation Guide, a most valuable publication to which we have on several occasions had the pleasure of referring. It contains, as usual, a large amount of interesting and amusing reading matter in addition to the time tables.

The last number of the *Canadian Illustrated News* exhibits a marked improvement. The illustrations are much clearer, and better executed in all respects, and many of them would do credit to the best English pictorial papers. We congratulate our contemporary upon this change for the better.

The intelligence of the conferring of knighthood on the Hon. Edward Kenney of Nova Scotia, and the appointment of Cols. Chamberlin, Osborne Smith, Fletcher and McEachern to the order of St. Michael and St. George is received throughout the country with great satisfaction, which is another flattering compliment to the above gentlemen.

We believe that in accordance with the understanding which was arrived at three years ago, all vacancies in the Senate will be filled up by members of the old Legislative Council, and until they are all provided for no other appointments will be made. Hon. Mr. Perry of Cobourg, Hon. Robert Read of Belleville, Hon. Mr. Vidal, Hon. Mr. Bull, Hon. Mr. Bennett, and some others are yet unprovided for, and will, we presume, be appointed as opportunities offer, according to their seniority.

OUR NEW POSSESSIONS.

We do not suppose that in the history of the world an instance can be found, of any nation acquiring a country of such vast size and enormous resources as our North West Territory, without having to make great sacrifices, and in most cases to maintain long and devastating wars. In obtaining possession of the State of Minnesota, which compared with Prince Rupert Land is an insignificant state, the Americans expended a large amount of treasure and sacrificed many valuable lives; some hundreds of settlers having fallen before the rifles and tomahawks of the Indians. Within the last few weeks we have acquired a territory larger than European Russia, including an area of upwards of two millions of square miles. The price paid for it is comparatively so trifling, and its acquisition has been so quietly and peacefully brought about, that people scarcely realize the magnitude of the prize they have won. But we may rely upon it that in coming years, millions of happy and contented people who will inherit the North West, will reflect with gratitude on the wise statesmanship, which, at so small a cost, laid the foundation of a mighty Empire.

We have lately received a copy of a work on the North West territory, written by Mr. Alexander J. Russell, C. E., and in trying to furnish our readers with some information which may be interesting in reference to our newly acquired possession, we shall be indebted to this very useful book for some of our facts.

The Hudson's Bay or North West Territory, which, as we said before, contains about two millions of square miles, is three thousand miles in length from East to West, and fourteen hundred miles in breadth from North to South. In its general character it very much resembles Russia in Europe, a country which at the present moment sustains a population of sixty-nine millions of persons, but in size it is considerably larger than that country.

In considering its resources and geographical character it may be divided into six sections.

1st. EAST MAIN OR THE PENINSULAR OF LABRADOR lying between Hudson's Bay and the Atlantic Ocean, extending about 950 miles from East to West and eight hundred miles from North to South. It was first discovered as far back as the year 986 by one of the old Norse rovers, who called it "Halluland it Mikla" or the "Great Slate land" from the stratified limestone rocks found on its coast. It was rediscovered by Cabot in 1496, and afterwards by Real, who named it "Terre Labrador," the "Cultivable Land." Though lying in the same latitude as the United Kingdom, the climate of Labrador is no better than that of Iceland, and from its coldness and sterility, it seems unfit for occupation by civilized men. But at East Mair factory, on James' Bay, good potatoes, turnips, and other vegetables have been raised; large crops of hay are grown every year; and strawberries and currants grow wild along the shores of Rupert's River. At Big River, one hundred and twenty miles north of East Mair Factory, potatoes and other vegetables are grown, but the cold in winter is intense.

2nd. SOUTH HUDSON BAY TERRITORY between Hudson's Bay and Lakes Winnipeg and Athabasca, and extending east and west from the northern water shed of the St. Lawrence to Lake Winnipeg. It contains about 430,000 square miles. The soil of a very large portion of this territory is excellent, the coldness of the climate alone preventing it from being very valuable for agricultural purposes. In the southern and south-western portions of the country the climate improves; barley ripens well; horned cattle, horses, sheep, and pigs are kept there, while along the north shore of Rainy river from Fort Francis to the Lake of the Woods, is a beautiful tract of rich alluvial land containing an area of more than 200,000 acres. Persons who accompanied Colonel Wolseley's expedition landed and explored this country, and describe it as being in all respects well adapted for settlement. The soil is a fine dark sandy loam, mixed with much vegetable matter, and resting on clay. The climate is very similar to that of Ottawa. Wheat and root crops flourish in the neighbourhood of Fort Francis. On the shores and islands of the Lake of the Woods there are patches of good land where the Indians have raised Indian corn without any failures for many years.

3rd. NORTH HUDSON'S BAY TERRITORY OR BARREN GROUND. This is the country lying north and west of Hudson's Bay from latitude 60°. to the Arctic Sea, and including an area of about 412,500 square miles. The general character of the country is desolate, still it affords sustenance for immense herds of reindeer and musk oxen.

4th. THE MCKENZIE RIVER COUNTRY, which is 740 miles in length from North to South, with a breadth of from 400 to 600 miles. This lies in exactly the same latitude as the barren country of which we have just spoken, but in climate and soil differs from it very materially. In the southern portion good crops and grain can be raised, while the shores of the river McKenzie (which is navigable almost to its source) abounds with beds of lignite coal. It is estimated that about one hundred and twenty thousand square miles of the McKenzie country are fit for cultivation The McKenzie River, which is more than one thousand miles in length, empties into the Arctic Sea in the neighborhood of the richest whale fisheries in the world, to reach which American whalers have to sail sixteen thousand miles. An Interoceanic Railway would connect with the McKenzie River by way of Athabasca River and Great Slave Lake, and it is probable that a large whaling business would be done by settlers on the banks of the McKenzie.

5th. THE PELLY RIVER AND MOUNTAIN COUNTRY contains 285,000 superficial miles; in size and general character of climate and soil, bearing a close resemblance to Norway and Sweden. It is bounded on the North and West by Alaska, and on the South by British Columbia. It possesses some mineral wealth, while the good lands on the banks of fine salmon rivers, with the valuable timber forests which abound in the southern part, render this territory of considerable value.

6th. THE RED RIVER, SASKATCHEWAN AND CENTRAL PRAIRIE COUNTRY.—It is with this vast and fertile district that we have at present most to do, because its climate and soil render almost the whole of it as suitable for agricultural purposes as the province of Ontario. It is bounded on the South by the United States, on the West by the Rocky Mountains, on the North by the parallel of latitude 60° North; and on the East by Lake Winnipeg and its tributaries. It contains about 480,000 square miles, that is to say an area equal to that of France, Germany, Belgium, and Switzerland combined. It is proved by the evidence of reliable explorers and disinterested parties, that almost the whole of this immense country is capable of cultivation, and that when cultivated it yields fully as heavy returns of wheat as the best parts of Ontario.

It is in fact one vast tract of cleared farming land fresh from the hand of Nature, which only requires settlement, development and a direct road to the seaboard, to render it before many years have elapsed a populous country studded with important cities and towns.

In the south east portion of the territory is Lake Winnipeg, which receives the waters of the river Winnipeg on the east, the Red River and Assiniboine and the river Saskatchewan on the west. This lake is two hundred and eighty miles in length, with an average breadth of nearly fifty miles. The Red River rises in United States territory and flows north. At its confluence with the Assiniboine, and forty miles south of Lake Winnipeg, is situated Fort Garry. From this river a fine tract of prairie land stretches uninterruptedly for many miles.

The river Assiniboine is nearly six hundred miles in length. For a great portion of its course it flows through a country welll fitted for settlement, and better suited for cultivation than a large portion of the Ottawa district was when first settled. These prairie lands cost nothing for clearing, and for the most part, with the exception of some low, marshy spots, are ready to receive the plough, and as they afford pasturage for immense herds of buffalos which remain on them all the year, it is evident that they may do the same for sheep and other domestic animals. The same remarks apply to the country through which the Qu'Appelle and other tributaries of the Assiniboine flow. Of it Mr. Dickenson, of the Canadian exploring party, says:—"The valley is about eighty feet below the general level of the country; the bottom of it is from half a mile to a mile in width, through which the river winds its way, flowing rapidly and uniformly; it is about fifty feet wide, and at this time (August) five feet deep. There is no appearance of the valley being flooded. There are large open flats occurring frequently, on both sides of the river, where the richness of the grass and the beauty of the various flowers prove the great fertility of the soil, places marked out by nature to be cultivated and inhabited by man. There is abundance of good sized poplar and balsam, spruce sufficiently large for building and farming purposes. I followed the course of the valley down to its junction with the valley of the Assiniboine, (a hundred miles,) and for the greater part of the way it is rich and fertile, as is also the land adjoining. Within a few miles of the Assiniboine the country changes considerably, the soil is much lighter, and the trees fewer and smaller."

The general character of the greater part of the country drained by the river Saskatchewan is thus described by Captain Palliser:

"It is now a partially wooded country, abounding in lakes, and rich in natural pasturage, in some parts rivalling the finest park scenery of our own country. Throughout this region of country the climate seems to preserve the same character, although it passes through very different latitudes—its form being doubtless determined by the curves of the isothermal line. Its superficial extent embraces about 65,000 square miles. Its elevation increases from 700 to 4,000 feet as we approach the Rocky Mountains, consequently it is not equally adapted throughout to the cultivation of any one crop; nevertheless at Fort Edmonton, which has an altitude of 3,000 feet, even wheat is sometimes cultivated with success.

"The least valuable portion of the prairie country has an extent of above 80,000 square miles, and is that lying along the southern branch of the Saskatchewan, and southward from thence to the boundary line; while its northern limit is designated in the Indian languages as the 'edge of the woods,' the original line of the woods being invaded by the fire.

"The fertile belt thus described by Captain Palliser contains as represented on Dr. Hector and Professor Hind's map, an area of about 66,000 statute miles, the equivalent nearly of 65,000 geographical square miles. We have here, then, in the portion of this territory explored an extent of very fertile, mixed prairie and woodlands, three times the size of that part of Upper Canada from Kingston to Sarnia; of which more than one-third is at once ready to receive the plough."

We have thus with the aid of Mr. Russell's book, endeavored to furnish our readers with some particulars relative to the immense country which has lately, at a cost which, comparatively speaking, may be regarded as almost nominal, fallen into our hands. Of course such particulars as we can give within the necessarily restricted limits of a newspaper article must be brief and imperfect, but they may be of some use as showing how vast are the resources of the new territory, and what a splendid future is before us if we are but true to ourselves, and proceed about the development and settlement of the North West in an enlightened and statesmanlike spirit. For the sum of £300,000 sterling we have acquired possession of a country capable of sustaining a larger number of people than to-day inhabit the United Kingdom. Upon our wisdom and prudence to-day very much depends, in all human probability, its future destiny for good or ill. By ignoring all the petty jealousies of party, race and creed, by realising the importance of the task we have to accomplish, and by energetically pushing on the settlement of the country, we shall render its future welfare secure. The question to be solved is, is there enough patriotism and intelligence in Canada for the work confided to us? We trust and believe that there is.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

We have lately heard several complaints from members of the Civil Service relative to the manner in which certain appointments have been made. The fact is that the provisions of the Civil Service Act never have been and never can be carried out effectually. It is in reality a dead letter, and must of necessity continue to be so. It was first violated by the honorable gentleman by whom it was introduced, and has been on several occasions since. Let us consider a case for a moment. We will imagine that an office is vacant which requires the services of an able and energetic man. We will suppose that such a man not in the public employ but who perhaps may have rendered the Government important service, applies for the position and is in every way qualified to fill it. It is ridiculous to think that he is to commence with a salary of $300 the same as a boy of eighteen or nineteen years of age and gradually work his way up. What the Government want, and what the public want is the "right man in the right place," efficient, reliable men to undertake the responsibilities of responsible positions. The terms of the Civil Service Act, if strictly adhered to, would, in many cases, render it impossible that this should be the case. Its provisions cannot be carried into effect, and it must be regarded to all interests and purposes, as void and ineffective.

THE EARL OF MAYO.

The Right Honourable Richard Southwell Bourke, sixth Earl of Mayo, whose death was announced in yesterday morning's TIMES, was born in Dublin in the year 1822. He was educated at Trinity College, Dublin, and married in 1848 the Hon. Blanche Julia Wyndham. He first entered Parliament in 1847 as member for his native county of Kildare, and in 1852 became Secretary of State for Ireland under the Earl of Derby. On his appointment to office he was elected member for Coleraine, which seat he retained until the general election in 1857, when he was returned for the borough of Cockermouth. In 1859, and again in 1866, he was re-appointed Secretary for Ireland by the Earl of Derby, and in 1868 was made Viceroy of India. Lord Mayo was not a man of brilliant ability; as an orator he never rose above mediocrity, and as a statesman he never displayed any extraordinary genius. In fact some dissatisfaction was expressed at his being appointed to the highest and most responsible office in the gift of the Crown. But Lord Mayo was a man who had studied and thought deeply on all questions of political economy, and since his accession to the Vice-Regal office he seems to have discharged its duties wisely and well.

THE PREMIER AT KINGSTON.

Sir John A. and Lady Macdonald were received at Brockville by a number of his friends from Kingston and conducted him on board the steamer *Rochester*. They were received with great enthusiasm. They then proceeded on board the steamer to Kingston.

The following address was presented by the Mayor.

To Sir John A. Macdonald, K.C.B., M.P. for Kingston.

DEAR SIR JOHN,—In behalf of the citizens of Kingston, I congratulate you most heartily on your restoration to health. We all rejoice you are able again to enter upon the duties of public life, and we trust you may be long spared to your family and to labour in the service of your country. Your late severe illness has developed one fact, which must be pleasing to you, namely, that although you have had political opponents, you possessed in your affliction the earnest, heartfelt sympathy of the people of the whole Dominion; and by none was this sympathy more sincerely felt than by the citizens of Kingston. Lady Macdonald, who has proved herself so devoted to you, fully shares our congratulations. The people of Kingston feel proud of having to represent them one who has shed a lustre on his country, and who lives in the hearts of a people who have learned from long years of service to honor and respect him.

(Signed,) WM. ROBINSON, Mayor.

Sir John A. Macdonald spoke in reply as follows:—Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,—I can scarcely find words to express my gratitude for your great kindness and the affectionate character of your address. I know that it is not a mere formal compliment, but that it comes from the heart. If I have attained the position to which you have alluded in such flattering terms—if I have been of any use to my country, I owe it to the kindness and confidence of the people of Kingston, and was enabled to commence my political career by your support and confidence. This has now been continued to me for more than a quarter of a century, and your greeting of to-day proves that though my absences have been of necessity frequent and long, I still have a place in your memory. It has always been gratifying to me to feel that I enjoyed the personal friendship of those among you who did not think with me in public matters, and I am specially pleased, Mr. Mayor, at the fact of this address being presented by yourself, who, in the exercise of your undoubted right, have differed from me on political matters. I assure you, Mr. Mayor, that I highly appreciate your kindness. Allow me also, ladies and gentlemen, to return to you, on behalf of Lady Macdonald, her best thanks for your mention of her. Among the many blessings which I have enjoyed through life, for which I hope I feel truly grateful, no greater blessing has been conferred upon me than in giving me a good wife. If I am now among you—if the happiness of visiting Kingston once more in renewed health and strength has been vouchsafed me, I owe it under a kind Providence to her devotion and care. Let me again thank you from the bottom of my heart.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—Later advices from Prussian headquarters show the army quietly closing in around Paris. It has made no effort thus far to bombard the city.

Captain Johnston, a Queen's messenger, has at last been permitted to depart from Paris with despatches for the English Government. He left Paris on the 25th of September, but was stopped by the Prussians. After a long detention the Prussian commander suffered him to proceed, with the warning that similar messengers would be detained.

A messenger from England had a long conference with Napoleon at Wilhelmshohe yesterday. The messenger left for London again in the evening.

The *Times* believes the reduction of Paris will require considerable time.

FERRIERS, Oct. 3.—Bismarck has made the following public statement: The report of a conversation between King William and Napoleon, given by Russell, correspondent of the London *Times*, and since extensively published all over the world, is founded throughout on mere invention.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—The Prussians assert that the fire from the fort around Paris is quite vigorous at times, but quite harmless. The supposition is that it is designed to delude the Prussians into the belief that an effective defence is being made.

Archbishop Manning, in a sermon at Westminster Cathedral on Sunday, likened Victor Emmanuel to Pontius Pilate.

The French papers have resolved to say nothing about the Prussian movement on Orleans, hence the movements in that direction are unknown.

General Ulrich, after reporting at Tours, has rejoined his wife at Basle.

CHATEAU DUN, 3rd (*via* Tours).—The Prussians arrived at Patay, in the department of the Loire. They also approached Epernon in strong force, but retreated before the Mobiles. The latter have been reinforced, as they expect the Prussians will return in force.

TOURS, 3rd.—The French forces on the left bank of the Rhine are well disciplined and effective.

NEUF CHATEAU, 2nd, *via* TOURS, 3rd.—1,000 Prussian cavalry passed Voiel today. It is said that they go to join the corps of 1,000 now forming at Toul.

The German army which recently crossed the Rhine near Muchanse is marching on Schelstadt, and will occupy the entrance to the Valley of St. Marien.

Admiral Faurichon has resigned the portfolio of War, but remains in the Cabinet as head of the Navy.

Jules Favre having asked Bismarck in the name of the diplomatic body for permission to send a weekly courier from Paris and to have notice when the bombardment will commence, receiving an answer from the Count refusing the latter request, on the ground that it was an unmilitary proceeding, but conceding the former, in case the contents of the despatches were not objectionable. Bismarck, however, in his reply, questions the propriety of conducting diplomatic negotiations from the heart of a beleaguered city. The latter idea is obviously that of the neutral powers who had removed their representatives to Tours.

OSTEND, Oct. 2.—Many of the French troops at Strasbourg, on seeing the white flag hoisted, refused to surrender their arms, and threw them into the moat. The people maintain a sullent and silent attitude.

Ten thousand German troops have been left as a garrison. They are busily restoring the citadel and public works.

Four thousand troops have been despatched to the army before Paris.

The books, missals, and manuscripts of the Public Library are reported to have been preserved in the cellar of a house near the New Temple.

BERLIN, Oct. 3.—80,000 Landwehr reserves from the North, Baltic and sea coast are being pushed through here for the front for operations against Belfort and Lyons.

TOURS, Oct. 3.—News from Metz again confirm the reports of the excellent condition of Marshal Bazaine's army.

The Prefect of the Department of Nord telegraphs to the Government, here the following French account of the recent battle, south of Paris. His despatch is dated Lille, October 2nd: I have despatches from Paris by carrier pigeon, dated September 30th, giving full accounts. Our troops to-day operated on the offensive. Reconnoissances in force were made. We occupied successively Moville and L'Hay, and advanced to Thiers and Chaissy Le Roi. All those positions were solidly occupied by the Prussians, who were extended and protected by Tauron. After a short engagement our troops retired in good order, under the protection of the guns of Forts Biertre and d'Ivry. The Mobiles behaved admirably. Our losses were considerable, as also those of the enemy.

(Despatch signed,) TROCHU.

A census taker in Indiana has found a Lena Luella Josephine Hurdy Gurdy Roberts Musidora Smith. He honored her with an entire page in his book.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—The National Guards of the army of Rouen had their first brush with the enemy yesterday, near Bonnieres, about forty miles from Paris, in the forest of Ronsign. The National Guards behaved very gallantly, and for two hours had the advantage of driving the Germans back through Nantes, where many were killed.

In a desperate conflict on the bridge over the Seine, and nearly to Mesy, where reinforcements of artillery and cavalry came up to the assistance of the Germans from Menhein, and these in their turn regaining the offensive, drove the French back in considerable disorder, and with heavy loss.

At latest advices, the Germans occupied Mantes, the bridge over the Seine, the Magny road, and the Faubourg of Limay.

Communication is, however, re-opened, by Alcens with Rouen.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—The Duke of Nassau was killed on the 24th while riding with the King of Prussia and staff from Rheims to Chalons for the purpose of conferring with Prince Frederick Charles. In the thickest part of the woods there suddenly rang a double volley of musketry from an ambuscade.

The third carriage, containing the Duke and Staff, was riddled with bullets. One aide-de-camp was instantly killed, another mortally wounded, and the Duke also.

The fifth carriage, containing the King, was struck by several balls, but no one was hit.

The woods were scoured by cavalry without any result.

The Duke died on Sunday.

ROME, Oct. 3.—Returns show that over 50,000 votes were cast in favour of Italian unity, and less than 50 against. Several monks and priests voted.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 2.—The Lexington *Gazette* announces that Gen. Reno was struck with paralysis on the 28th ult., since which time he has been altogether speechless. His recovery is considered doubtful.

BERLIN, Oct. 3.—The North-German *Gazette* denounces the priests as the source of the anti-Prussian feeling in the German States, and the instigators of revolt, murder and hostile alliances.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—The Prussians are approaching Maintenon, in the department of the Loire. Communication between that place and Chartres and Eprona has been suddenly destruyed.

The Civic Guard, which has recently been doing duty at Marseilles, has been disbanded.

It is thought the Prussians are preparing for a grand attack on Paris from the north, at Genneolliers.

The town of Tournan is filled with wounded Germans. Most of them participated in the late unsuccessful attempt to capture Chartres.

Lyons is perfectly quiet.

POITIERS, Sept. 30 *via* Tours Oct. 1st.—Fifteen hundred Prussians now occupy this town.

At Romen the citizens have barricaded the streets and will defend themselves.

ROUEN, Sept. 30.—An engagement occurred near here yesterday, between a body of French sharpshooters and the Prussian scouts. The latter were driven off.

Beauvuis has been occupied by the Prussians.

EVERANI, Sept. 30.—Still another balloon from Paris passed this town to-day.

TOURS, Oct. 1.—The second lot of private correspondence was seized at the Tuilleries and published to-day. Among the Imperial documents are despatches to Emperor, showing that he had intended to return to Paris after the second defeat of the French army.

HAVRE, October 1.—The French frigate *Impregnable* arrived here and will be stationed here permanently for the defence of the harbor and city. The *Protecteur* is cruising in the channel in this neighbor hood.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—The *Tribune's* despatch from St. Petersburg, 26th, says, that to quiet rumors the Government announces, semi-officially, it will persist in its policy of neutrality, and a Turkish war would have no connection with the present conflict.

Ignatiff, the Russian Minister at Constantinople, has arrived here.

There is a constant movement of troops. Regiments and cannon are daily passing through the city.

The newspapers are unanimous in urging a settlement of the Eastern question, and the abrogation of the treaty of Paris.

Diplomatists say Gortschakoff is resolved to speedily upset it.

This solution has been peaceably arrived at between Gortschakoff and Bismarck.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—The *Tribune's* correspondent before Metz on Saturday evening, Oct. 1st, telegraphing last night that large masses of cavalry of the South corps were thrown northward from Coursellos to Beinforce, the first corps at St. Bache and Antiley.

The artillery of the first corps advanced from St. Bache to Noisville, to meet the enemy's offensive north-eastward movement.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—The American positivists, at a meeting yesterday, adopted resolutions calling upon the United States Government to protest against the continuance of the shocking war by King William, and asserting that the time has come for the United States to abandon its selfish and isolated view of our international relations, and intervene actively in all great questions in debate between nations.

Copies of the resolutions will be sent to the United States government, Minister Washburne, and Jules Favre.

As Bazine withdrew to-day, the cavalry will partly be used north-east, and east and west of Tionville, to sweep the villages hitherto unsacked, and cleared them of provisions in reprisal for the recent seizure of the German supply trains.

A Story About Richelieu's Head.

On the 15th of December 1866, the remains of Cardinal Richelieu were to be re-interred with solemn ceremonies at the church of the Sorbonne in Paris. Some occasion occurred for opening the coffin, when it was found that the head was missing. The fact was noised abroad; when suddenly the missing head turned up at Biarritz in the possession of one M. Armez, an ex-deputy, who presented it to the Emperor, enclosed in an elegant box covered and lined with velvet. This very head which once so proudly wore a cardinal's scarlet hat, and which enclosed the wonderful brain which had ruled over both the king and the Regent of France, tyranized over the queen, banished the queen-mother, and which instigated a long series of bloody wars and so ruthlessly persecuted the Protestants of France—this very head rolled aside, unheeded, when in 1793 the Jacobins desecrated the aristocratic tombs of the Church of Sorbonne. But the quick eye of a tradesman who was upon the outskirts of the crowd at last spied it out in the corner into which it had rolled. He took it up, and by certain signs recognized it—which was not difficult in view of the balming process to which it had been subjected—he split it in two parts, the face being all that he cared for, and kept it as a curiosity for many years, when he either sold or presented it to Armez. And 224 years after Richelieu's death the face was found to be something the color of A[illegible] wood. The point of the nose had been slightly flattened by pressure, and the half opened mouth showed two rows of well preserved and white teeth. The moustache and imperial were scanty; but the historic profile was in almost perfect preservation. The Emperor had this remarkable head, or rather this remarkable half of a head, sent to keep company with the trunk to which it rightfully belonged, and the remains were reinterred with great splendor.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Oct. 3.

Yesterday evening a boy named Thos. Kirkpatrick was badly stabbed in an altercation with another named John Golding.

Preparations for the Provincial Exhibition are being vigorously pushed. The number of entries is 6,471, being 1,106 less than last year's exhibition. The decrease is considered to be owing to the Western fair at London last week. The entries of horses and cattle are larger than last year, the falling off being principally in grain and manufactures. The machinery department is the most forward of any, the principal exhibitors being Goldie, McCulloch & Co., Galt; Kechnie & Bertram, Dundas; Dickie, Niel & Co., Toronto; and the Watson's of Brantford.

A model barn, constructed by John Dennis, Newmarket, 74 by 50 feet, receives much attention.

To-day will be devoted to the final reception and arrangement of articles. On Tuesday the building will be closed to allow the judges to discharge their duties. On Wednesday they will make their awards.

The President's address will be delivered at the annual meeting of the Directors of the Agricultural Association on Thursday.

The weather has unfortunately set in for rain, which is falling heavily.

The match on Saturday between the Ontario Lacrosse Club of Toronto and Shamrocks of Kingston, was won by the Ontarios in three straight games.

Specials to the *Globe*, St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 1st: A letter dated Pembina, Sept. 20th, published in the press denounces in strong terms the late attack on Goulet and the driving him into Red River, in which he was drowned. The writer says Consul Robinson recognizing deceased as an American citizen caused a search to be made for the body, which was recovered near shore. Bruises on the right temple indicate that he was injured by stones thrown perhaps while swimming. This is contradicted.

Dr. Schultz's newspaper speaking of the death of Goulet says: Isidore Goulet had the hardihood to show himself near the scenes of his crimes when he was recognized by some *voyageurs* who chased him with the intention of thrashing him. He was followed to Point Douglas where he secreted himself in some bushes and drew a revolver. The men in pursuit were unarmed and rushed at him, when he threw away his coat and pistol and plunged into the Red River. When part of the way over he was observed to sink, and it is supposed he was seized with cramps. The commander hearing rumours that some of the volunteers were engaged in the pursuit of Goulet had the Ontario Battalion paraded, and took occasion to express his extreme dissatisfaction at such conduct, and gave strict orders not to participate in any party or political matters whatever, and prohibited them visiting Winnipeg until further orders. Dr. Schultz's paper condemns the monopoly of the Hudson Bay Company for supplying the troops with stores. Dr. Schultz had taken possession of his buildings and stores under protest. These were rather dilapidated and so little of his stock remains that he will sell out the whole by auction and begin business again. The people of the settlement express their satisfation at the cold shoulder given to Riel and his colleagues by the Military and customs officers at Pembina.

A letter to the *Pioneer* dated Red River, Sept. 13th, says that Governor Archibald has appointed Boyd as Secretary of State.

Numerous deputations of half-breeds have called upon the Governor to assure him of their support.

Complaints are frequently made to the Governor against parties who committed outrages last winter, no action haing been taken to punish them.

Quiet reigns in Manitoba. It is generally believed that the elections for the Local Legislature would take place in a fortnight.

The sheriff, coroner, and postmaster appointed by Riel have vacated their offices.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, October 3.

About two o'clock on Sunday morning a fire broke out in the workshop of F. X. Fortier, cabinet maker, St. Lawrence Main street. The building and its contents were entirely destroyed. Loss about $500.

The Dominion Telegraph Company advertises in the *Witness* that its lines are now in operation from Montreal to London, and from Montreal to Ottawa, and all intermediate towns, at the uniform rate of 25 cents for 10 words, and 1 cent per word over 10.

It is expected that Mr. Wm. Sache, who expected to be engaged as the cashier of the Dominion Bank about to be organized, has taken the post of Montreal agent of the R. C. Bank.

The semi-annual meeting of the St. Patrick's Society takes place this evening.

The body of a child has been washed ashore near Longue Pointe. It is supposed to be that of the boy Humphreys, who has been missing for some time.

The gable wall of the new school house in course of erection in Stanley street in connection with St. George's Church, was blown down on Friday night last. The loss is estimated at about $10,000.

Still pouring rain.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Oct. 3.

It is indignantly contradicted to-day in the *Chronicle* that Mr. James G Ross, our public spirited Quebec millionaire is closing up his business here preparatory to his departure for England, as stated in telegrams to Montreal.

Lady Lisgar leaves Quebec this week to join the Governor-General on his return to to Montreal from Toronto.

A farmer residing at the Island of Orleans picked up a bombshell yesterday on the beach, supposed to have been fired during recent artillery practice. The shell exploded while he was drilling a hole to extract the powder. He was dangerously but not fatally injured.

Mr. Molson's steam yacht is in port.

The s.s. *Moravian* arrived here at 3:40 this morning.

S.S. *Red King*, for Montreal; barque *Mathilda*, Pictou, for Montreal; and *Sweden*, Glasgow, for Montreal, have also arrived.

There are 130 prisoners in the Quebec Gaol, of which 48 are females and three children.

Salutes for General Lindsay were fired on Saturday from the Citadel. A guard of honor of the 69th Regiment attended him to the wharf.

The Banks here are eager to further the North Shore scheme, and express complete willingness to accomodate the Corporation as to the city loan.

Rev. Mr. Woolriche publishes to-day a complete refutation to the charges circulated by Sergt. Provens, and also states that the burying ground belongs exclusively to the Church of England, but that he offered to say the service himself, or permit the Rev. Dr. Anderson, the esteemed minister of the Established Church of Scotland at Levis, to officiate, or any dissenting minister competent to register, but the Rev. Mr. Lewis, the Wesleyan minister, not being provided with the register of interments, it did not lay in his power to grant the Sergt.'s request in the form he put it.

HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, October 3.

The civic elections to-day excited great interest. Hon. W. A. Henry received 1,012 votes, for Mayor, and Alderman Dunbar 748, Mr. Henry being elected by a majority of 264.

The apointment of Mr. Northrup to the Senate has started Halifax politicians to prepare for the election of his successor.

Meeting of the Ottawa Immigrants' Aid Society.

A meeting of the members and friends of the Ottawa Immigrants' Aid Society, by the kind permission of the Rev. T. B. Jones, was held last evening at 8 o'clock, in the school room under St. Alban's Church, Lower Town.

Notwithstanding that the evening was so wet there was rather a large number present.

Sir Francis Hincks in addressing the meeting said this was the first time he had had an opportunity of meeting and addressing them, and he considered it was his duty to return thanks to the Society for electing him as their President. It was perfectly clear that the objects of the Society were good, and he would cordially subscribe to every one of them. He was doubtful whether it was desirable to act in Ottawa alone, but in co-operation with persons in the Dominion of Canada and more especially for the Province of Ontario He thought this was the first move in the right direction. He had fully intended going to Toronto this evening, but when Dr. Jones told him about this meeting he preferred being present. He had just received a telegram from Rev. Mr. Herring and Mr. Marshall, who urged that this should be a general movement thoughout the whole of Ontario, and they were considering whether it was desirable to have a number of large societies of the kind, one of which would be centred in Ottawa, or to have one for the whole Dominion; but he was satisfied it was requisite to have a number of such, and he believed this would be an auxiliary meeting. He was quite satisfied that all the objects of the society were useful ones, and he would be quite willing to co-operate with them. It would be a strictly local and sectional society. He felt satisfied that this meeting should be in concert, and connected with the particular congregation of St. Albans, and he was sure when put on that footing it would be a most valuable auxiliary society. And he felt quite sure whatever occurred, large societies might be started at Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Brockville and Ottawa, and other cities. He was certain it was requisite to have others. He was satisfied for a long time in his own mind that societies of this kind would be established, and he had no doubt that they could be made self supporting. He was quite sure that the immigrants would contribute largely to it. The people of England were prepared to do their share, and if there was any fault he believed it did not arise with the people here. In fact the movement had not been regularly organized and there was no doubt whatever if it was regularly got up it would be successful. He (Sir F Hincks) desired to consult with others in the course of the present work. There were a number of gentlemen who took a large interest in the question. The hon. gentleman then went on to enumerate the various benefits which societies of this kind would confer upon immigrants, and concluded by expressing his warm sympathy with the movement.

The report of the Council was then read and adopted.

After a vote of thanks to the President (Sir F. Hincks) had been passed the meeting separated.

Cricket.

The following is the score of the match played at Almonte on Saturday last—Ottawa *versus* Almonte and Arnprior;—

OTTAWA—FIRST INNINGS.

C S Scott ct Elliott b Lister	4
G P Baker ct Elliott b Lister	2
T D Phillipps, l b w., b Lister	25
F Evans, ct Northgraves b Lister	2
A Powell, b Lister	0
W Carter, not out	8
J Cutler, b Lister	0
G Aumond, b Kinward	0
C W Hurd, run out	1
T D Parlow, b Lister	0
A Patrick, ct McGregor b Kinward	2
Byes	8
Leg Byes	1
Wides	0
	53

SECOND INNINGS.

C S Scott, b Kinward	0
G P Baker, b Lister	1
T D Phillipps, l b w., b Lister	2
F Evans, run out	9
A Powell, ct and b Kinward	3
W Carter, ct Elliott b Lister	4
J Cutler, b Kinward	0
G Aumond, run out	0
C W Hurd, ct Thompson b Kinward	0
E D Parlow, not out	1
A Patrick, ct Lister b Kinward	0
Pyes	7
Leg Byes	2
Wides	1
	30

ALMONTE AND ARNPRIOR.

1st Innings.

J Burwash, b. Carter	9
G. D. Northgraves, ct Aumond B. Carter	1
W. Templeman, run out	0
W. Thompson, thrown out by Cutler	3
— Kinward, b Scott	1
Dr. A. Lyon, b Carter	1
H. L. Slack, b Scott	2
J. Routh, ct and b Carter	6
F. A. W. Lister, b Scott	5
D. McGregor, b Scott	3
J. Elliott, not out	0
Byes	4
Leg byes	
Wides	
	35

2nd Innings.

J. Burwash	
G. D. Northgraves, l b w, b Carter	0
W. Templeman ct Carter, b Scott	6
W. Thompson	
— Kinward	
Dr. A. Lyon, not out	5
H. S. Slack, b Carter	0
J. Routh, b Phillipps	2
F. A. W. Lister	
D. Macgregor, not out	12
J. Elliott, b Carter	6
Byes	8
Leg byes	2
Wides	9
	50

The Ottawa cricketers will have to practice a little more if they hope to compete successfully with such an eleven as they met on Saturday. After the match was over the Ottawa Club sat down to a substantial and *recherche* dinner provided by their opponents for the occasion. The usual toasts and speeches being over, the Almonte and Arnprior Clubs accompanied their rivals to the railway station, where they parted, giving cheer after cheer as the train started from the platform.

RECEPTION OF HIS LORDSHIP THE BISHOP OF OTTAWA.

The General Committee, appointed at a public meeting of Catholic citizens, have the honor to offer the following Programme for the reception of His Lordship, the Bishop of Ottawa, on his return to this city. The Committee would respectfully invite the several Societies, and our citizens to convene at the place of debarcation, on the day of His Lordship's return, at [illegible] o'clock precisely, in order to form the order of procession before the arrival of the steamer. In consequence of the short distance from the landing place to the Cathedral, and in order to afford space for the deploying of the procession, the Committee have decided that the line of march from the Wharf to the Church shall be by Cathcart, Dalhousie, York and Sussex streets; and they respectfully request the residents of those streets to decorate and illume the windows of their respective houses. A deputation, composed of [illegible] gentlemen, has been selected to meet His Lordship at Montreal, and accompany him to Ottawa.

The Committee having charged M. le Chevalier Gustave Smith with the musical portion of the celebration in the Cathedral, that gentleman will preside at the organ, and accompany a choir of ladies and gentlemen under the direction of the Rev. Pere Chaborel.

The following Societies have been invited to take part in the procession:—The Society of St. John the Baptiste, St. Patrick's Society, Irish Temperance Society, St. Vincent de Paul's Society, Canadian Institute, Union St. Joseph, Ottawa, Society of St. John the Baptiste, Hull; Union St. Joseph, Hull, as well as the several Fire Companies of the same place.

No banners will be used at the procession; but the several Societies are requested to bring out their flags, poll-axes and lances.

PROGRAMME.

PROCESSION.

The order of the procession is thus arranged, and the Decoration Committee beg that it shall be preserved:

MARSHALL,
(On Horseback.)

ENGLISH AND FRENCH FLAG.

Les Sapeurs Hook & Ladder Company, Captain D. Roy.
Hull Engine Company, Captain Roleau.
Queen Engine Company, Captain L. Roy.
Ottawa Engine Company, Captain Walsh.
Rideau Engine Company, Captain Grison.

HIS LORDSHIP
(In Carriage drawn by four Horses.)

The Carriage containing the Delegates.

BAND.

The General Committee of Organization, and all Catholic Citizens of several origins, four deep, with flags, &c., &c.

AT THE CATHEDRAL.

On His Lordship's assuming his chair the programme will be as follows:—

1. Music—Band.
2. *Laudate pueri Dominum*—By the Grand Choir, accompanied by the organ.
3. Presentation of the addresses in the following order:

Address of the French Canadians.
" " Irish.
" " Temperance Society.
" " Canadian Institute.
" " Union St. Joseph.

4. *Te-Deum*—Choir accompanied by the organ.
5. Grand *Sortie*, by the organ.

REMARKS.

1. The flags, poll-axes, and lances of the respective societies will be assigned to different places in the procession by the Decoration Committee, so that the members of the Societies shall appear as one body, in the order set out in the programme.
2. The bearers of insignia after entering the Church, will proceed to the Sanctuary, and take place themselves at each side of the grand aisle forming clusters of Arms and Colors.
3. The gentlemen forming the Delegation will also be assigned a place in the Sanctuary.
4. The gentlemen charged with presenting the addresses will occupy reserved seats in the Sanctuary, as well as those who accompany them.
5. The Members of the Fire Companies, laying aside their torches, will enter the Church by the side doors, and will form a guard of honor to His Lordship in the Sanctuary, in places selected for them.
6. Members of the press will find places prepared for them in the Organ Gallery, on presenting a card at the door. None will be admitted to the Organ Gallery without a card.

DIED,

In this city suddenly, on Sunday [illegible] 2nd instant, Nina Zollikofer, aged [illegible]

The funeral will leave her mother's [illegible] Gloucester street, at eleven o'clock [illegible] morning, for the Hull cemetery.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

THIS EVENING, TUESDAY 4th,
By Request,
KATHLEN MAVOURNEEN
—OR—
ST. PATRICK'S EVE.
To Conclude with the [illegible]
THE SPECTRE BRIDEGROOM
—OR—
A GHOST IN SPITE OF HIMSELF.
To-morrow Benefit of MISS NELLIE [illegible]
Sole Lessee and Manager, WM. J. MARSHALL.

October, 4.

WONDERS OF WONDERS!
RINK MUSIC HALL!
FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY!
Thursday and Friday, Oct. 6 and [7]
SATSUMA'S

Japanese Troupe!
CONSISTING OF
TWENTY STAR ARTISTS,
OF BOTH SEXES,
Acrobats, Tumblers and Jugglers!
Their First Tour of America
Appearing in the rich Court Dresses of Japan.
Everything entirely different from any other Japanese Troupe ever in this country.
Admission 25 cents; Reserved Seats 50 cents. Seats for sale at Orme & Son's music store.
J. E. NOBLE, Agent. H. SCHUHMANN, Manager and Director.
Ottawa, Sept. 29, 1870.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

8.10 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 10.00 p.m.
4.30 p.m., 11.40 a.m., 9.00 p.m.
...trains connect at Prescott Junction ... for all points south and west.
...—York street, corner o Sussex

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

See endless variety of made up ..., Quilted Lustre and Satin Under ..., also Corsets, this day at Magee & Russell's.

NOVEMBER-LIKE.—Yesterday was rainy and chilly, and had all the characteristics of drizzling November.

BREAK DOWN.—A light buggy came to ... yesterday on Sparks street, but we could not learn to what the accident was due.

... FORCE.—The contract for the building of the wall around the new Court ... has been awarded to Mr. J. Robinson.

INSANITY.—Two lunatics were committed to the County gaol last week. The gaol is not a proper place for them.

See magnificent show of Autumn Trimmed Straw and Velvet Bonnets and Hats this day at Magee & Russell s.

MATRIMONIAL.—We are informed that three happy couples are to be married this week. Ottawa clergymen have been kept busy lately tying love knots.

See the Richest and most elegant exhibition of Millinery and Mantles ever shown in the Metropolis this day at Magee & Russell's.

See elegant styles in pattern JACKETS, MANTLES, TARTAN WRAPS, WATERPROOF ..., OPERA CLOAKS and Costumes this day at Magee & Russell's.

See beautiful display of Flowers, Feathers, Ribbons, Laces, Dress Caps, Head Dresses, this day at Magee & Russell's.

See all the leading novelties in Mantle CLOTHS, Costume Cloths, with Trimmings to match, this day at Magee & Russell's.

... Mills which have been working only 12 ... of the 24 hours, owing to the lowness of water and scarity of logs, will probably after the rain be able to run night and day.

FIGHT IN LETTER O.—There was a lively ... on Sunday night in Letter O, one unfortunate fellow coming off with a seriously damaged head.

RUNAWAY.—A horse ran away yesterday with a young man on his back. He ran over the Sappers' bridge at a wild pace, but was stopped before any damage was done.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.—The next quarterly meeting of this Society will be held ... evening at Gowan's Hall. The ... will be opened at 8 o'clock precisely.

... THE AXLES.—Yesterday a waggon, ... heavily loaded, became stuck in the ... which has lately been put on Metcalfe ... The placing of this clayey earth ... the macadamized road on that street ... most absurd proceeding.

... PANIC.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co., ... opening up large lots of new goods ex Ocean steam and sailing ships, all purchased in Britain during the great war ... Horrocks A 1 white cotton, only ... per yard. Other goods cheaper than ...
1469 tf

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—"The Ticket of Leave Man" was well carried out in ... particular, last evening at the Theatre. Miss Nelson and Miss Peterson ... playing their parts very well. The ... nature of the weather prevented the attendance of so large an audience as otherwise would have greeted the company. This evening the "Lancashire ..." will be on the boards and we expect ... a good house.

POLICE COURT.—Monday morning.—Sa... Sullivan, a disreputable character, was ... with wandering about the streets ... o'clock this morning. With tears ... eyes she petitioned his Worship to ... her. She was discharged.

Mary Ann Terry was found wandering ... the streets at three o'clock this morning. She stated she had no home, but ... come from Montreal in search of her ... The magistrate desired that ... be provided with a "pass" to enable her to return to Montreal.

A LONG EXISTING NUISANCE.—We have repeatedly, at the instance of several persons, complained of the obnoxious habit indulged in by young boys, and frequently young men—we mean the, in Ottawa, established practice of standing or playing ... street corners in their rude, vulgar way. ... known to be rendezvous for this ... are shunned as much as possible, ... though pedestrians can thus avoid the ... of those assemblies, to those living in the vicinity, they are an unavoidable nuisance. On Sunday afternoon, a ... of youngsters assembled at the corner of Clarence and Cumberland streets, ... in the most unbecoming and ... manner, and when requested ... themselves, returned abusive ... insulting answers. Where do the police, or what is their duty, that they ... disperse and put an end to such ... meetings.

Fall Assizes.

The autumn Assizes for the County of ... were opened yesterday at noon by ... Justice Hagarty. There were 39 records entered for trial on the Civil Docket. The following gentlemen answered to their names and were sworn as Grand Jurors:—

... Burritt, Foreman; Samuel Billings, ... Frizell, James Rochester, James ..., Henry Bradley, Thomas Mc..., William Owens, George R. Blyth, ... Tennant, Francis Satchell, Robert ..., Robinson E. Lyon, William Hun..., John Davidson, Thomas Cangley, John ...

The Chief Justice then delivered his ... He said there were only two cases of a criminal nature on the calendar, one for manslaughter, and one for rape, and in probably would not be requisite for him to inform them how to act, but if they should require his assistance he would willingly give them all in his power.

There was one case which the Sheriff had told him was of a most painful nature. In his official capacity he had known but two or three cases of the kind to come before him. The law was most stringent in dealing with a person convicted of such a crime. With regard to a rape case a great many persons were of the opinion that the functions of a jury were useless in such a case, but he did not think so; they found, at least sometimes, that charges of a most absurd kind were made, and it depended upon them to decide whether the case was fully proved or not. He then complimented the Sheriff upon such a short list of crimes, and said the city of Ottawa, as the capital city, was a credit to the Dominion. He understood the city of Ottawa was erecting a new Court House, and as they had every opportunity of seeing other houses of the kind erected throughout the Dominion, he hoped they would consider the latest improvements and make a handsome building of it..

There being no case of a criminal nature ready, the Chief Justice proceeded with the civil ones. The first case was

Ogilvie *vs.* Bowie, *et al*—Action of Assumpsit. J. B. Lewis for plff.; P. Remon for dft. Verdict for plff. for $478.20.

The following cases were disposed of:—

Sparks *vs.* Bowie.—J. B. Lewis, for plff.; E. P. Remon for dft. Verdict for plff. $409.60.

Bate *et al.*, *vs.* Parsons. Ejectment.—J. B. Lewis for plff.; Albert Parsons for dft. Verdict for plff.

Quebec Bank *vs.* Brown *et al.* Assumpsit.—J. F. Nellis for plff.; R. Lees and George Toile for dft. Verdict for plft. $182.55.

Clemow *vs.* Stockdale, *et al.*—F. C. Clemow for plff.; E. P. Remon for dft. Verdict for plff. $255.28.

Workman *et al.*, *vs.* Graham *et al.*—Geo. Taillon for plff.; W. A. Ross for dft. Verdict by consent for plff. $774.40.

Lausan *vs.* Perly *et al.*—W. A. Ross for plff.; J. B. Lewis for dft. Verdict for plff. $700.00.

Union Forwarding and Railway Co., *vs.* Laframboise *et al.*—J.B. Lewis for Plff; H. Lapiere, for Deft. Verdict for Plff. $166.-25.

Mooney *vs* Perry.—W. H. Walker for Plff; Martin O'Gara for Deft. Verdict for Plff, $187 65.

McEdwards *vs* Leframboise *et al.*—W. A. Walker for Plff; H. Lapierre for Deft. Verdict by consent, $180.00.

Keogh *vs.* Holmes—J. J. Grimms for Plff; E. P. Remon for Deft. Verdict by consent, $215 63.

Foulds *et al.*, *vs.* Sinclair—W. H. Walker for Plff; D. O'Connor for Deft. Verdict for Plff. $124.20.

There being a number of cases and the witnesses not being able to appear, His Lordship adjourned the Court at 2.50 p.m. until 9 a.m. this morning.

City Council.

At a regular meeting of the City Council held last evening in the City Hall, the following members were present: Aldermen Featherston, Pratt, Bate, Bangs, Robinson, Heney, Martineau, Guerard, May, Goulden.

His Worship the Mayor being absent, Ald. Featherston was moved into the Chair.

The minutes of the last meeting being read and approved of, some petitions were presented, after which a communication from Mr. Gibb was read, in which it was stated that the protracted arbitration case between the Corporation of the city of Ottawa and Mr. Perkins respecting the property at Pooley's Bridge was about being brought to a close, there now remaining simply the final arguing of the case by the lawyers for both sides, Mr. Gibb also asking for authority to obtain certain papers respecting the property.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Pratt, that the communication from Mr. Gibb respecting the arbitration be received, and that Mr. Gibb be authorized to take the necessary steps to secure the deeds referred to, and that Mr. Thomas Gallagher be appointed to act as valuator of the said property if required.

A letter from Mr. Perry was read, in which that gentleman asked for an extension of leave of absence.

Moved by Ald. Pratt, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the leave of absence be granted to Mr. Perry, and that the office of City Engineer be closed.

Moved in amendment by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the communication from Mr. Perry be received and that the leave of absence asked for be granted.

Ald. Heney thought the original resolution the most absurd and rascally motion he had ever heard. His son was doing the work well, and nothing more could be required. It was most absurd to close the city Engineer's office now, when work was in progress in every part of the town.

Ald. Pratt, was quite satisfied that Mr. Perry could not return before the lapse of another month, while the grant of leave of absence was for only one month. He thought that under those circumstances it the best plan to close the office and leave it closed for 2 or 3 months, after which the council might re-appoint Mr. Perry if it thought proper.

Ald. Robinson spoke in support of the resolution, and Ald. Goulden spoke in support of the amendment, charging Ald. Robinson with endeavoring to eject Mr. Perry from the office of City Engineer, in order to instal Mr. Langford in that position.

This charge Ald. Robinson as vehemently denounced.

Ald. Martineau then spoke at length in palliation of Mr. Perry's conduct.

A vote was then taken on the amendment which was carried by the double vote of the chairman, the yeas and nays being taken as follows:—

Yeas—Heney, Goulden, Martineau, Guerard and the Chairman.

Nays—Bangs, Pratt, Bate and Robinson.

To the Chairman's voting in his capacity of Alderman and also as Chairman there was great objection. After considerable discussion on this question the resolution and amendment were withdrawn, and a resolution to the effect that the communication from Mr. Perry be received, and that the City Clerk be instructed to acknowledge it, was put and carried.

The 11th report of the Finance Committee was read and adopted.

The report of the Fire Committee was then read, in which the use of coal oil lamps to light certain streets was declared a failure, and in which the Committee begged that it be authorized to substitute gas light instead of coal oil light. The resolution was adopted.

A by-law authorizing the sale of that portion of city property in the rear of the gaol was passed.

After some other minor business the Council adjourned.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

NEW FALL IMPORTATIONS

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co

Are now opening out a stock of

DRY GOODS

Well Worthy of Inspection. All departments Complete, and BEST VALUE showing in

Silks and Velvets,
Velveteens and Poplins,
Dress Goods,
Hosiery and Fancy Wool Goods
Laces and Ribbons,
Millinery.

Our MANTLE DEPARTMENT contains all the Choicest Goods and Newest Styles.

For Best Valu Call at

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Special attention has been given to our

Carpet & Furnishing Departments

which will be found VERY COMPLETE and LOW IN PRICE.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.
September 14, 1870. 1461y

AUTUMN IMPORTATIONS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Are now showing large lines of the following

NEW GOODS.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

NEW SCARBOROUGH CLOTHS for Dresses and Costumes,
NEW TWEEDS for Dresses and Costumes,
NEW GERMAN CLOTHS for Dresses and Costumes,
NEW SERGE TWEEDS for Dresses and Costumes,
NEW WOOL TARTANS,
NEW TARTAN REPS,
NEW TARTAN POPLINS,
NEW FIGURED POPLINS,
NEW FRENCH REPS,
NEW FRENCH MERINOES,
NEW WINCIES,
NEW BLACK LUSTRES,
NEW BLACK PARAMATTAS,
NEW VICTORIA CORDS,
NEW CRAPE CLOTHS.

CLOTH DEPARTMENT.

A complete stock of *British and Canadian Cloths and Tweeds,* direct from best makers.

FLANNEL DEPARTMENT.

A complete stock of Lancashire, Welsh, Saxony and Canadian Flannels, all direct from manufacturers.

LACE, RIBBON AND FANCY DEPARTMENT.

Well stocked with all the leading novelties of the season.

Rael Honiton, Valencies and Maltese Laces.

GLOVES

In variety, including the celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves.

G. M. & Co's goods were purchased under every advantage.

Cash paid where any saving could be effected.

Were all purchased late when goods were at the lowest point, all selected personally by Mr. GARLAND who has had sixteen years experience in buying Dry Goods.

Inspection and Comparison of goods and prices invited.

WHOLESAIL & RETAIL.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa September 26, 1870.

Dry Goods.

GRAND

OPENING OF SHOW ROOM

—ON—

Saturday, 1st October,

—WITH A—

MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY

—OF—

Autumn and Winter Fashions

In Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Jackets, Costumes and Evening Dresses,

and an Innumerable Variety of FANCY GOODS

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have much pleasure to acquaint the LADIES of Ottawa, surrounding Villages, and Counties, that the extensive alterations to their SHOW ROOMS are now completed, forming ONE GRAND SALOON, equal, if not superior, to any in the Dominion for the display of the above enumerated articles, and also for the convenience and comfort afforded to visitors and purchasers. The following are only a few of the many NOVELTIES deserving of special notice, viz:

LONDON AND PARIS PATTERN STRAW BONNETS and HATS, suitable for early Autumn wear

London and Paris Pattern
Velvet Bonnets and
Hats
Dress Caps
Widow's Caps
Head Dresses
Flowers
Feathers
Wreaths,

And every other requisite for

MILLINERY PURPOSES.

20 dozen Trimmed Velvet Hats from 75cts. each up.
10 dozen Real Ostrich Plumes at $1.50, $1.75, and $2.00, worth from $2.50 to $3.50.
The GIPSY BONNET, the great novelty for this Season, has been adopted unanimously by LADIES of FASHION in all the large cities of Europe and America.
The Millinery Department is now under the management of MISS BEAMISH, of English and Canadian experience.
Orders promptly Executed.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

London and Paris Pattern Jackets

—IN—

Cloth,
Beavers
Velveteen,
Imitation Dog and
Seal, also
Real Seal and Velvet
Waterproofs
Tartan Wraps
Opera Cloaks
Costumes
Skirts
Corsets

CHILDREN'S BRAIDED DRESSES

And a full stock of Ladies Underclothing, &c., &c.

200 Black Cloth Jackets from $1.00 up.
100 Silk Finished Velveteen Jackets from $1.75 up.
70 Waterproof Assorted Shades from $2.50 up.
Several dozen made up Wincey and Quilted Skirts in immense variety at extremely low prices.

—ALSO—

MANTLE CLOTHS

In the piece as represented in Mantles in endless variety with SATINS, REPS, EPANGLES, Fringes, Buttons, &c., to match in all the new Autumn Shades.

Orders taken for Mantles, Jackets, Costumes, and Ladies' Outfitting generally.

The favour of a call solicited.

MAGEE & RUSSELL
Sparks Street.
Ottawa, September 29, 1870. 1475 6

Dry Goods.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

FALL AND WINTER STOCK,

And are showing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c.

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES

HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

OUR STOCK

—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next,

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, September 14, 1870. 1462td

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool)

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honoroble the Winister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulations:

Point Le Preau in the County of Charlotte, Province of New Brunswick, shall be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Customs to be attached to the Port of St. John, and known as the Sub-Port of "LePreau" comprising "Point LePreau on the East, and the head forming the West side of Seely's Cove as the Western boundary.'

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870 1478 3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at "THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

The Tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

Th... two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 1, 1870. 1477 4

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Quebec," will be received at this Office until Friday Evening, the 23th instant, for the erection and completion of a new Post Office, at Quebec.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Office of Pierre Gauvreau, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Quebec, on and after Saturday, the 15th instant.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN.
Secretary,

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 3, 1870 1477 4

CANADA CENTRAL

AND

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over these Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's Steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4 40 p. m

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870 1460tf

THE ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA R. R.
Managing Director's Office,
Ottawa, Sept. 29, 1870.

GREAT AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION AT TORONTO.

NOTICE.

Return Tickets at a Single Fare good till the 8th October, are issued by this

COMPANY

To enable the public to visit the

GREAT EXHIBITION AT TORONTO.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

1475 4

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, Oct. 3, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice, 12 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

1870. 1870.

FALL IMPORTATIONS.

DRY GOODS.

NEW STYLES,

FALL HATS,

R. L. JAMES & Co

NEW STYLES,

DRESS GOODS.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

NEW GOODS,

IN VARIOUS

DEPARTMENTS,

Per Late Ocean Steamers,

DIRECT FROM BRITAIN.

R. L. JAMES & Co.,

Opposite the Russell House.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-t1N.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned for the several

ARTIFICERS WORK

Required in the erection of a

BANK BUILDING

FOR THE

Bank of British North America,

—IN—

WELLINGTON STREET,

Until Noon of Tuesday, the 4th of October.

Plans and specifications may be seen at GOWAN'S HALL.

The lowest, nor any Tender, will not necessarily be accepted.

ALEX C HUTCHISON,
Architect,
Ottawa and Montreal.

Ottawa, September 27, 1870. 1477 2

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILO

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clapboards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without it.
Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Material and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street,
Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3.4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a priviliged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

1397 6mod

HORSE FOR SALE.

A BAY HORSE, 6 years old, 16 hands price $140.

Apply at the Office of the
UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COY
Ottawa, September 28, 1870 1476 3

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the

FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

WANTED,

TWO BOYS to carry papers. Must be able to read and write.

Apply at the

TIMES OFFICE

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of Stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT.

Hull, September 29, 1870 1476 4m&w31 2n

NOTICE.

For sale a SECOND HAND WAGGON.

Enquire of

JOHN CHAPMAN,
Queen's Auctioneer opposite the By Ward Market.
Ottawa, September 29, 1870 1475 td

TO RENT,

From 1st November next, a DWELLING HOUSE, 10 rooms, Corner Sussex and Patrick Streets, at present occupied by W. B. Lindsay, Esq.

THOMAS McKAY,
Ottawa Mills, Chaudiere, or from Store Sussex Street.
Ottawa, September 23, 1870 1470

THE MERCHANT'S BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.

THOMAS KIRBY.
Manager.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468 1m

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 0 1443t

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.....$300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, $313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £32 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1 2: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the IMMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4238. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, is that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 4313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $400 will be paid to policy-holder.

Lowest granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HANNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent.

1407 3m

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, label, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and venders of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 4w1236 law

DOMINION

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1863,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address

T N CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1870. 1149tf

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BIGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in severe cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by merchants generally everywhere.

GABRIEL'S

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL, Dentists, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. TRADE MARK.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S ONYX ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with an intimation of one Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 1w6m law6m

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

29tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS

OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling at 1 an Attentive Hostler.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m. The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 23, 1870 1441tf

MR. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the Departments. 2191f

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DERBISHIRE'S Exchange Office, 17 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H BURN. DAMMOND Manager 1141tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

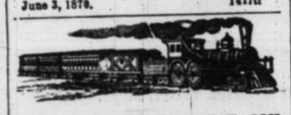
PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1417tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at. ..... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at..... 4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.... ..... 7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at .....6:00 a m, 7:00 am
9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at..... 7:00 am
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at..... ..... 9:00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at..... 3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at..... 6:00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at..... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at..... .....10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Hal fax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 29 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at.... 9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do..... 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations..... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations.. ..... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at..... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at..... ..... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at..... 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at..... 6 00 a m
Do do do do ..... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at ..... 1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 19, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director

June 3, 1870. 1415tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every efficacy of the season. Will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily.

Medical.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES,

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1306tf JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano at 1 Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $126

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $136 per annum.

PRESIDENT—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 y1

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name without a written order from myself.

NORMAN McLEOD.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1484 1m

MADRID 1867

PRIMERA CLASE.

PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862

MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE

D. Whitehead & Co.

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretensions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a cost efficient but innocuous stimulant.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals,

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE MARK. GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DEMOTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best tak for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDNER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDNER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the long and painful pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by he GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned-after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1856 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1857, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1866, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonee Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings; Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importer, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven	Cook Stoves.
Low Oven	Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.	Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.	Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.	Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.	Elbows.
Zinc.	

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

OTTAWA PROTESTANT LADIES' SCHOOL,

No. 200 WELLINGTON STREET.

LADY PRINCIPAL—MISS MACHIN

ASSISTED BY

An Efficient Staff of Teachers.

The school year will commence, Sept. 1st, 870.

Prospectuses may be obtained at Messrs. Durie & Son, and further information on application to the LADY PRINCIPAL, or

REV. H. POLLARD,
Secretary, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 24th, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. A. THISTLE. R. LANG.

G. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell house, Ottawa city, C. W.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 o m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the J. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m, and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3.40 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.31 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth;

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis, completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 5.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8.45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.50 p m, connecting there with steamers *Empero* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.30, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1479. OTTAWA WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c., &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street. W. McKay Wright. d&w F C Clemow.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House, Elgin-st.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ... streets, Ottawa. 365y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-st. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. M. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa. 43utf John J. Gemmell. Robert Lees.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister and Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and ... Post Office Buildings, Elgin street. ... Keefer. Rene Edward Kimber.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

F. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 903y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, ...-street, Ottawa. 368.f George Taillon. William Mosgrove.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post ... 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Dale st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1588y

DR. ROSILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA.
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
869y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor.
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street.
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

MR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply sets of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth mounted on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber plates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the least inconvenience to the wearers, and after the first application is over, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance foreign to the mouth.
With a view to the removal of painful ... during the operation of extracting ... or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without pain or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.
May be consulted any day, except Sunday, office hours from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870.

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel
Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men, attending to their rafts while passing ... to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
... Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
... Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324t.

5,000 Bushels of Oats for Sale by Bailey, Doran and Cameron, ..., Ontario. 1452 3a

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.
Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.
Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.
Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.
Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the Cherry Pectoral in small and frequent doses.
So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.
As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.
Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.
For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.
For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold round the world.
PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA,
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines at all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
O'MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles
Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR STYLISH SIGNS
AND
HANDSOME WALL PAINTING
GO TO
THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,
To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada.]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.
NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE
Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:
American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago ...... 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit ...... 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit ...... 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route ...... 120 do
For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to England & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

JAMES PEACOCK,
HATS! HATS
HATS!
33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE OLD STAND.
The latest Novelties in
FALL STYLES OF HATS,
JUST RECEIVED.
Call and Examine.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE
PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES
These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.
N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:
"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent Improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.
"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."
PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).
These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent decipl of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician Michael Faraday.
PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.
PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.
B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.
No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.
A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.
J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

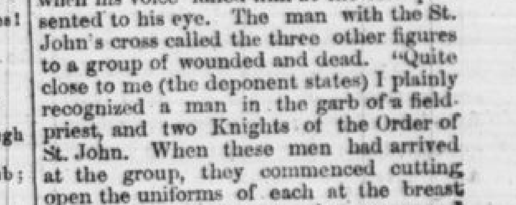
Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.
MAIL STEAMER
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
Capt. Bowie,
Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily,
MARKET STEAMER
FAIRY
Capt. Nichols,
Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.
R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.
711tf

Hardware.

PRIZE STOVES!
PRIZE STOVES!!
At the Exhibition we were awarded FIRST PRIZES as follows:
First Prize for Elevated Oven Cook Stove.
First Prize for Low Oven Cook Stoves.
First Prize for Parlor Stoves.
First Prize for Hall Stoves for Coal.
First Prize for Hall Stoves for Wood.
First Prize for best assortment of Tinware.
The above Prize Tickets can be seen in our window.
Our Fall and Winter Stock of Stoves is now complete, all of the very best description.
Hot Air Furnaces fitted up to Order.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
"Capital" Stove Depot.
35, Sussex St.



SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24, Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanised Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deli Milk saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

THOMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware
HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.
Ottawa December 30, 1869. 1236:t

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER
—IN—
TEAS AND WINES,
6 HOSPITAL STREET,
MONTREAL.
August 23, 1870 1444tf

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATION.
1870.
Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)
THE FOLLOWING GOODS:
10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.
10 HHDS PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.
25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.
GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.
ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.
COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.
TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.
SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.
REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good
PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS.
The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.
FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.
A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries
Wines,
and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.
The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for ... A few trials will prove their superiority ... common goods.
A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.
7th June, 1870.

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,
A Branch of the Monklands Villa,
MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.
The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.
Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.
For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIOR.
Corner of O'Connor and Wellington Streets.
Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

PRESCOTT STOVES
ON HAND.
COAL OIL
OF THE
BEST QUALITIES SENT HOME FREE OF CHARGE.
50cts. to 60cts. PER GALL.
TRY IT.
Have your
STOVE PIPES
Put up at once and avoid the rush.
We have now the
MOST COMPLETE
AND
BEST ASSORTED STOCK IN THE CITY.
Any thing you want ask for it.
ESMONDE BROS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of
JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,
of the Village of Kenmore,
AN INSOLVENT.
ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.
Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.
Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to
CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St.
Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw27t

NOTICE.
I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.
CHAS. GOULDEN.
Ottawa, Augus ... 6 3m

POST OFFICE. OTTAWA.
Arrival and Departure of Mails.
FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15	—	70	9.45	—	4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00			9.45		4.00
Halifax, N.S. and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.45		7.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western U.S., and all places west of Prescott	7.30		8.00	9.45		4.00
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	11.15		8.00	8.00		6.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00			8.00	11.00	6.70
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Portage du Fort, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	5.00			9.45		4.00
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, Mazo, Dunkley, Carp, &c.	5.00		12.15	9.45		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	5.00 15		00	9.45		4.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30					
North Gower, Kars, &c. per St. L. & O. Railway	11.1			8.00		1.00
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway						1.00
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	7		4.30			
For San. Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place junction, and places on C. C. Railway	6				11.30	
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	00					
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30			5.00

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.
The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.
Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.
A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
Post Office,
Ottawa, 16th Sept, 1870.

READ THE OPINION OF THE "GLOBE"
RESPECTING
MESSRS. QUETTON ST GEORGE & CO'S
PURE FRENCH WINES
Messrs. Quetton St. George & Co. have done the Canadian public a service in establishing their depot for the sale of wines and Mediterranean produce. Mr. St George has long been resident in Toronto and its neighborhood, but has retained his inherited estates of Langaren and Caravettes in the south of France. He can, of course, command the wine of his own property, and, besides has excellent facilities for purchasing the products of his neighbors. He ships direct from Marseilles to Montreal, when it is found advisable to do so, and thus reduces to a minimum the cost of transit. He buys directly from the producer, and brings his wines to market in the cheapest way. It is not to be wondered at, under such circumstances, that he should have revolutionized the wine trade in Toronto. He has introduced here wines not hitherto known or used but which are peculiarly acceptable for their pleasing flavor, their purity and lightness. They are perfectly sound and wholesome, and yet are sold lower than the worst decoctions which pass under the misused names of port and sherry. The encouragement which Messrs. St George & Co. have received from the Canadian public is very satisfactory to them. They find it difficult to keep up their stock, the demand being so great; but they are now receiving a large additional supply for winter use. What, with our native Canadian Wines, and the importation of Messrs St. George, it is to be hoped that in time stronger liquors will cease to be used.
Price List on application.
J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.
Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotick, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to
CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.
Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w37tf

T. G. COURSOLLES, Ottawa, Solicitor of Patents, and Agent for the Registration of Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights. Copies of laws and informations sent free on application, and all business transacted on the shortest notice. Charges moderate. 1466y

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

BOARD.
A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.
Ottawa, September 19, 1870 1466tf

TAYLOR'S PURE HONEY.
A small lot of MACHINE EXTRACTED HONEY of superior flavor; also a small quantity in COMB.
BATE & CO., Agents,
52 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1469a

After Many Days.

In autumn's silent twilight, sad and sweet,
O love, no longer mine, I stand;
Listening, I seem to hear dear phantom feet
Pass by me down the golden, wave-worn strand;
I think of things that were, and things that be;
I hear the low, soft ripples of the sea
That to my thoughts responsive music beat.

My heart is very sad to-night, and chill,
But hushed in awe, as his who turns and feels
A mournful rapture through his being thrill,
When music, sweet and slumb'rous, softly steals
Down the deep calm of some cathedral nave;
Then swells and throbs and breaks as does a wave,
Slowly ebbs, and all again is still.

And is it so? ...
That we left five years since, O love,
Where in the old place stood side by side,
Is this the same sight once again I move?
My heart recalls the passed by the same tide?
The sweet and the irrevocable little space,
I knew not then how bitter lite days;
...ht prove.

I loved you then and, shall love till I ...
Your way of life is fair, it should be so,
And I am glad though in dark years gone by
Hard thoughts of you I had; but now I know
A softer and a fairer path was meet
For treading of your dainty maiden feet;
Your life must blossom 'neath a summer sky.

The twilight, like a sleep, creeps on the day,
And like dark dreams the night creeps on that sleep;
If you should come again in the old way
And look from pensive tender eyes and deep
Upon me, as you look'd in days of old—
If my hand should again of yours take hold,
How should I feel, and what things should I say?

Ah, sweet days flown shall never come again.
That happy summer time shall not return
When we two stood beside the peaceful main,
And saw at eve the rising billows yearn
With passion to the moon, and heard afar,
Across the wave, and 'neath the first warm star,
From ships at sea some sweet remember'd strain.

I can recall the day when first we met,
And how the burning summer's sunlight fell
Across the sea; nor, love, do I forget
How, underneath that summer moontide spell,
We saw afar the white-sail'd vessels glide
As phantom ships upon a waveless tide,
Whose shining calm no breezes came to fret.

And shall I blame you, sweet because you choose
A softer path of life than mine could be?
I keep our secret here, and no man knows
What pass'd five years ago 'twixt you and me—
Two loves begotten at the self same time,
When that golden summer tide was in its prime;
One love lives yet, and one died with the rose.

I work and live, and take my part in things,
And so my life goes on from day to day;
Fruitless the summer, seedless all the springs.
To him who feels December one with May,
The night is not more dreary than the sun,
Nor sadder is the twilight dim and dun,
Than dawn that, still returning, shines and sings.

Fed with wet scent of hills, through growing shades,
To the white water's edge the wind moans down,
The lapping tide steals on, while daylight fades,
And fills the cave with shells and seaweed brown.
Ah, wild sea-beaten coast, more dear to me
Than fairest scenes of that fair land could be
Where warm Italian suns steep happy glades!

Farewell, familiar scene, for I ascend
The jagged path that leads me to the shore;
Farewell to cliff, cave, inlet—each a friend,—
My parting steps shall visit ye no more;
Dear are ye all when soft light steals through gloom;
Here had my joy its birth, here found its tomb;
Here love began, and here one love had end.

MILITARY.

Cartridge making is now proceeding actively at Woolwich arsenal, over a million and a half of them, for the Snider rifle, being turned out per week. They will be ready before the Sniders are thought of, but our economical Government begins at the cheaper articles.—*Court Journal.*

The fearful losses inflicted upon the Prussian infantry in storming the formidable positions held by the French in several of the late bloody battles, has led some ingenious minds to consider whether something could not be done to shield infantry when advancing from the deadly shower of the enemy's bullets. A Mr. Charles B. Eddy has proposed thin shields of steel, mounted on wheels, and shoved in front of the riflemen, who could fire over the top of them. It has been proved that steel about a sixth of an inch in thickness is a sufficient protection against a bullet at any distance. It will occur readily to most minds, however, that a battery of artillery would make quick work of shields of this description, however useful they might be against positions only defended by mitrailleuses and small arms.

The result of the experiment at Woolwich in reference to war balloons is that it has been found that a height of 100 fathoms at a horizontal distance of 600 fathoms from the enemy would enable observers to secure the widest expanse of view. It is ascertained that captive balloons attain stability. The balloon having taken a stationary position, eight cameras and lenses spread round the country at equal distances enable the country to be photographed. The inclination and length of the cord to keep the balloon in the same stratum of air was found to be easily calculable. By the new system of military telegraphy for field service, lines of telegraph can be carried through the air from the earth to a balloon, and the wire can be paid out as fast as the balloon sails; and two or more balloons can be kept in communication with each other, so that telegraphic operations can be made from the balloon to headquarters and thence to the base of operations. It is believed that war balloons will be manufactured at the Royal Arsenal, and the officers of Royal Engineers will be trained in their use.

There is mourning on the banks of the Seine. Horrors on horrors head' accumulate; one woe treads on another's heels, and the grief of an hour old doth hiss the speaker. And still we are but in the first hour of our agony. The foe is at our gates. I have seen the sunlight gleaming from the burnished helmets of the daring Uhlans, who dashed up this morning to within gun shot of the fort on the rampart of which I stood, gazing upon the desolation that had succeeded to the smiling scene of loveliness, that a few days before greeted my eyes from the same point of observation. The Prussians are beneath our walls. They have kept their engagements faithfully; the 14th of September was the day named by them for their appearance here, and they are here. We have prepared for them, but at what a cost, already; and at what a cost are they to be entertained! Outside of Paris there is devastation, and the abominations of desolation; within its walls is what? There is no fear, or if there be, it is bravely hidden—even the women, with their pallid faces, having brave words on their quivering lips, and bright smiles on cheeks bedewed with tears. The smiles are for their defenders, and their tears are for their children. But, while fear is absent or is hidden behind a mark, every other emotion that fills the human heart with agony, rages almost beyond control. Had the wand of a malignant and merciless fairy been waived over Paris, changing everything that was joyous into grief, and all pleasant objects into emblems of suffering, the transformation could not have been more startling and shocking than that which has occurred. From the boulevards we see the dense columns of smoke that arise from the burning woods and villages around us; and we speculate on how long it will be ere our own houses are set on fire by the Prussian bombs.

Amusements of the Turcos.

A Paris letter to the London *Telegraph* says:—These Turcos, if only there were not so many of them, would be capital fun. The Arab of the Kabyle is not a humorous person, excepting in the dirty bosom of his family, or among people with whom he thinks there is no need to care about dignity. But these new comers from the desert, though not in the bosom of the family, are vastly amusing, and consciously so. This morning, on the Place de la Concorde, a merry Turco stood looking on at the exercises of a company of National Guards who were not very bright in their drill. He watched them with gravity and interest for some time. They went through the manual exercise, and prepared to march. The merry Turco took advantage of the opportunity. Putting a stick between his legs, he cocked his tarboosh, and pranced along the line with that peculiar hop and step which is supposed by our infant population to represent a horse's canter. There were thousands looking on. The officer, a finicking "Mais gentleman, turned very red. "...!" he cried. The line advanced, and so did the Turco, who galloped up and down in front of the poor Guards, without a smile. ... he stood on one flank, and now dashed at full speed to the other, eyeing the movements with that critical glance which distinguishes an ancient martinet. The people roared with laughter; the officers grew redder, and, perhaps, muttered mild oaths between their teeth; the honest private did not know which way to look. "Remove that man!" cried the commandant. "Halt!" They halted, but they did not remove the merry Turco, who cantered to the middle of the line, and frowningly scrutinized the equipment and bearing of the men. There was a little fat fellow who got desperately uncomfortable under this gaze. He glanced down at his boots to see if they were all right; then along his belt; he tried to twist around and examine his knapsack. "Remove that man!" roared the officer. No one stirred in the ranks, but the audience shouted and held their sides. What would have happened I don't know, but a friend of the Turco came out from the crowd, and led him away, prancing all the time, and throwing back over his shoulder that severe General-on-review look which had so disconcerted the little fat private.

Hyenas of the Battle-Field.

Captain Furstenberg, of the 10th Hussars, had been wounded in the battle of Gravelotte, and passed the night of the 18th to the 19th on the battle-field. Recovering consciousness, after a fainting fit, at dawn he observed some figures busying themselves about. One of them approaching him, he noticed quite plainly the sign of the Knights of St. John on his armlet. He was just calling out to the man for aid, when his voice failed him at the view presented to his eye. The man with the St. John's cross called the three other figures to a group of wounded and dead. "Quite close to me (the deponent states) I plainly recognized a man in the garb of a field-priest, and two Knights of the Order of St. John. When these men had arrived at the group, they commenced cutting open the uniforms of each at the breast with knives and scissors; whoever moved was choked at once by their hands; if nothing was found about their breasts, they examined pockets and hands, each ring on the hands being cut off with their finger. The priest pocketed the valuables. The hyenas then approached the place where I lay; with difficulty I attempted to rise and call for help, when one of them noticed me and bounded towards me. I called out as loudly as I was able, when two of them ran forward to stand guard. Fortunately, I left my six shooter at my side; I fired and the field-priest fell down wounded; the others escaped, but were overtaken by the field watch, which happened to approach at that moment."

Domestic, British and Foreign News Items.

The census of the city of Buffalo has recently been taken, and the summing up shows the population to be 120,000. Buffalo has not grown in numbers with the proportional rapidity that it did during the preceding decennial period.

Hamilton has collected $785 for the relief of the German wounded.

The Paris printers have formed a rifle corps, and called it the "Legion de Guttenberg."

The Emperor of Brazil is expected in Vienna soon.

King William gets a yearly salary of $1,900,000.

Miss Middy Morgan is the name of the female reporter of the New York *Times*. She might appropriately be known as the "Bohemian Girl."

A Canadian, from Toronto, was on Saturday exhibiting at Windsor a piece of machinery which he claimed was the only genuine perpetual motion ever invented. Between two upright posts, set about ten inches apart, was a "drive wheel," and beyond this were several others, which were made to turn by a band running from the larger. The large wheel was weighted and seemed to be driven by air rushing through a number of curious tubes. The agent only wanted two thousand dollars for the right to manufacture the machine in Essex County, but no one purchased it.

Mimic Horrors.

The battle of Waterloo was for years represented at Astley's Amphitheatre, and constituted one of the most popular entertainments in London. In like manner Austerlitz and other French victories have long been presented as plays or "spectacles" at the Cirque Imperiale, to the delight of patriotic Parisians. Performances of this kind have usually been deferred until the war is over. An odd instance to the contrary has just been presented at the Crystal Palace at Sydenham. The attractions of the Palace are enhanced, it appears, by the representation of a bloody engagement between French and Prussians; and we learn by the advertisements of ten days ago that "the unprecedented success of the blowing up of the Kehl Bridge at the three last displays when 79,007 persons were present, has let to its repetition next Thursday." We should have supposed that the associations of bloodshed and misery inflicted on two neighboring and friendly nations, which must be connected with such catastrophies would certainly prevent theatrical representations of them. Time, at least, it might be thought, would be suffered to cool the bitterness and horror of such memories before they were revived in such a shape.

How to Save Paris.

Among the many proposals to arrest the march of the Prussians, the most remarkable is one which appeared the other day, signed, "A Frenchwoman." The Frenchwoman begs twenty thousand of her sisters in Germany to come at once to Paris, where with twenty thousand Frenchwomen they will throw themselves between the contending armies. "This," says the Frenchwoman, with some historical inaccuracy, "prevented the Greeks and the Romans from killing each other."

A gentleman requests some patriot of wealth to hand him over one hundred thousand francs, in order to enable him to make a machine capable of destroying the whole Prussian army.

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Cargo Tea Sale—J. G. Shipway & Son.
Timber Marks—T. G. Coursolles.
Fire Relief Committee—J. M. Currier.
Her Majesty's Theatre—W. J. Marshall.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Stree[t]

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1870.

Hon. M. C. Cameron arrived in town yesterday.

Joan of Arc and the Maid of Saragossa have always been looked upon as fine heroic characters, who, by their brave and self-sacrificing efforts in defence of their country, won immortal fame. The Prussians evidently do not approve of women taking up arms in defence of their native land. A correspondent of the Cologne *Gazette* says: "There lay the body of a Frenchwoman with a gun in her hand. The wretch had shot at the Bavarians from a cellar." We can make great allowance for what soldiers may do when heated and excited by battle, but we do not believe that British soldiers would thus make war upon women after the fight was over. We do not imagine that even Sherman's "bummers" would have been guilty of an act like this.

MR. CONTROLLER IRVINE.

We learn that Mr. Irvine, the head of the Control Department of the Red River Expeditionary Force, is on his return from Fort Garry with the 60th Rifles, and we understand that Colonel Wolseley has spoken of the admirable arrangements made by Mr. Irvine during the arduous journey of the force, in the highest possible terms. It gives us great pleasure to hear this, as Mr. Irvine is a Canadian by birth, and son of Lieutenant-Colonel Irvine, principal A.D.C., who is well known in Ottawa.

THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY AND THE TORONTO "GLOBE."

A few months since it was an understood thing that one important portion of the mission which the Toronto *Globe* had undertaken to perform, was to "pitch into" the Grand Trunk Railway. Mr. Brydges was Mr. Brown's *bete noire*, and scarcely a week elapsed without one or two articles appearing in its columns in which the Managing Director of the Grand Trunk and his subordinates, were charged with incompetency, dishonesty, and almost every other bad quality which it is possible for a man to possess. After a time even the regular readers of the *Globe*, men who have insensibly come to regard everything contained in that paper as true beyond a peradventure, began to understand the meaning of these attacks, and to see that they were the results of political and personal jealousy, and did not spring from any real desire to benefit the public. The persistent course of persecution which had so long been followed was soon afterwards abandoned, and for some months past the readers of the *Globe* have heard little or nothing of the Grand Trunk Railway. But suddenly, as if refreshed by its long rest, the *Globe* once more appears upon the war path, and in its issue of Monday last denounces the railway and its management in unmeasured terms. This attack certainly comes at rather a strange and inopportune time, when not only the Montreal *Herald* and *Witness*, which have never been very friendly to the Grand Trunk, but many American journals which were formerly associated with the *Globe* in its crusade against this great Canadian enterprise, have been calling attention to the improvements which have been made upon the road and to the excellence of its management. It is rather singular that the views of the *Globe* and of its former friends should have become so widely opposed, and that while they are noticing and eulogising the improved condition of the track, &c., our Toronto contemporary should break forth into one of its old fashioned paroxysms of vituperation. Either they or the *Globe* must be wrong, and it is fair to assume that the views of the majority are the best entitled to respect. We do not propose to follow the *Globe* through the whole of its laboured attempts to prove that the Grand Trunk Railway is "a direct and positive injury to the country." Such an assertion is so absurdly incorrect that no one but a man blinded by personal hatred would be guilty of making it. We all know that the Grand Trunk Railway has done more towards building up and increasing the prosperity of Canada than any other public enterprise has done. The *Globe* says that a ride from Halifax to Sarnia is "a fourteen hundred mile experience of smash up and crash up," and talks of "safety to life and limb being overlooked." Now we defy the *Globe* to name any line of anything like the same extensive proportions, in England, the United States or elsewhere, upon which so few lives have been lost or so few serious accidents have occurred within the last five years. A trifling accident, a broken tie or a car thrown off the track, which if it had happened on the Great Western Railway would not have been deemed worth notice in the columns of the *Globe*, if it occurs on the Grand Trunk Railway, used to be, and we presume will again be made, the subject of a long leading article. If in the course of a long journey of fourteen hundred miles a train does not keep exact time throughout, there will, no doubt, be a great cry made by our Toronto contemporary concerning want of punctuality and "uncertainty in our arrangements." The *Globe* professes a vast amount of sympathy for English shareholders, and we agree with it in regretting that they have not as yet received a remunerative return for the capital invested by them in this important Canadian work. But we have no hesitation in saying, that nothing has done more to injure the Grand Trunk Railway and its shareholders than the persistent abuse heaped upon it from time to time by the Toronto *Globe*, because it has been taken advantage of by rival American companies, and a large amount of traffic, which would have passed along it, has been attracted from it through the misrepresentations and mistatements which have been made by this Canadian newspaper. However, in spite of all, the receipts of the road show a marked and constant increase, and almost all the leading journals of Canada, as well as many in America, have testified to the improvements which have lately been introduced upon the line. The *Globe* is almost left alone in its glory.

THE CITY ENGINEER.

The tone of the stormy discussion which took place in the City Council on Monday evening, induces the belief that the situation of a city engineer depends far more upon the personal whims and fancies of certain aldermen than upon his ability as a professional man. Let any one do as we have done, viz., carefully inspect the work which has been performed in the city of late years, and we have not the least doubt that they will arrive at the same conclusion that we have done, viz., that half the money which has been spent has been thrown away in consequence of the improper manner in which the work has been carried on. If Mr. Perry is remonstrated with; if the way in which the money of the city is being wasted is pointed out to him, his invariable reply is that he cannot help it! He does not deny the truth of the charge. On the contrary he admits it; but then he pleads that Alderman A or B directed him how the work was to be done, and that he could not afford to quarrel with them or incur their displeasure. In fact, Mr. Perry admits that he is not responsible for the manner in which the work of the city is performed. The chief aim and paramount ambition of his professional career seems to be, to gain the good will of certain influential members of the Council. If they tell him that work has to be done in a particular way, although he knows it is altogether wrong he has to follow their directions, no matter how much the public may suffer. We speak advisedly when we say, that double the amount of salary sufficient to obtain the services of a competent engineer is thrown away every year in this manner. Let the City Engineer, whoever he may be, receive a fair salary for his services, and let him be held responsible for the manner in which the public work is performed. Make him understand that if it is done badly, he and he alone, is the person to blame; let the burthen of responsibility be laid upon his shoulders, and not thrown upon the Aldermen as heretofore. Mr. Perry may be a thoroughly capable man; we do not pretend to express an opinion one way or the other. If he is, he should be paid a salary sufficiently large to enable him to devote his whole time to the city, instead of only a portion of it as at present. The present system like almost everything else connected with our civic government is altogether wrong. The duty of the council is to obtain the services of a good competent engineer and to pay him a fair salary. Then when any city works have to be carried out, all the aldermen have to do is to vote the necessary funds; they have no right to interfere with the engineer in the performance of his duties, or to dictate to him how work should be done. This is altogether out of their province, and their doing so arises in nine cases out of ten from a desire to do a little jobbery on their own account. As matters now stand, the city is losing a large sum annually, in consequence of the false economy which withholds from the City Engineer a salary sufficient to remunerate any man of ability and experience, and also from the interference of Aldermen who are constantly meddling with matters which they do not understand. As we said before, we do not express any opinion as to Mr. Perry's fitness for the office, but we cannot understand how any man of ability can allow himself to be made the tool of such men as compose a majority of the corporation of Ottawa.

THE SAULT STE. MARIE CANAL.

The Minister of Public Works has started on his official tour of inspection through the West, which will probably be extended as far as Sault Ste Marie. While there he will have an opportunity of forming an opinion as to the probable cost of constructing a canal through Canadian territory at that point. The feeling thoughout the country is strongly in favour of such a work being constructed, not only because it is felt that it will not do for us to be any longer dependent upon an American canal for our means of communication with the waters of Lake Superior, but because the canal which now exists on the United States side, is not adequate to the requirements of the constantly increasing trade of the North West. The depth of water in it is scarcely twelve feet; consequently vessels of 500 tons burthen cannot pass through it, and when we remember that the trade of the North West is as yet only in its infancy, it is evidently important that a canal of larger capacity should be built. The Americans themselves are urging upon the United States Government the necessity of constructing a larger canal on the American side in addition to the one already existing, and we in Canada have far greater reason for desiring that one should be built through our own territory. In yesterday's TIMES we furnished our readers with some information respecting the magnitude and resources of our newly acquired possessions in the North West, and from it some idea may be formed of what the trade of that country is likely to be before many years have elapsed. The line of water communication between the North West and the Atlantic seaboard must belong to, and be entirely under the control of, the people of this country. Not a single link in the chain must be wanting, and hence the urgent necessity for the construction of a Canadian canal at the Sault Ste Marie. The exigency of the case admits of little delay more especially as the trade which already exists is subjected to long and vexatious delays in consequence of the insufficient capacity of the present canal. The Portage Lake *Mining Gazette* says "If the Sault Ste Marie Canal had fourteen feet of water (instead of 12 feet) the Marquette iron region alone would save over $200,000 on freight this year, and as the iron interests of Lake Superior are in their infancy, this question becomes a momentous one to the ore producer, to say nothing of the vast grain and produce interests of the North West, which is tributary to Lake Superior." Before any money is expended in the improvement of existing canals, the Sault Ste Marie Canal should be constructed, because it is a work of paramount importance upon which the future welfare and prosperity of the North West very much depend.

OUR VOLUNTEERS.

Whatever may be the usual policy of a journal, and however much it may be in the habit of fault finding, there seems to be but one opinion prevailing throughout the country as to the efficiency of the Militia Department. The Toronto *Telegraph*, which is always free and outspoken, alluding to the new system of Brigade camps says:

Colonel Ross has completed the labors of militia inspection, with which he has been occupied for some weeks past. During this time he inspected twenty-three battalions of infantry, ten troops of cavalry and four or five batteries of artillery. More important than the mere inspection, he has initiated the new system of forming brigade camps—a system that must confer the greatest benefit upon the service by increasing its efficiency, and upon the people by giving them a greater feeling of security in their means of defence. By the old system the volunteers learned company and battalion drill, but of field and brigade movements—movements which they would be called upon to make in the presence of an enemy, or in marching through a country where an enemy was expected, they absolutely knew nothing. Under the present system, however, this defect is remedied, and the active militia of each district, horse and foot, will be brigaded together, and accustomed to cooperative movements, and the routine of camp life. This must have a most beneficial result, and, in future, should it be required to call upon our volunteers, who never associated with each other, before we can call upon brigades, which, with their cavalry and artillery accustomed to conjoint action, will resemble miniature armies. In addition to the usefulness of the brigade camps in giving the troops instruction in active field movements, target practice is indulged in, and prizes offered to the best shots. This is good. A spirit of wholesome rivalry will be provoked between not only the individual men, but between the companies, battalions, and brigades, till the skill of our riflemen the whole Dominion over is raised. Our volunteers are well armed, and with thorough efficiency in the use of their weapons, our little army of 40,000 will form no mean reliance for the defence of our country.

Adjutant-General Ross has shown that he is animated with a desire to make our volunteers not only show well on paper, but be reliable in action, should they ever be called upon. His plan of brigade camps is a good one, acquiesced in by both men and officers, and we are pleased to learn that his inspection, just ended, has given satisfaction to the Colonel, and hope that on every subsequent inspection, he will find continued and marked improvements.

A LADY CORRESPONDENT AT THE SEAT OF WAR.

We are indebted to a gentleman in this city for the following letter from an English lady who has lately visited the seat of war. It is full of interest and will well repay perusal:—

80, NIEDENAU,
FRANKFORT-AM MAIN, Aug. 31, 1870.

DEAREST:—

Just returned from the most interesting and exciting expeditions I have ever made. So much did we do in a week that I can hardly collect my thoughts now and realize my being once more at home quite the same as usual.

We started on Monday week last, the 23rd, a very pleasant party, consisting of our two selves, Mr. Heathcote and Mr. Cotton, (or Toby, so named by us from his small size, coupled with extreme liveliness and agility, therein greatly resembling a favourite little rough haired terrier of ours bearing the same name). You remember that we wanted to proceed as far as possible into the interior, with the view of assisting the sick and wounded, and also of seeing as much as we could. This plan we found utterly impracticable, the wounded were all in good hands, there seemed to be no distress on the road, and as for horses and conveyances all were monopolised by the troops, whose enormous numbers rendered food and lodging for outsiders extremely doubtful. Even the *Telegraph* and New York *Herald* correspondents were obliged to remain behind, and content themselves with Strasburg, so if *they* could not get on you can imagine how little chance we had.

CROSSING THE RHINE.

At Carlsruhe we spent our first night, meeting there the correspondents before mentioned. Before leaving that place the next morning Fred procured a military pass from the War Department, put on his three small medals and a rosette besides, also a loaded revolver in his pocket—secure with all this, to command respect for our party. This pass included us all, as well as Fred; without it we never could have got on. Then we started by rail for the Rhine, where we had to get out to cross a bridge of boats, and were requested to produce our pass by a Bavarian sentry, who stared at me in apparently utter amazement, still more so when Fred, explaining that I was his wife, set Toby off into a succession of hysterical giggles, causing me to rebuke him for such ill timed levity, and to point out the awful consequences of being taken up as a spy, if he continued to compromise us by his eccentric conduct. On the opposite bank was a small railway station, called indifferently Maxau or Maximiliansau, and partially fortified and occupied by a Bavarian detachment. The station master at first refused to let us go on, pass or no pass, but on Fred's explaining that he was an English officer, he politely replied that altered matters completely, and consequently we were allowed to have tickets. I thought the train would never come. For four tedious hours we sat outside watching the soldiers and two frisky little engines, which seemed to do nothing but (figuratively) kick up their heels and scamper up and down the line, relieving their feelings by an occasional shriek, and ignoring entirely our weary waiting. At last some *luggage* vans were attached *very* slowly, the station master placed a small wooden bench in one for me, after which I was hoisted in, then entered two doctors, some soldiers, and the rest of our party, and away we started for Weissenburg.

WEISSENBURG.

The soldiers were so civil and well behaved, smoking like chimneys (which I do not in the least mind), and very cheerful and hopeful. At Winden another long delay for refreshments and patriotic songs, during which time we talked to some of the men, who examined Fred's medals with great interest, and showed us the working of their Zundnadel, the sharpness of their swords and the packing of their knapsacks. We were supposed to have tickets only as far as Winden, and there to get fresh ones for Weissenburg, but very wisely did nothing of the sort, for during the whole journey we never saw a guard, and were never asked for tickets. At ten we reached Weissenburg (passing on our way a train of French prisoners and wounded), we had taken *eleven* hours to do *twenty miles!* that shows the state of the country. For a long time we remained in our van waiting patiently for our fellow passengers to get out, and supposing that they preferred finishing a loud but dismal patriotic song first; when about the *eightieth* verse had been reached, Toby wisely suggested that we had better find out whether the train was going on any further; luckily we discovered that its destination was Hagenau, so out we bundled with our four knapsacks (not carried on our backs), and a small uniform case besides for me. The station seemed a large one, without a single porter or guard; only two Krankenpfleger and a sentry; walked along a dark avenue, under a drizzling rain, into the town, crossing a sort of drawbridge, and passing through an archway. Fred exhorted us all to converse in German, as English might make people suspect we had no business there in the dark. Afterwards it seemed to me that German was about the worst language we could speak, except to the soldiers. Our first experiences in hunting for lodgings were not happy; six times did we try different inns, but the owners, one and all, sulkily refused to admit us; one man shut his door in our faces, saying his house was full and all his servants sick; matters began to look so serious that we contemplated either remaining in the streets all night or returning to the railway station and sleeping there. At last some soldiers came up and told Fred that his pass would procure him a guard who could force an entrance for us somewhere; Toby and I rather liked the idea of thus getting a bed so to speak at the point of the bayonet, it was something so out of the common line, but Fred wisely calmed these turbulent ideas by observing that we certainly might get a lodging that way, but that the landlord had it in his power to give us in return the worst rooms in the house; so we tried persuasion, humbly asked for supper only, and then our landlord, on seeing a lady perhaps, relented and finally seeing we were English, thawed entirely, giving us two nice rooms—nice, that is, for Weissenburg. Our ablutions were small, having only one slop-basin and a napkin a-piece. "The Goldner Engel" was decidedly antique. We went up a worn, winding staircase, like those in round towers, from which we emerged on an open gallery, and from our windows we had quite a cheerful view of a very broad, muddy, rapid drain, at which old women in boxes were washing their linen. So unusual and interesting was the sight that I had to be called to order several times by Fred for looking out of the window. We ordered a carriage (with a pair of very lean horses, and a very fat driver in a blue blouse) to take us on our travels, and while this was preparing walked to the famous Gaisberg, overlooking the town, and where the battle was fought. Soon we came to the traces—marks of artillery wheels, knapsacks, mitrailleuse-cartridges, heaps of letters (all French), bits of uniform, &c. Presently fresh made graves—forty bodies in one, twenty in another, and so on; fields completely trodden down wherever the fighting had been. We arrived at a splendid old farm, once upon a time a chateau, with stables and good outhouses, all literally riddled with shot and shell, and every creature in the shape of horse, cow, or chicken, carried off; only one cat left, and that, Toby opined, must have been born since. The chateau was a deplorable sight; ceilings and walls knocked to pieces, also a magnificent broad old *stone* staircase, leading into the garden. The present owners (peasants) told us that the place had been full of French, who were all killed or taken prisoners, and that they themselves remained hidden for five hours in the cellars, whilst the fighting was going on. They, poor creatures, lost everything, in addition to having their homes battered about their ears.

WOERTH.

On returning to Weissenburg we got into our carriage and drove to *Woerth*, through a most lovely country, hilly and wooded the whole way, reminding one very much of the scenery about Baden Baden. All along were traces of the army, bits of cartridges, clothing, and two dirty little boys playing in a ditch with kepis on. About two miles from Woerth began the *horrors*, as I must call them, relics of a most fearful battle, *mounds* of empty knapsacks, rifled probably by the peasants and *Leichenrauber*, German Pickelhaube (if I can so term the Bavarian helmets). At Woerth we left our carriage, and engaging a most intelligent soldier (who had been in the battle) as guide, we explored as much of the ground as could possibly be got through. Fred, who has seen a great deal of fighting in his time, declared that he had never witnessed a more awful sight, (and yet that has been child's play to the battles fought since). It was as if the relics had been rained down from the sky, especially in one part, between some vineyards and a wood, where the fighting became quite a hand to hand struggle, so our guide told us. The fields, trodden down hard and bare of everything, vines destroyed, holes where shells had burst in the ground, French gaiters, brushes, cooking utensils, bits of uniform, pickel haubes battered in, shakos and kepis stiff with blood, letters, piles of cartridges and bullets, swords, guns, *pools of blood*, notwithstanding all the rain, heaps of other things besides, and graves in numbers. I assure you this grew so common that one ceased to be astonished, only shuddering at the awful carnage. We were told that twenty thousand had been killed and buried here. The smell was occasionally dreadful.

RESTING IN GOD.

The graves were large and deep, and we passed a small orchard where lay four hundred French and Germans, together, "Resting in God," as a few inscriptions written in pencil, on rude wooden crosses, touchingly put it. A peasant told us that he was one of a thousand and five, who had been for *ten days engaged* in finding and burying the dead. The battle was fought on the 7th, so according to the man's statement, we were there not long after the sad duty had been accomplished. For two days the wounded lay on the battle field. On our way to Froschweller, a village just beyond Woerth, of which shells had destroyed the roof and inside of the church, and burnt two houses, we met some carts, full of wounded prisoners, amongst them an officer of the Zouaves, who saluted us very civilly, poor man! From Woerth we drove to Hagenau, a large French-looking town, with almost every house hoisting the white flag with the red cross, as a sign that wounded were within. More difficulty about lodgings—one man offered Fred splendid accommodation, a room with four beds, of which two were already engaged, and the other two intended for our party. He appeared, I believe, to look on this arrangement as a particularly good and suitable one, and to consider Fred's refusal as quite uncalled for. The inns were all full, but another individual, an Alsatian Jew, came up, and for a "consideration" offered us two rooms, which we accepted, being doubtful of getting anything better. Washing even worse than at Weissenburg, one slop basin only for Fred and myself, and nothing at all for the gentlemen.

BEFORE STRASBURG.

View from my window in the morning: a garden with a pigstye, from which (the pigstye) emerged a dirty old woman, having apparently slept there all night, and contracted a very bad temper in consequence; also, a cat, rendering the life of a motherless and persecuted chicken perfectly unbearable. I wanted to see how this would end, but had to hurry down to breakfast. The next day was the most interesting of all. We drove to Brumath, breakfasting at the inn, and finding there our two correspondents. With them we went on towards Strasbourg, on the chance of seeing something. We actually got beyond the Prussian lines, thanks to Fred's pass (the correspondents of course had one of their own) and came to the Baden outposts, passing such quantities of troops and guns of all calibre, all destined for the siege. It was quite an animated scene, and the men appeared to be in capital spirits, saluting us cheerfully as we passed. At last we came to a vineyard, and forcing our way through we reached an arbor on the brow of a hill, with the most beautiful view of Strasburg before us. It was a dangerous place, within easy range, and we were assured that a few days sooner, when the garrison was not so much engaged, we should certainly have had a few shells our way. As it was, on the previous night the French had pitched five shells into a village a mile *behind us!* But on this day, the 25th, they had to much to do, for the Germans had brought up forty more guns, which they were using with good effect. Below us was a road along which troops were constantly passing, and always at full speed, on account of being a mark for the enemy's fire. While looking on we saw three large villages set on fire by the French, and burnt to the ground. Then the Prussian and Baden batteries fired into Strasburg, and almost every time a shell burst we saw smoke and flame. The French tried hard to silence the Prussian guns, but apparently without effect, for after a pause these would begin again as hard as ever. There was quite a duel going on between a certain French battery and a German one, christened by us "Toby number three," on account of its apparent inability to keep quiet for more than a few minutes at a time. I think this Toby had the best of it, as he seemed to do a great deal of damage, and never got hit in return, although we saw the shells drop quite close to him. The fires were something wonderful, how the whole town escaped destruction we could not imagine. And to think that this had been going on for eight days and nights, always becoming worse as fresh guns were brought up! The firing was actually heard at Baden. Many soldiers, Badensers followed us to our summer house, and were very much interested, thinking us most politely when we lent them our glasses. Once they had quite a piece of excitement, declaring that in the field beyond the road they saw some French soldiers. One or two seized their rifles, exclaiming "Shall we fire? shall we fire?" and would have done it too, had not Fred and some others, after careful examination, pronounced the doubtful objects not to be French at all. We have since thought they were some unfortunate creatures escaping from Strasburg. Fancy if they had been French, and we had seen some skirmishing on our hill. We remained there for hours, tearing ourselves away reluctantly, and purposing to return when Strasbourg falls. On our way back we passed a cart with an officer lying on a stretcher inside, either dead or desperately wounded, as his face was covered, and the cart was proceeding very slowly.

RETURNING.

The next day we recrossed the Rhine, having to produce our pass three times, and to submit once to a searching examination as to whether we had brought any arms with us. The soldier who looked found a few things in the bottom of the carriage, which he pounced upon in triumph, and not over politely; but fortunately, the great mass of relics was stowed away in the hood, where he never thought of looking, so we passed on. Another soldier, while we were waiting in the rain at the next post, volunteered most amiably to raise our hood, which we nipped peremptorily in the bud, quaking inwardly at the bare thought of the deluge of arms if he had succeeded in his endeavours. I did not breathe freely after until we had left the strong fortifications of Rastadt behind us, and found ourselves in the train for Baden, where we arrived in triumph with the best part of our trophies, which smelt abominably, and were wrapped up in my waterproof, looking like a misshapen baby, tightly strapped up. Fred and Mr. Heathcote provoked me by their out-of-place pangs of conscience at having successfully smuggled the things under the very nose of a delightful old Major, who insisted on returning two of the confiscated articles to me at this memorable outpost. It was not my fault that he was polite, nor did I consider myself remorsefully bound, in consequence, to confess that I had ever so many things more. All I know is, that I felt in an agony while he was there, with the soldiers never taking their eyes off us, only relieving myself by an occasional quiet kick at Fred, whenever I feared he was becoming too confiding. The unscrupulous Toby helped me too by surreptitiously secreting a rusty old bayonet, which would insist on poking itself out, and sticking it up the leg of his trousers, while the courteous old Major was reading our pass. Toby's face was the picture of unconscious innocence all the time; you never would have thought him guilty of anything so deceitful. Baden was *desolate*: fancy, at this time of year, when, as a rule, one cannot get a bed for love or money, unless engaged a long while beforehand. The hotels almost entirely shut up, only three miserable Frenchmen and a German-Jewish American family in ours. No gambling; theatre closed; and all the shopkeepers in despair. The rain, too, was so heavy, and the whole place so dismal, that we left for Frankfort the next day. I deeply regretted the break up of our pleasant party. We started at three, and ought to have been here by ten, but owing to various detentions on the road, trains having it now completely their own way as regards time, we did not reach our house until one o'clock in the morning. On our way we met poor Mrs. Winslow, mother of the young man killed at Niederbronn. She told me she was in terrible anxiety about her other sons, three being in front of Strasbourg and one before Metz.

Here end our adventures for the present but I may as well tell you that the cholera medicine I had provided myself with in the case of meeting some poor creature who required it, was only used once, and that by Toby, who overeat himself with sour grapes to such an extent while watching the bombardment, that he had to be dosed in consequence. I hope you will not find this too long to get through.

Ever your most loving
L.

I send you the following postscript to my letter:—

Translation of an extract from the Mainzer Anzeiger

The *M. A.* gives the following description by a lady, who on Friday last was able to leave Strasburg:

When the bombardment commenced, and the townspeople began to get uneasy, the Government caused the report to be circulated in the city that the firing on the Germans had been attended with great success. After the rejection of the German overtures, last Wednesday, the town was attacked with such fury that thirty shells were sent into it simultaneously, attended with fearful results. In the New Market were destroyed by fire the gymnasium, the new church, the town library, and the Schneidecker house, the chateau and museum burnt to the ground; as for the Weisse Thrumtrasse, that is long since a heap of ashes. The flames could not be extinguished, as the continual dropping of shells rendered it impossible to leave the houses. The cathedral has been injured by shelling. Thursday night was awful. On Friday morning the gates were once more opened for several women and children, half mad with terror, who fled from the city to try and find shelter in the adjacent villages. On Saturday morning the Mayor of Strasburg went again to the Governor, imploring him in the name of the citizens to surrender, and not to sacrifice so uselessly the welfare of Strasburg. General Uhrich replied that he knew his duty, and would order any man to be shot who attempted to interfere. A great part of the inhabitants who were in easy circumstances have been reduced to beggary, and how many more will be ruined through the obstinate pride of an inhuman Governor!

Another bit of news from a place near Strasburg:

"We fire on Strasburg to-night with three hundred guns. (This is on the 26th, the day after Fred and I were there.) Last night the fires were tremendous—even the cathedral burning—and the dismay so great of the panic stricken inhabitants that we could hear their screams and lamentations. The sky was red for miles." The wonderful clock of the cathedral has been destroyed, the entire Munster-gasse burnt, also the Hotel de-Paris. This happened on Saturday night. A lady with her two children arrived here (at Basle) this evening, having left Strasburg in the morning. She relates the following: "Every second day the commander of the fortress, General Uhrich, gives notice that he allows one of the city gates to be left open for half an hour, in order to give women and children who wish to escape the opportunity of doing so. As soon as the beating of a drum announces the time, every one anxious to get away rushes out in the clothes in which he or she stands, and just provided with the barest necessaries for a flight. The fugitives say that in Strasburg are everywhere grief and lamentations, terror, and discouragement. Many have remained shut up in their cellars for six days, not daring to come out for fear of being shot. Pompiers and other brave men, especially the Garde Mobile, are posted on the roofs of the houses, making all possible efforts to extinguish the flames caused by the bursting of shells. The disorder and confusion are indescribable; all escape who can. This state of affairs cannot last long, for if the work of destruction goes on as it is doing now, the town will soon be only a heap of ashes."

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, 4th.—O'Sullivan and O'Reilly, understood to be from the United States, were arrested at Cork as Fenians.

Prince Casuman has been named Governor of Hainault.

The Belgian Bishops have united in a protest against the recent events at Rome.

Advices from Bitsche represent the condition of the town as distressing. Before the bombardment a mob plundered the shops, and the population taking refuge in cellars were either suffocated or burned to death.

The Pope has made a new appeal to the King of Prussia in favor of peace.

Little faith is placed in the authenticity of a long manifesto purporting to have been written by Napoleon and printed in *La Situation* here.

It is reported that the people of Metz are suffering from want of salt.

NANTES, Oct. 4.—It is known that a great general died recently at Rheims, and it is supposed from the fact that the Prussians who took care of him were menaced with death if they divulged the secret to have been Gen. Walker.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—A special envoy has been despatched to Wilhelmshohe entrusted with verbal messages only.

A strong belief prevails that the Emperor and Bazaine contemplate offering terms to Prussia. If the Prussians connived at the escape of Bourgbaki the object was to promote such a result in view of the difficulty of treating with the Provisional Government.

ROME, Oct. 5.—A letter dated Sept. 29, says: "It is reported that there is a division in the Cabinet of Victor Emmanuel about the transfer of the seat of government to Rome, some being in favor of going there at once, while others are in favor of waiting and taking a long breath after so great an enterprise of good fortune. It is probable that the former will prevail."

The 18th of October is fixed for the visit of the King to Rome.

It is probable that General La Marmora will be appointed as the temporary Governor of the Roman territory.

ROME, Oct. 3.—The vote for the plebiscite has not created much surprise, as Prince Braghaze, leader of the Conservatives, and many other prominent priests were previously earnest adherents of Italian supremacy. The knotty point is, what is to be done with the Pope.

The Leonine city is now agitated.

QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 4.—The screw steamer *Tripoli* has arrived.

ROUEN Oct. 4.—Prussians are at Lafonte, and levy heavy contributions.

Continuous firing has been heard to-day on the heights of Apernon and Rambouillet.

LONDON, 4th.—The Corporation of Berlin voted a handsome sum for the relief of the people of Strasburg. The Queen is a heavy subscriber.

Garrison has been placed in the city of Mulhouse.

Thier's representations to Prussia were confined to the placing of Favre's Government in a most favorable light, and to showing the risks of Prussian aggrandizement he made no proposition whatever.

The German national party demand a constituent assembly and the reconstruction of confederation.

NEW YORK, 4th.—The s. s. *Java* from Liverpool arrived to-day.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—A writer in the *Standard* says the news of the Prussian victories falls dead in the United States, and even at Berlin the people are indifferent.

La Situation, the Imperial organ here, repudiates relations with M. Rouher.

FERRIERS, Oct. 4.—Nothing interesting has transpired around Paris since last despatches were forwarded. A sortie from Metz on Thursday was repulsed by General Kunmer, with heavy loss to the French.

VIENNA, Oct. 4.—The Austrian Government disclaim any anxiety about Russia's designs upon the Danubian Principalities.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—The testimonial before the naval court-martial on the *Captain* case closed yesterday. Judgment has been reserved.

Garibaldi denies his intention of serving under the French Republic.

The barracks at Rheims have been burned, it is said, by accident.

NEUF CHATEAU, 3rd, via TOURS, 4th.—It is rumored here that the body of Von Moltke was in the lead coffin which recently passed through Toul. Von Moltke was a native of Mecklenburg.

TOURS, 4th.—Details have just been received here of a battle near Paris on the 26th September. Firing was constant at D'ille Juif for three hours, and then ceased suddenly. The Prussians were worsted at the first, but they brought to a large force of artillery from Montheig, when the French retreated. They were not pursued, and did not lose a man on the retreat.

Many carts loaded with Prussian wounded have arrived at the village of Massay.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

BERLIN Oct. 4.—The Parisians having ordered that no Prussian prisoners are to be taken, because they help to consume the store of food in Paris, the Prussian commanders have also been directed to make no prisoners.

All the villages around Metz have been destroyed by the late cannonade.

The navigation of the Baltic will doubtless be safe before the German steamers now about starting from America can arrive.

LONDON, Oct. 4—The manifesto, purporting to have been written by the Emperor, at Wilhelmshohe, on the 26th September, and published here to-day in *La Situation*, is unquestionably bogus.

Paris letters received to-day say the Prussians threaten Point du Jour.

The bombardment of the city from the west is iminent.

The books of the great libraries have been removed to the cellars. All windows have been filled with bags of earth, and watchmen have been stationed on Notre Dame church to look out for fires.

From all parts of France accounts are coming in showing that the sharp-shooters are now seriously annoying the enemy.

TOURS, Oct. 1.—In Brittany the clergy are taking an active lead in measures for the national defence. This is also the case in a good part of the south of France.

The Government is thus greatly strengthened, and the disposition to support the right of the clergy is correspondingly renewed.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The *Tribune's* correspondent telegraphs from Berlin on the 3rd a letter from Bismarck, describing Favre's interview with him. Bismarck says that the terms of peace and territorial cessation were only mentioned incidentally, viz:

The formation of a new Moselle Department, with the arrondizements, Salesbourg, Chateau, Salins, sarguemens, Elsem, and Thionville, designated as organization, answering the intention of the German government.

An armistice was the main point considered, and the final programme submitted, of which the first point was that the National Defence Government should be respected and that in and about Paris the military *statu quo* was to be maintained.

2nd. That in and about Metz there was to be a continuation of hostilities, but they were to be limited to a circle around Metz to be more definitely determined.

3rd. The surrender of Strasbourg garrison as prisoners, the Toul and Bitsche garrison to be set free, and the duration of the armistice to be two or three weeks.

The *Tribune's* special before Metz telegraphs on the 3rd:—The Prussian battery at Tourquil in front of St. Germans destroyed with shells the French bridge across the Moselle.

The shells were fired into the village of Moult les Metz.

Last night the Prussians made a dash on the village of Nouilly, in front of the French position, and wholly consumed it. It contained secret stores for the garrison, the locality of which the villagers refused to disclose, so the Prussians burned the village and stores together.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—At a Cabinet Council held yesterday, it was resolved that as the Chinese Government had refused to make reparation for the massacre of Tien-Tsin, as demanded of it by French Representatives, and as the Chinese Government is obviously making preparations for a general war upon foreigners, England must join with France in demanding full reparation for these outrages, and fresh security. It is believed Russia will act with the western powers in this matter.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 4.—King Christian opened the Parliament. In his speech he said the mighty events now shaking Europe had reached the Danish coast. Denmark maintained her neutrality, but it was impossible to predict the results of the future. He hoped the Schleswig Holstein question would be decided in a manner, so that Denmark's independence and good relations with the mighty southern nations may be secured.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—Some London papers purport to have letters by balloon from their Paris correspondents. These are all bogus. The letters received are of a private character, and are sent opened. They are studiously avoiding the slightest allusion to the condition of Paris and affairs there. This is necessary in consequence of the strict prohibition upon the transmission of news of any character.

Concise information received by word of mouth confirms the rumor of internal disturbances.

On several nights a mob broke into deserted houses, which they pillaged and destroyed.

On two occasions collisions occurred, and there were several instances of insubordination among the National Guards. Severe measures were adopted by Trochu. There is a feeling of apprehension of the renewal of mob out ages.

A Versailles correspondent writes there has been no important progress made in the seige up to the 1st of October, and it is current that the French in Paris have fully availed themselves of the long delay in the German advance on the capital.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The steamship *Ville de Paris*, for Brest, took on board yesterday, twenty-five thousand arms, over four million cartridges, about five million percussion caps, and five hundred cases of bayonets.

A special at Ostend telegraphs there is great irritation at Berlin on account of what Prussians regard a violation of neutrality by the United States, in permitting the shipment of munitions of war from New York to French ports.

It is stated that Prussia has demanded explanations and an apology from the American Minister.

AMERICAN NEWS.

BUFFALO, Oct. 4.—The Auburn *Advertiser* of yesterday states that the Fenian convicts confined in the State Prison there recently received assurance, through a leading republican of that city, that their liberation had been determined upon by the President of the United States.

The *Advertiser* also announces that the President stated in New York, on Saturday, that, in his opinion, the majesty of the law had been fully vindicated, and that he should, within a few days, issue a proclamation of pardon to all Fenian prisoners.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—A private despatch states that the water at Harper's Ferry has again risen, and is much higher than it has been heretofore during the present freshet.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The steamship *Ville de Paris*, for Best, took on board, yesterday, twenty-five thousand arms, over four million cartridges, about five million percussion caps, and five hundred cases of bayonets.

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MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, October 4.

In business circles yesterday there was only a fair degree of activity. As usual the market takes two days to get fairly started, and as this is only the first day of the week but little trading was done. Flour was a trifle weaker, owing to unfavorable Western advices, but prices suffered no material decline. Several large lots were sold, but both buyers and sellers were rather quiet and did not seem inclined to report, and consequently I was unable to obtain the figures. A firmer feeling was manifested in wheat and sellers advanced prices, but I heard of no transactions. Other grains remain about the same as usual.

P. Cardin, engineer on the express train coming up from Quebec this morning, saw a child sitting on the track a short distance in front of him, and with creditable presence of mind he whistled down brakes, reversed his engine, and fortunately succeeded in stopping the train when within a few yards of the child, which proved to be a mere infant, some 18 months old.

An inquest was held yesterday by Mr. Coroner Jones on the body of a child named Humphreys, who it will be remembered was supposed to have been drowned. The body was found in the morning on the river point at Longue Pointe.

The destitute and homeless children of England is the subject of Rev. Father Nugent's lecture to-night.

A dinner is to be given by the members of the Bar on to-morrow evening, at the Queen's chop house.

Heavy rain all night. It is clearing up this morning.

A preliminary meeting will be held in St. Patrick's Hall this evening to take into consideration the propriety of calling a public meeting of the citizens of Montreal to express sympathy with France.

Last Sunday Dr. Wilkes preached his 34th and last anniversary sermon, having resigned the pastoral charge of that church in order to devote himself as Principal and Professor of Theology in the Congregational College to the training of students for the ministry.

The prize offered for the best essay on the union of the Presbyterian Church has been awarded to the Rev. Mr. C. Campbell, of St. Gabriel street Church.

Yesterday evening the ship Garibaldi in being tugged out from her berth collided with the steamer *Quebec*, smashing in the upper part of the bow and bulwarks of the latter vessel. The affair is being inquired into.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Oct. 4.

An investigation into a case of highway robbery this morning shows the dangerous state of society in Quebec. A drunken man was driven by two French Canadian carters, also drunk, through our public streets, beneath the eyes of the police, out to the outskirts of the city. The ruffians tied their victim to a tree, beat him most unmercifully, and robbed him of $36 and his watch.

The City Council meeting to-night is of importance, as it is called to receive the report of our Finance Committee relating to the city loan of one million dollars.

The yacht race for the championship of the St. Lawrence takes place on Saturday next. This is the last and most exciting race of the season.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves" also "Jouvin" (gold medal) new colours at 75cts. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

WAR PANIC.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. are opening up large lots of new goods per late Ocean steam and sailing ships, all purchased in Britain during the great war panic. Horrocks A 1 white cotton, only 6½d. per yard. Other goods cheaper than ever. 1401f

All the New Materials in Dress Goods French Merinos, both Plain and Twilled, Very heap.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woollen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 75c to $2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

MARRIED.

At St. Joseph's Church, on the 4th inst., by the Rev. Father Chaberel, Mr. John Kearney, Merchant, Malone, N.Y., to Mary Ann, eldest daughter of Charles Rowan, Esq., of Ottawa. No cards.

At the Cathedral in this City, on the morning of the 4th inst., by the Rev. William Harty cousin of the bridegroom, assisted by the Very Rev. J. O'Connor, Kate Mary, daughter of J. Bettingham, Esq., of this city, to William Harty, jun., Esq., of Kingston.

FIRE RELIEF COMMITTEE.

A SPECIAL MEETING will be held to-day (WEDNESDAY), at 4 P. M., on business of importance.

J. M. CURRIER, Chairman. 1409d

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by law (32 Vic., Cap. 35.) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a Penalty of FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES.
Agent for Reg'g of Timber Marks. 1401d

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

BENEFIT OF MISS NELLIE ...
THIS EVENING, WEDNESDAY ...
"LANCASHIRE LASS"
To Conclude with the Roaring Farce of
THE SPECTRE BRIDEGROOM
—or—
A GHOST IN SPITE OF HIMSELF
Sole Lessee and Manager WM. J. MARSHALL. 1401

October, 4.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday the 24th instant, for the erection of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this Office, also at the office of G. W. Storm, King Street, Toronto, on and after the ...

The Tender must be in one bulk sum, embracing all trades and classification of material.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, October 1 1870. 1404

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Quebec," will be received at this Office until Friday the 28th instant, for the erection and completion of a new Post Office, at Quebec.

Plans and specification can be seen at the Office of Pierre Gauvreau, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Quebec, on and after Saturday, the 15th instant.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order
F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, October 3, 1870. 1407

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

...WA AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

... 8.10 a.m., 1.30 p.m., 6.00 p.m.
... 4.30 p.m., 11.45 a.m., 9.00 p.m.
... Connections at Present Junction and Cross Lakes for all points south and west.

Office—Sack street, corner of Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

...endless variety of made up ... Quilted Lustre and Satin Unde... also Corsets, this day at Magee & ...'s.

...Society.—The usual quar... meeting of this Society was held last ... in Gowan's Hall.

...magnificent show of Autumn ...d Straw and Velvet Bonnets and ... this day at Magee & Russell's.

...the Richest and most elegant ...tion of Millinery and Mantles ever ... in the Metropolis this day at Magee ...ell's.

...Soiree.—There was a large at... ...ce at the welcome soiree to the Rev. ...bbs last evening. A good repast ...rtaken of and addresses delivered.

...Mechanics' Building and Savings ...y.—This Society is now thoroughly ...ed, and the first business meeting ... held this evening in J. B. Lewis'.

...elegant styles in pattern Jack... ...Mantles, Tartan Wraps, Waterproof ..., Opera Cloaks and Costumes this ... Magee & Russell's.

...beautiful display of Flowers, ..., Ribbons, Laces, Dress Caps, ... Dresses, this day at Magee & Rus...'s.

...—There are some doubts as to ...se of the death of a woman named ...ley, who died yesterday in this city. ...substantial post mortem examination ... to be held on the body.

...all the leading novelties in ...ss Goods, Costume Cloths, with ...ings to match, this day at Magee & ...ell's.

...Market—Tuesday.—There was a ...ve attendance on the square, this ...ing. The few articles of produce ...ght on sold generally at the old ...s, with the exception of hay, which ... a little higher, selling for $19 to $20 ...ton.

...ent.—A serious accident happened ...lately to one of the pupils of the ...al School West. It appears he was ...ing down the bannister of the stairs on ...ond flight, when he lost his balance ...fell down the two flights, sustaining ...ve injuries. He was insensible when ...ken up. He is a son of Mr. J. Nichol ... grocer, Bank street.

...Wages.—We are informed that labor... ...men are getting unusually high wages ...fall. Considering the great number ...persons who were placed under the ...ity of hiring out by the late fires, ...ould think that labor ought to be ...ter at anything, but the contrary ap...ars to be the case. Lumber merchants ...ying their shantymen high wages.

...Street Light.—If the corporation have ...ded that lighting the streets with ...ol is a failure, we should like to know ...ing on that account, they intend to ...e Sandy Hill in the dark. This very ...portant part of the city, has been two ...h neglected, and we think that at ... its residents should be given gas ... at some places where it is much ...ded.

...Police Court—Tuesday.—Thos. Hinchy, ...ged with and disorderly, was fined $3 and ...s, in default of which he was sent back ...il for three weeks.

...Joseph Gothier, for the same offence, ...fined $2 and costs.

...Malcolm McDonald, same offence, paid ...similar fine.

...case of using abusive language was ...missed.

...Her Majesty's Theatre.—There was a ...ge audience last night at the Theatre, ...ite the unfavorableness of the weath...r. "Kathleen Mavourneen" was the ...y of the evening, and was welll per...med. This evening will be Miss Nellie ...son's benefit night, and we hope to see ...ll audience present on the occasion. ...Nelson is a very, and deservedly, pop...r actress, and no doubt the theatre-...going people of Ottawa will this evening ...how they appreciate her abilities. ...e will do all in her power to please ...em, and in fact an unusually good even...g's entertainment may be expected.

...Arrivals at the Russell House, Tues...day.—Chas Gaumann, Montreal; M C ...Mahon, Toronto; W Newhall Rivier du ...Loup; S A Hall, Montreal; S S Lazier, ...Gatineville; R L Lazier, do; M Gethison, ...Montreal; R Jones, Mineral Point; ...A Wise, Prescott; W Meredith, England; ...Jones, Prescott; M K Dickenson, Mano...; D Carey, Quebec; D J Ferguson, ...Brockville, N B; H Wilson, New York; ...Morgan, Metcalfe; W B McNutt, Hali...fax; A Bell, Grenville; J A Robert...son, Montreal; Miss Robertson, N Scotia; ...Miss Brown, do; R Shaw, Perth; M ...Brown, Montreal; E McEwan, Brockville.

...Funeral Sermon.—We shall give in to...morrow's issue a comprehensive and nearly ...full report of the able discourse preached ...by the Rev. Mr. Stephenson, in the Wes...leyan Methodist Church, on Sunday even...ing last, on the recent sudden death of ...Mrs. Pinchon, wife of the distinguished ...minister of that name. As many of our ...Wesleyan friends and others will no doubt ...desire to obtain copies of the discourse to ...send to relatives and acquaintances and to ...preserve for themselves, we shall print as ...many extra sheets as may be desired, but ...the orders for them must be left at our ...office during to-day.

...Are Drowned.—To-day, we have ...record another case of drowning. ...Probably during no preceding sum...mer have so many persons met ...with death by drowning about Ot...tawa as during the summer just ...passed. Yesterday a man, named ...Robert Spital, was found drowned in the ...canal, at the Canal Basin. As regards how ...the unfortunate accident occurred it could not be ascertained. The following details, however, were elicited at the

INQUEST.

J. W. Brooks sworn, said he was captain of a barge now at the canal basin, that at about nine o'clock this morning his attention was drawn to what appeared to be some clothes floating in the water, but on looking found it to be the body of a man. He gave information of the occurrence to the Lock Master, some of his men pulled him up to the boat with pike poles.

R. Gilpin sworn; said, Mr. Spital was in my house last evening about eight o'clock, and appeared to be a little the worse of liquor. He asked for a drink but refused to give it him. He went away; could not say what direction he took on leaving my house.

John Banning, Constable, sworn said; at about nine this morning went down to the canal at the instance of one of the lock men who said there was a man drowned in the canal; got men to hook up the body and haul it on shore; searched the pockets and found in them fifteen dollars, one cent and 2 letters, one from one of his sons and the other from Mr George Stewart of Toronto. Took charge of body until arrival of coroner.

After a few moments deliberation the jury returned a verdict of accidental drowning.

Mr. Patterson acted as coroner. Spital, it appears, was one of those burned out at Bell's Corners, and had been stopping with some friends previous to the accident. We consider the drowning of this unfortunate man in the canal a very good argument for those who have been agitating for water police or lights about the canal. We think one or the other of these requests should be granted. There is nothing about the Basin to warn a stranger or a person under the influence of liquor of his danger until he has walked into the water. Had any person been about last night when Spittle fell in he might have rescued him. We would like to see some step taken in this direction.

Fall Assizes.

The proceedings commenced yesterday morning at 9 a. m.

Chief Justice Hagarty presiding.

The following Barristers were present:—Hon. M. C. Cameron, Q. C., Toronto; Jas. O'Reilly, Kingston; H. Lapierre, Ottawa; J. B. Lewis, Q. C., Ottawa; M. O'Gara, Ottawa; Wm Mosgrove, Ottawa; W. A. Ross, Ottawa; Mr. Gibb, Ottawa; W. W. Ward, Ottawa; Mr. Sparks, Ottawa; Mr. R. Lyon, M. P. P., Ottawa; County Attorney R. Lees, Ottawa, W. H. Walker, Ottawa; Mr. Dunning Ottawa.

The first case brought before His Lordship was,

Quebec Bank vs. McDonald—Counsel for plff. W. Lewis. Verdict for plff. $4.462.53.

Griffin vs. Coleman.—This was an action brought by Mr. Edward Griffin against Mr. Coleman, proprietor of a livery stable in this city, to recover the value of a black horse, a set of harness, and a buffalo robe. The question, however, principally turned upon the horse. It was shewn that the horse had been taken to Mr. Coleman's by William McCormick Browne, a son of T. D. Browne to be boarded and kept, that the horse was in the livery stable for about a couple of months; that during that period he was invariably taken by William McCormick Browne; that on one occasion a person came to the stables for the horse in McCormick Browne's name; that the person in charge refused to give up the horse upon that statement; that afterwards McCormick Browne accompanied Marshall and directed Coleman's man to give the horse to Marshall to go to Prescott, that under pressure of that demand the horse was given to Marshall; that Marshall took it to Prescott, and that on its return it became sick and died. Mr. Coleman shewed that he never had any reason to believe that Griffin was the owner, and the jury believing his statement brought in a verdict in his favor.

Mr. Mosgrove for deft.; Mr. Walker for plff.

Gourdey vs. Moorhead.—This was an action for an amount of $374 for wages for work done in a shanty last winter as a hewer, from 4th Sept., 1868, to 4th August, 1869.

Gourley being sworn, said he made an agreement with McTiman & Moorhead on 23rd Sept., 1868, at Ottawa. The arrangement was that he was to get $34 a month. Defendants paid a certain sum into Court, and contended that that was enough. The Court thought there was some evidence to go to the jury as to whether or not the plaintiff had been wrongfully dismissed, and that the damage was only nominal, as he admitted that he got employment the next day, or almost immediately afterwards at the same rate.

Mr. Ross addressed the jury for the plaintiff, and Mr. Lewis followed, and the jury brought in a verdict for plaintiff $24. His Lordship reserved judgement as to costs in the case until close of the Assizes.

Wm. Cowan vs. Francis Curran.—This was an action for trespass, and taking trees from the defendant which were valued at $50.

From the evidence of Cowan it appeared the defendant had trespassed on plaintiff's land, and taken an apple tree, which was on the boundary line. Plaintiff swore positively he would not take $50 for the tree, and according to the Government survey the tree stood from two to three feet over the boundary and on plaintiff's land.

Mr. Patterson sworn.—I reside in the township of Nepean. I have been a long time engaged in the culture of fruit trees. The tree in question was about four inches in diameter. I would not like to take less than $50 for such a tree growing in such a place. Could not positively say what the tree is worth.

Mr. Tawzir sworn—When the new line was taken by the Government surveyor he believed the tree was on Mr. Curran's land; it is two or three years since I sold it to Mr. Curran; the Ordnance survey changed the line; when I bought the land it was a squatter's right.

Mr. Curran, deft.—It was early in the morning I took it; if the fence had been up I consider the tree would have been on my land; I told defendant I considered it on my property.

Thos. Elmet sworn—I consider a bearing tree, the age of that tree, worth $6 to $8; Mr. Curran brought me out yesterday to see the tree and give evidence; Mr. Curran said it was on his land.

R. Lyon counsel for plff.; Nicholas Sparks atty. for plff.; Mr. Lewis counsel for deft.

Copps vs. Featherstone.—This was an action brought by plaintiff for pork and flour supplied by defendant for shanty purposes.

Verdict for plaintiff $381, subject to award of J. R. Booth. D. O'Connor for plaintiff; W. H. Walker for defendant.

The Grand Jury brought in a true bill for larceny against Garneau, and found no bill against Mercer.

Gurry vs. Heenan.—This was an action for $440, wages by plaintiff from Heenan.

Mr. Gurry, sworn—I went to work on the 21st September, and started for the Montreal river, at Miskabang bay; I built two shanties; I went up to make timber; I worked till 6th May; I got a letter saying I was to give place to another man, and to come home myself; from the 6th of May till the remainder of the season I got no work; I tried in two or three places to get work as foreman or pilot; that is my business; I was to get $500 and board; it cost me $20 to come down the river; I got a little on the spree, but knew what I was doing; I took up 18 men with me; I lost not an hour; the men lost no time through my fault; Mr. Heenan's goods were burned at the depot; I had charge of the shanty; A man named Donaldson, who lives and hunts there, keeps a groggery; there was no one in the depot when I went there; I remained there between a quarter and half an hour; the men who were living there made the fire; I put more fuel on the fire; I stopped there frequently; the farm is about a mile from the shanty; the men returned home every night; there was between five and six hundred dollars worth of goods there; the fire was in November; I had not drank any liquor that day, I swear it; Donaldson was going up hunting; I often told the men to be careful about the fire; I found locks on the door when I went there; one storehouse was destroyed by fire; I left one of the doors unlocked; the snow blew in on the tobacco and the goods; it was in February; no pork or flour was injured; the tobacco might be; I never heard the men complain of the flour being bad; they did complain of the pork; I never was drunk in the shanty except the time I was going up; I went to meet the teams to help to bring them in; I was expecting them; I never got drunk at Donaldson's; I know Mr. McCanley; he never saw me drunk; my son threw water on the fire; the men knew where the key was kept; there was a great storm; it is a common occurrence for a boom to break; we were 150 miles from Pembroke; I have been 16 years a foreman; I was as far advanced as any of them with my timber; there was no whiskey there; I had none for seven weeks.

James Killorn sworn—I did not see the last witness drunk; he kept us up to our work pretty well; we were not detained on account of the foreman's drunkenness; I was not often in the shanty except at night; there were complaints that the pork was rusty for the want of brine; I left there on the 1st of March; the door of the shed was open for some time; I had been sick for some time; that was the only reason I left; he said he had no money to give me; I heard Gurry speak about the burning of the store when I went back; I was not in the same shanty with Mr. Gurry; it is customary for the lumbermen to have a parting glass before they go up lumbering.

John McGillivray sworn—I went up with Mr. Gurry; we were having a parting glass; the foreman may have had other business to attend to; my business was "lining;" it is the duty of the foreman to show us the timber to line; I was in the shanty when the boom broke; I think all the pieces were collected but a few; it was the time of the big storm that the boom broke; I swear that the wind could break the boom; it was two or three acres from the mouth of the lake; Mr. Heenan told me I would get six men, and Mr. Gurry could only give me one.

Charles McCanley sworn—There was some delay now and then; the men had been drinking a little; plaintiff was drinking a little; I think there was half a day or so lost on the road; it was all hands fault; I saw Gurry drinking at Donaldson's; he was under the influence of drink; the door of the shanty where the stores were was open for a long time; the flour was lying on the floor; Mr. Gurry was with us when we had the ten barrels of pork; he wanted me to go up the hill with the load; it was too heavy a load to draw.

Mr. Heenan, deft., sworn—I gave him specific directions how to act; he promised me he would not drink; he said he would abandon all his bad habits; I went up to the shanty in the month of March; it was the first time I was there; I saw everything neglected; I remonstrated with him on his conduct; it would take about four days to go up there in a steamer; after his winter's work he should have had 100,000 feet of lumber, and I only got one half of that.

His Lordship in charging the jury said a Foreman could ruin his employer or he could put a large amount in his employers pocket, so it was a very serious duty to perform. It appears that in the shanty where they lived, the men used to sleep, eat and cook their victuals; now a fire took place and no one knew how it took place. Heenan said when hiring him, now you must do your best, and when he went up he found that every thing had been going to destruction, when he returns home after some time he hears more bad accounts of him and dismisses him; Juryman often say we will not allow him damages, but we will allow him for the time he was there; that is rough justice! whatever verdict you may give, I think the manner in which Plaintiff acted was certainly wrong, and if the jury thought his conduct was such that he was unjustly treated they could recompense him. Verdict for Plff. to full amount. Counsel for Plff, O'Reilly, Q.C. and Mosgrove; Counsel for Deft. Ross.

McGreevy vs. Baker—Action on a promissory note for $2,000. This action was put off until next Assizes by defendant on account of the absence of a material witness. D. O'Connor, attorney for plaintiff; J. B. Lewis, attorney for defendant.

CARGO TEA SALE.

CARGO of the Barque "CHIEFTAIN," from Shanghai direct, consisting of

FRESH TEAS,

&c., &c.

Will be sold by AUCTION, by Catalogue on

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12TH,

For Account of

MESSRS. TIFFIN BROS.,

And will include

GUNPOWDERS,

IMPERIALS,

HYSONS,

YOUNG HYSONS,

TWANKAYS,

HYSON TWANKAYS,

And BLACK TEAS,

CASSIA, in Mats,

CASES PRESERVED GINGER,

ROLLS CANTON MATTING.

&c, &c, &c.

Together with 4,000 half chests Natural Leaf Japan Teas ex "C C Leary" and "Cour de Lion."

—AFTER WHICH—

Will be offered a large and general assortment of GROCERIES.

Samples will be on view previous to sale.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

J. G. SHIPWAY & SON,
Auctioneers.

Ottawa, Oct 5 1419 6

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off.

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Dry Goods.

GRAND

OPENING OF SHOW ROOM

—ON—

Saturday, 1st October,

—WITH A—

MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY

—OF—

Autumn and Winter Fashions

In Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Jackets, Costumes and Evening Dresses,

and an Innumerable Variety of FANCY GOODS

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have much pleasure to acquaint the LADIES of Ottawa, surrounding Villages, and Counties, that the extensive alterations to their SHOW ROOMS are now completed, forming ONE GRAND SALOON, equal, if not superior, to any in the Dominion for the display of the above enumerated articles, and also for the convenience and comfort afforded to visitors and purchasers. The following are only a few of the many NOVELTIES deserving of special notice, viz:

LONDON AND PARIS PATTERN STRAW BONNETS and HATS, suitable for early Autumn wear

London and Paris Pattern Velvet Bonnets and Hats
Dress Caps
Widow's Caps
Head Dresses
Flowers
Feathers
Wreaths,

And every other requisite for

MILLINERY PURPOSES.

20 dozen Trimmed Velvet Hats from 75cts. each up.

10 dozen Real Ostrich Plumes at $1.50, $1.75, and $2.00, worth from $2.50 to $3.50.

The GIPSY BONNET, the great novelty for this Season, has been adopted unanimously by LADIES of FASHION in all the large cities of Europe and America.

The Millinery Department is now under the management of MISS BEAMISH, of English and Canadian experience.

Orders promptly Executed.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

London and Paris Pattern Jackets

—IN—

Cloth,
Beavers
Velveteen,
Imitation Dog and Seal, also
Real Seal and Velvet
Waterproofs
Tartan Wraps
Opera Cloaks
Costumes
Skirts
Corsets

CHILDREN'S BRAIDED DRESSES

And a full stock of Ladies Underclothing, &c., &c.

200 Black Cloth Jackets from $1.00 up.

100 Silk Finished Velveteen Jackets from $1.75 up.

70 Waterproof Assorted Shades from $2.50 up.

Several dozen made up Wincey and Quilted Skirts in immense variety at extremely low prices.

—ALSO—

MANTLE CLOTHS

In the piece as represented in Mantles in endless variety with SATINS, REPS, EPANGLES, Fringes, Buttons, &c., to match in all the new Autumn Shades.

Orders taken for Mantles, Jackets, Costumes, and Ladies' Outfitting generally.

The favour of a call solicited.

MAGEE & RUSSELL
Sparks Street.

Ottawa, September 29, 1870. 1475 6

Dry Goods.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

FALL AND WINTER STOCK,

And are shewing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c.

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES

HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

OUR STOCK

—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

AUTUMN IMPORTATIONS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Are now showing large lines of the following

NEW GOODS.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

NEW SCARBOROUGH CLOTHS for Dresses and Costumes,

NEW TWEEDS for Dresses and Costumes,

NEW GERMAN CLOTHS for Dresses and Costumes,

NEW SERGE TWEEDS for Dresses and Costumes,

NEW WOOL TARTANS,

NEW TARTAN REPS,

NEW TARTAN POPLINS,

NEW FIGURED POPLINS,

NEW FRENCH REPS,

NEW FRENCH MERINOES,

NEW WINCIES,

NEW BLACK LUSTRES,

NEW BLACK PARAMATTAS,

NEW VICTORIA CORDS,

NEW CRAPE CLOTHS.

CLOTH DEPARTMENT.

A complete stock of

British and Canadian Cloths and Tweeds,

direct from best makers.

FLANNEL DEPARTMENT.

A complete stock of Lancashire, Welsh, Saxony and Canadian Flannels, all direct from manufacturers.

LACE, RIBBON AND FANCY DEPARTMENT.

Well stocked with all the leading novelties of the season.

Rael Honiton, Valencies and Maltese Laces.

GLOVES

In variety, including the celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves.

G. M. & Co's goods were purchased under every advantage.

Cash paid where any saving could be effected.

Were all purchased late when goods were at the lowest point, all selected personally by Mr. GARLAND who has had sixteen years experience in buying Dry Goods.

Inspection and Comparison of goods and prices invited.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

WONDERS OF WONDERS!

RINK MUSIC HALL!

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

Thursday and Friday, Oct. 6 and 7

SATSUMA'S

Japanese Troupe!

CONSISTING OF

TWENTY STAR ARTISTS, OF BOTH SEXES,

Acrobats, Tumblers and Jugglers!

Their First Tour of America.

Appearing in the rich Court Dresses of Japan.

Everything entirely different from any other Japanese Troupe ever in this country.

Admission 25 cents; Reserved Seats 50 cents. Seats for sale at Orme & Son's music store.

J. E. NOBLE, Agent. H. SCHUHMANN, Manager and Director.

Ottawa, Sept. 29, 1870.

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Cattles Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

NEW FALL IMPORTATIONS

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO

Are now opening out a stock of

DRY GOODS

Well Worthy of Inspection. All departments Complete, and BEST VALUE showing in

Silks and Velvets,
Velveteens and Poplins,
Dress Goods,
Hosiery and Fancy Wool Goods
Laces and Ribbons,
Millinery.

Our MANTLE DEPARTMENT contains all the Choicest Goods and Newest Styles.

For Best Value Call at

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

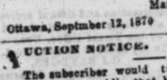
Special attention has been given to our

Carpet & Furnishing Departments

which will be found VERY COMPLETE and LOW IN PRICE.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO

September 14, 1870. 1461y



GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulations:

Point Le Preau in the County of Charlotte, Province of New Brunswick, shall be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Customs to be attached to the Port of St. John, and known as the Sub-Port of "LePreau" comprising "Point LePreau on the East, and the head forming the West side of Seely's Cove as the Western boundary."

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over these Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5 35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 1 40 p. m.

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870 1460tf

AUCTION NOTICE.

The subscriber would take this mode of informing the public that he is prepared to receive all kinds of goods on consignment, either for auction or private sale, at his rooms, York Street, opposite the Market. Parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to call upon him before going elsewhere. His experience, and the testimonials he can furnish, is a sufficient guarantee that their interest will be carefully attended to.

JOHN CHAPMAN,
Queen's Auctioneer,
61 1m

1870. 1870.

FALL IMPORTATIONS.

DRY GOODS.

NEW STYLES,

FALL HATS,

R. L. JAMES & CO

NEW STYLES,

DRESS GOODS.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

NEW GOODS,

IN VARIOUS

DEPARTMENTS,

Per Late Ocean Steamers,

DIRECT FROM BRITAIN.

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

Opposite the Russell House.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticker of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-1IN.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET.

PRESTON & ROWSELL, PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $5 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10)

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without it

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Material and Founder's Supplies,
52 Lemoine Street,
Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1465

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits; but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—443 St. Paul Street.

1397 3mod

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the

FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICKS.

Apply to MAGEE & RUSSELL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1466tf

NOTICE.

For sale, a SECOND HAND WAGGON. Enquire of JOHN CHAPMAN, Queen's Auctioneer opposite the By Ward Market.

Ottawa, September 29, 1870 1475 1d

TO RENT,

From 1st November next, a DWELLING HOUSE, 10 rooms, Corner Sussex and Patrick streets at present occupied by W. B. Lindsay, Esq.

THOMAS McKAY,
Ottawa Mills, Chaudiere, or from Steve Sussex street.

Ottawa, September 23, 1870 1476

THE MERCHANT'S BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.

THOMAS KIRBY,
Manager.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468 1m

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 26th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to WM. LATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

Augus 0 1462

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next,

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W B WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1462d

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL.—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.....$200,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £14 2: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in '867. This is accounted for by the INTERMMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, is that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $480 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent.

1407 3m

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and invigorating condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1238 law

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

54 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES.

☞ LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario,

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1143tf

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Diphtheria.—Dr. BIGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test *trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in severe cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA EN EMAEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S ONYX ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 2s.

☞ PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the separate for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

☞ All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 1w1m lawf6m

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa, 293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS

OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m. The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R A CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144 tf

MR. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

☞ This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the Departments. 219tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Desbarats's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager. 1161tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

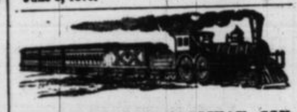
PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway or this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1427tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8:30 a m
Night do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 a m
Trains for Lachine at	6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston via Vermont Central at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Scotstock only, at	10:10 p m

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Hal fax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at	6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1428tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class kestaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season, will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS,

Prepared by special permission on the rigina recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

1366tf

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.

Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. ☞ Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." ☞ Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano or Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

☞ For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 -1

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name without a written order from myself.

NORMAN McLEOD.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1434 1m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Med

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS throughout the Dominion.

TRADE MARK. ANCHOR. GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

☞ WINE BITTERS, ☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best tak for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDNER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDNER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it, and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

☞ Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Brantown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consumption, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Heavey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

☞ Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1868 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this 9th day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P,

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

MADRID 1847 PRIMERA CLASE. PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862 MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE

Sarsaparilla

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and employ the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven	Cook Stoves.
Low Oven	Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.	Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.	Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.	Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.	Elbows.
Zinc.	

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. S. THISTLE. R. LANG.

BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H Atlee, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

☞ OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell house, Ottawa city, C. W.

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of Stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT,

Hull, September 29, 1870 1476 1m&w3t 2m

WANTED,

TWO BOYS to carry papers. Must be able to read and write.

Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G.T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3.40 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, september 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.05 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 p m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1480. — OTTAWA THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1870. — PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

...T & CLEMOW, Barristers and ...orneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, ...Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Pro... Ontario and Quebec. ...er Durie's Book Store, Sparks street ...Wright. 4dw F C CLEMOW

...W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis & Ward, has removed his Chancery ...Law Chambers, opposite Russel ...

...LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attor...-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Convey... Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ...Ottawa. 368y

...NNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor ...Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex... Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

...HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Soli... in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary ...and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Im... opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

...& GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys ...Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the ...Ottawa. 45tf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

...ARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister ...Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk ...Peace and County Attorney, for the United ...of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the ...L'Orignal. 34-6m

...ER & KIMBER, Barristers and ...at Law, Solicitors in Chancery ...&c. for the Provinces of Ontario ...

...Office Buildings, Elgin street. ...RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

...SPARKS, Barrister and Attor...-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Convey... Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., ...Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

...MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's ...Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 993y

...ROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, ...&c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings. ...Ottawa. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON ...BROUVE.

...TREAU, Notary Public for the Pro...vince of Quebec, Hull, near the Pos... 390tf

Medical.

...HENDERSON, [McGill Uni...] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, ...That recently occupied by Dr. Mal... Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

...ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, ...Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug ...first end of Sapper's Bridge. Office ...9 a. m. to 4 p. m. ...Special attention given to the treatment ...of the EYE and EAR. At night can ...at his residence, Murray street.

...C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and ...Accoucheur Office—Huston's Block, Sparks-...

...OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—...-street, Central Ottawa. 3-lutf

Hotels and Saloons.

...AVERLY HOUSE, ...BARRINGTON-STREET, ...HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851. ...and transient boarders accommoda... ...every attention paid to their comfort. JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

...WICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., ...Court House and Public Offices, ST. ...NES, Ont. ...HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) ...spacious sample-room for commercial ... 859y

...HUTCHISON, L. D. S., ...URGEON DENTIST, Sparks Street. ...OSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

...TCHISON is fully prepared to supply ...of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth ...on either gold, silver or vulcanite ...fitting so closely and easily to ...as to be capable of all the uses to ...natural teeth are applied, without the ...inconvenience to the wearers, and after ...short time in use, without even a con... of the presence of a substance origin... in the mouth. ...with a view to the removal of painful ...during the operation of extracting ...diseased teeth, has introduced into ...the use of the Nitrous Oxide or ...gas, which the sufferer inhales without ...inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it ...in a dream. ...consulted any day, except Sunday, ...from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. ...September 2, 1870

...PROVINCIAL INSURANCE ...of Canada, Head Office, Toronto ...

...ERICK FOX. ...GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, ...Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa. ...the patronage of the Lumber Merchan... ...Ottawa. From his long experi... ...he offers his services in engaging ...and sing to their rafts while passing ...best of his ability. REFERENCES. ...Walter Smith, Esq. ...R W Cruice, Esq. 1334tt

...000 Bushels of Oats for Sale by Bailey, Doran and Cameron, ...Ontario 1452 3a

...er's Cherry Pectoral,

...Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, ...as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

...never before in the whole history of ...has anything won so widely and so deeply ...the confidence of mankind, as this excellent ...for pulmonary complaints. Through a long ...series of years, and among most of the races of ...men it has risen higher and higher in their estima... ...has become better known. Its uniform ...and power to cure the various affections ...of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a re... ...protector against them. While adapted to ...forms of disease and to young children, it is ...the same time the most effectual remedy that can ...for incipient consumption, and the dan... ...affections of the throat and lungs. As a pro... ...against sudden attacks of Croup, it should ...be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all ...are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all ...should be provided with this antidote for them. ...settled Consumption is thought in... ...great numbers of cases where the dis... ...seemed settled, have been completely cured, ...and the patient restored to sound health by the ...Pectoral. So complete is its mastery ...over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that ...the most obstinate of them yield to it. When noth... ...else could reach them, under the Cherry Pec... ...they subside and disappear. ...Singers and Public Speakers find great pro... ...It is always relieved and often wholly ... ...is generally cured by taking the ...Cherry Pectoral in small and frequent doses. ...So generally are its virtues known that we need ...not publish the certificates of them here, or do more ...than assure the public that its qualities are fully ...maintained.

...yer's Ague Cure,

...For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, ...Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb ...Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., ...and indeed all the affections which arise ...from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic ...poisons.

...As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not ...fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, ...Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance ...whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The ...number and importance of its cures in the ague dis... ...are literally beyond account, and we believe ...without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. ...pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we ...receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate ...cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed. ...Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or ...travelling through miasmatic localities, will be pro... ...by taking the AGUE CURE daily. ...For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity ...of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating ...the Liver into healthy activity. ...For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is ...an excellent remedy, producing many truly re... ...cures, where other medicines had failed. ...Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical ...and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold ...all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

...WO OR THREE GENTLEMEN ...be accommodated with ...ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT ... Apply at ... ...Ottawa, July 5, 1870.

...WANTED ...By a young girl a situation as ...MISTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER ... ...family of place of business ... ...References given if required. Apply at ...TIMES OFFICE. ...August 1st, 1870.

...THE TIMES is printed and published ...by The OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUB... ...COMPANY, at the Office 34, ...Centre Town, Ottawa, ...Managing Director.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also. *Bordeaux and other Vinegars*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS— COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES— Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Souterne and Madeira Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices. Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom. Dunville's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts. Molson's and other Ales. Sugars and Syrups, all grades. Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or bar ains. 1105

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞ THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sa e.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

☞ BEEF AND MUTTON. ☜

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada.]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! *HATS*

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS,

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES.

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.

"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.

"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.

"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.

"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

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Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
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Galvanic Establishment,
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Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 lawk y

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The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

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...June, 1870.

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CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, Augus 6 3m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		3.00	9.45		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.45		4.00
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	7.30		8.00	9.45		7.30
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	11.15		8.00	9.45		4.00
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	5.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	8.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	5.00	11.00	4.00	8.00	11.00	
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15		9.45		4.00
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.45		
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	7.30			9.45		1.00
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.00		4.30	8.00		1.00
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.00					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	6.00					5.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

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On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

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POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 16th Sept, 1870.

READ THE OPINION OF THE "GLOBE"

RESPECTING

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☞ PURE FRENCH WINES ☜

Messrs. Quetton St. George & Co. have done the Canadian public a service in establishing their depot for the sale of wines and Mediterranean produce. Mr. St. George has long been resident in Toronto and its neighborhood, but has retained his inherited estates of Langaren and Caravettes in the south of France. He can, of course, command the wine of his own property, and, besides has excellent facilities for purchasing the products of his neighbors, He ships direct from Marseilles to Montreal, when it is found advisable to do so, and thus reduces to a minimum the cost of transit. He buys directly from the producer, and brings his wines to market in the cheapest way. It is not to be wondered at, under such circumstances, that he should have revolutioned the wine trade in Toronto. He has introduced here wines not hitherto known or used but which are peculiarly acceptable for their pleasing flavor, their purity and lightness. They are perfectly sound and wholesome, and yet are sold lower than the worst decoctions which pass under the misused names of port and sherry. The encouragement which Messrs. St. George & Co. have received from the Canadian public is very satisfactory to them. They find it difficult to keep up their stock, the demand being so great; but they are now receiving a large additional supply for winter use. What, with our native Canadian Wines, and the importation of Messrs. St. George, it is to be hoped that in time stronger liquors will cease to be used.

☞ Price List on application.

J P MACPHERSON,
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Ottawa, September 6, 1870

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Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tfAw37tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1366y

BOARD.

A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.

Ottawa, September 19, 1870 1466tf

AUCTION NOTICE.

The subscriber would take this mode of informing the public that he is prepared to receive all kinds of goods on consignment, either for auction or private sale, at his rooms, York Street, opposite the Market. Parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to call upon him before going elsewhere. His experience, and the testimonials he can furnish, is a sufficient guarantee that their interest will be carefully attended to.

JOHN CHAPMAN,
Queen's Auctioneer,

Ottawa, September 12, 1870 61 1m

Notes of a Sermon preached in the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Ottawa, on Sunday Evening, the 2nd day of October, by the Rev. Wm. Stephenson, on the death of Mrs. Punshon.

The preacher took as his text Psalm 116, Verse 15, viz.:

Precious in the sight of the Lord is the death of his Saints

All animated nature dies, and death wrests from man the fondest and most tenderly beloved objects of his heart. God so ordered it, and in view of the constantly recurring fact it is not possible that we should forget our own mortality. Yet it is but too true that men live as if they were never to die. One of our religious poets has said that, "All men think all men mortal but themselves," and the indifference which is commonly manifested by a large proportion of the living would seem to justify the sentiment. The subject of death is not a pleasant one to contemplate by persons living in a state of alienation from their Maker, and hence it is that the consideration of that solemn and important but absolutely certain event is put off from one day to another until by some afflictive dispensation it is forced upon the unwilling mind. But however it may be deferred in thought, the fact itsel cannot be eluded in any case very long, for it is a matter of divine appointment. By various changes in both animate and inanimate nature man is reminded of his end. The leaf falls from the tree, the sun sets and the moon wanes, and these constant alternations remind us that our life will necessarily have a termination. When man sinned death entered into the world, and from that day the sentence went forth, and through the lapsing ages has been irrevocably executed, "it is appointed unto men once to die." Let us then dwell for a little upon the solemn fact introduced to our notice in the text. It may appear trite to say that death is inevitable, but however trite the fact is none the less deserving of our most serious thought. We cannot evade the destroyer. He lurks about our pathway continually and is constantly drawing nearer and nearer. There is a stealthiness and a secrecy in his movements which may throw us off our guard, and a mystery in his working calculated to lull our fears, but his stroke is inevitably certain. "In the day thou eatest thereof thou shalt surely die" was the warning and fiats of the Divine lawgiver, and man having contravened the command involved himself and his posterity in the consequences of that disobedience. "In Adam all die." Sin brought death into the world with all our woe. Though coming under the irrevocable sentence man is permitted for a time, but an uncertain time, to evade or escape its execution, still the issue is absolute, and, at least, the delay will be but short. But the physical death entailed by the original transgressors on the whole human race was not the the principal or most deplorable result, for spiritual death, then and there, overtook the offender and his posterity inherited the same dire penalty. The inevitability of death is proved from its constant reiteration. No matter how long life is it terminates some day. A man may survive all his friends, and even his entire generation, yet in the end he dies. In the Sacred Record we have instances of such longevity as have not occured in the postdiluvian world, but on reading their brief biography you will find it invariably ending with "and he died." The good and the bad, the active and the indolent, the highly gifted and the least intelligent all fare the same; all are gathered to their fathers. They were and are not, they lived and then passed out of sight. This constant reiteration of the event most feared and most dreaded by humanity ought surely to prevent forgetfulness or indifference. The Divine Man himself, the Lord Christ having assumed a human form was obliged to pass through the common ordeal. He might and did throw aside many of the weaknesses and infirmities of our nature and presented a perfect type of manhood in all its moral grandeur and excellence, but he must die, and like the rest of men descend into the grave. He did not arm himself with some weapon of omnipotent power and hurl it at the foe, nor did he cause the cold waters of the river to divide as when Moses, clothed with miraculous virtue, severed the Red Sea, but he suffered himself to be bound and taken prisoner for a brief space by the universal conqueror. In thus dying, however, he projected a glorious ray of heavenly light into the darkness of the sepulchre and despoiled the tomb of its gloom. Through the same way must his disciples go, and in the same state must they enter, for "where should his dying members rest but with their dying Lord?" You and I must follow, for nothing "is quickened except it die." But God's "dead man shall live, and together with his dead body shall they arise." In order then to the attainment of a perfect Christ-likeness, it is inevitable that even the redeemed and reconciled saints of the Most High should pass through the dark valley and lie down in the grave. "We must needs die and be like water spilled upon the ground, which cannot be gathered up again." Yet after all there is so much of painfulness connected with the subject that few persons care to enter upon its contemplation. There is something so melancholy in the fact that death puts a period to a known form of existence, which though chequered with care and trial is yet so enjoyable that man fears and shrinks from the comparatively unknown state to which that solemn event will introduce him. Here we were born, here we formed pleasant friendships and made acquaintance with many forms of enjoyment. Here we acquired knowledge and experience which fitted us for living and extracting from nature and society many pure and innocent delights, but Death comes and severs us from all those familiar things, closes up the scene, and affixes the seal of eternal silence upon our dwelling. The thoughts of these stern and inflexible consequences produce awe and repulsion, and we cannot bear to dwell upon them. Then, too, though the while admitting the ultimate fact of mortality, men are naturally prone to conceive of it as always far in the future, seldom or never at hand. They feel well, robust, and strongly attached to life, and if so why should they contemplate the decay and decomposition of their frames? Meditation upon such topics saddens them too much, and hence it is almost universally avoided. I would not wish to unnecessarily say anything calculated to increase the sorrows of friends who have lately been bereaved, and yet the retrospection may not be without some salutary uses. We all remember some death-bed scenes which wrung our hearts, but possibly made them better, and the recollection may perhaps revive the convictions of duty which, at such times, were experienced with all but compelling power. You can, perhaps, call to mind the tender and almost overpowering looks of affection which gave such character to the countenance of your dying friend; you saw the holy smile playing upon those wan features; you listened with inexpressible hungering for one more word of love from the gentle voice, and you watched with feeling approaching to agony for another pulsation in the hand you held so firmly grasped, but Death had claimed its victim. The last look had been given, the last sigh had escaped the weary heart, the last quiver had agitated the frame, and the desire of your eyes had departed. There was nothing left of the honored sire, the blessed mother, the noble husband, or the idolized wife, nothing left but a cold fast changing corpse. The beauty of the soul, though leaving its impress upon the calm face for a little was passing away, and with Abraham you asked to bury your dead out of your sight, "earth to earth, ashes to ashes, dust to dust." Death demonstrates his power apparently with almost indiscriminate action. To day he removes the cherub child, to-morrow the blushing maiden or the manly youth, and the next moment his stroke may fall upon the full grown man or the patriarch well stricken in years. Genius will not allure him into delay, philosophy is powerless to neutralize his stroke, and the voice of the charmer charm he never so wisely will not hold him as a listener. The white horse, though lean and shadowy, rides down his quarry and though the rider himself is a mere skeleton his arm possesses a vigor which none can resist. He goes on conquering and to conquer Since then we can neither persuade, bribe or delay him, let us seek that preparation which will enable us to meet him with joy and not with grief. "Let me die the death of the righteous, and let my last end be like his." But again, death may be very much nearer than we anticipate. Often has he started as from an ambuscade and seized his captives when they never so much as dreamt of his approach. Unseen, unheared, unexpected he aims his dart and it never fails the mark. Well might the poet wail out

> Dangers stand thick through all the ground
> To push us to the tomb,
> And fierce diseases wait around
> To hurry mortals home.

Now all men stand in the same jeopardy, all tread the brink of the same precipice, and all may truthfully say as David in his fear of Saul said "verily there is but step between me and death" Indeed a single sigh or gasp may destroy the order of your system and sap the very foundations of life. There is nothing so insignificant which may not cause the death of a human being. But again, Death is viewed with awe, because of the fact that it can happen but once, and that it puts a finality to man's intercourse with his kind on the earth. He goes the way whence he shall not return, to that home from which no traveller ever comes back to tell how it fares with him there. It is this finality which makes death a subject of such fearful contemplation to the living. A certain writer has said that dead men are wise but silent, and that they never reveal the secrets of their condition. They preserve a very rigid taciturnity and never afford their friends the benefit of their experience. Their eyes and tongues are so fixed and set that it is impossible to extract ought from them. We are thus left to speculate upon their state, and though eager to know what it is, we instinctively shrink from entering into their dark and fast dormitory. This indeed is a fearful phase of man's history, and it is but natural that we should desire intelligence from beyond, if only an echo of the voices we once delighted in. We have gone with our friends to the very margin of the unseen and eternal, and have watched them until they leapt out into "the land of deepest shade." And we have listened for their song as they entered their new abode, but there has been no sound, no response, no reply to our tears. We have followed them as we follow a stream until it enters a thicket, and our further progress is barred, but as we have heard the rushing of the waters beyond and have concluded they were pressing to the ocean, so have we believed that though the grave into which our beloved ones had entered was dark. There was light beyond. We have heard their last words, and the music has lingered in our ears, but it was simply a reverberation for they spake not again. Only God can over-rule death, and it is utterly out of the power of man to arrest its course. It is God that fixes our destiny, and only so far as man trusts in God and acquiesces in his commands can he be said to be a party to the issues of life. When God says "return ye children of men" they must needs obey his summons. One says "thou has appointed me bounds * * thou wilt bring me to death and to the house appointed for all living," and except in the case of the suicide who puts a dagger to his heart and rushes unbidden into the presence of his Maker God must be held as the arbiter of our life. God rules all things. Properly there is no such thing as chance, accident, or fortuitousness. There is no such thing as the independent play of crude atoms or of unruled elements in the universe, for "God orders all that is." In our unreasoning querelousness we are often prone to say like Mary, "Lord if thou hadst been here my brother had not died;" or perhaps, "if such or such means had been used, or if such a physician had been consulted the result would have been different," and we sigh and fret at the imaginary causes which have brought about the fatal and afflictive stroke. But, as we have seen, Job understands the matter better, and says "*thou* wilt bring me to death." When God, however, removes his people from the scene the event is one fraught with the greatest possible interest even to himself, for does he not tell us by the mouth of David that their death is precious in his sight. Aye, as one of our sacred songs have it:

> But saints are lovely in his sight,
> He views his children with delight;
> He sees their hope, he knows their fear,
> He looks and loves his image there.

And so they die, and so they enter into rest, and where they enter there are no social differences such as there are even in the church militant. They are all saints, and all are happy; all inhabitants of the same land of rest, all for ever with their Lord. It is proper here, however, to note that these glorified spirits were not originally saints, and moreover that they were not made such by the mere fact of dying. As man lives so he dies, and the saints who die and enter into rest were made saints by divine grace, in fact by the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ through whom they were begotten again unto a new hope. Hence if you would that your death were precious in the sight of the Lord, you must be so begotten; you must become the subjects of the transforming power of the Holy Ghost, and not till you do can you lead the life of faith upon the Son of God who loved you and gave himself for you. Now, in precise proportion to the intimacy of the relation which subsists between the soul and God will be our preciousness in his sight living and dying. There is such a thing as having the "life hidden with Christ in God," and being "restored to our unsinning state, to love's sweet paradise," and when this is the case then death is precious in the sight of the Lord. But why so precious? The death of the saints of God is precious or greatly cared for by him because it is to them a crisis of the greatest importance, a moment of supreme trial, when they need His aid, and as He loved them while they lived, it is evident that he cannot witness their putting off their clay tabernacle without infinite sympathy. It is precious because their life was precious; because of what they did and suffered in His service on earth. Here they lived not in vain, but humanity in all its phases and interests was benefited by their labors and example. And in the same ratio as they aided in fertilizing the moral soil of the world, in the same proportion do they realize the heavenly felicity in reversion for the faithful. By their holy walk among

Continued on third page.

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Show Room Opening—Garland, Mutchmor, & Co.
Wines—J. P. Macpherson.
Wanted—A Situation.
Lost—P. Poulin.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 38, Sparks Street.
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1870.

Judge Chandler of New Brunswick is dead.

Exports from Port of Ottawa during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1870:

Sawn lumber, 28,294,787; value, $326,331.

AN INTEROCEANIC RAILWAY.

We are glad to see that at a meeting of the British Association on the 19th ultimo, Sir Roderick Murchison presiding, Viscount Milton delivered a long address upon the infinite value of a railway constructed across the continent of America through British territory, and insisted with much earnestness that it was the duty of Englishmen to do all they could to hasten the accomplishment of such a work. He also gave some interesting particulars relative to the extraordinary fertility of the Red River country. We hope that the subject of an Interoceanic Railway will constantly be kept before the minds of the English people. The people of Canada are beginning to perceive how necessary it is to our future welfare and stability that this road should be built, and any man who gives the subject proper consideration will understand that its construction is of little less consequence to England. Every day renders it more and more apparent, that the only allies upon whom the Mother Country could rely with any certainty in the event of war, are the people of her colonies. France, her former ally, will for some time be unable to render her efficient aid if she were inclined to do so. Every year the colonies grow stronger and more self-sustaining; become, in fact, less a source of weakness, and more a tower of strength to Great Britain. Under the circumstances, and in view of the fact that a population larger than that of the entire United Kingdom will, in all human probability, inhabit British America before many years have passed away, it becomes more obviously than ever the duty of English statesmen and the policy of English capitalists, to assist in developing and strengthening this country by every possible means. We have thousands of acres of good agricultural land fit for settlement. We need capital and immigrants. England can furnish both these essentials in return for our lands, and can at the same time, by means of the proposed railway, obtain control of the trade of Eastern Asia. When such obvious advantages are to be reaped by both parties, a satisfactory arrangement ought to be effected.

THE ANNEXATION OF ALSACE AND LORRAINE.

The aspect of the European war has changed very considerably during the past fortnight, and many people who were disposed to sympathize with Prussia at the commencement of the struggle, and more especially since the proclamation of a French Republic, are now inclined to wish well to France. For it is no longer a question between two opposing nations only, in which our tastes and natural prejudices may influence our sympathies, but it is a question whether two or three millions of French men and women, warm lovers of France and bitter haters of Germany, can be compelled to transfer their allegiance to King William and have their territory forcibly annexed. The people of Alsace and Lorraine are fighting for their liberties and homes; because they are not all uniformed as soldiers the Prussians call them brigands, and shoot them whenever they are captured. Alsatian women, rendered desperate by the wrongs they have endured, and the scenes of horror they have witnessed, have taken up arms in defence of their native land, and more than one of these heroines has been murdered in cold blood by the invaders after having been made prisoner. These murders it must be remembered have been committed by order of the commanding Generals, and have not resulted from the infuriated passions of a vindictive soldiery. It is part of the policy of the Prussian King, who hopes by such means to strike terror into the hearts of the people, and prevent them from trying to defend their homes from conquest and spoliation. The object of Prussia is now defined; it is territorial aggrandizement. The people of this country, the descendants of those who fought and bled in defence of Canada, and while resisting the advance of an army of invaders who sought to conquer us and annex our territory, cannot feel much sympathy with Prussia in her present attempt to enslave the people of Alsace and Lorraine. Canadians, to whom national freedom is more precious than life itself, cannot hope to see the black and white flag floating permanently over the heads of a conquered down-trodden people, and under such circumstances must wish well to France even though the tri-color become the emblem of a Republic.

A BARMAID SHOW.

This is the age for shows of all kinds. Agricultural shows, dog shows, and baby shows have all in their turn occupied the attention of the public, and now English sightseers have had another attraction in the shape of an exhibition of barmaids. The 5th of September last was the day fixed for the show, a day which will no doubt henceforward be regarded as an important one in many a barmaid's history. Then it was that the young female dispensers of "'arf and 'arf" and "goes" of gin flocked from all parts of merrie England, intent on seeing and being seen, each determined if possible to win a prize. In a hall of moderate size, four temporary bars were erected, and behind them, watchful and expectant, stood the fair competitors. The intelligent British public who attended the exhibition voted on the question, the qualifications deemed most important in the young women being "attention to business, civility, and neatness of costume." Now in order to form a correct opinion as to their respective claims to the two first named virtues, a visitor would be compelled to patronize each individual barmaid, and so ascertain beyond a doubt with what alacrity and elegance she could manipulate the beer pump, and with how sweet a smile she could present him with a foaming pewter of "Guiness's entire." As there were something like two hundred aspirants contending for the palm, the painstaking Briton who with a laudable determination to arrive at a correct decision tested the abilities of each, would by the time he had completed his task scarcely be in a fit condition to deliver a righteous or intelligible judgment. Beauty does not appear to have been one of the requisite qualifications, nor does there seem to have been much to spare. It is recorded that one intelligent gentleman residing at Whitechapel, whose business consists in snaring larks, remarked that he wished he might "be blowed if ever he seed such a seedy lot of girls." We are glad to learn that the attendance at this exhibition was very small, that it proved in all respects a failure, and that it is not likely that the experiment will ever be repeated.

A TERRIBLE GALE.

The 4th of September, 1870 will long be remembered by people living on the coast, on account of the terrible gale which prevailed on that day. From among the numerous returns of casualties which have been sent in to the Department of Marine we make the following extracts.

The ship *Exodus* bound from Newcastle to Quebec, with a cargo of coal went ashore on Portneuf shoal in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and proved a total loss. The crew were saved in the boats. The schooner *Ajax* from Labrador to Yarmouth with a general cargo foundered near St. Thomas Island on the Nova Scotian coast, and all the crew were lost. The *Mary E. Bliss* from St. John to Boston, was wrecked near Grand Manan, N. S. The crew, after having been exposed to the fury of the waves for 24 hours, were taken off the wreck by some fishing boats. The bark *Labrador*, from London to Labrador with a general cargo, went ashore off Cape Whittle. This disaster was caused by the compasses having been rendered incorrect by the local attraction of the coast in the neighbourhood of the above mentioned cape. These, as we said before, are only a few among the disasters which happened during the late gale. A large number of wrecked seamen have been provided for and forwarded to their respective homes, by the agents of the Marine Department at the different humane establishments situated on the coast.

BIRD ROCK.

On the 12th of May last the sum of $13,000 was granted to enable the Department of Marine to erect a lighthouse on Bird Rock. On the 23rd ultimo, or only a little more than four months after the money was voted, the light was in operation. This fact speaks volumes for the energy and "push" displayed by the Department. We are glad to find that at the same time a proper economy was shown in the expenditure of the funds. The total cost of the new lighthouse will be less than the amount voted, and probably not much over $12,000. Of course this does not include the cost of the French dyoptic light which had already been purchased, and was in the possession of the Department. We believe that an official notification of the fact that this new and much needed light is in operation, will be made public in a few days.

The following from the London *Times* is a pretty conclusive contradiction of the story about Napoleon's having made himself rich at the expense of the French people:

Unless we are misinformed, the Emperor Napoleon, who has been the Chief of the French State for nearly twenty-two years, and its almost absolute master for nearly eighteen, retains no private property but a small cottage which came to him from his mother. Call it rashness, call it overweening confidence, or call it a generous recklessness, it is proved by the event that he did not devote his reign to the accumulation of money. Whatever he has received from France he has spent in the country, in accordance with the social system which was established with the Empire. That system was, no doubt, extravagant in the extreme. No contemporary sovereign has held such a court. The Czar, who owns vast domains as his private property, besides ignoring the limitations of a civil list in dealing with the public treasury, could not maintain such splendour. The Sultan may squander his millions, but his oriental magnificence has been mere shabbiness by the side of Paris. What our own court is we all see, and, as we know the cost we may, when we compare it with that of the French Emperor, form some judgment of his expenses. Napoleon will leave his German place of captivity at the end of the war almost as poor a man as he was when he entered France in 1848. The Empress has, indeed, her jewels, gifts at her marriage and on her fete days; but these are her private property, the State jewels being now in the hands of the French Government at Tours. She has besides, an hereditary property in Spain, and the Prince Imperial has a house which has been bequeathed to him, near Trieste. This we believe, is all that remains to the family which lately were supreme in France.

Reception of the R. C. Bishop of Ottawa.

At a meeting of the Joint Committee for the reception of His Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa, under the Presidency of E. P. Dorion, Esq., the following motions were submitted and adopted:—

Moved by J. W. Peachy, seconded by J. Bermingham, that the generous offer, made by T. Reynolds, Esq., in placing the Director's car of the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway at the disposal of this Committee for the conveying of His Lordship and friends from Prescott on his way to this city, be accepted, and our sincere thanks presented to him for his kindness and liberality on this occasion: and that the Secretary be and is hereby authorized to transmit a copy of this motion to Mr. Reynolds, and have the same published with the minutes of the night's sitting of the Committee in the papers of the city.

Moved by Martin Battle, seconded by Mr. Drapeau,—That in view of the very kind offer made by the Managing Director of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railroad Company now accepted, the programme of the procession as published be altered so as to allow of His Lordship the Bishop to come by Grand Trunk Railway from Montreal to Prescott, and from thence to Ottawa instead of by boat as first contemplated, that the line of procession be formed from the railway station, and that the remainder of the programme be carried out.

EUGENE TETU,
MARTIN BATTLE,
Joint Secretaries.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

TORONTO.

The Provincial Exhibition.

TORONTO, October 5.

About 5,000 people visited the Exhibition yesterday.

The prizes for agricultural and horticultural products, and the fine arts, were awarded as follows:

1st prize for best 25 bushels fall wheat, $100, by Canada Company; won by Jas. McNair, Richmond Hill.

2nd prize, $80, given by the Association; won by John Callie, Hamilton.

3rd prize, $20, James Freeman, West Flamboro'.

Best two bushels white winter wheat, Joseph Redmond, Otonabee; ditto red winter wheat, M. O. Forgar, Scarboro'. The *Daily Telegraph's* special prize of $50 for the best four bushels spring wheat, John II, Manners. Best 30 varieties of apples, George Leslie, Toronto.

On fine art:—Best oil painting by professionals, any subject, 1st prize, $25; A. Vogt, Montreal.

Messrs. Notman and Fraser took several first prizes in photography; and James Inglis, Montreal, several second prizes.

C. T. Palsgrave, Montreal, took extra prizes for type, type cases, and cabinet, &c.

Excellent order was maintained on the ground, and no intoxication was apparent.

Waterous & Co.'s portable saw mill, in operation, is one of the great attractions of the show.

To-day there is an immense influx of strangers, and all the hotels, taverns and boarding houses are crowded.

Lord Lisgar, Sir John A. Macdonald, and suite visited the exhibition this morning, and received an address from the Association.

The weather is very variable and uncertain, threatening. The wet weather has greatly interfered with the exhibition in the live stock department, owing to the bad state of the pens. Many entries made failed to come in. The city has assumed a very lively appearance. There is a great display of flags, &c.

The Fruit Growers' Association held their annual meeting last night. The Rev. R. Burnet, Hamilton President, read the annual address, and was re-elected.

Two burglaries took place last night.

A laborer named Lyons was killed by the falling of a derrick.

At the annual meeting of the Y. M. C. A. last night, the Treasurer's report showed a small balance on hand. John McDonald was re-elected President.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, October 5.

Nothing of special interest characterized trade yesterday. The feeling on change was not very good, and but little business was transacted. In flour there was comparatively little doing. The weather was very unfavorable for trade in that staple, owing to the almost impossibility of moving in the rain. The demand for upper grades was merely a nominal thing, but there was some inquiry for inferior qualities. Wheat was again dull and entirely nominal. In financial circles there was nothing new. The money market continues dull, with more lenders than borrowers. The excess in the English markets and the dull trade in almost everything causes almost entire stagnation in money. On good securities loans were effected at about 6 to 7 per cent, and on call at 5 per cent. Business men who are well known, and borrowing from day to day, can obtain money at lower rates.

A billiard match will be played this evening in the exhibition room at Cadwick's billiard hall, between Frank Dion, and Alphonse Derome. Brindley failed to put up a forfeit last night, and Boyle's money was therefore withdrawn. Brindley states that his backer is out of town, and he does not know when he will return.

A gentleman of this city has signified his intention of giving a silver cup worth one hundred dollars, to be run for during the coming winter. A gold medal will be given as first prize, and silver medal as second.

Beautiful sunshine this morning.

The long desired establishment of national or Dominion Board of Trade seems likely to be at last accomplished. The different Boards of Trade in both Provinces have sent delegates who will meet this afternoon at the St. Lawrence Hall for the furtherance of this object. The idea was proposed some years ago and steps were taken towards its accomplishment, but the time seems not to have been ripe for it, and the project fell through.

The four companies of H. M. 60th Rifles, who were with the expedition to Red River, have returned to the city. The men seemed in good spirits, but looked fatigued and sun-burnt, while their uniform looked the worse for wear, and bore evidence of the bush work in which they had been engaged.

Last night the Rev. Father Nugent, of Liverpool, England, delivered a lecture on "Nobody's Children," or "The Houseless and Destitute Children of England." He advocated juvenile immigration and advancing the passage money to respectable servant girls, who were willing to emigrate to Canada giving them 12 months to repay it. The attendance was large, and the lecture interesting.

A Lacrosse match is to come off next Saturday, between the Caughnawaga Indians, and the Shamrock club of this city.

The Ottawa Government advertise in this city, inviting contracts for the erection and completion of a new post-office at Quebec.

The Marshall troupe will perform at the Theatre Royal, on Monday night, 10th inst.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, October 5.

As proof of the great interest taken in pushing forward the North Shore Railway, the gallery of the Council Chamber was crowded to hear the report of the Finance Committee as to the million loan.

A man named McCann while attempting to board a vessel last night with a crimp, fell overboard and was drowned. He was from County Monaghan, Ireland. The body has not yet been recovered.

Another brutal assault was made this morning on a ship captain in Peter Street. No arrests as yet.

Tenders are advertised this morning for building the new Post Office.

The Finance Committee last night reported favourably as to the new loan. A motion to extend redemption of the loan to over thirty years was carried, and further discussion on the report was postponed to the next meeting.

Two barges here, from Pictou, for Montreal this morning.

Customs duties to-day, $2,041 12.

At a meeting held to-day, a Committee was appointed to collect subscriptions for the presentation of a testimonial to the 69th Regiment. The Mayor and most of our prominent merchants are named on the Committee.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

TOURS, Oct. 5.—It is announced to-day, that a postal delegation will be sent from here to be established in Lille in case of any interruption of communication.

MADRID, Oct. 5.—The vomito has spread to Alicante. Citizens are leaving the town.

Olasago's resignation as Minister to France has been formally accepted.

Heavy falls of rain have fallen in Valeria recently.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—The Manchester *Examiner* has a balloon message from Paris, stating that at a meeting of the Council of Ministers on the 29th of September, Jules Favre and Marago protested against the continuance of the war without a consultation with the people. Keratry, Trochu and Rochefort dissented from this view.

The Prussians have planted cannon captured at Strasbourg around Metz.

Latest accounts from Epernon are that the National Guard and Mobiles are doing duty at bushfighting.

FONTAINEBLEAU, Oct. 4th *via* London 5th.—The Frans-Tireurs have been driven back to Chailly by a large force of Prussians, both horse and foot, who were threatening this place; 60 of the enemy were disabled.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—It is thought that Victor Emmanuel will guarantee the Pontifical debt.

The *Times* says:—Our Madrid correspondent telegraphs the resignation of Olosago, the Spanish Ambassador to Paris, as likely to lead to serious results. It identifies him with the Republican party, and adds great strength to the movement in favor of France.

"I am authorised to state from the highest source, that the alleged note of the Emporor, which appeared in *La Situation* yesterday, is not authentic. I am also requested to state, by the same high authority, that the Empress has no connection, direct or indirect, with the journal in question, and that no newspaper in England is supported or controlled by the Imperial family. I am also authorised to add the telegram published as found among papers in the Tuilleries is incorrect.

TOURS, Oct. 5.—Despatches have been received here from Chartres to-day. They state that the Prussians gained some advantage near Apernay yesterday, which opens that place to their armies. They bombarded Epernay for a time. The Mobiles and Franco Tireurs fought courageously, but were unable to contend against the vigorous artillery fire of the enemy.

FONTAINBLEAU, Oct. 4.—A detachment of Prussians several hundred strong, made an attack on the Francs Tireurs near here, to-day, and were handsomely repulsed. The Prussians retired towards Chailly.

LONDON, 5th.—The French army now in Algeria, number 30,000 men, demand to be recalled, to resist the Prussians.

M. Lowan, editor of the Paris *Pays* has been arrested. The charges brought against him have not been made public yet.

Mr. Smith, a Leeds banker, well known for his charities, was killed yesterday by a fall from a horse.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 5.—A boiler exploded at the establishment of Duke & Co., yesterday; two killed. The buildings in the neighborhood were badly damaged.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 5.—The budged for 1870 was laid before the Chambers yesterday, and is very satisfactory.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—Affairs in Strasbourg have resumed their ordinary course so promptly that the correspondents say it is difficult to realize the late events.

SAARBRUCKEN, Oct. 4.—The garrison at Metz makes sorties every day, but without important results. The French are always driven back with loss.

Marshal Bazaine, in command there, adheres to the Emperor.

A large cavalry brigade has gone to Tours.

Paris is surrounded by trenches, rifle pits, barricades, and other temporary defences, the villas in the suburbs and the walls of the cottages are loopholed for rifles.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—The foreign legation has left Tours. Its destination is unknown.

A serious engagement occurred in the Forest of Fontainebleau, near Chailly, yesterday.

The *Telegraph* has a number of despatches relating to the rumoured death of Gen. Von Moltke.

The editor, in his comments, expressed the opinion that the lead coffin which passed through Chalons and Toul contained the remains of the great Prussian General.

BERLIN, Oct. 5—The following is official: The manifesto dated at Wilhelmshohe, and signed by Napoleon, which was first published in *La Situation*, at London, is entirely unknown here, and is, doubtless, apochryphal.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—The correspondent at Boulogne sends word to-day that he has news from Versailles of the safe return from Paris of Gen. Burnside and Colonel Forbes.

It is understood the garrison of Paris now consists of 350,000 National Guards, 50,000 regulars of the line, and 300,000 Garde Mobiles; these regiments and battalions are drilled incessantly, and it is confidently believed in the city that the army of Paris alone will, at no distant date, be more than able to assume the offensive with success against the invading forces. There has been no street rioting or fighting whatever, and all stories to that effect are utter and absolute fabrications.

The whole German force now occupying the lines before Paris consist of seven army corps, numbering 280,000 men, besides cavalry, which will probably bring the total up to 330,000 or 340,000.

The German works at Billencourt have been shelled by French gunboats on the Seine, which were only driven off after considerable slaughter of the German troops. There is a great deal of sickness in the German encampment.

OSTEND, October 5.—The Frankfort *Gazette* publishes a series of articles by Herr Carl Vogt, the great German naturalist, against the annexation of Alsace and Loraine. Herr Vogt protests even against the annexation of such places as Metz and Strasbourg.

The Belgian papers are filled with accounts of attack made on scattered German outposts by the peasantry.

In St. Dizier a detachment of German troops was fired on, and many killed and wounded.

A strong force was sent to levy a fine of 500,000 francs for the offence, but the Mayor invited the officer commanding to burn the town, saying that he neither dared nor would execute any such order.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says:—The President has decided to pardon all Fenian prisoners who were engaged in the late raid, and by the 10th inst. they will all be free, General O'Neil among the rest. This is done by the President because he thinks they have been sufficiently punished, and because they promise to respect the laws of the country in future. Petitions for the release of these men have come from all parts of the country, and from all classes of people.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The S. S. *Westphalia* did not sail this evening, owing, it is supposed, to the fact that the French corvette *Touche Treville* left the harbour this afternoon.

SUMMARY.

DOMINION.

Montreal has sharp frost regularly now.

Peterboro' has still had another fire.

Rev. E. Styleman Herring is in London.

Mrs. and Miss Archibald are gone to Fort Garry.

A number of imported horses were a feature at the Western fair.

Fogs in the St. Lawrence have caused serious interruption to navigation.

Cornwall is going to sell one hundred and twenty breed sheep in a fortnight.

A newspaper is to be started in Park Hill.

Stratford complains of a dearth of local news.

Mitchell has had the Aurora Borealis as well as other places.

A thief in the township of Hibbert is making the lives of the farmers a burden.

Matrimony has again appeared in Wroxeter and carried off six couples.

St. John's, (Q.), is exporting a vast quantity of hay to the United States.

Quebec has actually a bigamy case on trial.

Two tar stills and a condenser have been destroyed by fire at Petrolia.

Fifty-three oil wells are being bored in the neighborhood of Petrolia.

Quebec papers are discussing the use of traction engines.

The village of Listowel boasts of its progress.

Orchard robbing is conducted on a wholesale scale in Seaforth.

An old man has outraged Montreal virtue by stealing a sovereign from his employer.

A Western village boasts that a building 29 x 60 is being put up in its midst.

The Salt Company in Mitchell is likely to collapse.

Kent County is doing five thousand dollars worth of draining.

In the neighborhood of Stratford wheat will not yield more than 10 bushels an acre.

Mitchell says business is improving, and high prices are paid for all kinds of produce.

An inhabitant of Gue'ph has been arrested for larceny, to the confusion of the community.

Cornwall calls a man who absconds without paying his debts an "erratic individual.

A robbery of two hundred and forty dollars has taken place in Simcoe, to the agitation of the community.

London township has a pedagogue ninety six years old. He is one of the old masters.

We notice that the *Ida* has won the open yacht race at Kingston. This is the sixth victory this year, without a single defeat.

London has received the first cargo of steel rails for the Great Western Railway.

There is at present a great demand for both skilled and unskilled labour in Stratford.

William Mercer, the lad who murdered Joel Dean, was tried at the Goderich assizes and found guilty. He was sentenced to be hung on the 29th day of December.

The contract for the erection of the new asylum for the blind, at Brantford, has been awarded to Messrs. Kempster & Co., of Hamilton.

Buckingham township is raising funds for the sufferers by the Ottawa fires. Let us hope that the subscriptions will be sufficiently liberal to enable us to exclaim with King Richard *"So much for Buckingham."*

The gangs of workmen lately engaged in taking up the third rail on the Great Western, between Chatham and Windsor, are now at work on the Sarnia branch, taking up the old rails and laying down new.

Mr. Senecal, M. P., is the contractor for the building of the Richelieu, Drummond and Arthabaska Railway. He is to construct the road, build stations, workshops, bridges, with the exception of the Yamaska River bridge, for $5,000 per mile.

An accident, unfortunately attended with fatal results, occurred in Belleville on Friday morning. A boy named Thomas Hart, employed in the Eagle mill, was engaged near a coupling shaft, and coming too near it was caught by the belting, carried round the shaft, and completely stripped of his clothing, and pounded fearfully until thrown from the machinery. He was instantly killed, his arm being severed and remaining hanging on the shaft; his body mangled in a shocking manner.

The Provincial Exhibition.

FIRST DAY—BAD WEATHER AND PLENTY OF MUD.

From the Toronto Telegraph.

From an early hour yesterday morning the streets of the city were crammed with umbrellas and mackintoshes, covered teams and glaze-covered wagons, journeying exhibition-ward. The rain came down and the wind blew, but the heavy drays continued in a ceaseless stream to plash through mud and mire, burdened with their costly freights. The street cars and extemporised omnibusses drove a flourishing business; and in spite of the inclement weather, Toronto had a holiday and a festive appearance. Strangers arrived in vast numbers by the morning trains, and they spent the day as best suited their tastes, either in saloons or on the filthy streets. About 150 visited the *Daily Telegrph* office and inspected the machinery and various departments. Others ventured to the island, but a more desolate God-forsaken stripe of earth was never seen. It would have killed Juan Fernandez in a week. A few went through the public buildings, and several visited the City Hall in expectation of seeing some of the notabilities of the Corporation. About ten o'clock there was a general rush toward the Crystal palace, which continued until late in the afternoon. There was nothing charming about the Palace. The roads, walks, avenues and grass were one moving mass of 12 inch mud, which played sad havoc with the Sunday gaiters of our country cousins, and put them in mind of the back-country boreens after a heavy thaw. A few energetic capitalists had opened peanut stands; one man was offering soda water without takers; boys were peddling cigars without [illegible] customers; while the general public was hurrying forward their goods and placing their articles in their proper departments. Toward night the crowd increased and the whole building became a scene of the greatest bustle and activity. About 6 p.m. the door and gates were closed and the weather began to improve. The clouds cleared off, the stars shone out and there was promise of a fine morning.

The general public will be admitted today after nine o'clock, a. m., on payment of 25 cents per human through four side gates, leading into the grounds from King street, and through two gates leading from the leading depots of the Railways. At each of these gates are placed turnstiles, which indicate the number of people who pass through the gates, and thus enable the management to keep a reliable check on their gate-keepers. Four of these turnstiles are of iron, and were manufactured in Britain. They cost the Association $160 each, while the remaining two, which are of Canadian manufacture and are made of wood, cost but $40 each. It remains to be seen whether the Canadian turnstiles are as efficacious as the others. They have, affixed to a cylinder, four arms, or transcepts, the space between each, when when moving in the cylinder, allows one person to enter, and this entrance effects a fourth of a revolution of the cylinder, which marks one on the dial situated on the top of the turnstile, and which is contained in a recess made a lock and key. The six turnstiles are capable of indicating an aggregate up to 99,000.

Police arrangements for the due preservation of order about the fair grounds, and vicinity, and for the capturing of thieves, pickpockets, thimble-riggers, sweating board runners, *et hoc genus omne* have been made. A commodious police station has been erected within the enclosure, and Sergeant Stewart has been deputed to take charge of a *posse* of twelve of the city police force, who will be on duty night and day during the week. A number of "specials have been sworn in to co-operate with the force, and these are being utilized for station duty.

Horses are housed in the stables situated immediately to the east of the curriculum. A good many of them were on the ground yesterday, but the chill and heavy wet compelled the owners to keep doors closed as much as possible, and the animals closely blanketed, thus rendering an attempt at description impossible. The same remark applied to most of the other departments of live stock.

CATTLE.

The Durhams were nearly all on the ground. Messrs. Snell, Miller, and Stone's herds arrived in the afternoon. But few Devons or Herefords were there. Messrs. Grey and Wheeler with their herds of Ayrshires put in an appearance. Messrs. McCrae, McNeill, and Hood, the competitors in herds of Galloways, had all their cattle on the ground. But few grade or fat cattle had arrived yesterday.

PIGS.

Of these animals the most of the entries are on the ground. The pens are situated in the south east section of the grounds. Some of them are built against the fence with the others running parallel. They are are partially covered, and exhibitors complain strongly of their inadequacy and uncomfortableness. The small breeds and especially the Essex pigs are the most punctual in appearance.

THE FLORAL HALL.

In this building, which is the same length as the Palace which runs parallel thereto, to the north of it, fruit, vegetables, grain, seeds, dairy products, floral entries, domestic wines, &c., &c., were being arranged under the supervision of Mr. James Fleming. When the entries are all properly arranged the *ensemble* will be very fine.

THE POULTRY SHED,

which has been built for the occasion, is situated a few yards to the northeast of the floral hall. It is a most commodious building, 200 x 30 feet, and contains 270 coops, only three or four of which were filled yesterday. Mr. John Shaw who so ably supervised this department, last year, at London, has charge again this year.

OUTSIDE THE PALACE

were a number of agricultural implements, machines and wagons, scattered about in a rather promiscuous manner.

INSIDE.

On entering the Palace and proceeding to the Machinery Department, at the east end of the main building, we find the arrangement of the various articles of machinery and hardware in a forward state towards completion.

Here follows an enumeration of articles in the interior of the immense building. They occupy too much space to permit of our given even a short synopsis, suffice it to say, they embrace everything manufactured in Canada, from a pin to a huge organ; from a photograph to a huge oil painting. The live stock entries fill several pages of the Toronto *Telegraph* printed in small type. Although the weather was bad for the opening day the exhibition is a grand success.

Court of Assize.

MR. JUSTICE HAGARTY PRESIDING.

OTTAWA, Oct. 5, 1870.

The Court opened this morning at nine o'clock.

Eastman *vs.* Conn—This was an action of nuisance brought by plaintiff for damages done to his property by the erection of a dam, in consequence of which the land was flooded and injured, and a cellar rendered unfit for use. In fact it decides the right of the mill owners at Burritt's Rapids to maintain their mill dam.

John Eastman sworn—I am the plaintiff in this case; I live above the dam; in the spring of 1865 the south part of the dam was swept away; I was not troubled with the water in '65; Messrs. Conn, Kerr, and Andrews commenced building a new dam in April, '65, which made the water rise higher and threw it back upon my property; Mr. Andrews was the chief proprietor; After Mr. Andrews left Mr. Conn spoke to me about raising the water a few inches higher, when I stated that if he allowed me $300 I would let him do so; Thompson said if I wanted the water down I must enter an action; my cellar is not five hundred yards above the bulkhead; the water rose so high as to flood my cellar; I lost a lot of beef; I estimate I have been damaged by the water to the amount of $40; I would not take that for the damage to my cellar alone; this spring the water was over three feet in my cellar.

Reed Waldo, sworn—I measured the bulkhead and found it to rise 5ft. 1in. in 1865; it has been about that for four or five years; it was not that high before the new dam was built; the dam was built by Terence Smith. I worked about the mill in 1868; I found the floor of the bulkhead about level; there was formerly no upright posts in the dam; they were erected for a platform; I am well acquainted with Mr. Eastman's land; it is more flooded than formerly; Mr. Eastman's house was built before the dam. It was raised up on account of the water.

Robt. Lang, sworn—I am a Civil Engineer; I drew the plan produced; the dam at its lowest is 4 ft. 1½ inches, at its highest 4 ft. 4 inches above the bulkhead. The height of extreme high water above Eastman's house is 9 feet 8 inches; I took the line of level along the stream; I found the stone in front of Eastman's house 3 ft. 3 in. above the bulkhead; I swear the map produced is a correct survey of the dam and the land marks.

Cross-examined—I did not go into Eastman's cellar; the height of the dam above the bulkhead is four feet one and a half inches; the stone in front of the house in the dam is a boulder.

Fordyce L. Waldo sworn—In 1848 Mr. Burritt was going to enter an action against French; it was left to arbitration; dam was cut down to 3 ft. 3 in. Things went all serene for 4 years; after that, dam began to settle in places; they put on flush boards to make up for leaks; think Mr. French died eleven years ago; Mr. Meikle came into possession and repaired the dam; I had a conversation with Mr. Conn; Mr. Conn said he wished to have the water at its present height or two or three inches higher and he would pay for the damage he asked how much I would take for my part of the dam; the first posts were broken by ice; there are new ones there now; the natural flow of the water above the bulkhead was 3 ft. 3. in; the ditch was sunk for the purpose of draining the land which I now own; when the dam is level full there is only a little water in it; Eastman went to live there in '65; I heard no complaints until after the alterations and the new dam was built; I know that the stone in the old dam was quite visible, now it is one and a half feet under water. The stone is a water mark; before the dam was built you could walk over on the old road, now it is 3 feet under water; it is usual to stop the dam when the water is below 3 feet 3 inches.

Cross-examined—The height of the flume is over 5 feet and a half; the height of the bulk head is 9 or 10 inches over flume. The ditch I spoke of was dry a number of years ago; I recollect when French's dam was built, over 20 years ago, there was a difficulty about it; there is a dam built across the stream at Burritt's rapids; the dam is built across the river; the dam is built of stone and earth on my side; there is a stone wing to the dam on my side of the river; my poperty is not marshy ground; the ground next the river is high land; the stone below the bridge is a large boulder, in the creek at high water it would be covered a couple of inches; Kidd's dam broke about the 12th of April last spring; I never saw the water as high as last year; the bank of the Rideau is mud; I have seen sometimes the water as high as the Burritt's rapids, I saw the water backing up against the dam below the rapids; Long Island dam is twenty miles below the rapids; the freshets in the spring keep rising for 6 or 7 weeks; when there was no mill dam we were never troubled with water; there was lower land that was never covered with water, and now it is always submerged; I was intimate with Mr. Burritt; he is living near Collingwood; Mr. Reed is in the occupation of Mr. Burritt's place now; he was there 12 years ago; I was present when Mr. Lang surveyed it; it was along the floor of the flume he surveyed; properly speaking the floor of the flume is 10 inches lower than the bulkhead.

Mr. Meickle surveyed and levelled off the dam to 3 feet 3 inches above the bulkhead in 1859; the dam sunk down, and I rebuilt it to the fair level in 1860.

Benjamin Reed sworn—I formerly lived at Burritt's Rapids; I lived in the house Mr. Eastman now occupies; I remained there from 1854 to 1860; I occupied the house as well as the saw mill; I worked the mill; in 1854 the sill of a waist gait was one of my marks; I have another mark not far from the shore; I can see the mark now by going in a canoe; there was another mark, a stone in front of the house; I formerly stood on it to wash my hands; when I lived there the water in the cellar was never over my shoes; the whole cellar has been raised about 3 feet since I was there; Mr. Kidd's mill stands on a rock; if I did not raise my gates it would be dry; on Eastman's land, where I formerly grew potatoes, it is now covered with marsh grass.

Cross-examined—I went there in '54; I left there in '60; I was notified to appear here as a witness; I was up at Burritt's Rapids on business; Eastman told me then I was required as a witness in this case; I did not go down to the flume; when I first went there the sleepers were on the rough stones; there was only a piece of it covered with boards; there is a portion of the old floor there yet; the cellar floor now is higher than it was; there was no water on the floor last week; when I lived there there was no water in the cellar.

Mr. Eastman recalled—I raised my cellar 3 feet altogether; I had to take my potatoes out of the cellar 2 years running the water rose so high. The water got into my cellar every year; after the dam was raised the water was on the lower floor 7 inches all the time.

Mr. P. Dupensee sworn—I purchased the mill from Mr. Meikle; in 1859 I put 1,000 bushels of potatoes in the cellar; now the cellar is spoiled for putting anything into it; Mr. Campbell levelled it off according to the arbitrators' award. During Mr. Meickle's time I was never troubled with the water; Mr. Andrews purchased some property, and he said he intended to build a new dam and raise the walls higher. I can easily raise the water higher, and he said to me, "You can allow me to rise the water a little higher in the winter;" I complained it would leave me too much ice in the spring; immediately after he built the dam we found the water was higher; the stone opposite Eastman's house used to be dry, now it is covered; land that I used to plough for potatoes (about an acre) is now all rank grass.

Cross-examined—I went into the house in 1859; I put the raised floor in the house after the dam was raised.

Mrs. Dupensee sworn—I went to live there the fall before the dam was commenced building; it was an excellent cellar then; now I am afraid to go into it; after Mr. Andrews commenced building the mill, the stones which before were visible became covered.

Cross-examined.—I am a half sister of plaintiff; Mr. Meickle was filling the cellar up in 1859 with stones, so as to make a good floor in it.

FOR THE DEFENCE.

Mr. Burchell, Surveyor, was sworn and said that the whole mill had sunk about 11 inches, and that the bulkhead would sink the same as a natural consequence; that in raising the dam above the usual height allowance was make for the sinking of the bulkhead.

Wm. Purcival, sworn—Had worked for Mr. Eastman thirty years or so ago. The ground adjoining the mills was not as wet and swampy as it is now.

Mr Witmark, sworn, said there were always heavy floods in the spring; that the water as a general rule during the summer was not much higher than in former years. This witness was examined at considerable length.

Mr. Black said there were better crops on Plaintiff's land this year than formerly, and that he (Eastman) could not grumble. The new dam is 10 inches higher than the old one.

Hugh Conn, one of the defendants, was sworn and said—I have been living near the rapids for 20 years; I know Mr. Kerr; he is 75 years of age; his memory is not good; my attention was particularly drawn to the state of the land; I had a conversation with Messrs. Eastman and Waldo; I wanted to see on what terms I could get leave to raise the dam, but they took no action about it.

W. Burchell recalled—I measured the bulk head in 1869. It was then 4 feet 2 inches, and last Saturday I found it 4 feet and half an inch, which shows that it is sinking.

Several other witnesses were called, whose evidence corroborated that of Mr. Conn and the others who had preceded them.

The Court then adjourned to reassemble at half-past nine o'clock this morning.

They are said to keep an accurate account of the flocks and herds now sheltered and shortly to be "quartered" in Paris. It is said to be done in a big book. Thus, the cattle in the Bois de Boulogne are on the beef page: the sheep in the Vircennes are on the mutton page; while the ravenous wild animals in the Jardin des Plantes are on the rampage.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.
An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off
For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

Almost all young ladies in our city dress all out of reach of the young men of their class—a strong argument against marriage in the minds of many a would-be husband.

"Thin slippers and nothing on her shoulders" is pronounced as the sudden cause of the demise of a fashionable Saratoga lady who danced all night and expired next day.

The laundry bill of a Newport woman averaged this season about one hundred dollars a week. She paid seven dollars for having one "dress done." Eight yards of ruffling was the trouble about the dress.

Miss Lizzie Barrigan is the champion swimmer of Charlestown, Mass. She can swim faster and further, dive deeper and come out dryer than any one else in the place, and altogether she is a "duck of a woman."

As many of our readers may not know the best manner of cleaning black lace, the following are the directions for doing so:—Sponge the lace carefully with [illegible] and wind it around a bottle to dry. If touched with an iron it would look glossy and flattened. Some people fill the bottle with warm water, which causes the lace to dry more quickly. It must not be placed too near the fire as it would give it a [illegible] appearance.

Ladies and Children's Fancy [illegible] Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from [illegible] to $2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

MARRIED.

On Wednesday, 5th October, at St. [illegible] Church, Ottawa, by the Rev. J. [illegible], Incumbent of the Church of St. James [illegible] Montreal, and uncle of the bride, John Courtney, Esq., of the Treasury, second son of F. Courtney, Esq., of Alverton, Penzance, Cornwall, England, to Mary Elizabeth Sophia, daughter of Penninge Taylor, Esq., Deputy [illegible] and Clerk Assistant of the Senate of Canada.

On the evening of the 3rd instant (at the residence of Richard Nettle, Esq., of the Inland Revenue Department, uncle to the bride) by the Rev. T. Garrett, B.A., W. Birch [illegible] to Elizabeth Blanche Bastaff, widow of the late [illegible] Wordley Ebbs, Esq., both of this city.

On the 5th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Wm. Moore, James [illegible], eldest son of Mr. James Thompson, merchant, [illegible] Annie Sarah, only daughter of Mr. Wm. [illegible], confectioner, and niece of the late Mr. [illegible] Thomson, confectioner, both of this city.

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

WILL OPEN THEIR

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM

—ON—

FRIDAY, 7TH OCTOBER,

With a Grand Display of latest LONDON Styles in MILLINERY and MANTLES, Ex S. S. "PERUVIAN."

—COMPRISING THE LATEST STYLES IN—

STRAW VELVET and TERRY BONNETS,

STRAW, FELT and VELVET HATS

DRESS CAPS, HEAD DRESSES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c.

MANTLES.

They invite special attention to their stock of French and German JACKETS made by French and German Tailors out of beautiful materials, cut and made in a superior manner.

All purchased during the great Panic, at a little more than half the prices.

MANTLE CLOTHS,

In all the leading Cloths and Colors.

WATERPROOF CLOAKS, in new styles, ready-made, and made to Order.

SHAWLS.

CLAN TARTAN WOOL and PAISLEY SHAWLS, in variety.

Orders for Millinery and Mantles executed by good experienced hands, with promptness and despatch.

Ladies are invited to call and see the new styles, whether wishing to purchase or not.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

LOST.

My accepted Check on Ontario Bank for $346 32. Any person returning same will be suitably rewarded.

P. POULIN.

Ottawa, Oct. 5, 1870.

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (31 Vic. Cap. 36.) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 13th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY of FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES,
Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks.

Ottawa, Oct. 5, 1870.

Continued from first page.

...fellows; by their courageous asser... of the truth, by their benevolence ...their mercifulness, but most of all by ...prayers they blessed the world and ...God. Nothing in the universe is ...ldier than prayer. In the past ages it ...wrought miracles, and in our day it ...has effectual whatever the sceptic ...the sooner may think or say about it ...the 8th chapter of Revelations, and at ...3rd verse, we have an angel "stand... at the altar having a golden censer, ...there was given to him much incense ...he should offer it with the prayers of ...saints upon the golden altar which stood ...fore the throne. And the smoke of the ...incense, which came with the ...prayers of the saints, ascended ...before God out of the angel's ...hand, and the angel took the censer and ...filled it with fire of the altar, and cast it ...upon the earth; and there were voices and ...utterings and lightning and an earth... ...Thus are we admonished of the ...efficacy of faithful prayer: the thunderings ...the lightnings, and the earthquake ...are intended no doubt, to pourtray the ...and omnipotent, the "wondrous power ...of faithful prayer." The saints were bless... ...in their lives and they are blessed in ...their death. The death of the saints again ...precious in the sight of the Lord, be... ...they are the meed of Christ's suffer... ...By faith in the better speaking ...land, their hearts were renovated and so ...made perfect as to have become fit tem... ...for the indwelling of God. This was ...the joy that had been set before him." ...to them he saw accomplished the travail ...his soul and was satisfied. And now ...they are coming home. Now they are ...on the margin and expect to die. Now ...they are putting off the outward man and ...preparing to be clothed upon with their ...house which is from heaven. Ransomed by ...the out of every nation, and people, and ...tongue, having overcome the world, ...they hear the summons to depart and be ...with Christ which is far better. Such ...are their experience and such their con... ...we are just come to the brink of the river, ...and marvellous that Him whom they have ...loved unseen should manifest all his pres... ...comes and give them to feel that ...they are precious in his sight. The ...saints are precious also because of their ...unwavering confidence in Christ. Again ...and again the faithful pastor and other ...friends of the sick and dying have been ...moved to say, with a certain writer, "By ...many death-beds I have been, but never ...saw any like this." Each new instance of ...the triumph of faith and the supreme con... ...of the Gospel in the last hour ...appeared to be more illustrious than ...have witnessed. Many have I known, ...who looking with calm trust and confidence ...to Him who is able to save to the utter ...most, have just at the point to die ex... ...Though I walk through the val... ...of the shadow of death I will fear no ...evil; for thou art with me; thy rod and ...thy staff they comfort me." No evil moral, ...no evil physical. With a Christian poet ...departing Saint often sings:

And must this body die;
This well wrought frame decay?
And must these active limbs of mine,
Lie mouldering in the clay?
Corruption, earth and worms
Shall but refine this flesh,
Till my triumphant spirit comes
To put it on afresh.
Arrayed in glorious grace
Shall these vile bodies shine,
And every face and every shape
Be heavenly and divine.

...there no evil here then? David ...said, "I will fear no evil," or as para... ...Strike King of Terrors I fear not ...thy blow." No! no, the visions of glory ...shall illumine and consecrate the last ...hour of the escaping spirit so neutralize ...the natural dread of the last enemy ...that he is completely foiled and discom... ...and in holy rapture the saint of God ...can say, O Death! where is thy sting? ...Grave! where is thy victory? Thanks ...unto God who giveth me the victory ...through our Lord Jesus Christ. The ...aged man of Uz evidently anticipated ...this triumph when he said "I know ...that my Redeemer liveth and that he ...shall stand at the latter day upon the ...earth; and though after my skin worms ...destroy this body, yet in my flesh shall I ...see God: whom I shall see for myself and ...mine eyes shall behold and not another; ...though my reins be consumed within me." ...The dying saint fears no evil, for he ...has built upon a rock and is secure of en... ...into rest, perfect eternal rest. ...Blessed, "from henceforth, blessed are ...the dead that die in the Lord, yea, saith ...the spirit, for they rest from their labors ...and their works follow them. And yet ...it would seem to be much in some ...way to disturb and afflict the dying man ...of God. Here is a father suddenly brought ...face to face with the grim phantom. He ...is surrounded with wife and children ...whom he loves as his own soul, and ...for whom he yearns with a tenderness ...which words are impotent to express. ...They have all been accustomed to lean ...upon him for support, and to them he has ...been the source of supply and the arm of ...protection. He looks at them with a hun... ...longing love. O! who will tell the depth ...and power of that affection? Perhaps ...there is a very little child among them, ...the darling of this manly heart, and upon ...while one's face his regards are rivet... ...with an intensity of meaning which ...only the eyes of dying parents can show; ...his loyal, gentle wife, and these tender ...pledges he can and does commit to the ...care of the fatherless in perfect confi... ...that He will be their friend and ...father. Faith soars above fear even in ...view of that little flock, and the pain of ...leaving more than soothed, it is over... ...God is there. The death of ...saints is precious, in as much as it exhib... ...the faithfulness of God. It is precious ...to living who witness the Divine pres... ...and see how abundantly he fulfils ...his promises in nature's darkest hour. ...To the death of God's people is precious ...as it introduces them to His right ...hand where there is fullness of joy ...and pleasures for ever more." During ...the earthly pilgrimage He watched their ...every step; loved, counselled, and defen... ...them. As a shade on their right ...hand, while passing through the wilder... ...he has shielded them from the sun's ...scorching ray; has seen the tears upon their ...cheek in the hour of trial and agony, but ...marked how courageously they fought ...the good fight and conquered their ...foes. And now the warfare's ...over and the faithful soldiers are putting ...off the harness, never again to go into ...battle. As a father who looks with pride ...upon his noble son who has distinguished ...himself in honorable fields, so God de... ...in his saints. Their strife here was ...a educational preparation for the ...glorious ship of the church and assem... ...of the first born, whose names are writ... ...in heaven. And as a father chastises ...those whom he dearly loves, that he ...may learn wisdom and obedience, so the ...heavenly Father has often permitted them ...to be tried, and may himself have used ...the rod, but it was that they might be ...partakers of His. Now they have attained ...to the majesty; now they enter upon their ...inheritable possessions. During our ...minority our earthly parents keep us in ...subjection and control, but when after ...we come of age if a son has proved ...himself worthy for important trusts the father ...formally introduces him into new scenes ...of responsibilities, and makes over to ...him the means necessary to enable him to ...commence life on his own account. In ...the same way the Father Everlasting, ...who has human offspring have passed ...through their minority, introduces them ...into the citizenship of heaven, and to all ...the privileges and felicities which are in rever... ...they are the heirs of immortality. Precious, ...even in the sight of the Lord, is the death ...of His saints, because it is the consumma... ...of their day of trial, and the ...commencement of their introduction to in... ...blessedness. Eye hath not ...seen, ear hath not heard, nor hath it en... ...into the heart the things which God hath prepared for those those that love him. They hunger no more, neither thirst any more. The Lamb who is in the midst of the Throne shall lead them to fountains of living water, and all tears shall be for ever wiped away from their eyes. They have not lived in vain, nor died in vain, and now they are forever with the Lord.'

The subject of death is not one calculated to excite pleasant emotions in all minds, but it is none the less proper to dwell upon. In our natural blindness death is mostly regarded as an unwelcome intruder, who rudely disarranges the harmony of our households, and whose dread approach jars sadly upon our social delights. This is particularly the case when like an armed man he comes upon us suddenly and wrests from our embraces companions and friends of whose removal we had not so much as conceived the thought. In this way he came upon the home of our esteemed brother, the demise of whose beloved partner we mourn and sorrow over, though not as those who have no hope. This noble christian lady had hardly attained the zenith and full developement of womanhood, and her benign influence was only culminating to its loftiest point when death laid her low. It is very sad to the survivors but, we are very sure it is not sad for her. We cannot make such an event harmonize with our limited conception of the fitness of things, but God rules in righteousness, and although his paths are past finding out, we know he doeth all things well. It was my high privilege to make acquaintance with the deceased lady shortly after her arrival in this country, and I was present at her nuptials. From the fine mind she possessed and the well developed Christian character she had established, much was hoped for in the way of influence in the society she was called to move in, and these hopes were not disappointed. For the two years which preceded my translation to this city, Mrs. Punshon was a member of one of the two classes I superintended in Toronto, and I had therefore abundant opportunities of learning her state of mind. She was uniformly of a confiding, hopeful and humble frame, never arrogant or vaunting. In her company and that of her honored husband, the President of the Conference, I travelled for one full month, and it was to me a source of constant delight to mark the perfect soul rest which existed between them. Their constant aim seemed to be the glory of God and the promotion of each other's happiness. The suddenness of the catastrophe which has snatched her away from him has no doubt lacerated and anguished his heart, but his firm faith and trust in the wisdom and goodness of the Divine Father have not been one moment shaken. "At even tide there shall be light." Very soon after her establishment in Toronto, our departed sister inaugurated a system of household visitation among the poor and the sick, and her labors and example were greatly blessed. In the promotion of an important work which our Connexion have contemplated for some time—the erection of a large and imposing metropolitan church edifice—she did much, and to her zeal and enthusiasm may be in part at least attributed the success which has crowned the effort. But amid these engagements, and at the comparatively early early age of 37 years she was taken hence. In the midst of her home joys, and when anticipating the more tender and more sacred delights of maternity, the Master willed that she should die. But though dead she yet speaketh. She is only gone before, not lost, for her example and influence will survive the wreck of the earthly tabernacle. She is gone from the church militant to the church triumphant, and at this moment is realizing in a measure which we cannot conceive, the ineffable bliss of the glorified in heaven.

From this painful visitation of Divine Providence let us wisely endeavor to draw the lesson it is intended to teach, and which the living are so averse to learn, namely, that in the midst of life we are in death, and that we know not what a day may bring forth. Again and again we have heard the great Teacher saying, "Be ye therefore also ready, for in such an hour as ye think not the son of man cometh," and most emphatically does he say so again to you and to me this evening. Let us then so live that we may inherit the blessedness pronounced upon the servants whom the Lord at his coming shall find watching. Amen.

LOCAL NEWS.

☞See endless variety of made up WINCEY, QUILTED LUSTER and Satin Under Skirts, also CORSETS, this day at Magee & Russell's.

Marshall's Comedy and Burlesque troupe plays in Arnprior to-night.

☞Show Room opening day 7th October, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's.

We believe the Marshall troupe will be succeeded at Her Majesty's Theatre by an acrobatic troupe from New York.

A new lighthouse has been erected in the Ottawa near the mouth of the Blanche.

☞Ladies are invited to see Garland, Mutchmor & Co's grand display of Millinery and Mantles to-morrow.

☞Latest Styles out, in Millinery and Mantles, will be shewn at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's, on Friday 7th October.

☞See magnificent show of Autumn Trimmed Straw and Velvet Bonnets and Hats this day at Magee & Russell s.

A farmer who came a distance of about 40 miles to town the other day had to drive home with one horse, the other dying shortly after his arrival.

☞See the Richest and most elegant Exhibition of Millinery and Mantles ever shown in the Metropolis this day at Magee & Russell's.

RUNAWAY.—A horse with a buggy attached made a short runaway in lower town yesterday, but without doing any damage.

☞See elegant styles in pattern JACKETS, MANTLES, TARTAN WRAPS, WATERPROOF CLOAKS, OPERA CLOAKS and Costumes this day at Magee & Russell's.

☞See beautiful display of Flowers, Feathers, Ribbons, Laces, Dress Caps, Head Dresses, this day at Magee & Russell's.

☞See all the leading novelties in MANTLE CLOTHS, Costume Cloths, with Trimmings to match, this day at Magee & Russell's.

POLICE COURT—Wednesday—There was only one case of—drunkenness—this morning at the Police Court. The offender, an old man, was sent to gaol for a couple of weeks.

SOCIAL.—The "Young Irishmen's Debating Club" will give their first Social entertainment in St. Patrick's Hall this evening. Sutherland's band is engaged for the occasion, and we have no doubt a pleasant evening will be spent by those who attend.

MEETING IN GLOUCESTER.—At a public meeting held in Gloucester on Saturday last resolutions were passed recommending the County Council not to borrow any money from the Ontario Government on the terms offered, but that if money should be required to relieve any destitution the Council should make a grant for the purpose.

THE JAPANESE—Remember the entertainment to be given this evening in the Music Hall by the above troupe of acrobats, tumblers and jugglers. Wherever this troupe have been, almost incredible accounts have been given of their wonderful and astounding feats, and those who go to the Hall this evening may expect to witness performances, the like of which has never been witnessed in Ottawa.

THE MARKET—Wednesday—There was a pretty good attendance on the market this morning.

Potatoes sold at 45 to 50 cts per bushel.
Butter, 25 cents in print.
Onions, $2 per bushel.
Turkeys each, from 60 cts to $1.20.
Fowl, 40 to 50cts per couple.
Hay, $18 to $20 per ton.
Pork, $9 to $10 per 100 pounds.

PRESENTATION.—Yesterday evening Mr. James Purcell, one of Mr. Baldwin's foremen, was presented with an address, accompanied with a handsome gold watch and chain, valued at $200. This is in recognition of Mr. Purcell's very effective services during the late fire. Mr. Purcell made an appropriate reply to the address, after which refreshments were partaken of, and the company separated. The watch was bought at Mr. Pace's.

HOW HE GOT HIS WHISKEY.—Sullivan the solitary individual at the Police Court yesterday morning, and who was sent to gaol for the good of his body and soul, took a frequently tried plan of obtaining money with which to get drunk. It appears he went to almost every clergyman in the city, representing himself as a Catholic to one, a Presbyterian to another and so on making pitiful statements to each until he had obtained money enough to have a "burst." When taken to the police station he had only five cents in his pocket.

RACE.—A race came off yesterday on Mr. Mutchmore's race course, Bank street, between Mr. Connelly's horse and Mr. Stethem's mare. The race was a mile dash, two youngsters acting as jockeys, and bravely putting on the whip and spir. After some heavy bets had been put up in favor of each side the horses were started, the mare taking the lead by about fifty yards during the first half mile, the horse, however, running up during the other half tnd coming in ahead of the mare by about one hundred yards. We hope such occurrences as this are only the precursors of a grand race, which we hope to see come off this fall.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—On Monday night an accident of a very painful nature occurred to the captain of a barge loading at the Chaudiere. It appears that on the afternoon of Monday he came to town to see some friends, and that he remained until a pretty late hour. Monday night, as may be remembered, was very dark, which with his being unfamiliar with the road caused him to loose his way. He crossed the Suspension Bridge, and not knowing whither he was going, walked on till he came to some lights which he saw in the distance, and which were those of a limekiln. Here he was told by the men that he had gone astray, and they directed him as well as they could how to find his way back. He started off but again betook himself to the wrong road, and before going far fell into an old limekiln, about 50 feet deep in the centre, breaking the thigh of one leg and smashing the knee cap of the other.

Fire in Hull.

Last evening about 10 o'clock a fire broke out in Messrs. E. B. Eddy & Co's. pail and match warehouse at Hull. The fire broke out in the paint room on the third story, at the extreme north end of the building, and extended along the second and third floors to the other end. The large force pump on the premises was at once put in operation, and along with the Chaudiere and Hull engines poured a large and continuous stream of water on the burning building. About a thousand cases of matches were stored on the first floor, but were got out in a damaged condition before any of them became ignited. A large number of pails, probably some thousands, were burned, but fortunately the fire was kept from extending any further. The origin of the fire is unknown. There had been no fire in the paint room during the day, nor had anyone been at work there since six o'clock. If it had not been for the plentiful supply of water and the exertions made by the firemen and the employees of Messrs. Eddy & Co's. establishment, one of our most important manufactories would have been destroyed.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

WANTED.

By a lady who has had many years experience in leading Hotels, a situation as HOUSE-KEEPER, either in a private family or hotel. The highest references given if necessary. Application to be made to Mrs Fraser, York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1476 2

EAU DE VIE BLANC,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavouring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.
Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

Dry Goods.

GRAND

OPENING OF SHOW ROOM

—ON—

Saturday, 1st October,

—WITH A—

MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY

—OF—

Autumn and Winter Fashions

In Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Jackets, Costumes and Evening Dresses,

and an Innumerable Variety of FANCY GOODS

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have much pleasure to acquaint the LADIES of Ottawa, surrounding Villages, and Counties, that the extensive alterations to their SHOW ROOMS are now completed, forming ONE GRAND SALOON, equal, if not superior, to any in the Dominion for the display of the above enumerated articles, and also for the convenience and comfort afforded to visitors and purchasers. The following are only a few of the many NOVELTIES deserving of special notice, viz:

LONDON AND PARIS PATTERN STRAW BONNETS and HATS, suitable for early Autumn wear

London and Paris Pattern
Velvet Bonnets and
Hats
Dress Caps
Widow's Caps
Head Dresses
Flowers
Feathers
Wreaths,

And every other requisite for

MILLINERY PURPOSES.

☞20 dozen Trimmed Velvet Hats from 75cts. each up.
☞10 dozen Real Ostrich Plumes at $1.50, $1.75, and $2.00, worth from $2.50 to $3 50.
☞The GIPSY BONNET, the great novelty for this Season, has been adopted unanimously by LADIES of FASHION in all the large cities of Europe and America.
☞The Millinery Department is now under the management of MISS BEAMISH, of English and Canadian experience.
☞Orders promptly Executed.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

London and Paris Pattern Jackets

—IN—

Cloth,
Beavers
Velveteen,
Imitation Dog and
Seal, also
Real Seal and Velvet
Waterproofs
Tartan Wraps
Opera Cloaks
Costumes
Skirts
Corsets

CHILDREN'S BRAIDED DRESSES

And a full stock of Ladies Underclothing, &c., &c.

☞200 Black Cloth Jackets from $1.00 up.
☞100 Silk Finished Velveteen Jackets from $1.75 up.
☞70 Waterproof Assorted Shades from $2.50 up.
☞Several dozen made up Wincey and Quilted Skirts in immense variety at extremely low prices.

—ALSO—

☞MANTLE CLOTHS☜

In the piece as represented in Mantles in endless variety with SATINS, REPS, EPANGLES, Fringes, Buttons, &c., to match in all the new Autumn Shades.

☞Orders taken for Mantles, Jackets, Costumes, and Ladies' Outfitting generally.

☞The favour of a call solicited.☜

MAGEE & RUSSELL
Sparks Street.
Ottawa, September 29, 1870. 1475 6

CARGO TEA SALE.

CARGO of the Barque "CHIEFTAIN," from Shanghae direct, consisting of

FRESH TEAS,

&c, &c.

Will be sold by AUCTION, by Catologue on

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12TH,

For Account of

MESSRS. TLFFIN BROS.,

And will include

GUNPOWDERS,
IMPERIALS,
HYSONS,
YOUNG HYSONS,
TWANKAY,
HYSON TWANKAY
And BLACK TEAS,
CASSIA, in Matts,
CASES PRESERVED GINGER,
ROLLS CANTON MATTING
&c, &c, &c.

Together with 4,000 half chests Natural Leaf Ja Teas et "C C Loary" and "Cour de Lio

—AFTER WHICH—

Will be offered a large and general assortment of GROCERIES.

Samples will be on view previous to sale.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

J. G. SHIPWAY & SON,
Auctioneers.
Ottawa, Oct. 5 1479 6

Dry Goods.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

☞FALL AND WINTER STOCK,☜

And are shewing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c.
WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS,
PARTIES
HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

☞OUR STOCK☜

—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

NEW FALL IMPORTATIONS

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

Are now opening out a stock of

DRY GOODS

Well Worthy of Inspection. All departments Complete, and BEST VALUE showing in

Silks and Velvets,
Velveteens and Poplins,
Dress Goods,
Hosiery and Fancy Wool Goods
Laces and Ribbons,
Millinery.

Our MANTLE DEPARTMENT contains all the Choicest Goods and Newest Styles.

☞For Best Valu Call at

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Special attention has been given to our

Carpet & Furnishing Departments

which will be found VERY COMPLETE and LOW IN PRICE.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.
September 14, 1870. 1461y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot).
Cattles Japan Tea (extra fine).
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

CANADA CENTRAL
AND
BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over these Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4.40 p. m

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Ottawa, September 12, 1870 1466tf

WONDERS OF WONDERS!

RINK MUSIC HALL!

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

Thursday and Friday, Oct. 6 and 7

SATSUMA'S

Japanese Troupe!

CONSISTING OF
TWENTY STAR ARTISTS,
OF BOTH SEXES,
Acrobats, Tumblers and Jugglers!
Their First Tour of America.

Appearing in the rich Court Dresses of Japan.

☞Everything entirely different from any other Japanese Troupe ever in this country.

Admission 25 cents; Reserved Seats 50 cents. Seats for sale at Orme & Son's music store.

J. E. NOBLE, Agent.
H. SCHUHMANN, Manager and Director.
Ottawa, Sept. 29, 1870.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs" His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulations:

Point Le Preau in the County of Charlotte, Province of New Brunswick, shall be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Customs to be attached to the Port of St. John, and known as the sub-Port of "LePreau" comprising "Point LePreau on the East, and the head forming the West side of Seely's Cove as the Western boundary.'

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Quebec," will be received at this Office until Friday evening, the 28th instant, for the erection and completion of a new Post Office, at Quebec.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Office of Pierre Ganvreau, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Quebec, on and after Saturday, the 15th instant.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order
F BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 3, 1870 1

1870. 1870.

FALL IMPORTATIONS.

DRY GOODS.

NEW STYLES,

FALL HATS,

R. L. JAMES & CO

NEW STYLES,

DRESS GOODS.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

NEW GOODS,

IN VARIOUS

DEPARTMENTS,

☞Per Late Ocean Steamers,

☞DIRECT FROM BRITAIN.

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

☞Opposite the Russell House.☜

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-tIN.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,
MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞NEW FALL GOODS☜

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS,

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

☞FIRE AND WATER PROOF,☜

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without
Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Material and Fourer's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street,
Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Can da
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.
1397 3wod

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the
FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.
Room for one or two Boarders.
Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to
MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

NOTICE.

For sale a SECOND HAND WAGGON. Enquire of
JOHN CHAPMAN,
Queen's Auctioneer opposite the By Ward Market.
Ottawa, September 29, 1870 1475 1d

TO RENT,

From 1st November next, a DWELLING HOUSE, 10 rooms, Corner Sussex and Patrick streets, at present occupied by W. B. Lindsay, Esq.

THOMAS McKAY,
Ottawa Mills, Chaudiere, or from Store Sussex street.
Ottawa, September 23, 1870 1470

THE MERCHANT'S BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.

THOMAS KIRBY,
Manager.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468 1m

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 29th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.
Augus 0 1443t

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the
ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next,
AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORSLEY
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1462d

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.....$200,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £32 19s. Total outlay by assured, £1 1s 1d; the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 8d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 1s. and 8d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Results must be evident to all. It may be stated whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premium, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent.

1407 3m

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their name is upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, Lea and Perrins give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and venders of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

42v1236 law

DOMINION

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1863,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL,

Toronto, Ontario,

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1463 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pains of teething? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Crump or Rattles.—Dr. BROWN, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Free Limbs, it acts like a charm.

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test of trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for those complaints."

Dr. A. W. BENEDICT, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

MESSRS. GABRIEL, Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 2s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR is a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1333 1w6m law4m

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa, 292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m. The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 1441tf

MRS. DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen letting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several offices. 2191f

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Dawnson's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN.

DAMMOND Manager 1116tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director

June 3, 1870. 1437tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8:30 a m
Night do do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 a m
Trains for Lachine at	6:00 a m, 7:00 a m
	9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.
The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9:00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland, at	6:00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	4:00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Cookshire only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains.

Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N. S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N. B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at	6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Acton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Cookshooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 15 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 2, 1870. 1435tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every efficacy of the season. will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original receipt of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

N. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached, the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND *Directory for* 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

1366tf

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Sister Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano at 1 Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 y1

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name without a written order from myself.

NORMAN McLEOD.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1494 1m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American Patent Med
The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS throughout Ottawa

TRADE MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it, and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Grown, in Ottawa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernestown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consumption, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Honey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILIS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail, I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I can only in say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P,

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

MADRID 1867 PRIMERA CLASE PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862 MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulant.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal,

Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 73. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure he most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.

Low Oven Cook Stoves.

Double Stoves. Parlour Stoves.

Box Stoves all sizes. Hotel Cook Stoves.

Dumb Stoves. Hot Air Furnaces.

Stove Pipes. Elbows.

Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Bushmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and Sale General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell house, Ottawa city, C. W.

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT.

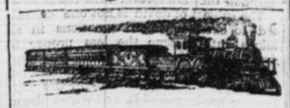
Hull, September 29, 1870 1476 1m&w$1 2m

WANTED,

TWO BOYS to carry papers. Must be able to read and write.

Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 18 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 8 a m 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 15 p m

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23, Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.21 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 p m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

*Opening through from Wind

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1481. OTTAWA FRIDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

[W]RIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Pro[vinces] of Ontario and Quebec. [Office] over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street. [Mc]Kay Wright. 64w F C. Clemow.

[J]. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, [Pinhey] & Ward, has removed his Chancery [offices] to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel [House], Elgin-st.

[H]ORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and [York streets], Ottawa. 368y

[O']CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor [in] Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-[street], Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

[...] HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary [Public] and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Im[...] opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

[...] & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the [...] House, Ottawa. [...] John J. Gemmill.

[E]DWARD P. HARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk [of the] Peace and County Attorney, for the United [Counties] of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the [Court] House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

[...] & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario [and Quebec]. [...] Office Buildings, Elgin street. [...] Rene Edward Kimber.

[NICHOLAS] SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., [near the] Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

[O']HARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

[MUS]GROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Musgrove's Buildings, [Sparks] street, Ottawa. [...] Musgrove. 366tf George Taillon

[...] TETREAU, Notary Public for the Pro[vince] of Quebec, Hull, near the Pos[t Office]. 390tf

Medical.

[DOCTOR] HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. [...] That recently occupied by Dr. Mal[loch], [...] st, Chandiere, Ottawa. 1388y

[...] ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug [Store], East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office [hours] from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. [...] Special attention given to the treatment [of diseases] of the EYE and EAR. At night can [be found] at his residence, Murray street.

[...] C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Office—Easton's Block, Sparks-[street].

[...] OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

Hotels and Saloons.

[W]AVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

[Perman]ent and transient boarders accommoda[ted] [with] every attention paid to their comfort.

JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

[PIC]KWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,

[Near] the Court House and Public Offices, ST. [CATHA]RINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,

(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

[A] spacious sample-room for commercial [travellers]. 859y

[...] HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

[O]PPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

[H]UTCHISON is fully prepared to supply [...] of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth [...] on either gold, silver or vulcanite [...] fitting so closely and easily to [...] as to be capable of all the uses to [which] natural teeth are applied, without the [in]convenience to the wearers, and after [a] short time in use, without even a con[sciousness] of the presence of a substance origin [...] to the mouth.

[...] with a view to the removal of painful [...] during the operation of extracting [...] or diseased teeth, has introduced into [...] the use of the Nitrous Oxide or [...] gas which the sufferer inhales without [...] inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it [...] pleasant dream.

[Can be] consulted any day, except Sunday, [...] from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

[Ottawa], September 2, 1870

[P]ROVINCIAL INSURANCE [...] of Canada, Head Office, Toronto. [...]

[...]

[...] FOX.

[GEN]ERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

[...] street, next to the City Hotel

Ottawa.

[...] the patronage of the Lumber Merchan[ts] [on] the Ottawa. From his long experi[ence] [...] he offers his services in engaging [...] to their rafts while passing [...] best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

[...], Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

[...], Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324t.

[5]000 Bushels of Oats for Sale by Batley, Doran and Cameron, 1452 3a

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

[Off]ers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large [a]nd well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also.

Bordeaux and ther Vinegars

MESS PORK, [PI]CKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

[and] the numerous other articles necessary [to] constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—

Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—

Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on [t]he premises.

LIQUORS—

Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—

De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—

Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

[Hi]gh proof and [fl]avor, at extremely low [p]rices.

Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and [Old] Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.

Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.

Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.

Molson's and other Ales.

Sugars and Syrups, all grades.

Sale at refiners' prices.

[T]HE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or bar[g]ains. 1165

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready [f]or inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,

FRENCH,

SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR

STYLISH SIGNS

AND

HANDSOME WALL

PAINTING

GO TO

THE

LANG

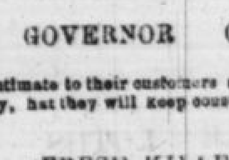
PAINTING

ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS.



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada.]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	750 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J P CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to England & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau st.

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! *HATS*

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS,

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES.

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.

"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.

"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.

"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M. R. C. S.

"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantal, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £3 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,

Galvanic Establishment,

200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a.m, and Ottawa at 4 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st

Hardware.

PRIZE STOVES!

PRIZE STOVES!!

At the Exhibition we were awarded FIRST PRIZES as follows:

First Prize for Elevated Oven Cook Stove.

First Prize for Low Oven Cook Stoves.

First Prize for Parlor Stoves.

First Prize for Hall Stoves for Coal.

First Prize for Hall Stoves for Wood.

First Prize for best assortment of Tinware.

The above Prize Tickets can be seen in our window.

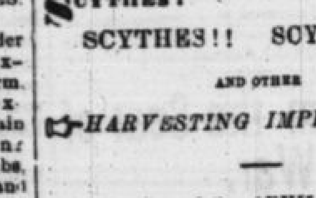
Our Fall and Winter Stock of Stoves is now complete all of the very best description.

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up to Order.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

"Capital" Stove Depot.

35, Sussex St.



SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Sil er Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complelete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,

No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottaw 24th June, 1870,

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oseola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deli Milk-saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10. 1870 1432 1y

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.t

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

August 23, 1870 1444tf

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

15 HHDS BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine [...] fam[...] us.

16 HHDS PORT WINE, very old vintage 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS.

Dubli Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in differen kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.

GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,

all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS. The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general

Groceries

Wines,

and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for [...] A few trials will prove their superiority [over] common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON,

No. 26, Rideau Street

[...] June, 1870.

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

PRESCOTT STOVES

ON HAND.

COAL OIL

OF THE

BEST QUALITIES SENT HOME FREE OF CHARGE.

50cts. to 60cts. PER GALL.

TRY IT.

Have your

STOVE PIPES

Put up at once and avoid the rush.

We have now the

MOST COMPLETE

AND

BEST ASSORTED STOCK IN THE CITY.

Any thing you want ask for it.

ESMONDE BROS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

of the Village of Kepmore,

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIS,

Assignee,

401 Notre Dame St

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1459 3aw2[m]

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, Augus[t] 6 3m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		3.00	9.45		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.45		4.00
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	7.30		8.00	9.45		7.30
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	11.15		8.00	9.45		4.00
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	5.00		4.00	8.00		6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Hull, Chelsea, Wakefield, [...]	5.00	11.00	12.15		11.00	
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.			4.00	9.45		4.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15		9.45		
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.45		
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	7.30			8.00		1.00
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.00		4.30	8.00		1.00
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.00					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	6.00					5.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p.m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,

Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,

Ottawa, 16th Sept, 1870.

READ THE OPINION OF THE "GLOBE"

RESPECTING

MESSRS. QUETTON ST GEORGE & CO'S

PURE FRENCH WINES

Messrs. Quetton St. George & Co. have done the Canadian public a service in establishing their depot for the sale of wines and Mediterranean produce Mr. St. George has long been resident in Toronto and its neighborhood, but has retained his inherited estates of Langaren and Caravettes in the south of France He can, of course command the wine of his own property, and, besides has excellent facilities for purchasing the products of his neighbors, He ships direct from Marseilles to Montreal, when it is found advisable to do so, and thus reduces to a minimum the cost of transit He buys directly from the producer, and brings his wines to market in the cheapest way. It is not to be wondered at, under such circumstances, that he should have revolutionized the wine trade in Toronto He has introduced here wines not hitherto known or used but which are peculiarly acceptable for their pleasing flavor, their purity and lightness They are perfectly sound and wholesome, and yet are sold lower than the worst decoction which pass under the misused names of port and sherry. The encouragement which Messrs. St George & Co have received from the Canadian public is very satisfactory to them. They find it difficult to keep up their stock, the demand being so great; but they are now receiving a large additional supply for winter use. What with our native Canadian Wines, and the importation of Messrs St. George, it is to be hoped that in time stronger liquors will cease to be used

Price List on application.

J P MACPHERSON,

Wine Merchant,

Elgin Street.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 200 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN,

Ottawa.

[Ott]awa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w37tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

BOARD.

A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.

Ottawa, September 19, 1870 1466tf

AUCTION NOTICE.

The subscriber would take this mode of informing the public that he is prepared to receive all kinds of goods on consignment, either for auction or private sale, at his rooms, York Street, opposite the Market. Parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to call upon him before going elsewhere. His experience and the testimonials he can furnish, is a sufficient guarantee that their interest will be carefully attended to.

JOHN CHAPMAN,

Queen's Auctioneer,

Ottawa, September 12, 1870 61 1m

LINKS IN A CHAIN.

In an interval of a busy professional life I sit down to record a series of remarkable events.

Remarkable they unquestionably were in themselves, but more especially so from the manner in which they came within my experience. Though the part I played in connection with them was from first to last little more than that of a mere spectator, yet it will, I think, be granted that there was something strange, something inexplicable, in the manner in which that part was again and again thrust upon me, and always, it would appear, to qualify me for helping to bring about a certain result.

In the December of 1835 I came up to London to spend my Christmas. I was but nineteen, and had never set foot in the great city before. My desire to see it was intense, and to gratify this a friend—Jack Halford we called him—had asked me up to share the grimy hospitality of Barnard's-inn during pantomine time.

"You must not expect to live luxuriously or to fare sumptuously," he had written. "The inn of Barnard is severe as to lodgement, and scaly as to catering. It is congenial to the tastes of the Eremite rather than to those of the Sybarite; but lendeth itself not unkindly to him who would 'see life.' Come up on the 23rd. By that time I shall have returned from a few days' idling in Kent, for which I am now preparing."

Acting literally on the terms of my friend's invitation, I started from Derbyshire by coach on the morning of the 23rd, and arrived in town, cold, hungry, and wretched, long after dark that night Knowing nothing of London, I took a cab and drove direct to Barnard's inn. On my arrival a pimply-faced porter confronted me, and I asked for my friend,

"Out of town. Down in Kent."

That was his answer. "But he expected me," I urged. "I could of course get admission to his rooms?"

The pimply porter shook his head. He had not the keys. The laundress was at home—no doubt abed. He had received no orders not to admit anybody to Mr. Halford's chambers: in fact, it would be more than his place was worth to do so. Eventually he consented to take charge of my luggage, and, on his advice, I set out in search of a hotel where I might get a bed for the night.

There were plenty of hotels in Holborn; but as the street was agreeably bright and lively for the hour, I thought I would walk a little and take my choice of them. Perhaps I was not without some faint hope that I might encounter Halford, who I felt little doubt would return that night. At all events, I wandered away, got out of the main streets, grew bewildered, and eventually asked my way of a man who turned out to be the boots of what he described as a most respectable inn, one of the oldest in London, where, he assured me, I could receive every accommodation.

The house was unquestionably old. It had also a dingy and forlorn aspect; but I was hungry and tired, and glad to avail myself of supper, with the prospect of a bed to follow. So I allowed myself to be enticed into the place, and along a dark passage, into a wretched hole of a room at the back, which had the sole merit of being unoccupied. It had a floor that shelved down towards the great fireplace, wide and draughty, and a low ceiling shelving also, and threatening to fall inspite of the two huge beams which sustained it. A century of smokers had contributed to the indescribable odour that pervaded it. Two candles in tin frames burned against the walls, and there was probably an idea that the room benefited from a lamp in the passage, which could be dimly descried through certain panes of ground-glass in the room-door, which bore the legend "Coffee room"—quite as a matter of fancy, seeing that coffee had obviously never been drank there within the memory of living man.

A poor supper, a glass of something hot, and to bed. To bed in a close, stuffy back room, with a look out comprising the back windows of a row of houses stretching way farther than I could see. Never had I seen so villainous a room. Tired as I was, sleep seemed impossible; but I threw myself on the hard bed in the hope that it might at least give me rest. In that hope I put out the light, but no sooner had I done so than my brain, warmed into activity by the glass I had taken, began to exert itself in distressing speculations. What, I asked myself, was the character of the house into which I had ventured so imprudently? Was I safe? Should I be robbed, illtreated, murdered? For a time I rendered myself utterly miserable through these fears and misgivings. Then I began to laugh them down—to attribute my unpleasant impressions to an ignorance of town life; and so by degrees I grew calm and inert; and sleep came upon me unawares. I closed my eyelids; and sank into the most refreshing of slumbers.

From this blissful unconsciousness I was startled by a scream.

Jumping up I looked about me. All dark, all silent; yet I had heard it most distinctly—a shrill, piercing scream, as if from the lips of some one in mortal agony. At first my impression was that I was not alone; but, finding all silent about me, I rushed to the window, raised the blind, and looked out.

In the instant I did so, my eyes encountered a frightful sight. There was a light in one of the opposite windows, and the light shone through the white blind. It shone with sufficient brilliancy to throw upon the blind the shadow of two figures. One figure was that of a woman, staggering back, with long down loosening hair; the other that of a man, who was rushing upon the woman with a long knife clutched like a dagger in his hand. As I gazed the knife decended; the woman fell; there was, or I fancied there was an audible moan; then the light was extinguished—suddenly as if it had fallen, or been trampled under foot—and there was nothing to distinguish that window from any other in the row.

I waited. Standing there shivering in the dark, I waited for what might happen next. For half an hour at least I remained at the window, but without anything further occurring. The light did not reappear. Whatever the result of the blow I had seen dealt, it had clearly aroused no one, and though not without misgivings that I had witnessed an assassination, I at length returned to bed, and finally sank again into troubled slumber.

Late in the morning heavy steps on the stairs awoke me. Almost immediately the incident of the shadow on the blind recurred to me with intense vividness. I could see the knife, the falling woman, and the man, whose face had been so distinctly outlined that I could almost have identified his features, while I could with certainty declare that he wore a sort of forage cap, with a projecting peak standing out straight from the forehead. Full of the impression. I darted to the window and looked out. Unfortunately, I looked in vain. There were many windows in the row of houses, all alike, and nearly all had the blinds down. The consequence was I could not tell even in what I had witnessed the deed of the overnight. This uncertainty had one effect; with the impetuosity of youth, I burned to communicate what I had witnessed; but I felt that it was hardly likely I should meet with much credit when I could not even point out the house in which what I described had happened. People would not unnaturally conclude that I had been dreaming

With this impression I descended to the miserable room in which I had dined overnight, and ordered breakfast. Several persons were present, each engaged on his morning meal, and I looked from one to the other in the firm conviction that presently some allusion to a murder in the neighbourhood would greet my ears. In this I was dissapointed; all were silent. So I immitated there example, held my peace, and breakfasted as best I might.

The meal was over, and I sat propping my chin in the hollow of one hand, and staring vacantly at the glazed door, with the lamp still burning in the passage outside it, when I suddenly involuntarily started and cried out. The cause was simply this; as I looked I saw the shadow of a face cast by the lamp on the ground-glass! It was the face of some one stealing along the passage, and to my amazement I recognized it as the same face I had beheld over-night—the face of the man who had dealt the blow! I could swear to the features, and still more I could not be mistaken in the identity of the peaked cap.

Acting solely on impulse, I darted out of the room and made my way along the passage; but, in place of the assassin of whom I was in pursuit, encountered only the waiter who had attended to my wants in the coffee room. He was an old ill-favored man, in greasy black, and with a wisp of dirty linen about his neck, to match the napkin over his arm.

At sight of me he thrust out his arms. "No you don't!" he exclaimed aggressively.

"What do you mean?" I demanded. "Who is the man who has just quitted this passage?"

"Man!" he ejaculated; "Oh yes, I daresay; we've heard *that* before. That's a stale game, that is!"

I expressed my astonishment and inability to comprehend his meaning. Of that, however, he did not leave me long in doubt.

"O, *we* understand," he remarked injuriously. You aint the fust by long chalks as 'ave tried on *that* game: comin here without a bit or mossel of luggage; gettin' of your supper, bed, and breakfast, and then all of a suddyn there's a 'man' passin' the winder, or there's a 'pintment in the City, or a something or another, and off you goes! And we may hook for the bill, we may. O yes; we know! Not this time. Not if we're aweer of it!"

The effect of this imputation of swindling motives so overwhelmed me that I had not a word to offer in explanation or defence. I simply paid my bill and quitted the house, which, as I saw on emerging into the street, was called the Green Posts. Hastening off to Barnard's-Inn, I had the satisfaction of finding that Halford had returned, and was full of apologies for the inconvenience he had caused me. Later in the day I confided to him that adventure in which his absence had involved me. He listened; but attached no great importance to what I had seen.

"Stabbing and things of that sort are constantly happening in London," he said. "There isn't a night without its dozen murders. However, I know the Green Posts, up Gray's inn-road way, and we'll go this evening and see if you can find the house where this happened.

(To be continued.)

A Snake Entrapped by a Spider

A gentleman from Mossy Creek, Jeferson county, yesterday presented us with a photograph of a snake at full length, of which he gives substantially the following history:—

A few days since the snake was found suspended in a spider's web under a shelf in the store of Mrs. Johnson & Branner, at Tossy Creek. On inspection it was clearly ascertained that the snake, about a foot in length, and still alive, had been literally captured by a spider about the size of a common house fly. The spider had spun his web around the neck and entire head of the snake, and drawn him clear from the floor, making him a close prisoner. The snake was taken whilst yet in the coils of the spider, to Mr. Ruffner, a photographer, and the pictureis before us as we write. The facts are curious, and suggestive of various theories. After the photograph was taken the web was removed from the snake, whereupon he exhibited his wicked instincts by striking at those present, evidently showing a desire to avenge himself for the terrible indignity put upon him by so insignificant a creature as a spider not much larger than a grain of wheat. We regret that the snake was finally killed, instead of being saved that his peculiar species might be identified. It was evidently a venemous reptile, which had crawled into the store unobserved, to be thus ignominiously captured and brought to grief.

LITERARY.

Mrs. Pender Cudlip is going to write a serial novel on *Charles's Wain.*

Mr. Mark Lemon has left a novel called the "Blue Petticoat," which will be published shortly.

Hr. Hogg, the founder of *London Society*, is now about to start *English Society*, a new shilling monthly. Surely we have a surfeit of magazines already.

The proprietors of the *Australasian*, it is stated, have purchased the exclusive right of publication of "Lothair" in Australia. The first portion was to appear in that paper on the 16th of July.

Mr. E. L. Blanchard, the dramatic author and critic, has commenced a series of articles on London amusements in the *Birmingham Daily Gazette.*

New Granada has given us a philologist. Dr. E. Uriocochea, of Bogota, is editing at Paris a Grammar of the extinct Chilcha language; and we are promised other works on American lioguistics.

The new Lahore University College gets just another bonus in the foundation, by the Maharjah of Kashmere, of a Sanskrit scholarship in honor of Sir Donald M'Leod, at a cost of £3,100. Already sixty students have entered the law classes of that college.

Herr Lazar Geiger, says the *Allgemeine Zeitung*, has died at Frankfort in his forty-second year. He has left the second volume of his "Ursprung and Entwickelung der Menschlichen Sprache" in a tolerably complete state; but he had hardly begun the third and concluding volume.

The library of Strasbourg, just destroyed by the bombs and shells launched by the Badeners, contained no less than 150,000 volumes. On its shelves were to be found the incurables(!) formerly belonging to the ancient commandery of St. John of Jerusalem. Amongst the treasures there preserved was the MS. of Herrade de Landsperg, Abbess of Saint-Odile, entitled "Hortus Deliciarum," which dated from the twelfth century, and the minatures of which furnished the most useful information to the history of art and custumes.

It will interest the friends of Keshub Chunder Sen, the Indian reformer, to know that just before Her Majesty left Osborne, she commanded him to attend her there, and conversed with him for a considerable time on Indian affairs. After the interview, the Queen was pleased to present her books to Mr. Sen, and to order him to send her his photograph, with some of his publiaations.

On Saturday the pensioners of the Hamilton district received their pay.

Hamilton papers boast of the number of promenaders that throng the streets of the city.

St. Catherines Town Councillors are said to be perfect boors when in the Council room.

TIGHT BINDING

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1870.

The Postmaster General left town yesterday for Quebec.

Two Anti Confederate candidates have been defeated by the Confederates.

We are glad to hear that General Lee's illness has been very much exaggerated. He was not attacked with paralysis as stated, but with a fainting fit from which he soon recovered.

An apple tree belonging to Mr. John Ashworth, of Belmont, on the Aylmer road, is now covered with blossoms. Such an unusual sight at this time of the year is pretty good evidence of the extreme mildness of the season.

A special telegram to the Toronto *Globe* from St. Paul says:—

Later Red River advices represent everything quiet.

Lieut.-Governor Archibald is restoring order and confidence, and is fast gaining the good-will of all classes of the community. He has taken measures to prevent any disputes between the soldiers and the French.

REPORT OF THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE.

The report of the Minister of Agriculture, for the year 1869, is received. It is a carefully and well digested one, containing much interesting and important information concerning Immigration, patents of invention, and general statistics.

During the session of 1869 three measures were prepared and presented by the Department, viz., an act respecting Immigration and Immigrants; an act respecting Patents of Invention, and one concerning Contagious Diseases affecting animals. The first of these defined the concurrent jurisdiction of the Dominion and local governments as regards Immigration. We are pleased to find that the number of immigrants who arrived in Canada during 1869 was considerably in excess of any former year since 1854. The total emigration to Canada during the last four years has been as under:

1866	51 795
1867	57,578
1868	71,458
1869	74,365

Of these there settled in Canada:

1866	10,091
1867	14.666
1868	12,765
1866	18,630

It is encouraging to find that while the increase in the number of immigrants arrived in 1869 as compared with the preceding year was only 2,917, the increase in the number of those who remained in Canada was nearly six thousand. This is a very noteworthy and important fact.

Out of the 18,630 persons who remained in Canada in 1869, 17,202 settled in Ontario, 503 in Quebec, 477 in New Brunswick, and 448 in the Province of Nova Scotia. A large proportion of the emigrants landed at Quebec who intended remaining in this country were English mechanics or labourers, thrown out of employment by the scarcity of work in the mother country. 6,200 of these received aid from the Quebec agency in the shape of free passes to their destinations. 44,114 persons arrived at the Quebec agency, and of those 14,691 were English, 2,774 Scotch, 3,339 Irish, 1, 959 Germans and 20,129 Scandinavians. The total expenses of the immigration services in 1869 were $59,775. Of this sum $11,440 were spent in maintaining European agencies. Mr. Dixon whose energy and industry have been abundantly manifested, is the English agent, and in 1869 he removed the seat of his agency from Wolverhampton to London. In the same year Mr. Simays, who is a proficient in the French, German, Dutch and Flemish languages, was appointed agent for northern Europe, Mr. Moylan for Dublin and the south of Ireland, Mr. Foy for the north of Ireland, and Mr. Shaw for Scotland, his headquarters being in Glasgow. The immigrants who settled in Canada during the year were at once provided with employment, and with very few exceptions have behaved in a creditable manner, and have added to the strength and prosperity of the country.

We find that the number of immigrants who arrived at the Ottawa agency last year was 752, showing a decrease of 532 as compared with the preceding year, the supply in fact not being equal to the demand for labor. These 752 persons were disposed of in the following order:

City of Ottawa	225
" Toronto	16
" Montreal	7
Town of Belleville	1
Counties of Carleton	106
" Renfrew	136
" Russell	44
" Prescott	20
" Ottawa	136
" Pontiac	55
Left for United States	6

A much larger number of agricultural labourers could have been provided with employment. Thirteen maid servants arrived here who had been sent out by the South Dublin Union. They at once obtained situations, and have proved respectable, well conducted girls, and a larger supply sent out next year would be furnished with immediate and remunerative employment. Some of the facts furnished by the Ottawa agent of the department are interesting and encouraging. He says that immigrants who arrived here but a few years since in poverty, are now raising crops from off their own lands, and supporting themselves and their families in comfort.

In the department of Statistics, a considerable amount of labour has been expended upon making preparations for the taking of the census in 1871, and in preparing abstract tables of previous censuses which are to be published next year, so as to constitute a series of main statistical information relative to the development and progress of this country. We find that the first census was taken in the year 1665.

The business in the Patent Office and adjoining branches shows a considerable increase. In 1869 there were 781 applications for patents against 570 in 1868, and 369 in 1867, the number as we go back gradually decreasing until in 1855 we find there were only 99 applications. The report, on the whole, is a satisfactory one, and is a credit to the Department. Still as far as the question of immigration is concerned, although it is gratifying to find that the number of persons who settled in this country in 1869 showed an increase over preceding years, we cannot but feel that the proportion which Canada is receiving of the annual European emigration is a very small one. We look forward hopefully to an improvement in the future, because we know that the Hon. Mr. Dunkin is sincerely desirous of encouraging emigration to Canada by every means in his power, and also because the inducements which this country now offers are greater than they ever were before.

THE SARNIA POSTMASTERSHIP AND THE TORONTO *GLOBE*.

The Toronto *Globe* does not approve of the appointment of Mr. Murphy to the Sarnia Postmastership. We should have been very much surprised if it had done so. In the first place the *Globe* is bound to disapprove of any and every appointment made by the Government, and secondly Mr. Murphy so thoroughly upset and exposed the schemes of the *Globe's* chief editor and proprietor in 1867, that it is scarcely likely that he would rejoice at Mr. Murphy's advancement. For years Mr. Brown rode the "Protestant horse" until it was completely worn out and exhausted; for years Mr. Murphy's co-religionists were held up by him to public opprobrium, until, when on the eve of the last general election every other hope had failed him, as a last desperate resource Mr. Brown appealed to Mr. Murphy and the Roman Catholics of Ontario for support. Some of them were disposed to listen to him and to believe in his professions of friendly regard, for Mr. Brown can assume a suave and persuasive manner when he chooses. But Mr. Murphy very opportunely came to the rescue of his fellow countrymen and co-religionists, and prevented them from being betrayed into a false position to gratify Mr. Brown's ends. By so doing he became entitled to the gratitude of the whole country, but naturally enough he ensured for himself the enmity of the Toronto *Globe*. Few of us are possessed of sufficient equanimity of temper to regard with friendly feelings the man who has inflicted upon us a deserved castigation; it is difficult for anyone to hail with jubilation the advancement of an individual by whom he has been brought to shame. How, therefore, can Mr. Brown and the Toronto *Globe* be expected to relish or approve of Mr. Murphy's appointment?

THE EMPRESS IN ENGLAND.

The American agent of the Associated Press in England, who for every fact he sends over the Atlantic Cable sends at least half a dozen falsehoods, telegraphed a quantity of rubbish a few days since about Queen Victoria's neglect of the Empress Eugenie in her misfortunes. In so doing he no doubt earned for himself the gratitude of all the Fenians and Anglophobists in the United States, and the fact of his statement having been proved utterly untrue will probably not deter him from continuing to indulge in similar falsehoods whenever an opportunity offers. It seems that the moment Her Majesty heard that the Empress had landed upon English soil, she despatched a letter to her expressive of the warmest sympathy, offering to pay her a state visit, and to do anything she could to serve the royal exile. The Prince and Princess of Wales paid Her Imperial Majesty similar attention. We understand that the Empress speaks in the warmest and most grateful terms, not only of the attention shown her by royalty and members of the English nobility, but also of the kind consideration evinced by all classes of the English public. Wherever she goes she is treated with the greatest respect, and it is gratifying to hear that in consequence of the treatment they have received, and the rest and quiet which they have been able to obtain in England, both the Empress and the Prince Imperial are fast recovering their health and spirits.

LIBERATING THE FENIANS.

It is reported that "General" O'Neill and the Fenian prisoners are about to be released. Of course we never imagined that in a land where Justice is muzzled by Rowdyism, they would serve the full term of their imprisonment; still we thought that some regard for decency might have induced President Grant to have kept them in jail a little longer. But then it must be remembered that the Fall elections are approaching and the Fenian vote is wanted. The rowdy class must be propitiated, in order that the "best Government the world ever saw" may continue to be administered by General Grant and his party. No doubt "General" O'Neill and other felons will support the President's friends, in return for having their prison doors thrown open. It is no longer "Eternal vigilance" but "voting the Republican ticket" that "is the price of Liberty." It is a grave mistake for anyone to suppose that the laws ever can be fairly administered or the ends of justice answered, under a thorough going Republican form of Government and an elective judiciary. We should not fail to bear this fact in mind, and remembering that we have the misfortune to live so near to a land where the laws are set at naught and defied even by those who are entrusted with their administration, keep the army of Canada in a thoroughly efficient state, ready at a moment's notice to defend our homes from the incursions of American banditti.

THE WRECK OF THE "CAPTAIN."

We give below an extract from a private letter dated at Portland, England, the 15th ultimo, from Mr. George Frederick Smith, of Ottawa, a son of the Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, who is a midshipman on board H. M. ship 'Northumberland,' relative to the loss of H. M. ship 'Captain,' and although it contains no further news relative to the ill-fated vessel than what is already known, still there are some details in it as to the position of the fleet when the accident took place which may be interesting.

The 'Northumberland' is one of the Channel fleet, and is an armour plated iron screw steamer, measuring 6,621 tons and 1350 horse power, and was one of the squadron in company with the 'Captain' at the time the accident occurred.

We got off Cape Finisterre on the 4th of this month, and began the trials between H.M.S 'Captain' and 'Monarch.' We sailed off and on till the 7th, when Admiral Milne went on board the 'Captain' to see for himself how she worked. Her designer or inventor, Capt. Cowper Coles was on board also. At five o'clock it came on to blow from the S.W., the usual point for Bay of Biscay gales. The Admiral got back to the 'Lord Warden' all right at six o'clock, the signal was made 'take in two reefs in topsails,' which was accordingly done, and everything was made snug for the night. At half past six, which was the last time we saw the 'Captain,' she was sailing along, scarcely feeling the wind at all, and I may say we were almost as steady, as we have such short masts. At this time we were sailing as follows:—Weather column was composed of the 'Lord Warden,' 'Captain,' 'Bellerophon,' 'Hercules,' 'Agincourt,' and 'Inconstant.' We were in the lee column, and it was composed of the 'Minotaur,' 'Northumberland,' 'Monarch,' 'Warrior,' and 'Bristol.' You will thus see the 'Captain' and ourselves were the second ships of columns, and consequently abreast of each other, and about 300 yards apart. It was my first watch, and at a quarter to twelve a squall came down from windward, it looking very black at the time. Our maintopsail blew away, and several head sails. The Captain was on deck, and we did not mind as he is such a thorough good sailor. By four in the morning we had shifted the maintopsail and furled the mizzentopsail, mainsail and crossjack course. At daylight it was almost a calm, and as we were a little scattered, (on account of the ships having suffered in sails and upper spars,) it was 8 o'clock before we got into station, and then we discovered we were short of a ship, which was the 'Captain.' We then sailed off in different directions from one point, and were ordered to rejoin at noon. At noon we came back after having searched an area of fifty miles. The only result was that the 'Hercules' picked up a life buoy which spoke for itself. In the afternoon another was picked up by the 'Inconstant,' which was in our line. In the evening the 'Monarch' picked up the 'Captain's' main-top-gallant-yard, and half an hour afterwards the 'Psyche' (from Vigo with our mails) reported having passed two boats bottom upward. During the night the 'Bellerophon' picked up the launch and galley of the 'Captain.' Next morning the wreck was beginning to come up fast. We steamed through lots of things, amongst which were books, photographs (evidently out of the Captain's cabin of the ill-fated ship), an empty opera or night glass case, and plenty of ship's gear. At eight o'clock we picked up a boat, which was one of her gigs, and we have it on board now. After that there was no room to doubt what had happened to her, so all we had to do was to find if there were any survivors, and the 'Monarch' went in shore to see if there were any traces of her there. In the afternoon she came out with the signal flying, '17 men and 1 officer saved,' and that was all out of 550. It was a sad thing, her going down in the midst of the fleet. It appears that through her being overmasted, the squall had put her on her beam ends, and in ten minutes she sank at a quarter past twelve. The men who were saved got into a boat that was washed out of her. Nineteen men got in her, but one was washed out. They saw Captain Burgoyne sitting on a boat bottom upwards, and they tried to get to him, but were obliged to run for the land, and at daylight they landed at Cape Finisterre. The 'Inconstant' was despatched to England at once, and later in the day the 'Village' (which had brought our mails from England that morning) took the survivors on also. Next day all of us proceeded on our way to England, except the 'Lord Warden,' 'Monarch' and 'Bellerophon,' which were left behind to look for wreck and try and find Captain Burgoyne. Night before last we were off Ushant, and got our mails from the 'Helicon,' which was waiting for us there, and to-day we arrived here, sadly reduced from what was once a fleet of sixteen ships. We expect the others back soon. It is another fact worthy of note that the 'Captain's' rival ship, the 'Monarch' should now be looking for her remains. The contest between Mr. Reed, the 'Monarch's' designer, and Capt. Coles appears to be now finished. It has always been a superstition amongst sailors that it is a bad thing to sail on Friday, and I will tell you how well it has happened in this case. Of course, it is quite another thing to believe it. We sailed on Friday from Plymouth and the 'Agincourt' lost a man overboard before reaching Gibraltar. We sailed from Gibraltar on Friday, and that day a man died on board the 'Lord Warden,' and next day a Lieutenant died on board the 'Minotaur.' Ten days after a man fell from aloft on board the 'Lord Warden' and was killed—all before going into Vigo. We sailed from Vigo on a Friday—soon after the 'Captain,' with over 500 souls, went down. I may also mention that one of my former messmates in the 'Jason' was in the 'Captain' when she left England and was invalided at Lisbon, and was there sent on shore and was thus saved: another of the midshipmen in the 'Captain' exchanged with a midshipman from the 'Royal Oak' at Vigo, four days before the accident, and thus saved his life while the other poor fellow lost his; it is said Admiral Milne had also a narrow escape, as I believe he had signified his intention of sleeping on board the 'Captain' that night, as he had been on board of her all day, but Captain Burgoyne said he would place the 'Captain' so nicely that he (Admiral Milne) could get back to his flagship, the 'Lord Warden,' without getting a drop of water on, and he consented, thereby saving his life.

The Provincial Exhibition.

In regard to the Provincial Exhibition the Toronto *Telegraph* editorially remarks.

Though there is a falling off in the total number of entries this year, the Fair is in every respect quite as good, in the opinion of those who have visited the Crystal Palace and Grounds an any former exhibition. In some departments there is a great improvement, while others are not quite up to the mark. But, on the whole, the Exhibition both as to the quality and the quality and the number of the articles exhibited, must be pronounced a grand success.

Monday, as usual, was taken up by exhibitors in placing their wares in position, work which was somewhat retarded by the rain. Yesterday the grounds were thrown open to visitors, a considerable number of whom were present. In consequence of Monday's rain, some of the departments in the Palace were in a state of confusion; but by nightfall everything was in order and prepared for the usual Wednesday's rush. The Judges were busy throughout yesterday in many of the departments. They will resume their duties this morning and probably be prepared in most cases to hand in their books this evening. In such departments as live stock, machinery and agricultural implements, it is not likely that the awards will be reported before Thursday.

The weather yesterday was delightful; though owing to Monday's rain, the grounds were in anything but a comfortable condition. Yet about ten thousand persons passed through the gates; and, though not admitted to the Palace, they spent the afternoon in inspecting the live stock, machinery, and everything else which is on exhibition in the sheds and on the grounds surrounding the Palace.

Every train from the East, west and north was crowded with passengers; while hundreds of farmers and others residing within a few miles of the city, drove in in their own conveyances. Judging from the appearance of the streets, and hotels last evening there must have been fully fifteen thousand strangers in the city. To day, however, we shall have the grand rush, and should the weather continue fair as it was yesterday, the exhibition will probably be the most successful ever held in the Province.

His Excellency the Governor General, is in town, and is the guest of Lieutenant-Governor Howland. He will probably visit the Exhibition to-day accompanied by Sir John A. Macdonald and other distinguished gentlemen.

SECOND DAY.

From the Toronto Telegraph, Wednesday, 5th October.

Early yesterday morning there was unusual bustle along King street. The storekeepers, each anxious to be the early bird to catch the worm, had their establishments opened, swept and garnished by seven o'clock. About nine o'clock the human stream commenced to move exhibitionward, and at ten the e was a perfect begirs from the city. There was nothing entertaining or novel for our country cousins in their journey to the Crystal Palace; everything was mud. At the outside gate there was a continual blockade all day, and inside was the same old ocean of slime that flooded King street from the City Hall to the Palace. On both sides of the avenue squatted the squaws with their beaded ornaments, and a stranger might have thought that the Association had prepared a female aboriginal guard of honor for their patrons. Poor Lo himself was there but he did not appear to take much interest in the arts, manufactures, agriculture and commerce of Ontario. His heart was evidently with his wife, and she was with her basket. The first booth to the right was an extemporized police station, guarded by a dozen constables, who toiled all day industriously, but caught nothing—a fact that speaks well for the class of spectators. Next came the *Daily Telegraph* office for the use of the staff of reporters employed throughout the various departments. Then came more squaws, while the grounds on both sides were littered with machinery of every description. Of the inside of the building, our readers can form a good idea from the details given below. On the west side was more machinery, and conveys of the ubiquitous squaws. On the north side were refreshment booths driving a roaring trade at 40 cents a meal. Things looked wretched enough owing to the bad state of the ground, especially the cattle sheds that run parallel with the main entrance, the horse sheds being directly opposite. Nevertheless, the visitors came pouring in every hour from all parts of the Province. There was the huge backwoodsman with his No. 14 cowhides; the burly yeoman, in fact every class of society and almost every race of men were represented. From eleven o'clock the place was crowded to extreme, and at two o'clock when the Judges commenced their labours, the main buildings were almost impassible.

THE GOVERNOR'S VISIT.

From the Telegraph of Yesterday.

Precisely at noon the Governor-General and the other illustrious guests who accompanied him arrived at the ground, escorted by a detachment of the Governor-General's body guard under command of Cornet Dunn. The first carriage was occupied by Baron Lisgar, Lieutenant-Governor Howland, Sir John A. Macdonald, and Hon. Mr. Carling. After them came Lady Macdonald, and Mrs. Howland, and Col. Bernard, and another carriage contained Hon. Mr. Morris, Col. McNeil, and Captain Curtis. On entering the ground the distinguished party were received by Hon. Mr. Christie and Dr. Beatty, of Cobourg, who bade them welcome in the name of the Association. After the interchange of a brief conversation, the vice-regal *cortege* proceeded and drove up to the Palace, which they surveyed from their carriage, but did not enter the building. They then drove to the stand in the enclosure where the Caledonia games were lately held, and were there welcomed by a number of the directors and members of the Association. The party were here joined by Hon. Mr. Tilley, Hon. Joseph Howe; Hon. Mr. Aikens, and Hon. Mr. Dunkin. The following gentleman were present—Hon. David Christie, President of the Association; Hon. James Skead, Vice-President; Dr. Beatty, Cobourg; Dr. Smith, veterinary surgeon, Toronto; Mr. Ramsay, Edinburgh, Scotland; Mr. A. G. Ramsay, Hamilton; Sheriff Ferguson, Mayor Rochester, Ottawa; Hon. W. McDougall, Mr. George Anderson, Prince Edward; Mr. William Carrick, Sarnia; Mr. David Lawrence, Chinguacousy; Mr. Wm. McLeod, Summerstown, Glengarry; Mr. F. W. Stone, Guelph, &c. The horses on exhibition were brought into the enclosure and exercised in order to give the guests an opportunity of observing their excellence. The display was truly an admirable one, and a great number of magnificent and well-bred animals has rarely been seen in the Dominion. They compared favourably in quality and style, if not in numbers, with those shown at last year's exhibition. The visitors expressed themselves highly delighted with the appearance of the horses, whose spirit, in some instances, was with difficulty restrained. The ladies seemed to be especially interested in the scene as evinced by their animated expressions of admiration as the fiery animals curvetted proudly over the turf. A superb French Canadian black horse, with a white star on his forehead, owned by Mr. Richard Wells; Dr. Smith's imported blood mare, and Hon. C. J. Douglas' *Revenge*, received particular commendation for their splendid form and spirited bearing. After the blood and draught horses had been exhibited, the carriage and buggy horses were shown in harness, and the Judges proceeded to award the prizes for this class. The party having enjoyed the spectacle for upwards of an hour, re entered their carriages and left the grounds amid a hearty British cheer from the thronging concourse who surrounded the carriages.

THE ROAD TO THE EXHIBITION.

Once past Brock street and the exhibition commenced, or rather the traveller enjoyed a gratuitous side show preliminary to paying 25 cents for admission into the grand circus at the Palace. Booths, containing everything edible and drinkable, lined both sides of the street, driving a roaring trade, especially in soda water. Why our country cousins preferred this beverage on a chilly morning is a gastronomic mystery, unless it was because the vendors declared it to be Rhine wine, knowing the sympathy for King William that lies deep in the hearts of the sturdy yeomen of Ontario. On the brow of the hill leading up to the outside gate of the Palace there was a well arranged settlement of shows. There was the bearded woman dressed like a girl of the period, her Napoleonic moustache forming a handsome "switch;" the identical Esquimaux who served up Sir John Franklin's dinner a large and very varied assortment of animals, birds, snakes, &c., including our old friend the sea serpent, and a batch of other curiosities, venerable if not novel. They were well patronised; bucolic imaginations being easily heated by the flowery harangue of the showmen, and still more by the announcement that everything was visible for ten cents. The Secretary's office was blockaded all day long, as were the gates, by the clamorous crowds of men women, children and babies in arms. A return handed into the Secretary at 6 o'clock last evening showed that

9,602 VISITORS HAD PASSED THROUGH THE MAIN WICKET,

not to speak of the thousands who took the sidewalks and the side entrances. Inside the gate there was a perfect Babel, and an out and out Scandinavian Heaven. All day, the steam engines screached and snorted, the saw mills whizzed, and the heavy machinery shrieked, the Northern locomotives, running with trains from the city every half hour, increased the din which was swelled still further by the hum of over 30,000 voices—the stentorian lungs of tent waiters, by the ringing of meals-at-all-hours bells, and very considerably by the noisy cattle, their noisier attendants, and the shrill clarions that issued from the poultry shed. The main building of the Palace was almost impassable until dark; floor, passages and galleries being

PACKED ALMOST TO SUFFOCATION.

To mount the stairs, with the view of visiting the upper departments, required the pluck of an Alpine climber and the nerve of a circus-man. Young ladies struggled with old bachelors until the faces of the latter grew red, hot and almost black; then old bachelors would dance a jig and reel on young ladies' trains; or demolish their black hair with a secret feeling of satisfaction; then old ladies grew wheezy under the living pressure, and upbraided the officers of the Association for the want of sufficient accommodation; little boys whimpered over the difficulties of their parents and trembled visibly when a huge cowhide, that would make them a suit of leather clothes, was planted in close proximity to their little toes. Once up in the gallery the visitors seemed unable to take an interest in anything except going home; but a few minutes breathing space, by the railings, put them in condition to take a look at the wondrous spectacle below. The entire ground taken up with goods was a living mass of humanity that swayed and surged to and fro, without ceasing. A murmur arose from it like distant thunder, that shook the very roof, and almost drowned the hubbub in the galleries. About eleven o'clock considerable excitement was created by the arrival of the Indian Lacrosse players, rigged out in their gayest apparel and war paint. The Lo-s and their friends, who littered every foot of the grounds, gave them a truly national welcome, and the white visitors seemed to take pleasure in giving them every opportunity of seeing the show. William Bell, the Chief, was a bigger and more attractive curiosity than any on exhibition. He wore a plug hat, a white waistcoat and a United States army blanket, with several feathers of different hues adorning his headgear. His followers were fully as grotesque in their appearance but like himself they seemed to enjoy themselves wonderfully.

We heard of no disturbance of any account during the day. One or two backwoodsmen were thrown out of the lunch tents for disposing of more than human allowance of beef and cabbage, at 40 cents, but the onlookers appreciated the landlords' work, and discouraged all attempts at resistance. A few drunks were scattered up and down, but they were quiet and did little, save lie on their backs in the mud and discuss the exhibition until the arrival of a policeman or the approach of a furiously driven vehicle. Of

THIEVES AND PICKPOCKETS

there was an abundance. The city detectives dogged them incessantly, and kept them from playing much havoc, although a few simpletons were "beat" badly, and relieved of their all; and three promising young men, from Victoria County, will experience considerable difficulty in reaching the parental roof, unless they have city friends, for their coats and waistcoats, with their contents, were stolen from them at dusk, while they were innocently competing in athletic games with the worst-looking roughs we ever saw.

On the whole, yesterday was an unprecedented success, all things considered.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

TOURS, 6th.—The battle which occurred near Chateau Gaillard on the 4th has been productive of important results. The Prussians were defeated and forced to retreat. The position taken by the French necessitated the evacuation of Pithviers by the enemy. The Prussians abandoned that point with so much precipitation, that many cattle and a large amount of forage, &c., fell into the hands of the French.

ROME, 6th.—The *Gazette del Popola* states that the Pope has drawn a monthly allowance of 520,000 scudi; the order was countermanded by the Junta.

At Lyons the Reds seem determined to organize a movement. They have had a meeting at Grenoble numbering over 2,000 persons, and speeches were made. It is expected the Government will at once take measures to stop these manifestations.

LONDON, Oct. 6th.—Gen. Fereskow, Commander of the Prussian army, is destined in the south of France.

500 houses were destroyed in Strasbourg by the bombardment, and numbers of persons rendered homeless. Subscriptions for their relief are general throughout Germany.

King William reviewed the 8th Army Corps at Versailles on Wednesday. Headquarters were subsequently established at that place.

CHARTRES, 5th, *via* Tours 6th.—Cannonading commenced this morning near Maintenon.

ST. QUENTIN, 5th, *via* Tours, 6th.—There was a combat yesterday near Soissons, and prisoners say two regiments of the Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin were defeated by the garrison.

HAMBURG, 6th.—Steamers of the Hamburg-American line are being used for the detention of French prisoners.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—One of the Anglo-American cables is again injured, near Newfoundland. As the Company has a repairer on the American coast it is hoped that the cable will be in good working order in a few days.

TOURS, Oct. 6.—News has been received here that the Prussians have now completed all their arrangements for shelling and attacking Paris. The guns and mortars are in position. The spirit of the population, however, is underrated. The garrison are prepared at any moment to second such attack as the forces outside of the Prussian lines may make. The French are aware that some time must elapse before an active movement can be made, and they use the delay in drilling and arming the Mobiles.

General Rigen was successful yesterday in an engagement with the Prussians.

No news from Paris.

FLORENCE, October 6.—Signor Signella has remitted to the Pope 50,000 crowns, the amount of his civil list for the current month.

LONDON, October 6.—Buillion in the Bank of England has increased £12,000 during the week.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON Oct. 6.—The adherents of the French Emperor are very active in England. Rouher and Baron Jerome David are living in the city. They confer frequently with the Empress Eugenie.

Rumors that the Prussian Government is not hostile to this movement in favor of Napoleon are repeated, and some persons even go so far as to assert that Bismarck furnished part of the funds for establishing of *La Situation*, the Imperial newspaper here.

Late advices from Paris announce that General Trochu is turning to good account the experience and abilities of General Ripley.

Paris claim that the Prussians will find plenty of defensive contrivences to face before entering Paris.

BERLIN, Oct. 6.—King William sanctions the demand made by the Germans who were expelled from France for indemnity, for losses they have sustained thereby.

The German maritime towns also require damages, asserting that although their vessels escaped capture, the injury to shiping interests of the kingdom through their compulsory sojurn in foreign harbors was great, and it was complained that France has placed herself in opposition to the progress of civilization, in having seized high property on the high seas, and an indemnity is now asked for, in order to prepare the way for a universal recognition of the principle of freedom of private property in time of war, under all conditions.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—An enormous quantity of arms are daily sent forward, and millions of pounds of powder have been shipped from English ports to French ports

Reports of Prussian movements to the north and west of Paris, that is, towards Rouen and Amiens, originate merely from foraging expeditions.

The Prussian losses in the attack on Fort Becetre were immense.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—The Empress Eugenie is said to have sent a letter to the Emperor concerning her reception in England. She states that all official recognition of her presence had been postponed at her own request. Nothing could be tenderer than her treatment by Queen Victoria, who sent her at once a letter offering to pay her a state visit.

The Prince of Wales, immediately upon her arrival wrote her expressing kind remembrance entertained by the Princess and himself at their visit to Paris, and of the great kindness displayed them by her in the Tuileries, and begging to know in what way either the Princess or himself could serve her.

The Empress says she is in excellent health and good spirits, as is also the Prince Imperial.

Lord Ashburnham has offered her his mansion in Sussex.

The Duke of Norfolk, Lord Petry, Marquis Landsdowne, and many other persons, have begged permission to pay their respects to her.

The diplomatists in London, express confident hopes of the downfall of the republic, and restoration of the empire.

TOURS, Oct. 5, *via* London.—The *Moniteur* advocates Tours as a place of meeting of the Constituent Assembly on the ground of security, which that journal says is as perfect as that of any French city, if war continues.

It is said an intrigue is in process for the restoration of Nice to Italy.

A force of the Italian Bersagliere is at Ventuinglia, on the French frontier.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—Despatches from Tours to Monday last says the papers publish liberal extracts of the private correspondence of Napoleon. One of the documents is in the hand writing of the Emperor. Waving the regency in case of his death and entrusting the Empire during the minority of the present Prince Imperial, to the care of General Frossard.

A decree dated Rheims, Aug. 1st, signed by the Emperor, appoints McMahon commander-in-Chief of the army of Chalons and Paris.

A letter from the Emperor to McMahon, and a proclamation prepared to be issued by the latter, show that the plan was to fall back to the walls of Paris, leaving Bazaine at Metz.

The proclamation says the fortifications of Paris will stop the flood of the enemy, and give time to organize the forces of the country. This plan was afterwards abandoned, and an attempt made to relieve Bazaine.

A letter from Persigny to the Emperor, bearing no date, and post marked Strasbourg, reached Paris, December 7th, 1866, says, "As you are about to communicate several broad truths to the illustrious personages surrounding you, you can add the following:

"Whilst we are pompously and tediously deliberating as to what should be done to obtain an army, Prussia proposes simply, and with great activity, to invade our territory. She will be in a position to place in line 600,000 men and 1,200 cannon, before we have thought of organizing a frame work, which is indispensible, before we can place in the field 300,000 men and 600 cannon. Blindness alone can permit me to doubt that war will break out at an early date. With our stupid vanity and mad presumption, we might believe we could choose the day and hour, when our organization and armament will be complete; but I am of your opinion, and believe the Government has gone mad.

"If Jupiter has decided to destroy the country, let us not forget her destiny. Our lot is allied, as we are not yet attacked by madness. Let us make an effort to stop the fatal course leading direct to the precipice. I draw your attention to the following, because it is of a nature to open the eyes of the least clear sighted. For some time past Prussian agents have been running over the frontier between Mosselle and Voges, to sound the opinions of the population and bring influence to bear upon Protestants, who are numerous in those parts, and much less French than is generally believed. They are the grandsons of the men of 1815, and have sent deputations to the headquarters of the enemy to ask that Alsace be taken over by Germany. It is well to note these facts for they may reasonably be considered as throwing light on the enemy's plans. The Prussians adopted the same course three months before the opening of the Austrian war in Bohemia and Silesia."

LONDON, Oct. 5th.—The *World's* special, at Boulogne sends word that a foreign regiment has been formed for the service of the French at Cherbourg, to be called the volunteers of Fontenoy, and composed exclusively of the Irish volunteers. The men for the regiment are daily leaving both Ireland and England.

The *Standard* will, to-morrow, contain an authorized statement from the Emperor Napoleon, denying the authenticity of the letter circulated under German auspices in his name.

A special from Rouen, to-day, says the general aspect of Paris is graver than usual, but nothing can lead one to suspect there is the least probability of its surrendering without a tremendous struggle.

An official report from the army of Lyons places its strength, on the 1st of October, at 110,000 men, fully armed and equipped.

The army of the Loire, divided between Tours and Bangeis, is reported, at the same date, at 150,000.

The Emperor's horses were sold at Tattersall's the other day, and realised 454 guineas.

The *Times* of the 20th ult. says:—The 1st Battalion of Rifle Brigade (Prince Concerts Own), under the command of Col. Lord A. G. Russell, reached Woolwich yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock by rail from Gravesend, at which port they had disembarked from Her Majesty's steam troopship *Tamar*, Capt. H. D. Hickley, that morning from Canada. The marching-in strength of the Regiment was 24 officers, 548 non-commissioned officers and men, 69 women, and 125 children.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

SIX HEAVY DRAFT HORSES.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell on TUESDAY next, the 11th instant, on the By Ward Market, SIX HEAVY DRAFT HORSES suitable either for teamsters or heavy teaming; also, 1 Ladies' Side Saddle, and 1 Gentleman's Riding Saddle, and 1 Set of Second Hand Light Harness.

Terms cash.

Sale at half-past Ten a.m

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Oct 6, 1870 1481d

Ottawa Fire Relief.

LACHUTE, Co. Argenteuil, Sept., 1870.

At a public meeting of the inhabitants of this parish, called for the purpose of taking into consideration the best means of assisting the sufferers by the late fires in the district around Ottawa, and held in the Court House here, on the 9th September, it was

Resolved,—That this meeting deeply sympathise with the inhabitants of the Ottawa District, who have suffered so extensively by the fires which have desolated their country, and that an opportunity be offered to the inhabitants of this parish to contribute of their substance in aid of the sufferers.

Resolved, That collectors be appointed for each district, and that what contributions might be received be forwarded to the Relief Committee at Ottawa.

A committee was then chosen; a secretary and treasurer appointed. The result of their efforts is a total sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, which I now enclose.

Twenty-five dollars of this sum was the proceeds of a lecture kindly delivered, under the auspices of the Sons of Temperance, by Capt. Dutton, of the steamer *Prussian*.

(Signed)

GEO. L. MEIKLE,
Secretary.

To GEO. HAY, Esq., Ottawa.

At a meeting of the Central Fire Relief Committee, held at Ottawa, 5th October, 1870.

J. M. Currier, Esq., M.P., in the chair.

It was moved by Mr. George Hay, seconded by Mr. J. T. Pennock, and resolved, that the communication from George L. Meikle, Esq., Secretary of the Lachute (Argenteuil) Local Relief Committee accompanying a donation of $250 be received, and the thanks of this Committee be tendered to the friends at Lachute for their liberal contribution.

JAMES DYKE,
Assistant Secretary.

President Grant has quitted Long Branch, and after a visit to Boston, where he has gone to place his children at school he will return to the cares of the Executive business at Washington, refreshed and reinvigorated for his winters work by the leisure and enjoyment of his summer's recreation. On his way to Washington he will stop in New York to attend the Farragut obsequies.

☞See magnificent show of Autumn Trimmed Straw and Velvet Bonnets and Hats this day at Magee & Russell's.

☞See immense Stock of Untrimmed Straw, Velvet, Velveteen and Felt Hats ready made at Magee & Russell

☞See all the leading novelties in MANTLE CLOTHS, Costume Cloths, with Trimmings to match, this day at Magee & Russell's.

WANTED.

By a lady who has had many years experience in leading Hotels, a situation as HOUSE KEEPER, either in a private family or hotel. The highest references given if necessary. Application to be made to Mrs Fraser, York street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

WILL OPEN THEIR

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM

—ON—

FRIDAY, 7TH OCTOBER,

With a Grand Display of latest LONDON Styles in MILLINERY and MANTLES, Ex S S "PERUVIAN."

—COMPRISING THE LATEST STYLES IN—

STRAW VELVET and TERRY BONNETS

STRAW, FELT and VELVET HATS.

DRESS CAPS, HEAD DRESSES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c.

MANTLES.

They invite special attention to their stock of French and German JACKETS, made by French and German Tailors out of beautiful materials, cut and made in a superior manner.

All purchased during the great War Panic, at a little more than half usual prices.

MANTLE CLOTHS,

In all the leading Cloths and Colors,

WATERPROOF CLOAKS, in new styles, ready-made, and made to Order.

SHAWLS.

CLAN TARTAN WOOL and PAISLEY SHAWLS, in variety.

Orders for Millinery and Mantles executed by good experienced hands, with promptness and despatch.

Ladies are invited to call and see the new styles, whether wishing to purchase or not.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

FOR

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE,

38 Sparks Street,

Ottawa.

LOCAL NEWS.

☞See endless variety of made up Dresses, QUILTED LUSTRE and Satin Under Skirts, also CORSETS, this day at Magee & Russell's.

We believe a cricket match will be played on Saturday between the Ottawa and Emporor clubs.

The Board of School Trustees held their monthly meeting at the City Hall last evening.

☞Ladies are invited to see Garland, Mutchmor & Co's grand display of Millinery and Mantles.

☞Latest Styles out, in Millinery and Mantles, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's.

Arrivals at the Russell House yesterday were—Mr. and Mrs. Dewe, Ottawa; W. Hobbs, Prescott; J. C. Sturtedland, Lennoxville, N. H.; R. Herring, Montreal; M. J. Dickinson, Manotic.

☞Garland, Mutchmor & Co's Millinery and Mantle Show Room is now open.

☞See the Richest and most elegant Exhibition of Millinery and Mantles ever shown in the Metropolis this day at Magee & Russell's.

KILLED.—John Gordon was accidentally killed by a blast at Mr. Pupore's mills, Rochester.

☞See beautiful display of Flowers, Feathers, Ribbons, Laces, Dress Caps, and Dresses, this day at Magee & Russell's.

☞*In hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine's best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins" (without metal) new colours at 75c. per pair.*

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

POLICE COURT—THURSDAY.—Only one case before the Magistrate this morning. Edward Cousson, for being drunk and disorderly on the public streets, was sent to gaol for three weeks, in default of $5 fine.

LOW WATER.—We doubt if the water has ever been seen so low in the Ottawa as it is at present. Any person who takes a walk to the Chaudiere can immediately realize the truth of this statement. From the Suspension Bridge one would imagine the river fordable below in the line of the bridge.

ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday evening the band sawyer in Messrs. Law & Johnston's saw mill had a narrow escape from losing one of his arms if not meeting with still more serious injury. As it is he had the fingers of his right hand smashed by his getting caught in the gear of the circular saw.

LARCENY.—Joseph Vaillancour was brought to Ottawa on Wednesday evening by Chief Constable MacKay from Plantagenet, the former being charged with the larceny of a gold watch and some other articles, from a party in this city. When taken the watch was found on his person. He will probably be tried at the present sitting of the assizes for the offence.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE LAST NIGHT.—During the fire last night in Hull, Mr. Eddy, the respected proprietor of the property burned, met with an accident which fortunately had not a serious result. While going hither and thither directing his efforts to extinguish the flames, he accidentally fell into the water adjoining the burning building but was quickly extricated.

☞See elegant styles in pattern JACKETS, MANTLES, TARTAN WRAPS, WATERPROOF CLOAKS, OPERA CLOAKS and Costumes this day at Magee & Russell's.

BROADAL STREET.—What is the Corporation going to do with that portion of Broadal street lying between Wellington and Sparks streets, and which a few days ago received that awful layer of clay. As the street is at present it is impassable. A heavily laden waggon can be pulled through it by a team of horses, and persons with vehicles generally, systhematically shun it. It is a disgrace to the Corporation and to the city, and we hope before many days to see the clay carted off the street again or the evil otherwise remedied.

THE MARKET—THURSDAY—There was a large attendance on the market this morning.

Mutton was plentiful and sold for 6 and 7 cents per pound.

Butter was also in good supply, coming some of the best butter we have seen on the market for some time; it sold at 18 cents in print, and 21 cents in tub.

Potatoes brought 45 and 50 cents per bushel.

There was a large quantity of oats which sold for 30 cents per bushel.

Fowls 20 cents per dozen.

Turnips, 40 cents per bushel.

Hay, $9 to $10 per 100 pounds.

Carrots $10 per ton.

NUISANCE.—For some days back the residents of Church street have been disturbed by a woman stopping in some vacant house in the locality. She is either in the horrors or insane. At times she leaves the house and wanders up and down the street, generally followed by a crowd of boys whose actions and expressions, in addition with those of the unfortunate woman, make the neighbourhood anything but pleasant while the occasion lasts. She occasionally makes use of filthy and abusive language particularly directed against some parties residing in the vicinity. We hope the authorities will note this and save time in securing the unfortunate woman, and in doing a kindness to the people of Church street.

Subscriptions Received by Treasurer For Fire Relief Fund.

October 29.—Acknowledged to date $29,567 27
Thos. Findlay, Westmeath, 4 sovereigns 19 47
Peter Yeoman, Esquessing, per Postmaster-General 40 00
W. Bayard, St. John, N.B., per Mrs. Pollard 10 00
Sent 1 05
Residents of Lachute, per Mr. Reidie 250 00
Sent, Quebec, per R. Hamilton, Esq. 50 00
Total to date ..... $29,937 79.

JAMES CUNNINGHAM,
Treasurer.

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1870.

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE, 38 Sparks Street.

Fall Assizes.—Fourth Day.

EASTMAN VS. CONN *et al.*

The court opened at nine o'clock instead of at half past nine as announced on the previous day, consequently our reporter did not arrive in time to hear more than the concluding portion of Mr. O'Reilly's address on behalf of the defendants. In the course of his remarks Mr. O'Reilly summed up the evidence upon which he rested his case, and contended that the apparent rise in the water on the bulk head had been caused by the mill buildings having gradually sank, and that the injury complained of was owing to the extraordinary floods of the last two years, for which, being the act of God, the defendants of course were not responsible.

Mr. Mosgrove followed Mr. O'Reilly and addressed the jury for the plaintiff. He said, yesterday morning, when I opened this case to you, I gave you a history of it as it then stood. I shall likewise give you a history of the trial, making it as plain as I possibly can. When we started off yesterday morning with this case, we set out with two counts in our declaration. The first count is for keeping up the water higher than 3 feet 3 inches above the level of the bulk head; in the second for keeping up upright posts which caught drift wood thereby throwing back the water of the river; to this they plead, first, they are not guilty. They say, secondly, that they have a prescriptive right to keep the water to its present height, that is for 20 years. They then say, thirdly, that they have the same right to keep up the posts.

The learned gentleman when we started refused to concede us anything, even as a starting point. However, after a while, gentlemen, he gave up his prescriptive right, and now, at last, driven from one position to another, the issue is the proper one, namely, is the water kept by the present dam higher than 3 ft. 3 in. above the bulkhead?

The learned gentleman, in the able and eloquent address he made you, if you noticed, never once attempted to combat the evidence. This, he learned from upwards of twenty years experience, was the safest and easiest plan to get over a position he saw was logically maintained. Yet in the next breath he asks you and tells you to hold the scales of justice evenly between the parties, neither leaning on the one side or the other. Now I will give you the grounds for you to act on, namely, the evidence; by that you are to be governed and nothing else, returning a verdict as becomes honest and conscientious men, knowing their duty and able and willing to perform it.

Gentlemen, the evidence here is of a threefold character, 1st admission, 2nd facts, and 3rd scientific facts.

Now for the first evidence; it is a principle of law that when a party holds property formerly as holder in possession, his statements are admissable as evidence against a subsequent holder when made against his interest.

Now apply that rule to this case. It has been shown that Andrews was a former owner in possession of the mill, and what does he say? he makes no secret, that he raised the dam too high; he wants to buy the right of keeping it where it was, from the plaintiff; offers to pay him damages for what he has done; he goes to the witness, Waldo, makes the same proposition in the presence of the witnesses Dependers and George Kidd. The defendant's Counsel asks the same rights; the defendant Kerr never denied, nor do I believe he would if in Court now; the Defendant Guest admitted after Burchell levelled the dam, one end of it was three inches too high.

Now if you believe those witnesses you must give us a verdict.

As to the facts of the case the witnesses, Waldo and the plaintiff prove that they measured the water on the bulk head, and found it there 5 ft 4 and 5 ft. 2 at different times And as to the water on the bulk head being deeper than it ought to be; there can be no doubt but the defendant attempt to explain this by saying the bulk head has settled. In support of that position they produce the surveyor Burchell, who wished to prove that the north end of the building had settled 9 inches; but how did he stand cross examining? After beating about the bush for some time he at last believes it is only the floor that has settled. But gentlemen, the bulk head is some 4 or 5 feet below this in a stone foundation. So you see the settling of the floor or the frame does not alter the position of the bulk head. And at last what does this shining light of science believe for proof of the settling? That he took the levels in 1867 and found the dam 4 feet 2 inches above the bottom of the bulk head, and now it is 4 feet and half an inch, thereupon proving, as he would have it, that the bulk head settled an inch and a half in three years, but, unfortunately for him, the bulk head must have settled by raising, for if it was 4 feet 2 inches below the dam in 1867, and if in 1870 it is only 4 feet and half an inch, the bulk head must have raised an inch and a half. Now gentlemen, having established that, fixed the bulk head in its proper place. Let us see where the water was and where it is now. Several witnesses have told us that before 1865 the oak tree stump standing above Conn's mill was a living tree; the defendant's own witness, Noons, believes that 7 or 8 years ago this was the case. Now gentlemen, making allowance for the fact that the man is dependant upon the defendants for his bread and butter, you will say that he corroborates the evidence of the plaintiff's witnesses as to that. Noons, likewise, believes that when the mill is working it takes the water down 7 or 8 inches in the flume. The defendant Counsel tells us that when he measured the water with the mill working it was 3 feet 3 inches and 3 feet 6 inches, add to that 7 or 8 inches for the working, and you have 4 ft. 2 inches, the height of the dam. Then again pass up the river further, there is the stone in front of the plaintiff's house. The witness Reid tells you he used to stop upon it to work. Mrs. Depensee tells you the women used to go out on a short board to it, and the men jump to it, and now where is it; when the levels were taken they had to go out to it in a canoe, and one states that you cannot see it from the shore, it being some 16 inches under the water. Again, a little further there is the stump. Reid tells you that in the side of it there is a notch which marked the height of the water. They all say that it is now some thirteen or fourteen inches under water. Again they tell you that the drains sunk for drainage purposes are now filled with sediment from backwater rendered useless by those men's work in their desire to gather money to be used to wring from them their rights—their lawful heritage. But now I must, after the glowing eulogy that the learned gentleman on the other side has dressed up, the defendant Thompson in, I must now show him to you, as I see him, and I say this was the saddest picture of the whole case; look at him, an old man, his brow covered with grey hairs, his years numbering nearly three score and ten, his feet fast tottering to the grave, and he goes into that box in the presence of this court, and you, intelligent men, lifts his hand on high promising to answer unto Almighty God at the day of judgment that he shall tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. Yet what does he say in that solemn, nay, I say awful position, in the presence of his God, that the water is only 2 ft. 3 in. over the bulkhead when the dam is full, although his own surveyor Burchell and our civil engineer Lang proves that it is 4 ft. 2 in. above it. I say unto that man this day, he is a lamentable, a sad picture of what even old age will do for a few dollars of filthy lucre, and established the good old common law, that parties interested should not be made witnesses.

And now let me handle the witness Black. He, with a brass that knows no equal, tells you that there is a part of the old dam there yet which is ten inches above the new dam. Although I worked and tussled at him, and even brought in the power of the Court to make him answer my questions, when they were pressing him hard; at last, he points out upon the plan how far the old dam came to, and if you noticed, gentlemen, after he did this I threw away the plan; I immediately thought he will deny this; I took up the plan again, showed it to him again got him to point it out again; warned him to be careful; he places his finger down a second time. I mark the spot with my pencil; there it is gentlemen in black and white, and when is it actually extending past the first by-wash, when every witness proved that the stop logs were taken out! That it was made for that purpose, and yet in the face of all that he dares to tell you twelve intelligent and honest men that the old dam was and is there; he then said if that is so why was the new dam built, what was the use of making two dams to do the purpose of one.

Then the defendant Guest tells us the water is in the flume 2 feet 6 and 2 feet 8 yet he tells you that the water is when the dam is full within 3 or 4 inches of the top of the flume, and it has been proved that there has been 5 feet 4 and 5 feet 6 in the flume, which would make the depth to be 5 feet 2 inches above what it ought to be. As to the deft. Conn, I say for a man standing in his situation, for if this verdict is in our favor he has not the right to turn a wheel, for he can only work when the water is above 3 feet 3 inches above the bulk head, according to his deed, and when the water is above that he is flooding the plaintiff.

Notwithstanding all that he told us the fearful tale for him that he did think that the water was above 3 feet 3 inches in the bulk head, I say, gentlemen, all honor to that man for that truthfulness; he tells us also that when he stops his mill the water is 15 inches below the top of the dam; and if it establishes between them that the water is 3 feet 3 inches above the bulk head it must do the same thing for us.

Then look at the witness Benjamin Read; how he was in that box a monument of unflinchable honesty, against which the ability of the learned gentleman on the other side lashed with all his power; yet he stood unmovable as the show rock, and proved that when he was in possession of Kidd's mill, which stands upon a rock, that the water is now positively 13½ inches higher than it was 10 years ago. Look at that man backed up as he is with a host of other witnesses the Waldos, Dupensees, and Kidds, forming a phalanx as immovable as the Roman legions of old. And what do the defendants offer to oppose all this? Only one witness of the name of Widmark, who, although he has one position that contradicts us, yet the rest all agreed with us at the road and otherwise.

As to the scientific evidence, both agree so near that we need no comments; their difference can be counted by inches, while our grievance can only be measured by feet. Then why should we cavil at trifles, for these both prove conclusively that the water is above three feet at the said bulkhead.

Now, gentlemen, I shall close, apologizing to you for the time I have taken up with my remarks, and ask you to quietly and honestly come to your decision in this matter. You have been told of the heavy interests of the defendants, and of the amount of money they have invested in their improvement there; but, gentlemen, this money they have taken out of the pockets of the hard-worked farmers, and with the very money they wrung from them they flaunted before the plaintiff's eyes, threatening that if he took legal proceeding they would throw it into chancery, that he had no money to follow them there, but they should remember that we live under British laws, and that we shall have British fair play, and from you, a British jury, we shall get irrespective of their wealth or of the results a fair verdict.

Verdict for plaintiff, $50.

In the case of alleged rape which followed the prisoner was acquitted.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.

HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Fire in Hull.

Since last accounts we have learned some further particulars respecting the fire in Hull on Wednesday night. As to the origin, however, it is so far a mystery. Nothing is known from which to trace the cause positive. As usual, with such occurrences there are various rumors, but none of a reliable character. It is probable the result of the carelessness of some one of the employees. The fire, though it has done a great deal of damage, has, nevertheless, when we consider the vast amount of property contiguous to that burned, and which might also have been consumed, not been very destructive.

The damage done by the fire is estimated at about $10,000. Some thousands of pails have been either completely burned or rendered almost useless from the effects of the fire, some hundreds of cases of matches and some other minor stores. The roof, garret, and second floor have been destroyed, but the lower floor is uninjured as well as the masonary work of the building.

The entire of Mr. Eddy's premises in that locality are insured for $40,000, and we believe on that part of the building injured by the fire there was $8,000 insurance. Though the public sympathize with Mr. Eddy for this loss they must at the same time rejoice that the damage has not been greater. Had Mr. Eddy's vast establishments been destroyed hundreds of men and women would have been thrown out of employment. As it is—only the store house being destroyed—few, if any, will be left without employment for any length of time, and with Mr. Eddy's characteristic energy we have no doubt the damage will shortly be repaired.

Despatches from Wilhelmshohe report that the Emperor Napoleon rides out daily, and is received with every mark of respect by the inhabitants.

The Prussian Government considers brandy an excellent drink for the army in the field, and even compels every soldier to fill his flask before he leaves camp.

The wives of absent soldiers are furnished with gratuitous bread in Dresden, but none is given to the maidens whose lovers are gone to the war.

CARGO TEA SALE.

CARGO of the Barque "CHIEFTAIN," from Shanghae direct consisting of

FRESH TEAS,

&c., &c.

Will be sold by AUCTION, by Catalogue on

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12TH,

For Account of

MESSRS. TIFFIN BROS.,

And will include

GUNPOWDERS,
IMPERIALS,
HYSONS,
YOUNG HYSONS,
TWANKAYS,
YOUNG HYSONS,
And BLACK TEAS,
CASSIA, in Matts,
CASES PRESERVED GINGER,
ROLLS CANTON MATTING
&c, &c, &c

Together with 4,000 half chests Natural Leaf Japan Teas ex "C O Leary" and "Cour de Lion

—AFTER WHICH—

Will be offered a large and general assortment of GROCERIES

Samples will be on view previous to sale.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

J. G. SHIPWAY & SON, Auctioneers.

Ottawa, Oct. 5 1479 6

Dry Goods.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

☞FALL AND WINTER STOCK,☜

And are shewing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c.

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES
HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

☞OUR STOCK☜
—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

NEW FALL IMPORTATIONS

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

Are now opening out a stock of

DRY GOODS

Well Worthy of Inspection. All departments Complete, and BEST VALUE showing in

Silks and Velvets,
Velveteens and Poplins,
Dress Goods,
Hosiery and Fancy Wool Goods
Laces and Ribbons,
Millinery.

Our MANTLE DEPARTMENT contains the Choicest Goods and Newest Styles.

☞For Best Value Call at

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Special attention has been given to our

Carpet & Furnishing Departments

which will be found VERY COMPLETE and LOW IN PRICE.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

September 14, 1870. 1461v

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 2

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
An i pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know,
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Cattles Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

WONDERS OF WONDERS!

RINK MUSIC HALL!

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

Thursday and Friday, Oct. 6 and 7

SATSUMA'S

Japanese Troupe!

CONSISTING OF

TWENTY STAR ARTISTS,

OF BOTH SEXES,

Acrobats, Tumblers and Jugglers!

Their First Tour of America.

Appearing in the rich Court Dresses of Japan.

☞Everything entirely different from any other Japanese Troupe ever in this country.

Admission 25 cents; Reserved Seats 50 cents. Seats for sale at Orme & Son's music store.

J. E. NOBLE, Agent. H. SCHUHMANN, Manager and Director.

Ottawa, Sept. 29, 1870.

EAU DE VIE BLANC,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavoring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Oct 6, 1870

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over these Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4 40 p. m

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, thus making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870 1460tf

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, Oct. 3, 1870

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice, 12 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart ..... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive ..... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

1870. 1870.

FALL IMPORTATIONS.

DRY GOODS.

NEW STYLES,
FALL HATS,
R. L. JAMES & Co
NEW STYLES,
DRESS GOODS.
R. L. JAMES & Co.
NEW GOODS,
IN VARIOUS
DEPARTMENTS,

☞Per Late Ocean Steamers,

☞*DIRECT FROM BRITAIN.*

R. L. JAMES & Co.,

☞Opposite the Russell House☜

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and get up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-41N.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWELLS.

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

PRESTON & ROWSHELL. PRESTON & ROWSHELL.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS;

Making them

☞FIRE AND WATER PROOF,☜

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 16 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin Rats and mice will not come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, Instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street,
Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

WALTHAM WATCHES.

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits: but most of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 5 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 3 4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled For the quality, both in gold and silver, see the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but he guarantee of the company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—43 and 45 Yonge Street.
Montreal—645 St. Paul Street.

☞397 3mod

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the

FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

AND

TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

NOTICE.

For sale a SECOND HAND WAGGON

Enquire of

JOHN CHAPMAN,
Queen's Auctioneer opposite the By Ward Market.

Ottawa, September 29, 1870 1475 1d

TO RENT,

From 1st November next, a DWELLING HOUSE 18 rooms, Corner Sussex and Patrie streets at present occupied by W. B. Lindsay, Esq.

THOMAS McKAY,
Ottawa Mills, Chaudiere, or from Store Sussex street

Ottawa, September 23, 1870 1476

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.

THOMAS KIRBY,
Manager.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468 3m

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to WM. LATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 0 1443t

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the Delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap. 38) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 15th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY of FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. CORBOLLES,
Agent for Regis of Timber Marks,

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

LOST.

My accepted Check on Ontario Bank for $346 32 Any person returning same will be suitably rewarded.

P. POULIN,

Ottawa, Oct. 5, 1870. 1480 2

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Tuesday the 4th day of October, at noon, for the construction of certain works at the NAGLE DAM, and the Booms at CALABOGIE LAKE and CHAIN RAPIDS, on the Madawaska River.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office or at the office of the Superintendent of Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached each tender.

Seperate tenders to be given for each work, and to be endorsed "Tender for Nagle Dam, and "Tender for Calabogie Lake and Chain Rapids" respectively.

The Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 24th September, 1870. 1472 4

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for work on Black River," will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 3d day of October, at noon, for the construction of a new Slide at High Falls, on Black River.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this Office, or at the Office of the Superintendent of Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order.

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, September 22, 1870. 1469 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool)

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Quebec," will be received at this Office until Friday evening, the 28th instant, for the erection and completion of a new Post Office, at Quebec.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Office of Pierre Gauvreau, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Quebec, on and after Saturday, the 15th instant.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 3, 1870 1

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the offices of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

The tender must be in one sum and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material

The signature of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 1, 1870. 1477 4

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next,

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W B WORSLE
Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, September 14, 1870. 1462td

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

Invested in Canada.................... ....$300,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Additions amounted in 1867 to £83 10s. Total outlay by assured, £112: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4436. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,
1407 3m Agent.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Conneisseurs

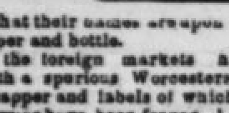
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

DOMINION

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address
T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.
Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

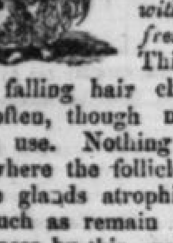
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. Bingham, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.

Dr. J. P. Kennedy of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. Belding, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. B. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S
TRADE MARK
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
MESS^rs GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.
PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2aw6m 1awk6m

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P O'MEARA. Proprietor.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.

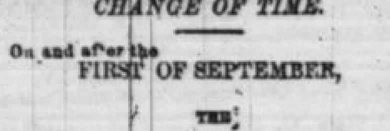
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the
FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,
THE
STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, August 23, 1870 144tf

McDUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the local 219tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

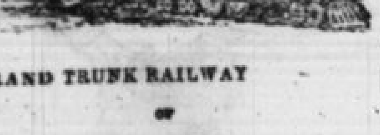
Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 114tf

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

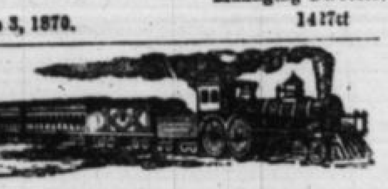
PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870. 1417tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8:30 a m
Night do do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at........	4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at....	7:30 a m
Trains for Lachine at .... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at.........	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at...................	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at.....................	3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at................	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at..............	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at.................	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N. S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at....	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do....	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations........................	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations..........	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at.........	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at..................................	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at............	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at..............	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at..	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870. 1425tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS

Prepared by special permission from the original receipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto. if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W H EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash. if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1306tt JONES & HOLLAND

H. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE, & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $136 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 ..1

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name without a written order from myself.

NORMAN McLEOD.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1494 1m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Med
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS
TRADE-MARK
ANCHORA VIRTUS
GARDNER MONTREAL
AND GROCERS
&c.

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best task for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

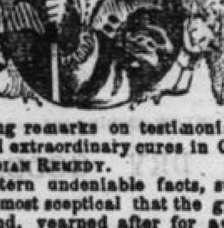
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoesy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had began to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6 1415-y

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

U

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven
Cook Stoves.
Low Oven
Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.
Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.
Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.
Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.
Elbows.
Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of Stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT.
Hull, September 29, 1870 1416 1m&w31 2m

WANTED,

TWO BOYS to carry papers. Must be able to read and write.

Apply at the
TIMES OFFICE.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m. connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent Managing Director
Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.45 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown........................	$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown........................	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown........................	$100 00
Halifax..	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer............	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown........................	30 00
Halifax..	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer............	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa Ma 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

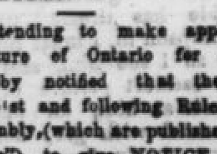
FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.



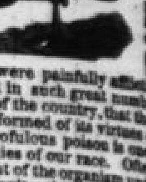
PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870 1360 td 1awK

Sarsaparilla



they were painfully afflicted ... cured in such great numbers ... tion of the country, that the public ... be informed of its virtues ...

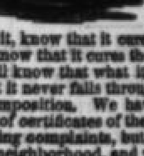
Scrofulous poison is one of the ... enemies of our race. Often, this ... tenant of the organism undermines ... and invites the attack of enfeebling ... without exciting a suspicion of its ... It seems to breed infection throughout ... then, on some favorable occasion ... into one or other of its hideous forms ... surface or among the vitals. In the ... cles may be suddenly deposited in ... heart, or tumors formed in the ... its presence by eruptions on the skin ... ations on some part of the body ... sional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla ... visable, even when no active symptoms ... appear. Persons afflicted with the ... plaints generally find immediate ... length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or ... Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head ... Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other ... visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease ... more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia ... Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy* ... and the various *Ulcerous* affections ... lar and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial* ... are cured by it, though a long time ... subduing these obstinate maladies ... But long continued use of this ... the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases* ... monly soon relieved and ... purifying and invigorating effect ... tions for each case are found in ... plied gratis. *Rheumatism* and ... caused by accumulations of ... in the blood, yield quickly to ... *Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* ... *mation of the Liver,* and *Jaundice* ... as they often do, from the ... blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a ... storer for the strength and vigor of the ... Those who are *Languid* and *Listless* ... *dent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous* ... *prehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the ... symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find ... relief and convincing evidence of its ... power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



... tried it, know that it cured them; ... not, know that it cures their neighbors ... and all know that what it does once it ... —that it never fails through any fault ... its composition. We have thousands ... sands of certificates of their remarkable ... following complaints, but such cures are ... every neighborhood, and we need not publish ... Adapted to all ages and conditions in all ... containing neither calomel or any deleterious ... they may be taken with safety by anybody ... sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and ... them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable ... no harm can arise from their use in any ...

They operate by their powerful influence ... internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate ... into healthy action—remove the obstructions ... stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs ... body, restoring their irregular action to health ... by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements ... as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper ... for the following complaints, which ... Pills rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite,* ... should be taken moderately to stimulate the ... and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice* or *Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers,* they should be ... diciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased ... action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhœa,* but one ... dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back* and *Loins,* they should be continuously ... taken, as required, to change the diseased action ... of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Suppression* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these Pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY
of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonald, Esq., McMaster, Esq. H S Howland, Esq., Esq., A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq., J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its language ... shewn to be profitable.

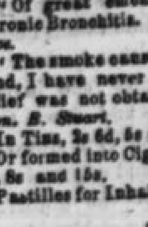
The test of the value of Insurance ... not when the premiums are being paid, ... losses are being settled, and, from the ... promptness of its settlements the ... Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR ...
1298tf



FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA

Affords Immediate Relief

"A remedy of great usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal of Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When ... kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General ... Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, ...

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL and fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, ... and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and ... N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. ...

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at

MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.
1466 tf
Ottawa, July 5, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE. 1434-6

August 1st, 1870.

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office 33, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. James Cotton, Managing Director.

VOL.

The [masthead crest] Times

VOL. V. NO. 1482. OTTAWA SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 42w F C CLEMOW.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Fisher & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ... street, Ottawa. 368y

O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-st. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa. ... 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. ... Post Office Buildings, Elgin street. ... KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., near the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, ... street, Ottawa. ... MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. ESTREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hall, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University,] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, ... That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, ... of Chandiere, Ottawa. 1388y

E. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

H. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated and every attention paid to their comfort.
JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.
989y

BRUNSWICK HOUSE.
Corner James and King-sts., ... the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street:
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

Mr. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply ... of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth ... on either gold, silver or vulcanite ... plates, fitting so closely and easily to ... as to be capable of all the uses to ... natural teeth are applied without the ... inconvenience to the wearers, and after ... a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance origin ... to the mouth.
... with a view to the removal of painful ... during the operation of extracting ... or diseased teeth, has introduced into ... the use of the Nitrous Oxide or ... gas, which the sufferer inhales without ... or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it ... a pleasant dream.
... be consulted any day, except Sunday, ... from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

...SON FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
... next to the City Hotel
Ottawa.
... the patronage of the Lumber Merchants ... the Ottawa. From his long experience ... trade he offers his services in engaging ... attending to their rafts while passing ... best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
... Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
... Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1374t.

5,000 Bushels of Oats for Sale by Bailey, Doran and Cameron, ... Ontario 1452 8a

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.
Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.
Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.
Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.
Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.
So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed. Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.
For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.
For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.
Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.
PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars*
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE— Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.
LIQUORS— COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.
WINES— Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Souterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS:
O'MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles
Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

For
THE
LANG
STYLISH SIGNS
AND
HANDSOME WALL
PAINTING
GO TO
PAINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS.,
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-fed
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,
To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

GREAT
CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railways for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE
Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:
American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago .... 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit .... 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit .... 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route .... 120 do
For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

JAMES PEACOCK,
HATS! HATS
HATS!
33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE OLD STAND.
The latest Novelties in
FALL STYLES OF HATS,
JUST RECEIVED.
Call and Examine.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE
PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES.

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.
N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:
"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.
"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M. R. C. S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."
PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).
These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.
PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.
PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.
B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Haphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.
No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.
A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.
J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.
MAIL STEAMER
"*QUEEN VICTORIA*,"
CAPT. BOWIE,
Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.
MARKET STEAMER
FAIRY
CAPT. NICHOLS,
Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.
R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.
711tf

Hardware.

PRIZE STOVES!
PRIZE STOVES!!
At the Exhibition we were awarded FIRST PRIZES as follows:
First Prize for Elevated Oven Cook Stove.
First Prize for Low Oven Cook Stoves.
First Prize for Parlor Stoves.
First Prize for Hall Stoves for Coal.
First Prize for Hall Stoves for Wood.
First Prize for best assortment of Tinware.
The above Prize Tickets can be seen in our window.
Our Fall and Winter Stock of Stoves is now complete all of the very best description.
Hot Air Furnaces fitted up to Order.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
"Capital" Stove Depot.
35, Sussex St.

SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Sil er Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bounie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Ottaw 24th June, 1870,

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Ocsola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deli Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

THOMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware
HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.
Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.t

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER
—IN—
TEAS AND WINES,
6 HOSPITAL STREET,
MONTREAL.
Ottawa August 23, 1870 n1444tf

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
1870.
Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)
THE FOLLOWING GOODS:
10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.
10 HHDS PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851;
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.
25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.
GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.
ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dubli Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.
COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.
TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.
SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.
REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very GOOD.
PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS.
The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.
FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.
A full and well assorted stock of general
Groceries
Wines,
and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.
The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for ... A few trials will prove their superiority ... common goods.
A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.
... 1870.

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,
A Branch of the Monklands Villa,
MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,
The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.
Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.
For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIOR.
Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets
Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

PRESCOTT STOVES
ON HAND.
COAL OIL
OF THE
BEST QUALITIES SENT HOME FREE OF CHARGE.
50cts. to 60cts. PER GALL.
TRY IT.
Have your
STOVE PIPES
Put up at once and avoid the rush.
We have now the
MOST COMPLETE
AND
BEST ASSORTED STOCK IN THE CITY.
Any thing you want ask for it.
ESMONDE BROS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of
JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,
of the Village of Kenmore,
AN INSOLVENT.
ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.
Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.
Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to
CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St
Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 Saw27l

NOTICE.
I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name after this date without my written order.
CHAS. GOULDEN.
Ottawa, Augus 6 3m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.
Arrival and Departure of Mails.
1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		3.00	9.45		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00			9.45		4.00
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.45		7.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	7.30		8.00	9.45		4.00
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	11.15		8.00			6.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00			8.00		6.00
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	5.00					
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	8.00	11.00	
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	5.00	11.00	4.00	9.45		4.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15		9.45		
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.45		
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	7.30			8.00		1.00
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.00		4.30			1.00
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.00					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kasabasua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	6.00					5.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.
The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.
Per Canard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.
A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 16th Sept, 1870.

READ THE OPINION OF THE "GLOBE
RESPECTING
MESSRS. QUETTON ST GEORGE & CO'S
PURE FRENCH WINES
Messrs. Quetton St. George & Co. have done the Canadian public a service in establishing their depot for the sale of wines and Mediterranean produce. Mr. St. George has long been resident in Toronto and its neighborhood, but has retained his inherited estates of Langaren and Caravettes in the south of France. He can, of course, command the wine of his own property, and, besides has excellent facilities for purchasing the products of his neighbors. He ships direct from Marseilles to Montreal, when it is found advisable to do so, and thus reduces to a minimum the cost of transit. He buys directly from the producer, and brings his wines to market in the cheapest way. It is not to be wondered at, under such circumstances, that he should have revolutioned the wine trade in Toronto. He has introduced here wines not hitherto known or used but which are peculiarly acceptable for their pleasing flavor, their purity and lightness. They are perfectly sound and wholesome, and yet are sold lower than the worst decoctions which pass under the misused names of port and sherry. The encouragement which Messrs. St. George & Co. have received from the Canadian public is very satisfactory to them. They find it difficult to keep up their stock, the demand being so great; but they are now receiving a large additional supply for winter use. What, with our native Canadian Wines, and the importation of Messrs. St. George, it is to be hoped that in time stronger liquors will cease to be used
Price List on application,
J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.
Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 200 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to
CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.
Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w37tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.
1369y

BOARD.
A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.
Ottawa, September 19, 1870 1466tf

AUCTION NOTICE.
The subscriber would take this mode of informing the public that he is prepared to receive all kinds of goods on consignment, either for auction or private sale, at his rooms, York Street, opposite the Market. Parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to call upon him before going elsewhere. His experience, and the testimonials he can furnish, is a sufficient guarantee that their interest will be carefully attended to.
JOHN CHAPMAN,
Queen's Auctioneer,
Ottawa, September 13, 1870 61 1m

CHIT CHAT FOR THE LADIES

It is stated that after one of the great battles Eugenie telegraphed to the Emperor: "They say in Paris that you have placed our son where spent balls fall. I pray you place him where the balls fall that kill."

The *Woman's Journal* has this advice for girls: "Never marry a man whose manner of speech, or principle, hints at the idea that he is to be 'master' of his wife. A 'master' who is an employer you can quit on due notice, and try another, but quitting a husband, even for reasons that earth and heaven will justify, is serious and disastrous business. Marry a husband, not a 'master.'

A RARE TRINKET.

A jeweller of Saratoga has in his possession a rare trinket, especially valuable from having once been the property of the Empress Carlotta. It is a lady's watch and chain, intended to be worn pendent from the neck, like a locket. The face of the watch is plain white; the reverse side, which is designed to be worn outward, is set in a beautiful *lapis lazuli*, encircled with diamonds, and having in the centre a raised letter C, in German text, richly studded with brilliants. The chain is heavy, containing six large links of blue *lapis lazuli*, with intermediate links of gold, set with diamonds.

MEN AS LOVERS.

In the first place, it is an imposition on any well-bred girl to keep her up later than half-past ten o'clock, when you have the opportunity of seeing her often. If you always leave her with the wish in her heart that you had stayed longer, you gain so much. Never run the risk of wearying her with your presence. Be just as earnest and straightforward in your loving as in your honourabling dealing with men. Impress your friends with the worthiness and seriousness of your love, so that vulgar and senseless bantering will appear to them as such. Love is religion, the supremest happiness; wear it manfully and proudly, but holily. Woo a woman bravely. If there is anything humiliating to a woman, it is to have a lover whom she wishes to honour, weak and vapid, over-yielding, and half afraid of her. She longs to tell him to "act like a man!" The man who conceals or denies his love from fear of being laughed at is a coward. A love that has no element of divinity in it is not love, but passion, which, of itself, has nothing ennobling. That was a beautiful inscription on the inside of an engagement ring, "Each for the other, and both for God."

HOME LIFE.

Even as the sunbeam is composed of millions of minute rays, the home life must be constituted of little tenderness, kindly looks, sweet laughter, gentle words, loving counsels, it must not be like the torch blaze of natural excitement, which is easily quenched; but like the serene, chastened light which burns as safely in the dry east wind as in the stilliest atmosphere. Let each bear the other's burden the while—let each cultivate the mutual confidence, which is a gift capable of increase and improvement—and soon it will be found that kindliness will spring up on every side, displaying constitutional suitability, want of mutual knowledge even as we have seen sweet violets and primroses dispelling the gloom of grey sea rocks.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

All the Paris theatres are now closed, except the Theatre Francais.

Mr. Alfred Bradbury opens the Holborn Amphitheatre with equestrian performances on the 1st October.

The youthful Signor Ettore Mariotti has finished an opera, entitled "Fedra," which is shortly to be brought out in Venice.

Two new dramas by Mr. Watts Phillips are in the hands of the management of the Queen's Theatre.

A display, called "The Battle and Storming of the Heights of Wissenburg," is announced at the Alexandra Theatre.

From the German papers we learn that Herr R. Wagner was married, on the 25th of last month, to Madame C. von Bulow.

Frl. Minnie Hauck has commenced in Vienna a seven months' engagement at the Hotopern Theatre as Zerlina in "Don Juan."

Mr. Edmund Falconer will open the Lyceum shortly, and has in preparation a drama destined to rival the effectiveness of "Oonagh."

A short essay on Palestrina, entitled "Elogio di Giovanni Pierluigi Palestrina, principe della Musica Sacra," has been published at Rome by Augustino Bartolini.

Mr. H. J. Montague, one of the lessees of the Vaudeville Theatre, is so indisposed, as to be unable to sustain his part in the comedy of the "Two Roses."

Wagner has intimated his resolve to honor Munich no more with his presence or his operas, seeing that the German public is not yet ripe for due appreciation of his music.

The Vokes Family have arrived in London from Paris, the alarming state of the city having closed the theatres and their engagements there. They reappear at Drury-lane on the 24th inst.

The rebuilding of the Cologne Theatre has been decided on. The auditorium is intended to accommodate 1,800 persons, and the expense, including the stage requirements, is reckoned at 155,000 thalers.

Signor Mabellini's new opera, "Fiammetta," which was recently performed in Milan, has been received with much favor, not only by the public, but by the musical critics of Italy.

FACETIÆ.

It was a woman who first prompted man to eat, but he took to drink on his own account afterwards.

The difference between a bride and a bridegroom is this—One is given away and the other is sold.

It is said that "La Guerre," which the French are troubled with, is derived from the German "Lager."

An old man is much easier to rob than a young one, for his locks are few, and his gait is generally broken.

Who is the straightest man mentioned in the Bible? Joseph, because Pharaoh made a ruler of him.

Texas has now a new game of cards. One holds a revolver, the other holds the cards. The coroner holds the inquest.

The Sioux and Crow Indians have had a fight, the result of which is that Crow sues and the Sioux crow.

A New Bedford paper knows a pointer that came to a dead stand the other day before a door plate inscribed 'A. Partridge.'

An Irishman, writing a sketch of his life says that he early ran away from his father, because he discovered it was his uncle.

A bachelor wants to know when men have endowed the ladies with the franchise, they will allow us an extra little freedom in return?

Thirteen hundred passengers arrived on Monday in Toronto in one train from Collingwood.

A number of American pedestrians are in Toronto.

Pickpockets are doing a lively business in Toronto.

The "Captain" Foundered.

ON WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1870.

O tidings, sad as true,
Of grief Britannia's share,
The *Captain* and her crew
Gone down off Finisterre!
The finest ship we had,
The finest on the sea,
Which now, strong iron-clad,
Sweeps o'er thee.

'Twas but the other day
When we rejoiced, at length
That England had a stay
Found in that tower of strength,
That matchless turret ship;
She crossed the salt sea foam,
Ne'er from her trial trip,
To come home.

Her consorts, where she rode,
Had marked her over night,
Returning daybreak showed
No *Captain* to their sight.
A floating spar her tale
Related but too well,
The winds they had heard wail
Were her knell.

Some few survivors told
How from the squall's side-blow,
Her prompt Chief, when see rolled,
Cried "Topsail sheets let go!"
In vain, before the blast
She toppled, overthrown,
Sank to the bottom, fast,
Like a stone.

Down with her to the deep
Went all the wealth she cost,
A loss which would be cheap
If that were all we lost.
But with her went the brave,
Heaven rest their gallant souls,
Burgoyne beneath the waves;
Cowper Coles.

Her architect went down,
With her his art had planned,
And he of bright renown,
Who held her in command.
Wreck never yet so sore
This England did betide,
Such treasure ne'er before
Sea did hide.

There's iron enow to close,
The gap in England's wall,
What shall we do for those
Departed past recall?
Bereaved, we all deplore
Defenders of our coast;
But some, who miss them more,
Mourn them most.

To those we owe a debt,
The due of ample aid,
Which Britons should not let
Remain a day unpaid.
Their country now, at large,
Stands in their parents' stead;
Her bond she will discharge
To the dead.

—*Punch.*

LINKS IN A CHAIN.

(Continued.)

This suggestion entirely jumped with my views, and after dinner we set out, found the house I had slept at, and the street adjoining it. And, indeed, it would have been strange had we not found the latter, for it was full of people in the utmost state of excitement. There were, moreover fire-engines in it, others were momentarily arriving, and a great glare of flame irradiated the sky. A house was on fire, and I had a conviction that it was the very house in which I had seen the murderous deed perpetrated. I was for giving information to the authorities, but Halford dissuaded me. "Doubtless the body of the woman is consumed," said he; "the house having in all probability been fired with that object. You would only bring yourself into unenvible notoriety for no purpose." And I remained silent, though the fire intensified my suspicions that I had witnessed the perpetration of a cowardly murder.

Years passed away. Halford had risen in his profession, but still clung to his gloomy old stronghold in Barnard's-inn. I had spent many a jovial hour there in those halcyon days which prelude the stern realities of medical life: the days sacred to that most joyous of human pursuits, the walking of hospitals! I had succeeded to my father's practice, and lived in the old house, in the quiet old Derbyshire market-town, in which our family had inhabited for two hundred years.

One night, on returning from a long professional round, I received a letter in a woman's hand, entreating me to come up to London without loss of time. Halford the writer said, was ill: she feared, dying. The letter bore a signature; but I could only decipher the word "Joanna;" the rest was a mere blur.

The next night found me at Barnard's-inn. My coming had been eagerly looked for, the porter told me, and in confirmation of this I was received at the door of Jack's chambers by a young woman, who, on seeing me, uttered an exclamation of gratitude, and thanked me again and again for my kindness in coming.

"I have the pleasure of addressing Joanna I inquired.

She blushed and dropped her eyes in acquiescence. She had darkly-fringed lids, and tears like dewdrops glistened on the fringes. A pretty sweet-faced woman altogether was Joanna; one whom it was impossible not to admire, and it might have been easy to love to distraction.

After admitting that I was right in calling her Joanna, she said no more of herself, but drawing me aside, explained what had happened to Halford. It was very mysterious, she said, shuddering as she spoke, but while coming home from a friend's a few nights before, he had been shot at and severely wounded.

"Shot at!" I ejaculated with genuine surprise. "Attacked—robbed—I suppose?"

"No. Simply shot at from a doorway; the man, seeing him fall, ran away."

"And where was this!"

"In Red-Lion Square."

"Strange! The object must have been robbery?"

She shook her head and was then seized with so violent a tremor that she had to clutch at a chair to save herself. Then she further informed me that the effects of the shot had been very serious, from a difficulty in extracting the ball, which had however been happily accomplished that morning. Since then there had been a slight improvement.

I found my friend, very ill, but did not despair of his life. He was quite insensible, and remained so some days. During that time I stayed in town; in fact, I protracted my stay long enough to satisfy myself that he was out of danger. My companion in the sick-room was Joanna, whose intelligence I found to equal her beauty. We talked much of Jack, and I saw that she was devoted to him; but she did not say a word about herself or the relations between them, and the subject was so delicate that I dared not question her upon it. One singular observation, and one only, she let slip; it was to the effect that it was hard he should suffer all this for her sake.

That phrase struck me at the time, and haunted me both on my homeward journey and long afterwards. What did it mean? In a month or so, Jack had recovered sufficiently to write, and thank me for coming up to him; but he made no allusion to the attack which had been attended with con-

TIGHT BINDING

sequences so serious, and, more singular still, there was no word of Joanna from one end of the letter to the other.

To those engaged in professional duties, time flies. So three or four years might have gone by before the incident with which I opened this narrative was suddenly and strikingly recalled to my memory.

I had gone to France for a few weeks' change and was travelling between Amiens and Paris on the then newly opened railway, when at one of the sharp curves in the line our train went off the rails. Several of the carriages were overturned, and one was smashed to atoms. In that one carriage several persons were riding, and were more or less injured. The severest one was an Englishman, Jasper Nuttall, as I learned from his card-case; for immediately on learning what had happened I went to his assistance

The man was very much shaken; two of his ribs were broken, and he had received some internal injury which caused blood to flow from his mouth. His own conviction was that he would not recover, and his horror of death was childish in its exaggeration. For this, however, I soon learned there was a cause. After binding me by a solemn oath not to divulge what I was about to hear while he lived, he entrusted me with a confession of a most serious nature. This was the substance of it:

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Foreign Missions—E. B. Ebbs.
Auction Sale—Jonas AP. Jones.
Farm for Sale—Timothy Moffat.
Notice—Eliza Grant.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1870.

The Princess of Salm Salm is a native of the county of Missisquoi.

Bavarian troops are called by the French "Blue Devils."

The Provincial Exhibition of 1871 is to be held in Kingston.

The first meeting of the Dominion Board of Trade will be held in Ottawa in January next.

Miss Susan B. Anthony commences her Woman's Rights crusade for this season on the 24th inst.

The Turkish Government are testing the navigability of the Euphrates in its middle and upper waters.

In the present war, the total of killed and wounded to September 1st can be safely estimated at 180,000.

It is now estimated that the English crop of wheat will fall short of that of last year by nearly six millions of bushels.

The Grand Jury did right in calling attention to the conduct of the Ontario Government in reference to the late fires.

We understand that the Minister of Marine and Fisheries will probably reach Ottawa about the end of next week.

The estimates for work done on the Intercolonial Railway for September amounted to $315,000. This is a considerable advance on any former month.

A plot was discovered in Paris and forcibly suppressed a few days since, the object of which was the re-establishment of the Regency.

The new Captain-General of Cuba, Gen. Fernando Fernandez de Cordova, is 78 years old, and has been 60 years in the Spanish service.

It is reported that a treaty has been concluded between China and Japan for the expulsion of foreigners. If this is true we may look for stirring events in Eastern Asia before long.

Time the avenger! Napoleon Bonaparte dictated terms to the Prussians at Erfurt in September, 1808. Louis Napoleon surrendered to the Prussians in September, 1870.

As an evidence of the enterprise of the American agent of the Associated Press, we may mention that some of the news telegraphed by cable yesterday appeared in English papers of the 22nd ultimo!

United States Government vessels now ready for sea are unable to leave for want of sailors to man them. Good sailors cannot be obtained on account of the bad food, irregular pay, and general neglect on the part of the officers of the United States navy. So say American papers.

Fitz Hugh Ludlow, the well-known American author and journalist, died a few days since in Switzerland. He had written several works on hasheesh and opium, and, unfortunately for himself, had experimented considerably with those injruious drugs.

A Paris correspondent says that the Gardes Mobile are an undisciplined mob and cannot be depended upon. They do not know how to stack and unstack their rifles, and many of them never had a Chassepot in their hands before they were called upon to man the defences of Paris.

The number of false telegrams received from the seat of war is explained by the fact, that the stock jobbing gamblers of New York bribe the agents of the Associated Press to send false despatches, for the purpose of affecting the price of public securities. Most of the New York papers are said to be in the "Ring."

Mr. Alfred Perry, Inspector of the Royal Insurance Company, who, it will be remembered, visited Ottawa during the late fires, says in a letter to a gentleman of this city, "Mr. Brydges declined to receive any recompense for the special train which took myself, the fire engine, and men to your assistance at the time of the city being in danger. Mr. Reynolds acted in a like generous manner."

Fearful atrocities are committed in Alsace and Lorraine by the Prussian soldiers, and the war is fast transforming the people of both nations into savages. The French peasants revenge themselves on the Prussian wounded whenever an opportunity offers. An old woman of seventy was found picking out the eyes of a wounded German captain. Some Prussian hussars caught her in the act, dragged her into the garden, and there literally trampled her to death.

The *N. Y. Evening Mail* says that it is time the United States government did something to prevent the seizure of American fishing boats, as the fishing interest of New England is in danger of extermination under the "present exclusive and arbitrary Canadian policy." There is only one way to prevent the seizure of these boats, and that is to prevent them from trespassing in Canadian waters.

The Intercolonial Railway Commissioners will be at St. Johns to-day on their way home.

Section No. 10 of the Intercolonial Railway extending from the New Brunswick boundary to Amherst, N.S., has been pushed forward rapidly by Mr. Collingwood Schrieber. A train passed over the bridge crossing the Missiquash River on Thursday, and it is expected that trains will shortly be running regularly from St. John to Amherst.

The Marine Department have just completed a small lighthouse at Wade shoal, on the north bank of the Ottawa river, for the accommodation of the trade. It was lighted for the first time on Thursday night. The urgent need of this light was brought prominently before the notice of the Department by Captain Bowie, the popular commander of the *Queen Victoria*. Mr. Davies, of Ottawa, was the contractor. We hear, also, that several new buoys have been placed in the river by the Department between Ottawa and Grenville. We are glad to notice that the Department is not unmindful of the interests of the Ottawa.

A UNITED EMPIRE.

"National unification," as it is called—the joining together of the various portions of a race into one compact whole,—is one of the favourite political theories of the day. To preserve the Union the people of the Northern States of America sacrificed three thousand millions of dollars; to effect the unification of Germany Bismarck has been working for years, and is still labouring with the same purpose in view; to retain the subjects of the Czar under the national flag, the Russian government will not permit the people of the overcrowded Finland towns to emigrate to foreign countries, but transport them to Russian settlements on the Amoor river; so thoroughly do they recognize the importance of maintaining the national stability. Among the whole array of the leading statesmen of to-day, Mr. Gladstone is the only one who seems to believe, that if a man emigrates it matters not whether he takes up his abode in a portion of the same dominion or not, or whether his future labours of brain and muscle be employed in building up a colony of the Empire or a foreign and possibly hostile state. Mr. Gladstone and that class of political economists with whom of late years he has cast his lot, appear to be of opinion that so long as a man buys goods of English manufacturers, it is a matter of little consequence whether he is a British subject or a foreigner, and they argue, though very incorrectly, that the latter is likely to be quite as good a customer as the former. It would be easy to show, by referring to statistics, that this proposition is entirely untrue, and that the colonists of the Empire import *per capita* more than ten times the amount of English goods that the Americans do. But leaving this part of the question on one side, let us consider what are the political results of a government allowing thousands of its able bodied industrious poor to cast off their allegiance, to become "denationalized" in fact, and permitted to form part of another nation. We will not refer to the native born Americans because it may be said that the hostility to Great Britain which exists among them is a result of the wars of the Revolution and of 1812, and that if King George the third had consented to the peaceable secession of the colonies, the Americans might to-day have been allies of England. But to show the fallacy of Mr. Gladstone's theory, and to prove that after all it does make some difference where emigrants go when they leave the mother country, let us take the case of Ireland. If we take Irishmen who have emigrated to the United States, as a body from whatever section of the "Green Isle" they have come, or whatever may be their religious creed, we shall find them almost unanimous in their bitter hostility to England, and in their implacable determination to take up arms against her whenever an opportunity offers. It is a well known fact that during the late civil war when the Washington Government were at their wit's ends how to obtain recruits, thousands and thousands of Irishmen were lured into the ranks and prevailed on to fight for the subjugation of the South, by the promise that as soon as the Union was restored the whole might of the Republic would be brought against Great Britain. Many a simple-minded Irishman thus beguiled by the false pretences of "smart" Yankee recruiting officers, now sleeps in a nameless and unknown grave on the banks of the James and the Potomac, or among the tangled swamps of the "Wilderness." The same feeling prevails among a majority of Irishmen in all parts of the States, from Louisiana to Vermont. Cross the border of the last named State and enter Canada, and no sooner is the frontier passed than a strange and unmistakeable change is apparent. Irishmen, Protestants and Roman Catholics alike, instead of being imbued with hatred to the British Crown, are among its truest and most loyal supporters. A case within our own personal knowledge exemplifies this difference very strongly. Two Irishmen, closely related to one another, left the "auld sod" in 1862 under exactly similar circumstances. They had been brought up together and had shared the privations of poverty under the same roof. One went to New York and enlisted in the Union army. He served through the war and is now a clerk in a merchant's office in Broadway. He is a strong hater of Great Britain; is a member of the Fenian organization, and most probably participated in the last raid against Canada. The other came to this country and settled in the Niagara peninsula where he is living to-day, and is one of the most loyal and patriotic men in that loyal and patriotic district. In 1866 he shouldered his rifle and fought against the Fenians in defence of the British flag and a British colony, and in May last was again with his regiment guarding the line.

We have mentioned this as an instance within our own knowledge of the difference between Irishmen who settle in the States and those who settle in a British Colony, and we have no doubt that thousands of such cases might be found. As an incontrovertible fact we know that Irishmen in Canada are among the most thoroughly loyal of our population, while their kinsmen in the States are the exact opposite. In the face of such facts how can Mr. Gladstone or any man who aspires to the name of a statesman, venture to assert that it is a matter of no consequence where an emigrant goes when he leaves the shores of the United Kingdom?

We have taken the case of Irishmen, because the difference is more marked than in any other race, but there is no more bitter enemy of England and of Canada, than the English or Scotch Radical or Chartist who has become "denationalized" and assumed United States citizenship. As a religious or political renegade is always more violent in his hostility to his former religion or party than any one else, so very generally the man who casts aside his race and country becomes their direst foe. From the force of circumstances thousands of British subjects must leave the shores of the Mother Country every year and take up their abode elsewhere, and we are taught by experience and from what we see around us daily, that upon their selection of a home depends very much the question whether they shall be classed in the future as enemies of Great Britain, or become a source of safety and strength to her. We have no doubt that politicians of the Manchester school would sneer at this, but we contend that great and powerful as England is, she cannot afford to ignore these facts. Thousands, we may say hundreds of thousands of men who in the event of a war between Great Britain and the United States to-morrow would be found in the ranks of the Republic, might with a little wise legislation on the part of the Imperial Government have been found ready and willing to defend the crown and flag of England.

The Canadian Government are striving earnestly to induce emigrants from the United Kingdom to come here instead of going to the neighboring Republic. Hitherto we have failed to attract as many as we ought, though there is reason to hope for greater success in the future. But if the Imperial government are wise they will turn their attention to the subject also, and by giving a little judicious encouragement to those who emigrate to British colonies, retain them still as subjects of the Crown, and as the friends, instead of allowing them to become the foes of England.

Lieut.-Governor Archibald's Proclamation.

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To whom it may concern,

GREETING:

Whereas by letters patent under the great seal of Canada, bearing date the twentieth day of May, A. D. 1870, we have appointed the Honourable Adams George Archibald, of the City of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, in our Dominion of Canada, to be Lieutenant-Governor in and over our Province of Manitoba; and whereas our said Lieutenant-Governor was on the twenty-third day of July last past duly sworn into office as such Lieutenant-Governor, before our trusty and well-loved the Right Honourable Sir John Young, our Governor-General of our Dominion of Canada; and whereas our said Lieutenant Governor has duly entered upon the duties of his said office; and whereas we are desirous to put an end to the unhappy troubles and disturbances which have prevailed for some time in our said Province: We therefore hereby strictly enjoin and command all our loyal and well beloved subjects within the said Province to keep and maintain the peace, to aid and assist our magistrates and peace officers in the suppression of disorders and riots of all kinds, and we strictly enjoin all our magistrates and peace officers to watch over our peace and to bring to justice and punishment any and every offender who shall violate the peace or be guilty of an assault or aggression of any kind or nature on any one of our subjects, and we hereby assure all our faithful and loyal subjects of our said Province, that it is our determination to suppress all disorders and disturbances of our peace from whatever quarter the same may come and to secure to all our faithful subjects of our said Province protection in the peaceful possession of their rights and property, and we do hereby require and enjoin our said subjects to return to and engage in their usual occupations and pursuits relying on this our assurance that no person or persons shall be allowed to take the law into his or their own hands, or proceed against any of our subjects in any other way than in due course of law. In testimony whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent and the great seal of Manitoba to be hereunto affixed: Witness our trusty and well beloved the Honourable Adams George Archibald, Lieut.-Governor of Manitoba, at our Government House, Fort Garry, in our Dominion of Canada, the seventeenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and in the thirty-fourth year of our reign.

By command,

ALFRED BOYD,
Provincial Secretary.

A baking firm in Dundee has entered into a contract to supply thirty tons of bread a week for several weeks to France. Two cargoes have already been sent to Havre.

The Government have contracted with Messrs. John Elder & Co., Glasgow, for the construction of an armor-clad having two revolving turrets, to carry guns of the largest calibre. The firm have engaged to complete this armor-clad in fifteen months.

Mr. Henry Fergusson, Pitlochrie, has just smoked a hive, which weighs 136 lbs. gross, or, after making ample allowance for hive and ekes, one cwt. of honey. This was all made since the end of July last.

The *Western Morning News* says that the Empress and her son will reside some time at Torquay, and will stay at the Imperial Hotel, pending preparations for their more permanent residence. A superb villa in Tor Abbey Park has been engaged for their reception, and is being redecorated. The luggage of the Imperial party arrived on Tuesday.

Early on the morning of Tuesday last the wife of Mr. George Atcheson, farmer, South Kincardine township, under the influence of frenzy, induced by ardent spirits, set fire to their barn, which was soon destroyed. She attempted to throw herself into the flames, and being foiled in this, she went into a room, and seizing a knife, she threatened to commit suicide. They succeeded in taking away the knife from her.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, October 7.

The annual election of the Directors of the Financial Association was held last night. The annual address was read by the Hon. D. Christie.

Kingston is chosen as the next place of meeting of the Exhibition.

Over 30,000 visited the Exhibition yesterday.

Everything passed off quietly.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Oct. 7th.

On reviewing the Money Market for the past week, I find but few points of special interest. The feeling has been easy throughout, and very little business has been transacted. Interest has not declined very materially, but there has been much irregularity in the market. Yesterday was in no way different from other days, scarcely anything being done in borrowing or lending.

On Wednesday afternoon Hugh Laverty, stevedore, aboard the barge *George Weson*, fell from the deck to the hold, and was badly injured, and had to be conveyed to his residence in a carriage.

Last evening the Board of Trade entertained the delegates to the Dominion Board of Trade meeting, to dine at the Carleton Club House.

The delegates to the Dominion Board of Trade met again yesterday morning in the St. Lawrence Hall.

Weather cool.

Yesterday a schooner from Africa arrived in port, and had a number of monkeys on board.

Edward Cummings, a shop boy of Lazarus, Morris & Co., was remanded by the police magistrate to-day for forging his employers' signature to several bank cheques for small amounts.

The trials of the September term of the Court of Queen's Bench was closed yesterday. There have been eighteen convictions, and judgments will be given on Monday next.

The session of the Montreal Presbytery was closed last evening. They protested against the contemplated Presbyterian union and the Universal College.

The steam tug *Simpson*, while towing two barges out of port, last night, came in collision with the barge *Retriever*, and the former sustained considerable damage.

News unimportant.

Weather chilly.

QUEBEC

QUEBEC, October 7.

The City Council meet this evening, but the discussion relative to the North Shore Railway loan will probably, owing to the short delay, be deferred to Friday next.

Stations for the yachts in the Champion Cup Race to-morrow were drawn this afternoon. The yacht *Truant*, of Lachine, is entered to-day, making seven: *Black Hawk, Dauntless, Shannon, Gauntlet, Wasp* and *John Gerdes*.

At the Quarter Sessions to-day, Lepage, bailiff, *vs.* Flood, the case alluded to yesterday for assault, the jury acquitted the prisoner. It was absurd to state that the plaintiff cannot attach timber inside of a cove boom on a writ of seizure before judgment.

There were three arrivals from sea last night.

ROCKINGHAM.

ROCKINGHAM, October 7, 1870.

In the Township of Lundock, county of Renfrew, on the 30th of September, Mrs. John McLachlin, was delivered of three daughters. All doing well.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

S. PETERSBURG, 7th.—M. Thiers, while here negotiating with the Russian Government, explained to the Italian ambassador that his only motive for opposing Italian unity was the fear that it would encourage German unity.

LONDON, 7th.—The only objection that the Bavarian Government has to German confederation is her reluctance to place her army under Federal charge during times of peace.

The *Times* has an eloquent article in ridicule of England's neutrality.

General La Marmora leaves Florence for Rouen on Monday.

TOURS, 7th.—The Pontifical Zouaves, 500 strong, arrived at Tours to-day, and will enter the French service.

It is reported that the enemy are going towards New Brisech. There was skirmishing on the previous day, but without serious results.

The villages about Epernay are filled with troops.

MONTARGIS, Oct. 6.—The Prussian out posts, comprising 30 men, have been killed by Turcos.

ANTWERP, Oct. 7.—The entrenched camp having been evacuated by the militia, has been occupied by the French prisoners who were lately quartered at Beverloo.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—Prince Pierre Bonaparte has arrived in this city.

The Paris *Moniteur* exhorts the army to oppose increased vigilance and more vigorous resistances to Prussian raids.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 7.—The journals to-day repeat the statement that General Ignotiff's journey to Odessa was personal, and not political

VIENNA, Oct 7.—The supplementary estimate of the War Minister aggregates to 52,000,000 florins.

Neumayer, a leader of workingmen, has been sentenced to five months imprisonment for inciting a revolt.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 7.—The Belgium *Echo* says there is great activity everywhere to protect the frontier.

ROME, Oct. 7.—The Jesuits are leaving the city.

TOURS, Oct. 7.—The capitulation of Gen. Uhrich is fully approved of by the Government, notwithstanding statements to the contrary.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—General Bourbake has been allowed to re-enter Metz, orders to that effect having been given by King William before the General left on his fruitless errand to England.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* writes to that journal that the supplies of meat are vanishing, but breadstuffs are very plentiful, and are stored in convenient places. There are also plenty of guns, ammunition, &c.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—Letters from Paris say that the Socialist opposition are still at work and growing bolder. They now demand the confiscation of property of all who left Paris for the benefit of the national defenders, and the sequestration of property of all accomplices in Bonapartist usurpation.

The Government has been weak enough to yield in some points to the men

They also demand the destruction of the column Vendome, and all monuments pertaining to Bonapartists.

The question of food begins to be serious, and food riots are feared.

TOURS, Oct 7.—Telegrams as received, show a steady advance by the Prussians, invading east and south-east of France, on the march to Lyons.

The journals say there is a general rising in Vosges. There are no regular troops there, but all the men are around.

The Franco-Tireurs are in all the passes, and give no quarter to the enemy, whom they harrass night and day, stopping their convoys and cutting their communications and roads.

A circular from the Ministry enjoins the Generals to at once prepare for the organization of a court martial to ensure discipline.

TURIN, 7th, *via* Tours.—It is creditably reported that the Italian Government have taken the initiative in declaring that they have no intention of claiming Nice from France.

The Prefect of Epinay telegraphs at midnight of the 6th, to the Minister of the Interior, that a combat took place yesterday, between the towns of Lam and Bruyeres, against eight or ten thousand Prussians, supported by artillery. The French troops, who were aided by the National Guards, held their position.

A despatch from Evanas shows great enthusiasm on the part of the National Guards, who are rising *en masse* to resist the Prussians.

ROUEN, Oct. 5.—The Prussians at Tours have been repulsed by National Guards The enemy have however formed a camp near Gisors of 2,000 men. Telegraphic communication with that point is interrupted, and also to the eastward.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—M. Pietrie, formerly the Prefect of Police at Paris, to-day publishes, in the name of the Emperor, a repudiation of the Wilhemshohe manifesto.

Count Bismarck has found it necessary to make public the following statement:—

VERSAILLES, 6th Oct.—I do not hold in opinion that the Republican institutions of France constitute danger for Germany, nor have I asserted in a letter of the 17th ult., published in the London *Daily Telegraph*, ever expressed such a view to Mr. Mallet, or to any other person.

(Signed) BISMARCK.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—The *Herald's* special from Versailles Oct. 5 says:—In a few days the King's headquarters will be removed to this city. I came on to Breteul on the 30th in time to witness a skirmish. 400 Mobiles fell in with 200 German cavalry and fired at a long range. The cavalry fell back on two field pieces and 600 infantry in the rear, who drove the Mobiles back on Ailley Sur Moye.

The Prussians occupy Bretent, and to-morrow will proceed to Ailley, next day to Boves, and go on until they occupy Amiens.

They will then bend round towards Neuf Chatel, where they will meet the troops advanced from the headquarters at Versailles, and then form a complete *cordon* around Paris, about 3 leagues outside the one now surrounding the capital.

It is evident that between Rouen and Clermont, within a day or two hence, the most serious engagement which has yet occurred between the Mobiles and German troops will occur.

The former are moving up masses of troops from all points outside, to occupy the north of Picardy and east of Normandy, the orders from Paris and Tours being to prevent the formation of a second *cordon* at any cost, but the hope of successful defence of any of the towns in the south-west of France seems utterly hopeless in the present broken condition of scattered forces.

There is still a rumour, but it is doubtless true, that heavy guns are to be brought to Meudon and Clamart, in order to silence Fort D'Issy, regular assaults in that corner being less easy. Continual alarms occur along the line as a natural course of things.

The absence of news renders everything dull; occasionally the dullness is enlivened by the receipt of newspapers, or the bringing in of some refugees and deserters who are bold enough to escape from Paris.

I had a conversation to-day with one who purports to be a workman, and who is desirous to reach Boissy, his residence.

He said Paris was calm with the exception of occasional outrages upon unoccupied dwellings and storehouses by the mob principally in absence of of the soldiery.

The Parisians are awaiting the attack, and are resolved to resist to the bitter end.

They are dying of *ennui*, enlivened occassionally by sending off balloons.

Drilling is going on constantly, the National Guards are praised for this rapidity in acquiring proficiency.

The Regulars are in a terribly demoralized condition, at the present time over 1,000 are in guard houses and prisons.

According to his accout, some alarm was felt at the spread of the fever, of a typhus character, superinduced, the doctors say, by fright and anxiety.

Rumors prevailed in Paris yesterday that Favre was to have another interview with Bismarck, with a view of making further efforts for peace.

Everything is quiet and safe here, although no great improvement along the front is contemplated.

I was told to-day, on good authority, that Bismarck has not the slightest intention to interfere in Italian politics, and he does not desire to inherit the legacy of the Empire.

The *Herald's* correspondent writes from Clermont, September 30:

I left Brussels on the 22nd, and worked my way through Lille, Arras, Donai and Amiens, reaching here yesterday.

Clermont is now in possession of the Saxon cavalry. Six hundred dragoons marched in on the 28th. On the 27th I witnessed a skirmish at St. Just, ten miles north, between 150 Mobiles and Boublans, the latter entering the town. The Mobiles fired from behind a wall but not one German was killed; four horses were knocked over and their riders made prisoners. The Uhlans retired on the gallop, but returning in three hours with a larger force they entered the town and made the Mayor and five leading citizens prisoners.

They also sent word to the Mobiles, who retired with the captives, that unless the four Uhlans were returned, the Mayor and his companions would be sent to Versailles.

This produced the desired effect, and they were sent back from Breteuil where they were imprisoned. The French hostages were then set free.

An order was received by the General commanding at Lille for all Mobiles to fall back as the Germans appeared.

At one of the watering places in Maine, where several clergymen are stopping, they drew lots to see who would officiate last Sunday.

Eighty candidates took the white veil in the church of Notre Dame at Milwawkie, on the 22nd ult.

An Ohio murderer charges admission fees to interviewing reporters, and may yet die a rich man.

A St. Louis company is preparing to build a factory in the very midst of the cotton-fields, for the manufacture on a large scale of domestic fabric and cotton yarn.

Fall Assizes. Fifth Day.

MR. CHIEF JUSTICE HAGARTY PRESIDING.

OTTAWA, Oct. 7, 1870.

MANSLAUGHTER.

Thos. Crotty was arraigned for manslaughter, and doing grevious bodily harm He pleaded not guilty, and his trial was immediately proceeded with. Mr. Fellows opened the case in an eloquent speech explaining clearly the facts and law of the case Mr. Gibb and Mr. Ward appeared as counsel for the prisoner.

Mr. Thos. Porter sworn—I am engaged in a lumbering establishment at the Chaudiere Falls; the prisoner was engaged there as a labourer; the deceased was engaged piling laths at the same time; I saw the prisoner and the deceased fighting on the piling ground, on the other side of the road; it was about half-past five in the evening; when I looked out of the window I saw the one I recognize as the prisoner fighting with a man whose name I did not know at the time; there was another man present, who was trying to separate them; that man's name was James McLaughlin; he had a pail in his hand, and wanted the deceased to wash his face; the deceased went over to his work; the prisoner then went over and got behind deceased and struck him; the deceased got hold of prisoner and struggled with him; I went to Bronson's to get some men to separate them; I saw them as I looked back, walking out to the road holding each other; the prisoner was dragging out deceased; the prisoner kicked the deceased when down. I saw him stand behind him and kick him in the lower part of the body. I did not see any one else strike deceased. After looking at deceased for some time, and he not moving, I turned up his head, and their was a gurgling noise in his throat, Mr. Cushman came up and said he thought he was shamming. I thought he was dying Mr. Cushman helped me to take him over the road, and we set him against the platform in a sitting posture. Some one brought some water, and wetted the top of his head, and poured it into his mouth. I asked him if I should send for a doctor; he answered yes. I held his head for some four or five minutes when I found him dead. I was anxious for a doctor to arrive. I was at the coroner's inquest I saw the body of the deceased there. After they were separated I saw prisoner strike deceased from behind when holding deceased. I saw a small cut on prisoner's face; it was in the vicinity of his eye.

Cross-examined.—I think the deceased was under the influence of drink; he staggered; I saw him fall from the effects of drink; he was so drunk that when he stumbled against the laths he fell; the laths are large bundles; he might have got the scratch or cut when he fell; the prisoner was a good deal under the influence of drink too; I don't know who struck first; prisoner said deceased struck him first; when I first saw them both were fighting; deceased was a very stout man; he was a broader shouldered man than prisoner. Deceased had prisoner round the waist when I saw him first; when I first observed them I was about sixty feet from them; I was in the house at the window; the kick did not appear to be a very hard one; I don't think prisoner was as drunk as deceased; I thought deceased was in a fit; it appeared to me prisoner was dragging deceased out into the road; I saw no blows struck afterwards. The prisoner said it was deceased's fault that he fought him. I wanted the prisoner to keep away from deceased; he said I did not know anything about it, and told me to mind my own business, I did not see deceased drinking anything that day; I smelt descesed's breath, he had the smell of liquor on him. I saw him staggering from drunkenness; it might be in consequence of the fighting.

John Cushman—I am engaged at the Chaudiere, I saw prisoner and deceased apparently playing, as I thought, they were slapping each other's faces, when I turned round to speak to a person; the next thing I saw was Dubois lying back against a pile of laths; I could not say his head touched the laths; prisoner was standing before deceased; the next thing I saw prisoner had deceased by the throat; I understood deceased to be holding prisoner by the hands with his back to the laths; this was after prisoner had struck him; I was in the office all the time; they had been separated; Dubois then went over to the waggon; prisoner struck him then on the back of the head; prisoner tried to drag deceased into the street, and when there he struck him several times with his fist on the face; Dubois then moved away; prisoner followed and kicked him; Dubois then sank down gradually on his left arm; I went round to look at him; Porter and I drew him to the sidewalk; I went for a Doctor; before I did so Dubois appeared to be insensible; I saw no marks on him; I did not examine him; when I came back with the Doctor Dubois seemed to be dead; after he fell prisoner did not offer to assist; I saw Dubois dead at the inquest; the inquest was held by Dr. Van Courtlandt the next day; I was not present at the *post mortem* examination; I am satisfied that prisoner kicked him just before he dropped.

Cross-examined—Dubois was a powerful man; Crotty had the best of the deceased; I don't know anything of the antecedents of deceased; I don't know anything of prisoner; both appeared to be drunk; Dubois appeared to be most drunk; I did not see him fall against the wood pile; I first thought they were playing with each other; I did not hear anything they said; I don't know what Crotty was engaged at; both appeared to have been drinking.

Angus Dubois—The deceased was my father; I saw him on the 1st September, the day of his death; he seemed to be sober, in good health, and took a hearty dinner; I saw the body after he was dead; I saw Dr. Henry at the inquest.

Dr. W. J. Henry—I was called upon on the morning of the 2nd September to hold a post mortem examination on the body of Charles Dubois; the body was found lying on the back, legs separated, and the hands over the chest; the body appeared to be that of a heavy, strong, well nourished man about fifty years of age; the body presented no marks of violence externally, with the exception of a livid discoloration over the right ear and a small cut half an inch in length over the left eye. The hair was cut off and the scalp examined carefully underneath, but no marks of violence could be found with the exception of those just mentioned. On removing the scalp a small clot of blood was found effused in the substance of the right temporal muscle; the skull was then carefully sawn through but no fracture could be detected; on exposing the membrane covering the brain and turning it back the surface of the brain was found unduly vasculated, and on examining the base a large quantity of clotted blood was found, and two large clots were taken out of the canal of the spinal cord lying under the surrounding membrane; the chest and abdomen were also examined, but nothing was found to indicate disease or violence in their contents. The cut was about half an inch deep; it might have been inflicted by a blow or fall; the rupture of the blood vessel might have been caused by a blow from the fist; a severe heavy blow might have caused the death; if a man died from rupture of a blood vessel suddenly, I would call it apoplexy; I discovered a smell of spirituous liquors on his body; the conjestion of the brain might have occurred from drinking; this fullness of blood vessels may have been the effects of intoxication; the appearance of the brain might have resulted from natural causes; if I had not seen the marks outside the brain there was nothing to indicate that the deceased had died from violence; the blood vessel would be congested by intoxication; from the external marks I would not say he died from apoplexy; I attach no importance to the cut over the eye.

Cross-examined—If there was any tendency to apoplexy holding him by the throat might bring on apoplexy; I don't think deceased was of an apoplectic nature; this case might have been a case of apoplexy.

This ended the case for the Crown.

FOR THE DEFENCE.

Dr. Grant, M. P., sworn—I am a medical practitioner; I agree with the opinion of Dr. Henry; apoplexy occurs from intoxication, though not in a majority of cases.

Joseph Patterson sworn—I know the prisoner; he has been working with me as a labourer; on the first of September he was driving one of my teams; his character has been very quiet; I never knew him to fight before.

Mr. Gibb then addressed the jury for the prisoner.

Verdict—Not Guilty.

Graham *vs.* St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.—This action was brought to recover damages caused to plaintiff's land by fire. The fire had been occasioned by sparks which flew from the locomotives of the defendants.

Counsel for plaintiff, Mr. Mosgrove; counsel for defendants, Hon. M. C. Cameron.

The plaintiff being sworn, said—I suffered a good deal by these fires; about two acres of my meadow were burned; that grass was worth $12 a year, but at that time it threw me out of pasture for my cattle; I was troubled with the fire for 23 days; I have lost 16 days altogether, and for six nights I never went to bed; I lost a good deal of my crop by having to attend to the fire; I have lost $10 worth of grain by the fire; my family was engaged, too, in watching the fire; the best piece of all my land was burned; I consider my loss altogether to amount to $40; it would not pay me in fact; $60 or $70 would pay me; an acre of buck wheat I had to turn my cows into was burnt; there was no fire anywhere else at the time; my land is lower than the railway track.

Cross-examined.—I have 37 acres of land; it was cropped with oats, peas, potatoes, and buck wheat; the only meadow I had was destroyed; I had two cows; I had them pasturing in that meadow; I had four or five tons of hay to the acre; none of the hay was burned; I sold my hay after the fire; my barn might be fifty yards from the railway; the barn was in the meadow; I had adjoining the meadow peas on one side and oats on the other; my oats were ready to be cut on the 5th August; the fire first occurred on the 5th August; was put out, and broke out again on the 8th; the fire broke out about 6 a. m.; I thought it was out at 8 p. m.; I went to see the fire when it first broke out; Mrs. Burke, the wife of an employe on the railway tried to put the fire out; the fire was about 12 yards wide; we carried about 40 pails of water to put out the fire; I asked none of the railway men to help me that day; the fire still remained in the ground; it broke out on the following Monday again. I had about 4 acres of peas; I could cut about half an acre a day; I had not begun to cut the oats on that day; the locomotive had not passed ten minutes when I saw the fire, it was 4 acres lower down than the last time; I sent for assistance; the fire burned all fences on both sides of the road; about ten days afterwards the fire broke out again; I had about 10 acres of oats; the crop was not as good as in former years.

John Hawkins—We heard the horn blowing and left the house to assist in putting out the fire; I saw the fire break out immediately after the train passed; Mr. Burke said "take the rails away and let the fire rip."

Mr. Evans sworn, said—Mr. Burke said he had orders from the road master only to watch the fence, and let the rest take its course; I had no thought for the railway; I did not care what happened to it; I was not present at the fire, but saw the ground the fire had passed over, and considered there was about half an acre of the meadow burned.

This closed the evidence for the plaintiff. Mr. Cameron then called

Patrick Burke—I live in the neighborhood of Graham's I had instructions from the section master, Thomas Edwards, to keep an eye to the fire; sometimes there were six of us trying to put out the fire; we got water in several places; we brought the water on the Company's hand car; we did all we could to put the fire out; there were large and extensive fires all over the country; I live 50 feet from the track, opposite Graham's house.

Thomas Edwards—I have been on the road altogether about six or seven years; I never saw so dry a season; I put Burke to work in the locality of the fire because I thought he would have an interest in the safety of the place.

James Green sworn—We had two barrels on the car while we were drawing water; when we got the fire nearly all out Mr. Graham said it would do well enough.

Mr. Dame, locomotive superintendent, sworn.—We use the wire netting 12 meshes to an inch to cover the top of the smoke stack of the locomotives; that is as small as can be used; less would not give draught to the fire; I have been 20 years engaged as an engineer; it is impossible for coals to fall from the locomotive.

Joseph Cockfield, locomotive superintendent of the B. & O. Railway.—I have been 35 years an engineer. This witness corroborated the evidence of the former one.

Mr. T. C. Keefer, civil engineer, sworn.—I went out to Mr. Graham's place on Monday last; the fire had extended more or less from the railway over the land; the logs had carried the fire in through the land; some aftergrass was burned, and some has sprung up again; there has not been more than a quarter of an acre burned.

Mr. Wise, resident engineer of the Company.—The whole meadow level is 50 by eleven hundred feet long; It is only 50 feet from where the land is ploughed to the railway fence.

Mr. Wise was examined at considerable length.

Hon. Mr. Cameron spoke in behalf of the Company.

Mr. Mosgrove followed in reply.

Verdict for plaintiff, $65 damages.

The following is the presentment of the Grand Jury:

The Grand Jurors of the present Court of Oyer and Terminer, for the County of Carleton, beg leave respectfully to present:

That the opening charge of your Lordship was received by them with the highest sense of appreciation, and they trust that your Lordship may long be spared to fill the high and important position which you now hold with so much credit to yourself and honor to the country.

That so far as the criminal calendar is concerned, they feel that they have good cause to congratulate the Court and the County on the comparatively small number of cases which have been brought before them.

That at the same time they would beg leave to present that it has been brought under their notice; that a number of very sudden deaths have occurred in this County, some of them under suspicious circumstances, and the remainder disposed of without a coroner's inquest or other public examination into the causes of death. One case, in particular, is stated to have occurred in the township of Huntly, where a man died suddenly of injuries received from some party unknown to this jury.

That in connection with this matter they would urge that not only should all officers in authority throughout the city and the county use every exertion in bringing the guilty to justice, but that a more stringent law should be adopted in some way to prevent the lives of innocent persons being tampered with by careless medical practitioners, and also that the custom which now prevails of allowing boys who are employed in drug stores to make up medicines according to prescriptions given by medical men is a dangerous one, and should be more limited in its operations by Act of Parliament.

That they have gone through and carefully examined the County Gaol and were highly pleased, not only with the clean and orderly condition thereof, but also with the system adopted of keeping the prisoners employed at hard labour; the only suggestion which they feel called upon to make is the want of yard privies for the out-door working prisoners, who are now obliged to come inside and pass through the corridors to reach the water-closets. At present there are only twenty two prisoners—sixteen males and six females, including two insane persons who were placed there for safe keeping without being charged with any crime. The propriety of sending lunatics to the Common Gaol has been commented upon and condemned by former Grand Juries of this County, and this Jury are of opinion that the practice should be discontinued, or else proper accommodation and treatment be provided for those who may be temporarily confined therein. That at present though the number of prisoners is small only a part of them can be employed at the same time in breaking stone owing to the smallness of the yard, which inconvenience will soon be obviated by the enlargement thereof.

That they also inspected the basement of the new court house now being constructed by the county council, and are happy to state that the work is progressing favorably.

That while they view with pleasure the efforts which are being made to open up and improve the means of communication with the surrounding counties and the city of Ottawa, (now the Capital of the Dominion) by means of railways and macadamized roads, and the efforts made by the rate payers of the city of Ottawa to improve the streets, sewerage &c., they regret that no assistance is given by either the Provincial or Dominion governments to construct suitable bridges across the Rideau Canal to connect the two principal parts of the city, or across the Rideau River leading to the residence of the Governor General, that notwithstanding the large amount of money which the government has expended in providing a residence for His Excellency that the bridge across the Rideau river just above the falls over which he has to pass to reach his office are left in a very unsafe condition. They trust that proper representations may be made to the Government and the municipalities interested, and that without delay steps may be taken for the construction of new and substantial bridges.

They also beg leave to allude to the disastrous conflagration which visited this and the adjoining counties in the month of August last, when thousands of our industrious farming community were stripped not only of their habitations and buildings generally, but in too many cases of every particle of produce which they had raised on their farms to keep them through the coming winter, together with all their implements, furniture, bedding and wearing apparel. That fences were consumed, thousands of acres of standing timber destroyed, fields left a blackened waste, cattle, pigs, sheep and poultry consumed by the devouring element, and saddest of all, several valuable human lives lost. That while the city of Ottawa, and other cities in the Dominion, many municipalities and private individuals have voluntarily given large sums of money, food, clothing, &c., for the relief of the sufferers, our Government, with an overflowing treasury, have done nothing to relieve the distressed. They beg therefore to urge in the most respectful manner possible that influence may be brought to bear in securing a *grant of money for that purpose.*

All of which is respectfully submitted.

H. O. BURRITT,
Foreman.

Grand Jury Room, Ottawa,
6th October, 1870.

A negro girl near Winnsboro', S. C., was recently chastised by her employer, and in revenge built a fire in the cradle containing his infant child, burning it to death, and then burnt the house.

A Wisconsin landlord was narrow minded enough to suggest to a boarder to remove his boots before retiring to bed, and was very properly revolvered on the spot. Aristocratic notions are not popular in that section.

The Chinese railroad builders are not a success in Texas, and of the number brought out by the Central Railroad Company, and put at work near Bremond, many have quit and propose to engage in cotton picking.

Walter A. Rose, a magazine writer and opium eater, of New York, was found late on Tuesday night nearly insane at the Fulton Ferry, and when taken to the police station attempted to commit suicide by dashing his head against the wall of his cell. He was removed to the Flatbush Hospital.

AUCTION SALE

—OF A—

VALUABLE IMPROVED FARM,

IN THE

TOWNSHIP OF HUNTLEY

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in certain Mortgage, which will be produced at the sale on TUESDAY, the 8th day of NOVEMBER, A.D., 1870, at ONE o'clock p.m., at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the city of Ottawa,

PARCEL 1.

The North half of Lot Eight, in the Third Concession of the Township of Huntley, in the County of Carleton, containing one hundred acres, more or less. The following improvements are said to be on the property: 80 acres cleared and well fenced, with dwelling house 32 x 26 feet, and 24x18 feet; two barns 30 x 40 feet each; and stables 18 x 24 feet.

TERMS:—One-tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale, for balance terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to

JONAS AP JONES,
Solicitor,
Masonic Hall,
Toronto.

Or to

J. G. BELL, Ottawa.

Dated Toronto, the 3rd day of October, 1870.

NOTICE.

The undersigned Administratrix to the Estate of the late Robert Grant of the Township of Goulbourn, in the County of Carleton, request that all persons indebted to the Estate of the late R Grant do forthwith make immediate payment to her; and all having a claim against the said Estate are requested to present it to her, at her residence in Ottawa, for liquidation. Any person found trespassing on any of the lands belonging to the Estate will be prosecuted according to law.

ELIZA GRANT.

Ottawa Sept. 30, 1870. 41-3m-wk.

FARMS FOR SALE.

Lot No. 17, 6th range Township of Hull, consisting of 200 acres, 120 cleared. This lot is in a high state of cultivation with a large quantity of cedar for fencing purposes on it.

Also the South half of lot No. 16, 7th range of the said township, containing 100 acres, of which 60 are cleared and in a good state of cultivation

Also lot No. 4, in the 6th range, in the township of Wakefield, 100 acres. All bush.

In the Township of Wakefield, Lot No. 22, 9th range, 200 acres covered with pine timber. The whole to be disposed of on or before the 1st day of May next.

Terms cash.

TIMOTHY MOFFAT,
Hull.

Oct. 7th, 1870. 41-3-wk.

LOCAL

LOCAL NEWS.

☞Ladies are invited to see Garland, Mutchmor & Co's grand display of Millinery and Mantles.

The Canal.—The water in the canal is very low, and navigation difficult, even for small vessels.

☞Latest Styles out, in Millinery and Mantles, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's.

Social.—We understand the Chaudiere ... Company are making preparations to give a grand social shortly.

☞See beautiful display of Flowers, Feathers, Ribbons, Laces, Dress Caps, and Dresses, this day at Magee & Russell's.

☞See endless variety of made up ..., Quilted Lustre and Satin Unde..., also Corsets, this day at Magee & Russell's.

Cricket Match.—The cricket match between the Ottawa and Almonte clubs of which we gave notice yesterday will come off this morning at Rideau Hall. Playing will commence at 9.30 sharp.

☞..., Garland, Mutchmor & Co's Millinery and Mantle Show Room is now open.

☞See the Richest and most elegant Exhibition of Millinery and Mantles ever ... in the Metropolis this day at Magee & Russell's.

Challenge Accepted.—We believe the challenge thrown out by Mr. Coleman to match the horse *Sunshine* against Mr. Burke's ... *Rob Logie*, has been accepted by Mr. ...

☞See all the leading novelties in ... Cloths, Costume Cloths, with trimmings to match, this day at Magee & Russell's.

Arrivals at the Russell House.—V..., Montreal; D. Hyman, B. & O. R.; ... T Nichson, England; P ... Kimouski; C. Cooper, New York; ... Ogdensburg; Captain and ... Atkinson, England.

☞See magnificent show of Autumn ... Straw and Velvet Bonnets and ... this day at Magee & Russell's.

☞See immense Stock of Untrimmed ... Velvet, Velveteen and Felt Hats ... made at Magee & Russell.

...—Yesterday a team of horses belonging to Mr. Riopelle, while standing ... C. Station became frightened at the approach of the train, and in their efforts to get away broke the carriage to which they were harnessed.

...—A lively row occurred yesterday among some fellows who had been indulging a little too much with the bottle. The ... was kept up for a time to the great amusement of some lookerson. The appearance of a blue coat in the distance put a quietus on the proceedings.

Runaway.—Early yesterday morning a ... horses, on Rideau street, with a ... attached, took fright at some ... flying over their heads and ran ... After running for a short distance ... slightly injuring the waggon they were attached.

New Grocery Store.—Mr. Deslesdenier ... a new grocery store to day, in the ... on the corner of York and Sussex ... Mr. Deslesdenier has for his ... show a first-class lot of groceries, ... he intends to sell at a very slight advance on cost, and those wishing to purchase ... stores could not do better than ... this establishment. The groceries are ... importations.

Accident.—One day last week a boy about 10 years of age, son of Mr. ... Wilson, of Huntley, met with a accident. It appears he was out in ... loading a cart with potatoes, and ... stooped down before the wheel the ... suddenly started, the wheel passing over the poor little fellow's head. He died almost immediately. His parents at ... were on their way to the Almonte Fair.

Irishmen's Debating Society's Assembly.—On Thursday evening St. ...'s Hall presented a lively and pleasant spectacle, being the opening "social" of ... promising Society. The Hall ... and tastefully decorated, reflecting credit on the Committee. The ... under the direction of Messrs. ... and Marier, was excellent. The ... table was attended to by Mrs. ..., and, we need hardly add, the ... was of the most *recherche* descrip...

Market—Friday.—There was a very ... attendance on the market this morning ... was a large quantity of splendid ... mutton for sale; 7 to 8 cts. per ... was also plentiful, selling from $9 ... per 100 lbs. ... of every kind and quality sold ... to 50 cts. per bushel. ... cts. per dozen. ... prints, 25 cts.; in tub, 20 to ...

Police Court.—Friday.—Rosalie Stan... and Sarah Sullivan were sent to goal ... weeks, in default of $5,75 fine ... Robinson, a colored "gal," was ... gaol for one month at hard labor ... vagrancy. ... was sent down for three weeks ... same offence. ... Lemarche for being drunk and ..., was fined $2 and costs. ... other cases of Drunkness were dismissed.

... the Music Hall.—The Music ... was fearfully crowded on Wednesday evening to see the Japs. ... seats of every available kind ... to be brought in. One long ... was placed alongside the western ... and on it some fifteen or more men ... About the middle of the ... the bench gave away under ... burden, and those enjoying that ... position were precipitated to the ... falling in every direction and many... For a while there was a promiscuous ... humanity on the floor, from which ... perpendicularly, horizontally, obliquely, and every other way, legs, heads, and other distinctive sections. It was a very ludicrous break down, and caused no small amount of merriment for a time. It was comparatively a very important feature in the evening's entertainment.

The Japanese.

The performance of the few members of Satsuma's troupe of Japanese jugglers and acrobats was on the occasion of their first performance in this city greeted with an extraordinarily large attendance. So full was the house that extra chairs and settees had to be provided. The glaring and beautifully got up placards, displaying "the Japs" in most astonishing positions, and in the act of performing extraordinary feats in the way of balancing trees, and traps, and cages, and walking over isolated poles, and mounting to the summit of steep ladders, had awakened the curiosity of the masses, and great was the disappointment when it was ascertained that only some five of these Uhlands of the Orient were present and quite incapable of performing any acrobatic feat even worthy of a barrel organ monkey. There were no seeming decapitation so like reality as to excite horror, or the fearful pitching of sharp pointed knives between human fingers and on each side of the throat of a living human being as performed by the Chinese troupe, who visited the Dominion some years ago, but, instead, some ribbon tricks, which by their simplicity and stupidity would, in the performance, have disgraced the mere spangled and vermillion painted mountebank of a penny show. In more ordinary language, the exhibition was a "sell," while it might not unjustly be termed—the obtaining of money under false pretences. The public had been deceived, and in every instance the deception is to be regretted. The great expectations of the public were grossly and ludicrously, but still painfully disappointed, and the disappointment is calculated to affect other exhibitions, which may be deserving of encouragement and, in that view of the case is much to be deplored. All that we can now do is to put the public of other cities on their guard, and with this end we simply say, in conclusion, beware of "the Japs." How they could have had the impudence to repeat the performance here last night is to us a matter of surprise. The manager deserves to be held up, not only to ridicule out to public scorn, and he is so held up accordingly.

Subscriptions Received by Treasurer For Fire Relief Fund.

October 6.—Acknowledged to date	$29,937 79
Received through A. C. Kelty the following collections per Wm. Langton, Esq, of Manchester:	
Hugh Hornby	£10 0 0
Mrs. Reiss	2 0 0
Emi Reiss	5 0 0
Miss M. D. K. Scott, Bath	10 0 0
Liverpool Commercial Bank	5 0 0
T. R. Wilkinson	1 0 0
Miss M. P. Birley	2 0 0
Mrs. Mary Briggs	1 0 0
Miss Beattie	0 10 0
Miss Clarke	0 3 0
Rev. S. Butler, Penrith	0 10 0
William Woodcock	2 0 0
J. H. Birley	3 0 0
T. D. Hornby, Liverpool	5 0 0
Miss Tinsley	0 5 0
Miss E. Birley	0 10 0
Miss Varley	1 0 0
Miss Ellen Varley	1 0 0
	£49 18 0
Currency	$ 242 84
Collections in Quebec per A. Gilmour & Co.:	
C. & W. Wortell	$ 20 00
Henry S. Scott	10 00
Total	$30 210 63

JAMES CUNNINGHAM, Treasurer.

Ottawa, Oct. 7, 1870.

The Ladies' Benevolence Committee of Osgoode in closing their labours for the present, beg to refer to the accompanying abstract of their Treasurer's accounts of the receipt and expenditure of cash. They also annex a list of the various articles sent by them to the Central Committee in Ottawa, which includes all donations of wearing apparel, blankets, quilts, &c., as well as the new material made up for different uses before the 6th of September now last past.

They desire to express their gratitude to the donors who so liberally contributed to the necessities of the sufferers, and to thank those ladies who kindly assisted them in sewing; also the proprietor of the Victoria Hall for placing the same at their disposal.

(Signed,) JEMIMA COKER, President.
" ZAIDEE McDOUGALL, Secretary.

Osgoode, Oct. 5th, 1870.

Mrs. Ira Morgan, Treasurer, in account with the Ladies' Committee for the relief of the sufferers by the late fires.

Dr.		
Collected by	Miss Allan and Mrs. Cocker	$ 11 55
	Misses Kennedy and McNeille	10 55
	Mrs. Whyte and Miss Williams	15 00
	Misses Campbell and Kennedy	28 00
	Also in American silver	2 10
	Misses McNabb and McGinn	0 45
	Miss Waddle	4 50
	Mrs. Duncan Cameron	5 00
	Mrs. Stringer	16 75
	Mrs. G. Bradshaw	15 00
	Mrs. Cocker	16 00
	Misses McDonell and Cameron	28 63
	James McLaurin	2 00
	Mrs. Shepherd	1 00
	John Cameron	1 00
	William Grey	7 00
	Mrs. Wm. Cameron	1 00
		$ 165 53
Cr.		
Paid Z. McMillan as per ac. rend.		$32 51¼
W. F. Campbell do. do.		30 00
Wm. Allan do. do.		59 76½
Morgan & Brassard do.		36 53
Mrs. Cocker, for sundries		0 50
Cash on hand in American silver		2 42
Discount paid on American silver		3 80
		$165 53

The within accounts have been carefully examined by us and found to be correct.

(Signed,) JAMES COWAN, ROBERT GREENSHIELDS, J. R. COUSENS, M. D.

Metcalfe, 6th Sept., 1870.

List of articles contributed by the township of Osgoode up to Sept. 7th 1870.

62½ pairs blankets, 102 bed quilts, 23 caps, 68 shirts, 44 vests, 68 coats, 37 ladies Jackets, 64 pillar cases, 19 pairs boots, 93 pairs stockings and socks, 7 pairs mittens, woolen yarn, 56 chemises, 15 sheets, 11 pairs drawers, 2 night caps, 5 bed ticks, 49 skirts, 4 cotton sheets, 28 towels, 5 feather pillows, 10 shawls, 10 woollen scarfs, 7 yards home made flannel, 2½ bbls flour, 59 dresses, 47 pairs of boots, 2 bibles.

Literary Evenings Extraordinary.

We have much pleasure in announcing that Professor M. Bell, of University College, London, England, will give two of his pleasant literary entertainments, consisting of lectures and readings, in the Music Hall, on the 13th and 14th instant, the proceeds to be devoted to the benefit of the sufferers by the late fire, and the endowment scheme in connection with the Church of Scotland. The *Court Journal* says:

"Gifted with the three great requisites which constitute a most successful elocutionist—voice, mien and manner—Mr. Bell carries his audience along with him quite *con amore* in all his personations; while his able condensation and arrangement of plots, too too tedious to follow at length, is masterly in the extreme. Messrs Bell's 'Literary Evenings Extraordinary.'—For our *own* Melville Bell the whole affair was a triumph, and his exquisite reading of 'Rab and his Friends,' his artistic adaptation of 'The Merchant of Venice,' and his comic and most amusing ...enation of Aytoun's 'How I became a Yeoman,' were most graphically and ably performed."—*Ladies' Journal.*

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very cheap.

HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

FASHION NOTES.

Long pointed waists have come in fashion again, also, the long postillion jacket.

Velveteen and plush of very heavy quality is now being sold for winter street costumes.

Large butterflies and bugs are now worn in the hair, made of silver or gold, a la Nilsson.

The new styles of silks are called "rainbow gros grains," and make most beautiful evening dresses.

Jet ornaments are used on bonnets this fall, and make them so heavy that it feels like lifting a small sized flat-iron to take one up.

Very pretty watches are now made of glass both sides, so that the works can be seen, with a small rim of silver, and fastened to the belt by a small silver chain.

Some pretty designs have appeared in ear-rings, one of which is three gold hoops, one within another, and at the bottom of each a small diamond. Another style is a lattice work with leaves and a life-like spider on the centre of it.

FOREIGN MISSIONS.

THE REV. HENRY ALLON,

—OF—

LONDON, ENGLAND,

Being one of a Deputation from the "London Missionary Society," to Canada, will preach a Sermon (D.V.) in its behalf, in the

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,

On THURSDAY, the 13th instant,

Service commencing at 8 o'clock.

He will give interesting facts respecting the work of the Society in India, Madagascar and other Foreign Fields. There will be a collection in aid of the "London Missionary Society," at the close of the service.

EDWARD EBBS.

Ottawa, Oct. 8, 1870. 1482td

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

SIX HEAVY DRAFT HORSES.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell on TUESDAY next, the 11th inst at, on the By Ward Market, SIX HEAVY DRAFT HORSES suitable either for shanties or heavy teaming; also, 1 Ladies' Side Saddle, and 1 Gentleman's Riding Saddle, and 1 Set of Second Hand Light Harness.

Terms cash.

Sale at half-past Ten, a m

A ROWE, Auctioneer

Ottawa, Oct 6, 1870 1481t

NEW FALL IMPORTATIONS

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO

Are now opening out a stock of

DRY GOODS

Well Worthy of Inspection. All departments Complete, and BEST VALUE showing in

Silks and Velvets,

Velveteens and Poplins,

Dress Goods,

Hosiery and Fancy Wool Goods

Laces and Ribbons,

Millinery.

Our MANTLE DEPARTMENT contains all the Choicest Goods and Newest Styles.

☞For Best Value Call at

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Special attention has been given to our

Carpet & Furnishing Departments

which will be found VERY COMPLETE and LOW IN PRICE.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

September 14, 1870. 1481y

CARGO TEA SALE.

CARGO of the Barque "CHIEFTAIN," from Shanghae direct, consisting of

FRESH TEAS,

&c., &c.

Will be sold by AUCTION, by Catalogue on

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12TH,

For Account of

MESSRS. TIFFIN BROS.,

And will include

GUNPOWDERS,
IMPERIALS,
HYSONS,
YOUNG HYSONS,
TWANKAYS,
HYSON
And BLACK TEAS.

CASSIA, in Matts,

CASES PRESERVED GINGER,

ROLLS CANTON MATTING

&c., &c., &c.

Together with 4,000 half-chests Natural Leaf Japan Teas of "O C Leary" and "Cœur de Lio"

—AFTER WHICH—

Will be offered a large and general assortment of GROCERIES.

Samples will be on view previous to sale.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

J. G. SHIPWAY & SON, Auctioneers.

Ottawa, Oct. 5 1479 6

Dry Goods.

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

WILL OPEN THEIR

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM

—ON—

FRIDAY, 7TH OCTOBER,

With a Grand Display of latest LONDON Styles in MILLINERY and MANTLES, Ex S S "PERUVIAN."

—COMPRISING THE LATEST STYLES IN—

STRAW VELVET and TERRY BONNETS

STRAW, FELT and VELVET HATS.

DRESS CAPS, HEAD DRESSES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c.

MANTLES.

They invite special attention to their stock of French and German JACKETS, made by French and German Tailors out of beautiful materials, cut and made in a superior manner.

All purchased during the great War Panic, at a little more than half usual prices.

MANTLE CLOTHS,

In all the leading Cloths and Colors,

WATERPROOF CLOAKS, in new styles, ready-made, and made to Order.

SHAWLS.

CLAN TARTAN WOOL and PAISLEY SHAWLS, in variety.

Orders for Millinery and Mantles executed by good experienced hands, with promptness and despatch.

Ladies are invited to call and see the new styles, whether wishing to purchase or not.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart .... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 pm
Arrive .... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 pm

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, Oct. 3, 1870.

Authorised discount on American Invoices until further notice, 12 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

EAU DE VIE BLANC,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavorring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

☞ WINTER STOCK, ☜

And are showing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c.

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES

HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

☞OUR STOCK☜

—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over these Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4.40 p. m.

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT, Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870 1460tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October next,

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORSLE, Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office, Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1462td

1870. 1870.

FALL IMPORTATIONS.

DRY GOODS.

NEW STYLES,

FALL HATS,

R. L. JAMES & Co

NEW STYLES,

DRESS GOODS.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

NEW GOODS,

IN VARIOUS

DEPARTMENTS,

☞Per Late Ocean Steamers,

☞DIRECT FROM BRITAIN.

R. L. JAMES & Co.,

☞ Opposite the Russell House ☜

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-tIN.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

☞FIRE AND WATER PROOF,☜

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clapboards. An effectual protection against cold damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,

Wholesale Depot for Roofing Material and Founder's Supplies,

32 Lemoine Street, Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now every where acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a priviliged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,

Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada

Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

1397 6md

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the

FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to

MAGEE & RUSSELL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

NOTICE.

For sale a SECOND HAND WAGGON Enquire of

JOHN CHAPMAN,

Queen's Auctioneer opposite the By Ward Market.

Ottawa, September 29, 1870 1475 td

TO RENT,

From 1st November next, a DWELLING HOUSE, 10 rooms, Corner Sussex and Patrick streets, at present occupied by W. B. Lindsay, Esq.

THOMAS McKAY,

Ottawa Mills, Chaudiere, or from Store Sussex street.

Ottawa, September 23, 1870 1476

THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.

THOMAS KIRBY, Manager.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468 1m

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 0 1443

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap. 36) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY OF FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES, Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks.

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

LOST.

My accepted Check on Ontario Bank for $346 32. Any person returning same will be suitably rewarded.

P. POULIN,

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870. 1480 2

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Tuesday the 4th day of October, at noon, for the construction of certain works at the NAGLE DAM, and the Booms at CALABOGIE LAKE and CHAIN RAPIDS, on the Madawaska River.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office or at the office of the Superintendent of Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

Seperate tenders to be given for each work, and to be endorsed "Tender for Nagle Dam," and "Tender for Calabogie Lake and Chain Rapids" respectively.

The Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 24th September, 1870. 1472 4

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, endorsed, "Tender for work on Black River," will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 3rd day of October, at noon, for the construction of a new Slide at High Falls, on Black River.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this Office, or at the Office of the Superintendent of Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfiment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order.

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, September 22, 1870. 1469 4

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Quebec," will be received at this Office until Friday evening, the 23th instant, for the erection and completion of a new Post Office, at Quebec.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Office of Pierre Gauvreau, Esq., Architect, Department of Public Works, Quebec, on and after Saturday, the 15th instant.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, October 3, 1870 1

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct 4, 1870. 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the under signed and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

The Tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signature of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, October 1, 1870. 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.......................$300,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Additions amounted in 1867 to £81 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1:2: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent, of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £81 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received; will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars,

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,
1407 3m Agent.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

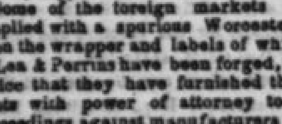
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.
52y1236 law

DOMINION

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1863,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

☞ LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards. For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

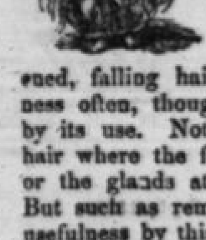
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Spectal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparation.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

₊ All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON 1323 2awfm lawk6m

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
293tf P. O'MEARA. PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS

OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the

FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 3 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144tf

MR .DUIGNA ??,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the 319tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1146tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

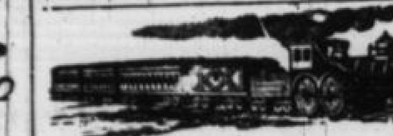
PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1427tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at........ 4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 7:30 a m
Trains for Lachine at ....6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at......... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at......................... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at......................... 3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at......... 6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at.............. 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at......... 10:10 p m

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They have excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

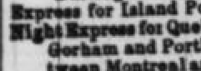
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and at 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at...... 9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do......... 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations...................... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations......... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 3 00 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at.......... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at.......................... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at............ 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at.......... 6 00 a m
Do do do do 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at......................... 1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1425tf

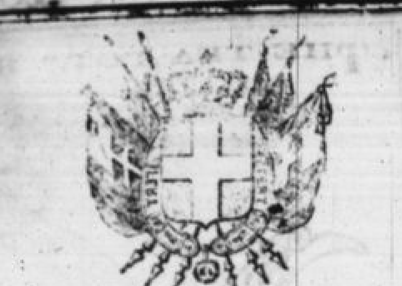
THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The Proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily.



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage so liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for transale sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash. if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1306tf JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p. m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call, ☞ Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." ☞ Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $226 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

☞ For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 -1

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name without a written order from myself.

NORMAN McLEOD.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1494 1m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Med
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles.

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS

AND GROCERS ...ttawa.

GARDNER'S

QUININE

☞ WINE BITTERS, ☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best task for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in ...awa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

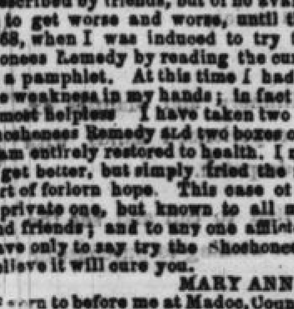
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

U

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.
Low Oven Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves. Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes. Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves. Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes. Elbows.
Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of Stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT.

Hull, September 29, 1870 1476 1m&w31 2m

WANTED,

TWO BOYS to carry papers. Must be able to read and write.

Apply at the

TIMES OFFICE.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869,

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.45 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.05 p m, ... p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

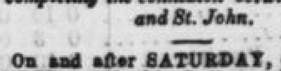
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1439y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
John's, N.F., by branch steamer	20 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

a a Ma 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

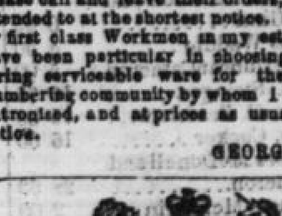
☞ FEET WARE ☜

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competion.

GEORGE MURPHY.



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of he Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1300 td law

Sarsaparilla

...YING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. ... cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

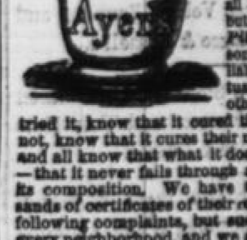
Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhoea* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



... tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite,* they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice* or *Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers,* they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhoea,* but one mild dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back* and *Loins,* they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Suppression* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonald, Esq, McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, J S Crooker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W ... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shown to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is found not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

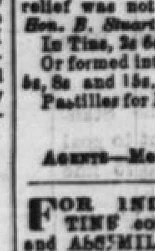
Its Inspectors are alway sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
Manager.

1298tf



FOR ASTHMA,

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When of this kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander, Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL and fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d and ... N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. ... 11

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD

Apply at

MR. ROWSELLS,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.
1460 ..

Ottawa, July 5, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE. 1494-..

August 1st, 1870.

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office 38, Sparks street, Centre Town, Ottawa. James Cotton, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1483. OTTAWA MONDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

...IGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Province of Ontario and Quebec. ... Davis's Book Store, Sparks street, ... F C CLEMOW.

...W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, ... & Ward, has removed his Chancery ... Law Chambers, opposite Russel ...

...LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ... 3587

...O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-... Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55

...HATCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary ... Patent Right Solicitor. Office—In ... Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

... & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, ... Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the ... Ottawa. ... JOHN J. GEMMILL.

...WARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister ... Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk ... and County Attorney, for the United ... of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the ... L'Orignal. 34-6m

...MEYER & KIMBER, Barristers and ... Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario ... Office Buildings, Elgin street, ... RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

...SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., ... Post Office, Ottawa. 4597

...HARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's ... Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 9037

...GROVE & TALLON, Barristers, ... &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, ... Ottawa. 368tf GEORGE TALLON ... MOSGROVE.

...SMITH, U. Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post ... 390tf

Medical.

...HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, ... recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, ... Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

...ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, ... Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug ... the east of Sapper's Bridge. Office ... 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. ... special attention given to the treatment ... of the EYE and EAR. At night can ... at his residence, Murray street.

...C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-...

...OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

Hotels and Saloons.

...VERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX NOVA SCOTIA. Established 1851. ... and transient boarders accommodated, ... every attention paid to their comfort. JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

...WICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., ... the Court House and Public Offices, ST. ...RINES, Ont. E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) ... spacious sample-room for commercial ... 8597

...GE HUTCHISON, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, Sparks Street. ...OSITE "TIMES" OFFICE. ...UTCHISON is fully prepared to supply ... TEETH, or to insert single Tooth ... on either gold, silver or vulcanite ... fitting so closely and easily to ... to be capable of all the uses to ... natural teeth are applied without the ... inconvenience to the wearers, and after ... a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance origin... to the mouth. ... with a view to the removal of painful ... during the operation of extracting ... or diseased teeth, has introduced into ... the use of the Nitrous Oxide or ... gas, which the sufferer inhales without ... inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if ... pleasant dream. ... be consulted any day, except Sunday, ... from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. ...a, September 2, 1870

...RICK FOX. ...OVINCIAL INSURANCE AGENT, GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, ... next to the City Hotel Ottawa. ... the patronage of the Lumber Merchants ... on the Ottawa. From his long experience ... the trade he offers his services in engaging ... attending to their rafts while passing ... of his ability. REFERENCES. Walter Smith, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1334t

1,000 Bushels of Oats for Sale by Bailey, Doran and Cameron, 1452 3a

...yer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

...never before in the whole history of ... anything won so widely and so deeply ... confidence of mankind, as this excellent ... for pulmonary complaints. Through a long ... of years, and among most of the races of ... it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform ... and power to cure the various affections ... the throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to ... forms of disease and to young children, it is ... same time the most effectual remedy that can ... for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should ... on hand in every family, and indeed as all ... sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all ... be provided with this antidote for them. ... settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, ... patient restored to sound health by the ... *Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery ... disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that ... obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing ... could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear. ... *and Public Speakers* find great protection from it. ... is always relieved and often wholly ... is generally cured by taking the ... *Pectoral* in small and frequent doses. ... are its virtues known that we need ... the certificates of them here, or do more ... the public that its qualities are fully ...

...yer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

...name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, ... any other mineral or poisonous substance ... it in nowise injures any patient. The ... and importance of its cures in the ague districts are literally beyond account, and we believe ... parallel in the history of Ague medicine. ... is gratified by the acknowledgments we ... of the radical cures effected in obstinate ... where other remedies had wholly failed. ... persons, either resident in, or ... through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily. ... *Complaints*, arising from torpidity ... it is an excellent remedy, stimulating ... into healthy activity. ... Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is ... remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed. ... by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold ... the world. ... PER BOTTLE.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

Has for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—COGNAC BRANDIES Hennessy & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Hentman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY

high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.

Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or never. 1108

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING, GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT, A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET.

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee. CHICAGO, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers. DAILY LINE BETWEEN OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO, Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired, VIA ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE

Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago .... 860 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit .... 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit .... 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route .... 120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN, General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to England & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau st

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in FALL STYLES OF HATS, JUST RECEIVED. Call and Examine.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N B—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F R C S"

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADAY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST, OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c. (worn as a belt), 22s. to 40s and 56s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA," CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER "FAIRY" CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 134tf

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st. 711tf

Hardware.

PRIZE STOVES!

PRIZE STOVES!!

At the Exhibition we were awarded FIRST PRIZES as follows:

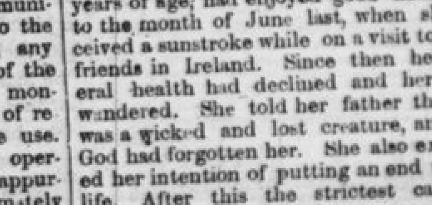
First Prize for Elevated Oven Cook Stove.
First Prize for Low Oven Cook Stoves.
First Prize for Parlor Stoves.
First Prize for Hall Stoves for Coal.
First Prize for Hall Stoves for Wood.
First Prize for best assortment of Tinware.

The above Prize Tickets can be seen in our window.

Our Fall and Winter Stock of Stoves is now complete all of the very best description.

Hot Air Furnaces fitted up to Order.

H. MEADOWS & CO., "Capital" Stove Depot. 35, Sussex St.



SCYTHES! SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Sil er Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field Silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Dell silk saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1,

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENRY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c., Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.1

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER —IN— TEAS AND WINES, 6 HOSPITAL STREET, MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY, First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

16 HHDS PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE, Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY, The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS, Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE, The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS, BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh round and sweet. GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS, all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good

PICKLES, SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS, Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries Wines, and Liquors, OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for A few trials will prove their superiority common goods

A call solicited by THOS. PATTERSON, No. 24, Rideau Street.

... 1870.

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa.

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September. Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment. For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets. Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1435f

PRESCOTT STOVES ON HAND.

COAL OIL OF THE BEST QUALITIES SENT HOME FREE OF CHARGE. 50cts. to 60cts. PER GALL. TRY IT.

Have your STOVE PIPES Put up at once and avoid the rush.

We have now the MOST COMPLETE AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK IN THE CITY.

Any thing you want ask for it.

ESMONDE BROS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS, of the Village of Kenmore, AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE, Assignee, 401 Notre Dame St

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw271

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, Augus 6 3m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		3.00	9.45	—	4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.45		4.00
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	7.30		8.00	9.45		7.30
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c	11.15		8.00	9.45		4.00
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c	3.00					8.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c			12.15	8.00	11.00	
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c	5.00	11.00	4.00	8.00	11.00	4.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15		9.45		
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.45		
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	7.30			9.45		1.00
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.00		4.30	8.00		
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.00					1.00
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	6.00					5.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 16th Sept, 1870.

READ THE OPINION OF THE "GLOBE"

RESPECTING MESSRS. QUETTON ST GEORGE & CO'S PURE FRENCH WINES

Messrs Quetton St. George & Co. have done the Canadian public a service in establishing their depot for the sale of wines and Mediterranean produce. Mr. St. George has long been resident in Toronto and its neighborhood, but has retained his inherited estates of Langaren and Caravettes in the south of France. He can, of course, command the wine of his own property, and, besides has excellent facilities for purchasing the products of its neighbors. He ships direct from Marseilles to Montreal, when it is found advisable to do so, and thus reduces to a minimum the cost of transit. He buys directly from the producer, and brings his wines to market in the cheapest way. It is not to be wondered at, under such circumstances, that he should have revolutionized the wine trade in Toronto. He has introduced here wines not hitherto known or used but which are peculiarly acceptable for their pleasing flavor, their purity and lightness. They are perfectly sound and wholesome, and yet are sold lower than the worst decoction which pass under the misused names of port and sherry. The encouragement which Messrs. St George & Co. have received from the Canadian public is very satisfactory to them. They find it difficult to keep up their stock, the demand being so great; but they are now receiving a large additional supply for winter use. What with our native Canadian Wines and the importation of Messrs St. George, it is to be hoped that in time stronger liquors will cease to be used.

Price List on application.

J P MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 31, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 200 acres, 120 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotick, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa.

Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454 ... 37.1

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

BOARD.

A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.

Ottawa, September 19, 1870 1466f

AUCTION NOTICE.

The subscriber would take this mode of informing the public that he is prepared to receive all kinds of goods on consignment, either for auction or private sale, at his rooms, York Street, opposite the Market. Parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to call upon him before going elsewhere. His experience and the testimonials he can furnish, is a sufficient guarantee that their interest will be carefully attended to.

JOHN CHAPMAN, Queen's Auctioneer. 61 1m

Ottawa, September 12, 1870

Prussian Siege Artillery—Enormous Range of Their Cannon—Modern Inventions in Gunnery.

(From the Neue Freie Presse).

Considering the important part which the Prussian siege artillery may be called on to play in the present war, it will not be out of place to put briefly before our readers its composition and powers of service

The Prussian siege guns consist of 6, 12, and 24 pound cannon, 25 pounder bomb cannon, and fifty howitzer, as also 25 and 50 pound mortars. Recently the 72 pounder cannon and a breech-loading mortar have also been added to the siege artillery, but there can only be a few specimens of this gun.

The sige guns send forth hollow balls, grenades, bombs, shrapnel, fire grenades, fire bombs, and other ammunition answering to the size of the tube. The grenades are long shots, with an arch-like point. The shrapnels are hollow balls filled with leaden bullets, and these are exploded. The destructive power of the grenades is very great. Even with the six pounders weak masonry may be destroyed, and this calibre is only employed when necessary for this object. With 12 and 24-pounder grenades any masonry is destroyed, and, indeed, in a comparitively short time. Moreover, all three calibres are adopted to the destruction of earthworks and the dismounting of guns. The 12 and 24 pounder calibres penetrate, moreover, through three or four inches of iron plating.

Against shut up troops all calibres up to 2,500 paces can be employed. The maximum distance which can be reached by all calibres approaches 5,000 paces, about two and a half miles. In exceptional cases even this distance can be somewhat exceeded. The shrapnels are only employed against troops and laborers, but against these men with much greater effect if the distances are precisely known, and if the troops, through the position of the place, are compelled to remain long under fire. The maximum distance for the use of shrapnels is 2,500 paces. The cartridge shots are employed up to 600 paces.

The 25-pounder bomb shoots cannon solid leaden balls and bombs filled with lead. As a rule they are used again masonry. With equal charges the solid leaden ball has a stronger penetrating power than the lead bombs; nevertheless, the effect of the latter on masonry is greater, because by shaking the wall it loosens its composition more. The greater distance of range is 4,800 paces. The greatest distance at which eccentric grenades can be launched from the 25 pounder howitzer is about 4,200, and with the 50-pounder howitzer, 4,300 paces. The fire-balls are so thrown, if possible, as to remain lying beyond the object to be set on fire; the fire-grenades are preferred, if the object to be set on fire can only be struck by a vertical fire, and against these objects to which burning balls do not easily adhere.

The bombs thrown from the mortars are as a rule employed against horizontal or covered objects. At an angle of forty five degrees with the tube, the greatest distance reached by the 25 pounder mortar is 2,300 and by the 50-pounder mortar 2,700 steps. Use is only made in exceptional cases—for example, bombardment—of longer ranges than 1,200 paces.

The strength of a park of siege artillery, that is to say, the number and calibre of the guns, their equipment with ammunition, &c., is in each case adapted to the strength of the place attacked. In any case, however, from the standpoint of the present state of artillery service, monstrous supplies are necessary, both of reserves and of materials in immediate use. An estimate of the siege guns set in operation by the Germans, with their appurtances, cannot be even approximately given, as the points already attacked, according to which the requirements of the assailants are regulated, are not known. An estimate may be formed of the enormous number of horses which a pack of siege artillery requires, even when it is conveyed in separate trains, from the fact that a 24 pounder gun on a waggon, on a good, level road, requires eight good horses to draw it along. On bad roads, steep ascents, &c., the difficulties of transport of course become enormous.

PERSONAL.

Broad Arrow understands that Lord Ashburnham has placed his mansion in Sussex at the disposal of the Empress Eugenie.

The rumor is contradicted that Mr. George Ryan is about to resign his seat in the House of Commons in order to accept an appointment on the Intercolonial Railway.

It is announced that the Premier of Ontario intends calling the Legislative Assembly to meet on the 15th December, for the despatch of business. The time fixed is thought to be very inopportune.

Mr. Alderman Dakin, who has just been elected Lord Mayor of London, is President of the Great Western Railway of Canada, and a gentleman who possesses considerable information on Canadian affairs. He has made many visits to this country, and in Ontario has many friends, who will be glad to hear of his elevation.

The *Birmingham Post* says;—"We have the pleasure of stating that Mr. Bright, who still resides at Llandudno, is steadily gaining physical strength, and, what in his case is still more important, is now able to bestow some attention on matters that give tone and vigor to his mind. Even in the late rough weather he took his daily ride on horseback, and this wholesome exercise, joined to the long abstinence from intellectual strain, has almost restored him to his wonted strength and energy both of mind and body."

News from before Paris continues quiet. The Prussians have got their heavy mortars and siege guns in position, and only await commands to begin the bombardment of the beautiful city. An engagement on a large scale is anticipated between Rouen and Claremont, the Gardes Mobiles having been massing in that quarter for some time. An attack on Fort D'Issy is also anticipated. It is certainly strange, and it cannot be but humiliating to Parisians to know that among the heaviest guns to be used against them are numbers from Sedan and Strasbourg.

The *Hindoo Hitoishee*, in commenting upon the manners and customs of the Bengalese of the present generation, leads us to infer that the worst social aspects of European society are permeating the most educated of the Bengal presidency. We are loth to believe the charges brought against them by our Indian contemporary, and would fain hope that the advance of religious efforts, and constant contact with European society of the upper class, have resulted in a better state of morals than that indicated in the paragraph from the *Hitoishee* which has gone the round of our principal daily journals.

Among a few lots sold at Tattersall's on September 19 were fourteen carriage horses and hacks, described as the property of a French nobleman, but really belonging to the Emperor Napoleon, which were got away in safety previous to his surrender at Sedan. The entire lot realized 454½ guineas, or an average of 32¼ guineas. A travelling landau and a luggage van, belonging to the Emperor and used in the campaign, were also put up, but returned unsold, there being no adequate bid for them. The Imperial arms had been painted out of the carriages, and the crests had also been removed from the travelling harness, saddles, &c., six lots of which made only 13½ guineas.

CANADIAN GOSSIP.

The Exhibition still rages in Toronto.

A number of Papal Zouaves are expected soon in Montreal.

Montreal is talking of putting up a House of Correction.

The Toronto Fire Committee are looking at the Telegraph Fire Alarm systems of Rochester, U.S., and Montreal.

A man in St. John, N.B., is going to walk fifty miles in ten hours soon.

The yield of grain in the Township of Arthur will be very small.

Guelph is to have an Art Exhibition on the 18th inst.

Pickpockets infest Toronto.

The Base Ball Clubs of Rochester, N.Y., and Guelph, Ont., are to have a match.

The Deil has been among the tavern-keepers of Kingston.

Kingston is determined to have the Provincial Exhibition there next year.

A merchant of Quebec has shot himself at Portland.

Mount Forest is going to give $20,000 to build a railway.

A highway robbery under the noses of the Police agitates Quebec.

Toronto is to be honored by a visit from the Chicago City Fathers.

The Fall fleet is arriving in Quebec.

The crops of the Saguenay district are said to be unusually good.

The New Brunswick Provincial Exhibition has been going on during the week.

The Grand Trunk Railway has done an immense business this week.

Belleville is determined to have all stray cows and hogs impounded.

Montreal is having bright and chilly weather.

London has recovered from its Western Fair.

Hamilton has been edified by a Female Minstrel Troupe.

The Terrace at Quebec is at last to be repaired.

The fall fleet is dropping in at Quebec, with the prevailing easterly wind.

The Custom house receipts at Quebec, on the 4th October, sum up $6,000.

Saguenay crops are said to be in a very fine condition.

Charles Mair, with press, types, and goods has left Windsor for Red River.

A horse belonging to Wm. Patterson, Wallaceburgh, was recently shot by some unknown scoundrel.

Application will be made next session for the Act to incorporate a company for the construction of a wooden or iron railway from Oakville to Bronte, through Milton to Guelph, with power to extend the same to some point on lake Huron.

Mr. Kerr, the fishery overseer, has made a great haul of nets near Whitby. Over two miles of nets had been placed in Shoal Bay in contravention of the law, and Mr. Kerr ascertained the fact. It took the officer and his assistants over three hours to lift their valuable prize.

An English correspondent states that the Prussians captured, with other things at Sedan, one hundred thousand Chassepots and 80,000 cwt. of powder.

A young and estimable lady, eldest daughter of the Rev. B. Davies, vicar of St. George's, Worcester, England, has destroyed herself by cutting her throat with a carving knife. Deceased, who was 24 years of age, had enjoyed good health up to the month of June last, when she received a sunstroke while on a visit to some friends in Ireland. Since then her general health had declined and her mind wandered. She told her father that she was a wicked and lost creature, and that God had forgotten her. She also expressed her intention of putting an end to her life. After this the strictest care was taken of her, and she was constantly watched. An inquest has been held on the body, and a verdict of "Suicide while in a state of unsound mind" was returned.

The European *Mail* states that the *Tamar*, troop-ship, Captain Mickley has arrived from Quebec. She experienced sever weather in coming down the river, but afterwards highly favorable the whole voyage, which was made additionally pleasant and happy by a succession of balls concerts, theatrical performances, &c The invalids were forwarded to the Royal Victoria Hospital, Netley, and the time-expired men sent to the depots of their respective regiments. The 1st Battalion of the Rifle Brigade was met at the Woolwich station by Major-Gen. Sir David Wood, K. C.B., Commander of the Garrison, and Lieut.-Col. R Biddolph, Royal Artillery, Assist.-Quartermaster-Gen. The full band of the Royal Artillery played them from the station to the infantry barracks in Francis Street, which had been prepared for their accommodation.

The New York Yacht Club entertained Commodore Ashbury of the yacht *Cambria* at a grand dinner in Delmonico's on Monday evening. In responding to the toast of his health, Mr. Ashbury paid a high tribute to American yachts and yachtsmen and said that since his landing on the shores of America he had met with nothing but kindness, and would take back with him nothing but the brightest memories. The gallant Commodore has issued the following very comprehensive challenge through the columns of the New York *Herald*:—"From Monday morning, the 10th instant, the *Cambria* will remain at anchor off the Hook, waiting for the required ten knot breeze for the races with the yachts *Magic*, *Dauntless* and *Sappho*; and at the same time ready to sail every centre board yacht in America in a minimum ten knot breeze, the course to be from off the Hook round the Sandy Hook lightship and back three times—New York Yacht Club rule—providing the wind is such as to be a dead beat, otherwise the start to be from the lightship twenty miles to windward and back. I leave this challenge open until 8 a. m., Friday the 8th instant, and on receipt of any acceptance by telegraph or letter addressed to the Brevoort Hotel, I will arrange for the *Cambria* to remain for an indefinite period, and race, if required, every centre-board yacht in America for a fifty guinea cup."

The following is from a private letter from Cassel:—The Emperor delights himself marvellously here, and is better in health. Truly, to see the show of his brilliant suite, one would think that the glorious days of King Jerome had returned. The weather has been so favorable that the Emperor has been able to walk from 7 o'clock in the morning in the avenues of the park at Wilhelmshohe, the beauty and picturesqueness of which are incomparable.

The Emperor prefers to take carriage exercise, in which he is accompanied by the generals who have followed him. His suite is so numerous that it has become necessary to declare to those persons who formed part of the service of his household that they were at liberty to return to France, if they preferred it. The table of the Emperor leaves nothing to be desired, the Queen of Prussia having sent him her "chef de cuisine," who is assisted by two other principal cooks from the household of the King. His wine is brought from the Royal cellar, and twenty five quintaux in addition has just arrived from Berlin to refill the cellars of Wilhelmshohe. The wife of Prince Murat, orderly officer of the Emperor, has arrived at Wilhelmshohe, but she has stopped at the hotel opposite the chateau. A post office and a telegraph office is just about to be established at Wilhelmshohe. Napoleon enjoys complete liberty, so long as he remains within a radius of four miles from Cassel.

TIGHT BINDING

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY,

MAGEE & URSSELL.

PURCHASERS are invited to view all the leading NOVELTIES in Dress Materials, this day. MAGEE & RUSSELL.

WINCIES,
COBOURGS,
PLAIN LUSTRES,
FIGURED DO.
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SERGES
ALPACA CORDS,
FRENCH MERINOES,
PLAIN SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS,
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BRIGHTON DIAGNAL COSTUME CLOTHS
BLACK REVERSIBLE LUSTRES,
TARTAN WINCIES,
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DO. POPLINS,
DO. PLAIDS,

LADIES and others interested in the purchase of DRESSES are respectfully invited to examine our Stock and see for themselves the extraordinary value. MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRESS DEPARTMENT,

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

N-W ADVERTISEMENTS.

American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette.
Extraordinary Value—Magee & Russell.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 38, Sparks Street.
MONDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1870.

Sir John A. and Lady Macdonald arrived here on Saturday evening.

Chief Justice Hagarty leaves this morning for the L'Orignal Assizes.

Discount on American Invoices 12 per cent.

The Governor-General, by an Order in Council bearing date the 26th of September, has been pleased to approve of certain regulations governing the importation of animals for the improvement of stock under Section 4 of 33 Victoria, Cap. 9.

The Hon. S. L. Tilley, C. B., and the Hon. Alex. Morris visited Hamilton on Thursday, where they were the guests of the Hon. Isaac Buchanan. A delegation from the Hamilton Board of Trade waited on them in reference to making that city a first class port of entry.

The expenses of the war to Prussia are reckoned by Dr. G. Hirth as follows: Cost of the military action, 1,250,000,000 of francs; direct losses, 1,230,000,000; indirect losses, 2,250,000,000; war compensation for the reconquered territory, Alsace and Lorraine, especially Strasbourg, 200,000,000. Total, 4,930,000,000 francs, or somewhere about a thousand millions of dollars.

We were misled into informing our readers on Saturday that the case brought against the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway had been decided in favour of the plaintiff with $65 damages. The jury returned a verdict for the defendants, and we regret that the mistake should have occurred.

The revenue of Canada last month was as under:—

Customs	$1,314,952
Excise	348,250
Post Office	19,505
Public Works	124,078
Bill stamps	20,275
Miscellaneous	80,156
	$1,907,216
Expenditure	$1,098,584

It is much to be regretted that in consequence of the mismanagement of those who had the matter in charge, the Provincial Exhibition of 1871 is not to be held in Ottawa. All those who visited Toronto with the intention of lending their assistance in the matter have returned disgusted with what occurred. Even Mr. Thompson, of Nepean, for presuming to assert his rights was insulted, and as we are informed, assaulted. We shall review the whole affair in to-morrow's issue.

The war in Cuba drags its weary length along. The insurgents, reduced to a slender band, are holding their ground among the mountains, but cannot hope to accomplish any political results. The Spaniards are treating their prisoners with great severity. On the 23rd ult. twenty prisoners, all women and children, reached Havana by railway, and were led from the depot to the Female Prison under guard; *and all tied, even children* only five and six years old being tightly pinioned by the arms. At the head of the procession marched two handsome young ladies of eighteen years, *both handcuffed.* One was the daughter-in-law of President Cespedes, the other the daughter of General Figueredo, recently garroted in Santiago. The ladies were all members of the best families on the island. As these unfortunate creatures passed through the streets, the mob jeered and threatened them, and in some instances attempted violence.

Referring to the newly appointed Judges in Nova Scotia, the Halifax *Citizen* says:—

"It is probable that if reasons solely of a political and partisan kind had prevailed in the selection of Barristers to fill these two honourable and important positions, other gentlemen, who have won seats in the popular branch of the Legislature, would have been chosen. But Messrs. Ritchie and M'Cully, while having strong claims, politically, on the consideration of the Government, were not chosen for this honor on that ground alone, but chiefly because of their unquestioned pre-eminence at the Bar, their unrivalled fitness among all the lawyers not of Halifax alone, but of Nova Scotia, for the discharge of the duties of the high position to which they are called."

The illness of General Robert E. Lee is not so dangerous as at first reported. As an evidence of the esteem in which this brave old champion of the right of self-government is held all over the world, we may mention the fact that so soon as the story of his having been seized with paralysis was telegraphed to England, most of the leading London journals referred to it editorially. The *Standard* said "a country which has given birth to such a man may look the proudest nation in the most chivalric period of the history of Europe fearlessly in the face." We trust many years of life may yet be spared to this noble soldier. Though he battled for a "lost cause," we do not believe that in future years, any name in the galaxy of American heroes will shine with a brighter and more enduring lustre than his.

The scene at Harper's Ferry last week was one long to be remembered by those who witnessed it. The waters of the Shenandoah rising with wonderful rapidity, a devastating torrent rushed through the streets of the picturesque little town. Strong stone houses were swept away in a moment and whole families were drowned. Scenes like those which occurred when the Sheffield reservoir burst its banks, and which were so vividly depicted by Charles Reade in his latest novel, are described as having had their counterpart at Harper's Ferry. One man, who had only been married a few months, took refuge with his wife in a tree; but the waves surged round them higher and higher, until the wife was literally torn out of his arms by the flood, and borne shrieking away to death. Thirty-three lives are said to have been lost in all. The portion of the town which was flooded is reduced to a heap of unsightly ruins, among which wander scores of weeping and homeless women, gazing sadly upon the little mounds of sand and rubbish which mark the spots where lately all their affections clustered.

THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Ever since the return of a certain prominent member of the Toronto *Globe's* editorial staff from Europe, the columns of that paper seem to have become imbued with the war fever. The *mitrailleuse* of personal abuse, and the needle gun of private and political malevolence are directed against the managing Director of the Grand Trunk Railway, and in Friday's issue what is meant to be an overwhelming attack is made upon the management of that line. The reckless statements made by our Toronto contemporary a few days since to which we have previously referred, have been refuted in the most emphatic terms by journals in all parts of the country, and of all shades of political opinion. Every one of those journals which had the audacity to disagree with the *Globe*, is termed by that paper a "subsidized organ." We would like to know where there is throughout the length and breadth of Canada a paper which is more thoroughly and entirely the organ and mouthpiece of one man than the Toronto *Globe*. It represents no party, for its managing director and editor has deserted his party; it represents no great public interest or community; it is simply the mouthpiece of the Hon. George Brown, the villifier of his political enemies and the supporter of his political friends:—if he has any. Under such circumstances it ill becomes the *Globe* to talk about "organs."

The *Globe* says that the advocates of the Grand Trunk Railway declare that "not a single statement made by the *Globe* is backed up by fact." The truth is that not a single specific charge is contained in the *Globe's* former article. It was generally asserted that the Grand Trunk cars were dirty, that Grand Trunk trains did not run on time, and that accidents of a more or less serious nature were of constant occurrence. To this sweeping accusation the reply was made that Americans who had lately travelled on the Grand Trunk had declared that the line compared favourably with any upon this continent, that the improvements of all kinds which had recently been introduced were acknowledged even by the Montreal *Witness* and other journals which had always been opposed to the Grand Trunk management, and that accidents of a serious nature were less frequent upon it than upon any line on this continent in proportion to its length. It is easy enough to make a general charge like that made by the *Globe*; it is easy enough to assert that the management of the Grand Trunk Railway is rotten to the core, but how can issue be joined with such general statements in a more direct manner than it has been?

We do not wish to endeavour to dissect the motives which inspired this sudden and utterly uncalled for attack. We have heard of private and personal reasons of so contemptible a nature that we can scarcely believe that they could have been the cause. But it is plain to perceive that personal spite combined with political jealousy has very much to do with the attack made upon Mr. Brydges, and that the hope of influencing the minds of English shareholders against that gentleman at the half yearly meeting about to be held, has been one of the motives that inspired it.

Let us for a moment glance at the history of the line since the present Managing Director left the Great Western and assumed the management of the Grand Trunk. At that time the state of the last named line was about as bad as it possibly could be. The track was in a fearfully bad condition, the rolling stock was insufficient, and of a very inferior quality; the traffic was comparatively small, the whole concern, in fact, was bankrupt. Such was the position of affairs when Mr. Brydges assumed the reins of government. He at once set to work to bring matters into a more healthy state, and to some extent had succeeded, when the effects of the American civil war begun to be sensibly felt, and his attempts at reformation were considerably retarded in consequence. But ever since the termination of the war, the receipts of the Grand Trunk Railway have been gradually increasing. Almost every month's traffic returns show a marked increase over the corresponding month of the preceding year. Last August the receipts were nearly $45,000 more than those of August 1869, and there is good reason to believe that this increase will be still larger and more marked in the future. For a considerable portion of the way the track has been newly laid; and new locomotives and cars have been added to the rolling stock. Let those who remember what the Grand Trunk Railway was before Mr. Brydges became its manager, compare its former state with its present condition, and they will agree with us in considering the *Globe's* remarks utterly uncalled for and unjustifiable.

The *Globe* tries to get over the fact that the public do not now complain of the Grand Trunk Railway, in a manner which is highly characteristic. With that cool self sufficiency which forms one of its most noteworthy traits it says: "As we have a better opportunity than most of our contemporaries of judging of the opinion of the public, we may as well say that their complaints are only diminished by the fact that they have come to consider any remedy as hopeless.' Organs of public opinion throughout the Dominion of various shades of politics tell a different story, and unite in condemning the *Globe's* recent attack. We could fill our columns with extracts from our contemporaries in reference to this subject, all of them condemnatory of the *Globe*. We have only room for three or four which we now give as under:

The Quebec *Chronicle* says:—

"There need be no hesitation in saying that the sagacious and energetic manager never stood higher in public confidence, and the road never had anything like as good prospects as the present. The fruits of his management speak for themselves, and they are more gratifying that they are simultaneous with his valuable services to the Dominion as one of the Intercolonial Railway Commissioners. For this post no man in Canada is better qualified by ability and experience, and it would be nothing short of a public misfortune to force his resignation."

The London *Free Press* says:—

Long as Mr. Brydges—who picked it up from the mud and put it on its feet—is at the head of affairs the *Globe* will continue its periodical attacks, seeing that its influence has been long since pledged to the endeavour to rout out the present manager in order to substitute another gentleman. So far, however, the effort has been *nil*, for not only does Mr. Brydges stand high with the Directors in England and with railway men in the States, but he is as popular a public servant as there is in Canada. The difficulties of a pecuniary, of a commercial, and of a mechanical kind that he has encountered and triumphed over have long stamped his exertions with general recognition and approval, and a cold and tasteless re-hash of worn-out and amply-refuted exaggerations and misstatements is not sufficient, even though appearing in the columns of the leading journal, to influence the public mind prejudicially against Mr. Brydges, or to shake his position with his constituents in England.

The Stratford *Beacon* says:

Anything more desperate than the position of the Grand Trunk when Mr. Brydges, at the peril of the reputation he had acquired as a railway manager on the Great Western, left that road to take hold of it, cannot easily be imagined. For a considerable time thereafter no visible step towards redemption was made. It seemed as though it were hopeless to expect to see the thing brought up out of the slough into which it had been sunk. At length, however, a beneficial change made itself felt. And as we had never hesitated to condemn when occasion required, we were glad at last to be able to speak of it in approving terms. We saw with pleasure greater attention being paid to local wants; a growing increase in the earnings of the road; a vast improvement in the permanent way; the construction of more rolling stock, including some of the most elegant passenger cars to be found on any railway on the continent; a considerable augmentation of speed on the through trains; fewer accidents; the keeping of better time; and a large addition to both the passenger traffic and freights. There can be no doubt that the management of the Grand Trunk has vastly improved.

THE "BABY FARMER."

We have already announced the conviction and sentence to death of that horrible woman Margaret Waters, the London "baby farmer." Perhaps throughout the annals of crime it would be impossible to find a case so thoroughly revolting and detestable as hers. For years she has been in the habit of undertaking the charge of infants promising to furnish them "with all the comforts of a home" for eighteenpence per week. Her mode of treatment was simple and effectual. Every morning she provided each of these young innocents with a breakfast of elixir of opium and locked them up in her bed room for the remainder of the day. Opium diet, however, did not suit the poor little things, and one by one they sickened and died. When this female hyena returned in the evening she was wont to examine her charges, and if, as of course was frequently the case, she found that one of them had sobbed away its life during her absence, she wrapped the tiny form up underneath her shawl, and, not caring to go to the expense of a funeral, dropped it in some sequestered spot. It was proved at the trial that within the last two years upwards of forty children, neglected and forsaken by their parents, have thus been starved to death. When arrested this benevolent old lady was sitting placidly knitting in her comfortably furnished parlour, while three children were actually lying in the death agony upon a sofa in the room! We are not in favour of hanging or of Draconian laws. We concur in the belief that "the very worst use that can be made of a man (or woman) is to hang them," but if ever there was a fiend in human form who deserved hanging without remorse or pity, it is this woman Waters. The sooner the world is rid of such a monster the better.

Very Small.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

TORONTO, Oct. 7.

Among the proceedings that have marked the "Fair week" here, was the presentation of an address of congratulation to Sir John Macdonald on his restoration to health. This certainly non-political ceremony took place at the City Hall, in the presence of a very respectable gathering of the leading citizens of Toronto and others, of all shades of politics. The *Globe*, in a fit of more even than its usual biliousness, belittles this demonstration of courtesy, and talks about "the double shuffle," and accuses the Mayor of getting up an address by a minority only of the Council. The Mayor is quite able to answer to the body he presides over for *his* conduct, but how much to be pitied must be the journalist (not to say would-be statesman) who cannot allow so ordinary a compliment and show of good feeling towards a man of eminence, although an opponent of George Brown, of the *Globe*, to pass, without spitting forth venom. The memory of his *three days* greatness, and his sudden eclipse, must have very seriously impaired Mr. Brown's digestion, if he has failed to recover from it at this late day.

The following is the address and reply which was received with hearty applause by those present:—

To the Honourable Sir John Alexander Macdonald, K. C. B., Minister of Justice and Premier of the Dominion of Canada, &c., &c.

"Sir,—Many have been the occasions on which Toronto has felt proud to manifest her recognition of those pre-eminent qualities of a statesman and a legislator which have for so many years entitled you to take the foremost rank among the distinguished men who have composed the Cabinets and the Legislatures of Canada, and an indiscriminate repetition of the expression of these sentiments, however well attended is apt to cause them to be regarded as matters of form and as such to be of little value.

"The citizens of Toronto, however, have no fear that in such light will be regarded their desire to convey on the present occasion an expression of their heartfelt thankfulness that, raised up from your late severe illness, they see you among them once more in restored and complete health, with an earnest prayer that you may be long spared to be the pride alike of your family and your country, but that you will accept this their greeting, proffered through the medium of their Mayor and Corporation, in the spirit of hearty esteem and friendship in which the same is most respectfully tendered."

Sir John read the following reply:

"*Mr. Mayor and Gentlemen*:—

"The kindness which has prompted you to give me this hearty greeting deserves and receives my warmest acknowledgements, my deepest gratitude.

"It is a proud thing for me to be proferred such assurances of esteem and friendship by the corporation and citizens of the chief city of my own province. It makes me feel that I have been of some service to my country and that I have not lived altogether in vain.

"Let me thank you most sincerely for your congratulations on my recovery from my recent illness. That illness notwithstanding its severity, has had its consolations; it has shown me that I have many warm and attached friends, and has evoked the kindly sympathy of my political opponents.

"I return to my duties with restored health, cheered and supported by your approbation, and trust that my future course may enable me to retain the friendly regard of the citizens of Toronto."

Three hearty cheers were then given for the Queen, three for Sir John, and the same for the Mayor, after which most of those present stepped forward and shook hands with the Premier.

Korn Kobb Interviews the Japs.

The editor of the TIMES said to me yesterday, "the readers of this journal would like to know something about the Japanese, their manners and customs, etc. Get up a couple of columns or so."

"But," I said, "I don't know anything about them; never saw one in my life; could'nt tell a Japanese from a giraffe."

"Well, who said you could," he replied, "nobody ever accused you of knowing more than the law allowed any way. That has nothing to do with it though. You need'nt confine yourself severely to the truth. If you can't give us facts give us fiction. Give us their geography, give us their history, give us their moral statistics, anything so long as it is Japanese. The literary tastes of our subscribers demand it, and their mental requirements must not be trifled with. There now, go."

I went down and introduced myself to Prince Satsuma. The Prince only acknowledges his title when he travels. When he is at home he preserves a strict *incog* as a washerwoman. I found his Royal Highness serenely balancing himself on a two pronged fork and cooling himself with a fan whose territorial extent represented fifteen yards of wall paper and a couple of pounds of feathers. I told him I was a representative of the Press—that powerful lever which moves the world, and is delivered to subscribers over all parts of the city at the ridiculously small sum of 12½ cents per week; Job printing executed with neatness and despatch. I said I wanted to glean a few facts about his interesting countrymen, and hinted furthermore that if he would give me the exclusive use of the intelligence, and have nothing to do with the scoundrels belonging to the other papers I might make it worth his while—might, perhaps, send a copy of our paper post free for a whole year to his Chateau in Japan. The Prince nodded approval, and then remarked "Safoofumyedhstrckboshoo." I said "Yes; but it was just about the sort of weather we might expect at this time of the year." He then informed me that "Highcockalorumtumtidityidodidodum," I said I was sorry to hear it, but hoped that his venerable mother would be spared yet awhile to her wandering boy. He was about to inundate me with another deluge of consonants when I stopped him. "Don't" I said, "don't try it again. That last alphabetical list was too much for you. If you begin another you'll have lock-jaw, and I havn't time to go to your funeral. He was going for me again, but I said "Look here, old parchment skin, that's played out you know. I'm a newspaper reporter, and I flatter myself I understand my business. I've come here to get information out of you, and I'm bound to have it if I use a force pump. You needn't go beating about the bush trying to mislead *me* with your infernal logarithms, but just put down that circus tent of an umbrella and tell me what you know. If you don't know anything yourself tell me what you don't know or what somebody else knows—anyway tell me *something*.

Seeing that I wasn't to be trifled with, Satzumma drew over a couple of carving knives to rest his feet upon, and canting over the fork on which he was sitting to an angle of forty-five degrees, he told me the following. Of course the narrative was given in Japanese, but for the benefit of my readers who may not have time, or perhaps inclination to work it out for themselves I translate it into English. The Japs come from Japan. Japan is in the East, so far East that it was only by adding on an extra half yard or so of canvass that it was got into the map at all. Every Japanese is born into the world with an umbrella under his arm and a fan in his waistcoat pocket. When other children only know enough to howl when they are hungry, the infants of this favoured people can do the bayonet exercise, dance the tight rope, swallow a masked battery, tell lies, and turn themselves inside out. They are a very clever race. They are about the only people who can lift themselves up by their ears, or render themselves invisible by jumping down their own throats. They are particularly expert at this latter feat, about the time the tax collector comes round. They are a frugal people, the Japanese. They don't digest much, but they can lay in a respectable stock for further consumption. They have a swallowing capacity equal to a lime kiln, and three or four threshing machines. They take down pins and needles, carpet tacks, ten penny nails, old iron, brick bats, parliamentary reports, telegraph poles, picket fences, Armstrong guns, tobacco plantations and earthquakes. At home these champion swallowers are chartered like steamships to carry cargoes from place to place. One fellow, a chap of about 400 tons burthen, recently brought to Yeddo twenty five hogsheads of sugar, a circus and a menagerie, and the iron and furnishings for a street railroad, but the Tycoon hung him up next morning before breakfast, because he couldn't find room in the hold for a couple of steam launches that his Imperial Highness had ordered. It is just possible some pig-headed sceptics may doubt this statement. *I* can't help that. It's not my business. It's for me to tell the story and for my readers to do the believing. That's what I call a fair division of labour.

Cabinet-making is a bad business in Japan. Chair-makers don't make princely fortunes. The inhabitants sit on knitting needles, or tooth picks, or carving knives or bayonets screwed into the floor. They don't use any beds either. They just roost on clothes lines or lightning rods or anything that comes handy.

The language of the Japanese is interesting and peculiar. To hear a couple of them in the full swing of conversation would make one fancy that a whole backyard full of tom cats had gone mad. There are about sixteen hundred thousand letters in their alphabet, and each letter has seven or eight joints in it. It takes a Jap baby some time to learn his letters, but when he does get hold of them he makes it lively for the rest of the house.

The Japs claim to be descended from Adam, but if I were Adam and found any such mummies claiming *me* for——

I have to apologize to subscribers here for this sudden break in my narrative. The editor has been looking over my shoulder for the last five minutes, and he says he thinks I have given enough information at present on this subject any way. He says that after such a strain on my mental powers, I had better take a holiday—say six months or a year—and if I can find another such idiot as myself in that time to bring him along, and he'll give me a hundred dollars.

There's editorial gratitude for you. There is the thanks I get for slaving and perspiring for two mortal hours over an article that the editor himself couldn't write in two weeks.

KORN KOBB, Jnr.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

NEW YORK, Oct 8.—A special from London says there is a strong party in Prussia opposed to union with South Germany unless terms are distinctly understood. Austria does not now oppose German unity.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—It is reported, and the report receives much credence, that Bazaine has determined to support the Imperial cause, and with that view he has proposed to surrender Metz, on condition that he is allowed to march out with all the honours of war, and allowed to assist in putting down the Republic and reinstating Napoleon. Bismarck has refused to grant the latter proposition, for he is not satisfied with the integrity of the officers and army. He thinks the army would not yield obedience to their officers.

The damage done to Strasbourg is estimated at $200,000,000.

A telegram to the *Times*, dated Berlin, 11th, says that on the hills between Sevres, St. Cloud, and Bonnival batteries of siege guns have been placed, and a monster battery at St. Cloud threatens the neighborhood of Champs Elysses.

TOURS, 8th.—The Government will decide on holding the elections to-morrow.

Garibald is expected here to-morrow.

CHARTRES, 7.—The Paris Franc Tireurs were defeated at Ablis by 150 Prussians, losing 60 of their number and a number of horses.

VERSAILLES, Oct. 8—Last night the entire garrison of Metz, including the National Guard, made a sortie to the north on both sides of the Mezelle, attacking the Prussian entrenchments. They were repulsed, losing 1,500; the Prussians lost 6,000 men.

CARLSRUHE, Oct. 8.—On the 7th the town of New Brissock was bombarded from 9 a.m. till midnight; the town was fired in three places. The bombardment was continued on Saturday.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—Bismarck has written a letter approving of the arrest of Jacoby.

TOURS October 9.—Charles W. May, of Paris, formerly of New York, and W. Reynolds, of New York have arrived from Paris, which place they left on Friday morning in a balloon, at the same time as Gambetta, who was in another balloon. On rising they were becalmed when about 800 yards, and over the Prussian camp. They were fired at with musketry and cannon, but were untouched. Wind sprung up and they sailed off, landing at Amiens. They say the Prussians are very confident and well prepared.

NEW YORK, 8th.—A special London despatch says:—A letter has been published here under the signature of Cardinal Cullen, on the Italian question. The Cardinal takes a different view of the policy and acts of the King of Italy than that taken by Cardinal Manning, and denounces the King of Italy as a downright hypocrite. At the time when the King of Italy was professing all true affection as the truest son of the church he had ordered his troops to fire upon the Vatican if necessary, with shell and explosive material of modern warfare. Well aware that his Holiness the Pope, Cardinals, and all members of the Papal household, were residents of the palace. The Cardinal denounced the selfish aggrandizement and utter negation of all obligation either self or otherwise towards the church by the King of Italy, with an eloquence that has produced a most startling effect upon the Roman Catholic and Protestant population throughout the country. In language nearly approaching to cursing he prophesies for Victor Emanuel the fate of Nebuchadnezzar.

TOURS, 8th.—Enthusiasm is increasing, and volunteers are rapidly swelling the ranks of the two armies now forming.

The Prussians seem determined to advance into Normandy. The people in that province are sending their grain and cattle further south, and placing every obstacle possible in the way of the Prussians.

The Papal troops and Garribaldians make a force of 6,000 men, and form the nucleus of one of the new armies.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—The *Journal de Cruxellis* is responsible for a story that negotiations are now pending between the German Government, backed by Russia and Napoleon, the object being to prevent the establishment of a French republic.

ST. QUENTIN, 8th.—Evernoy seems to be abandoning his march on this point.

The reported entry of a German force, which has been operating in this direction, is now moving upon Soissons, which is able to make an energetic defence.

LONDON, 8th.—It is not thought that the Prussians will take any section to oppose the connection of the French Constituent Assembly.

Railway lines now run day and night eastward of Paris. They are used by the Prussians, who are bringing up their heavy siege guns. One of the trains was thrown upon the track near Vitry. Four Frenchmen living in that neighborhood were arrested on suspicion of having loosened the rails.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, October 8.

The Exhibition closed yesterday, when about 10,000 people visited the grounds. A great many complaints have been made as to the incompetency of the judges.

An Englishman, just arrived, was gagged and robbed, on Thursday night, losing $100 and a gold watch.

Geo. H. Hans was arrested, yesterday, charged with a heavy robbery in Buffalo.

A special despatch to the *Telegraph*, dated Fort Garry, September 24, *via* St. Cloud, Minn., October 6, says:—Lepine is dead. He had been living in Pembina, and boarded at the house of a man named Butcher. He struck up a flirtation with Mrs. Butcher, which ended in her seduction. On Thursday last Butcher got wind of the affair, and searched the town for Lepine. He found him in a small tavern, kept by a Frenchman, named Rietrie; and, after a few hot words, shot him right through the head. Lepine lived for a few moments, during which he confessed his share in the murder of T. Scott, and begged piteously to Heaven for mercy.

There was great excitement here, last night. A house in the course of erection, the property of Mr. James Ross, was totally consumed. There can be no doubt the fire was the work of an incendiary. Loss about $2,000. Several arrests were made, but there was no evidence to show the guilty party. The volunteers did their best to protect and save Mr. Ross' property.

Last Saturday night Riel and his supporters had a mass meeting at Stinking River. They assembled in large numbers, and appeared to be sanguine of obtaining the mastery of the Canadian and loyal population.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Oct. 8th.

The Governor General and suite, on their way from Toronto yesterday, were delayed, and did dot arrive here until one o'clock this morning.

Wm. Kendall, working in Molson's brewery, was suffocated in one of the vats yesterday.

Over $1,700 was raised at a Wesleyan tea meeting last night to help to pay off the debt of Point St. Charles church.

The Metropolitan opens the new St. George's Church to-morrow.

The annual University boat match comes off to-day.

A new company is about to be formed for the purpose of constructing a line of railway from Joliette to connect with the North Shore Railway.

The executive committee of McGill College endowment fund meet this evening in the Mechanic's Hall.

The bark *Oncato* is loading with barracks and other military stores for Woolwich, England.

Weather splendid.

To-day the coroner's jury in the case of the unfortunate man who was suffocated in a vault in Molson's brewery yesterday, returned the following verdict: That the deceased Mr. Kendall came to his death in a manner purely accidental, by suffocation.

Joseph Batchelor, tailor, about six months out from England, was brought insensible to the English hospital last night, and died. He had been drinking hard for some weeks past.

Beautiful moon to night; weather splendid.

QUEBEC

QUEBEC, October 8.

In yesterday's report from Quebec relative to yachts entered for the race to-day, the name of one reads "Trash" instead of "Wasp." To-day is lovely, with a fine west wind. The steamer "Clyde" is now off the flag boat full of passengers. Flags are flying all around, and immense crowds are on the wharf and along the heights. Two boats were withdrawn this morning; the "John Gerdes, and the "Wasp." At 20 minutes to 12 the signal fired from the flag boat started the five yachts, the Montreal yacht "Truant" getting away first, closely followed by the "Black Hawk," and the others after. The steamer "Clyde" has passed down, and as well as can be ascertained, the yachts are rounding Indian Point in the same order as they started. The "Dauntless" is the favourite. The return of the yachts is looked for about five this p.m., but all depends on the wind.

The feathers on bonnets are placed on the side instead of on top as formerly.

The handsomest opera cloaks are of white plush, made in a sack shape with loose sleeves, and trimmed with white feather trimming.

The shawl suits, now so popular, are made of the old fashioned gentlemen's long shawls, with which the market is overstocked, as there is no sale for them nowadays.

A drunken St. Louis husband, in an altercation with his wife last week, threw her from a third-story window, but her only injury was a broken leg, and she refused to go to the hospital.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—The following details, collected from various sources, are publish here to-day.

The Italian Government has formally repudiated any designs looking to the annexation of Nice and Savoy.

The result of the plebiscite in the Roman states is officially published as follows: For Italian unity, 13,365; against, 1,509. Majority, 11,756.

A despatch from Epinat, dated last evening, reports sharp fighting yesterday in the department of the Vosges. The Prussian force consisted of about 9,000 men. The French force was not so large and had much less artillery than the Germans.

The fight lasted all day, and when night put an end to the conflict, the event was undecided.

The French retained their position, which the Germans attempted to carry a number of times. Gen. Dupre, the French commander, was slightly wounded in the engagement. The Prussians have arrived before New Breusach, and skirmishing has already commenced.

George Saunders has written from Paris, and says the city is good for a six months' siege.

There are no Prussians to be seen in the department of the Aube.

The Prussians again threaten Gisors, where they were repulsed by the Nationals a few days ago.

The redoubt of Pierre Fitte, near St. Denis, has been abandoned by the French, the position being untenable.

Two Frenchmen who were caught cutting telegraph wires were immediately shot by the Prussians.

TOURS, Oct. 8.—The government announces cheering intelligence from every quarter of France.

The peasants are prepared to rise and crush invaders.

SAARBRUCK, Oct. 5.—Evening *via* Berlin. The Prussians have opened their heavy batteries on Sternoy, the northern defence of Metz. The French replied with spirit, and the cannonading lasted two hours. The result is unknown, but it was probably undecisive.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—The *Examiner* energetically appeals to the powers to prevent the bombardment of Paris or portions of France.

TOURS, Oct. 7.—The troops have all left here. Their movements are kept a secret.

DUBLIN, Oct. 7.—Archbishop Cullen has issued a pastoral to the clergy and laity, sympathizing with the French people, and protesting against Italian outrage upon the Pope.

LEXINGTON, VA., Oct. 7.—Gen. Lee continues to improve. He is able to sit upon his chair, and it is confidently expected that he will be able to move about shortly.

PARIS, Oct. 7.—*Herald* special: The Tuilleries is a crowded camp ground. All places of amusement are closed.

The defeat of a sortie on the 1st inst., at Meridon, created consternation.

There have been a few encounters at night between organized bands of ruffians and the military. Should a reverse occur, it is feared the dangerous classes would inaugurate a terrible convulsion.

Under date of the 4th, the same correspondent states the news of the surrender of Strasbourg and Toul had a depressing effect, and troops lined the streets to preserve order.

General Burnside and Paul Forbes arrived yesterday with a letter from Bismarck to Jules Favre.

Burnside declares the fortifications of Paris are most formidable.

The Prussians fail in attempts to plant batteries and build redoubts at night, by reason of electric lights, which discovers them to the French guns on the Bastions.

MARSEILLES, Oct. 7.—Garibaldi has arrived here.

TOURS, Oct. 7.—The Pontifical Zouaves who are to come to Toursville form a complete corps of 5,000 or 6,000 men and officers.

10,000 Italian volunteers have arrived at Chamberly.

The people of Tours, who attach great importance to every action of the United States Government, are much excited over a visit of General Burnside to M. Favre. General Burnside is now in Paris, and it is reported he is to visit at M. Cremieux.

BERLIN, Oct. 5.—With the fall of Toul and Strasbourg and the uninterrupted communications with Pont au Mousson and headquarters, the war has assumed a new phase. Henceforth the tactics will be to pay no attention to fortifications, but march direct to the largest cities and invest them.

This applies especially to the operations towards Lyons for which three divisions have left Strasbourg, and also the reserve of the third army corps and the South German reserves.

These have been directed to speedily reduce the principal French cities, and their advance cannot be hindered by hostile demonstrations of the enemy.

The correctness of this is demonstrated in the taking of Orleans, and almost without resistance, a circuit 80 miles around Paris.

Similar proceedings are expected from the reserve of the North German army now in great strength at Chalons, Soissons and Rouen, giving the key to the important towns in Northern and Eastern France.

The Imperial prisoner at Wilhemshohe, is eager for news connected with war. He is beginning to feel himself quite at home in his involuntary confinement. A few days since he reviewed a battery of artillery which the Governor of Wilhemshohe had drawn up without the spacious walls of the Castle.

The Emperor, accompanied by his entire staff, Prince Murat, Gens. Ney, Castel, Naurielle, Douay, Hopp, and Lauriston was received by the Major in Command. He inspected everything; the manoeuvres lasted half an hour, and the Emperor expressed himself approvingly.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—Great surprise and regret are expressed by the Prussian embassy here at shipments of arms from the United States to France.

It is said that Prussia and America are united in an attempt to secure inviolability of private property not contraband of war, and that America should be the last to risk the friendly relations of the Prussian Government, for the sake of a few covetous manufacturers and speculators.

BERLIN, Oct. 7.—Bismarck's organ bitterly denounced Belgian sympathy with France. The press, people and Government are alike culpable.

The bravery of the German troops saved Belgium from being beaten out of existence. Such may be its fate in future if the French Government retains its offensive power.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—A special correspondent writes from Versailles on the eve of the 4th, that it is understood that Bismarck counts upon seeing the spirit of the Parisians give way under the pressure of a prolonged siege. Meanwhile it is certain that home sickness is breaking out in very trying forms among the German troops, before the French capital. This is particularly noticeable among the soldiers from Sibaria and Francoria and the Bavarians of the Tyrol.

The excitement of the march and of great battles is giving place to disgust and weariness. The vast majority of these troops are men who have home ties and duties, and who are chafing bitterly under the prospect of an indefinite winter campaign. It is not to be denied, too, that these feelings are shared even by the officers of the regular Prussian and Saxon armies.

Saxons are especially irritated by the iminence of a long fatiguing war.

Diseases, such as bad water, always develop, are making serious ravages at Versailles and Clamart.

The same correspondent states that it is not true that Gen. Burnside went into or came out of Paris as a negotiator with Jules Favre. He went and came simply as a bearer of despatches to our Minister Washburne. He expressed himself as greatly struck by the quiet and determined air of the people of Paris.

An Ostend despatch says that the accounts from Alsace and Lorraine are heartrending. The distress of the people is fearful, and it is developing the worst kind of partisan warfare. So bitter and [illegible] able is the popular feeling against the Prussians that the people rise in arms everywhere, at the slightest opportunity.

Provincial Agricultural Association.

ANNUAL MEETING—KINGSTON TO BE THE NEXT MEETING PLACE—A CLOSE RUN WITH OTTAWA.

From the Toronto Telegraph.

The annual meeting of the above Association was held in the Agricultural Hall last evening. The room was well filled and the proceedings were characterized by the greatest decorum and attention. Hon. D. Christie, President of the Council, occupied the chair and on the platform were several well known gentlemen connected with the institution, among them Mr. Beckwith, President of the [illegible] Agricultural Society; Hon. Mr. [illegible] Vice-President of the Council; [illegible] McDougall, C.B.; Messrs. Shipley, [illegible]kirk; Tadley and Dr. Ryerson, [illegible] White, Kent, and Rykert, M.P.P.; [illegible]donald, Wilson, Gibbons, [illegible], Cowan, and Dr. Beatty, of Cobourg.

The President then read his address, after which the following discussion took place as to whether the Exhibition [illegible] be at

KINGSTON OR OTTAWA.

Mr. Ira Morgan then proposed that the next meeting of the Association be held at Ottawa. He dwelt on the great interest felt in matters agricultural by the farmers of the Ottawa district. Notwithstanding the great affliction with which that district has lately been visited, he assured the meeting that the people of Ottawa and neighborhood were well able to support the Association and to provide ample facilities for successfully carrying out the exhibition. The completion of the Central Railway from Brockville to Ottawa would enable goods &c., to be forwarded without transhipment. The Council might expect a vast influx of visitors and exhibitors from the Lower Province, and he had no doubt that the meeting would be as great a success as the one now going on.

Mr. George W. Eaton, President of the County of Carleton Agricultural Society, seconded the motion.

Mr. Sheriff Ferguson, of Kingston, proposed that the next meeting of the Association be held at Kingston. He didn't think Ottawa cared about anything but lumber, for she only exhibited one bull at the present exhibition. He appealed to the members of the Association not to fritter away the status of their meeting by fixing on such a rocky and inhospitable region.

Mr. Thomas Stock, of [illegible] County, seconded Mr. Ferguson's motion. He did not think it just to the Western farmers to compel them to convey their valuable stock to a place so far removed from the centre of the Province.

Hon James Skead, of Ottawa, said poor old Kingston was evidently determined to carry out Mr. Ferguson's motion. There was the Kingston Sheriff, Mayor, City Clerk, and almost all the municipal officials, except that official who carried out the last sentence of the law. (Laughter.) But he was certain that the meeting would not do Ottawa an injustice, for it was her right and due. The farmers of the Ottawa district contributed more per head to the funds of the Association; they kept good stock, and were they to be told that their turn would never come. The Mayor of the city, Mr. Rochester, was here to-night, with instructions from the corporation to assure this meeting that everything on their part would be done to carry the meeting to a successful issue, if it pleased the delegates to hold it there next year. The proprietor of the Russell House, Ottawa, was prepared to find accommodation for 7,500 visitors. Ottawa had the barracks, the Music Hall and five district schools, which could be got ready at a very short notice for the accommodation of all the visitors who might come. He produced letters from the managers of the several railroads and navigation companies running into Ottawa, assuring him that in the event of the next meeting held there stock, &c., would be carried both ways for one fare.

A resolution was then read from the Kingston corporation, guaranteeing [illegible] accomodation for the Association.

Mr. David, President of the County of Kent Agricultural Society, complained that he had been shabbily treated, and entered in the most humorous way to [illegible] his grievances and beg redress. He supported the claims of Kingston, and was entering into a long statement of his birth, parentage, moral and intellectual training, domestic habits, religious belief and political principles, when he was brought to a standstill by cries of "question!" "sit down," "go home," &c.

Mayor Rochester, of Ottawa, read a resolution from the Ottawa City Council assuring the meeting that nothing would be left undone to carrying out the [illegible] 1871 to the satisfaction of all in [illegible] of its being held there. The Ottawa district was in want of good stock, and that was the one great reason why the next meeting should be held there. The Ottawa farmers would purchase the surplus stock of the western [illegible] as they did when the exhibition was held in Kingston. A suitable ground had been provided and the city was prepared at the moment to provide plenty of good accommodation for man and beast. Ottawa had never had a Provincial Exhibition. It was the capital of the Dominion [illegible] and therefore fit and qualified to [illegible] next meeting of the Provincial Agricultural Association.

Mr. Findlay, of North Renfrew, urged the strong claims of Ottawa.

Hon. Mr. Skead believed that the Province of Quebec would make a [illegible] with this association in the meeting [illegible] 1871 were held there.

Votes were then taken on the question, when it was found that there were [illegible] in favour of Kingston and 51 in favour of Ottawa.

The exhibition of 1871 will therefore be Held at Kingston.

Mr. Thomas Stock proposed a vote of thanks, seconded by Col. Johnson, to the mayor, corporation and citizens of Toronto for their kindness and attention to the interests of the members of the association during the present meeting, which was unanimously carried.

A vote of thanks was then passed to the various railway and steamboat companies, to the President and officers, and the meeting then adjourned.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Wool Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from [illegible] to $2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just [illegible]

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery & General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.
HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

The new fashioned gentlemen's hats are bell-crowned with wide curling rim.

The service at Trinity Chapel is the [illegible] Cathedral service of England, and not ritualistic as some persons imagine.

The Agricultural College, of Amherst, Mass., will receive young women and teach them horticulture.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

GRAND OTTAWA RAILWAY

8.10 a.m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.03 p m

Above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.

Office—York street, corner o Sussex

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Ladies are invited to see Garland, Mutchmor & Co's grand display of Millinery and Mantles.

Latest Styles out, in Millinery and Mantles, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co's Millinery and Mantle Show Room is now open.

ARRIVAL OF HIS LORDSHIP THE BISHOP OF OTTAWA.—A telegram received on Saturday from New York by the Committee of Reception at Ottawa, announces the safe arrival at that port of his Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa by the *St. Lawrence*. His Lordship arrived at Montreal on Saturday evening, and will probably leave that city this morning for Ottawa.

ACCIDENT.—On Saturday afternoon a farmer met with a pretty serious accident. He was driving down Sussex street on a waggon load of hay, when, from some unexpected movement of the waggon he was thrown to the ground, falling on his head, and receiving a severe shock. A medical gentleman happening to be passing at the time rendered very affective services, so that in a short time the farmer was able to go about his business.

GREAT BOOK SALE.—Catalogues will be shortly issued for the largest and most important Book Sale at Montreal ever held in Canada, comprising all the valuable stock of recently imported Books, belonging to the Estate of Richard Worthington, and in junction an additional lot of over [illegible] cases, (many illustrated publications for the holidays.) Such an opportunity for procuring a stock can seldom occur and Booksellers from all parts should prepare to attend. 1483 3

Just to hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins" (prize medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

THE MARKET—Saturday.—Another large market brought a smile to the face of the [illegible] this morning.

Hay, $18 to 20 per ton.
Pork, $9 to 9.50 per 100 pounds.
Beef $5.50 to 6 per [illegible]
Mutton, 6 to 7 cents per pound.
Butter, 25 cents in prints.
Eggs, 20 to 21 cents per dozen.
Cauliflowers, 25 to 35 cents each.
Pumpkins, 5 to 10 cents each.

POLICE COURT—Saturday.—Louis Lalanc was charged with disorderly conduct on Church street, for which offence he was fined $3 and costs.

Samuel Peake was found sleeping in a yard on Wellington street, but being his first offence he was let go.

Joseph Manning, charged with the same offence, was also let off.

Robert McIntyre, of Osgoode, was fined [illegible] and cost for committing an indecent assault upon a woman named Gamester.

Francis Narcotte was charged with having allowed 3 pigs owned by him to run at large in streets; fided $1 and costs.

Henry Post was charged with the same offence, and fined $1 and costs.

A case of abusive language was adjourned until Monday.

FALL MEETING OF THE OTTAWA TURF CLUB.—The fall meeting of the Ottawa Turf Club will take place at Mr. Mutchmor's Driving Park on the 20th inst.

There will be four races for the following purses:—Hurdle race, $150; Carleton Plate, $150; trotting race, $75; and lumbermen's purse, $125. The hurdle race is a mile, one, over 8 hurdles, and open to all horses.

The race for the Carleton Plate is a 1½ mile race. In the trotting race only horses owned by residents of the counties of Carleton, Prescott, Russell, Leeds and Grenville, Renfrew and Ottawa can compete [illegible] in the race for the lumbermen's purse.

CHIPS OF OLD STOCK.—On Saturday an old woman made her appearance at the police station to complain of the treatment which she was receiving from her husband, and to get the proper authorities to interfere on her behalf. It appears that some weeks ago the old vagabond went to Montreal, from whence he returned with a young woman. His house, on [illegible] street, he divided in two, putting the stove and the principal part of the furniture in the half which he had decided to occupy himself. The poor old woman is completely neglected, and is next to famishing from cold and hunger. He occasionally throws her down through the stove pipe hole some crusts and crumbs and besides these she has little or nothing to eat. We presume the old fellow will answer for his conduct at the police court some morning shortly.

A LADY SHARPER FROM YANKEETOWN.—We doubt if ever before we had to record so daring a case of swindling as that perpetrated upon the public of Ottawa and vicinity on Saturday, by a lady sharper from the other side of 45, and who gives her name as Miss Laura Sherman. In the first place, in coming to Ottawa she played her game successfully upon the conductor of the morning express train and upon an unfortunate carter. At Prescott she took the cars, but failing to pay her passage money, she was put off at Spencerville. At Spencerville she hired a carter, who drove her to the next station, where his eyes were also opened to her moneyless condition. She made her way to Ottawa in her usual cheap style of travelling. She put up at the Albion, where she had some refreshments, and then started out, dressed in rich apparel. She went to several parties, principally to widows, to whom she represented herself as a lady engaged on a charitable mission. She stated that at the Russell House she had a quantity of good clothes, which she wished to dispose of. Those paying her an amount of money (whatever she could get from them generally) would have an opportunity of trying their luck by means of a lottery for those clothes, every one being sure to draw some article of clothing. She went to between 20 and 30 parties from whom she received money on those representations, even going out to the farmers in Osgoode and Gloucester, in doing which another carter was badly sold. This open way of carrying on her game could not end successfully. During Saturday several women applied at the Russell House for the person in question, but no such person being there they were directed to the Fire Relief Committee where they probably realized their position. A woman living near the railway station, and one of this charitable ladies victims finally informed Policeman Little of the case, giving him a pretty minute description of her appearance. Little soon discovered and arrested her. She is now in the lock-up and will probably appear before the magistrate this morning. We understand that when the Ottawa carter demanded payment she produced a revolver, saying, 'I guess you'll have a gay time getting money out of this child!' and so went on her way.

Fall Assizes.

SIXTH DAY.

Before Chief Justice Hagarty.

Mount *vs.* Steward.—This was an action of Ejectment to recover possession of a piece of land on LeBreton's Flats. It was tried by the Judge himself, not by jury.

Mr. Steward, sworn—I am the son of the late Sheriff, John Steward; he was Sheriff from as early as 1808 or 1809; he died in 1828; the signature to the deed produced is my father's.

Donald Kennedy, Civil Engineer, sworn—I know the broken front in lot 40, First Concession of Nepean; I surveyed it for the late Mr. Breton; the plan produced is mine: The size of the lot is 66 ft. by 99; Lot 16 is 38 ft. by 99; Mr. Breton was in possession of all that property; it was at his request I surveyed it. That is the only plan I made from my own survey; Lot 14 was the same size as the other; Lot 14 was larger on the compiled plan; the lot was not enclosed; I made the survey in '46; Mr. LeBreton exercised control over all this property: I made my last survey from the south side to the monument; my survey was in 1846, and the sale was after that.

Deputy Registrar Thos. Sproule, sworn: the map produced was in the office ten or twelve years; neither of the maps produced are registered.

Plaintiff obtained a verdict with leave to defendant to introduce a non-suit on certain grounds stated to his Lordship.

Martineau *vs.* Germain.—This was an action on the common counts, on an account rendered by Mr. Martineau against Mr. Germain. The account commenced in June, 1867, and extended to the 15th Sept., 1869; and in consequence of the defendant not having examined the items from time to time during the currency of the accounts, it surprised the defendant when it was rendered. The defendant had a set off, and the suit was really brought to settle the difficulties between the parties. After having some of the plaintiff's evidence, his Lordship ruled that the case be left to the decision of Mr. Lewis. Counsel for plaintiff, Mr. H. Lapierre; counsel for defendant, Mr. Gibb.

Hardy, *et al*, *vs.* Le Cowet: An action on a judgment of the Circuit Court of the district of Quebec. The defendant denied service of process from the Foreign Court, and that the proceedings were carried to judgment. The plaintiff proved service of process and the judgment. Verdict for plaintiff for $20,987. N. Sparks, counsel for plaintiff; A. I. Dunning for defendant.

Bertram *vs.* Aumond.—This was an action for wages against Mr. Joseph Aumond by the plaintiff, who claimed to have been a labourer in the employ of the defendant. Evidence was taken to shew that a man, named Rocheaut, was an agent for Mr Joseph Aumond. A due bill was produced, signed Charles Aumond, and it was then contended for the defence that either Charles Aumond or Messrs. Thibodo & Co. were liable. The plaintiff was not present, and the Judge took an unfavourable view of his case, charging the jury in defendant's favour. The jury brought in a verdict for defendant.

Mr. Mosgrove for plaintiff; Mr. Lapierre for defendant.

Barnes *vs* [illegible].—Verdict for plaintiff by consent, subject to the award of J. B. Lewis. Taillon for plaintiff; Gibb for defendant.

Hardy *vs.* Lecouet.—N. Sparks for plaintiff; A. I. Dunning for defendant. Verdict for plaintiff.

Boyd *vs.* Kenna.—Verdict by consent.

This concluded all the cases of the Fall Assizes, and his Lordship left the court at ten minutes past two p.m.

Cricket.

OTTAWA VS. ALMONTE AND ARNPRIOR.

The above elevens met, for the second time this season, at the Rideau Hall ground on Saturday last, when the up-country eleven met with a defeat, they having won at the first meeting at Almonte on Saturday week.

Owing to the non-arrival of some of the Ottawa team it was nearly eleven before play commenced by Carter and Phillipps taking up the defensive on behalf of Ottawa. Carter was run out at the first attempt at a run, having strained his leg. Scott next partnered Phillipps, when the latter was bowled out for 8 by a splendid ball from Boothroyd, whose bowling was very straight and effective, taking six out of eight wickets. With the score at 46 Scott lost his wicket, when he had been in for one hour and ten minutes, having made a much needed 32, more than half the runs from the bat at the downfall of the last wicket.

After luncheon, Northgraves and Kenward took up the defensive for the visitors, Carter and Armstrong commencing the bowling. The latter soon scattered Northgraves wicket for an "egg," but not before adding three or four to the score in the way of wides.

Boothroyd and Slack were the only two who made any effectual stand, the former making a good 19 and was well caught by Phillipps at long off.

The last of the "A.'s" fell for a total of 58, being 15 in arrears, and owing to their having to leave by the evening train only one innings a side was played.

The visitors arrived on Friday, and stopped at the Union House, the Ottawa club having made arrangements for their entertainment. The following is the score:—

OTTAWA.

T D Phillipps b Boothroyd	8
W Carter, run out	0
C S Scott b Lester	32
J S Armstrong b Lester	1
E H Benjamin, run out	2
W A Blackmore c Lester b Boothroyd	2
G P Parker c Thompson b Boothroyd	4
F A Wise b Boothroyd	7
A Powell b Boothroyd	4
G Aumond b Boothroyd	2
W Kavanagh, not out	1
Byes	6
Wides	4
	73

ALMONTE AND ARNPRIOR.

G D Northgraves b Armstrong	0
W Kenward, run out	1
J Boothroyd c Phillips b Carter	19
W Thompson c Wise b Armstrong	0
H L Slack b Carter	9
J Elliott c Wise b Carter	4
Dr A Lyon c Wise b Carter	3
D McGregor b Carter	1
F A W Lester b Benjamin	3
W Carrich b Carter	1
J Thompson, not out	0
Byes	4
Leg Byes	3
Wides	10
	58

LINKS IN A CHAIN.

(Concluded.)

The name he bore was not his true name he said; what that was did not matter, as he had not used it for many years. The occasion of his abandoning it was this. He had spent his early life as a midshipman in the royal navy, and while on shore during a month's leave he had been introduced to a young lady, who, though eighteen years of age, was still at a boarding school at Canterbury, her parents having died while she was an infant. A fierce, consuming passion took possession of him; but she did not encourage his advances, her heart being already given to another, who was secretly paying her his addresses. Such, however, was this Jasper's ardour that he gave her no peace, and followed her up with such indiscretion that the school authorities discovered the connection, and talked of expulsion. Terrified at this threat—fearing also that by what had happened becoming known she should comprise herself with her lover beyond forgiveness—the girl in a foolish moment consented to elope with Jasper Nuttall; and in a few days they were privately married. But, directly the ceremony was performed, the girl repented of her rash act, and seizing an opportunity, ran away from the husband of an hour.

Exasperated beyond measure, the narrator proceeded, he followed his wife up to London; he ascertained after a while that she was hiding in a low lodging in a questionable neighborhood: he found out also that she had written to her old lover, to what effect he knew not; and on the night of making these discoveries he went to the house she was concealed in, found a means of entrance, and suddenly presented himself before the terrified woman, who caught up a table-knife to defend herself with. This he snatched from her, and, maddened with drink, passion and jealousy he, on her irritating him by a refusal to explain or go elsewhere with him, plunged it into her heart. That done he left the house as secretly as he had entered it, but did not quit the neighborhood. All that night and the succeeding day he loitered about to see what would happen, expecting every moment to be seized and denounced as a murderer. But all that day passed, and nothing happened. At night all an idea took possession of his madened brain. He determined to fire the house in which he had committed the murder, so as to hide all traces of his crime.

"And this hideous purpose you carried into execution," I interupted. "I remember it perfectly."

"You remember?" he asked aghast.

"Certainly; I saw the murder committed."

So astounded was the poor wretch at these words, so astounded and overcome with mingled pain and terror, that he fainted. In that state he was removed to a cottage in the neighborhood; and when the train was ready to carry those of us able to travel on to Paris, I left him, with the firm impression that his eyes would never open again in this world.

The fact that this revelation should have been made to me—to me of all human beings—impressed me so strongly that on my return to England I wrote to Jack Halford, giving him an account of what had happened, as far as I felt myself justified in doing so; dwelling on the singularity of our old mystery being cleared up after so many years; and adding that, now the unhappy wretch was dead and gone, it was well that his secret should die with him.

To this I received an immediate reply, expressing surprise, and asking whether the name of the dead man was not Jasper Nuttall. My astonishment at the question was great; but I had no reason to withhold the information from my old friend, and I answered in the affirmative. For at least three months after I heard no more of Jack; then he wrote, informing me that he was about to give up the old chambers and the old life: to tear himself from the blandishments of the inn of Barnard, and to take unto himself a partner in life's transports and tribulations. The Lady's name he informed me was Joanna Hilders, orphan daughter of the late Captain Hilders, a lady whom I would reccollect having met at the Inn some years ago.

At last, then, the murder was out; Joanna was to be his wife. I certainly resented not having been taken into their confidence before; but an invitation to the wedding made amends (though I was unable to accept it), and I was not sorry to know that dear Jack was at least comfortably married and settled.

The next Christmas, Mr. and Mrs Jack, as we called them came down to Derbyshire on a visit, and so pleasant did this prove that the experiment was tried on the following Christmas. Mrs. Jack was, as I have intimated, a pretty, loveable woman, and I often wondered where he had met with her. It leaked out that he had known her for some years; and that was about all I was able to learn.

During this second visit the weather was fine, and we rode out most of the days. The afternoon preceding Christmas eve, we took a long drive, and while going through a lane bordered with trees, a trifling but rather singular incident occured. The lady suddenly cried out "O Jack, Jack!" and pointed in the direction in which she was looking, her face being expressive of intense alarm. Jack enquired what was the matter, and she in reply whispered in his ear. Thereupon he looked serious; but instantly shook off the feeling, and said, with a smile, "Joanna is constantly fancying likenesses in strangers to people we have met. Did you observe anything peculiar in the stranger under the tree we had last passed?" I had not even observed a stranger; I said so and there the matter dropped.

That evening we sat round the fire in our old-fashioned dining room. The lamp was not lit, but the piled logs sent out a strong glare, and it was pleasant, in the flickering uncertain light, to see the stars shining through the windows, and to listen to the ringing of distant church-bells borne in fitful gusts on the breeze.

Suddenly we were all startled by a crash. One of the casemented windows had been burst in, and looking round, I saw a man leap into the room. He was ragged in his dress, with shock hair, a white face, and fiercely burning eyes. Staggering forward, he threw up his arms, and uttered a wild shriek.

"My wife!" he screamed; "give me my dead wife!"

In uttering these words he rushed towards Halford, but on his way stumbled against the table in the middle of the room and fell forward over it, his bare arms thrown out wildly, and his head striking on the mahogany with a sharp sound.

Both Halford and his wife started up, but the latter, with a sacred and terrified look, dropped back into her chair.

"Jasper!" she ejaculated in a tone of horror, and sank back insensible.

I caught at the name to which she had given utterance, as stepping to the table I clutched at the intruder's long hair and turned his face to the light. It presented a terrible aspect. The eyes were bright but wild; the mouth was working convulsively. I had little difficulty in deciding that it was the face of a maniac; but still less difficulty in recognising it as that of Jasper Nuttall, whom I had left for dead after the accident on the line between Amiens and Paris!

While I was in the act of making this discovery, there were voices and footsteps without, and several strange faces looked in at the window. They were keepers from the county lunatic asylum, in search of an escaped patient. At the sound of their voices, the wretched being before me sprang from the table, beat out wildly at the air, uttered gurgling and inarticulate sounds, and then, to our inexpressible horror, fell backwards—dead.

Rapidly as all this had passed, there had been time enough for me to see, as in a flash, the connecting link between the incidents of years—between my first London experience, as above recorded, and the horror I had just witnessed. Intuitively I perceived, what I had never of course for an instant suspected, that Joanna was the object of Jasper Nuttall's affection, the girl whom he had made his wife. But he had taken her life, and destroyed her body in the flames of the burning house? True, he believed that; but was it so? Had the wound he had inflicted proved mortal, or had it not?

Under pretence of facilitating her restoration, I stepped up, and with a pair of scissors divided the cord that fastened Joanna's bodice. As I expected, her bosom presented traces of a stab—a deep fiery scar. Halford's quick eye noticed that I saw this, and that it had significance for me. On this he—when the body of the unfortunate man had been removed by the keepers—tendered an explanation which spared me further conjecture.

His avowal was to this effect. He was Jasper Nuttall's rival, and was down at Canterbury, waiting an opportunity to see Joanna on the day of my first visit to his chambers. Although he then failed to see her, he received her letter apprising him of the false step she had taken, and imploring his forgiveness. Hence he little imagined that she was in danger; less still, of course, that it was against her I had seen a murderous hand raised, or that it was her body we suspected to have perished in the flames of the burning house. Heavens! the very idea would have driven him frantic. Fortunately, the wound inflicted had not proved mortal. The knife did not enter her heart, but passed between the two lobes of the lungs, and the people of the lodging house discovering what had happened in time, the unhappy girl was removed to a hospital so that Nuttall's second criminal, that, of firing the house, was perpetrated in vain. After the fire Jasper Nuttall disappeared, and for years Joanna remained in concealment, watched over by Halford, though estranged from him by her fatal marriage. No doubt the murderer, as he supposed himself to be, spent the interval at sea; but that he nursed the deadliest hatred of his rival in his heart was pretty well proved by the attempt at length made on Halford's life, for neither he nor Joanna ever doubted that it was Jaspar Nuttall who—probably during a temporary stay in England—fired the shot which so nearly ended my friend's life. All the while Nuttall lived Joanna's position was a most painful one; but on Halford's receiving my account of the railway accident, and the discovery it had led to, with the conclusion I had too hastily jumped at, that the man was dead, he had formally proposed to his old love, and their marriage followed as a thing of course. What wonder, then, that Joanna had been overcome with terror when that night she saw her first husband standing alive before her!

My hasty conclusion as to the impossibility of the man's surviving had, of course, done all the mischief. He *had* survived, but his health was shattered, and his brain always weak and excitable, had given way, and his friends in England had placed him in the Derby asylum, from which he had that day contrived to escape.

Poor wretch! We pitied him sincerely, Jack's tender heart was moved at his miserable end, and perhaps the least touch of self-reproach prompted the tears Joanna shed at the memory of one who had loved her as deeply as he had wronged her. For my own part while I felt for him, I was strongly impressed by the singular bearing one upon another of the links in this strange chain of events, extending over so many years. It seemed a mere accident that I was ever concerned in the matter at all; yet but for that accident Halford and Joanna might never have been united, and Nuttall would probably have died in the asylum, his death unknown to those who, from uncertainty about his fate and terror at his probable re-appearance, might have gone down to their graves nursing a hopeless and fruitless passion. The problem of their lives was happily destined to be worked out to a more blissful solution.

The British Association for the advancement of Science, have been discussing several important questions at Liverpool. Among others, a paper on the White Nile Expedition was read, when Sir R. Murchison said that he expected Sir Samuel Baker Dr. Livingstone would meet at the southermost end of the Albert Nyanza.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
SIX HEAVY DRAFT HORSES.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell on TUESDAY next, the 11th instant, on the By Ward Market, SIX HEAVY DRAFT HORSES suitable either for shanties or heavy teaming; also, 1 Ladies' Side Saddle, and 1 Gentleman's Riding Saddle, and 1 Set of Second Hand Light Harness.
Terms cash.
Sale at half-past Ten. a m
A ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Oct 6, 1870 1481t1

NEW FALL IMPORTATIONS

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO

Are now opening out a stock of
DRY GOODS

Well Worthy of Inspection. All departmen Complete, and BEST VALUE showing in
Silks and Velvets,
Velveteens and Poplins,
Dress Goods,
Hosiery and Fancy Wool Goods
Laces and Ribbons,
Millinery.

Our MANTLE DEPARTMENT contains all the Choicest Goods and Newest Styles.
For Best Valu Call at
47 and 49 Sparks Street.
Special attention has been given to our
Carpet & Furnishing Departments
which will be found VERY COMPLETE and LOW IN PRICE.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.
September 14, 1870. 1461y

FOREIGN MISSIONS.

THE REV. HENRY ALLON,
—OF—
LONDON, ENGLAND,

Being one of a Deputation from the "London Missionary Society," to Canada, will preach a Sermon (D.V.) in its behalf, in the
CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,
On THURSDAY, the 13th instant,
Service commencing at 8 o'clock.
He will give interesting facts respecting the work of the Society in India, Madagascar, and other Foreign Fields. There will be a collection in aid of the "London Missionary Society," at the close of the service.
EDWARD EBBS.
Ottawa, 70 1482td

CARGO TEA SALE.

CARGO of the Barque "CHIEFTAIN," from Shanghae direct consisting of

FRESH TEAS,
&c., &c.

Will be sold by AUCTION, by Catalogue on
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12TH,
For Account of
MESSRS. TIFFIN BROS.,
And will include
GUNPOWDERS,
IMPERIALS,
HYSONS,
YOUNG HYSONS,
TWANKAYS,
HYSON TWANK
And BLACK TEAS.
CASSIA, in Matts,
CASES PRESERVED GINGER,
ROLLS CANTON MATTING
&c., &c., &c
Together with 4,000 half-chests Natural Leaf Japan Teas ex "C J Leary" and "Coeur de Lion"
—AFTER WHICH—
Will be offered a large and general assortment of GROCERIES.
Samples will be on view previous to sale.
Sale at NINE o'clock.
J. G. SHIPWAY & SON,
Auctioneers.
Ottawa, Oct. 5 1479 6

Dry Goods.

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

WILL OPEN THEI
MILLINERY AND MANTLE
SHOW ROOM
—ON—
FRIDAY, 7TH OCTOBER,

With a Grand Display of latest LONDON Styles in MILLINERY and MANTLES, Ex S S "PERUVIAN."

—COMPRISING THE LATEST STYLES IN—

STRAW VELVET and TERRY BONNETS
STRAW, FELT and VELVET HATS.
DRESS CAPS, HEAD DRESSES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c.

MANTLES.

They invite special attention to their stock of French and German JACKETS, made by French and German Tailors out of beautiful materials, cut and made in a superior manner.

All purchased during the great War Panic, at a little more than half usual prices.

MANTLE CLOTHS,

In all the leading Cloths and Colors,
WATERPROOF CLOAKS, in new styles, ready-made, and made to Order.

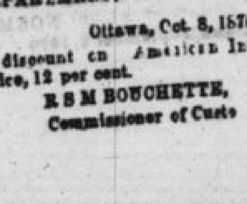
SHAWLS.

CLAN TARTAN WOOL and PAISLEY SHAWLS, in variety.

Orders for Millinery and Mantles executed by good experienced hands, with promptness and despatch.

Ladies are invited to call and see the new styles, whether wishing to purchase or not.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.



CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, Oct. 8, 1870.
Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice, 12 per cent.
R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot).
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of
THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,
Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use i , to be a great treat!! and only to be found at "THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

EAU DE VIE BLANC,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavoring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.
Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their
FALL AND WINTER STOCK,
And are shewing great bargains in
BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c.
WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.
PARTIES
HOUSE FURNISHING
Will find it to their advantage to call and examine
OUR STOCK
—OF—
BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.
PATTERSON & BRYSON.

CANADA CENTRAL
AND
BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be ran over these Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS
Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.
The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,
Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS
Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4.40 p. m
The 4.40 p. m. Train
Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from
TORONTO TO OTTAWA.
H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Ottawa, September 12, 1870 1456tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING
OF THE
SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,
Will be held at the
ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL
ON
Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next,
AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.
W R WORSLE
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1462td

1870. 1870.

FALL IMPORTATIONS.

DRY GOODS.

NEW STYLES,
FALL HATS,
R. L. JAMES & Co
NEW STYLES,
DRESS GOODS.
R. L. JAMES & Co.
NEW GOODS,
IN VARIOUS
DEPARTMENTS,
Per Late Ocean Steamers,
DIRECT FROM BRITAIN.
R. L. JAMES & Co.,
Opposite the Russell House.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.
Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-t1N.
Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,
MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of
NEW FALL GOODS
—IN ALL—
DEPARTMENTS.
Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,
MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

PRESTON & ROWSELL

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,
Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old
IRON OR TIN ROOFS,
No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for
SHINGLE ROOFS,
Making them
FIRE AND WATER PROOF,
Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.
Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without
Send for circular, instructions, &c.
BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Material and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street,
Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE
TIME-KEEPERS!
Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIMEKEEPER.
It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."
These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the
CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD
These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a priviliged purchaser
ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.
1397 6eod

THE REV. J. MAY'S
SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
QUEEN STREET,
Will open on the
FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.
Room for one or two Boarders.
Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,
ALSO
TWO APPRENTICES.
Apply to
MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

NOTICE.

For sale a SECOND HAND WAGGON.
Enquire of
JOHN CHAPMAN,
Queen's Auctioneer opposite the By Ward Market.
Ottawa, September 29, 1870 1475td

TO RENT,

From 1st November next, a DWELLING HOUSE, 10 rooms, Corner Sussex and Patrick Streets, at present occupied by W. B. Lindsay, Esq.
THOMAS McKAY,
Ottawa Mills, Chaudiere, or from Store Sussex Street.
Ottawa, September 23, 1870 1470

THE MERCHANT'S BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.
THOMAS KIRBY.
Manager.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468 1m

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.
Augus 0 1443

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap. 36.) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY of FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.
Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.
T. G. COURSOLLES,
Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks.
Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

LOST.

My accepted Check on Ontario Bank for $346 32. Any person returning same will be suitably rewarded.
P POULIN,
Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870. 1480

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.................. ......$300,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1 2: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 187 , the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £31 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,
1407 3m Agent.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

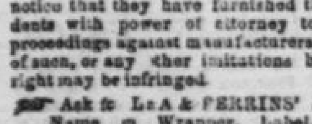
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 42v1238 law

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DOMINION

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards. For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

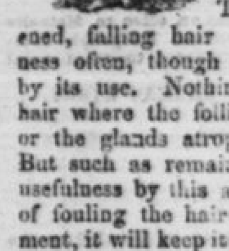
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. E. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a mould of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awtm 1awkm

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THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

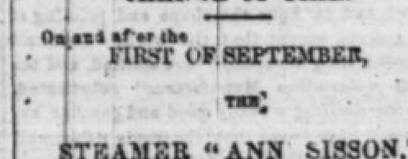
The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the

FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 1443tf

MR. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 219tf

---

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 1 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1184tf

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Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

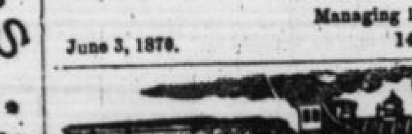
PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1427tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.	8:30 a. m
Night do do do do do	7;30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9. 15 a m, 12 noon, 1;30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street:

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1423tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original receipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandize, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash. If preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor. Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 -1

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name without a written order from myself.

NORMAN McLEOD.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1464 1m

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,

European and American

Patent Med

The Popular Proprietary

Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German

Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Browne, in Ottawa

---

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton. Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoosy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada.

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

MADRID 1867 · PRIMERA CLASE · PARIS 1867 · LONDON 1862 · MENTION HONORABLE · GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

U

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

---

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven	Cook Stoves.
Low Oven	Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.	Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.	Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.	Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.	Elbows.
Zinc.	

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter, Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of Stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT.

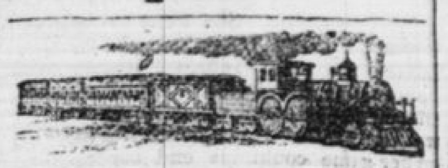
Hull, September 29, 1870 1416 1m&w31 2m

WANTED,

TWO BOYS to carry papers. Must be able to read and write.

Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 16 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 7 30 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3.4 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent Managing Director

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.05 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis, completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m., connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1420y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 0

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE,

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, Ma 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of he Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870

Sarsaparilla,

FYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. ... they were painfully afflicting, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. ... It seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. ... heart, or tumors formed in the liver, ... its presence by eruptions on the skin, ... ulcerations on some part of the body. ... occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, ... Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and other eruptions or visible forms of Scrofulous disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, and the various Ulcerous affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. Leucorrhœa or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations, and Female Diseases, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. Rheumatism and Gout, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and Jaundice, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are Languid and Listless, Despondent, Sleepless, and troubled with Nervous Apprehensions or Fears, or any of the affections symptomatic of Weakness, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

... tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these Pills rapidly cure:—

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For Dysentery or Diarrhœa, but one mild dose is generally required.

For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For Suppression a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a Dinner Pill, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these Pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, ... Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, ... McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, ... Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its longer ... shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance ... not when the premiums are being paid, ... losses are being settled, and, from the ... promptness of its settlements the ... Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway ... important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and ...

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR ...

1298tf

FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander, Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s and 10s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, ...

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, &c., fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 4s 6d, ... and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, ...

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs F. ...

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business. Reference given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870. 1434-tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 34, Sparks-street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

The Times

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1870.

VOL. V. NO. 1484. {PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street.
ALONZO WRIGHT. 42w F C CLEMOW.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chambers to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

ALEXANDER LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ... streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55

JAMES HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent-Right Solicitor. Office—Ingram's Buildings, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43ut

ROSS & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Orient House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. John J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

GEMMEL & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office Buildings, Elgin street.
... RENE EDWARD KIMBER

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 963y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 390tf GEORGE TAILLON. WILLIAM MOSGROVE.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DR. HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office, That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, ..., Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, east end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.
889y

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts., opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street.
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply SETS OF TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber plates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after wearing for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance origin foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful sensations during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or Laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.

Can be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence street, next to the City Hotel
Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
... Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
... Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324t.

5,000 Bushels of Oats for Sale by Bailey, Doran and Cameron, Iroquois, Ontario 1452 Sa

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also.
Bordeaux and other Vinegars

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—COGNAC BRANDIES, Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Souterne and Maderia Wines at all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and are ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞ THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles

Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR

STYLISH SIGNS

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HANDSOME WALL PAINTING

GO TO

THE

LANG

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS.

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

☞ BEEF AND MUTTON. ☜

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada.]
To *Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.*
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

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J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to England & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau st.

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS,

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES.

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

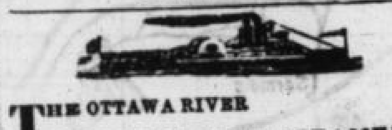
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a. m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER
☞ FAIRY ☜
CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

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Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.
711tf

Hardware.

PRIZE STOVES!

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At the Exhibition we were awarded FIRST PRIZES as follows:

First Prize for Elevated Oven Cook Stove.

First Prize for Low Oven Cook Stoves.

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First Prize for best assortment of Tinware.

The above Prize Tickets can be seen in our window.

Our Fall and Winter Stock of Stoves is now complete all of the very best description.

☞ *Hot Air Furnaces fitted up to Order.*

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
"Capital" Stove Depot.
35, Sussex St.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

☞ *HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.* ☜

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Iron or Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whiting's Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Maley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deli Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.t

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

☞ TEAS AND WINES, ☜

6 HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

Ottawa, August 23, 1870 1446tf

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Per Ships *Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)*

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general

Groceries

Wines,

and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for table use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods.

A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, June, 1870.

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,
A Branch of the Monklands Villa,
MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.
Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.
For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIOR.
Corner of O'Connor and Wellington Streets
Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

PRESCOTT STOVES

ON HAND.

☞ COAL OIL. ☜

OF THE

BEST QUALITIES SENT HOME FREE OF CHARGE.

50cts. to 60cts. PER GALL.

TRY IT.

Have your

STOVE PIPES

Put up at once and avoid the rush.

We have now the

MOST COMPLETE

AND

BEST ASSORTED STOCK IN THE CITY.

Any thing you want ask for it.

ESMONDE BROS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

of the Village of Kenmore,

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
461 Notre Dame St
Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw27l

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.
Ottawa, August 6 3m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St L. & O. Railway	11.15		3.00	9.45	—	4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.45		4.00
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	7.30	—	8.00	9.45		7.30
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	11.15		8.00	9.45		4.00
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	5.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	8.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	5.00	11.00	4.00	8.00	11.00	
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15		9.45		4.00
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.45		
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	7.30			9.45		
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.00		4.30	8.00		1.00
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.00					1.00
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays.	6.00					5.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.			12.30		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, 16th Sept, 1870.

READ THE OPINION OF THE "GLOBE"

RESPECTING

MESSRS. QUETTON ST GEORGE & CO'S

☞ PURE FRENCH WINES ☜

Messrs. Quetton St. George & Co. have done the Canadian public a service in establishing their depot for the sale of wines and Mediterranean produce. Mr. St. George has long been resident in Toronto and its neighborhood, but has retained his inherited estates of Langaren and Caravettes in the south of France. He can, of course, command the wine of his own property, and, besides has excellent facilities for purchasing the products of his neighbors. He ships direct from Marseilles to Montreal, when it is found advisable to do so, and thus reduces to a minimum the cost of transit. He buys directly from the producer, and brings his wines to market in the cheapest way. It is not to be wondered at, under such circumstances, that he should have revolutionised the wine trade in Toronto. He has introduced here wines not hitherto known or used but which are peculiarly acceptable for their pleasing flavor, their purity and lightness. They are perfectly sound and wholesome, and yet are sold lower than the worst decoctions which pass under the misused names of port and sherry. The encouragement which Messrs. St George & Co. have received from the Canadian public is very satisfactory to them. They find it difficult to keep up their stock, the demand being so great; but they are now receiving a large additional supply for winter use. What, with our native Canadian Wines, and the importation of Messrs St. George, it is to be hoped that in time stronger liquors will cease to be used.

☞ Price List on application.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 33, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.
Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w37tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1395y

BOARD.

A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.
Ottawa, September 19, 1870 1486tf

AUCTION NOTICE.

The subscriber would take this mode of informing the public that he is prepared to receive all kinds of goods on consignment, either for auction or private sale, at his rooms, York Street, opposite the Market. Parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to call upon him before going elsewhere. His experience, and the testimonials he can furnish, is a sufficient guarantee that their interest will be carefully attended to.

JOHN CHAPMAN,
Queen's Auctioneer,
Ottawa, September 13, 1870 61 1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Paris newspapers now coming to this country are considerably reduced in size, on account of a scarcity of paper there.

According to the various European authorities Napoleon is worth from 0 to $40,000, with chances in favour of the former.

A boy was recently admitted to a London hospital who had utterly lost his eyesight from a wound received while playing at "William Tell."

The foot and mouth disease has attacked over a thousand cattle in adjoining farms in Dorcestershire, England, and a panic prevails among the farmers.

A number of reputable citizens of Hannibal, N. Y., who started in the temperance cause last spring with great ardor, got together a few evenings ago and burned their pledges.

Mdme. Adelina Patti has returned to England; she will, we understand, most probably appear in a series of concerts in the large provincial towns during the autumn.

England is preparing for eventualities. The steamships *Germany* and *Nova Scotian*, of the Allan line, have been chartered by the British Government to convey troops and stores from England to Gibraltar and Malta.

The Lebannon (Pa.) *Courier* says that a two dollar note was taken to one of the Lebanon banks for redemption last week, which had been taken from the intestines of a cat in Montgomery County. The cat had stolen the note and swallowed it, was caught and shot, and the note thus recovered.

A steamboat genius has developed a plan for assisting boats over bad bars. The plan of the genius consists in utilizing the balloon. A large number of these are to be carried on all boats, with necessary conveniences for inflating them. When a boat approaches shallow water she is to be hoisted by the balloons sufficiently to pass over.

The war now raging on the Continent contrary to what might have been expected, does not appear to have effected the trade of Paisley to any serious extent. Since the fair holidays work has been resumed with great spirit in the leading branches of manufacture, and many large employers are complaining of the inconvenience they are suffering from the want of hands.

The very latest thing in the advertising line is a lady, who, through the newspapers, seeks for employment as an "ornamental guest." She will assist at dinner or evening parties—by her grace, and wit, and beauty, contributing to the entertainment of guests, and she will do everything in the highest style of the art—only she demands that a handsome compensation be made.

Cham has a cartoon in a late number of *Charivari* apropos of the scarcity of arms in Paris. A young volunteer, with new equipments, is saying to France, with all the sadness of a brave man who feels his own incompetence, "I have no gun." France, with fierceness and energy, points to a Prussian soldier who is advancing with gun in front, and cries to the volunteer, "Behold one!"

Utica had a street railroad celebration the other day. The procession consisted of three cars, preceded by a platform car, on which was a brass band. The band discoursed most "eloquent music," until a sudden "blurt" burst upon the car, and all was silent. The band car had no brakes, and on a down grade the car hit the heels of the motive "power," capsizing the trombones, bassoons, trumpets, French horns, and a bass drum into the ditch.

A number of ladies are engaged in the work of redeeming as far as may be, physically and mentally, the miserable women of one of the most corrupt seaport towns of England. A midnight meeting was held recently, and a Quaker made a most powerful address to the poor girls gathered together from the lowest parts of the town, and several expressed their anxiety to be restored to their friends, while others were willing to go anywhere to escape the "living death."

A fashionable young lady, of rather attenuated figure, while in the hands of her dressmaker, became alarmed at the spaciousness apportioned to her bodice, and declared that she could never wear it, and the silk had been wrongly cut. "Pardon me, Madamoiselle," replied the *modiste*, "the design is quite correct; the fitting is exactly as it should be. I have made your dress, and now I must *bring you up to it.*"

A Rochester paper tells a romantic story of a young dressmaker who became infatuated with a young man without his knowledge. To make herself worthy of him she took to study, and after a severe course of French, Italian and piano, during which she worked at her occupation, and only slept three hours out of the twenty-four, the young man married another girl. The blow was too much for the young lady's reason, and she is now an inmate of the insane asylum.

A parliamentary return which has just been issued gives the quantity of hops imported during the year ending 1869. From this we find that England consumed foreign hops to the extent of 263,455 cwt., of which 117,191 cwt. came from the United States. Australia figures on the list as having supplied one cwt., while Belgium ranks second to America in the quantity of her exports. The trade done in foreign hops by England is small, only 3,520 cwt., having been exported; while of British hops 142,226 cwt were exported, of which 12,921 cwt. were sent to Australia.

The Hamilton *Evening Times* says:—We understand that the Dominion Telegraph Company have commenced building their lines from Toronto west, taking in all the principal towns on the line of the Grand Trunk Railway. They are also stringing a second wire from Montreal to Toronto, *via* Ottawa, and purpose putting up another wise between Toronto and Buffalo. Their line from Hamilton to London will be open for business in a day or two. The business at the office here is daily increasing.

A London paper relates the following incident:—On September 18 a half-starved refugee, said to be an American by birth, but in business for many years in Paris, arrived in London hungry and penniless. Meeting with a good Samaritan, he was taken to a well-known tavern in Fleet street, the landlord of which was instructed to supply his wants. The process was tentative; but the result was that he consumed five plates of beef, two Welsh rabbits, a shilling's worth of pickles, and eight pints of good ale. General Trochu, when he hears of the circumstance, will, no doubt, be extremely glad, in view of a close investment of Paris, that this refugee "made tracks."

The director of the Convent of St. Joseph de Notre Dame de la Trappe, at Hainaut, Belgium, has contrived a machine, by the aid of which one man can peel, without very hard work, from 250 to 450 kilometres of potatoes in an hour's time. After the tubers have been first roughly washed, they are placed in a cylinder pierced with holes in such a manner as to form a rasp; the bottom of this cylinder is made moveable, and also pierced with holes as just stated. Motion is imparted to the bottom of the cylinder by suitable means; and by this means the potatoes, by the friction against each other and the rasps, are rapidly peeled, while a jet of water is at the same time applied to wash the peelings down.

Startling Revelations.

A correspondent writing from Tours, says:—

I have just had a long conversation with an old soldier who has taken part in the campaign, and yet is not so far carried away by the current of public feeling as to curse the empire. As it may be useful to your readers in forming an opinion upon the causes of all the reverses which have come upon France, I will state as shortly as I can all he told me.

In the first place he had not the slightest doubt that there had been treason on the part of some who owed allegiance to the Emperor, and he justified this statement by giving me the following account of the march from Chalons: When the decision was arrived at on the part of the French commanders to march north in order to attempt the relief of Bazaine at Metz, it was fully expected that the only armies they had to face on the march were those commanded by Prince Frederic Charles and Steinmetz, and their reasons for this supposition were based upon the knowledge of the position of the Crown Prince, who had at the time just passed Verdun, and the means they had adopted in order to keep him from undertaking the pursuit. It has never been generally known that the army then around Paris, and commanded by General Vinoy, was under instructions to transport itself, as soon as it was discovered that the Crown Prince should turn north, and occupy the defiles of the Argonne, where they could easily hold in check an army very much superior to their own. Everything depended upon their ability to accomplish this, or, as my old friend put it, on the honor of Vinoy and Trochu. We all know how this mission was accomplished. The Crown Prince was able to occupy the defiles of the Argonne before Vinoy, and thus McMahon, instead of being completely protected in his rear, found himself attacked on all sides at once, whilst the army of Bazaine remained shut up at Metz unable to render the assistance which was confidently relied upon. In these circumstances what could McMahon do? He was compelled to retreat, and the catastrophy which followed was only a corallary.

If Vinoy had done his duty and occupied the defiles north of the Argonne, the Prince Royal would never have been able to effect his junction with the Crown Prince of Saxony General Vinoy received special instructions from Count Palikao to perform this duty, and he so far carried it out that at the time fixed upon his first regiment was at the station; but instead of finding everything ready for the transport of his army, no preparations had been made, much less the train ready. General Trochu, who ought to have given the necessary instructions, had neglected to do anything in the matter, and thus the army was compelled to waste twelve precious hours. Twelve hours' start was given to the Prince Royal, and they were sufficient to enable him, by forced marches, to reach his goal first. Thus the army of the capital was compelled to allow itself to be cut off from all the fighting which afterwards took place; that of McMahon, fighting like heroes, was compelled at last to give in to numbers. They surrendered. A republic of the national defence was proclaimed; Gen. Trochu became its president. I do not vouch for the truth of this account. You have the story just as it was told me by one who evidently himself believed it implicitly. It is, however, very probable the future will unfold something upon the history of the present war which will throw into shade the plots and machinations of history.

PARIS.

(From a French Correspondent.)

Paris is still quiet. The woods all round are burning slowly. Everything has been laid waste that could afford shelter or food to the enemy. Haystacks and chateau standing crops and pretty villas, railway bridges and pleasant groves, have been ruthlessly destroyed without arresting the march of the enemy. A party of Prussians forded the Seine yesterday. They are close upon us now; in fact, fighting has actually commenced at different points just outside the forts. Still, Paris, properly speaking, is quiet and the only foretaste of the material "horrors of war" has been the want of milk. The milk carts failed yesterday. But there are a good many cows in Paris, to say nothing of those in the Bois de Boulogne. Fruit and vegetables are cheap, in consequence of everything having been brought in from the country, and the price of butchers' meat has been fixed by the authorities. Nevertheless, the well-to-do population continue to ooze away under one pretence or another and is being replaced by the poverty striken inhabitants of the environs—a bad exchange. Those who remain appear resolute enough, and many men who have been accustomed to luxurious homes may be seen daily going cheerfully as National Guards to defend bastions where they are on guard every other night. All this they will do as long as the present impersonal Government, so to speak, of National Defence—remains standing; but should it be superseded by a Government which threatened social revolution,—the better class of the defenders of Paris would not do anything that might strengthen such a rule. I do not think they could be depended upon to fight for Red Republic victory over the foreign foe. I see looming in the distance, should the siege continue, the next Government of the Republic. There are significant signs already of its pretensions. I must admit, however, that few among the moderate Republicans share my apprehensions. They say that the Reds are a minority; the most dangerous have been expelled and that, in presence of the enemy, public indignation would put down any attempt at civil war. In a word, the Republicans—as distinguished from the Socialist Reds—feel confident that they can keep Paris in order while fighting the Germans. I would fain believe they are right, but I have learned by experience that every party in power becomes blindly and disdainful of the strength of adversaries.

Sala doesn't admire the singing of the Breton troops recently brought into Paris. He thus describes the sensation:—"A railway whistle is harmony to it; the sound of a threshing machine badly in need of grease is lively melody, most dinersified in note, and cheering in expression, by the side of it. There is, as far as I can make out, one line in every verse, and the first word and the last are chorus. The line, therefore, starts with a nasal burst, prolonged till every one's out of breath. Then the chief of these sweet singers chants all in one tone, and with one gulp of air, the ravings of his national poet. The last word of the line is taken up again by his dreadful friends and they make night hideous with it as long as their lungs hold out. Give me rather, since one must be sung with agony to one's grave—give me the short, sharp pang of a Chinese love ditty. Why so prolong our pains, oh merciless youth of Armorica? Hush, what is that horrid sound? Is it the screaming of a percussion shell? Is it the first wail of agony rising from this doomed town? Alas, alas! how my heart bleeds for these poor harmless children who are screaming in

TIGHT BINDING

the next house! Again!—no, by Jove, it's those confounded Bretons overhead, beginning there devilish psalmody. Pardon my abrupt conclusion! No sense of duty could withstand this trial. I am about to fly to the uttermost parts of the city—into the Prussian lines—anywhere that La Ligousse, ma douce' cannot penetrate."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Austion Sale—A. Rowe.
Bazaar—St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum.
Notice to Contractors—F. Braun.
Apples and Sweet Potatoes.—L. N. Nye.

The Ottawa Times.

Office 38, Sparks Street

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1870.

The price of gloves is advancing in consequence of the war.

The laws of Great Britain do not forbid the exportation of war material purchased before the commencement of the war, and sixty thousand Chassepots have been exported to France in consequence. Prussia objects to this, but Great Britain refuses to change her laws at the bidding of Bismarck.

Among the note-worthy matters connected with the late Provincial Exhibition was the enterprise displayed by the Toronto *Telegraph*. A double supplement was published every day and a full description given of almost every article exhibited. The *Telegraph* distanced the *Globe* completely.

The Scotch herring fishery has been completely ruined for the time being by the blockade of the German ports. In 1869 five hundred thousand barrels of Scotch herrings were taken into the principal ports of Germany; this year not a single barrel has been ordered.

The mail bag containing letters for Montreal, which ought to have left by the ten o'clock train last night, was found lying in the street by a lad from the country, who carried it to the Russell House. It was immediately sent to the station, but was too late for the train. It was then conveyed to the Post Office, and will, we presume, be forwarded this morning.

It is announced, we hope upon good authority, that the reign of the *chignon* has almost come to an end. Let us trust that we shall soon see the last of a fashion which is not only absurd, but cannot by any possibility be made graceful or becoming. Whatever may be said in excuse of false hair, there is nothing to be said in favour of artificial excresences stuck on the back of the head.

At Saginaw, last week, an old miser was discovered by a little boy burying gold. Thereupon the old brute, not desiring to have the secret of his wealth made known, cut out the boy's tongue and chopped off his fingers. The boy, however, managed to let his parents know who had thus maltreated him, and the people of Saginaw turning out in a body, shot the miser dead, and buried him in the hole he had prepared for the reception of his treasure.

We notice in the *Globe* an ill natured reference to the absence of Colonel Jarvis from Fort Garry. The facts are simply these: the Colonel's presence was urgently required in New York, and was indispensable to the settlement of certain matters there, of a highly important nature. He was therefore granted leave of absence for six weeks, and is now on his way to New York. Since he started, however, we understand that the business which called him to that city has been arranged, and he will therefore return at once to resume his command. It is unfair and utterly incorrect to say that Colonel Jarvis "has abandoned his post," and to make such a statement shows a mean, contemptible spirit, which is unworthy of a public journalist. Colonel Jarvis has given the utmost satisfaction to the government, and has proved himself in all respects an excellent officer. We may rely upon it that he will speedily return to Fort Garry and resume command.

SELF OPINIONATED INCAPABLES.

An old proverb says that "a still tongue marks a wise head." It would be well if some of those gentlemen who are so fond of thrusting themselves forward upon every opportunity as the representatives and orators of this city and its inhabitants, would bear this in mind. On more than one occasion Ottawa has been disgraced and its citizens put to shame, by those who possessing but a limited acquaintance with the Queen's English, have insisted on becoming the spokesmen of this city and neighborhood to the exclusion of better and more capable men. Few people who were present at the Detroit convention five years since, will ever be likely to forget the lamentable display then made by a certain merchant of Ottawa, who in an unlucky hour insisted on giving vent to his feelings in a speech, which was remarkable only for its utter lack of purpose and entire disregard of Lindley Murray. It will be remembered how in spite of advice and entreaty, he persisted in continuing his extraordinary oration, to the confusion of his friends and the bewilderment of astounded Yankees, whose opinion of Canada could not have been improved by this display on the part of one who claimed to speak on behalf of what was soon to be the capital of the Dominion.

The defeat which Ottawa has just sustained at Toronto, and the fact that the Provincial Exhibition of 1871 is to be held elsewhere, are mainly attributable to the incompetency and self-sufficiency of those who undertook to represent the city at the meeting of the Agricultural Society. Determined that if the next Exhibition were held here, they and they only should obtain the credit, they utterly ignored the services of those who were better able to accomplish the end desired. Last year it will be remembered, that owing in a great measure to the able manner in which the Hon. Malcolm Cameron set forth the claims of Ottawa, it was only decided against us by a majority of ten. This year that gentleman was solicited by a prominent member of the Agricultural Society to go as a proxy to represent one of the counties, but was afterwards ignored for fear he might enjoy some share of the honor in case the mission had succeeded. The majority against Ottawa being the place selected for the Provincial Exhibition of 1871 was more than double that of last year, and those who were present at the meeting in Toronto could not, we should imagine, help feeling pained and ashamed of the disparaging remarks concerning Ottawa, which were made in consequence of the incompetency of those who insisted upon being its sole representatives. Mr. Thompson, of Nepean, the only person from this section who had sufficient enterprise to take cattle to the Provincial Exhibition, and who won two prizes; he, like Mr. Cameron, was not permitted to represent the interests of this locality, but with Aldermen Pratt, Goulden, Martineau and others who visited Toronto for the sole purpose of helping to urge the claims of Ottawa, was compelled to take a "back seat."

It must be evident that nothing but a selfish or political prejudice could deny the fact that after what the Hon. Malcolm Cameron did last year he was certainly as fit to represent the claims of this city as anyone. However strong our political bias may be, in matters of this kind as well as in religious and charitable affairs, we utterly condemn its introduction.

Had not the conduct of our representatives at the Toronto meeting been so discreditable to our city, we might derive some amusement from referring to the extraordinary oratorical display which they are reported to have made. We understand that some among the bystanders did not fail to do so. One person, after a certain prominent official had concluded his effusion of ungrammatical twaddle, declared in his strong Yorkshire brogue and with a touch of that sarcasm which is so abundantly characteristic of a Yorkshireman, that Ottawa "must be the Athens of the Dominion!" Another, a Scotchman, indulged in a more lengthy criticism in prose and verse. "Eh, sir," said he, "but these Ottawa speakers mind me of the auld copy my schule maister used to gie us:

"A man without learning an' wearing fine clothes,
Is like a goold ring in a barrow pig's nose."

How long are the interests of Ottawa to be sacrificed to the vanity of one or two self-sufficient purseproud incapables? If next year the right men are sent to Kingston, this city will have a good chance for the Provincial Exhibition of 1872; but if the same persons are allowed to represent our claims the result will be the same as it has been this year.

NEW LIGHTHOUSES.

A new and very important lighthouse was recently erected on Lonely Island in the Georgian Bay, and we learn from the Marine Department that it was lighted for the first time on the 1st inst. It can be seen for a distance of 20 miles, and will be a great accomodation to the trade at present existing, and will be doubly valuable when our North Western trade *via* Fort William becomes thoroughly established. A new lighthouse was recently erected upon Caraquet Island in the Bay of Chaleur, which can be seen for a distance of 16 miles. It has been lighted for the last few weeks. Another new lighthouse has also been erected and has been in operation for some time past on Paspebiac Point, County of Bonaventure, also in the Bay of Chaleur, which is of great service to the numerous steamers trading in that locality. It can be seen for a distance of thirteen miles. A new lighthouse is in process of construction at Dalhousie, N. B., Bay of Chaleur, and will be shortly lighted. Two minor lights are also being built at the entrance of Bathurst harbour, Bay of Chaleur, and will be lighted in a few weeks. We understand that the Dominion Government steamer *Napoleon III.* will leave Quebec to-day. She will visit the new lighthouses now erecting at the Seven Islands, Gulf of St. Lawrence, at Point Rich and Cape Norman in the Straits of Belleisle. It is not expected that these lighthouses will be in operation before next spring.

A PITIFUL EXHIBITION OF SPLEEN.

We certainly should have thought that motives of policy would have prevented the Toronto *Globe* from attacking the citizens of Toronto in such a violent matter as it has done, simply because they chose to present a congratulatory address to the Premier, upon his recovery from a long and perilous illness. Of course after all that we have seen in its columns, we should not think of looking to it for any evidence of remarkably good taste, or for those courtesies which at such a time might have been expected from other journals; but we did indulge the hope that there was a sufficient amount of decency and good feeling left in the *Globe*, to prevent it from abusing the Mayor in such unmeasured terms for having taken part in presenting an address to Sir John A. Macdonald on his recovery from what most people feared was a fatal illness. We are always ready to make allowance for the irritability and annoyance which Mr. Brown must feel in consequence of his own recent failure as a political man and the general esteem in which the people of Canada, without respect to party, hold his distinguished rival; we know that he is naturally of an irritable disposition, and lacks the prudence and good judgement which would lead him on an occasion such as the one to which we refer, to repress whatever feelings of jealousy and envy rankle in his heart. But we really regret to see a man who, as a public journalist holds a deservedly prominent place, allow himself to be betrayed, by personal dislike, into a position which is unworthy of and discreditable to, any man especially the one who aspires to public favour.

Mr. Bass, the great English brewer, whose name is as well known as Napoleon's has just announced that he will give baths and wash houses to the town of Derby. He lately gave the same place a recreation ground, at a cost of $25,000. Mr. Bass has, besides his London and Derbyshire residences, a fine place in Scotland, where the Chancellor of the Exchequer has just been paying him a visit.

THE FORTIFICATIONS OF PARIS.

We give to-day a plan of the fortifications of Paris, together with the whole environs, the smallest hamlets being shown. Fort du Mont-Valerien, and Fort St. Denis, are the keys of the *enciente*, and heavy earthworks have been thrown up lately between the forts and the interior line of fortifications. Gunboats are constantly passing up and down the Seine, and command the bridges with their heavy guns.

The following is the number of cannon for which the detached forts round Paris were originally constructed:—Charenton, 70; Vincennes, 117; Noget, 55; Rosny, 56; Noisy-le-Sec, 57; Romainville, 49; Aubervilliers, 66; Est, at St. Dennis, 47; La Double-Couronne, at the same town, 52; La Brick, close to the former, 61; Mont-Valerin, which the enemy will avoid, 70; Issy, 64; Vanves, 45; Montrouge, 43; Bicetre, 60; Ivry, 70; in addition the redoubts of Gravelle and Joinville. Altogether 982 guns, of which 135 are mortars. As to the fortified wall of the city, it has been prepared to receive 1,226 pieces.

A new profile work has been thrown up near Argenteuil, mounted with seventy-five guns, and manned by one thousand five hundred Mobiles and seven hundred sailors. Almost all the ditches have been flooded, and those which cannot be submerged have been filled with faggots, steeped in petroleum. A contract has been made with Mr. McIntosh, the inventor, for a large supply of "infernal bombs," which are warranted to kill and suffocate any number of men at any conceivable distance.

Those who have visited Paris, and in fact, any one who either from personal knowledge or hearsay, has any idea of what the city is like, can scarcely realize the changes which war has already made in its appearance, or can contemplate without a shudder the probable fate that awaits it. The beautiful woods destroyed, splendid palaces turned into barracks and hospitals, the villages which, clustered round the walls of Paris, were the scenes of many a pleasant pic-nic and *fete*, occupied and partially destroyed by the enemy;—it is impossible to contemplate all this without regret.

The Parisians hope that they can defend the city for at least six or eight weeks. Winter will have almost commenced by the expiration of that term, and with winter, it is hoped, will come discomfort, disease, and consequent demoralization into the Prussian camp. We presume that the city is provisioned for that term, although the quantity of food required per diem, by a population like that of Paris, is something enormous.

About two years ago there appeared in the *Revue des Deux Mondes* an article written by M. Maxime du Camp, in which he gave every possible information as to the consumption of food in Paris. The following is his list of live animals consumed in one year:—341,253 oxen, 219,641 calves, 209 615 pigs, 1,707,266 sheep, 3 728 horses, 109 donkeys and mules; total of cattle, 2,481,612.

The Prussians seem now to be about commencing the bombardment of the fortifications. Their batteries of heavy seige guns are being placed in position; a monster battery at St. Cloud threatens the Champes Elysees and the Arch of Triumph, and others are being erected at Montmartre and Grenevilliers. Soon, we fear, the hissing of the rockets and the screaming of the shells, will be heard in all directions over the beautiful city.

PARIS and its SURROUNDINGS.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

The census in some of the Western States has worked terrible havoc. The population of Omaha has been reduced from 50,000 to 13,000, that of St. Joseph from 40,000 to 18,000, that of Council Bluffs from 20,000 to 11,000, Leavenworth from 35,000 to 21,000, and Kansas City from 50,000 to 17,000. This is worse than war.

Elections will be held to day, in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Iowa and Nebraska. The States are now all Republican, sending 44 Republicans to Congress and but 17 Democrats. But in the first three the Democrats expect to make gains, if, indeed, they do not elect their candidates for State offices. In Pennsylvania last year the majority for Governor Geary was about 4,570, a very small majority in a vote of 476,000, and the Democrats feel quite sanguine of carrying the Legislature, in which the Republicans now have a majority of 24 on joint ballot.

About this time no doubt many people have laid by to put into bouquets some of the beautiful leaves and grasses which they have gathered in the woods and fields. In order to add beauty and effect to them they may be covered with imitation frost-crystals, some white, others blue green, and amber. To crystalize grass white, steep in a solution of one pint of hot water containing one pound of alum. As it becomes cold, crystals will adhere to the grass, which will increase in size if left for a day or more; but small crystals look the best; and in order to keep them so, the grass should be often moved and turned about.

At the fair held recently in San Francisco for the benefit of the wounded French soldiers, things seem to have fetched exhorbitant prices. We read that a bottle of cordial which was dealt out in a tiny gold cup realised $1,380; one thousand bottles of brandy sold at $10 per bottle: and a matron who attended the fair with a box of snuff in a half hour's time sold the snuff by the pinch for $200.

The following romantic Canadian story is told by a Stratford paper.

Many years ago a young man made his appearance in Stratford and spent a few weeks at the tavern which then existed, to afford shelter to stage-coach travellers. Whence he came, and what was his business, none could tell. Directly opposite the tavern stood a small cottage and forge of a blacksmith named Folsem. He had a daughter, who was the beauty of the village, and it was her fortune to captivate the heart of the young stranger. He told his love, said that he was from Scotland, that he was travelling incog., but in confidence gave her his real name, claiming that he was heir to a large fortune. She returned his love, and they were married. A few weeks thereafter the stranger told his wife that he must visit New Orleans; he did so, and the gossips of the town made the young wife unhappy by disagreeable hints and jeers. In a few months the husband returned, but before a week had elapsed he received a large budget of letters, and told his wife that he must return at once to England, and must go alone. He took his departure, and the gossips had another glorious opportunity to make a confiding woman wretched. To all but herself it was a clear case of desertion; the wife became a mother, and for two years lived on in silence and hope. At the end of that time a letter was received by the Stratford beauty from her husband, directing her to go at once to New York with her child, taking nothing with her but the clothes she wore, and embark in a ship for home in England. On her arrival in New York she found a ship splendidly furnished with every convenience and luxury for her comfort, and two servants ready to obey every wish that she might express. The ship duly arrived in England, and the Stratford girl became the mistress of a superb mansion, and, as the wife of a baronet, was saluted by the aristocracy as Lady Samuel Stirling. On the death of her husband, many years ago, the Stratford boy succeeded to the title and wealth of his fathers, and in the last edition of the "Peerage and Baronetage" is spoken of as the issue of "Miss Folsome, of Stratford, North America."

BY TELEGRAPH.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Oct. 10.

The total receipts of the Provincial Exhibition foot up a little over $20,000

Yesterday afternoon the Rev. A. Styleman Herring preached in St. James' Cathedral under the auspices of the St. George's Society a sermon to emigrants. He appealed strongly for contributions to the charitable fund of the Society.

The body of an unknown man, aged about 30 years, was found in the bay yesday.

Weather cool and fine.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Oct. 10th.

The new St. Georges' church was opened yesterday. The Metropolitan preached in the forenoon, the Rev. Canon Bond in the afternoon, and Rev. James Carmichael in the evening. The church is much admired for its cathedral appearance and acoustic properties.

The Rev. Dr. Mullens, from England, preached a missionary sermon in Zion church.

Last week an old man named Everrat in jail for drunkenness choked himself to death in trying to swallow a chunk of beef at dinner.

The Shamrocks beat the Dominion Lacrosse Club, three out of four games, on Saturday, and the Indians two out of three played. The play was indifferent.

The University foot ball match on Saturday was won by the Arts students, who took the two games played.

Judge Monk to-day passed sentences on the prisoners convicted during the term just ended. Several were sent to the penitentiary, including the two so called female detectives for shop-lifting.

On Sunday night John Fisher, a sailor of the barque *Mayflower*, fell into the river, but was rescued by Wm. Wray.

At an examination of candidates before the Trinity Board to-day, Piere Beaudet, Joseph Pleau and Elzeer Beliege obtained certificates of qualification to act as pilots between Quebec and Montreal.

Weather cloudy.

QUEBEC

QUEBEC, Oct. 10.

A public meeting is called for to-morrow evening at the Palace street church, Rev. Mr. Powis to receive Rev's. Dr. Mullens and Allen, the deputation from the London Missionery Society, when Dr. Mullens will deliver a lecture on Missions and the spread of the gospel.

A meeting of the society of Local Industry takes place next Thursday.

The Levis and Kennebec Railroad shareholders meet this afternoon at Levis Market Hall, to elect directors.

Arrived in port, the steamer *Austrian*, and barks *Aurora, Rosina, Mere de Famille, Marseille*, and the *Faugh a Ballagh*, from Halifax to Montreal.

The fourth victim of the recent boiler explosion alluded to last week, died today at the Hotel Dieu. His name was Alphonse Bovin. His father also wounded by the explosion is suffering accute pain at present at the hospital, and is not expected to live.

Glorious weather.

The Uhlans.

A correspondent writes:—

After leaving this outpost I came across a Uhlan bivouac, and I will now try and describe one of these men,—the dread of the French peasantry. Before doing so I must, however, clear them of the dreadful atrocities they are said to have committed. As you are well aware, they are always the precursors of the Prussian army. They go frequently as far as 20 or 30 miles in advance of the army, and, of course, on entering a town or village, if they meet with resistance, they must use harsh measures. Not unfrequently one or more of the Uhlans meet their death treacherously or otherwise; however, this seldom impedes their progress, for if one out of two comes back sound they have gained their object, which is a reconnaissance of the country. A Uhlan is about the best mounted cavalry man in the service, the average weight of a man with his accoutrements is about 100 lb. German. The horse appointments are very similar to those of our own cavalry—*i. e.*, they have the ordinary cavalry saddle and bridle. But the manner of packing away the Uhlan's kit is different. First of all, they have but one wallet, which holds the pistol; the other is an ordinary leather bag, which looks like a wallet; in this they stow away a pair of boots, and brushes, &c., for cleaning their accoutrements. Below the saddle there is an ordinary saddle cloth. Then across the saddle—on which the man sits—is his whole kit, which consist of one pair of canvas trousers, loose canvas jacket, and two pair of stockings, packed carefully away in a bag resembling a valise. The cloak—no cape—is rolled up and placed at the back of the saddle. They carry two corn sacks, containing 6lb. of corn in each, on either side of the cloak, and a mess tin encased in leather, strapped on to the back of the saddle. Over all this comes the shabraque. The lance is a clumsy looking weapon, weighing 4½lbs. The man's dress is similar to our Lancers, with the exception of the overalls, ours having leather, the Prussians wearing boots. They never seem *in* the way nor *out* the way. If they crowd a road, they clear it too. They come in from outposts 20 miles ahead, and bring information which is news to all. Some, however, do not come in—for I am sorry to say the French peasantry have taken up arms *en masse*, and fire on the Prussian officers and outposts recklessly at night. Depend upon it this will lead to terrible reprisals, and you must not be shocked if you hear of some great vengeance being wreaked on a French village. The Prussians cannot, for their own safety, allow their solitary guards in charge of food waggons to be "potted at" in this cowardly manner. People, they say, may take up arms in defence of their country, but when they take to firing on solitary stragglers, who in the field they could not face, it becomes a guerilla warfare, in which the French will most assuredly get the worst.

The ex-Emperor Interviewed.

A correspondent sends to the London *Standard* of Sept. 24th. the following account of an interview with the ex-Emperor:—

My mind full of gorgeous visions of an Imperial staff in every variety of brilliant uniform, quite failed to realize the idea that the quiet-looking gentleman in a plain dark morning suit, who stood waiting for me at the top of the stairs, could possibly be Gen. Reille, the Emperor's aide de-camp, and I accordingly followed him, with but a very slight salute, into the anteroom of the dining saloon, where I looked vainly round for the magnificent personage with whom I expected to have to deal. Nothing however, was to be seen but a rather small room, scantily furnished with settees covered with ragged yellow silk, and opening by folding doors into a rather large room beyond, in the centre of which stood a long, narrow table, surrounded by very plain wooden chairs. Smiling good, naturedly at my blunder, the General courtously informed himself of my business, and took in at once to the Emperor my letter and request for the honor of an audience. In less than three minutes he returned with a request that I would follow him, and passing through an ordinary sized room, in one of the two windows of which stood three or four gentlemen, also in plain clothes, talking in under tones, while another was busy at a table covered with numerous journals in French, German, and English, the General with the announcement "Sa Majeste l'Empereur," ushered me through a small door in a corner of the room, and I found myself not only in the presence but face to face, at less than arm's length of him I came to see. As I seat myself in the chair to which I am courteously invited, and fix my eyes upon the worn but powerful face which turns to me from the small writing table from which he has risen to receive me, I feel that I am in the presence of the man on whom has hung for so many years the peace of Europe, and with the feeling, the comic element which has decidedly preponderated in my experiences hitherto passes altogether away.

If I am asked what is the predominant impression left on me by the conversation which followed, I reply unhesitatingly the the strong feeling of the Emperor with respect to England. Almost the first words that passed his lips were an expression of gratification at the numerous letters of condolence and sympathy he had received, "since his misfortune" from persons who were perfect strangers to him, and there was nothing on which he seemed to dwell with so much pleasure as on the advance which has been made during his reign in the cordial understanding between the two countries. "When I came to Paris," he said, "there was still greater remains of the old ill-feeling;" and he dwelt with marked gratification on the change that had since taken place. He was much interested, too, in the condition of English feeling at the present time, questioning me closely on the subject, and expressing his regret at the tone assumed by a portion of the London press. The monstrous statement of his having misappropriated some 50,000,000 of the army votes seemed particularly galling to him. "As if," he said, "I could possibly have done such a thing, even if I had desired it." He spoke most feelingly also of the terrible catastrophe of the *Captain*, expressing the strongest sympathy, and dwelling upon some of the details of the accident in a manner which showed fully the interest he had taken in it. The assistance given by England to his wounded soldiers had evidently also made a great impression on him. Speaking of France, and of the present condition of affairs there, his tone—which in dealing with other matters had been earnest but not uncheerful—saddened visibly, and he sighed heavily as he spoke of the state of things at Lyons and elsewhere, and of a not impossible future in store for Paris. There was not the slightest appearance of resentment in the way in which he spoke of the changes that had recently taken place, but a terrible foreboding of what might come, his whole air and manner forcibly recalling to every mind the well-known lines—

"Oh! my poor kingdom, sick with civil blows.
When that my care could scarce restrain thy riots,
What wilt thou do when riot is thy care?"

I ventured to express a hope that all might yet go well, and that before long we might see him once more at the Tuileries. He sat for some moments silent, then, with a sigh, turned again to me and said, "Not one can tell—no one can tell, sir, what may happen now."

MARRIED.

On the 28th inst., at Amherst, by Rev D. A. Steele, A.M., Mr. George P. Nelson, of Truro, to Florence, daughter of Nathan Tupper, Esq., M.D., and neice of Hon. Charles Tupper, C.B., President of the Queen's Privy Council of Canada.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits; but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a priviliged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agents for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

1397 3md

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
COAL AND WOOD STOVES
BOTH NEW AND SECOND HAND.

The subscriber will sell at his Sale Room on WEDNESDAY, October 12, 1870, Fancy Coal Stoves of different sizes, and Wood Stoves. A large Cooking Stove, and 1 do. medium size, second hand.

SALE AT 10 A.M.

Term cash.
Sale positive and goods must be removed immediately after the close of sale.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Oct 10, 1870

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
SIX HEAVY DRAFT HORSES.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell on TUESDAY next, the 11th inst., By Ward Market, SIX HEAVY DRAFT HORSES suitable either for ... teaming; also, 1 Ladies' Side Saddle, 1 Gentleman's Riding Saddle, and 1 Set Second Hand Light Harness.

Terms cash.
Sale at half-past Ten a.m.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Oct 6, 1870

BAZAAR.

The Annual Bazaar, in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, will be held on ... day the 24th day of October instant.

Donations in aid of the fancy and refreshment tables, will be thankfully received by the following Ladies:—

Fancy Table, Cathedral Parish, Mrs ... Mrs Goodwin and Mrs Burlingham.

Do do St Joseph's Parish, ... Brophy, Mrs. Kehoe, Mrs ..., Mrs Whelan, Miss McDonell, Miss O'Connor, ... McCarthy.

Do do St. Patrick's Parish, ... O'Connor, Mrs A Hearn, Mrs ... Mullin.

REFRESHMENT TABLE.—Mrs George ..., Mrs Rhodes and Mrs Enright.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870

APPLES
—AND—
SWEET POTATOES.

On Sale, 43 Sussex Street,

L. N. NYE.

Ottawa, Oct 11, 1870

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (32 Vic. Cap. 36.) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a Penalty of FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES,
Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Wellington Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.

THOMAS KIRBY, Manager.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

GRENVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart.....8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 pm
Arrive.....4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 pm

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.

Ottawa Depot—York street, corner o Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

☞Ladies are invited to see Garland, Mutchmor & Co's grand display of Millinery and Mantles.

That portion of Eddy's match factory lately damaged by fire, is being rapidly repaired.

No Prisoners.—At a late hour last night there was not a single prisoner in the cells.

☞Latest Styles out, in Millinery and Mantles, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's.

Some persons are under the impression that we are enjoying "Indian Summer." It is rather early for that delightful season.

New Church.—Rumor hath it that a Wesleyan Methodist Church is to be erected in Lower Town.

Escape.—The day before yesterday a prisoner succeeded in making his escape from the Arlmer gaol.

A team of carriage horses were drowned at the Grand River on Saturday morning by backing over the wharf at the Queen's landing.

Sold.—The celebrated white deer, the property of Mr. Morrison has been sold to a gentleman in Lower Canada for the sum of $120.

The Marriage Bell.—It is said no less than four weddings are to take place within a short time. The couples to be made happy are all residents of the city.

☞Garland Mutchmor & Co's Millinery and Mantle Show Room is now open.

A French Canadian sojourning in Hull was arrested on Saturday night on suspicion of larceny. He was arrested about a year ago on suspicion of a similar offence.

A meeting of the ladies of St. Alban's Church will be held on Wednesday next, for the purpose of organizing a society to look after the sick and needy of the Parish during the winter.

Decorations.—A large number of persons visited the Roman Catholic Cathedral yesterday afternoon, and much admired the beautiful manner in which the church is decorated for the occasion of the arrival of His Lordship the Bishop.

In consequence of the serious illness of the Archbishop of Quebec, His Lordship Bishop Guignes has gone to visit him, and will not arrive in this city before Wednesday, when the programme adopted for his reception last evening, will be carried out with all possible *eclat*.

We would call the attention of our readers to the sale of heavy draught horses, held by Mr. Rowe, on the market, this morning. Several saddles and harness are advertised to be sold as well, and a quantity of shanty blankets. The sale is to take place at ten o'clock.

Moss Piling Ground.—Mr. Eddy still continues to add more piling ground to the immense extent he has already in use and prepared for use. The piling ground now being prepared necessitates the employment of a large number of men, and is a work of no little magnitude. As soon as the ground is prepared the tram railway will be laid over it.

Race.—Great interest is taken in the forthcoming race between *Bob Logie* and *Sankine*, two miles for two hundred dollars, fifty dollars aside. This amount it is said will be raised to five hundred dollars aside. The match will take place on the 21th inst. Already a number of bets are being made on the result. Both horses have numerous backers.

Great Book Sale.—Catalogues will be shortly issued for the largest and most important Book Sale at Montreal ever held in Canada, comprising all the valuable stock of recently imported Books, belonging to the Estate of Richard Worthington, and in conjunction an additional lot of over one hundred cases, (many illustrated publications for the holidays.) Such an opportunity for procuring a stock can seldom occur, and Booksellers from all parts should prepare to attend. 1483 3

Police Court.—Monday.—Anne Summers was charged with being drunk on the public street. Fined $2 and costs, or one month in gaol.

D. Whelan, a stranger in the city, was also charged with being drunk, and was fined $2 and costs.

Edward Gleeman, for using abusive language towards Ald. Martineau, was fined $5 and costs.

The adjourned case in which Mrs. McLenna was charged with selling liquor on Sunday was dismissed.

Laura Sherman was charged with obtaining money under false pretences.

Mary Lloyd being sworn said,—The prisoner came to my house about 12 o'clock on Friday; she asked me if I was a widow woman; she said I suppose you have heard of the two ladies who have come from New York; they in connection with a Mrs. Sharp, residing on Sandy Hill had got up a fund for the benefit of widows, or poor Canadians, and emigrants; that by paying the sum of fifty cents she could obtain a suit of clothes for one of her children. I gave her 25 cents promising to give her the other 25 when I should go to get the clothes. She give her name as Mrs. Sharp, and that her husband was formerly Governor General of Ottawa, I went to the Russell House and enquired for the prisoner, but was told there was no such person there; I was going down Rideau street when I met her—spoke to her about the clothes, she told me they were disposed of by lottery on Friday, and that I had come too late. She was then arrested.

Mr. Teeling—sworn.—Stated that prisoner had not boarded at the Russell House, and that no distribution of clothing took place there during the last week.

J. Brown, a carter, being sworn, said the prisoner hired him to drive her 6 miles out in the country for $3; she wished to see a man named Armstrong. When they reached Cunningham's station she refused to pay him.

For want of certain evidence the case was adjourned until Wednesday morning.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

Office:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

Londoe, Oct. 10.—A long despatch sent to the Foreign Office, explains that Bernstoff's delay in replying to Earl Granville's last communication, was due only to the hopes of peace, which has now disappeared. It views the question at great length and with ability, and points out that the English Government has shifted its ground First it required proof of alleged sending of supplies to France. When proof was furnished, Earl Granville then declared the traffic legitimate, and that customs authorities were powerless to stop it, while imputing to Prussia a desire for a benevolent neutrality from England. Count Bernstoff denies imputing such a desire. He reminds Earl Granville that he Count Bernstoff, had the satisfactory knowledge that English opinion was on the side of Prussia, and on the other hand his regret that such opinion had no greater influence on the Government.

Tours, 10th.—Gambetta's proclamation has the following: By order of the Republican Government I have left Paris to transmit to you the hopes of the Parisians and others of those who are seeking to deliver France. Paris, invested for seventeen days, presents the spectacle of two million men forgetting their differences to withstand the invader, who expected civil discord. The revolution found France without guns or arms of any kind. 400,000 of the National Guard are now armed, and 100,000 Guarde Mobiles and 60,000 regulars are assembled. Foundries are casting cannon; women make millions of cartridges daily; each battalion of the National Guards has two mitrailleuses and field pieces, and are preparing for sorties. The forts are manned by marines, and are supplied with artillery of the greatest excellence, and served by gunners first in the world. Hitherto their fire kept the enemy from erecting the smallest work. The enciente on the 7th had only 500 cannon, now it has 3,800, with 400 rounds for each. Every defence has at their posts a National Guard drilled constantly. Behind the enciente is the third line of defence—barricades which are adapted to the genius of Parisians. This has all been achieved, calmly and orderly, amid general patriotism. The impregnability of Paris is no illusion, it cannot be captured or surprised, and there is no danger of sedition or starvation, which the Prussians have been countin on.

The carrier pigeons which have arrived here by balloon were sent back to Paris to day with despatches from the Ministry here.

The *Moniteur* warns the public that numerous Prussian agents have lately come into France, and are endeavouring to make contracts with departments and towns, desirous of purchasing arms. The *Moniteur* says this may cause dangerous delays in the national army.

A convoy with Prussian prisoners has arrived here.

Gambetta refuses to accept the ovation tendered him. In his reply he says: The people must think first of the national defence.

The fourteen spies recently apprehended near this city, were promptly shot.

The lack of good regimental officers delay the organization of the present army.

The Roman deputation has been warmly received in Italy.

The Prussians have preserved Fontanbleau from pillage.

The provisions in Paris are good for many long months. The situation imposes great duties on the French people. First—to make war our only occupation, and second, to accept the Republic. Men are abundant; what lacks are resolution and the execution of plans. After Sedan our arms failed, the Emperor having sent all to the frontier. Arms are now coming in from every quarter of the globe, and working men and money are following. All partisans must aid the Republic. Soon winter rains will come, finding the Prussians troops far from home, decimated by French arms, by hunger and by nature. France shall never loose its place in the world through the invasion of half a million of men. France gives the watchward, "La Republique une et indivisable."

At Soissons the siege is progressing favorably.

A special correspondent at Tours telegraphs that Garibakli arrived here this morning at nine o'clock. The Archbishop almost concealing his robes under a paletot, accompanied Cremieux to receive him, and shook hands with Garibakli, who says he must overthrow the superstition of monarchy, the cause of all disasters to France. Garibakli is suffering a great deal from his wound in the foot, and can only walk leaning on the arms of his friends.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 10.—The *Messenger* officially denies the reported movements of the Russian army towards the Turkish frontier.

Berlin, Oct. 10.—It has been finally decided at headquarters not to re-assemble the present Prussian Chambers, but to dissolve them and order a new election, when a more trustworthy Government majority is expected.

Bismarck has refused to release Jacoby.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

London, Oct. 10.—Balloons are constantly leaving Paris. They are always closely watched for miles by Prussian Hussars.

Two balloons containing a great quantity of official correspondence have recently been captured.

The Prussians are pushing their works near Jerome's Park, near Meudon, on Bimbarya Hill, near Scares. When completed the Prussian artillery will command Passy, Grenbble, and other parts of the west and south west of Paris.

The Tours Government is beginning to prepare the public mind, through the medium of the press, for the cession of French territory to Germany.

La Liberte consents to a slight rectification of the frontier near Wissembourg.

Heavy guns have been brought to bear upon Pfalsburg. The bombardment will soon be opened.

Heroic sorties are incessant at Metz. The Prussian commander has given orders for increased vigilance.

The Prussian commissariat has been removed to avoid capture.

The foreign ambassadors at Tours are negotiating for quarters in Bordeaux, in view of the contemplated removal of the Government.

Vienna, Oct. 16.—M. Thiers had an interview with the Austrian Emperor, on Sunday at noon, which is said to have been satisfactory.

New York, Oct. 10th.—A special correspondent at Berlin writes on the 6th inst.: "An emissary from Bazaine has asked Bismarck to allow him to retain Metz, and remain neutral during hostilities. This was declined, but the same agent was permitted to proceed to Wilhelmshohe with a view to further negotiations. No other interview has since occurred between him and Bismarck, but negotiations are continually going on.

Gambetta has sent an intimate friend to Bismarck, authorized to make certain statements, notwithstanding Favre's failure.

Bismarck personally desires to enter Paris by negotiation which he still believes while the King and Von Moltke have no faith in diplomatic success.

Negotiations with Bavaria were baffled by the refusal of the Bavarian Government to yield the army, diplomatic representatives, and the postal and telegraph system to Prussia control.

The Prussian plan, therefore, now is to receive Baden and Hessedarmstadt, immediately into the North German Confederation.

Wurtemburg will probably come also on the same terms.

Bavaria, thus isolated, will be obliged finally to enter the confederation.

The fourth reserve division, under Gen. VonSehmburg, crossed the Rhine on the 2nd instant, at Neuburg uuopposed, and with the Landwehr Guards forming the fourteenth army corps, under Gen. Werden, is marching on Besancon and Lyons

Schlestadts, New Breisach, and Belfort will be masked or taken.

The *Staats Anzeiger* says that Bazaine's protracted defence of Metz is largely due to political motives, that the Marshal sees it his duty to preserve the army for the future Government of France. When invested he had 2,200 horses, and but little forage; hence his sortie for forage for cavalry and battery horses.

Admitting his great starts of fool, the *Staats Anzeiger* does not anticipate an early surrender. The siege of Soissons is advancing favorably for the Prussians.

London, Oct. 10.—The reply of Count Von Bernstorff the North German Ambassador, at London to Earl Granville's last note on the subject of England's neutrality will be published to-morrow. It strongly condemns the conduct of England, and not obscurely intimates that Germany will hereafter demand reparation for what she considers a great wrong done to her.

Count Von Bernstorff states that since the end of August no less than 160,000 rifles of the best modern pattern have been shipped from London and from Birmingham for France. The Count says the manufacturer of these places are working night and day to fill new orders from France, and he professes to have secured copies of the contracts made by the French government with English gunsmiths.

The contents of the German note are freely discussed to-night at the clubs in advance of its publication, and in tones of growing hostility by the German demands.

Tours, Oct. 9.—M. Gambetta issues a proclamation to the people of the Departments. After reviewing the position at Paris, and showing the preparations made by the Government for months to maintain themselves, he says: The situation imposes upon us great duties; first of all it is for you to cease to be divided by any preoccupation, and the second is until peace comes to accept fraternally the authority of the Republic, a power proceeding from necessity and right, and a power which would not exist a moment were it exercised for the profit of any ambition. There is now but one passion and but one thought to rescue France from the abyss into which monarchy has plunged her. This makes the republic, which has been well founded, and which affords a shelter to the conspirators and reactionists; so, therefore, I have a command for you abandoning all other affairs, and without taking account of the difficulties and the obstacles which are to be overcome to co-operate with all your unrestrained energies in remedying the evils of the situation; the time is short in which to supply to the active force all it has lost by delay; the men are not wanting this delay which has brought the defeat; now comes resolution and decision, and it is in the execution of this project that the Republic makes an appeal to the co operation of all. This Government takes upon itself the duty of utilizing all your courage, employing all your capacity. It is tradition to arm all our young leaders; while we do this the heavens will cease to favor our adversities and adversaries; the rains of autumn will come and linger round the capital, the Prussians far from their homes will be alarmed, harrassed and pursued by our aroused population till they be decimated by our armies by fact and by nature. It is not possible that the genius of France be clouded forever; that the great nation will allow itself to take a place under the domination of 500,000 men. Let us then rise up *en masse* and let us die rather than submit disgracefully to dismemberment. Through all our disasters and under the stroke of ill-fortune their remains for us the sentiment the unity of France and indivisibility of the Republic. Paris asserts most gloriously again that immortal motto, which also calls again upon all France, "Vive la Nation, Vive la Republique une et indivisible."

London, October 9.—The *World's* special correspondent at Cologne telegraphs there is no doubt that Bazaine is cordially cooperating with the Government at Tours, and Trochu at Paris. The army of Lyons is advancing by way of Nancy to relieve Bazaine. It was the right wing of this army which had a battle with the Baden troops on Thursday.

It is reported that Bismarck telegraphed to the Italian Government at Florence relative to the landing of Garibaldi in France, and the formation of an Italian legion.

In reply to the telegram of Bismarck, the Italian Government disavow all official responsibility for the action of individual subjects.

The *World's* Ostend correspondent states the North German Government have issued orders that all foreigners found in arms against Germany be put to death. Retaliatory orders are to be issued from Paris and Tours.

New York, Oct 8.—A special from London says there is a strong party in Prussia opposed to union with South Germany unless terms are distinctly understood. Austria does not now oppose German unity.

London, Oct. 8.—It is reported, and the report receives much credence, that Bazaine has determined to support the Imperial cause, and with that view he has proposed to surrender Metz, on condition that he is allowed to march out with all the honours of war, and allowed to assist in putting down the Republic and reinstating Napoleon. Bismarck has refused to grant the latter proposition, for he is not satisfied with the integrity of the officers and army. He thinks the army would not yield obedience to their officers.

The damage done to Strasbourg is estimated at $200,000,000.

A telegram to the *Times*, dated Berlin, 11th, says that on the hills between Sevres, St. Cloud, and Bonnival batteries of siege guns have been placed, and a monster battery at St. Cloud threatens the neighborhood of Champs Elysees.

The correspondent of the London *Daily News* writing on the desolation surrounding Paris, says:

I made an excursion this morning a few miles from Paris, to see what was the 'aspects of the surrounding country. It is precisely what M. Thiers said it should be made—a desert. For miles and miles in fertile plains, with which I am well acquainted, I did not see a sheep, a bullock, or a corn stack. I am speaking now of the Valley de Chevreuse and the neighborhood of Orsay and Limours. The Uhlans will lose their days if they gallop into these "diggings." The chateaux are shut up; the rich farmers and peasantry have hid their money in the traditional stocking; they have threshed out their wheat and sent it to Paris; their potatoes, not yet fit to be gathered, they dig up prematurely and hide away in pits. In the village where I breakfasted there was "no bread," and no prospect of any for the future.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Dry Goods.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY,

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

WINCIES,
COBOURGS,
PLAIN LUSTRES,
FIGURED DO.
PLAIN REPPS,
FIGURED DO.
SERGES
ALPACA CORDS,
FRENCH MERINOES,
PLAIN SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS,
FIGURED SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS
BRIGHTON DIAGNAL COSTUME CLOTHS
BLACK REVERSIBLE LUSTRES,
TARTAN WINCIES,
DO. CAMLETS,
DO. POPLINS,
DO. PLAIDS,

☞ PURCHASERS are invited to view all the leading NOVELTIES in Dress Materials, this day.

☞ LADIES and others interested in the purchase of DRESSES are respectfully invited to examine our Stock and see for themselves the extraordinary value.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

WILL OPEN THE

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM

—ON—

FRIDAY, 7TH OCTOBER,

With a Grand Display of latest LONDON Styles in MILLINERY and MANTLES, Ex S S "PERUVIAN."

—COMPRISING THE LATEST STYLES IN—

STRAW VELVET and TERRY BONNETS
STRAW, FELT and VELVET HATS.
DRESS CAPS, HEAD DRESSES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c.

MANTLES.

They invite special attention to their stock of French and German JACKETS, made by French and German Tailors out of beautiful materials, cut and made in a superior manner.

All purchased during the great War Panic, at a little more than half usual prices.

MANTLE CLOTHS,

In all the leading Cloths and Colors,

WATERPROOF CLOAKS, in new styles, ready-made, and made to Order.

SHAWLS.

CLAN TARTAN WOOL and PAISLEY SHAWLS, in variety.

Orders for Millinery and Mantles executed by good experienced hands, with promptness and despatch.

Ladies are invited to call and see the new styles, whether wishing to purchase or not.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

CARGO TEA SALE.

CARGO of the Barque "CHIEFTAIN," from Shanghae direct, consisting of

FRESH TEAS,

&c., &c.

Will be sold by AUCTION, by Catologue on

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12TH,

For Account of

MESSRS. TIFFIN BROS.,

And will include

GUNPOWDERS,
IMPERIALS,
BYSONS,
YOUNG BYSONS,
TWANKAYS,
BYSON TEA
And BLACK TEAS,
CASSIA, in Matts,
CASES PRESERVED GINGER,
ROLLS CANTON MATTING
&c, &c, &c

Together with 4,000 half-chests Natural Leaf Japan Tea, "C C Leary" and "Coeur de Lion

—AFTER WHICH—

Will be offered a large and general assortment of GROCERIES.

Samples will be on view previous to sale.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

J. G. SHIPWAY & SON,
Auctioneers.

Ottawa, Oct. 5 1479 6

NEW FALL IMPORTATIONS

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO

Are now opening out a stock of

DRY GOODS

Well Worthy of Inspection. All departmen Complete, and BEST VALUE showing in.

Silks and Velvets,
Velveteens and Poplins,
Dress Goods,
Hosiery and Fancy Wool Goods
Laces and Ribbons,
Millinery.

Our MANTLE DEPARTMENT contains all the Choicest Goods and Newest Styles.

☞For Best Value Call at

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Special attention has been given to our

Carpet & Furnishing Departments

which will be found VERY COMPLETE and LOW IN PRICE.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.
September 14, 1870. 1461y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Lake Harbor work," and will be received at this Office until Thursday, the 27th day of November next, for improvements at the following mentioned places:

At CHANTRY ISLAND, Lake Huron, the construction of a Breakwater and Beacon of Crib Work.

At GODERICH, Lake Huron, the Dredging and Pier-work necessary to form a new entrance channel to the Harbor, and the enlargement of the inner Basin.

At BRANTFORD, Lake Erie, the enlargement of the channel, deepening a portion of the Basin, and the construction of Entrance Pier, &c.

Plans and specifications of the respective works can be seen at this Office, or at the Custom House, Goderich, on and after Monday, the 7th day of November next, where printed forms of Tender can also be obtained.

Tenders may be sent in for the work at one, or all of the places; but they must in all cases be made out in strict accordance with the printed forms

Le signatures of two solvent reliable persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN.
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 5, 1870 1484 10

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over these Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Smith's Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4 40 p. m

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transshipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 13, 1870 1460tf

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be as you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

EAU DE VIE BLANCHE,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavoring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.

Oct 5, 1870

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

☞FALL AMD WINTER STOCK,☜

And are showing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c.
WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES

HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

☞OUR STOCK☜

—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next;

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORSLE
Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1462d

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool)

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

1870. 1870.

FALL IMPORTATIONS.

DRY GOODS.

NEW STYLES,

FALL HATS,

R. L. JAMES & CO

NEW STYLES,

DRESS GOODS.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

NEW GOODS,

IN VARIOUS

DEPARTMENTS,

☞Per Late Ocean Steamers,☜

☞DIRECT FROM BRITAIN.☜

R. L. JAMES & CO.,

☞Opposite the Russell House.☜

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticker of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-tIN.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 28, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILOR

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS,

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also for rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

☞FIRE AND WATER PROOF,☜

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send ter circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materia and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street,
Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the

FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

NOTICE.

For sale a SECOND HAND WAGGON.

Enquire of

JOHN CHAPMAN,
Queen's Auctioneer opposite the By Ward Market.

Ottawa, September 29, 1870 1475 td

TO RENT,

From 1st November next, a DWELLING HOUSE, 10 rooms, Corner Sussex and Patrick streets, at present occupied by W. B. Lindsay, Esq.

THOMAS McKAY,

Ottawa Mills, Chaudiere, or from Store Sussex street.

Ottawa, September 23, 1870 1470

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

The tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 1, 1870. 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, Oct. 3, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoice until further notice, 12 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.............................$300,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have secured to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1[illegible]: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 187[illegible], the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £51 17s. 6d. or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

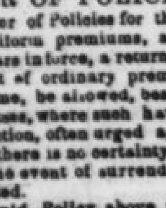
REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,
1407 3m Agent.



LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.
42y1236 law

DOMINION

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address
T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents [illegible] everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY. MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth: Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 [illegible]

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.

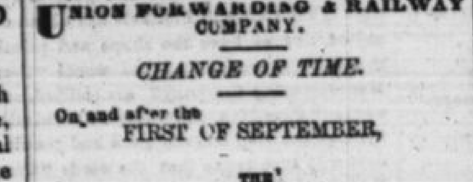
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the
FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,
THE
STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 3 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144tf

MR DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the [illegible] 219tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE, A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager [illegible]

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1417tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8:30 a m
Night do do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 am
Express for Boston at	8:40 am
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 am
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 pm

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1425tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that his constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage so liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call, Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. [illegible]

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 0 1443t

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals,

European and American Patent Med

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS TRADE—MARK ANCHORA VIRTUS VALET GARDNER MONTREAL AND GROCERS thwa

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.
J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

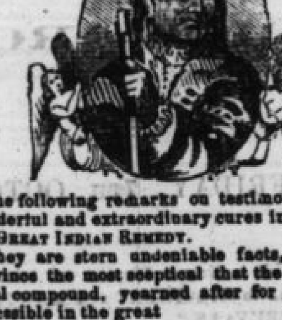
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. in [illegible]

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

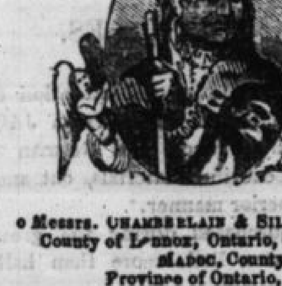
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:
MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

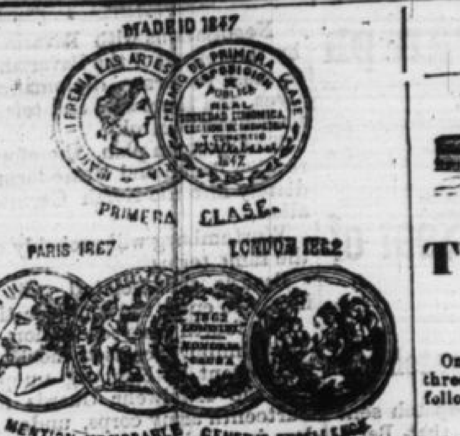
This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this [illegible] day of February, 1869.
A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada. [illegible]



ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity, of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles
HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procu[illegible] the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best pertumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven	Cook Stoves.
Low Oven	Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.	Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.	Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.	Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.	Elbows.
Zinc.	

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of Stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT.

Hull, September 29, 1870 1476 1m&w31 2m

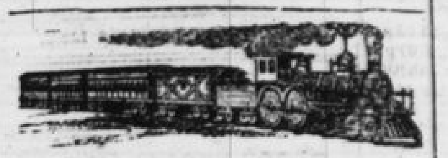
LOST.

My accepted Check on Ontario Bank for $346 32 Any person returning same will be suitably rewarded.

P. POULIN,

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870. 1480

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m. and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m. connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3.40 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4[illegible] a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.3[illegible] p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.3[illegible] p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.2[illegible] p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1150y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE:

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

[illegible] 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

—I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1369 td Inwk

Sarsaparilla

[illegible] THE BLOOD.

they were painfully afflicting, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhoea* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & Co, Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these Pills rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhoea**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a **Dinner Pill**, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these Pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO.
of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffat, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Mason, Esq, A McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Esq, A.T Fulton, Esq, Angus [illegible] J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs [illegible] NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its [illegible] shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of Insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, [illegible] promptness of its settlements the Insurance Company is second to none.

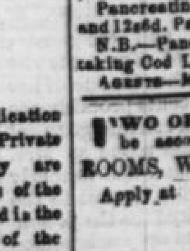
Its Inspectors are always [illegible] important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses [illegible]

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

[illegible]
Manager.

1298tf



FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA

Affords Immediate [illegible]

"A remedy of great [illegible] usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of [illegible] Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal [illegible]*

"The smoke causes no nausea. Whatever kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General [illegible] Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, [illegible] 5s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes [illegible]

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st, [illegible]

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., [illegible]

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL and fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 5s 6d, [illegible] and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles [illegible]

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN CAN be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Bank, Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870.

THE TIMES is printed and published by The OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 31, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES [illegible] Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1485. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also. *Bordeaux and other Vinegars*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.

Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.

Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.

Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.

Molson's and other Ales.

Sugars and Syrups, all grades.

Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or bar ains. 1105

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞ THE READY-MADE

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is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

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STYLISH SIGNS

AND

HANDSOME WALL PAINTING

GO TO

THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

☞ BEEF AND MUTTON. ☜

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES.

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.

"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.

"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.

"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M. R. C. S.

"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantal, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c. &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

of the Village of Kenmore,

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw2l

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R. Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.

Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w37tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

BOARD.

A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.

Ottawa, September 19, 1870 1466tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

☞ FAIRY ☜

CAPT. NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

Hardware.

PRIZE STOVES!

PRIZE STOVES!!

At the Exhibition we were awarded FIRST PRIZES as follows:

First Prize for Elevated Oven Cook Stove.

First Prize for Low Oven Cook Stoves.

First Prize for Parlor Stoves.

First Prize for Hall Stoves for Coal.

First Prize for Hall Stoves for Wood.

First Prize for best assortment of Tinware.

The above Prize Tickets can be seen in our window.

Our Fall and Winter Stock of Stoves is now complete, all of the very best description.

☞ *Hot Air Furnaces fitted up to Order.*

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
"Capital" Stove Depot.
35, Sussex St.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

☞ *HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.* ☜

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field Silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth.
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottaw 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deal Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

PRESCOTT STOVES

ON HAND.

☞ COAL OIL ☜

OF THE

BEST QUALITIES SENT HOME FREE OF CHARGE.

50cts. to 60cts. PER GALL.

TRY IT.

Have your

STOVE PIPES

Put up at once and avoid the rush.

We have now the

MOST COMPLETE

AND

BEST ASSORTED STOCK IN THE CITY.

Any thing you want ask for it.

ESMONDE BROS.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.1

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
1427tf

June 3, 1870.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do 7;30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at........ 4.00 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 7:30 am

Trains for Lachine at ....6:00 a m, 7;00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1;30 p m, 4;00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........ 7:00 am

Express for Boston at........ 8:40 a m

Express for NewYork and Boston via Vermont Central at........ 3:45 p m

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at........ 6.00 a m

Express for Island Pond, at........ 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........10:10 p m

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Hal fax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They have excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at..... 9 00 a m

NIGHT, do do do..... 9 00 p m

Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations........ 7 00 a m

Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations........ 5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at........ 7 10 a m

Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at........ 9 00 a m

Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at........ 3 45 p m

Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at........ 6 00 a m

Do do do........ 4 00 p m

Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at........ 1 30 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870, 1425tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
11.15	......	3.00	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45	......	4.00
6.00	......	......	Montreal, by Steamer	......	......	......
11.15	......	......	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45	......	4.00
7.30	......	8.00	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.45	......	7.30
11.15	......	8.00	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c	9.45	......	4.00
6.00	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	......	......	6.30
5.00	......	......	Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c	......	......	6.30
......	......	12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c	8.00	......	......
5.00	11.00	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c	8.00	11.00	......
7.30	11.15	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45	......	4.00
11.15	......	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45	......	......
7.30	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	9.45	......	......
8.00	......	4.30	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	1.00
8.00	......	......	For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	......	......	1.00
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	......	......	5.00
......	......	12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	......	11.30	......

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

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G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, 16th Sept, 1870.

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Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1463

THE REV. J. MAY'S

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QUEEN STREET,

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FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

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THOMAS McKAY,

Ottawa Mills, Chaudiere, or from Store Sussex Street.

Ottawa, September 23, 1870 1470

NOTICE.

For sale a SECOND HAND WAGGON. Enquire of

JOHN CHAPMAN,

Queen's Auctioneer opposite the By Ward Market,

Ottawa, September 19, 1870 1465 1

AUCTION NOTICE.

The subscriber would take this mode of informing the public that he is prepared to receive all kinds of goods on consignment, either for auction or private sale at his rooms, York Street, opposite the Market. Parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to call upon him before going elsewhere. His experience, and the testimonials he can furnish, is a sufficient guarantee that their interest will be carefully attended to.

JOHN CHAPMAN,
Queen's Auctioneer,

Ottawa, September 12, 1870 61 1m

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

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SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
Wellington-st.

711tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

Oregon proposes a tax, not on Chinamen, but on all male wearers of queues.

Indians are engaged as hop-pickers in Wisconsin.

A Michigan couple celebrated their wooden wedding at a saw mill last week.

Fashionable idlers on the Continent put on the red cross badge and get railway transportation and passes to the front free of expense or trouble.

A Cleveland man was so mortified at his wife's asking him for pocket money, before strangers, that he had to shoot her twice to keep her quiet.

Squirrels are swimming the Ohio river in droves, and are being killed in great profusion in gardens and yards near the stream.

A Cincinnati manufacturer ships 24,000,000 bungs a year. He must be something of a bungler.

Ashley, Ill., has a four year old mule which is over six feet high, and proportionately large in other dimensions.

The herrings on the Scotch coast are so plentiful this year that the salt and barrels for curing them are for the present exhausted.

A car-drivers' strike in New York turns on the question whether fourteen or seven hours constitute a day's work.

A lady in Oshkosh, Wisconsin, amused herself in Church on Sunday by counting the different styles of doing up the hair, and found forty-one.

Portsmouth in England, the seat of the principal government dockyard, has a population of 120,000, and a public house to every 124 inhabitants—there being 966 in all.

A practical farmer in Wisconsin advertises for a healthy young women to take his name and bring up his five children.

The attendance at a recent meeting at the Church of the Strangers, in New York, represented $100,000,000.

A Cincinnati lady, who poisened her husband, added insult to injury by selling his body to a medical college.

Among the stories from the diamond fields of South Africa, is one about a homestead and kraal whose plastered walls were found studded with diamonds.

Mary Krumpasitisky, of Jeffersonville, Ind., has been divorced from Herman Krumpasitisky, and finds relief in her maiden name, Ponvintamatowski.

The Detroit *Free Press* doubts the stories of a cataract in South America which eclipses Niagara, as there is no testimony to show that nineteen hundred hackmen charging seven dollars an hour, hang around the locality.

A little New Orleans boy, watching his mother wreathe her head with orange blossoms, "O how sweet that is, ma. You look as if pa was dead and you was going to marry some other man."

A New Albany wife excuses herself for marrying another man during her husband's temporary absence by the statement that he promised to stay away only six weeks, but was gone four days beyond the time. Moreover, the new husband threw his predecessor out of the window.

A brief market report. Pens, ink and paper are stationary; new milk is unchanged; brogans are heavy, but dealers generally are firm; wheat is a grain better than oats; wines and liquors generally have a downward tendency; yeast cakes are rising.

Numerous instances are on record of monarchs who have been taken prisoners on the field of battle. We subjoin a few of the best known instances:—

Name.	Battle.	Date.
Stephen of Eng...	Lincoln...	1141
Henry III......	Lewes......	May 14, 1264
David III. of Scot..	Nevil's Cross	Oct 17, 1344
John of France...	Poictiers	Sept. 19, 1356
Francis I........	Pavia......	Feb. 24, 1525
Napoleon III.....	Sedan.....	Sept. 1, 1870

At the French fair recently in San Francisco for the benefit of the wounded French soldiers, a bottle of cordial which was dealt out in a tiny gold cup realized $1,380; one thousand bottles of brandy sold at $10 per bottle; and a matron who attended the fair with a box of snuff in a half hour's time sold the snuff by the pinch for $200.

A scientific French gentleman, Dr. Laborde, has announced the discovery of an infallible means of distinguishing between real and apparent death, by sticking a needle an inch or so into the supposed corpse. The novel element of Dr. Laborde's discovery is, that in the living tissues the needle soon becomes tarnished and oxidized, while in the actually defunct it retains its polish.

The manufactories of Turkey are reported, on reliable authority, to be on the decline. The steel manufactories, for which Damascus was famous no longer exists. The muslin looms of Scutari and Tirnova, which numbered two thousand in 1812, are now reduced to less than two hundred spindles; and Broussa and Diabekir once famous for their velvets, do not now produce one tenth the amount they did forty years ago.

Sir John Burgoyne, who brought the ex-Empress Eugenie over to England, is the head of a very ancient family seated in Bedfordshire since the time of John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaster, who conferred an estate on the family, which gift he is said to have thus versified:

> I, John of Gaunt,
> Do give and do grant
> To Johnny Burgoyne
> And the heirs of his loin,
> Sutton and Potton
> Until the world's rotten.

Sutton continues to be the family seat.

Several naval officers say that when the loss of a ship was discovered in the fleet, the thrill of horror felt by the stoutest men vied with the intensity of kind-hearted anxiety to discover what the the name of the missing ship would turn out, and in no instance was the sorrow more than in the *Captain's* great rival, the *Monarch*, whose gallant chief Commerill was the bosom friend of the glorious Burgoyne, both V. C.'s.

The extraordinary proposal has been made by a distinguished civil engineer of raising the *Captain*. Moving the earth is only a question of fulcrum and a lever, and raising the *Captain* is only a question of power and appliances, but still there is the question. In the meantime the Admiralty will have the spot buoyed. The Admiralty have decided on granting, by way of gratuity, a year's pay to the widows and orphans of those who went down when the *Captain* foundered.

Moynier and Appia, two Frenchmen, have written an interesting book on helping the wounded of armies in the field. Among their anecdotes is one about the Rev. Dr. Eastman, Secretary of the American Tract Society. They say that one day during a battle in this country his horse injured his knee-pan so that he could not walk, and that by order of one of their superior officers, two soldiers carried the chaplain about the field for the purpose of administering consolation to dying and wounded comrades. This must have been a trying ordeal for the pious clergyman.

A party of English sportsmen have just concluded a highly interesting labor. They bought and examined 1,378 lobster, and discovered (probably to settle the question forever) that in the male the blunt tooth claw is always on the left side, and the sharply serrated claw on the right, while in the female this is reversed. Nothing now remains to add to the extreme importance of the general undertaking but to discover whether there is much difference between the flavor of the sexes.

The well-known ancient custom of the Jews to observe the anniversary of their father's death by a religious service celebrated by ten of their members was not neglected at the battle of Woerth. A Prussian doctor, a Jew, observing a soldier evidently in search of something, inquired what he needed. "Are you a Jew?" asked the man. Receiving an affirmative reply, "Come with me then," returned the man. "My comrade wishes to observe the day of his father's death, and we are only nine." It is needless to say that the surgeon readily acceded to his pious request.

Another step in the "Woman Movement." Women have taking to public boat-racing—the most exciting, trying, and in some respects dangerous, of the athletic sports in which men compete. We wonder if these oarswomen are saluted with the same volley of indecent chaff which greet the *equestriennes*—as Jenkins writes when he thinks, poor man, that he is writing French—who ride for prizes at the country trots called agricultural fairs. Truly, we have too much of this. The civilized barbarism of the ballet has grown inveterate, and we can hradly hope, however much we may wish, to reform it away; but, for heaven's sake, let us not devise or admit any new means of lowering and vulgarising woman. It is to be regretted that some of our most respectable papers have chosen to take a jocose view of an incident which is no laughing matter

The *Evening Advertiser* of London, one of the live papers of Canada, says of the venerable city of Kingston:—"There is great lamentation in the venerable city of Kingston. It has already (according to the *Whig*) lost all public spirit. Even the little town of Napanee is passing it in the race for prosperity, and kicking up its heels in the face of the old fossil it is leaving behind. The very merchants of Kingston transfer their business to its thriving rival, and desert the ancient settlement with the royal name. No wonder. Any town that becomes the feeble hanger-on to a Government soon loses all public spirit; and can only be brought to life by a thorough political rousing. Nations as well as towns have discovered this before now, and we hope Kingston will before it is too late. Bestir yourselves, O fossilized Kingstonians; get rid of your political stagnation, and it may be that commercial prosperity will return to your sorrowing home.

The March on Paris.

PILLAGE BY PRUSSIANS.

Correspondence of the Constitutionnel.

LE MANS, September 19.

The trains on all the lines are subject at this moment to considerable delays, and the energetic and intelligent surveillance of the companies is required in order to avoid accidents. Thus, the train which leaves Tours at 5:30, and which usually arrived at Mans at 9 o'clock, did not arrive yesterday till 2 o'clock in the morning. The emigrants from Paris have invaded all the hotels and all the private rooms that was to be had, and, in addition to this, a large number of soldiers are quartered on the inhabitants. I had the greatest trouble in the world to find at the Pelican Hotel, after having knocked at five or six doors, a mattress in a corridor. In such circumstances one must bear inconveniences with a good heart. The railway stations are disgorging travellers and fugitives, who are falling back on the approach of the advanced guard of the Prussians.

In my carriage there was an honest landed proprietor from the neighborhood of Corbeil, whose house was completely pillaged by

THE HORDES OF KING WILLIAM.

They come down upon the villages in bands of 1,000, extort money from the inhabitants, overhaul the furniture, search the cupboards, and appropriate the contents in the most unceremonious manner. On their entry into the villages they find the roads barricaded by means of the felling of trees, but they do not hesitate to order the peasants to clear the ground with a threat of blowing out the brains of any one who attempts to resist their commands. It would seem, however, that the Prussian army, in spite of its terrible successes, is very much demoralized. My travelling companion told me that the hussars, to the number of fifteen, who came to take possession of his house, complained bitterly of the kind of life they were leading.

Personally they profit nothing by the war. It is made for the sole benefit of the King of Prussia, and, as for the poor devils who are under the iron yoke of strict discipline, they can only obey without murmuring, like Scribe's soldier. Their clothes are in tatters, and their appearance is very wretched. Even the Uhlans and the Hussars have less to suffer than the troops of the line, who take no part in the pilfering and the exactions indulged in by the small detachments of scouts and advanced guards. For these latter everything is good. When they pour into a house they grab everything they can lay hands on. Above all things they love a change of linen, and when they have taken shirts or stockings they do not take the trouble to leave their old ones behind them. It is to be hoped that the siege of Paris will make the business of these gentry a little more orderly, and that very few of them, if any, will burden Charon's bark with the fruit of so much robbery and plunder.

I learnt that at Corbeil the Prussian staff of the first army Corps was installed in the house of M. Darblay, ex-Deputy, and took breakfast there. Afterwards the troops passed the Seine on a bridge of boats—in the construction of which peasants, in accordance with the Prussian system, were obliged to assist—in order to proceed towards Paris. It may be supposed that they will try an attack near Ivry. They will then have to deal with the combined efforts of the works of Charenton and Bicetre.

At the moment I am writing, I am informed that the communications with Versailles are interrupted. The enemy's advanced guards are at Rambouillet, at Trape, and probably at Saint Cyr. The Paris line is no longer intact, except with Normandy by way of Caen. I am going to try to get in rear of the enemy by pushing for a point near Nogent-le-Rotrou, or Chartres.

My letter of to-morrow will probably give you details on the attitude of the besiegers in that quarter. Topographically, the Prussians, assuming that they have marched straight on, are to-day under the fire of the forts of Monsrouge and Mont Valerein. Much good may it do them!

MANS

has a thoroughly warlike aspect. The town is crammed with troops. There is a question of establishing here a vast camp which will serve as an auxiliary to

THE ARMY OF THE LOIRE,

the centre of which will be at Tours. Everywhere one meets soldiers joining their respective corps, with arms and baggage. The trains are crowded with troops of the class of 1870, who are proceeding to the depots. One feels reassured at the sight of all these men. It is indeed easy to prove that the movements of the troops are made with intelligence and according to a wisely arranged plan

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dry Goods—Hunton, Shoolbred & Co.
The Golden Lion—R. L. James.
Government House—W. H. Lee.
Wanted—Boarding.

His Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa Arrives by the 7.15 P. M. Train TO-NIGHT.

By a telegram received by the Rev. Vicar General Dandurand it is stated that His Lordship left Quebec by train last night and will arrive as above announced this evening. The Joint Committee charged with the reception, trust that the same ardour shown on Monday night will be exhibited this evening, and they cordially invite the different Societies named in the programme, and the citizens generally, to turn out in large numbers to give a hearty welcome to his Lordship, who has been absent just one year this day.

The Delegates who were to proceed to Prescott are requested to be at the station at 11¼ o'clock to leave by noon train and all those wishing to avail themselves of the Managing Director's kind offer (viz from Ottawa to Prescott and back for one fare) can also start with the Delegates.

E. TETU,
MARTIN BATTLE,
Joint Secretaries.

Ottawa, Oct. 12. 1485 1.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1870.

Despatches were received by the Government yesterday from Manitoba.

The Hon. Joseph Howe was at Brantford on Saturday evening last.

Mr. Capreol, President of the Huron and Ontario Canal, is stopping at the Russell House. He is accompanied by Miss Charlotte Capreol.

Work on the Canada Central Southern Railway has commenced. The first sod was turned at Fort Erie, the eastern terminus of the road, on Thursday last.

We learn that the Minister of Public Works is now engaged in laying out the line of a Sault Ste Marie Canal on the Canada side. The government could not undertake a more thoroughly popular work than this. Anything which makes us entirely independent of our neighbors will have the warm sympathy of the people of this country.

The City council of Toronto not having the fear of the *Globe* and George Brown before their eyes, have unanimously agreed to the congratulatory addresses presented by the Mayor to Baron Lisgar, Sir John A. Macdonald and Colonel Wolseley. Hon. Mr. Brown will wave his editorial lash round some of them before long! Some how or other, however, that lash seems to have lost its sting.

THE COLONIAL QUESTION.

Notwithstanding the interest which is naturally felt in England relative to the progress of continental affairs, it is evident that the Colonial question, which is in reality a subject of far greater importance to the English people, is not entirely forgotten, but is regarded with perhaps closer and more general attention than it ever before has been. English journalists and English politicians who were wont to talk so glibly about abandoning the colonies, are beginning to understand that there is a future to be looked forward to and provided against, as well as a present to be rendered easy and secure, and that despised colonists cut adrift to-day in an inconsiderate and unfriendly manner, would not be by any means certain to remain allies and well wishers of Great Britain, but might and probably would eventually become its bitterest foes. Seeing therefore that Canada and Australia alone are likely before very many years have elapsed to have a population larger than that of the United Kingdom, the most stubborn funatics of Mr. Bright's school cannot help recognizing the importance of the Colonial question.

We are not of those who consider that Canada has had anything to complain of in the acts of the Imperial government; they have guaranteed our loans, leant us much valuable assistance of various kinds, and even when withdrawing a large portion of the troops from this country, have expressly declared that they did not for one moment intend to dispute the responsibility of contributing to our defence against foreign aggression, with all the resources of the Empire. But what the people of this country have complained of, and we think with some reason, is that the importance of questions connected with the Colonial Empire has not been sufficiently appreciated by English statesman, and that while the House of Commons would be crowded when some local question of comparatively trifling importance was under discussion, the introduction of colonial affairs is too often the signal for half the members to leave their seats. It is natural that colonists should feel this, nor is it to be wondered at, if at times they express themselves rather strongly in reference to the inability of some Englishmen to realise the importance of the colonies, or to understand how valuable they are to England.

We have said that we believe that a change for the better has recently taken place in this respect, and that the people of the Mother Country are beginning to regard the colonial question from a broader and more imperial standpoint. While too many Englishmen may still be careless and indifferent as to whether the colonies are abandoned or not, we believe that the number of those who really desire to see the connexion severed, is becoming "small by degrees and beautifully less." Those who give the subject a very little consideration cannot fail to perceive, that the strength and importance of Great Britain in a very large measure arises from the fact that she is the head of a number of growing communities which are fast developing into important states, and that her naval power is greatly dependent upon her possessing a number of secure harbours and coaling stations in all quarters of the globe. The commercial superiority of England likewise depends to a great extent upon the possession of her colonies. The *Alabama* would have been able to accomplish comparatively little, had the Americans possessed Halifax Bermuda, the Cape, Australia, and other places where their cruisers could have coaled and refitted, and from whence they could have issued to the protection of American merchant vessel. Supposing that Great Britain were denuded of her possessions in this hemisphere and were involved in a war with the United States,—it is true that she would not have to assist in defending the Canadian frontier, but on the other hand she would be utterly unable to maintain the blockade of the American ports or to operate effectually along the Atlantic coast. With not a single harbour or dockyard within 3,000 miles, to which her iron-clads could retire from stress of weather or for other causes, the power of the British navy would be lessened very greatly. As we have before pointed out, it is idle to talk about holding Halifax "for Imperial purposes," for were Great Britain to abandon Canada, Halifax would go with the rest. The Americans understand this. An Albany journal says, "No doubt we could conquer Canada, but *so long as Great Britain holds Halifax, she with her powerful navy must exercise an important influence upon the Continent.* Englishmen, whether they are those who really value the imperial honor as they ought, or belong to that school who are only alive to the interest of trade, will do well to bear these facts in mind, relying, as they do, upon the loyalty and good will of the colonists, and resting assured that under any circumstances the people of this Dominion will be found prepared to do their duty.

AID TO THE WOUNDED FRENCH AND PRUSSIANS.

A correspondent suggests that in view of the terrible sufferings which the people of France and Prussia are now undergoing, Canada ought to follow the example of England, and, so far as her ability permits, contribute something towards their relief. We quite agree with "Philanthropos" in so thinking. Canadians are members of the same great human family with those unhappy men, women, and children, who are passing through such a fiery time of trial in Europe to-day, and for the suffering of both nations must feel a deep and sincere sympathy. Any relief fund raised here should be used to assist the sick and wounded of both armies. However much we may be inclined to take part with either one or the other, our prejudices should be laid aside, and our aid extended towards French and Prussians alike. Any movement which may be made with a view of affording assistance to the sufferers would lose all its significance if it assumed the appearance of partizanship.

THE LATE TROUBLES IN RED RIVER.

A pamphlet lately published, relative to the Red River troubles, gives *in extenso* the correspondence which took place between the Governor General and Earl Granville, and between the Dominion government and Mr. McDougall. The two most noteworthy points which are made manifest by the perusal of these documents are, first the utter lack of prudence displayed by Mr. McDougall, and secondly the satisfaction with which the Imperial authorities regarded the line of action adopted by the Canadian government.

Mr. MacDougall evidently understood the course which it was intended that he should pursue. He declared positively that he should not attempt to enter the province until, to use his own words, "*I hear officially of the transfer of authority,*" and in a letter to the Honorable Mr. Howe he said "until the transfer of the government has taken place, and I am notified of the fact," I shall not assume the responsibilities of Government. After having made these statements, he directly issued a proclamation, and authorised Colonel Dennis to levy war against those who might venture to dispute his authority.

The action of the Canadian government has been severely criticised by their enemies, and an effort has been made to prove that they were inclined to yield too much to the discontented and disorderly classes in the new Province. On the 23rd of April Earl Granville telegraphed to Sir John Young as follows:

On the following conditions troops may advance:

1. Rose to be authorised to pay £300,000 at once, and Her Majesty's Government to be at liberty to make transfer before the end of June.

2. Her Majesty's Government to pay expense of British troops only, not exceeding 250, and Canadian Government the rest, sending at least 500 trained men.

3. Canadian Government to accept decision of Her Majesty's Government on all points of the Settlers' Bill of Rights.

4. Military arrangements to be to the satisfaction of General Lindsay.

Our Government did not feel satisfied in agreeing to the third condition, and they therefore deferred replying to Earl Granville, until they were able to state that negotiations with the delegates had closed satisfactorily, and that there was a prospect of a peaceable arrangement of existing differences.

Of the manner in which our Government dealt with this grave and difficult question, Earl Granville says in a despatch to Sir John Young:

"I observe with great satisfaction the anxiety manifested by the Canadian Government to avoid any collision with the insurgents in the Red River settlement, and to exhaust all means of explanation and conciliation before having recourse to force. I entirely agree with your ministers that bloodshed might lead to the most deplorable consequences and should not be risked except under the pressure of the most urgent necessity."

On another occasion he wrote as follows:

"I have much pleasure in acknowledging publicly the singular judgment, decision and conciliation with which your (the Canadian) government has acted since this unfortunate outbreak."

In a letter dated January 26th, Earl Granville gives expression to his opinion of Mr. McDougall's conduct. He says.

I never supposed, as you are aware, that Mr. Macdougall intended to invoke the aid of the Indians. But I am glad to be assured that he never has done so. At the same time I think it unfortunate, however difficult and embarrassing Mr. Macdougall's position undoubtedly was, that any steps should have been taken which could give rise to such an apprehension. I much more seriously regret the proclamation put forth by Mr. Macdougall and the commission issued by him to Colonel Dennis. The proclamation recited that Her Majesty has transferred Rupert's Land to Canada, which has not been done; assumes the authority of Lieutenant-Governor which did not legally belong to him, and purporting to extinguish the powers belonging to Mr. McTavish, who is, in fact, the only legal Governor of the territory.

From official documents we learn that at the close of last year, the commercial tonnage of the United Kingdom amounted to 5,713,671 tons, including 24,187 sailing vessels of 4,765,309, and 2,972 steamers of 948,367 tons. These numbers, as compared with those for the end of the year 1868, show an increase of 46,070 tons in the steam tonnage, but a decrease of 112,929 tons in the sailing tonnage. The British possessions show, at the end of 1869, 11,347 sailing vessels of 1,386,012 tons, and 566 steam vessels of 82,975 tons, being an increase of 5,021 tons in the sailing tonnage, and of 8,371 tons in the steam tonnage. The total for the British Empire, therefore, at the end of 1869, was 35,534 sailing vessels of 6,151,316 tons, and 3,538 steam vessels of 1,031,342 tons, being an increase of 54,441 tons in the steam tonnage, but a decrease of 107,908 tons in the sailing tonnage. The grand total of sailing vessels and steam vessels on the registers of the Empire, at the end of 1869, was 39,072 vessels of 7,182,658 tons, showing, as compared with the end of 1868, a decrease of 1,265 in the number of vessels, and of 53,467 tons in the tonnage. The tonnage on the register of the port of London, at the close of the year 1369, was 1,087,589 tons, as much as 207,059 being steam tonnage; at Liverpool 1,484,973 tons, 237,900 being steam tonnage; Clyde ports, 535,490 tons, 120.066 being steam tonnage; Tyne ports, 379,732 tons, 40,017 being steam tonnage; Sunderland, 244,056 tons, 31,698 being steam tonnage; Hull, 104,804 tons, 67,317 being steam tonnage; Aberdeen, 103,248 tons, 5,319 being steam tonnage. Canada, with Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, shows on the registers 882,709 tons, 31 229 being steam tonnage; Australia and New Zealand, 205,704 tons, 20 349 being steam tonnage; India, 139,499 tons, 7,624 being steam tonnage. Of the whole mercantile tonnage of the British Empire, at the close of the year 1869, 15,997 vessels, of 473,191 tons, were vessels not exceeding 50 tons; and 23,075 vessels, of 6.709,467 tons, were vessels exceeding 50 tons. In the year 1869, 1,102 vessels, of 368,676 tons, were placed on the registers of ports of the United Kingdom—viz., 731 sailing vessels, of 245,373 tons, and 281 steam vessels, of 123,203 tons; 1,032 vessels, of 293,297 tons, were sold and transferred in the year; 755, of 202,482 tons, were wrecked; and 57, of 8,597 tons, were broken up.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A "Life of Napoleon III," from his birth to his present captivity, is announced for issue, as a supplementary number, with *Cassell's Magazine* for October.

The Turkish army of regulars and reserves numbers 460,000 men. The fleet includes one or two splendid iron-clads, and consists in all of 163 vessels mounting 2,283 guns. The Russian army numbers 1,135,000 men.

Sweden, like England, is exciting the jealousy of Germany. Articles expressing sympathy with France have appeared in the *Stockholm Gazette*, and the Swedish Envoy at Berlin has found it necessary to declare that his Government is responsible only for what appears in the official columns of that journal.

Notwithstanding the absorbing interest felt in the fearful war now being waged in Europe, the tidings from distant China are looked for by Englishmen with much anxiety. When the present mail left it was reported that Mr. Wade, on learning that one of the murdered nuns was a British subject, had taken up the matter warmly, and had made strong official representations to Lord Granville on the subject.

In Mr. Kinglake's history of the Crimean war it is stated that it occupied five days, during fine weather, to disembark 26,000 troops, 1.000 horses, and 60 guns. Writers of experience argue from this that England is practically impregnable, as in addition to the danger an enemy would have in running the gauntlet of the fleet, 100,000 men could be concentrated in any given spot for defensive purposes within 48 hours. Mr. Dakin, the new Lord Mayor, Chairman of the Canada Great Western. does, however, not deem London safe from a naval raid, and, like the people of Liverpool, asks that the exterior defences may be made more efficient.

Nature records a curious experiment made by M. J. M. Phillipeaux, in which he transplanted one of the incisor teeth of a guinea pig into the the comb of a cock: On January 13, 1853, M. Phillipeaux, after having made an incision into the head of a young cock, introduced into it the incisor tooth of a guinea pig that had been born a few hours previously. The tooth, very complete, and furnished with its bulb, was so placed that the bulb was at the bottom of the wound, and the extremity of the tooth turned outward. On the day the experiment was made the tooth was 8 millimetres long and 2 millimetres thick. The cock was killed ten months after the operation. The tooth, which, on the day of operation, was entirely concealed and covered in the wound, projected, when the animal was killed, five millimetres from the surface. M. Phillipeaux had dissected out in the specimen the whole length of the tooth, and found that it measured no less than 13 millimetres; it had consequently grown 5 millimetres. The interest of this experiment, which in other respects resembles those of Hunter and Sir A. Cooper, in which the spur of the cock was transplanted to the comb, consist in the circumstance that here a graft was accomplished in one animal of a part belonging to another, belonging to an entirely different zoological class.

Lindsay is going to raise $20,000 for town improvements.

The people of Peterboro' are enthusiastic for railway extension.

Bedford village is making rapid progress.

A quantity of rails for the South Eastern Junction Railway has arrived at St. John's, (Q).

Montreal Hunt Steeple Chase takes place on the 22nd inst.

Aid to the French and Prussian Wounded.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—In England, as most of your readers are probably aware, a 'National Aid Society' has been organized for the purpose of collecting and transmitting funds for the relief of the wounded in the present war. Three weeks ago the amount received and acknowledged by this Society was something over £170,000 or $850,000. Now, it seems to me that unless Canadians feel themselves entirely out of the world, and so cut off from all necessity of sympathizing with their suffering fellow creatures in Europe, they ought to be desirous of emulating according to their means the generosity which the Mother Country is showing on the present occasion. This war has made England poorer in many ways; it has interfered with a great many branches of her Industry, and seriously affected her commerce; and yet England has, *in a public way*, subscribed by this time probably $1,000,000 or over for the relief of French and German wounded. Why then should not Canada, which has not suffered from the war in the least (in some respects, if I mistake not, she has profited by it), do something to show that she too claims to belong to the great family of civilized nations, and that the woes which afflict one portion of the human family affects her also. Canada should claim, *as a privilege*, to bear her part in the noble enterprise which has been undertaken with so much spirit in the Mother country for the alleviation of the sufferings of the unhappy victims of the war. I make this suggestion, Mr. Editor, through your columns trusting that if you approve of it you will give it your support, and recommend such public action as you may think best suited to bring about the end desired.

I am Sir,
Yours very respectfully
PHILANTHROPOS.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.
HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Oct. 11.

Yesterday morning four companies of the 60th Rifles arrived from Fort Garry *via* Collingwood, and embarked for Quebec by steamer *Magnet*. They left Thunder Bay on Thursday evening last. No regular troops now remain in Fort Garry.

At the City Council last evening some of the members objected to the minutes, recording a special meeting at which addresses were voted to Lord Lisgar and Sir John A. Macdonald being entered, on the ground that no quorum was present. At that meeting the Mayor admitted that in order to carry on business he had permitted the names of members to be recorded, as being present although they were not there, thinking that on such an occasion they would not object. The matter was finally settled by the minutes of the informal special meeting being expunged, and the presentation of the addresses confirmed by vote.

Ordination services were held last Sunday forenoon in St. Stephen's cathedral church by the Bishop of Toronto, at which three deacons and five priests were ordained.

An audacious robbery occurred on King street yesterday evening, a man having being knocked down and robbed of his watch, while the street was thronged with people. The thief was caught, but let go on giving up the plunder.

A lively fracas took place on Yonge street last evening between four gentlemen and a number of rowdies, who pushed them off the sidewalk. No arrests.

The *Globe's* special from St. Paul, Oct. 10, says warrants had been issued at Red River for the arrest of Riel, O'Donoghue and Lepine, but were not yet served.

The Manitoba *News Letter* of the 27th September says considerable apprehension is felt for the safety of the detachment of Company No. 7, which parted from the main body at the north-west angle of the woods on September 7th, with only seven days' provisions. The party consisted of 19 men under Ensign Bell. It is supposed their boat may have become damaged on Winnipeg river.

Deserters from the American army are arriving in squads of 4 and 5; they complain of bad usage.

Mr. Alexander McArthur, of Montreal, has arrived at Winnipeg.

Before leaving for New York, Colonel Jarvis addressed the men in very complimentary terms, and spoke highly of their conduct. During his absence of six weeks C. L. Casault would command. He said he would try while at Ottawa to get permission for such of the men as wished to return home at their own expense by supplying substitutes.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, October 11.

Last evening the School of Art and Design was re-opened in the room in rear of Molson's Bank. There was a fair attendance of scholars, besides some of the directors and a few gentlemen interested in the school.

Last evening Professor Bell, of University College, London, England, gave one of his celebrated popular readings in the Mechanics' Hall. The audience was large.

The officers of the Volunteer Militia who served under Colonel Bagot, of the 69th Regiment, on the Huntingdon frontier, during the Fenian raid, have invited that gallant officer, prior to his leaving Canada, to a dinner which is to be given in this city.

While an old man named Everart, who has been a *habitue* of the Recorder's Court for over fifteen years, was taking his dinner in the Montreal jail lately, a chunk of beef stuck in his throat and choked him, so that he died before assistance could be rendered. Medical aid was sent for, but before the doctor arrived the old man was dead.

At the inquest the doctor cut open the throat and extracted the fatal piece which was about an inch and a half thick. A verdict of accidentally choked was returned by the coroner's jury.

The new steamship *Caspian* belonging to the Allan Line, has arrived in port on her first voyage from Liverpool.

The weather to-day is very pleasant. News unimportant.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Oct. 11.

The Council of Public Instruction meet to-morrow.

At a meeting, last evening, of the stockholders of the Levis and Kennebec Railroad, Hon. A. Deloy was elected President, Hon. J. B. Blanchet, M. P., Vice-President, and E. Demers Secretary.

A conference, between the President and Directors of the North Shore Railroad and the City Council, is fixed for to-morrow night.

A steerage passenger, per steamer *Austrian*, entering his name as Captain Hennesy, was arrested this morning at Russell's, St. Louis Hotel, on complaint of passengers who had lost baggage. The accused claimed a number of trunks on Sunday afternoon when the steamer got to Levis wharf, and removed them to the Quebec side of the river. He took two to Russell's, entering his name in the book; two to Henchey's Hotel; and afterwards he made a third trip and came back to the St. Louis Hotel with more baggage. Yesterday hearing complaints of missing trunks by passenger guests at these houses, the Messrs. Russell's shrewdly suspected their man and promptly sent for Detective Matthews. Capt. Hennesy is now undergoing a preliminary examination at the Court House.

The steamer *Georgia*, gulf ports, and three schooners from Labrador have arrived.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, Oct. 11.—The Berlin correspondent of the *Times* sends by telegraph a statement that Italy is about to invite the States having Catholic subjects, to contribute to the support of the Pope.

The *Times* Rome correspondent says Gen. LaMarmora was to arrive on Monday. He would appoint the following council: Interior, Giacomelli; Finance, Praschi; Instruction and Public Works, Ponacci.

Margaret Waters, the notorious baby farmer, was hung to-day for the murder of Miss Cowan's infant. She died protesting her innocence.

Twelve French ironclads passed Dover to-day bound east.

Garibaldi has implored the people of Nice and Savoy to discontinue agitation at present, as it does no good and only embarrasses France in her struggle against Prussia.

A despatch from St. Quentin yesterday says that the Prussians have not reappeared in that section. The were 600 French troops of all sorts in the town.

It may be assumed that the Prussians opened fire on the fortifications of Paris to-day, postponing the bombardment of the city itself until the resistance of the people make it inevitable.

MOVILLE, Oct. 11.—The *Columba*, from New York, and the *Scandinavian*, from Quebec, have arrived.

TOURS, Oct. 11.—The scene of battle which occurred yesterday near Astenay is only three hours ride by rail from the city, and here are collected several thousand troops, infantry, cavalry and artillery. The public is painfully impressed because the troops were not immediately forwarded to assist in the fight.

General Bourbaki has been summoned to Tours to account for his recent conduct. He is charged with having left his post to visit England.

Count Palikao has offered his services to the Republic.

Messrs Reynolds and May have arrived here. They corroborate the report of the situation in Paris by Gambetta. Members of the Government and a great crowd of people collected to witness the start. Louis Blanc was in the assemblage. In a few seconds the balloons were over the Prussian lines, and were greeted with a sharp volley of musketry, rockets, and other dangerous missels better calculated to destroy than bullets. Ballast was thrown out and the wind freshening up the voyagers escaped. Gambetta's balloon descended at Cornil, and for a long time was so close to the earth that one shot from the Prussians wounded him on the hand, and another went through the balloon. Both balloons were ultimately landed north of Amiens.

Another body of Prussian prisoners recently arrived here.

The *Moniteur* of to-day publishes communications from persons in different departments of France now under the control of the Prussians, giving details of the shocking cruelties committed by the Prussians in their endeavors to rise contributions where the people had been impoverished by former requisitions.

The report that General Uhrich will receive the Grand Cross of Legion of Honor is denied.

The Prussians having threated to execute the municipal authorities of Albis, because at that place the Francs-Tireurs surprised the enemy, killing many and capturing others, the French Government has given official public notice that one Prussian prisoner will be shot for every person killed by the Prussians.

The journals of to-day publish news of the death of Prince Frederick Charles.

A large number of prisoners of war, including some Uhlans, arrived here to-day. Crowds of people who had collected to get a glimpse of them, appeared much exasperated.

FLORENCE, Oct. 11.—The King is expected to pass several days at Marengo, to witness military manœuvres.

The members of the Opposition party in the Italian Chambers yesterday voted unanimously to sustain the Ministry in their plan of the unification of Italy.

MADRID, Oct. 11.—Senor Castellor recently received a deputation from France. He delivered a short speech, affirming that the sympathy of the Spanish people was decidedly with the French Republic.

TOURS, Oct. 11.—Gambetta's balloon brought out of Paris 10 kilos. of letters, each weighing 4 grains, 39,000 in number. 18 000 such were waiting despatch in the Paris Post Office. Carrier pigeons have continually more than they can do as postmen.

The Prussians shoot all Franc Tireurs the can capture. This is one reason why they carry the black flag. The attrocities are not committed by large bodies of Prussians, but by those who are not under command of superior officers.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

TOURS, Oct. 11.—Nothing from Paris for a day or two.

It is reported that Garibaldi will take his force into the Vosges to operate against the Prussians.

It is understood that fighting was resumed to-day near Orleans.

The people of Tours are expressing their indignation at the course of the authorities in not seeing that the 15th corps was promptly reinforced.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 11.—The *Journal* declares that Austria was not passive when Rome was obsorbed by Italy. She made energetic representations in favor of the Pope at Florence.

LONDON, Oct. 11.—Advices from Metz to Sunday:—The weather was unfavourable for military operations. The firing from the works was steadily maintained, and there was much sickness in the town.

The Prussians took 2,000 prisoners in the last encounter.

It is stated that Lord Lyons recently suggested to Bismarck the expediency of an armistice. Bismarck replied that Prussia would be glad to make peace at any time and anywhere, but no proposition, looking to a truce, would be entertained for a moment.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The *World's* London despatch states that the attitude of Prussia on the peace question indicates that the strain on German resources is beginning to be severely felt.

The *World's* Ostend despatch says a malignant desease in the German camp outside Metz is filling the hospitals, and overtaxing the surgeons. The deaths for three weeks have averaged 250 per day.

Rinderpest prevails among the army horses, and has extended through Lorraine, part of Champagne, and is feared in the camp before Paris, and has extended into the Rhenish Provinces.

In evacuating Courcelles on the 7th, 15 miles from Metz, the Prussians burned large quantities of supplies.

A Brussels despatch to the *World* says it is believed there that Bourbaki's mission to the Empress was to urge abdication, thus removing all obstacles to a European recognition of the Republic, as the army of Metz cannot be relied on to support the Empire.

The *World's* despatch states it is rumored that Russia has made a secret treaty with Italy by which the Tyrol is to be handed over to Italy.

A Boulogne despatch to the *World* states that Bismarck's officers denies the Prussians investing Paris are mutineers, and anxious for the war to close.

A Florence despatch to the *World* says the enemies of the Pope declare he shall be stripped of everything, and he, with his priests, cardinals and nuns, be sent to Asia or Africa.

Russian journals are filled with hostile comments on Bismarck and Germany.

BERLIN, Oct 10.—The Berlin Chamber of Commerce, in an address to Count Von Bismarck, expresses the hope that the indemnity to be paid by France will be calculated not only on actual losses of ships and cargoes, but also on losses through the confinement of ships in port by the blockade. These points are argued at great length.

The truce at Mezieres ended to-day.

The Duke of Mecklenburgh's corps is marching on Paris.

ORLEANS, Oct. 10.—The commandant in-Chief of the 15th army corps sends the following report to the Minister of War at Tours:—At about nine o'clock this morning, at Ortenay a brigade of Lorguelle and several companies of Chasseurs, were attacked by a considerable force of the enemy, and succeeded in occupying the place.

Genl. Reyon went to the assistance of the French forces with five regiments and four batteries, and also a battery of eight guns. After combatting until three o'clock this afternoon our forces were repulsed into the forest, which I retain, and shall defend at any price. The Prussians outnumbered us.

AMERICAN NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—It is possible that one inspiring cause of the recent neutrality proclamation was the fact, that of the six French gunboats on our coast, three were stationed at New London, two at New York, and one at the mouth of the Chesapeake, thus guarding all outlets by which German steamers would go to sea.

It is asserted that should Morton decline the mission to England, Cox will be asked to accept the appointment.

The committee of New York Fenians whose mission was to influence the President to pardon O'Neill and other Fenian prisoners are still here and are daily expecting the President to grant their petition, which he has promised to do.

Insurance Companies.

ENGLISH.—*Quotations on the London Market.*

Last Dividend.	Name of Company.	Share par val. £	Amount paid. £
8 b 15s.	Briton Medical and General Life.	10	2
10	Commer'l Union, Fire, Life & Mar.	50	5
8	City of Glasgow	25	2¼
9¼	Edinburgh Life	100	15
....	European Life and Guarantee	2½	2s6
5 £2½	Guardian, £10 originally paid	100	50
£1 p. sh.	Imperial Fire	100	10
10	Imperial Life	100	10
10	Lancashire Fire and Life	20	2
11	Life Association of Scotland	40	7¼
35	London Assurance Corporation	25	12½
5	London and Lancashire Life	10	1
40	Liverp'l & London & Globe F. & L.	20	2
14	Northern Fire and Life	100	5
16	North British and Mercantile	50	6¼
50	Ocean Marine	25	5
£9 p. s.	Phœnix		
10	Queen Fire and Life	10	1
11¼	Royal Insurance	20	3
10	Scottish Provincial Fire and Life	50	2½
25	Standard Life	50	12
5 bo £4 15s(A)	Star Life	25	1¼
	CANADIAN.		
4-6mo.	British America Fire & Marine	$50	$25
5	Canada Life	400	50
12	Montreal Assurance	£50	£5
None.	Provincial Fire and Marine	60	$11
$3 p. sh.	Quebec Fire	40	32½
10	" Marine	100	40
5 6 mo's.	Western Assurance	40	10

Marshal Marmont on the Defences of Paris.

Mashal Marmont, who in 1814 co-operated with Napoleon in the brilliant series of battles by which the advance of the allies on Paris was sought to be stayed, and who subsequently surrendered that city, speaks as follows on the defensive works of Paris in his remarkable work on Military Institutions:

Paris has done an immense deal for the power, the glory, and the fame of France. But her capital makes her pay dearly for these advantages, by the weight with which it crushes her when it falls. Now interests which affect the entire kingdom and compromise its very existence cannot be abandoned to the fate of two or three battles; either the frontier must be extended, or the dangers to which it is exposed by the approach of an enemy must be diminished; and there was no other mode of doing this save by preparing an impregnable asylum to the French armies, unfortunate and beaten, who should meet under its walls.

Whatever may be the consequences of the most disastrous campaign, the scattered remnants of the army will always amount to 80,000 or 100,000 men, and supported by regularly constructed forts, these 80,000 men would be unassailable. With the reserves which Paris contains, such as artisans of all sorts, population, riches of all kinds, material of all description, and with the aid of neighbouring departments, the different services of the army would soon be filled up and the losses repaired, and in less than a month an army of 300,000 men, well equipped, and with renovated courage, would be able to march against the enemy. What force would not the enemy require to resist? If he divide he will be weak everywhere, and easily destroyed; if he remain together in order to resist and fight, how long would he live? And what would be his fate after the slightest check?

If, then, the enemy has advanced as far as Paris, the best thing he can do is to take himself off before the re-organized French army can go out to meet him; and he should hasten to carry the war into the Provinces within reach of his resources. Thus the war will be carried back to the frontiers, and all returning into its natural course, there is no longer any cause for apprehending a catastrophe.

WAR NEWS BY MAIL.

AFTER THE BATTLE.

There have been very graphic pictures of recent battle fields from the pens of newspaper correspondents. The following, by an occasional correspondent of the *Daily News*, is not one of the least impressive:

"I mount the hill overlooking Sedan on the north, which was occupied by the French, and my heart sickened at the sight of the vast waste of slain. The hill opposite is blue with the uniforms of the dead Teutons, killed by the men who lie on their backs around me, and far as the eye can see in one direction. I examine them closely. I find that as many are killed by shots in the chest as in the head. I see that many did not die for some time after being shot, and their bodies bear traces of terrible agony. The hands of one are in the very act of tearing open the uniform to admit the grateful blast, while those of another are clenched round a bottle half filled with water, which has been caught at from his near lying knapsack. The brain of one poor fellow is exposed, and the bullet has made a fosse from back to front in his head; a similar trench is cut far up the arm of another, with the bone smashed in a manner almost inconceivable, so numerous are the fractures. All, or nearly all, lie on their backs. I never so fully realized as when standing on this field of slaughter the beauty and eloquence of a line in the matchless dirge which celebrates the death of Moore. I think it runs thus:

Let him lie like a warrior taking his rest.

Here, strange to say, in the midst of a landscape of slain, what took the mind captive was the eternal peace expressed in the pale face of each undistinguished hero. Even the attitude of the bodies of most was that of complete rest. The arms were not drawn down stiffly by their side. They lay with their hands thrown slightly up towards the head as though overcome by fatigue, and by gigantic effort they had flung themselves on their mother earth in a sleep of undying repose. In the midst of so much that was horrible, of heaps of men lying crosswise on each other, of guns and knapsacks strewn about in confusion which was only too suggestive, there was yet something 'beautiful exceedingly' in death as it appeared on the field of fight. Painful reflections were, of course, not wanting. These men had mothers, had sisters had sweethearts; and there were not wanting little tokens in the shape of a locket round the neck, or an unfinished letter which told its own little tale. The brave fellow yonder is at peace after slaying his half dozen Prussians. But Fanny, the chambermaid in the Hotel de Bouillon, Rue de St. Helebore, will have wet eyes when he does not return, and it would be poor consolation to the mother of the man at whose side I have picked up this fragment of a letter to know—even if she could —that his last thoughts before pouring out his life for France was of her, poor thing!"

GRAPHIC ACCOUNT OF THE BATTLE OF SEDAN.

The following account of the battle of Sedan, written by Mr. Woods, the well-known and distinguished Crimean correspondent, reads differently to that of the others, who were never distinguished or known. He says: The battle of Sedan was one of the most disastrous for both French and Prussians that has yet been fought. The Prussian loss is perfectly hideous. They had not, in the hurry of their transit in search of lint and bandages much time to investigate as to the French losses. These, however, seem to have been terribly severe, especially near the little villages of Douzy and Carignan. Here the dead lay in all directions. They were too numerous even for the quick operations of the Prussian corps of grave diggers. The air was positively tainted by the putrefaction of the corpses. This state of things, which was bad from the first, was still worse yesterday, and gentlemen who came down last night say, that the stench over the field, from both horses and men, was intolerable. Every possible haste was being made to inter and burn them; but, in the face of such gigantic numbers as lay strewn about the progress was but slow. You may think that the term 'burn them' is too strong. I can assure you it is a fact. Every one who knows the peculiar cross-shaped camp fires which are dug in the ground when a fierce fire is wanted, will understand what these are on a large scale. The four arms of the cross give great current of air to the stock of combustibles which is heaped in its centre. On these funeral piles both French and Prussians were being laid, and the corpses left to burn, while the rest of the grave digging corps were busy hiding away the other dead in shallow pits, with only a foot or so of earth over them. Still, all their efforts have not sufficed to clear the field from its miserable relics of humanity, and I grieve much to say that among the lines of French dead there were many French peasants. There could be no mistake about them. They were in their ordinary blue blouses, and lay here and there along the quiet country roads. Most of them were on their backs, with their hands up, and their eyes staring, as if they had been shot dead while escaping. I am sorry to have to tell this—very sorry; but it is the truth. I suppose that these unhappy men were shot inadvertently, as I am sure one poor old woman was, who had a bullet through her head, and who lay on her face, with her tumbled scanty grey hairs dabbled in her own blood. I do not wish to dwell on this terrible picture of the field. I went over a space of nearly ten miles, and this was strewn with dead and dying. Most of the wounded that were likely to recover had been removed. They were literally stacked in the villages about—even in the solitary little farmhouses. In one house—and not a large one—I am told that there were no less than eighty wounded. Those that were likely to die, or rather sure to die, were left on the field as they fell. This may seem horrible. It is horrible; but it is war. The men that can be saved are always sought after, and removed in preference to those whose cases are thought to be hopeless. Thus a man who has a bullet through his lungs, is left to pant out the dregs of his existence on the grass, while another who has only a flesh wound through his leg or arm is brought in carefully and doctored up, to be ready to fight again. I do not say that this applies to the officers, but I do say that it applies to the men. The peasantry around the scene of the late fight were starving. The very gentlemen who have been up to the front to aid the wounded have found themselves compelled to give a share of the bread intended for that purpose to the famishing peasantry around them. The Prussians are eating up the very ground they stand on."

"OUR BELLE LORRAINE."

The British chaplain at Darmstadt (Dr. Flemying) draws a touching picture of the miseries of the French population through the war, and relates the following colloquy:—"To one poor woman I said, 'Oh, it must soon end now; the Emperor has given himself up, and MacMahon is again defeated.' She replied, 'Oh, no, Monsieur le Cure; the Emperor is not France—the war is not yet over!' 'But,' said I, 'where are the soldiers?' 'Where?' she replied, her eyes filling with tears, and putting her hand on my arm—'Where? all over France. Three of my sons are killed; but oh, *mon Dieu!* there are yet five ready to go forward.' To another I said, 'But would it not be better that the war should now cease?' 'No, no; I would rather die, and all belonging to me perish, than see our *belle* Lorraine in Prussian hands;' and I said, 'If you thus go on prolonging this war needlessly, will it not be all the worse for poor Lorraine?' The poor thing began to cry and said, 'Ah! Monsieur le Cure; poor Lorraine! In the goodness and charity of your heart, go back now to England and ask them to sends us help, for the love of our God, and then come back here again and see us, and help us, for when the war is over you will see and hear nothing but wailing and sorrow from Strasbourg to Verdun, through all of Alsace and Lorraine.'"

BURNING THE DEAD.

In the light of this vast furnace, writes a correspondent, hideous objects were laid bare. The night rendered visible on the Martyr's Hill—yawning graves, dug to hold three or four hundred persons, reminded the lookers on of the impending destruction of human life. Those common ditches, into which men, women, and children slain by Prussian balls are to be thrown, introduce themselves into the reserved burying places, purchased *a perpetuite* by those rich enough to indulge in grief for dead relations. From the mounds of clay surrounding those hideous trenches, which now intersect the Martyrs Hill, skulls grin out, remains of smashed coffins show themselves, or rags of black cloth, once the undertaker's pride, declare the vanity of all human respectability which has not an upright conscience for its substratum. It seems to me that I have lived more in the last forty eight hours, and gained a deeper insight into life and its objects, than in all the years I have hitherto lived, and all the books I have hitherto read. Those dead bones, thigh bones, arm bones, and vertebræ, that were buried *a perpetuite*, and which are now mixed up with mounds of loose earth; those fragments of monuments which were unscrupulously knocked down to make way for first class ones dedicated for the Imperial war—and that blaze which for miles screens the country in front of us, are the most striking sermons that I know of. As the smoke and flame arose, a chiffonier, with an eye to business, possibly from force of habit, hooks up the ossuary remains of past generations. He is blind, unfortunate wretch! to the horror or the picturesque side of the funeral spectacle. The reflections which I made amid the tombs on the Martyr's Hill, where, I should say, about fifteen hundred citizens had gathered to witness the burning of the forest to the last, were widely different from "Hervey's Meditations," or "Young's Night Thoughts." To the way of Frenchmen to meet the cruel irony of destiny with jibes. And as there can be no more cruel irony than that which spurs on men to seek glory in making war on their brothers, jests were freely uttered by blouses and paletots. The female element sighed out, "Dire que c'est pour deux hommes qu'on a fait tout le mal!" But the males were too defiant to indulge in sighs. The mocking devil was aroused, and they allowed him the fullest swing in the face of that blazing forest, and the yawning graves into which many of those who fainted, screamed, wept, jibed, and made speeches on its brink last night, are to be thrown before the week is over. It is by order of the Hygienic Council, the vice-president of which is M. Jules Fav, that the gigantic trenches on the Martyr's Hill are opened, so that putrified corpses during the siege may not poison the air of Paris.

ITEMS.

M. Pietri, the ex Emperor Napoleon's Secretary at Wilhelmshohe, reports that, physically, his master is decidedly better. He can mount on horseback, and has remained several hours exposed to a heavy fire.

So great have been the losses in the war that Berlin can no longer suffice to supply the bereaved families of the Prussian capital with mourning, and orders are daily sent to Vienna for the necessary articles.

A supplement to the *London Gazette* published on September 26, contains the following:

Foreign Office, Sept. 26.

It is hereby notified that the Right Hon. Earl Granville, K. G., *Her Majesty's* Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has on this day received from Her Majesty's Ambassador at Tours the copy of an official note of September 21, from the French Foreign Department, announcing that the blockade of the German ports in the Baltic Sea has been completely raised by the French squadron.

Bismarck, Hohenzollern, Von Moltke & Co., present their compliments to the royalty, nobility, and gentry of Europe, and beg to announce that, having just succeeded to the entire stock-in-trade, fixtures, and good will of Louis Napoleon Bonaparte late of Paris, now a political bankrupt, they can offer their services as arbitrators, liberators, enslavers, dictators, or dictators of the Universe, on the easiest terms, and on the very shortest notice. B. H., Von M. & Co., have in stock a large number of pretexts for war —*pr jets de traite*, plans of invasion, of defence, systems of unifications, divisions and subdivisions of territory, and other requisites for professors of the art of statecraft; also a large number of the maps of Europe and the world, on an entirely new projection, in which the boundaries of certain countries are advanced or retrograded to suit the taste of the buyer. The firm would, moreover, especially direct the attention of all to the magnificent gun of the alliance, and to their world renowned Theory of Journals, one trial of which will be sufficient to prove that their reputation is not undeserved. Among the many testimonials they have received, B. H., Von M. & Co., can point with pride to those they have obtained from H. I. M. Francis Joseph, Emperor of Austria; H. M. the late King of Hanover; H. M. the King of Denmark; His Excellency Count Benedetti; Field Marshal Count Von Benedek; Marshal Bazaine; Marshal MacMahon; Duke de Magenta, and other distinguished clients too numerous to mention. Terms—cash, or security on land. Payment not required until purchasers are convinced of the value of their wares. A large stock of kings and princes for vacant thrones, and raw material—always kept on hand—for the battle field, always kept on hand. Address Bismarck Hohenzollern, Von Moltke and Co., Palace, Berlin, or Tuileries, Paris. Letters to be prepayed.

A large number of rails have arrived at Montreal for the Toronto, Grey & Bruce Railway.

Mr. John Wilson, of Wilson's Mills, Prescot, last week killed a Chester White hog which dressed 615 pounds, and was sold to the butchers for $64.59 or 10½ cents per pound.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Wool Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 25c to $2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvin" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

WANTED.

In a private family board for gentleman and lady, within ten minutes walk of Post Office. Address.
O. P. E.
Times Office.

Ottawa, August 11, 1870

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
COAL AND WOOD STOVES,
BOTH NEW AND SECOND HAND.

The subscriber will sell at his Sale Room on WEDNESDAY, October 12, 1870, Six Fancy Coal Stoves of different sizes, several Wood Stoves. A large Cooking Stove, wood, and 1 do. medium size, second hand.

SALE AT 10 A.M.

Terms cash.
Sale positive and goods must be removed immediately after the close of sale.
A. BOWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Oct 10, 1870

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Departs... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
... 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.
Office—York street, corner of Sussex
A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Ladies are invited to see Garland, Mutchmor & Co's grand display of Millinery and Mantles.

All was quiet at the police station last night.

Masonic.—The lodge of Fidelity meets to-night.

A disgraceful fight occurred between two women the evening before last at the corner of Cumberland and York streets.

A child slipped on the Sappers' bridge this forenoon, and nigh went feet first into the raging canal beneath.

Latest Styles out, in Millinery and Mantles, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co's Millinery and Mantle Show Room is now open.

Cordwood is rapidly coming in by barges. Too much of it cannot come.

The streets are once more covered deep with mud. It would do no harm to scrape them. Metcalfe street is in a particularly disgraceful state.

The fine weather which we have enjoyed for so long a time was broken yesterday afternoon by heavy rain, which continued to fall during the greater part of the night.

The General Committee for arranging a dinner to be given on the fifth of November, will meet in the Orange Hall this evening.

The business of the Canada Central Railway continues to steadily increase. A large number of passengers left by yesterday evening's train. Freight is being sent away in large quantities.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked ...

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

In Bloom Again.—We were informed today that in the orchard of a gentleman residing in this city can be seen an apple tree in full bloom; and by a gentleman from near Richmond that several plum trees in that vicinity are again in bloom.

A large number of nets have been seized in the Gatineau lakes by the Fishery overseer. It is said preparations had been made by dishonest fishermen, for an extensive haul of fish but it is thought this action of the overseers will prevent any such depredations.

The inhabitants pray the City Council to keep the crossings in Sparks street clean during the coming fall. During the last wet weather the crossings at the corners of Metcalfe and Sparks streets were only inches deep under a black loathsome ...

The Piling Ground.—Mr. Eddy still continues to add more piling ground to the immense extent he has already in use and prepared for use. The piling ground now being prepared necessitates the employment of a large number of men, and is a work of no little magnitude. As soon as the ground is prepared the tram railway will be laid over it.

Sale of Horses.—The auction sale of ... horses on the market square yesterday by Mr. Rowe was well attended. The horses were all pretty heavy built animals, but some of them are either played out or had not seen oats for some time previous to the sale. They brought from $20 to over $100 each.

The band of the Ottawa Brigade Garrison Artillery is practising zealously and making great improvement. It is in contemplation to add a few reed instruments to the brass ones now used. Should such be carried out it would be a wonderful improvement and make very superior music.

Auction Sale of Stoves.—Mr. Rowe, auctioneer, advertises for this morning a sale of coal and wood stoves, to take place at his rooms. This will be an excellent opportunity, as the season is now ..., and we understand the sale is without reserve. The hour named is 10 o'clock this morning.

A Wild Woman.—On Monday evening the woman McQuade, who appeared at the Police Court this morning, took, and until the arrival of a policeman, held undisputed possession of a portion of Clarence street. She paraded up and down the street in a threatening manner, any person approaching her being sure to receive a blow from some weapon. Her husband, the only man who endeavored to arrest her career, received a severe cut on the head from a tomahawk which she held in her hand at the time. She created great consternation among the inhabitants of that neighborhood for a time.

The Market.—Tuesday—There was a very large attendance on the market this morning, produce of every kind being in good supply. Prices were little changed from last quotations.

Hay, of which there was an abundant supply, sold for $18 to $20 per ton.

Pork which was also very plentiful, sold for $8.50 to 9.00 per 100 pounds.

Potatoes 45 cts. per bushel.

Butter 20 to 25 cts. per pound.

Police Court—Tuesday.—Terrence Sullivan was charged with drunkenness. Case adjourned.

Joseph Gautier, disorderly conduct on the public streets. Fined $5 and costs.

Alexander Loyer, same offence, was fined $2 and costs.

Zena Bellefeuill, do., do.

Margaret McQuade, charged with disorderly conduct, was remanded until Wednesday.

The Fire Relief Committee beg to acknowledge with thanks the following goods:

Mr. Blow, Lachute, a lot of clothing.

James Riddell, Fitzroy; clothing and blankets to value of $50.

Inhabitants of Picton, Ont.; 2 boxes of clothing.

Mr. Thomas Hendry, Kingston; 1 box clothing.

Inhabitants of Kingston, per A. Cameron, 3 cases clothing.

Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1870.

Arrival of the Roman Catholic Bishop.

Two telegrams were received yesterday stating that His Lordship Bishop Guigues will certainly arrive by train at half-past seven o'clock. Those who purpose to be at the station on the arrival of the train are requested to be there by *seven* o'clock this evening. The procession will start from the station as per programme to the Cathedral, where the addresses from the different Societies will be read. On the arrival of the train the bells of the church will be rung, cannons fired, and other demonstrations of joy made. The torchlight procession will take place after the interesting and imposing ceremonies in the church are concluded. The choirs of the Cathedral and St. Joseph's Church will be under the able direction of Chevalier Smith, who will also preside at the organ.

L'Orignal Fall Assizes.

The Fall Assizes were opened by Chief Justice Hagarty at L'Orignal, at 12 o'clock noon on Monday last, Oct 10, 1870.

The following are the names of the Grand Jurors:

Wm. Allison, foreman; Nelson Burwash, John Cameron, James Colligan, Robert Fraser, Alexander Kingsbury, Hugh McDougall, Malcolm McQuaig, John Miller, Donald McKaskill, James Ogden, Richard P. Pattee, Wm. Sherman, Samuel Stephens.

The Chief Justice complimented the Grand Jury for having so few cases to consider. They were not to convict parties, but send them down for trial to a *Petit* Jury, they as Grand Jurors exercised their functions over every other juror. The Grand Jury acted as a medium between a prisoner and the petit jury, and if they saw any sufficient cause in the evidence they were to send him down for trial. There were many preposterous cases brought before a Grand Jury, and it lay in their hands to save a man from disgrace and trial. In that manner they acted a charitable part. There being no prisoners in gaol their duty was merely formal, and as this Court rarely exceeded two days their duties were not very arduous.

There were only three cases of a criminal nature for trial, one for arson, and two cases of forgery, which lay over since last Assizes.

The first case entered was that of Levi *vs.* Smith—Mr. P. O'Brien for plff.; Mr. Dartnell, County Attorney, and Mr. Mosgrove for dft. This was an action of damages for breach of contract and money paid. The declaration set out a contract by the defendant, Matthew Smith, to deliver 1,000 railway ties to plaintiff, a storekeeper, doing business at Fournierville. The deft. pleaded that it was a condition precedent to the delivery of the ties that the plaintiff should count and cull them at the Scotch river before they were rafted at Hagar's mill dam, on the Nation river. The plaintiff failed to do so at either places, and as to the money counts, the payment into court of $34 in discharge of that part of plaintiff's claim. On these pleadings issue was joined. Damages were laid at $200.

Harris Levi, sworn, said he promised to advance $40 on account, and to pay the balance on delivery of ties; defendant sent to him for the $40, which a Mr. Gallagher advanced, saying witness could repay him, if Smith did not do so; Gallagher afterwards told him Smith had not paid the money, and on Friday last witness sent to pay the amount to Gallagher, when he was told the money had been paid. The case occupied about three hours, and several witnesses were examined, when his Lordship said there must be a judgment for the defendant on all the counts.

Levi *vs.* Piton.—In this case there was the same plaintiff. It was also a breach of contract in not delivering 10,000 railway ties, and damages were laid at $3,000. The plaintiff took possession of defendant's raft of timber, and carried it to Kendrick. The Defendant was an absconding debtor. After the action was commenced Defendant made an assignment to Mr. Johnson of L'Orignal, the official assigneer, and was now the principle creditor of Picton. His Lordship made an order that the assessment of the damages should be deferred over this court leaving the plaintiff to proceed hereafter as he might see fit; the difficulty was, that the plaintiff having taken possession of the raft must now account for it according to its value.

The case was then stopped.

The following was the presentment of the Grand Jurors of the Counties of Prescott and Russell:

The Grand Jurors for the United counties of Prescott and Russell for the Fall Assizes, 1870, beg leave respectfully to present to the Court as follows:

They have carefully examined the County gaol and have found the same in unexceptional good order and cleanliness in all respects, and have only one subject to report on, namely, the total absence of any provision for the comfort of the Grand Jurors in their grand jury room when engaged in the transaction of the county business, there being no chairs provided for their accommodation, some old packing boxes being the only seats supplied them.

They trust that the want to which they have thus called attention may be supplied before another Court.

All of which is respectfully submitted, for self and fellow jurors.

WILLIAM ALLISON, Foreman.

L'Orignal, Oct. 10, 1870.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, the 10th day of May, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the provisions of the 58th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 12, intituled "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following regulations for the guidance of passengers and employes on the Government Railways in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick be and the same are hereby approved and adopted.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

Oct. 10, 1870 1185 3

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap 38,) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY OF FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES,
Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks,

Ottawa, Oct. 5, 1870 1479 6w

AUTUMN. 1870.

"THE GOLDEN LION,"

SPARKS STREET,

Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE.

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in

HATS,

BONNETS,

FEATHERS,

Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c

Fashionable Velveteen Hats.

From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets,

$1.50 upwards.

New Paris Jackets,

In Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Underclothing,

A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods,

A complete Stock.

R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins to hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties, &c.,

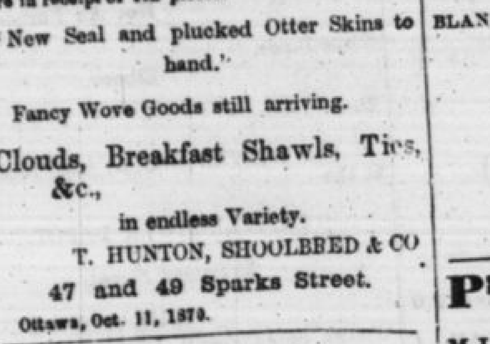
in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870.

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS



HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS,

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

APPLES

—AND—

SWEET POTATOES,

On Sale.

43 Sussex S...

L. N. NYE.

Ottawa, Oct 11, 1870 1484 3

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

WILL OPEN THEIR

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM

—ON—

FRIDAY, 7TH OCTOBER,

With a Grand Display of latest LONDON Styles in MILLINERY and MANTLES, Ex S S "PERUVIAN."

—COMPRISING THE LATEST STYLES IN—

STRAW VELVET and TERRY BONNETS

STRAW, FELT and VELVET HATS.

DRESS CAPS, HEAD DRESSES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c.

MANTLES.

They invite special attention to their stock of French and German JACKETS, made by French and German Tailors out of beautiful materials, cut and made in a superior manner.

All purchased during the great War Panic, at a little more than half usual prices.

MANTLE CLOTHS,

In all the leading Cloths and Colors,

WATERPROOF CLOAKS, in new styles, ready-made, and made to Order.

SHAWLS.

CLAN TARTAN WOOL and PAISLEY SHAWLS, in variety.

Orders for Millinery and Mantles executed by good experienced hands, with promptness and despatch.

Ladies are invited to call and see the new styles, whether wishing to purchase or not.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

FALL AND WINTER STOCK,

And are shewing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c.

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES

HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

OUR STOCK

—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY, TAILO...

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS,

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL

Dry Goods.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY,

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

PURCHASERS are invited to view all the leading NOVELTIES in Dress Materials, this day.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

WINCIES,
COBOURGS,
PLAIN LUSRES,
FIGURED DO.
PLAIN REPPS,
FIGURED DO.
SERGES
ALPACA CORDS,
FRENCH MERINOES,
PLAIN SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS,
FIGURED SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS
BRIGHTON DIAGNAL COSTUME CLOTHS
BLACK REVERSIBLE LUSTRES,
TARTAN WINCIES,
DO. CAMLETS,
DO. POPLINS,
DO. PLAIDS,

LADIES and others interested in the purchase of DRESSES are respectfully invited to examine our Stock and see for themselves the extraordinary value.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-t1N.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,
MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

BAZAAR.

The Annual Bazaar, in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, will be held on Monday the 24th day of October instant.

Donations in aid of the fancy and refreshment tables, will be thankfully received by the following Ladies:—

Fancy Table, Cathedral Parish, Mrs Higgins Mrs Goodwin and Mrs Bermingham.

Do do St. Joseph's Parish, Mrs Brophy, Mrs. Kehoe, Mrs Plunkett, Mrs Whelan, Miss McDonell, Miss O'Connor, Miss McCarthy.

Do do St. Patrick's Parish, Mrs O'Connor, Mrs A Hearn, Mrs Nagle and Mrs Mullin.

REFRESHMENT TABLE.—Mrs George Murphy, Mrs Rhodes and Mrs Enright.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870 1484 240

THE MERCHANT'S BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.

THOMAS KIRBY.
Manager.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1168 1m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

FOR CHEAP

JOB PRINTING

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE.

33 Sparks Street,

Ottawa

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know,
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot),
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for fam...

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,

Dubli Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general

Groceries,

Wines,

and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for ... A few trials will prove their superiority ... common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No 126, Rideau Street.

4th Jan., 1870.

EAU DE VIE BLANC,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavoring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa Oct 5 1870

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, Oct. 8, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice, 12 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Lake Harbor work," and will be received at this Office until Thursday, the 25th day of November next, for improvements at the following mentioned places:

At CHANTRY ISLAND, Lake Huron, the construction of a Breakwater and Beacon of Crib Work.

At GODERICH, Lake Huron, the Dredging and Pier-work necessary to form a new entrance channel to the Harbor, and the enlargement of the Inner Basin.

At RONDEAU, Lake Erie, the enlargement of the channel, deepening a portion of the Basin, and the construction of Entrance Pier, &c.

Plans and specifications of the respective works can be seen at this Office, or at the Custom House, Goderich, on and after Monday, the 7th. day of November next, where printed forms of Tender can also be obtained.

Tenders may be sent in for the work at one, or all of the places; but they must in all cases be made out in strict accordance with the printed forms

The signatures of two solvent reliable persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 5, 1870 1484 10

CANADA CENTRAL

AND

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over these Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4.40 p. m.

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 13, 1870 1466tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October next,

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORSLE
Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1462td

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits; but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

1397 3eod

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.................. ......$300,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £83 10s. Total outlay by assured, £112: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 9s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d. or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $460 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

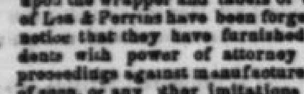
OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,
1407 3m Agent

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
Declared by Connoisseurs
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 law

DOMINION
TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,
34 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO, ONT.
ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

☞ LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards. For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

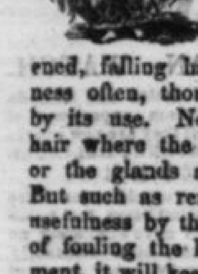
DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,
For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S
TRADE MARK.
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
MESSRS GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.
PREPARATIONS
FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING,
AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S MINERALISED ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2aw6m 1awk6m

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
7921 P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.

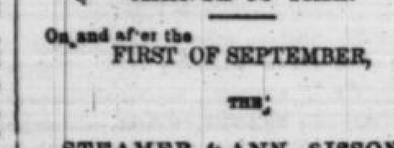
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the
FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,
THE
STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 3 p. m. The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Haveleck daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 2, 1870 144tf

MR DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 219tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virture of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the under signed and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

The tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order
F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 1, 1870 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

GREAT
CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans; and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850	miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736	do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730	do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	110	do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J P CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to England & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau st.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—

☞TEAS AND WINES,☜

6 HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

I can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash. It preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
E A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE
Canadian Parliamentary Calendar
AND
Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from
HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. ☞ Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." ☞ Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

☞For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 1

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 26th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 6 1442

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Med

The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.3 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS
TRADE—MARK
ANCHORA VIRTUS VALET
GARDNER MONTREAL
AND GROCERS
...ttawa

GARDNER'S
QUININE
☞ WINE BITTERS,☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDENER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

☞ ☞ ☞ ☞ ☞ ☞

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

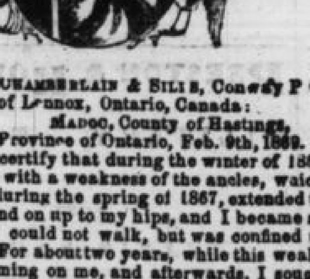
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hosey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & BILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

☽ Alkabasar ☾

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6 1415-y

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

U
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven
Cook Stoves.
Low Oven
Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.
Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.
Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.
Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.
Elbows.
Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of Stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT.

Hull, September 29, 1870 1456 1m&w31 2m

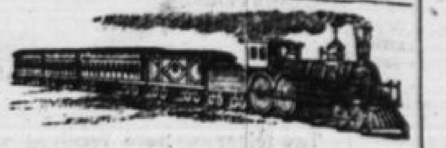
NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, Augus 6 3m

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3.40 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time,

R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOW

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......................$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown......................... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......................$100 00
Halifax... 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer........... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown......................... 30 00
Halifax... 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer........... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

... Ma 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK
—OF—
☞FEET WARE☜

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STOR
YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the *Legislature* of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1369 td Tawk.

Sarsaparilla

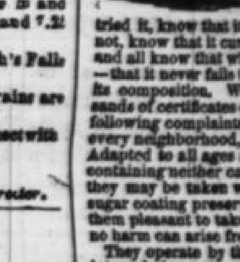
... they were painfully afflicted ... cured in such great numbers ... tion of the country, that the public ... be informed of its virtues ...

Scrofulous poison is one of the ... enemies of our race. ...

... Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, ...
Practical and Analytical Chemists
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

For all the purposes of a ... Medicine.



... tried it, know that it cured them; ... not, know that it cures their neighbors and ... and all know that what it does once it does ... —that it never fails through any fault or ... its composition. ...

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical ...
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron W T Mackenzie, Esq., McMaster, Esq. H S Howland, Esq., Eq. A T Fulton, Esq. Angus Morrison, Esq., J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J ... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its ... shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and ... promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway ... important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusters ...

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

1298tf

FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis
DATURA TATULA
Affords Immediate Relief

"A remedy of great usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*"

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal of Medical Science.*"

"The smoke causes no nausea. ... kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander.* Hon. B. Stuart.

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes ...

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., ...

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the Digestion and ASSIMILATION OF COD LIVER OIL, fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive ... perior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, ... and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles ...

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best ... taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. ...

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at
MR. BOWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business. Apply at the References given if required.

TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870 1454-tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by The OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 28, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

VOL. ...

Legal ...

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Attorneys-at-Law, ... Solicitors, Notaries Public ... Ontario and Quebec ... over Davie's Book ...

M. W. WARD, ... Fahey & Ward, ...

HORACE LAPIERRE, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor ... and Notary Public, ...

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney ... Chancery, Conveyancer ...

E. HAYCOCK, ... Solicitor-in-Chancery, ...

EDWARD T. DAY, ... Solicitor, Attorney ...

J. HEARA, Attorney ...

MUSGROVE & ..., Solicitors, &c. ...

J. TETREAU, N..., Notary of Quebec ...

Medical.

... Physician ...

A. ROBILLARD, ... Accoucheur. ...

J. C. LEGGO, ... Accoucheur. ...

R. OLIVER, ... Sparks-street, ...

Hotels.

WAVERLY HOUSE ...

HALIFAX ...

RICKWICK HOUSE ...

... SURGEON ...

... OPPOSITE ...

HUTCHISON ...

Ayer's ...

The [crest] Times

VOL. V. NO. 1486. | OTTAWA, THURSDAY. OCTOBER 13, 1870. | PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

...RIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Pro... Ontario and Quebec. ...over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, ...

...Kay Wright. 42w F C CLEMOW.

...W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, ...Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery ...to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel ...Elgin-st.

...ACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ...Ottawa. 368y

...O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-..., ...Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

...HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary ...and Patent Right Solicitor Office—In ...opposite Russell house, Elgin-st. 43utf

...& GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the ...House, Ottawa. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

...WARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister ...Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk ...Peace and County Attorney, for the United ...of Prescott and Russell, Office—In the ...House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

...KEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and ...Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, ...Conveyancers, &c. for the Provinces of Ontario ...Quebec. ...Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, ...Keefer. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

...ASSPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, ...Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., ...Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

...HARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's ...Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

...GROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, ...street, Ottawa. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON ...MOSGROVE.

...TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post ... 1061f

Medical.

...HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, ...that recently occupied by Dr. Mal..., ...Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

...ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug ...East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office ...from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. ...—Special attention given to the treatment ...of the EYE and EAR. At night can ...at his residence, Murray street.

...C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-...

...OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

Hotels and Saloons.

...VERLY HOUSE.

...BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX NOVA SCOTIA.

Established 1851.

...ent and transient boarders accommodated ...every attention paid to their comfort. ... JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

...CKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., ...the Court House and Public Offices, ST. ...ARINES, Ont. E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor. (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) ...A spacious sample-room for commercial ... 859y

...ORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

...POSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

...HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply ...of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth ...ending, on either gold, silver or vulcanite ...plates, fitting so closely and easily to ...as to be capable of all the uses to ...natural teeth are applied, without the ...inconvenience to the wearers, and after ...a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally ...foreign to the mouth. ...with a view to the removal of painful ...experiences during the operation of extracting ...or diseased teeth, has introduced into ...practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or ...gas, which the sufferer inhales without ...inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if ...a pleasant dream. ...be consulted any day, except Sunday, ...from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. ...September 2, 1870

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

...MINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

...ence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

...the patronage of the Lumber Merchants ...ally on the Ottawa. From his long experience ...the trade he offers his services in engaging ...attending to their rafts while passing ...the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

...Esq. Walter Smith, Esq. ...Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1324l.

...DOWARD, Organist, Christ ...Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing ...Connor street. Mr. Doward was ...Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr ...of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1398y

...yer's Cherry Pectoral,

...Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

...never before in the whole history of ...anything won so widely and so deeply ...confidence of mankind, as this excellent ...for pulmonary complaints. Through a long ...of years, and among most of the races of ...it has risen higher and higher in their estimation ...it has become better known. Its uniform ...character and power to cure the various affections ...of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to ...forms of disease and to young children, it is ...same time the most effectual remedy that can ...for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should ...on hand in every family, and indeed as all ...sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all ...be provided with this antidote for them. ...settled *Consumption* is thought in... ...still great numbers of cases where the disease ...settled, have been completely cured, ...the patient restored to sound health by the ...*Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery ...disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that ...obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing ...could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* ...subside and disappear. ...*and Public Speakers* find great protection from it. ...is always relieved and often wholly ... ...is generally cured by taking the ...*Pectoral* in small and frequent doses. ...generally are its virtues known that we need ...publish the certificates of them here, or do more ...assure the public that its qualities are fully ...

...yer's Ague Cure,

...Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, ...Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb ...Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., ...indeed all the affections which arise ...malarious, marsh, or miasmatic ...

...name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not ...Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, ...any other mineral or poisonous substance ...it in nowise injures any patient. The ...and importance of its cures in the ague districts ...are literally beyond account, and we believe ...a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. ...pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we ...of the radical cures effected in obstinate ...and where other remedies had wholly failed. ...acclimated persons, either resident in, or ...through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily. ...*Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity ...Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating ...Liver into healthy activity. For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is ...excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed. ...Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical ...Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold ...the world.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

...ffers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large ...nd well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars*

MESS PORK, ...CKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

...the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries in all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age. HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY.

...igh proof and ...avor, at extremely low prices. Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom. Dunville's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts. Molson's and other Ales. Sugars and Syrups, all grades. Sale atrefiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or bar ains. 1105

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready or inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞ THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c., &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

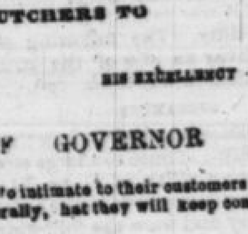
Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,



BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, hat they will keep constantl on hand

FRESH KILLED STALL-FED

☞ BEEF AND MUTTON. ☜

ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES.

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever causes. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic "Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for "Medical Purposes are of great importance to "Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled "to the consideration and support of every "one disposed to further the advancement of "real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M D, F R C P

"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M D, F. R. S.

"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.

"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D, M R C S

"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R C S"

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of, by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

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N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgic, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

of the Village of Kenmore,

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE, Assignee, 401 Notre Dame St

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw2?l

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 34, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa.

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SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

BOARD.

A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.

Ottawa, September 19 1870 1466tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER ☞ FAIRY ☜ CAPT. NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

Hardware.

PRIZE STOVES!

PRIZE STOVES!!

At the Exhibition we were awarded FIRST PRIZES as follows:

First Prize for Elevated Oven Cook Stove.

First Prize for Low Oven Cook Stoves.

First Prize for Parlor Stoves.

First Prize for Hall Stoves for Coal.

First Prize for Hall Stoves for Wood.

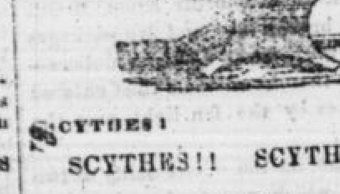
First Prize for best assortment of Tinware.

The above Prize Tickets can be seen in our window.

Our Fall and Winter Stock of Stoves is now complete, all of the very best description.

☞ *Hot Air Furnaces fitted up to Order.*

H. MEADOWS & CO., "Capital" Stove Depot. 35, Sussex St.



SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

☞ *HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.* ☜

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whittings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Forks, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottaw 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deli Milk saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

PRESCOTT STOVES

ON HAND.

☞ COAL OIL ☜

OF THE BEST QUALITIES SENT HOME FREE OF CHARGE,

50cts. to 60cts. PER GALL.

TRY IT.

Have your

STOVE PIPES

Put up at once and avoid the rush.

We have now the

MOST COMPLETE

AND

BEST ASSORTED STOCK IN THE CITY.

Any thing you want ask for it.

ESMONDE BROS.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

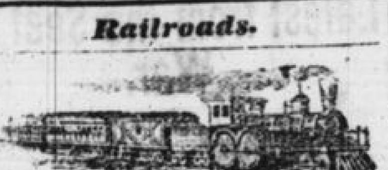
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.t

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours. Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director 1447tf

June 3, 1870.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8:30 a m
Night do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	4.00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 a m
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	
The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6 00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Directo

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street: A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours. Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 8, 1870, 1425tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	MAILS	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
11.15		3.00	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		4.00
6.00			Montreal, by Steamer			
11.15			Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		4.00
7.30		8.00	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.45		7.30
11.15		8.00	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	9.45		4.00
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.			6.30
5.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	8.00		6.30
		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	11.00	
5.00	11.00	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	9.45		4.00
7.30	11.15		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		
11.15			North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		
7.30			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.00		1.00
8.00		4.30	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway			1.00
8.00			For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway			5.00
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays		11.30	
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, 16th Sept, 1870.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

☞ FIRE AND WATER PROOF, ☜

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,

Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materia and Founder's Supplies,

32 Lemoine Street, Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the

FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa August 9 1870 1431tf

TO LET.

From 1st November next, a DWELLING HOUSE, 10 rooms, Corner Sussex and Patrick Streets, at present occupied by W. B Lindsay, Esq.

THOMAS McKAY,

Ottawa Mills, Chaudiere, or from Store Sussex Street.

Ottawa, September 23, 1870 1470

NOTICE.

For sale a SECOND HAND WAGGON Enquire of

JOHN CHAPMAN,

Queen's Auctioneer opposite the By Ward Market.

Ottawa, September 29, 1870 1475td

AUCTION NOTICE.

The subscriber would take this mode of informing the public that he is prepared to receive all kinds of goods on consignment, either for auction or private sale, at his rooms, York Street, opposite the Market. Parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to call upon him before going elsewhere. His experience, and the testimonials he can furnish, is a sufficient guarantee that their interest will be carefully attended to.

JOHN CHAPMAN, Queen's Auctioneer,

Ottawa, September 12, 1870 61 1m

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

Inside Paris.

A correspondent from the New York *World* writing from Paris says:

The activity of the Prussians is something remarkable, and every day brings out some new tricks. While writing the last paragraph above, I heard a shout in the streets and saw a crowd of soldiers running after a milk-cart. In less than a minute the cart was surrounded by troops, and the streets filled with people. This milkman was a Prussian distributing cartridges in his milk-cans. The way he staggered in in carrying one of these cans into a suspected house led to an inquiry, and while he was being watched the man saw that he was suspected and drove away. But he was captured and taken off to the Maire. Beyond doubt the cartridges are for some of the guns which "the people" have demanded so loudly, such facts show why the Prussians have spoken so confidently of finding help in Paris when they began the attack.

A soldier was arrested yesterday because the number on his cap had a strange appearance. On examination it, was found that the number was all right, and of French manufacture; but here comes the curious part of the story: This soldier was really a German, who had taken the cap the uniform and the livret of a French soldier. The man was baffled upon the the last part relating to the campaign. The man was about to be released when the maker of the number declared that it was all right, but a slight accident soon showed that an important capture had been made. This is one of the singular incidents of our daily life.

Since we have no police, *messieurs les voleurs*, thieves and pickpockets are having their carnival. Every day brings out some new form of rascality. On Tuesday there was an amusing case. A big, hard-faced butcher was arrested with a bundle under his arm. It was found to contain the body of a lamb killed. As a number of sheep have been missed by the shepherds in the Bois de Boulogne, this butcher was charged with stealing the lamb. In court he gave the following explanation: He went to the Bois for a bit of fresh air, and there saw a poor little lamb, very sick. The soldiers guarding the flock did not know what to do with it. He offered to take compassion on the poor sick creature and the soldier gave it to him, charging him not to tell.

"*Voyons*," said the judge, that is a very likely story. Confess that you have stolen and killed many lambs in that way."

"Me?" cried the butcher with a motion of horror at the thought: "me kill a poor little innocent lamb, when I could never bear the sight of blood! I never could bear to hear a chicken cry even."

There was a strong smell of blood about this tender hearted butcher and his clothes were almost reeking with it. These words raised a laugh throughout the court-room and, as soon as his hand was steady enough, the magistrate wrote, "Three months."

Another favourite mode of raising money is to pass around a box with the red cross of Geneva upon it, begging for aid for the wounded. A well-dressed man was arrested yesterday with a box containing some fifteen or twenty francs, the proceeds of his morning's work. The money was taken to the society, and the man to prison. A favourite way with women is to beg money to bring home the body of a dead husband or son, according to the age of the lady.

The chase after spies has led to so much abuse that a general order has been issued forbidding the National Guards, or others who have not a regular order of justice, to enter the house of a citizen or to lay hands upon his person. The law punishes severely arbitrary arrests or a violation domicile. The Prefect of Police promises to execute all laws effectually. The Prefect says that he is convinced this notice will be sufficient to place the liberty of the citizen and the safety of his fireside under the safeguard of the troops of the nation. In the face of the enemy a scrupulous regard for the law is the first defence of the city.

Proprietors of fine houses left empty are again in trouble, and the concierges are in a dreadful state of excitement and virtuous indignation. An order has been issued to the peasants who have fled to the city to take possession of any empty apartments which can be found. I saw a band of peasants draw up their carts to the house of an absent prince and claim the right of entry. The concierge was in violent dispute with them as I left, and one had started to inform the Prefect of the refusal. I do not know how the matter was settled, but I find that the peasants are taking advantage of their chance, and spend considerable time in searching for an empty palace before unloading their pigs and chickens. The Prince de Chinay has turned his hotel into an ambulance.

Quite a number of Prussian prisoners are being brought in, for the first time, and they all curse terribly about their hard fate, and tell most pitiful stories. The most singular part of this is that all these prisoners speak French perfectly; and, if cavalry, are taken with neither horse nor valuables. That is, probably, a trick of war as old as the Trojans, but the French do not appear to see it.

Ottawa River Navigation.

The long needed rain has at last fallen. It has been anxiously looked out for not only by farmers, but by steamboat owners, forwarders, and lumberers generally. Forwarders and contractors for delivery, will especially feel the benefit. Latterly they have had to man and pay the expenses of twelve barges where six would have done, in consequence of the shallowness of the water not allowing the barges deeply laden. On arriving below St. Ann's, the cargoes have to be taken from six of these twelve barges and transfered to the other six, which are destined for Montreal or Whitehall. The six empty barges have to return, carrying nothing but their crews, thus losing time and labor.

We learn that the deepening of the river at St. Ann's has been a long-felt necessity, and would be comparitively inexpensive, compared with the cost of other works which are now being pushed through Parliament. Not only forwarders and lumberers, but farmers also, have been thus suffering from lowness of water in the rivers. There has latterly been only four feet six inches of water at St. Ann's, and the steamboats, to avoid grounding, have to carry only half cargoes, thus leaving behind at many of the way-stations, produce awaiting for conveyance. Farmers, seeing the difficulty of transportation to market, are trying to dispose of a portion of their large yield of potatoes by offering them to dealers in the country, at from twenty to twenty five cents per bushel.

The steamboats on the Ottawa have all been more or less belated, as, passing over these shallow places, they have to cease working their engines, to avoid concussion with the shoals.

Fortunately, the usual height of the St. Lawrence has not been quite so much interfered with, a fact which is evident in the greater width occupied by the St. Lawrence water at the confluence of the two rivers above Lachine.—*Montreal Witness.*

THE MODERN FRENCH POST OFFICE.—The Sous-Prefect of Neuchateau reports on the 18th that a balloon, to which was attached a small car, was found ten kilometers distant from Neuchateau. In the car was a packet and a piece of parchment, upon which was a request to any person into whose hands the packet might fall to forward it to the nearest French post-office. This was signed by General Coffiniers, commanding Metz. The Maire hastened to comply with the request, and conveyed the packet to Neuchateau. We found eight seperate packages, comprising in all nearly 500 notes addressed from Metz by our soldiers to their families. Each note was of the same form—an oblong square For three hours the Postmaster and myself were engaged in reading these notes in order to discover any news which might usefully be brought to your knowledge. I will quote a few of the most important passages in the letters: "Second letter by balloon, September 16, 8 o'clock. We are still blockaded, we want for nothing. Surrounded in Metz since the 17th, but we shall get out in a few days. We have neither famine nor epidemic; the army is in good condition. We are in want of nothing but news. The city still contains much provision, and their is no sickness. We have abundance of provisions. 'I await events with calmess,' writes General Jolivet, we have had no engagement since the 1st of September. I think I am growing fat. Bazaine's army has not been beaten. We were victorious on the 14th and 16th. On the 18th of August and the 31st our success was complete, and it is not yet finished. We have every hope of again beating the Prussians. The car of the balloon can carry one kilogramme, and we are not permitted to write at greater length.

Army and Navy.

A new cork helmet for the use of the officers of the Royal Artillery while serving in India has just been approved. Its colour is white, and it is surmounted by a brass spike two inches in length, like the Prussian helmet.

His Royal Highness Prince Arthur is expected to rejoin his regiment, the Rifle Brigade, at Woolwich, about the middle of October. He will reside at the Ranger's house, Blackheath, from whence he will ride over to his duty every day. His regimental quarters in the Royal Artillery Barracks will again be placed at his disposal, and he will have the option of dining either at the Royal Artillery mess or with his brother officers of the Rifle Brigade.

Naturally at this moment there is much curiosity about the turret-ships consequent on the loss of the 'Captain.' We (*Army and Navy Gazette*) therefore, give an interesting account of a trial which took place at Vigo the other day. The 'Captain,' 'Monarch,' and the 'Hercules' were ordered to fire at a rock, 200 yards long, 60 feet high, at a distance of 1,000 yards, for the space of five minutes. The result was that the 'Hercules' fired 17 shots and hit 10 times; the 'Monarch' fired 12 shots and hit 5 times; the 'Captain' fired 11 shots and hit 5 times. Weight of shot hitting rock; 'Hercules,' 4,000 lbs.; 'Monarch,' 3,000 lbs.; 'Captain,' 2,400 lbs. The 'Hercules' fired from her four 18-ton guns, and the 'Captain' and 'Monarch' from their four 25-ton guns. The 'Hercules, of course, could have been delivering the same quantity of shot from her opposite side. Thus it will be seen that, even with regard to precision of fire, the broadside ship had the advantage. The sea was as smooth as possible at the time.

Our readers are aware that the Imperial Government have called out the army reserves, the practical effect of which is to prepare for the enlargement of the army to the extent of from 50,000 to 55,000 men, all of whom have seen service, and who will make good soldiers.

The following notice has been issued from the Horse Guards:

1. Soldiers who have been discharged from her Majesty's service are invited to join the First-class Army Reserves.

2. The soldier must be under thirty-four years of age, and must have served at least three years in the army.

3. He must be of good character, and medically fit for service.

4. Fulfilling these conditions, he may join the First-class Army Reserves for five years.

5. Whilst in that force he will receive fourpence (4d.) a day quarterly in advance; he may continue to live in his present abode, or in any part of the United Kingdom, and to follow his present trade or calling. He will be liable to drill occasionally, as stated in the attestation paper, but the times of drill will be so arranged as to interfere as little as possible with his ordinary trade or occupation.

6. A soldier serving in the First-class Army Reserve is liable, in case of imminent national danger or of great emergency, to be recalled to service with that branch of the regular army in which he has previously served, until legally discharged, but not beyond six months after peace has been next proclaimed.

7. If he is recalled to the regular army, he will receive the full daily pay of the rank he held in the army at the time of his discharge, up to the rank of sergeant inclusive. He will receive the free kit of a soldier; and, if he be a married man, a daily allowance will be made to his wife and children, when seperated from him in consequence of his being on service in the field.

8. If recalled to the regular army, the whole period of his former service in the army and in the reserve force will be allowed to reckon in full towards good-conduct pay and pension. He will not be allowed pension for service in the reserve force unless recalled to the regular army.

9. Discharged soldiers who are willing to join the First-class Army Reserve will immediately notify their desire to the staff officer of pensioners nearest to their present abode, forwarding at the same time their address, and stating the date and cause of their discharge from their late regiment. Instructions will then be sent to them for their future guidance. When applying in person they should bring with them their parchment certificate.

W. PAULET, A.G.

Advice for Good Little Girls.

BY MARK TWAIN.

Good little girls ought not to make mouths at their teachers for every trifling offence. This kinds of relations should only be resorted to under peculiarly aggravated circumstances.

If you have nothing but a rag doll stuffed with saw-dust, while one of your more fortunate little playmates has a costly china one, you should treat her with a show of kindness nevertheless. And you ought not to attempt to make a forcible swap with her unless your conscience would justify you in it, and you know you are able to do it.

You ought never to take your little brother's "chewing gum" away from him by main force; it is better to rope him in with the promise of the first two dollars and a half you find floating down the river on a grindstone. In the artless simplicity natural to his time of life, he will regard it as a perfectly fair transaction. In all ages of the world this eminently plausible fiction has lured the obtuse infant to financial ruin and disaster.

If at any time you find it necessary to correct your brother, do not correct him with mud—never on any account throw mud at him, because it will soil his clothes. It is better to scald him a little; for then you attain two desirable results—you secure his immediate attention to the lesson you are inculcating, and at the same time, your hot water will have a tendency to remove impurities from his person—and, possibly the skin also, in spots.

If your mother tells you to do a thing, is wrong to reply that you won't. It better and more becoming to intima

TIGHT BINDING

that you will do as she bids you, and then afterwards sit quietly in the matter according to the dictates of your better judgment.

You should ever bear in mind that it is to your kind parents that you are indebted for your food and your nice bed and your beautiful clothes, and for the privilege of staying home from school when you let on that you are sick. Therefore you ought to respect their little prejudices and humour their little whims, and put up with their little foibles, until they get to crowding you too much.

Good little girls always show marked deference for the aged. You ought never to "sass" old people—unless they "sass" ouy first.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Capital Stove Depot—H. Meadows.
Auction Sale of Superior Household Furniture—By H. McLean.
To Let—A dwelling house.
Popular Readings—Prof. Melville Bell.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1870.

Sir G. E. Cartier returned to town yesterday morning.

One hundred and fifty English emigrants went West on the Grand Trunk on Monday, and will all settle in Ontario.

Capt. Robert Chanonhouse, High Bailiff of Kingston, and for many years a most respected resident of that city, died on Tuesday last.

Mr. Walsh, Chairman of the Intercolonial Railway Commissioners, has gone West for a few days. Mr. Brydges is in Montreal. The Commissioners will meet here on the 20th inst.

We understand that the Intercolonial Railway Commissioners are well satisfied with what they saw during their recent tour of inspection. They found that the quantity of work already performed was more considerable than they had expected, and the contractors everywhere spoke hopefully and encouragingly of future prospects.

The Toronto *Telegraph* praises ministers for the personal supervision which they exercise over the business of their departments. They do not content themselves with remaining at Ottawa all the time and receiving the reports of their subordinates, but see for themselves how matters are progressing. The *Telegraph* says:

We are glad to find the Ministers devoting some attention to this, the most important Province in the Dominion. It cannot be said that they often honored us. On the contrary, our people have had reason to feel that they have been neglected; and that they have received anything but proper attention. Of course Mr. Brown pitches in if the Ministers are absent from the Capital for a single day. But he should remember that there are other duties to be attended to aside from those of the departmental offices at Ottawa.

"'SHOO FLY' TO THE RESCUE!"

A correspondent of the *Citizen* who writes under the appropriate *nom de plume* of "Shoo Fly," comes to the rescue of "the Ottawa representatives at the Provincial Exhibition," *i.e.* of the three incapables who, ignoring the services of more able and experienced men, undertook to represent this city. "Shoo Fly" feels confident that both morally, politically and financially their position is firmer and more generally respected than that of the Editor of the TIMES, and is equally certain that the three incapables "warmly deserve the thanks of the people of our city for the interest they manifested," &c. This is "Shoo Fly's" opinion, and he is welcome to it, but as we never attacked the moral, political or financial standing of the gentlemen to whom reference has been made, we do not see why any comparisons of this kind should be instituted. "Shoo Fly" may think that the three incapables deserve the thanks of the community, but in so thinking we have good reason to believe that his views are at variance with those of a majority of the inhabitants of Ottawa. "Shoo Fly" says that it was "not a feeling of shame which prompted us to write on the unsuccessful vote for the honor of the day, but to vent his (our) wrath against a few of the delegates." It is true that we were not induced to write by "a feeling of shame," but it is equally true that we were not led to do so by a desire to vent our wrath against the delegates. Our only object was that the people of Ottawa should know how and why it was that the Provincial Exhibition of 1871 is to be held in Kingston instead of in this city, and that they should also learn what will be the probable result if the same gentlemen are permitted to represent them at Kingston next year. In London last year the Hon. Malcolm Cameron not only advanced the claims of Ottawa in an eloquent address, but by personal influence and by canvassing among the members of the Agricultural Society he reduced the majority against Ottawa to ten votes. These are facts which no one can deny. Even "Shoo Fly" does not dispute them. Under such circumstances it certainly might have been supposed that the gentleman who had accomplished so much last year, would have been the one of all others to have been selected to represent this locality at the Toronto meeting.

But no; although he was requested to act as proxy for one of the counties, his former services were ignored, and although good policy as well as good feeling would have recommended him as a fit and proper representative, the three incapables went to Toronto without him. There, having indulged in some extraordinary oratorical efforts, some offensive remarks about Kingston and the common hangman being the principal point in one of them,—having bullied Mr. Thompson of Nepean, and "snubbed" one or two citizens of Ottawa, the trio subsided. They thought that after what Mr. Cameron had done last year an easy victory was before them, and that they would reap all the glory. Unfortunately for Ottawa and for themselves they were deceived.

"Shoo Fly" intimates that the editor of the TIMES is angry with the delegates "because they have not thought fit to follow him with open palm through all the quagmire he has to walk through daily." This is certainly a somewhat obscure sentence, and bears so close a resemblance to the Toronto speech of one of the delegates, that we are almost inclined to believe that he and "Shoo Fly" are one and the same person. We presume, however, that when he speaks of a "quagmire" an allusion is intended to the present disgraceful condition of our streets, and to the mud through which, thanks to the neglect and incapacity of our "City Fathers," we all have to wade daily. The "palm" alluded to we must honestly confess that we do not understand. It is certain, however, that the delegates cannot claim the palm of victory, nor can they, in spite of all the efforts of their champion "Shoo Fly" palm themselves off upon the people of Ottawa as anything but incapable men, so far as public business is concerned.

THE FENIANS AND THE FALL ELECTIONS.

The approach of the New York fall elections is the signal for the Fenians to be up and doing. Now or never is the time for them to make a raid, not upon Canada this time, but upon the pockets of New York servant girls. We read that the Council of the Fenian Brotherhood have issued "a stirring address" which cannot fail to unloose the purse strings of the ignorant and confiding. The hundred and twenty Radicals who, according to English papers, composed the great mass meeting in Trafalgar Square, must feel gratified with one statement contained in the address, in which it is declared that "the spirit of democracy in England is Fenianism under another name." No doubt there is more truth in this than is often found in a Fenian document. There is very little to choose between a thorough going English democrat of the old Chartist type and an American Fenian. They are both opposed to all existing governments, are equally intolerant and tyrannical in their natures, and are united in their desire to reduce Great Britain to the level of a third rate power.

The address states further that the object of Fenianism is not so much a physical as a moral success. It is intended rather to make people "sensitive to the infamy of their enslaved condition, and to transfigure them into a nation." It is with this pertinacious desire to make us sensitive to the infamy of our condition, that the Fenians have so often attempted to pay a visit to Canada. We fancy, however, that by this time they have made up their minds that any efforts to "transfigure" us will prove a failure, and that they had better turn their attention to some other sphere of usefulness. Meanwhile it is to be hoped for the sake of President Grant's party, that "General" O'Neill and the other Fenian leaders now incarcerated in American "bastiles" will be liberated in time to participate in the fall elections. The sale of "ballots" will suit them better, than facing the bullets of Canadian Volunteers.

AFFAIRS IN MANITOBA.

The Fort Garry correspondent of the Toronto *Telegraph*, who is not disposed to take a too sanguine view of the position of affairs in Manitoba, cannot help admitting that the political prospect is brighter, and that there is now reason to hope that "all will turn out well."

Governor Archibald has issued a proclamation, in which he assures Her Majesty's subjects in the Province that he is determined to suppress all disorders and disturbances of the peace from whatever quarter they may come, and to secure to the peaceful and law-abiding, protection in the enjoyment of their rights and privileges. This proclamation is well timed and to the point. There is no doubt that in Manitoba, as in all new communities, a disposition has been evinced, on the part of many, to take the law into their own hands, and to adjust their real or fancied grievances in such a manner as seems best to themselves.

The Indians have paid another visit to the Governor, who seems to have spared no personal effort to pacify them. Among other trials which he had to undergo in order to satisfy them, the *Telegraph's* correspondent relates that he smoked the "pipe of peace" with them, and as Mr. Archibald is not addicted to the use of the "weed," smoking a pipe of coarse tobacco after an Indian, must have been anything but a pleasant experience. After a smoke and a prolonged "pow wow" the Indians were presented with an additional supply of flour, powder, &c., and are now supposed to have betaken themselves to the plains for the winter.

From all we can learn, matters in Manitoba are progressing favourably, and although we cannot expect everything at once to be exactly as we may wish it, there is every reason to believe that under Governor Archbald's judicious administration old feuds and discontents will gradually pass away, and that by next spring a large number of industrious immigrants will find their way into the new Province, the advance guard of many more who will eventually make their homes there, and help to carry British civilization and British institutions beyond the Rocky Mountains.

Snow Shoeing.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—Last year I came to Ottawa to compete at your snow shoe races, and came off victorious in the two mile Indian race, (1st White.) I did not receive my medal, the Secretary saying it was not quite finished, but promised faithfully to send it on to me in a few days, but up to the present time it has not come to hand, although I have made several applications for it. Now, sir, if you will kindly insert this in your valuable paper the missing medal may perhaps come to light. It's really hard, after coming two hundred miles and winning the race, not to obtain the prize.

I am, sir,
Yours obediently,
N. H. VOSBURGH.

Bellevue Hotel, Cote des Neighes, Montreal, October 4th, 1870.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

Gen. Lee's health is rapidly improving.

The Empress Eugenie is to be entertained at Torquay, England, by Lady Palk.

Nova Scotia coal is becoming popular in Ontario.

Shipbuilding in the lower provinces appears to be active.

Bull fighting is the latest novelty introduced in Missouri.

Mr. Ashbury is gone on a trip to San Francisco.

Captain Mayne Reid is reported seriously ill.

A boy of nineteen married a woman of fifty a few days ago in Harperhay. Result—a *charivari.*

The date of opening the Belleville Deaf and Dumb Asylum has finally been fixed for Thursday, 20th instant.

Mr. William Lewis, known to a past generation as the best chess player of his time died recently in London, at the age of eighty three.

The Island of Inchkeith, on the Firth of Forth, it is reported, is to be fortified. The design appears to be to command by a cross fire the channel on both sides of Inchkeith.

A boy was recently admitted to a London hospital who had utterly lost his eyesight from a wound received while playing at "William Tell."

Messrs. Brecken and Kelly, two members of the new Government in P. E. Island, have been re-elected by acclamation.

The word "state" spelled backwards is "etats" in French. It is not safe, however, to undertake to learn French, simply by going back on your English.

A Madrid correspondent of the 3rd states that three thousand troops promised De Rodas for Cuba cannot be sent, on account of the scarcity of money.

Lt.-Governor Robinson, the newly appointed Governor of P. E. Island, arrived at Halifax by the last mail steamer from England. He was lately the Governor of the Falkland Islands.

A Cleveland doctor paid somewhat marked attentions to a dentist's wife, whereupon the dentist came behind him and shot him.

A rumour has reached Bombay from China of the murder of Prince Kung, one of the most liberal and enlightened public men of the Empire.

The Russian troops have crushed a rebellion in the district of Schagreissiab, Asia. They stormed Knitb, where the rebels were entrenched, losing in killed and wounded nine officers and twenty-eight men.

Jeff. Davis authorises the editor of the Louisville *Courier-General* to state that the story going the rounds of the European and American press, that he is engaged in writing a novel, is wholly unfounded.

Forty-three Trappist monks were lately enlisted in the French army, and, strange to say, after a lifetime of silence, it was with the greatest difficulty that they were taught to hold their peace.

A Southern exchange says: "Andy Johnson has kicked the lid off his political coffin and is sitting bolt upright therein enlightening the skeletons, bats and owls of his vault about 'my policy' and secession."

The inquest on the body of the late Miss Barstow, the Canton, Mass., school teacher, resulted in a verdict of death from disease, accelerated by the violent assault made upon her with stones by the four scholars.

More outrages against foreigners are reported from China. The mob at Pekin have destroyed the Catholic buildings, and the Chinese Government refuse to take any measures to prevent further outbreaks.

A despatch from Halifax says: The commission for the new Judges, McCully and Ritchie, only arrived to day. They were sworn in by Chief Justice Young, and they will commence their duties to-day in the country.

A foot race occurred at Newark, N. J., recently, between a blind man and an inmate of the soldiers' home, the former carrying a child upon his back. During the race the blind man fell and broke his leg, thus losing the stakes.

M. Jules Favre says not only that the French Government will do their best to protect English correspondents, but that he shall be glad if they remain whilst the siege is going on, in order to give an impartial account of what takes place.

The whole number of cannon on the forts and walls around Paris, is stated to be 2,208. In addition to these, there are some newly invented engines of war, which are not described, but are somewhat relied on for defensive purposes.

There are at present no fewer than three disputed Scottish peerage cases before the House of Lords—the Earldom of Mar, the Earldom of Airth, and the Barony of Dingwall. A fourth case will, says the London *Scotsman*, shortly come before the House of Lords affecting the Barony of Somerville.

Before very long the English naval defences will be increased by the addition of two heavily iron-plated "rams." One of these vessels, the *Hotspur*, is already built, and the other, the *Rupert*, is in course of construction at the Government yard at Chatham. The armament of the latter will be two 18-ton guns, mounted on a revolving turret.

Fears were lately entertained relative to an expected outbreak among the Indian Sepoys. "These fears," says a well-informed correspondent of the London *Times*, writing from Allahabad, "have no foundation. The Sepoys are comfortable and contented. Great care is taken by commanding officers that they are treated kindly by the English troops, and, to the best of my belief, they appreciate the treatment which they receive."

When the Emperor returned from the battle field into the town of Sedan on the ever-memorable 1st of September, he alighted from his horse and gave the reins to a boy of 14, who was standing in the Place de Turenne. At the moment the shells from the Prussian batteries began to fall in the town, and one of them burst at the foot of the statue of Turenne. The Emperor, who was but ten paces from his horse escaped, but the horse's legs were broken, and the poor boy had his two legs and his right hand taken off.

A British coachman resident in Paris lately interviewed by the correspondent of the London *Daily News*, evidently does not think much of the citizen soldiers in Paris. "Lor' bless you, sir, I'd rather have 10,000 Englishmen than the whole lot. In my stable I make my men obey me, but these chaps they don't seem to care what their hofficers say to them. I seed them drill this morning: a pretty green lot they was. Why, sir, giving them fellers Chassepots is much like giving watches to naked savages."

Wilson, the murderer of Warden Willard, of the Connecticut State Prison, was convicted on Thursday in New York, after one of the most extraordinary trials on record. The prisoner insisted on conducting his own defence, but upon a ruling, by which the court excluded some of his testimony, he "threw up the case," and went back into the prisoner's box. On being asked the usual question before sentence, he replied that "to be hanged was an act of supreme mercy compared to being compelled to live in the Connecticut State Prison."

A party of men engaged on the new road to connect Coch Valley with Bear River Valley, in Utah, have discovered a huge natural cave, with a stream of water running through the entrance. Some of the party, with lights, penetrated the cave to a distance of about two miles, without discovering any outlet. In some places the roof of the cave was so high it could not be seen with the lights they had. They intend shortly to explore the natural wonder thoroughly.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—George Otto Trevelyan, one of the Junior Lords of the Admiralty, last evening, made a speech to his constituents at Selkirk. He complained of the Duke of Cambridge's army management as slow and insufficient in times so critical.

The *Times* has an article going to prove that Bismarck's obvious policy is to render France powerless for offence or defence hereafter.

A correspondent of one of the morning journals here furnishes the following interesting scene which occurred recently at Versailles: Early in the evening Count von Bismarck entered an hotel dusty and hungry. He was attended by only a few officers. He ordered dinner. Recognising General Burnside at table with Generals Sheridan, Forsyth and Forbes, he saluted them, and joining them, chatted pleasantly and jocularly, especially regarding Forbes' visit to Paris. Some one at this time called the Count's attention to a map of Germany hanging on the wall overhead. "Yes Germany as it was," was the significant reply.

TOURS, Oct. 12.—Garibaldi will not take the field at present; his health is quite delicate, and he will require a season of rest before engaging in active operations.

Advices from various parts of France repeat statements that the Prussians are committing the greatest atrocities upon helpless towns.

CHATEAU DRUN, Oct 12, *via* TOURS.—The enemy has been beaten back with loss a Dreux.

The messengers who were sent to Orleans yesterday, where a battle was going on, have returned. They make the following report:—"The French were in smaller force than the Prussians, and were literally crushed by their superior artillery, and driven back into the suburbs of the town. Some barricades had been erected there, and our forces took advantage of the shelter thus afforded. The Papal Zouaves and Mobiles behaved most courageously, but the regular troops fled at almost the first fire; none of them made much resistance. Many of them threw away their arms in their flight. The Prussians opened fire on the town after the French defeat, and many fires occurred. The railway depot was destroyed, as well as many other large establishments. At last accounts the people of Lyons were flying in all directions.

At a late hour last evening the Prussians had pushed south to Beaugency and Meung beyond Orleans, and it is feared the Papal Zouaves will be surrounded and captured. Other French troops in the neighborhood are in good position, and heavy reinforcements were sent forward to them during the night.

It is reported some heavy guns have also gone forward from Bourges. The French troops at Brangency and Meung are excellent. They are composed chiefly of National Guards and Mobiles, and are determined to resist to the last. In view of the urgency of the case, General Garibaldi left Tours this morning for the field. There is a great movement of Franc Tireurs, and troops of all kinds are pushing to the front with all despatch. The Government has repeated its determination to retaliate for all Prussian atrocities. If the municipal authorities of Abils are executed, an equal number of Prussian prisoners will be executed.

MOREUIL, 11th, *via* TOURS, 12th.—The enemy's scouts near Trout Dinier, beat a retreat to-day on the approach of the Franc Tireurs and Mobiles.

TOURS, Oct. 12.—The Government is fully satisfied with the good faith of General Bourbaki.

Five franc pieces, with emblems of Republic, have appeared.

BERLIN, Oct. 12.—The official account of the surrender of Strasbourg has just been published. By the capitulation eleven hundred guns of all sorts, twelve thousand Chassepots, three tons of ammunition, and fifty locomotives of the Paris and Strasbourg Railway, which had been collected there, fell into Prussian hands. Carpenters, masons, and other laborers of the city have been impressed to repair the fortifications.

Late advices has been received from the army besieging Metz. Up to Thursday last the Prussians had burnt twenty small villages in that neighborhood, and executed 150 peasants for carrying on an illicit warfare.

Bazaine's soldiers were said to be greatly dissatisfied with the situation, and had counselled a surrender.

COLOGNE, Oct. 11.—A correspondent writes in the Frankfort *Gazette* that he has seen collossal bombs, holding 140 pounds of powder, going forward to Paris.

BRUSSELS, 12th.—The report that the Prussian Minister at Brussels has been recalled is untrue.

An enthusiastic meeting was held at Mechlin yesterday, to protest against the deposition of the Pope. The Archbishop of Mechlin presided, and amongst the participants in the proceedings were the Archbishops of Buffalo and Calcutta. The protest was unanimously adopted.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

TOURS, Oct. 12.—The Minister of War publishes the following intelligence contained in a telegram from Orleans, dated at a late hour last evening: The scene of the battle was so near this city that balls and shells fell in the outskirts of the city.

The Prussians are near Galleno.

The troops sent from Tours to reinforce the 15th corps have formed a junction with two bodies near Artenay.

Severe fighting has been renewed before St. Quentin.

BERLIN, Oct. 12.—The steamship *Herman* which left New York on the 25th September for Bremen, has arrived at the latter port safely. Her officers report that no French cruisers were encountered on the voyage.

TOURS, Oct. 12th.—The ministry has just received the following:

The courier who brought the intelligence was permitted to pass through the Prussian lines.

A battle occurred on Friday, the 7th inst, between Formont, Valerien and St. Cloud, on the west side of Paris.

The French, under General Ducrot, made a sortie in force. The Prussians were completely defeated and forced to retreat to Versailles, entirely surrendering the position they had lately occupied, and from which they might have shelled the western part of Paris.

LONDON, Oct. 12—The *World's* cable special says Gen Burnside, at the renewed request of Bismarck, carried a message to Favre that the Prussians will allow elections to be held freely, and oppose no obstacles to the assemblage of the constituent assembly, either at Paris or Tours.

The Prussian Government has directed urgent remonstrances to the Government at Washington, concerning the shipment of arms from the United States to France.

In the engagement at Arthenay 3,500 French were attacked by 15,000 to 20,000 Germans and forced to retreat.

The French reinforced by 15,000 men, made a renewed stand in the forest near Monjoye.

Russian journals are still full of the bitterest hostility to Prussia.

CHARLES, Oct. 10, midnight, *via* Tours, 11.—At noon to-day the Prussians made another attack on Chevisy, near Du Eux, in strong force. The inhabitants had erected barricades and defended the town with vigor, repulsing the Prussians after a combat of six hours. The latter burned the hamlets of Choville, Messangare, and Brassard, on the plains of Beance, and near Voues set fire to several places.

TOURS, Oct. 11.—More fighting near Orleons to-day. News of a favourable result has not yet been received.

The Government has been assured that Gen. Bourbaki's visit to London was made in good faith. The General has been invited to Tours to confer with Ministers. His arrival there is hourly expected.

The *Journal Officiel* says the Americans May and Reynolds have presented the Government the balloon in which they escaped from Paris.

AMERICAN NEWS.

INDIANA, Oct. 11.—Indications are that the Republican State ticket is elected by a small majority.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 11.—The Republicans claim to have lost no members of Congress. The entire Republican city ticket is carried, except for District Judge.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Oct. 12.

The York Assizes commenced yesterday—Chief Justice Richards presiding. There is a heavy docket, both civil and criminal, including three cases of murder.

The annual games of the pupils of Upper Canada College came off yesterday.

The Caledonian Society have arranged to celebrate halloween by a concert.

Alfred Dodwell, lately arrested by Detective Matthews, of Quebec, under a mistake that he was Christopher Jones, who was charged with embezzling in England, was honorably discharged this morning by the magistrate.

Dr. Wilson delivered the introductory lecture to the course of the higher education of ladies in the Music Hall. The lectures of the course are likely to be largely attended.

The *Globe* is informed that Col. Jarvis' absence from his command at Red River is owing to his being ordered to New York by the Imperial Government to give evidence before Commissoners sent from England to take testimony in an important administration suit, in which the Crown is plaintiff.

Col. Jarvis is not open to the charge of abandoning his post and returns to it at once.

Weather cool and very changeable.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, October 11.

Last night the shop of Mr. Knox, McGill street, was broken into, and five packages of butter—worth in all about 35 dollars—were stolen therefrom. The thief entered the premises by the fan light over the door.

The lecture on the "Nationality of two countries," which was to be given last night in the St. Patrick's Hall, did not come off for lack of an audience.

A woman was taken to the General Hospital last evening with her scull fractured and her cheek cut through from the eye down to the lower jaw. She had been brutally assaulted by her husband, whom the police arrested on board the Quebec steamer, attempting to make his escape from the city.

Yesterday afternoon His Excellency the Governor General, with Lady Lisgar, accompanied by Col. McNeill, A.D.C., and Mr. Tourville, H.E. Private Secretary, visited the Bonaventure depot and inspected the new Pullman Palace cars which have recently been placed on the Grand Trunk line.

The annual general meeting of the Shareholders of Molson's Bank was held at its banking house on Monday last.

Readings to-night at Mechanics' Hall by Professor Bell.

A Bazaar in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum will be opened on Thursday the 13th inst., in the St. Patrick's Hall, and will be continued on the following day's.

Weather splendid.

Three companies of the 60th Rifles, who were with the expedition to the Red River Settlement, arrived by the steamer *Magnet* this morning. They were played up from the wharf to the barracks by the band of the regiment. The men, although sunburnt and their uniforms the worse of wear, seemed in excellent health.

Weather cool.

Emigration.

A correspondent, under the signature "Tourist," writing in the Montreal *Gazette*, says:—"Having been in Europe for years, looking after the immigrants intended for America, I have, in the scouring of Scotland, England, Germany, Denmark, Sweden, and Norway, become thoroughly initiated into all the arts, devices, signs, grips, pass-words, &c., by which the intended emigrant for America is and has been operated upon in order to poison him against Canada. False maps have been highly lithographed, with other high-colored statements, in order to effectually destroy any idea of going to Canada; and there are those engaged in it who are Englishmen, proprietors of large corporations, they knowing only the almighty gold sovereign, are in favor of the United States on account of gold. Thousands upon thousands would soon be settlers of the Dominion soil instead of the vast prairie wilderness (without wood or shelter), but for all the influences we have alluded to. Now, my dear sir, that can be checked, and the tidal flow of the vast amount of emigrants induced to come and settle in the beautiful, charming sections of the Dominion of Canada. How can it, say the enemies of the Dominion? We say not by inertness, but action, by a move to meet and countercheck every move of those operating against Canada; by sowing the seeds this winter at Stirling, Dundee, Perth, Aberdeen, Inverness, and other parts of Scotland and England, also in the Danish, Swedish and Norwegian countries."

The Hamilton market is abundantly supplied with fruit and vegetables.

Frost severe enough to form ice has been experienced in Sherbrooke, (P.Q.)

The last term of the Court of Queen's Bench at Sherbrooke was the smallest for many years past.

The Hamilton Base Ball Club is in active operation.

Belleville is to have a grand ball on the 2..h.

St. Catharines has a serious stabbing affray.

Wolves have appeared and eaten a flock of sheep in the township of Portland.

St. Catharines is at present favored with plenty of mud. So are we.

Hamilton people are getting their houses numbered.

ARRIVAL OF BISHOP GUIGUES LAST NIGHT.

A Cordial Reception—The Procession from the Cars—Addresses and Particulars.

Yesterday evening His Lordship the Roman Catholic Bishop Guigues returned to the city by the half-past seven o'clock train, St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway, and was received in the most cordial manner by the Roman Catholics of all nationalities in the city. As is well known, His Lordship left the city last spring to attend the Œcumenical Council then about to assemble in Rome. On that occasion addresses were presented to the Bishop praying for his safe voyage, preservation from accident, and return in good health. This could not but have afforded great satisfaction as an instance of the respect and affection entertained for their Bishop by the Roman Catholics of Ottawa. But with all this was the regret and sorrow always attending the departure of one who is respected or esteemed, be it only for a few months. The leave taking is one of sorrow, the return is a joyful occasion.

The Roman Catholics of Ottawa sincerely regretted the departure of their Bishop, and they were rejoiced at his return, as the demonstrations of last night proved. If his Lordship received satisfaction at the many kind expressions for his safe return at his departure he could not have failed to have been much effected by the display of joy at his return, so evident last night from the time he set his foot from the car.

Preparations had been made to receive the Bishop on Monday, on which day he would have arrived in the city, had not the serious illness of the Bishop of Quebec necessitated the presence of His Lordship in that city. The programme of arrangements was accordingly postponed until last evening, and it was rendered none the less perfect by the delay.

THE ARRIVAL.

At seven o'clock large crowds of persons assembled at the station and continued to arrive until the train made its appearance. At half-past seven o'clock a dense mass of people surrounded the station and filled all the approaches to it.

On the platform were the firemen in uniform and with torches. The station was decorated and prettily illuminated by lamps and transparencies, one of the latter being very large and bearing the word "Welcome." As the locomotive approached the station the firemen lit their torches, the band played, and amid the cheers of the large assemblage the train came to a stand. His Lordship immediately stepped from the Director's car, which had been placed at his disposal, and was received by loud cheers. He was accompanied by Sir George E. Cartier, Father Dawson, the delegates sent to meet him at Montreal, and a large number of gentlemen. On the Bishop stepping on the platform he was received by the Reception Committee, who conducted him to a carriage drawn by four horses. The procession was then formed and marched away from the station in the following order:

MARSHALL,
(On Horseback.)

ENGLISH AND FRENCH FLAGS.

Mr. PAUL FAVREAU, Deputy-Superintendent of the Fire Department.

Les Sapeurs Hook & Ladder Company, Captain D. Roy.	With Lighted Torches.
Hull Engine Company, Captain Rouleau.	
Queen Engine Company, Captain L. Roy.	
Ottawa Engine Company, Captain Walsh.	
Rideau Engine Company, Captain Grison.	

HIS LORDSHIP
(In Carriage drawn by four Horses.)

The Carriage containing the Delegates.

BAND.

The General Committee of Organization, and all Catholic Citizens of several origins, four deep, with flags, &c., &c.

and proceeded down Cathcart into Dalhousie street, turning into York street, down Sussex street to the Cathedral. The effect of the torch light procession was very fine. The streets all along the procession were densely lined by people, who heartily cheered as his Lordship passed, while almost every house, large or small, was illuminated—some very handsomely so. From many fireworks were discharged as the procession wended its way. Sussex street was in a blaze of light from the brilliant illuminations of the blocks and houses.

AT THE CATHEDRAL.

Arriving at the Cathedral, the firemen formed a line with their torches, through which his Lordship and the occupants of the carriages passed into the Cathedral, which was densely packed in every corner by a vast congregation. Through the centre aisle his Lordship passed to the altar, where a large chair under a crimson canopy was placed for his reception. The band then played a tune, followed by the *Laudate pueri Dominum* by the grand choir, accompanied by the organ.

The presentation of addresses to His Lordship then took place in the following order:

FRENCH CANADIANS.

To His Lordship the Right Reverend Joseph Eugene Guigues, Bishop of Ottawa.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR LORDSHIP,—Despite the weight of years and the rigors and vicissitudes of a long sea-voyage, you took your departure nearly twelve months ago, to assist at the august gathering of the crowned heads of the Church, in which were to be discussed and decided dogmatic questions of the very highest import to the Catholic world.

On that occasion, your Lordship, the French Canadians of Ottawa, ever true to the faith of their ancestors, came to bid you farewell and to beg that you would lay at the feet of the sovereign Pontiff the assurance of their unalterable attachment to the sacred cause of which he is the glorious symbol.

To-day we hasten once more to offer the expression of the respect and profound veneration we bear towards your Lordship; we come in short to manifest openly all the joy, all the happiness we feel at seeing you once more in our midst after a voyage which heaven seems to have blessed in the most signal manner.

Great events have come to pass since the day on which your Lordship left the shores of America for the Eternal City, in order to assent on the part of your flock to those momentous dogmas which are destined to re-assure the faithful and to unite them in a firm phalanx about their common Father.

France, the mother country of our race, has been given up to the horrors of war; her armies, for centuries victorious and all but invincible, have undergone the most terrible disasters, and her soil has been invaded, trampled under foot, and profaned by a cruel and formidable enemy. Elsewhere the revolution, ever ready to sow desolation broadcast, taking advantage of the disturbed state of Europe, and despite the formal guarantees given by the Italian Government, has audaciously entered the Pontifical States and planted its flag in Rome itself; and Pius IX. a feeble old man, defenceless and unsupported, has been despoiled and robbed of his territory 'mid the applause and acclamation of the adversaries of the Holy See throughout the world.

But, your Lordship, despite their reverses, neither France nor Catholic Rome shall perish. No! for God will save France in spite of herself by compelling her to bow down before the Cross, and by so doing He will accomplish the safety and security of the Eternal City which will then become once more, what she has been in the past, the Capital of the Catholic world.

In conclusion, we beg to express once more our joy at seeing you amongst us again, restored to us after so long an absence.

TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

To the Right Rev. Joseph Eugene Guigues, Bishop of Ottawa:

MY LORD,—The members of the Irish Temperance Society, joyful at your Lordship's safe arrival, hasten to pay you their respects, and join in the general sentiment of welcome which pervades your entire flock.

Our humble Society having always enjoyed during its long existence your Lordship's confidence and favor, it would be strange indeed if we did not experience a thrill of pleasure at beholding you again; and we, therefore, heartily congratulate your Lordship on having escaped the perils of a long voyage to find repose once again within the precincts of your own spiritual jurisdiction.

But we desire more especially to offer our congratulations on the signal success which, under Divine Providence, has so far attended the grave and solemn deliberations of the princes of the Church assembled from every clime at the seat of religion itself, to combat the errors of our time, and disseminate anew those eternal principles of justice and morality which bind society together, give glory to God, and promote peace and good will among men.

It needs not that we should assure you, my Lord, that we, in common with all faithful children of the Church, accept the decrees of the Council as the voice of inspired wisdom, and that we unhesitatingly yield obedience to its authority. It is thus and in this way only that the Catholic laity can prove themselves worthy of their self-sacrificing pastors, and of the glorious universal Church of which they have the happiness of being members.

With these sentiments, my Lord, and hoping your journey has not impaired, but rather improved your health, we bid you an affectionate welcome.

On behalf of the Society,
JOHN HENEY,
1st Vice-President,
JOHN O'REILLY,
2nd Vice President,
P. G. LEYDEN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Oct. 10th, 1870.

CANADIAN INSTITUTE.

To his Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa:

The members of the Canadian Institute respectfully beg leave to express to your Lordship—together with the assurance of their profound veneration and sincere attachment—the heartfelt joy and pleasure they feel at seeing you once more in the midst of your flock.

You have had the happiness of seeing the common Father of the faithful, the immortal Pius IX., and you have laid at his feet the homage of our respectful devotedness and abiding submission to the teaching of the Holy Church.

With —— this humble profession of our faith, and we avail ourselves of this solemn occasion to assure your Lordship of our deep gratitude for the manifold benefits and favors you have conferred on this Institute, and for honoring it in so special a manner with your powerful patronage.

We beg to assure your Lordship that the Institute will, in the future, devote itself with increased zeal to the discharge of its duties, so that the noble faculties of mind and heart, which, with the aid of your devoted co-operation, you labor so successfully to develop amongst your people, may become for us a source of moral and intellectual prosperity, the legitimate object of our ambition.

Your Lordship's devoted children.

UNION ST. JOSEPH.

To His Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR LORDSHIP,—On the occasion of your departure for the Eternal City, the members of St. Joseph's Union of Ottawa deem it their pleasing duty to give public expression to their ardent desire that Divine Providence might deign to protect you during your long and perilous journey and bring you back safely and in good health to your affectionate flock. These prayers have now been granted, and you will permit us to express our joy and happiness at your safe return at your Episcopal city.

We would also avail ourselves on this occasion of renewing the full and complete adhesion which we have already given in advance to the decrees of the Vatican Council, and more especially our firm belief in the dogma of the infallibility of the Supreme Pontiff of the Church.

The labours of the Council have a special interest for the St. Joseph's Society, placed as it is beneath the auspices of your Lordship's own saintly patron, inasmuch as its members will find therein fresh arms for the defence of truth and the combating of error.

In conclusion, we beg your Lordship to accept our ardent wishes for your speedy recovery from the fatigues of your arduous labour and your long tedious journey, and to assure you of our entire devotedness to religious authority, and more especially to its worthy representative in this diocese.

To these His Lordship made an eloquent reply, in French and English, in a strong and distinct voice.

Then followed the *Te Deum*, with magnificent effect, by the choirs of St. Joseph's Church and the Cathedral, accompanied by the organ.

At the conclusion of the *Te Deum* the organ played a *grande sortie*, and the interesting and imposing ceremony came to a conclusion.

DECORATIONS OF THE CATHEDRAL.

The decorations of the Cathedral, which were very handsome and effective, and which appeared to particular advantage when the large church was brilliantly lighted up, were entrusted by the General Committee to the care of M. Stanislaus Drapeau, and it was evident he had well fulfilled his duty. The following particulars will convey an idea of the manner in which the church was decorated.

STREAMERS.

At the entrance into the Church the attention was drawn at once to a large streamer extending on a width of 25 to 30 feet from the ceiling downwards to the entrance of the sanctuary and bore the following inscription:—"Monseigneur, soyez le Bienvenu!—Welcome to our Bishop!" At the centre of the inscription was traced a golden *Mitre*, headed by the Pontifical flag, on His Holiness the Pope Pius the IX. of coat of arms. * * * "Portant d'azur, au lion d'or, et l'argent a deux bandes de gueules." * * * The English and French flags were crossed at the lower part.

Great credit is due to M. Sparrow for the splendid taste manifested in the drawing and the tracing of the different mottoes inscribed on the streamer.

Near the altar long streamers and pennants of variegated colors extended from the ceiling downwards, and the principal one bore the following inscription:—"Benedictus qui venit in nomine Domini."

ILLUMINATION.

Two large balloons, one red and the other green, having 15 to 20 wax candles, were placed in the centre of the sanctuary near the ceiling, and on a parallel line. On the red baloon we read the following inscription:—"Amour et Foi a Pie IX., Pontife Infaillible!" and on the green one, in large letters:—"Infallibility! Ireland's faithful children accepted the Dogma!"

A great many others of smaller size and representing stars were suspended from the ceiling.

THE PILLARS AND INSCRIPTIONS.

Each pillar in the sanctuary was covered with streamers bearing the following appropriate inscriptions:

1. "Monseigneur les familles vous ... luent avec allegresse!"
2. "Long life to the Bishop of Ottawa ..."
3. "Longue Vie au Participateur du Concile du Vatican!"
4. "True religion blends nationalities ..."
5. "L'Eglise triomphera de ses ennemis."
6. "God save Pius IX.!"
7. "Prions Dieu qu'il sauve Rome!"
8. "God is unity!"

Mr. Charles Turgeon traced the inscriptions, and deserves the greatest credit for his splendid execution.

NATIONAL BANNERS.

Near the railings were placed the French, Canadian and Irish banners. The first one bore the following inscription:—"Hommage a notre venerable Eveque!" On the St. Patrick's banner we read:—"All honor to our faithful pastor!"

The entire nave of the church was ornamented with flags, and from each of the columns circles of light shone through colored glass, giving really a fine effect.

The decoration committee are deserving of the highest praise, among them M. Joseph B. Turgeon, sr., whose efforts were untiring in the matter of ornamenting the Cathedral.

THE TORCH LIGHT PROCESSION.

The torchlight procession was well directed by M. Paul Favreau and the active captains of the different fire companies.

We should also congratulate the Commissaires Ordonnateurs for the able direction which they gave to the procession in every part.

The Commissaires Ordonnateurs were M. M. Dr. St. Jean, Martin Battle, L. Germain, P. Kilduff, Eric Pelletier, and Jas. Murphy.

The General Committee deserve all ... It was composed of the most ... gentlemen in this city. They all have an equal claim to credit for the ... results obtained.

Owing to the forethought of Chevalier Smith good places were secured for the representatives of the press in the organ loft.

ILLUMINATIONS AND TRANSPARENCIES.

Many of the illuminations and transparencies along the route of the procession were very handsome. Particularly conspicuous were the convent and the residence of Mr. Futvoye, Deputy Minister of Militia. Some of the blocks in Sussex street were very imposing in appearance. The transparencies all bore mottoes of joyful expression. The college was also brilliantly illuminated, and looked very fine.

As soon as the ceremonies began in the church the immense crowd of persons in the streets dispersed, and at a late hour the city was very quiet. Good order prevailed everywhere.

The arrangements of the Committee of Management were perfect, in fact, could not be better, and too much praise cannot be given to them.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.

HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

As an instance of German forethought we learn that as early as the latter part of August the Royal Printing Office at Berlin had finished and forwarded to the front 5,000 copies of the specified plans of the fortifications of Paris. They contained the latest additions, and also the improvements which were in course of construction.

DIED.

At St. Lawrence Hall, Montreal, on Monday, 10th October, 1870, Edmund Leyton Ritchie, in the 36th year of his age, third son of the late Edmund Ritchie, formerly Postmaster of Hamilton.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the Company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits; but no enterprise in the trade preter an article of real merit and ready sale, and which leaves so but a small profits and quick returns.

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made in coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 2-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies is richly engraved or enamelled. For the gold both in gold and silver, are the CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD.

These watches can be ordered of any watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion, and the guarantee of the Company should be in every required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion,
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

397-3md

UNDER THE PATRONAGE —OF— *Queen's University, Kingston.*

PROF. MELVILLE BELL,

Of University College, London, England, ... of the most Celebrated Dramatic Readers ... ge, has been secured to give two of his ... ted

POPULAR READINGS!

From English, Irish and Scotch Authors,

IN MUSIC HALL, OTTAWA.

This THURSDAY and FRIDAY Evenings, Oct. 13 and 14, at 7:30 p.m.

Tickets 25 cents; Reserved Seats 50 cents. For sale by Orme & Son, J. Durie & Son, and J. ... & Co.

Ottawa, Oct 12, 1870

BY H. McLEAN.

AUCTION SALE —OF— SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from THOMAS MUNRO, Esq., ... to sell by auction at his residence, Main's Grove, ... street, on MONDAY, the 17th OCTOBER, at 10 o'clock a.m., all his Household Furniture, comprising, Drawing-room, Parlor, Dining-room, Bedroom and Kitchen furniture of every description and variety, usually found in a complete and elegantly furnished house, and all of which is of the best and most modern quality and style, and in the best order and condition.

TERMS—Cash.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, Oct 13, 1870

TO LET.

From the 15th November to the 1st May next, the house at present occupied by Dr Henry, corner of Kent and Wellington streets. Apply ... 3 p.m.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart............ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive............ 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner o Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

☞ Ladies are invited to see Garland Mutchmor & Co's grand display of Millinery and Mantles.

Partridge shooting has not been found so good as was anticipated.

Mud six inches deep on Sparks Street. About a foot deep on Metcalf Street.

☞ Latest Styles out, in Millinery and Mantles, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's.

☞ Garland, Mutchmor & Co's Millinery and Mantle Show Room is now open.

The trees to be planted on the Parliament Square during the Fall are being chosen.

The piers of the Ottawa & Prescott Railway bridge damaged by the ice last spring are being repaired.

THE MARKET.—Wednesday.—There was a very large attendance on the square this morning. No change in prices.

The owners of mills on the Rideau river are constructing a moveable dam. This, it is said will save New Edinburgh from much of the flooding it is subject to in spring.

The business of the Canada Central Railway continues to steadily increase. A large number of passengers left by yesterday evening's train. Freight is being sent away in large quantities.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Jose phine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins" (good metal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

A LARGE BUCK.—We saw a pretty large size buck yesterday in a waggon on Rideau street. He is four years old and was shot by Mr. W. Cameron, at Eastman's springs.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

A large number of nets have been seized on the Gatineau lakes by the Fishery overseer. It is said preparations had been made by dishonest fishermen for an extensive haul of fish but it is thought this act of the overseers will prevent any such depredations.

The band of the Ottawa Brigade Garrison Artillery is practising zealously and making great improvement. It is in contemplation to add a few reed instruments to the brass ones now used. Should such be carried out it would be a wonderful improvement and make very superior music.

METCALF STREET.—We notice that more clay is being drawn on to that already impassable portion of Metcalf Street. We hope it is the intention of the corporation to ultimately macadamize it, and the public would wish that it should be done as soon as possible, for as the street is at present it is closed to traffic.

ROME, WATERTOWN AND OGDENSBURG RAILROAD.—We have learned that a change has been made in the agency of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railroad in this city. The agency was formerly held by Mr. J. Mooney, but has been transferred to Messrs. A. & A. H. Taylor, Grand Trunk Railway agents.

A FALL OF APPLES.—As a carter was driving along Sussex street yesterday afternoon with a load of apples, the head came out of one of the barrels and the fruit was scattered over the road. A number of children soon were attracted to the spot and in a short time as many little hands were at work as there were apples. The contents of the barrel was considerably lessened.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

GREAT BOOK SALE.—Catalogues will be shortly issued for the largest and most important Book Sale at Montreal ever held in Canada, comprising all the valuable stock of recently imported Books, belonging to the Estate of Richard Worthington, and in conjunction an additional lot of over one hundred cases, (many illustrated publications for the holidays.) Such an opportunity for procuring a stock can seldom occur, and Bookdealers from all parts should prepare to attend. 1483 3

POLICE COURT.—Wednesday morning.—Before Alderman Martineau.—Ellen McCabe was charged with wandering about Rideau street at 10 o'clock on Tuesday night. Fined $2 and costs, or three weeks in jail.

John Cowan, drunk and disorderly. As it was his first offence he was let off on paying $1.

Emilie Gauneare assaulted one Denis Burns. It appears Emilie had thrown a pail of water over the children of Denis, and a general row resulted from it. Fined $2 and costs.

Margaret McQuade was charged with using insulting language, and assaulting Mrs. Hyland. She had been disturbing the peace of the neighborhood for sometime, when Sergeant Brown took her in charge. At the time she had a tomahawk in her hand, and like a wild Indian was flourishing it about, to the consternation of all present. Even in the dock she abused the witnesses, using filthy language. She was fined $5 and costs or one month in jail.

Laura Sherman, who was arrested for obtaining money under false pretences, was further remanded until to-morrow. She behaved in a most unseemely manner in court this morning, and vowed vengeance upon the magistrate for allowing her name to appear in print, and declared she should have bail. She first laughed, then stormed, and finally, unable to resist the current of events against her, had recourse to tears.

Subscriptions Received by Treasurer For Fire Relief Fund.

October 7th, acknowledged to date	$30,210 63
Edward McGillivray	200 00
Thomas Mackay	200 00
Neilson & McGaw, Rimouski	25 00
Inhabitants of Fitzroy, collected per Miss Annie Riddel	196 00
County Council of the County of Wellington	500 00
McDougal & Co.	40 00
Inhabitants of Wakefield, collected by Dr. S. Wright, $106.25; collected by Thos. Stevenson, Esq., $39.00; collected by Mrs. Seth Cotes, $67.50; pupils in Wakefield School, $6.00; Municipal Council, $39.22	257 97
Total	$31,629 60

JAS. CUNNINGHAM. Treasurer.

Ottawa, October 12, 1870.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		7.00	9.45		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00			—	—	—
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15					
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	7.30		8.00	9.45		4.00
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	11.15		8.00	9.45		7.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00			9.45		4.00
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	5.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	8.00		6.30
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	5.00	11.00	4.00	8.00	11.00	
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15		9.45		4.00
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.45		
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	7.30			9.43		1.00
Per Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.00		4.30	8.00		1.00
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.00					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays	6.00					3.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p.m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 12th Oct., 1870.

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap 36.) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY of FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES, Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks.

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

AUTUMN. 1870.

"THE GOLDEN LION,"

SPARKS STREET.

Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE.

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS.

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in

HATS,

BONNETS,

FEATHERS,

Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c.

Fashionable Velveteen Hats. From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets, $1.50 upwards.

New Paris Jackets, In Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Underclothing, A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods, A complete Stock.

☞ R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins to hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties, &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870.

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS,

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

APPLES

—AND—

SWEET POTATOES,

On Sale, 43 Sussex Street.

L. N. NYE. 1484 3

Ottawa, Oct 11, 1870

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

WILL OPEN THEIR

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM

—ON—

FRIDAY, 7TH OCTOBER,

With a Grand Display of latest LONDON Styles in MILLINERY and MANTLES, Ex S S "PERUVIAN."

—COMPRISING THE LATEST STYLES IN—

STRAW VELVET and TERRY BONNETS

STRAW, FELT and VELVET HATS.

DRESS CAPS, HEAD DRESSES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c.

MANTLES.

They invite special attention to their stock of French and German JACKETS, made by French and German Tailors out of beautiful materials, cut and made in a superior manner.

All purchased during the great War Panic, at a little more than half usual prices.

MANTLE CLOTHS,

In all the leading Cloths and Colors,

WATERPROOF CLOAKS, in new styles, ready-made, and made to Order.

SHAWLS.

CLAN TARTAN WOOL and PAISLEY SHAWLS, in variety.

Orders for Millinery and Mantles executed by good experienced hands, with promptness and despatch.

Ladies are invited to call and see the new styles, whether wishing to purchase or not.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

☞ FALL AND WINTER STOCK, ☜

And are shewing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c.

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES

HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

☞ OUR STOCK ☜

—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILO.

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL

PRESTON & ROWSELL

Dry Goods.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY,

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

☞ PURCHASERS are invited to view all the leading NOVELTIES in Dress Materials, this day.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

WINCIES,

COBOURGS,

PLAIN LUSTRES,

FIGURED DO.

PLAIN REPPS,

FIGURED DO.

SERGES

ALPACA CORDS,

FRENCH MERINOES,

PLAIN SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS,

FIGURED SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS

BRIGHTON DIAGNAL COSTUME CLOTHS

BLACK REVERSIBLE LUSTRES,

TARTAN WINCIES,

DO. CAMLETS,

DO. POPLINS,

DO. PLAIDS,

☞ LADIES and others interested in the purchase of DRESSES are respectfully invited to examine our Stock and see for themselves the extraordinary value.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-tIN.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

BAZAAR.

The Annual Bazaar, in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, will be held on Monday the 24th day of October instant.

Donations in aid of the fancy and refreshment tables, will be thankfully received by the following Ladies:—

Fancy Table, Cathedral Parish, Mrs Higgins Mrs Goodwin and Mrs Bermingham.

Do do St. Joseph's Parish, Mrs Brophy, Mrs. Kehoe, Mrs Plunkett, Mrs Whelan, Miss McDonell, Miss O'Connor, Miss McCarthy.

Do do St. Patrick's Parish, Mrs O'Connor, Mrs A Hearn, Mrs Nagle and Mrs Mullin.

REFRESHMENT TABLE.—Mrs George Murphy, Mrs Rhodes and Mrs Enright.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870 1484 240

THE MERCHANT'S BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.

THOMAS KIRBY. Manager.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468 1m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to MAGEE & RUSSELL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

FOR CHEAP

JOB

PRINTING

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE,

35 Sparks Street,

Ottawa

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hopes by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor;

Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot),
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at "THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,

Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dowe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS, all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS. The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general

Groceries,

Wines,

and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for A few trials will prove their superiority common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON, No. 26, Rideau Street.

4th June, 1870.

EAU DE VIE BLANC,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavoring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, *Agent,*

Times Office, Ottawa.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Lake Harbor work," and will be received at this Office until Thursday, the 23th day of November next, for improvements at the following mentioned places:

At CHANTRY ISLAND, Lake Huron, the construction of a Breakwater and Beacon of Crib Work.

At GODERICH, Lake Huron, the Dredging and Pier-work necessary to form a new en rance channel to the Harbor, and the enlargement of the Inner Basin.

At ROND EAU, Lake Erie, the enlargement of the channel, deepening a portion of the Basin, and the construction of Entrance Pier, &c.

Plans and specifications of the respective works can be seen at this Office, or at the Custom House, Goderich, on and after Monday, the 7th day of November next, where printed forms of Tender can also be obtained.

Tenders may be sent in for the work at one, or all of the places; but they must in all cases be made out in strict accordance with the printed forms.

The signatures of two solvent reliable persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, October 5, 1870 1484 10

CANADA CENTRAL

AND

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over the Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4 40 p. m.

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT, Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870 1460tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next,

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORSLE Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office, Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1463td

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until Tuesday the 4th day of October, at noon, for the construction of certain works at the NAGLE DAM, and the Booms at CALABOGIE LAKE and CHAIN RAPIDS, on the Madawaska River.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office or at the office of the Superintendent of Ottawa, River Works, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

Seperate tenders to be given for each work, and to be endorsed "Tender for Nagle Dam, and "Tender for Calabogie Lake and Chain Rapid" respectively.

The Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 24th September, 1870. 1472 4

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, Oct. 8, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice, 12 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA........................$300,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1-3: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £51 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c.,
1467 3m Agent.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

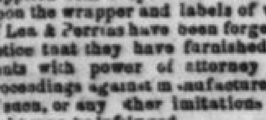
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c., and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1136 law

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DOMINION

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards. For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

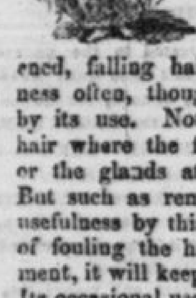
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY.

MESSRS GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING,
AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth; Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm 1awk6m

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THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.

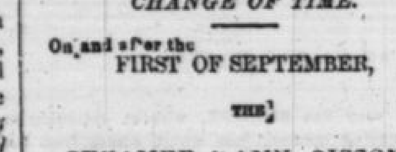
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the
FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m. The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144-tf

MR. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the general office. 219tf

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PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTS A THOMSON, T H DUNN.
DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

The Tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 1, 1870. 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool)

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	738 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	738 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to England & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 1464tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city; and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W H EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached, the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, it preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1110 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 41

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 0 1482

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Med
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS ttawa

TRADE-MARK
VALET ANCHORA VIRTUS
GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children —it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best take for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in awa

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SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

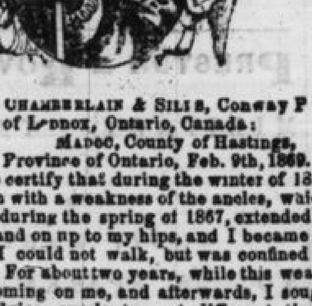
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

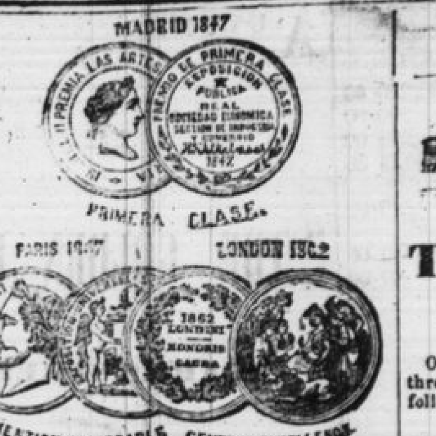
A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

MADRID 1857

PRIMERA CLASE.

PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862



MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE

Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

U
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 101.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR. GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven	
	Cook Stoves.
Low Oven	
	Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.	
	Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.	
	Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.	
	Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.	
	Elbows.
Zinc.	

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of Stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT.

Hull, September 29, 1870 1476 1m&w31 2m

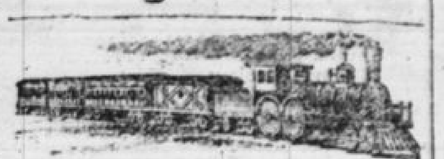
NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, Augus 6 3m

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 7.30 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m. connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10 00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
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Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1369 td 1awk.

Sarsaparilla

they were painfully afflicted, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

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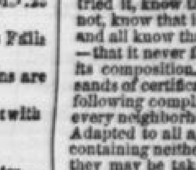

... tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always —that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. ... Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates, containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

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DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
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August 1st, 1870.

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The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1487. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

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...O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55

...H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

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For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

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Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

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In the matter of

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of the Village of Kenmore,

AN INSOLVENT.

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R W SHEPHERD.

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Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

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Ottawa 24th June, 1870,

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Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

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FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

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NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

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Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

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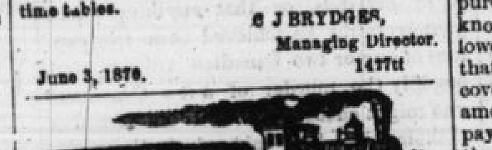
C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1477tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ... 4:00 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:30 a m

Trains for Lachine at ... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at ... 3:45 p m

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 6.00 a m

Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

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GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA,

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.

Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at ... 9 00 a m

NIGHT, do do ... 9 00 p m

Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations ... 7 00 a m

Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations ... 5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at ... 7 10 a m

Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at ... 9 00 a m

Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at ... 3 45 p m

Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at ... 6 00 a m

Do do do do 4 00 p m

Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at ... 1 30 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Urton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

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C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1435tf

L'Orignal Fall Assizes.

The first case called was an important one, that of the Queen *vs.* Keays, forgery.

The Attorney-General prosecuted on behalf of the Crown; Mr. O'Reilly, Q.C., and Mr. Ross for the prisoner.

After several challenges the following jury were sworn:

John Tomkins, Leon Leclaire, John Quigley, John Burns, John Menier, James Minogue, Ephraim Marlow, David McIlroy, Wm. Northcote, Robert McAuley, P. Kelly, Robert Elliott.

The prisoner was then arraigned on two counts, for that he, on the 24th Sept., 1859, did feloniously forge a certain deed of bargain and sale, dated 23rd Aug., 1859, between him, the said James Keays, and Mary Anne, his wife, to Walter Henderson, whereby, in consideration of £600, he granted and released the lands therein mentioned to the said Henderson free from incumbrances, by inserting therein the following words: "Subject to a mortgage from James Keays to Geo. B. Lyon, Esq., with interest." There were also other counts charging him with altering the same, to all of which the prisoner pleaded "not guilty."

The Attorney-General then proceeded to state the facts of the case as follows:

The Attorney-General said this was a very important case, as it involved the character of the Registrar of the County which situation the prisoner fills and must fall singularly hard on him, if guilty, because firstly, he was the writer of the instrument, and secondly, he was the officer recording it. The facts of the case are briefly these: Keays was the owner of a lot of land, which he sold to the prosecutor, Henderson, covenanting that he had the full right to convey it to him clear of all incumbrances, which the deed accordingly purported to do, and Henderson so accepted it, but Keays had before this executed a mortgage of the lot to Mr. Lyon Fellows, and when the deed from Keays to Henderson was executed; Henderson executed back to Keays, a mortgage for part of the purchase money; having at the time no knowledge of the prior mortgage to Fellowes, which Keays concealed. It is true that Henderson could sue Keays on the covenant for title, and recover back any amount he might have been compelled to pay to Lyon. It seems, however, that after Keays gave the deed, he changed its purport when it came to his hands as Registrar for the purpose of Registration, and altered it by putting in the words, charged in the indictment shewing that it was sold subject to this incumbrance. Now, Henderson paid Keays several hundred pounds for the lot, a sum which he would not have given had he known he was to pay the mortgage also, and forgery was resorted to to get rid of it. Now the law is strict as to deeds, never permitting any alteration after its execution to vary its sense or the responsibility of the parties; yet here there was committed a forgery—a glaring forgery, done by the prisoner's own hand and for his own benefit. The prisoner is charged with this offence in two different ways: First, with the forging of the deed, and second, with altering it. (The learned Attorney General then read the words of the statute creating the offence.) The deed when executed and delivered by Keays to Henderson was then handed back to the latter as registrar to register. There is no evidence in the memorial which, as well as the deed, was prepared by Keays, and as he had signed the deed and memorial himself he may have destroyed the original memorial and prepared another, getting the same witness to attest it. The mortgage from Henderson to Keays was also prepared by him. Now Henderson will swear that when the deed was delivered to him the words charged as forged were not in it, but must have been put in afterwards. The deed was now produced, and the nature of the alleged forgery pointed out to the jury, and the following witnesses were called.

Walter Henderson—Resides in Russell, purchased land in deed from prisoner in 1857, and the deed was made in 1859. The consideration was £600 of which £100 was paid before getting the deed, and then witness gave a mortgage for the balance. The deed produced was executed at witnesses' house, five miles from Keays'. There was no one but witness and his family, Keays and his clerk Robson present. There was no mention made of its being sold subject to any incumbrance. It was supposed to be a free deed. The land was offered for sale, and there was no search in the Registry. Cannot say that the memorial was then made out. Prisoner was then the Registrar, and witness gave him the deed to have it registered. (The deed was now handed to witness, and he pointed out the words said to be inserted after execution in two places.) In neither were they in it at the time of execution, when it was left for recording. Witness got the deed from Keays about two months after, and when he took it home he discovered the alteration, and the next time he saw Keays he asked him about it and charged him with the alteration, when he said that it was required to put in these words on account of the mortgage to Lyon not being discharged. He did not deny the alteration, but gave this as the reason for the words being inserted. Witness did not know this made any difference, and expected the mortgage would be released, and he, Keays, always agreed to do so. Does not know what was the amount of the mortgage to Lyon. Keays said he would pay it but did not, whilst witness went on paying his own mortgage to Keays, which is all paid. Mr. Fellowes did not press witness for his mortgage until within the last 18 months. If he had witness would have pressed Keays, and when he did Keays said he would not pay it, and repudiated any liability for it and told witness he must pay it himself. This was at the time he came down to L'Orignal when he first threatened to indict Keays.

Cross-examined by Mr. O'Reilly, Q C, —Witness owned a portion of the land before this purchase from Keays, and had a previous knowledge that Lyon had a mortgage upon it. Witness had previously sold Keays the south east quarter of the lot, Keays at the time owning the south west quarter. This gave Keays the south half, which he afterwards sold to witness and conveyed by the deed, and on the sale Keays got £100 of the purchase money. Witness sold to Keays in 1851 or 1852, and knew that at the time of the purchase he had mortgaged the entire 100 acres to Lyon by a new or renewed mortgage executed on the same day to Lyon, who thus had two mortgages on the lot, one from witness on the north half and one from Keays on the south half. Was present when the mortgage was given and may have made affidavit of its execution. Had full knowledge of its execution in 1857, when he purchased, but did not know whether or not it was released. (The mortgage was produced to witness, it was dated in March, 1852, and was payable by instalments which were only partly due in 1857.) Witness was not to know the time granted to pay it, though he may have witnessed its execution. (The memorial was produced to witness). Witnessed its execution, but did not draw the documents. Witness got his deed from Keays in 1859. It was then registered. Witness only had it prior to sign it. The deed was not read out. Keays brought it drawn in his own handwriting. Witness read it. There was a line drawn over the blank after the description which was then in it. There was nothing said about Lyons' mortgage when it was executed. At the time of the purchase there was only a memorandum of the terms of sale. £100 was to be paid in the Spring following. The purchase was in July. Did not pay all the £100 in the Spring. That paper was destroyed by Keays who said in 1859 that he wanted it to prepare the deed and he got it from me in 1859, and before I could get it back it was in the stove. I signed a double of it at the time of the purchase in 1857; read it, believed it to be the same with that held by Keays; did not know the contents of the one (he witness) signed. (A paper produced and shewn to witness). That is witnesses handwriting. The paper is dated 15th August, 1857, and is a promissory note from witness to Keays for £100, payable on 1st April then following. This was the first payment of £100 on the purchase of the lot; never saw it since. In 1864 wanted to get a settlement with Keays, but did not then wish to pay any money to Keays on the Lyon mortgage; never saw the note since until now; never wrote anything on it. The payment to Keays was by dealings in 1859, and there was a settlement to time of the deed. Had a further settlement in 1864 or 1865; owed previously £200, but had to acknowledge to £250. Keays owed witness on dealings about $1400 and Witness owed Keays about £17. The last settlement was on 2nd Decr. 1867. First spoke to Mr. Fellowes about the alteration in the deed two years ago, in Ottawa, and he told witness that he could prosecute Keays, took his advice as a lawyer and supposes he will have to pay him for it. Went before a Magistrate about a year ago; as witness could not get his rights he consulted Mr. Fellowes. Believes Robson, the witness to the deed, had gone to England.

Re-examined by the Attorney General: Knew of the mortgage before he got his deed but thought it might be paid; had paid off his own Mortgage to Fellowes on the North half before he bought it back again. Did not mention the matter to Fellowes until two years ago because of his friendship to Keays who kept promising to pay it. There was an arrangement between witness and Keays that the full amount he owed to Keays in 1867 was to be paid to Fellowes, and paid him £300 under that arrangement, because Keays told witness Fellowes held the mortgage. It was paid by a new mortgage from witness to Fellowes, extinguishing the old mortgage, but witness never made himself responsible for the amount due on the mortgage as inserted in the deed, the amount of which was £154.

To the Court,—Would not have given £600 if he had to pay that £154. The Lyon mortgage was for £150 to Lyon himself and £4 costs due to him.

The Court—It is quite clear the witness had in 1852 full knowledge of the existence of this mortgage.

G. B. L. Fellowes sworn. The first mortgage to me of 1852 was for money I lent Keays' to pay a man named Scarf, for the purchase of a lot. Scarf was Keays father-in-law. Witness collected for Keays some fees as Returning Officer, about £50, and gave him a receipt for it on account of mortgage. Witness sued on the covenant to pay, and the suit was referred to Judge Daniel as arbitrator, who made an award of about £350 due to witness, for which an execution issued. The mortgage from Keays being still unpaid, two years ago was put in Lyon & Remon's hands to proceed on it in Chancery. Did not know of after the sale to Henderson for two years after it took place, and when witness spoke to Keays he did not say that he had sold to Henderson subject to witness's mortgage, but that "he was to pay it himself." Supposed that Keays would pay, but when he did not, told Henderson to hold back his payments from Keays to save himself. Had some conversation with Keays about this prosecution a year ago. Witness came down here in June 1869 to indict Keays, but the Grand Jury had separated when he arrived. Keays came to witness after that in Ottawa, and took out the note now produced, which he said was taken expressly for the payment of witness's mortgage; noticed the alteration in the date; told him to take it back and not shew it to him, witness. Told Henderson of this afterward. The deed was dated 23rd Aug. 1859, and the note was 17th August, a week before. Never saw the paper which was destroyed. Told Henderson he could indict Keays for forgery. Witness has no interest in this matter.

Cross-examined by Mr. O'Reilly—Sued Keays, and got judgment for $350, including the balance on mortgage; had no falling out with Keays, took Henderson to the Attorney-General at the Assizes here; drafted a bill of indictment for the Attorney General, who said he would draw a better one, and did so; had a conversation at Christmas, 1859, or New Year, 1860, with Keays about the deed; identifies receipt given to Keays for £56 on account of the mortgage, and also receipt for £25 on same account, but did not recollect this second receipt on the same mortgage.

Robert Lyon, Esq., sworn—Puts in certified copy of memorial of the deed in question, which also contains the words put into the deed; it was registered 24th September, 1859, attested by two witnesses, Robson and one Turnbull; got instructions to sue on the mortgage, about three years ago; saw both Keays and Henderson on it, and Keays admitted that he was to pay it, and said on getting a settlement from Henderson he would do so; at that time witness knew nothing of the alteration which Keays said was put in at the time to obtain some settlement.

This closed the case for the Crown.

FOR THE DEFENCE.

John Scarf, examined by Mr. O'Reilly—Remembers being in Keay's store in Duncanville in 1859, and saw him give a deed to Henderson; Mr. Shelp, John Keays, and some others were there; Keays signed over the deed to Henderson, and his wife came and signed the deed also; it was read out as being subject to the mortgage, and two receipts were produced which showed either that about £80 was paid or due, but which witness forgets; its being mentioned that it was subject to the mortgage surprised witness, as he supposed Keays to be wealthy; Robson was there and signed the deed as a witness; did not see Mrs. Henderson there; the note from Henderson to Keays for £100 was produced; saw Henderson take it up and look at it; Keays prepared the deed; Mrs Keays was at the house just near, and was sent for, and saw her come in and sign the papers; she was not there when Keays drew the deed; happened to be there as he was then about buying timber limits from Keays; saw Shelp, Scarf and Keays there, but did not see Turnbull; does not know him; Robson was present; He was said to be Deputy Registrar; Mrs. Keays is a cousin of witness.

John Keays, examined by Mr. O'Reilly—Is a brother of the prisoner; recollect being present when the deed was given in 1859; had got hurt by a fall from a ladder, and, not being able to work much, went down to prisoner's where he did some light job of papering for him; saw the deed to Henderson executed; saw Mr. Henderson round, but not at his brother's place nor on the deed account; his brother drew the deed in the store; Henderson came in and his brother produced some receipts for payments on the mortgage to Fellowes for about £80; saw Scarf, Shelp, and others there whom he does not recollect; the deed was read by James Keays to Henderson, and witness has a distinct recollection about the mention of the mortgage, because he afterwards asked his brother, whom he supposed to be rich, did he owe it, and also had a talk with Mrs. Keays about it, who was not favourable to the sale of the property.

This witness was not cross-examined.

Mark Scarf—Lives in Templeton; Keays is married to witness's sister, who was born on the farm; was present when the deed was given by Keays to Henderson in 1859; saw Keays draw the deed; John Keays, Scarf, Shelp and some others were present; the deed was read over by Keays as subject to the mortgage. Two receipts were shown, which left about £80 and interest due, and Keays made a remark after the deed was signed, that he was by the settlement rid of the mortgage.

Cross-examined—Wondered at Keays giving a mortgage on the land got from witness's father, and this being the first transaction of the kind seen by witness impressed it on his memory; I think that Henderson's wife was round that day, but don't recollect seeing her sign any paper there; Robson was there, and signed as witness.

The court remarked here that Robson should be satisfactorily accounted for, but the onus of doing so was on the prosecution, in order to impeach the deed, he being the subscribing witness to it; as it is, Henderson states his recollection of what passed, and here we have three witnesses giving a different and opposite version of it.

John Heny was in the store of Keays when the deed was executed in 1859; saw Mrs. Keays, Henderson, Robson and others, and a small-sized man, like Mr. Keays' brother; a deed was read over by Keays, and recollect Lyons' name was mentioned in reference to a prior mortgage to Fellowes, on which witness said to Keays that he thought he and Lyons were too great friends to have anything of that kind between them; recollects two receipts being produced, one on clean paper and the other on smoky paper; is certain of the time, because witnesses wife died just then; Mrs. Keays came in and signed the deed; did not see any other woman there.

Alexander Harten—Lives in Russell, recollects being in Keays store in 1864, and Henderson being there; they were talking about Henderson paying up, and heard Keays say it was better to make up the balance of some money as the note would be soon out of date; saw Keays show some paper and Henderson looking at it, and £100 was mentioned; when he spoke of its being outlawed he said it would be all right in a few days; the note was shewn to witness; identifies it because the name of his deceased sister-in-law is subscribed to it; Peter Bolton and Archibald Shelp were there.

Henry Bowell was also present at a conversation some years since between Keays and Henderson, and recollected Keays say ing that if Henderson would pay a certain amount of money, he (Keays) would pay two mortgages; the amount named was large, over £200; Henderson seemed satisfied.

This closed the case.

Mr. O'Reilly, Q. C., said it now became his duty to address the jury on the evidence in this case, which was truly said by the Attorney-General to be most important to the prisoner as involving, not only his character, but also his station, his property, his liberty, his all, which was at stake on their verdict. He could well understand the Attorney-General making this statement. He would confess that when he first heard of this charge he was alarmed for the prisoner—a charge so serious—such forces brought against him—dug up after eleven years of slumber, a charge sustained by an able and skilful counsel like Mr. Fellowes, who seems to press it as far as it was possible for him to go, and now for the first time exhibiting facts which are said to have been developed after they had slept for ten years, after the sole witness to the transaction had left the country and the whole bearings of the affair, except to those personally interested in the transaction might be supposed to have faded from the memory. At such a time it is that this charge is made against this unfortunate man filling a respectable and responsible position, who now stands before you, a Government official, charged with the duty of Registrar of the county and now before you in the felon's dock. His interest in the result at stake is large in the extreme, and so should be their wonder and astonishment that so long a time should have passed without this charge being made, if well founded. Look at this Mr. Henderson who watches the case as if his all was at stake in it; he takes palpably more interest in it than that of a mere witness. You all saw his anxiety at the trial though the consequences to him are nothing; they involved no payment of money; cannot put one penny in his pocket, and his only interest as a witness should be to state as true what is true. Look on the other hand at the prisoner, charged here as a felon, threatened with a felon's doom, all he has in the world at stake, and after perhaps stamping the brand of a felon on him, after he is destroyed and ruined in property, after you have once put the felon's garb upon him, it can never be put off in memory, and you brand him as a felon for life. It is important that you gentlemen should probe this charge to the bottom, should know who it is that prosecutes, that you should see all things relating to the law of property respected and justice carried out, the law duly administered, and justice done to all. Here Mr. Fellowes is the prosecutor, and even so, all we desired, all we sought, in our exercise of challenge, was to get on this jury twelve men who would hold the balance, and who, in the words of the oath which you have so lately taken, "a true verdict give according to the evidence." Yes, gentlemen, you will give it according to the evidence, not viewing the question as one between Mr. Fellowes and Mr. Keays, but according to the justice of the case, for remember, justice holds the balance, which should only be turned by the weight of evidence to one side or the other. Now, what is the evidence here? Mr. Henderson on one side gives his evidence, and on the other side we have the evidence of four men of respectability, and when you come to balance that evidence you cannot but give due weight to their testimony. We have on one side the statement of one witness, Henderson, as to the facts connected with the execution of this deed, whilst four witnesses on the other side tell a very different story, whose weight, when thrown into the balance, must ensure the prisoner an acquittal, unless there were some adverse feeling to the prisoner in the mind of some juryman, which he trusted there was not. Let us suppose, however, that the balance of evidence was not in his favor, that the evidence of one witness was bearing so strongly on one side, at one time, and of another witness on the other side, at another time, and that your opinion thus became oscillating, now to one side, now to the other, if such a difficulty should arise in your minds, why, then, gentlemen, you would be bound to give the prisoner the benefit of the doubt, and acquit the prisoner, whom you should in no case convict, unless on the clearest evidence. Here we have a charge made on evidence which has slept for ten years. Henderson tells you he knew of the commission of this alleged crime, but that he was well inclined to Keays, and did nothing about it for ten years, but then he went to a legal gentleman, who advised this criminal prosecution. Gentlemen, can you believe that Henderson was so simple as not to know that this alleged alteration changed the character of the deed, yet year after year he pays him money, but does nothing as to this charge until Mr. Fellows tells him. Now I ask where is the subscribing witness to the deed? Some say one thing

TIGHT BINDING

some another as to him. Now I challenge the Crown's evidence as to the whereabouts of this witness Robson, the man whom alone the law says is competent to give evidence as to the contents of this deed. There must be evidence. Now, for the purpose of registration, under the old law no witness to a deed was necessary, under law still older, no deed at all was necessary, but were *livery* and *seizin* but the law now says that the subscribing witness to the deed is the proper person to give an account as to its execution. Gentlemen, what the Crown wants is a conviction from you without having given you any reasonable account of this man Robson. Why this would be just the same as dragging him out to shoot him. The witness Henderson was cross-examined as to the time and place of the execution of this deed, and as to why he so recollected it. He knows who drew the deeds, but cannot recollect anything else as to the fact, without something to bring them to his recollection. But these poor people, the witnesses for the prisoner, can give reasons for recollecting what occurred. One recollects the facts to which he deposes as occuring in August, 1869, from particular circumstances standing out with their daily surroundings, the death of his wife just at the time. Others can't speak so definitely, but that is no reason we should disbelieve them. Here four men have sworn to one fact standing out in bold and naked relief, and if they are not worthy of credence why not bring evidence to discredit them. If their characters be not good, where is there a witness to impeach their testimony? The Crown has not done so, and having failed to do so we must presume they could not do so, and so the evidence of these four witnesses stand out in bold relief against that of Mr. Henderson. Why the Atty.-General himself could not turn them, when a man of his skill gets up to cross-examine a witness he trembles before him, and when he fails to shake their testimony the conviction must be that the witness has told the truth. Am I not talking in a Court of Justice, a Court in which the presiding Judge represents the Queen, a Court where justice is expected to be done to all her subjects; and in such a Court am I to be told that four men's evidence is not to outweigh that of one man, particularly with all the surroundings to sustain them. We have not the subscribing witness to the deed, we have no proof of his even having left the country, when he started, or what became of him. He should have given his testimony in that box. The question, however, remains to be solved without him; no doubt there was a sale agreed on in 1857, and as Henderson says, the consideration was £600, for which he gave some paper and signed it (the note in proof) without reading it, and wants you to believe all this. On this point the witness Harten says that about six years ago he was present at a conversation between Henderson and Keays, and heard Keays say to Henderson that some note in question was nearly outlawed. Now, Henderson says he had no recollection of anything about a note in 1857, yet when the note was read by him he admitted it to be his handwriting, and having signed it the presumption of law is that he knew its contents. Harten says the note was produced in his presence, that Keays complained it was not paid, and would soon be outlawed, and when the note is put in his hand and he is asked is that the note, he says it is because he recognizes it from the signature of his deceased sister-in-law, Susanna Harrison being to it as a witness. Mr. Fellowes thinks that in 1859 Keays said to him that "he was to pay the mortgage" Gentlemen, it is quite consistent for Keays to say so, for what is it but let one pay the note and the other the mortgage, and calculating the amounts due on each you will find that they come within a few dollars of balancing each other. Bear in mind that at the time of the sale the mortgage to Lyon was not wholly due—that the amount of the promissory note was not included in Henderson's mortgage to Keays, and that this note was given to square the purchase money; so, then, if Henderson had not paid the note, then the land would be subject to the Lyon mortgage, and this is why he says let you pay the note and I will pay the mortgage. These are the simple facts, gentlemen, but Henderson says I will go into the witness box and give my story about it, whilst the lips of the prisoner are sealed. Henderson's story is all told. Keays' mouth is shut. What better illustration can we have of their position than to compare them to two men, one with his hands free, and the other with his hands tied behind his back, and totally incapable of defending himself from the attack of the other. Here we have this illustrated to-day, but if Keays had his liberty of speech he could tell you that the mortgage was not paid, because the note was unpaid. He had produced to you receipts in 1855, showing part payment of this mortgage, and if you calculate the balance on it and the amount due on the note you will see that they nearly make the same amounts. Henderson says he paid the note. If he did why not have got it up, where is the evidence of its payment? None has been given gentlemen. Mr. Henderson is not so green as this. He knows a thing or two, and is not likely to do this. He says the note is outlawed. Aye, gentlemen, six years will do this, will clear him, but ten years, fifty years, no time will run against us in the criminal charge made against us. There is something strange in this note, the Attorney General says it was altered. This is immaterial. Henderson says that when he signed the note for £100 he did not know what he was doing. Now, can you believe this? Can you believe that if he paid it it would be here. He says the other paper was torn up, now if he paid the note would not that be torn up also. Why not have taken up the note unless its amount was to go to redeem the balance due on the Lyon mortgage. Gentlemen, the veracity of our witnesses is not impeached. The body of the deed is in due form, and is admitted to be all correct save as to the words said to be introduced after its execution and which the prisoner is charged with having introduced feloniously. Now without these words the deed would have in law served all the purposes of conveying the land to Henderson subject to any balance due on that mortgage, and he must in law have taken the land so subject. Henderson says the deed from Keays to him was executed at his house five miles from Keays house. We say no, but that it was Henderson's mortgage to Keays which was executed there by him and Mrs. Henderson, whilst the deed from Keays to Henderson was executed in Keays store, drawn up on the counter, read to the parties, Mrs. Keays sent for to the house to come to the store, and that there it was executed by all parties, and first read to Henderson. If Henderson's statement were true why have we not Mrs. Henderson here to corroborate him. Why have we not the subscribing witness to the deed, Robson. Men may still take pains to get up such charges as might once immolate a man on the rack, but though those days are gone bye yet there is a torture greater still, that of a free born subject sent a prisoner to the penitentiary not for days, not for weeks, not for months is the limit of his torture but when he leaves that prison it still clings to him for ever. To you, to others the sun may rise to give joy to the earth but to him it gives none, the rack is with him both mentally and physically to the grave whether he be a victim to the vindictive feelings of one man or to the vengeance of another. Gentlemen it is scarcely necessary to go further, or to dwell on the evidence any longer. I have told you if you have any reasonable doubt you must acquit the prisoner; you can not convict on a mere chimera of evidence, but you must have a strong and reasonable conviction of his guilt on your mind, if you have not this you must acquit him, because society does not demand a conviction unless the prisoner is clearly proved to be guilty. I should insult you were I to say you can have no reasonable doubt of his innocence with the testimony of four men as to the facts so opposed to Henderson's evidence, to support which the attesting witness is not here, nor accounted for. His wife is not here. The case against the prisoner rests solely on Henderson's evidence. L[illegible]on's evidence does not touch it. There can be no doubt, then. What more is needed to satisfy twelve rational men who are sworn well and truly to try the issue between the Queen and the prisoner at the bar, and a true verdict given according to the evidence. Mark me, gentlemen, according to the evidence of Henderson, unsupported on the one side, and of four respectable witnesses on the other, where the weight of evidence is. Gentlemen, it will be a bright day, indeed, to you when you let this poor man go home to his wife and children, his character vindicated by your verdict, and the sun to shine once more brightly upon him as a free man.

The Attorney-General then briefly addressed the jury in reply. He said that Mr. Henderson had no interest in the conviction, which could not pay the debt. It was attempted to show that the note was reserved to pay the mortgage, but, if so, why did he tell Mr. Fellowes and Mr. Lyon that he was to pay the mortgage. You cannot believe that Mr. Henderson has come here from any motive, from any expected gain, to swear a lie on this occasion. If you discredit Henderson the case fails, on the other side there is the evidence of the brother-in-law and other connections of the prisoner, who may have been talked into a belief of what they have sworn to. Gentlemen, the sentence of the court is one thing, and your verdict is another. If a case is made out you must convict. You decide on the evidence, but we must take the law from the court. The responsibility is on you of judging as to the facts, the community looking to you for a fair and impartial trial. The prisoner holds an office which it is essential should be kept flowing in a pure stream, and held by a man in whom the public have confidence for the faithful discharge of its duties, therefore if you believe on the evidence that the prisoner is guilty, say so; do your duty and let not an aggressor go unpunished. There is, at all events, a case made out of some suspicion, but if you are satisfied by the testimony of the prisoner's witnesses you must acquit him. You must well consider the fact of his being registrar and arraigned here on this charge as being a heavy blow to him, and an unfortunate suspicion created thereby against him, but the case is in your hands.

His Lordship then proceeded to charge the jury and in doing so first carefully read over the leading points of evidence against and for the prisoner, and then said there were some unfortunate circumstances in this case. The first discovery of this alleged fraud is said to have been made eleven years ago. Yet Henderson remains silent about it, thus raising a cloud about it. He says the deed was tampered with after he executed it, and that when he charged Keys with it the latter did not deny it. It is a strange thing for a man like Mr. Henderson to put his name to a paper and know nothing of its contents. For the defence it is said the deed was signed in a different place from where Henderson states it was executed, and if you believe this evidence there is an end of the case, and you must acquit the prisoner. There are several facts against a conviction. Robson the subscribing witness to the deed is not produced. He was the right person to give an account of the transaction. Sarah Harrison, the witness to the note is dead. One says the deed and mortgage were executed at Henderson's House, the others say at Duncanville. Now if Mrs. Henderson were there at the time of the execution why did they not do the whole together, but it is consistent with the prisoner's statement that the deed to Henderson was signed at the store and the mortgage to Keays at Henderson's. Henderson is in one respect corroborated by Mr. Fellowes, who says that Keays told him he was to pay the mortgage, and Mr. Lyon says he admitted he had to pay it. This is all very true, for he had given a deed, and was responsible for title, and if sued had no defence, for the man takes it saddled with the mortgage, and if he were compelled to pay it then he had his remedy on the covenant for title. It is material to consider if Henderson's statement be true whether these words were fradulently inserted after the execution of the deed. Now it is much against any man after many years coming forward to state his knowledge of a great crime which he had kept quiet so long as he found it did not touch his own pocket. If the mortgage was paid we should never hear of it. Whilst if Keays did forge the deed, no Statute of limitation could save him. He must call attention to the fact of this party knowing of the crime and doing nothing until he becomes a possible loser by it. There is nothing to impeach any of the defendant's witnesses, and if there be any doubt in your minds the prisoner should get the benefit of that doubt. You must see that the charge is brought clearly home to him, it must not be mere suspicion. If Henderson's evidence stood alone and uncontradicted, the case would be clear, but when four other witnesses swear to the contrary, if you believe them, there is an end of the case. As to the £100 note, it is singular to listen to people say they sign such a document, and say they never dreamt it was a note. There should be evidence of this statement that he put his name there but did not know what he signed. If notes were to be put aside in this way no one would be safe. As to the question of forging, by introducing the words charged. Do you accept Henderson's statement and reject the others? If so, convict the prisoner. If otherwise, acquit him, and if doubtful in your mind acquit him also. When such a charge against such a man is made it should be investigated, and if Keys be a man who could commit such a fraud he would be doubly guilty. If he be not, then his character will be cleared by the verdict of the jury.

The jury then retired, and after about an hours' absence the jury returned into court with a verdict of Not Guilty.

The second charge against the prisoner was not proceeded with, but Mr. Keays, having entered into fresh recognizances to appear at next Assizes, he was discharged from custody.

The Queen *vs.* Simpson, for arson.—A jury was then sworn to try this case; but, after a couple of witnesses were examined, his Lordship said if there were no better evidence to sustain the case, it must end. A verdict of Not Guilty was then recorded, under the direction of the court. This closed the criminal business.

Schneider *vs.* Wynan.—This case was then resumed; and, after one witness was examined, the court brought the case to an end, ruling that there could not be a set off, as claimed by defendant; that defendants had proved their claim in insolvency, and got a composition, and on the plea of never indebted there must be a verdict for the plaintiff for $546.

Gardeners mind their peas, actors mind their cues, but churchwardens, instead of minding their p's and q's, very often give their attention to their pews and keys.

A city missionary was asked the cause of his poverty. "Principally," said he, with a twinkle in his eye, "because I preached so much without notes.

Agricultural fairs are epedmic now; but there's no use of garden vegetables competing for prizes—the cabbage will always be a head.

Jet ornaments are used in bonnets this fall and so heavy that it feels like lifting a small sized flat iron.

The Acclimatization Society of New Zealand is buying Californian seeds and birds, frogs from Australia, pigeons from Africa, and fishes from England.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Meeting of the General Reception Committee.
Intercolonial Railway Tenders.
Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society.
Stoves—Esmonde Bros.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: [illegible], Sparks Street

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1870.

Hon. Mr Aikins returned last evening.

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries left Newcastle, N. B., yesterday for St. John. He intends leaving St. John on Monday for Montreal *via* Portland.

The report of the reception and addresses delivered at the Academy of the Notre Dame de la Congregation, Wellington street, will be given in to-morrow's issue.

The loss of the *Captain* is considered by the best naval authorities to have been in no way attributable to her peculiar construction, but to her being too heavily rigged.

Colonel Chamberlin and the other officers of the Army of Canada, upon whom Her Majesty has been pleased to confer the Companionship of St. Michael and St. George, will receive their decorations from the Governor-General in Montreal on Tuesday next.

The Marine department received a telegram yesterday from Mr. Ross, M.P., for Victoria, announcing that Malcolm Morrison, keeper of the lighthouse on Bird Island, had been killed by the bursting of a gun. Bird Island is situated near St. Ann's, Cape Breton.

We are glad to find that the United States government have had a little return for the courtesy which they showed us at the Sault Ste. Marie. Two companies of infantry, proceeding from Lake Erie to Sackett's Harbour, attempted to pass through the Welland Canal, but were not allowed to do so, and had to return.

We understand that Bishop Guigues expresses his warm appreciation of the courtesy displayed by Thos. Reynolds, Esq., the Managing Director of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway, in placing the Director's car at his disposal during the journey from Prescott to this city. The Bishop also speaks in grateful terms of the attention shown him by Mr Luttrell, the Superintendent of the line.

We understand that nearly eight thousand men are now employed and actually at work upon the Intercolonial Railway. Sections Nos. 1 and 8 are about finished, so far as the grading and preparation for the permanent way are concerned. The contracts for the putting on of the permanent way will be let shortly, and these portions of the road will probably be in running order next season. The actions for trespass brought against the Government, and since against the contractors, arose in consequence of boulders having been drawn off farms in the neighborhood of the line, to be used in its construction.

A CANAL COMMISSION.

We understand that in accordance with an arrangement entered into last session, the Government intend shortly to appoint a Commission whose duty it will be to enquire into the canal system of the entire Dominion. Every one is agreed as to the necessity for such a commission, as every one also is agreed as to the importance of developing and improving the inland navigation of Canada as far as possible. From the seaboard to Fort Garry, an uninterupted line of water communication is needed, and as we have shown before, the trade of the West and North West is increasing with such enormous rapidity, that before many years have elapsed one connecting link between the upper lakes and the St. Lawrence will not be sufficient, and not only the Ottawa canal, but possibly one or two others will be crowded with vessels laden with cargoes of breadstuffs. There is at all events good reason to hope that such will be the case, and if we act energetically and avail ourselves of the advantages we possess, we may regard this as a certainty. But it will not do to procrastinate or remain inactive. The Americans know what the value of Western trade is; the growth of New York, Buffalo, Syracuse, and other cities and towns along the banks of the Erie canal afford them constant evidence of its worth; and we may rely upon it that they will make every effort to secure the lion's share of it, as they have a perfect right to do. It is because of this, and because our Government thoroughly recognize the importance of the question that this Canal Commission has been proposed. We do not know who will be the members of the Commission, nor are we aware how they will be selected. It appears to us that men who have given some attention to the subject, and who are in other respects fitted to the position, should have the preference. A man who becomes a commissioner must be prepared to take a broad and comprehensive view of the question, to regard it, not from a local or personal standpoint, but with an eye to the interest of the whole Dominion. We notice that Western papers very generally recommend Mr. F. C. Capreol of Toronto as a man well fitted for the position, and we agree with our contemporaries in so believing. Mr. Capreol is thoroughly well "up" in this subject; he has given it more attention than most men, and we believe would approach it with a fair and honest purpose to do all in his power to promote the interests of the entire Dominion. The Toronto *Telegraph* very fairly represents the tone of a majority of the Western press in the following article.

It is said that the Government are about to carry out the promise made last session by appointing a Commission to enquire into the canal system and inland navigation of the Dominion. That such a Commission is necessary, everyone must admit, but, in order that the enquiry may be thorough and reliable, the Commissioners must be men experienced in such matters, and in every way fit for the position. When the enquiry was first proposed we suggested the name of Mr. F. C. Capreol, of this city, as that of a gentleman thoroughly qualified to discharge the duties, and we still think he is the right man for the post. In advocating the Georgian Bay Canal scheme he has found it necessary to study and enquire into the whole canal system of the Dominion, and in this way has made himself intimately acquainted with the subject. We know of no man in Canada who has given our canal system more attention, who has a clearer idea of the improvements necessary, or who is more capable of gathering for the Government the information and statistics required. For these reasons we think the appointment of Mr. Capreol would be an excellent one, and satisfactory to all classes.

THE LIBERATION OF THE FENIANS.

It appears from the telegram that the Fenian prisoners in the States are to be at once set at liberty by order of the President. We do not wish to exaggerate the importance of this step or to excite any feelings of hostility towards President Grant or the American nation. It is best, however, that we should clearly understand what it means, and what are the inferences which we may draw from it. We may make up our minds to one fact viz: that under the institutions which at present exist in the United States, the government dare not deal out just punishment to any man who breaks the laws, if he is possessed of any political power, or in other words can command a few votes. It is certainly a humiliating state of things, but it is one which actually exists. O'Neill and the other American citizens who were engaged in the recent raid, openly declared their intention of making an attempt to rob and pillage Canada. Of course there was some ridiculous talk about "freeing Ireland," but we will not insult American statesmen by supposing that they for one moment believed that any important political results could be accomplished by these brigands, or that anything more glorious could be achieved than the capture of one or two Canadian villages, and possibly the murder of a few Canadians who might choose to resent the invasion of their soil. The raid which these citizens of the American Republic undertook, was in direct violation of their own neutrality laws. They evidently, however, knew the Government with which they had to deal, and understood that American neutrality, so far at all events as Canada is concerned, is a hollow sham and pretense. President Grant took care that no obstacles should be placed in their way; United States regulars were kept as far removed from the threatened points as possible, and only after the attempted invasion had failed thanks to the courage and discipline of the Canadian army, a few of the Fenian leaders were arrested and sentenced to short terms of imprisonment. After having been detained in jail until the anger of their betrayed followers may be supposed to have cooled, they are now to be allowed to go free and do a little canvassing for President Grant's friends during the Fall elections. Under the "best government the world ever saw" this is the way in which the laws are administered!

After this experience the people of this country may understand that they have nothing to hope for from the friendship or good faith of the United States Government. We do not suppose that President Grant has any special love or admiration for the men who live by what they can steal from New York servant girls, and fly at the crack of the first Canadian rifle. Although he is not a man of very refined tastes or habits we do not imagine that he is desirous of any intimate social relations with these pardoned felons. But as the Chief Magistrate of the American Republic, he *dare* not carry out the laws for fear of losing the Fenian vote. Bearing this fact in mind, and commiserating with President Grant on his unfortunate position, let us remember that it is upon our own stout hearts and well handled rifles that our freedom depends, and as we prize our liberties, our homes, and all that makes life dear to us, let us by every possible means in our power aid in rendering the country secure, not only by liberally providing for the thorough organization and efficiency of our gallant little army, but also by seeing that every able-bodied man in Canada is capable of seconding and supporting the active force in case of any emergency. We do not say that any immediate danger threatens us, we do not believe that it does, but when we find that lawless men in the neighbouring States who desire our destruction, are encouraged by the United States Government in the manner they are, it is well to bear in mind the old Scottish motto, "*Watch the border, watch weel.*"

A SILLY CANARD.

The Toronto *Leader* published an extraordinary telegram on Wednesday last, stating that the Hon. Mr. Langevin had "passed through the new American canal at the St. Clair flats on board the gunboat *Prince Alfred*, and had taken formal possession of the Canal by hoisting the British flag over it." When we read this extraordinary statement we recognized at once the work of some telegraph correspondent who was bent on making a sensation. If we mistake not the navigation of the St. Clair river and canal is free alike to both British and American vessels, and even if it were not, and there were any real necessity for "taking possession," the matter would become the subject of negotiation between the two countries, and the canal would not be seized by a Cabinet Minister in a gunboat. We regret to see that some of our American contemporaries are exciting themselves needlessly concerning this absurd canard, and are talking about the "intoxicated vanity of Canadians." They may rest assured, however, that they have nothing to dread from either the vanity or hostility of Canadians. We have no Chandlers on this side the line, although we know that men of his stamp flourish and abound in Michigan. We believe that the facts are simply these. On Monday last the *Prince Alfred* left Goderich having on board the Minister of Public Works, who had some official business with Mr. Brown, the builder of the canal, in reference to the dredging of the mouth of the Thames River, Ont., for which Mr. Brown has taken a contract. The *Prince Alfred*, with its colors flying, as they always are, passed through the canal just as other vessels do, and arrived at Windsor the same day. On Tuesday morning it started for Sarnia, by the usual route, and this was all that transpired.

"SMASH UP AND CRASH UP."

Between January 1st and the 30th of September, the number of miles ran by trains on the Grand Trunk Railway was 3,600,000 against 3,350,000 last year; the car mileage was 46,000,000 against 41,000,000 for the same period in 1869. The fatal accidents in all have been seventeen. Of these, nine occurred to persons walking on the track, four from persons riding on the platform of the cars against the rules of the company, one from a passenger trying to get on the train when it was in motion, one from a child falling between the cars, one from a man falling in front of the engine, and one from a horse backing up against the train. Not a single death has occurred in consequence of any accident to a train, or from any cause over which the officials of the Company had control. Where is the line of railroad that can show a clearer record than this, and how does it accord with the *Globe's* "smash up and crash up" story?

A FENIAN FISHERMAN.

Another United States fishing vessel has been seized under most aggravated circumstances; the *Clara F. Friend*, of Gloucester, Mass., Thomas O'Grady, Master. This schooner had been repeatedly boarded and warned off the inshore fishing grounds at several places near Prince Edward Island. When last accosted the Master was very insolent, and avowed his intention to "fish just where he had a mind to." Consequently his vessel and cargo of 160 barrels of mackerel were seized forthwith, and taken into Charlottetown for condemnation. We cannot have our fish stolen from under our noses, and afford to be bullied into the bargain. Master O'Grady avows himself a Fenian, and will therefore be well defended and kindly cared for at Washington.

GOSSIP FOR THE BREAKFAST TABLE.

Kingston is sending soap to Australia.

London is rejoiced with a new quarterly magazine entitled the *Rectangular Review*.

Admiral Tegethoff is ill beyond hope of recovery with cancer of the tongue.

Mr. Motley, the American Minister, is the guest of Earl Russel at Woburn Abbey.

A happy wedded couple in Hendricks county, Indiana, weigh just one thousand pounds.

The Channel Islands have become the refuge of hundreds of French fugitives from the expected siege of Paris.

The Bible is now printed in no less than twenty five of the modern languages of India.

Within the past fortnight an apple stem six inches in length has grown on a tree in Chatham, and blossoms formed thereon.

A Louisville girl sold her hair the other day, in order to get money to go on a visit.

Mrs. Partington says she understands the pickle the Emperor has got into, but she would like to know what this neutrality is that Victoria is trying to preserve.

At a charitable fair out West an enthusiastic young lady, when the stock was exhausted, sold the gloves off her hands and the shoes off her feet to help the cause.

A Lynchburg (Va.) belle, now in Paris, has given her diamonds—valued at $15,000. for the benefit of the French Sanitary Commission.

A countryman in a Detroit factory bet the engineer a dollar that he could seize the fly-wheel and hold it. He seized it, and was picked up on a pile of bricks outside the building, with a window sash for a neck-tie.

Lovers of tobacco, and indeed of all stimulants, like to find medical authority for the use of them, and therefore will be glad to hear that the London *Lancet*, the highest medical authority in England, thoroughly believes in tobacco.

A Kokomo, Indiana, man recently sold his wife for $10, and proceeded to go on a wild carousal with the gross receipts. Now that the money is gone, he is rather sorry that he sold out, and proposes to test the validity of the transfer.

They are soon to have a child's theatre in New York, where all the infant phenomena of the day are to appear as actors and actresses. The pieces are to be specially adapted to children, with child-like dialogue, and plots turning on the passions and accidents of childhood.

The old Glee Club at Worcester, Eng., which was established in 1810, but died away some years ago, is to be resuscitated. Mr. Price, of the Cathedral choir, will be the conductor, and upwards of a hundred gentlemen have already promised to become subscribers.

An exchange says a San Francisco cat got into George Francis Train's bedroom and tried to suck George's breath, not knowing, of course, who he was. It is, perhaps, needless to remark that the cat came to an untimely end. He carries altogether too much wind for any *one* cat.

It is calculated that since the commencement of the war 35,000 foreigners have sought refuge in Brussels. The hotels in that city are crowded, and lodgings can only be obtained with difficulty.

An amusing anecdote of M. Durnof's aerial voyage is that he responded to the Prussian gunners who fired at him by dropping his visiting card upon their heads. He proposes, it is said, to return to Paris in his balloon to carry back the answer of the government of Tours to the despatches sent by the government of Paris.

The fair, plump, singing bird, Madame Alboni (Countess of Polpoli) has flown from her nest in the shady coverts of the Champs Elysees, for fear of being dislodged by the shells of the Prussians. Signor Bottesini, the great basso, has also left Paris for London, until the discords of the time shall be over.

Of the Irish colony recently started in Algeria, the London *Standard* says:—Toward the end of last year a party of Irish emigrants, encouraged by the representations of an Irishman named Leonard, of Paris, and others, landed in Algeria. Those of them who had not died from privations and fever were this week admitted into the Whitechapel Union (having made their way back amid great hardships *via* Marseilles and Paris) whence they will or have been forwarded to their homes in Ireland.

To give an idea of the discipline of a Prussian regiment, a correspondent relates the following circumstance:

A soldier of the 2nd battalion, 33rd regiment, has evidently gone somewhere without leave. The major calls him up and asks for explanations, which not being satisfactory, gives him a tremendous box in the ear, and bids him rejoin his company; upon which the man, who has four decorations upon his breast, and whom a hundred French bullets would not turn back, bursts into tears and sobs like a child.

The late Baron James Rothschild hardly anticipated that his princely palace at Ferrieres would be cavalierly occupied a few years after his death as the headquarters of the King of Prussia. Considering that the sons of Baron James have cast their lot with the Parisians, the Germans must experience a peculiar satisfaction in spreading themselves in their palatial mansion, and in tasting the wines for which the cellars of Ferriers are so renowned. It was in this chateau that the Rothschilds used to receive Louis Napoleon and Eugenie, and give splendid hunting parties in their honor.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, 13th.—Particulars of the battle before Metz, which occurred on Friday last, have just been received. The French made a sortie in force, and after a battle, were driven back with tremendous losses. The Prussians took a number of prisoners.

The cattle in and around Metz are dying by hundreds from the rinderpest. The bodies cannot be burned quick enough to prevent epidemic. Notwithstanding the hard frosts that have occurred there, disease is spreading rapidly.

The French fire from the fortifications of Metz continue incessantly.

The Franc Tireurs not being uniformed the Prussians do not regard them as regular soldiers of France, and shoot them on sight.

The defeat of the French at Artenay opens the way to Orleans for the Prussians. The occupation of these places is hourly expected.

On Monday a Prussian cavalry division drove four thousand Mobiles across the Eure, near Chartres. The looses of the latter were heavy.

Nothing important has been received from Before Paris by way of Berlin.

The French fleet was still off Hagalon, and this evening it is known that General Garibaldi has left Tours in company with Col. Frapoli for the seat of war. The exact destination has not been divulged, but it is intimated he will take command at Orleans.

The decline in consols is accounted for by the facts that there are but few borrowers, owing to the crisis, and bankers are obliged to employ their balance.

A fearful gale prevailed here last night, and still rages to some extent to-day.

Advices from different parts of the coast also report heavy weather. Shipping is generally refuged in the harbor. Many disasters have already been reported.

The storm was particularly severe in the Mersey, and much damage was caused to the shipping at Liverpool.

Prussia is now negotiating with the smaller States of Germany for national unity under Frederick, in place of a Federaley.

The sessions of the North German Parliament will probably be resumed before the meeting of the Prussian Diet, that is towards the end of November, the Parliament will be recalled to provide means for war and adjust certain questions springing from it. The elections for this body will probably occur on Wednesday, the 19th of October and those for the deputies in the Prussian Diet about eight days later.

It is expected that Prussia in view of the delicate relations with England in consequence of the latter's alleged violation of neutrality, will give Count Von Bernstoff, the North German Ambassador, an indefinite leave of absence, leaving only a charge d'affairs at London.

It is now said that the revolution in Algeria is unchecked. In the Province of Constantine the insurgents have gained some advantages, and bid the authorities defiance.

A correspondent of the *Standard* charges the Prussians with constant exaggeration. He writes that the number of men and amount of material captured at Strasburg should be reduced at least one-half from the Prussian figures.

ROME, Oct. 13.—General La Marmora, on arriving at Rome issued a proclamation. He says the plebiscitum nobly crowns the national edifice. He hopes and believes that the Pope, as head of the Church, will exercise his rights in perfect freedom. This feeling is sacred. He appeals to all to preserve order and tranquility. Parties who have been arrested for attempting to evade military service have been amnestied.

TOURS, Oct. 13.—The official decree appointing General Aurills de Paladines to the command of the army of the Loire, in place of General La Monturouyn, is published to-day.

A late message from Paris has the following comprehensive statement:—Materials for the workmen, coal and metal, food and good will, are abundant here.

Russian journals infer from the fact that the Germans are purchasing sheepskins that a winter campaign is certain.

The French International Ambulances have been disbanded, and those organised by members of the French press soon will be.

The new French coat of arms has made its appearance. It consists of a figure of Liberty with the legend, "in the name of the French people." On the reverse side is a garland of mixed oak and olive, with a wheat ear in the centre. There is also the inscription 'Republique Française Democratique, une et indivisible." Around the periphery are the words "Liberte, Egalite, Fraternite."

LONDON, 13th.—A despatch from a French source has just been received here giving the following news: An engagement occurred on Monday, the 10th, near Bruyeres, between a body of Franc Tireurs and the Prussians. After a short engagement the latter retired with a loss of thirty killed and wounded; the French loss is not stated.

The Prussians are leaving Tourneay and marching to Gisors. Turning from St. Quentin, they threaten Amiens.

An engagement occurred at Mottagros yesterday between the Uhlans and the Hussars. No result given.

BRUSSELS, 13th.—The French prisoners were removed from Beverloo, because of a conspiracy to murder the guards and escape.

The *Echo* of this city doubts of Napoleon's complicity in any conspiracy. He is too eager for his own personal safety to return to France.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

TOURS, Oct. 12.—No news has yet been received from Orleans or Chatendon from the reinforcements that were sent last evening.

Much anxiety is manifested, as it is known the Germans were in heavy force in that neighborhood.

Gen. Gambriel reports having gained considerable advantage with his command over a force of 15,000 Prussians near Bruyere.

BERLIN, Oct. 12.—The obstacles to the conveyance or planting of the Prussian siege guns have been so far overcome that the cannonnade before Paris may be momentarily expected.

LONDON, Oct. 13.—Yesterday the French army of the Loire were driven out of Orleans after a nine hours fight. Orleans was subsequently stormed.

The Prussians took upwards of 10,000 prisoners. Their loss was small. The Bavarians participated in this engagement.

CHITLE, Oct. 13.—A balloon descended in Tournay to-day. The news from Paris is most cheering. The popular ardor is unbounded, the soldiers are anxiously awaiting the Prussian attack, and have no doubt of their ability to withstand it.

Perfect order reigns everywhere.

The confidence in Genearl Trochu seems limitless.

Everybody is quiet firm and courageous.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, October 13.

The High School Committee have secured the services of Mr. W. T. White, writing master in Canada.

Yesterday the police arrested an Italian on a charge of coining and issuing counterfeit five and ten cents silver pieces, several of which were found in his possession.

An unfortunate accident occurred on the Grand Trunk Railway near Seigneur street this morning about ten o'clock. One of the new Pullman cars called the "Toronto," had just arrived from that city, and was being backed round to Point St. Charles for some purpose, it is said, on the line of the Plattsburgh train, the engine of which came into collision with it, smashing it badly.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, 13th.—The *Tribune* says:—"Our returns of Tuesday's election are still far from complete. Those from Pennsylvania do not materially change the appearance of the probable accounts. There is doubt as to several districts.

It is probable that we have lost at least one of our state tickets by about 15,000 majority, and we have lost possibly two and gained two members of Congress.

The Indiana state ticket is in doubt, with chances in favor of the Republicans by a small majority, and we have lost one member of Congress, and possibly two.

From Iowa our returns are meagre, but the Republican majority is estimated at 40,000.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Pardon in the case of the Fenian prisoners was issued at the Attorney-General's office, yesterday, and transmitted to the President for his signature. He has signified that all the pardons will at once be transmitted to the keepers of the prisons, where the several prisoners are confined. The following is a list of these pardoned:—John McNeill, John J. Donnelly, Owen Starr, W. T. Thompson, Edward Mannix, Daniel Murphy, John S. Brown, N. McGuiness and John I. Mora.

Owing to the prevalance of the rinderpest in Germany and France, Secretary Boutwell has issued strict orders to the Commissioners of Customs, not to allow the landing of meat cattle from European countries, unless under special conditions.

Visit of His Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa to the Convent of Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

At two o'clock yesterday His Lordship visited this, the oldest religious educational establishment in the city. He was received by a large assemblage of ladies and gentlemen, and the pupils of the Convent, numbering nearly two hundred.

The Chapel of the Convent was beautifully decorated, the pillars were entwined with drapery and flowers. The festooning was very graceful; it bore the legend "*au Prince de l'Eglise; au Pere du Concile, Amour, et Respect.*" A neat stage had been erected for the interesting little *scene* got up fot his Lordship's reception. Immediately in front the *dais* stood surmounted by the insignia of the Episcopate. Throughout the delicate taste of the good ladies of Notre Dame du Sacre Cœur was prominent in the decorations—simple, yet beautiful—the reception won not only the admiration, but the better feelings of those who were present. The tender and expressive voices of the pupils gave merely expression to the thoughts of those more aged; and the nuns of this establishment have given another evidence that their popularity throughout this section of the country is well deserved. The *scene* in itself, was a *bijou*. The music, and poetry composed by the ladies of the establishment, was well adapted for the occasion, and the execution such as to do credit to the tutors of the young ladies, who took part in the ovation.

It was a very tastefully conceived and allegorical representation, and was charming in its effect.

Addresses in French and English were presented to His Lordship, after which he became the recipient of two magnificent bouquets from young lady pupils.

The following is the English address:—

MY LORD,—Our young hearts, overflowing with joy, we come to bid you welcome, thrice welcome from a foreign land. We are unable to express the emotions that filled our hearts on receiving the glad tidings that in a few days our venerated Pastor would be restored to his loving children, who so sincerely regretted his absence, and so eagerly desired his return. When tossed on the angry bosom of the deep, or traversing distant lands, your children prayed for you. Oft too, did we ask of the Divine Spirit to inspire the august assembly of which you formed a part; the result of whose deliberations we receive with loving submission as children of our Holy Mother the Church, particularly that proclaiming to the Christian world, Infallibility, in matters of Faith, of the Successor of St. Peter. We sincerely hope that our illustrious Pontiff may continue for many years to guide the sacred barque of Peter, freighted with its precious cargo of immortal souls.

In conclusion, my Lord, we fervently beseech Our Heavenly Father to bestow on you all the grace necessary for the discharge of the arduous duties of your exalted ministry, and we sincerely hope that many a year our Lord will permit you to remain with us to guide, as you have hitherto done, the interests of our Mother the Church, and the souls of her children to salvation.

His Lordship responded in the English and French languages. He retraced the progress of the institution, and felt proud to say that during his absence his trust had been well placed, and it stood second to none in the country.

A grand finale on the piano closed this very interesting episode of to-day.

The following is the address of the Irish Catholics to Bishop Guigues:

To the Right Rev. Joseph Eugene Guigues, D.D., Bishop of Ottawa.

MY LORD,—Several months have passed since your Lordship, in obedience to the call of the Sovereign Pontiff, took your departure from this your episcopal city, to attend the great Ecumenical Council.

When bidding you farewell, we felt deeply the loss we would sustain during your absence, and beg to assure you, that in our private devotions, as well as the offering of the Holy Sacrifice, we have never ceased to pray for your welfare and safe return.

To-day, my Lord, with joy, we assemble in thousands to bid you welcome home: and are happy at seeing you once more among us to resume the duties of your episcopacy, and to labour again in the vineyard which for over two and twenty years you have cultivated with so much saintly zeal and heavenly charity; and in the language of our dear old Ireland, bid you a "Cead mille failthe."

As an affectionate family rejoices at the safe return of a fond father, labouring for their temporal welfare in a far off land even so do we hail your Lordship as our Spiritual Father, returning from his Glorious Vatican, the bearer of benedictions from the hand of that illustrious Pontiff, in whose august presence you have so recently stood. Pius the Ninth, the ruler of two hundred millions of souls, is now, by man's infidelity and Sardinian bayonets, deprived of that patrimony given to the Church by Pepin in the ninth century. We have, my Lord, the unerring word, as well as the teachings of experience, that God's Holy Church is not to be treated with impunity; and, although the monuments of religion may for a while be desecrated, and our Holy Father may be even a prisioner, still the crook and the crown of the Pope will govern all the earth when the present race of infidels will be forgotten.

Pius the Ninth, the infallible pilot of the Bark of Peter, beholds from the helm the angry storm and troubled waters by which the ship is surrounded, and, like his Divine Master on the Sea of Galilee, has no fear.

"He stands undaunted midst the storm,
With hands upon the helm,
Well knowing fiercest wave can ne'er
The sacred bark o'erwhelm."

Your Lordship when leaving your episcopal charge, took care to commit to able hands the administration of your diocese. Well and faithfully have these devoted pastors discharged the trust reposed in them incessantly labouring for the spiritual welfare of the flock committed to their care.

We sincerely hope, My Lord, that the air of your native country, 'la belle France' (which may God watch over and defend from her enemies) may have a beneficial effect on your Lordship's health; that Almighty God may continue to watch over you, and spare you long to discharge the duties of your high office.

This, my Lord, is the prayer of your devoted and faithful Irish children.

Signed on behalf of the Irish Catholics of Ottawa, in public meeting assembled this the 8th day of October, 1870.

JAS. BERMINGHAM, Presd.
MARTIN BATTLE, Secy.

MARRIED.

On the 13th inst., at the Chapel of [illegible] street, by the Rev Mr Lauder, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Pollard, John R. [illegible], Esq., Merchant, Napanee to Alice, second daughter of Lieut.-Colonel Wily, Director of Stores, [illegible] of Canada.

STOVES.

Buy Them and Save 20 Per Cent,

AT ESMONDE BROS.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
Ottawa, 10th Oct., 1870.

The Commissioners for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, hereby give public notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the construction of an Engine House, Locomotive Repair Shop, and other buildings, at Moncton, New Brunswick.

Plans and Specifications may be seen on and after 1st NOVEMBER next, at the Railway Office, St. John, and at the office of the Chief Engineer, at Ottawa; and Tenders on a printed form; which will be supplied, marked on envelope "Tender for Buildings," and addressed to the Commissioners, will be received at their Office in Ottawa, up to six o'clock, p.m., on [illegible] November, 1870.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

1487 3

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

A General meeting will be held in the Lecture Room, this (FRIDAY) evening, the 14th of OCTOBER, 1870, at 7½ o'clock

G. KENNEDY, Secretary.

Ottawa, Oct 14, 1870

TO THE MEMBERS
—OF THE—
COMMITTEE OF RECEPTION.

A meeting of the General Committee appointed to receive HIS LORDSHIP will take place at the Canadian Institute to night at 8 o'clock.

E. TETU,
M. BATTLE,
Joint Secretaries.

Ottawa, Oct 13, 1870.

AUCTION NOTICE.

The subscriber would take this means of informing the public that he is prepared to receive all kinds of goods on consignment, for auction or private sale, at his [illegible] street, opposite the Market. Parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to call upon him before going elsewhere. His experience, and the testimonials he [illegible] is a sufficient guarantee that their interests will be carefully attended to.

JOHN CHAPMAN,
Queen's Auctioneer.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870

UNDER THE PATRONAGE
—OF—
Queen's University, Kingston.

PROF. MELVILLE BELL,

Of University College, London, England, and one of the most Celebrated Dramatic Readers of the age, has been secured to give two of his celebrated

POPULAR READINGS!

From English, Irish and Scotch Authors,

IN MUSIC HALL, OTTAWA.

This THURSDAY and FRIDAY Evenings, Oct. 13 and 14, at 7:30 p.m.

Tickets 25 cents; Reserved Seats 50 cents. For sale by Orme & Son, J. Durie & Son, and J. Hope & Co.

Ottawa, Oct 13, 1870

BY H. McLEAN.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from THOMAS MUNRO, Esq., to sell by auction at his residence, [illegible], [illegible] street, on MONDAY, the 17th OCTOBER inst., at 10 o'clock a.m., all his Household Furniture comprising, Drawing-room, Parlor, Dining-room, Bedroom and Kitchen furniture of every description and variety, usually found in a completely and elegantly furnished house, and all of which is of the best and most modern quality and style, and in the best order and condition.

TERMS—Cash.

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, Oct 13, 1870

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

...WRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

...8.10 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 10.00 p.m.
...4.30 p.m., 11.00 a.m., 9.00 p.m.
...these trains connect at Prescott Junction ...Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.
...Office.—York street, corner of Sussex

A. & H. TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

...Ladies are invited to see Garland, Mutchmor & Co's grand display of Millinery and Mantles.

...Latest Styles out, in Millinery and ...tles, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's.

...the date for the races approach bet... is getting lively.

THE SIDEWALK.—Certain portions of the ...walks on Rideau street are sadly in ...of repair, there being some very dan... holes. We hope the proper parties ...see to them.

...HEN LIVING.—A farmer living in Glou...ster, a short distance from the town had ...very fine hens; now he has only 17, the ...others having been eaten or carried off by ...mink, fox, or some other such animal.

...Sparks street between Elgin and Met... streets is being further improved by ...macadamizing.

...—Now is the time. Go and see ...P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves ...stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see ...yourselves. Lumbermen and country ...chants come and see. The most com... House in this Line in the Capital. ...Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks ... 1486 2m.

THE MARKET—THURSDAY.—There was a ...large market this morning and an abun...t supply of produce. There was a ...very large quantity of pork on, and sold ...$8.00 to $9.00 per 100 pounds.
...Mutton there was a good quantity ...sold for 6 to 7 cents per pound.
Butter 20 to 25 cents per pound.
Turnips 37½ cents per bushel.
Potatoes 45 cents per bushel.
Hay $19 to 21 per ton.
Straw $9 to 11 per ton.

GREAT BOOK SALE.—Catalogues will be ...ortly issued for the largest and most im...tant Book Sale at Montreal ever held ...Canada, comprising all the valuable ...ck of recently imported Books, belong... to the Estate of Richard Worthington, ...in conjunction an additional lot of over ...hundred cases, (many illustrated pub...ions for the holidays.) Such an oppor...nity for procuring a stock can seldom ...and Bookdealers from all parts ...ld prepare to attend. 1483 3

CORPORAL PUTMAN.—The many Ottawa ...nds of Corporal Putman will hear with ...asure of his arrival in the city yesterday ...rnoon, on leave of absence. The Cor...al, with his gallant regiment, has seen ...d service, but if they have all grown as ...t and hearty as he has, the expedition ...agreed wonderfully with them. Put... has written a capital poem, giving the ...y of the expedition, which he in... publishing and selling among his ...nds.

PROFESSOR BELL'S READINGS.—Professor ...lville Bell, of University College, Eng...d, gave his first readings in this ...y, in the Rink Music Hall, last night, ...a very average house. The small at...dance may be attributed to the late ...e at which the entertainment was ...ertised. Had the event been more ...erally known the citizens of Ottawa ...ld not have been behind in appre...ing one possessed of such talent as ...elocutionist and dramatic reader as ...fessor Bell. There can hardly be ...doubt that the rich treat enjoyed ...the audience last night will result ...much larger attendance to night when ...Professor gives another reading. It may ...ly be said that it is not often the peo...of Canada have it in their power to ...n to so perfect an elocutionist as the ...r of last night. The professor on ...g on the stage introduced himself in ...appropriate remarks, at the conclu... of which he proceeded with the admir... programme selected, which was as ...: Professor Aytoun's great histori... poem of "Bothwell and Mary Queen of ...," a Scotch paradox anent "A Lame ...," "Young Lochnivar," a moral anec... of "A Rope's End," Robert Buchan... "School Poem of Inverburn," and ...port of a Public Meeting of the Fudge ...h Friends of Foreign Philanthropy." ...rendering of the selection entitled, ...Lame Pig" convulsed the audience, ...Robert Buchanan's beautiful school ...of "Inverburn" brought tears to ...eyes of many of the listeners. The ...of a public meeting was inimitable, ...gave great scope to the Professor to ...ly his powers. In this selection a ...number of characters were intro...d, all of which were perfectly delin...d. To appreciate the efforts of Pro...r Bell they must be heard, and we ...all who wish to enjoy a treat of no ...ry kind, to go to the entertainment ...t.

Police Court.

THURSDAY, Oct. 13, 1870.

...Budge, drunk on Queen street, ...eight o'clock last night. Fined $2 and ...ts.

...len Boyle, drunk in the streets. Fined ...and costs, or 3 weeks in gaol.

...Guertin, for creating a distur... in the streets and smashing win... was fined $2, and $1 costs.

Catherine Harrison was called to answer ...charge of drunkenness and using ...language in Ottawa street, and ...otherwise creating a disturbance. Fined ...and costs.

...Bennet, a boy about 14 years of ...was charged with unlawfully wound... a cow, the property of Mr. Lyman ...kins. It appeared from the evidence ...little boy, son of Mr. Perkins, who ...in a cart with the prisoner, ...the prisoner got out of ...cart to get some stones and deliberate... threw them at the cow which was graz... in the road side. The case was ad...journed until to morrow.

...Johnson, a lad about 18 years of age ...charged with being a vagarant. Con...ble Sicox said the prisoner lived the ...way he could, sleeping in barns and ...houses that several complaints had been made against the prisoner for stealing fowl, honey and other things. He was sent to jail for two months at hard labor.

The girl Laura Sherman who has been creating such an excitement by her petty swindling, was placed in the dock charged with obtaining money under false pretences. The first witness called to give evidence against her was Mary Pauquette, who swore the prisoner said her name was Mrs. Sharp; prisoner went to her house last Friday; witness gave her a dollar and a half in consideration of which she was to receive a suit of clothes for herself and husband, also a pair of blankets; prisoner told witness to go to the Methodist Church, and she would receive them. She accordingly proceeded to the church, but the goods were not forthcoming, nor was such a person known there. Witness' husband was lying at home sick in bed.

John Kelly, book-keeper at Albion Hotel, sworn.—Prisoner went to the hotel on Thursday evening and left next morning. She said nothing about settling her bill. She had no trunk nor baggage. She represented herself as Miss Sherman, of Montreal, and stated she was a commercial traveller.

Delima Berichon, the next witness, created quite a sensation in court by her actions in the witness box, so much so that the court had to be cleared so great was the noise and laughter. Even his Worship was forced to smile. This witness swore that prisoner said her name was Mrs. Sharp; Witness gave prisoner a dollar and was promised a suit of clothes in return; prisoner said her husband lived in town and was a member of Parliament; that he had five or six houses in town; that he was building a house in Toronto for the poor, and was very rich.

Margaret Labelle, sworn: I am the wife of Joseph Labelle; I saw this woman on Friday last, she came to my house at 10 a. m. I don't understand English well; I understood prisoner to say if I was poor and wanted support she would help me; she asked me to give her a dollar; I said I would risk a dollar to get the suit of clothes; prisoner told me to go to the Russell House at 2 p. m.; but no one knew her there; prisoner gave me a slip of paper with her name, Mrs. Sharp, on it.

Mrs. Dawson sworn.—I saw prisoner at 1 o'clock on Saturday; she said she came as a lady to help the poor; she took my children's name and age down, and my own; she said if I advanced half a dollar or so I would get a suit of clothes for my children; she told me to go to the Methodist Church, Daly street, on Monday afternoon; she said her name was Mrs Sharp, and that she lived next door to Lady Macdonald.

Delphine St. Amand sworn.—I gave prisoner half a dollar, she promised me a suit of clothes for myself and children; this was on Friday last. She gave her name as Mrs. Sharp, she told me to go to the Russell House or to the Methodist church, and I would find her. I went to several churches but could hear nothing of her. She came to me alone, there was no one with her. She said as I was very poor she would give me some blankets as well as clothes, for my children

Mr. Nicholas Sparks defended prisoner and contended there was no evidence to convict her, but His Worship held a different opinion, and committed her to stand her trial at the next quarter sessions, binding all the witnesses over in the sum of $100 to give evidence against her when called on.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		9.00	9.45		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.45		4.00
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	7.30		8.40	9.45		7.30
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	11.15		8.00	9.45		4.00
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00			8.00		6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	5.00			6.00	11.00	6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	9.45		4.00
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	3.00	11.00	4.00	9.45		
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15		9.43		1.00
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			8.00		1.00
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	7.30					
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.00		4.30			
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.00					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays	6.00				11.30	3.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30			

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Canard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 12th Oct. 1870.

AUTUMN. 1870.

"THE GOLDEN LION,"

SPARKS STREET.

Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE.

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in

HATS,

BONNETS,

FEATHERS,

Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c.

Fashionable Velveteen Hats.

From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets,

$1.50 upwards.

New Paris Jackets,

In Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Underclothing,

A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods,

A complete Stock.

☞ R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, of the above. we are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins to hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties, &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 38 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skin,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

PRESTON & ROWSELL

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

WILL OPEN THEIR

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM

—ON—

FRIDAY, 7TH OCTOBER,

With a Grand Display of latest LONDON Styles in MILLINERY and MANTLES, Ex S S "PERUVIAN."

—COMPRISING THE LATEST STYLES IN—

STRAW VELVET and TERRY BONNETS

STRAW, FELT and VELVET HATS.

DRESS CAPS, HEAD DRESSES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c.

MANTLES.

They invite special attention to their stock of French and German JACKETS, made by French and German Tailors out of beautiful materials, cut and made in a superior manner.

All purchased during the great War Panic, at a little more than half usual prices.

MANTLE CLOTHS,

In all the leading Cloths and Colors,

WATERPROOF CLOAKS, in new styles, ready-made, and made to Order.

SHAWLS.

CLAN TARTAN WOOL and PAISLEY SHAWLS, in variety.

Orders for Millinery and Mantles executed by good experienced hands, with promptness and despatch.

Ladies are invited to call and see the new styles, whether wishing to purchase or not.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

☞ FALL AND WINTER STOCK, ☜

And are showing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c.

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES

HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

☞ OUR STOCK ☜

—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS,
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

Dry Goods.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY,

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

PURCHASERS are invited to view all the leading NOVELTIES in Dress Materials, this day.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

WINCIES,
COBOURGS,
PLAIN LUSTRES,
FIGURED DO.
PLAIN REPPS,
FIGURED DO.
SERGES
ALPACA CORDS,
FRENCH MERINOES,
PLAIN SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS,
FIGURED SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS
BRIGHTON DIAGNAL COSTUME CLOTHS
BLACK REVERSIBLE LUSTRES,
TARTAN WINCIES,
DO. CAMLETS,
DO. POPLINS,
DO. PLAIDS,

☞ LADIES and others interested in the purchase of DRESSES are respectfully invited to examine our Stock and see for themselves the extraordinary value.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-1N.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

—IN ALL

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

BAZAAR.

The Annual Bazaar, in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, will be held on Monday the 24th day of October instant.

Donations in aid of the fancy and refreshment tables, will be thankfully received by the following Ladies:—

Fancy Table, Cathedral Parish, Mrs Higgins Mrs Goodwin and Mrs Birmingham.

Do do St. Joseph's Parish, Mrs Brophy, Mrs. Kehoe, Mrs Plunkett, Mrs Whelan, Miss McDonell, Miss O'Connor, Miss McCarthy.

Do do St. Patrick's Parish, Mrs O'Connor, Mrs A Hearn, Mrs Nagle and Mrs Mullin.

REFRESHMENT TABLE.—Mrs George Murphy, Mrs Rhodes and Mrs Enright.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870. 1484 240

THE MERCHANT'S BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.

THOMAS KIRBY. Manager.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468 1m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to MAGEE & RUSSELL, Ottawa,

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1460tf

FOR CHEAP

JOB PRINTING

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE,

38 Sparks Street,

Ottawa

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hope by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot),
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for ...

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,

Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,

all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS. The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general

Groceries,

Wines,

and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for ... A few trials will prove their superiority ... common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON, No. 26, Rideau Street.

4th June, 1870.

EAU DE VIE BLANC,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavouring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin Street.

Ottawa Oct 5 1870

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $500 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF

UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, *Agent,*

Times Office, Ottawa.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Lake Harbor work," and will be received at this Office until Thursday, the 23th day of November next, for improvements to the following mentioned places:

At CHANTRY ISLAND, Lake Huron, the construction of a Breakwater and Beacon of Crib Work.

At GODERICH, Lake Huron, the Dredging and Pier-work necessary to form a new entrance channel to the Harbor, and the enlargement of the Inner Basin.

At BOND EAU, Lake Erie, the enlargement of the channel, deepening a portion of the Basin, and the construction of Entrance Pier, &c.

Plans and specifications of the respective works can be seen at this Office, or at the Custom House, Goderich on and after Monday, the 7th day of November next, where printed forms of Tender can also be obtained.

Tenders may be sent in for the work at one, or all of the places; but they must in all cases be made out in strict accordance with the printed forms

The signatures of two solvent reliable persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN, Secretary,

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, October 5 1870 1484 1

CANADA CENTRAL

AND

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over the Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.25 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4.40 p. m.

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

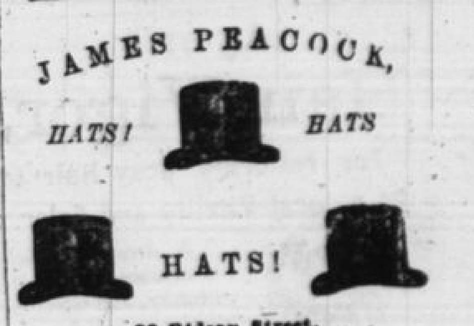
TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT, Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12 1870. 1460tf

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! *HATS*



HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS,

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

APPLES

—AND—

SWEET POTATOES,

On Sale,

43 Sussex Street.

L. N. NYE.

Ottawa, Oct 11, 1870 1484 3

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap. 36,) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 8th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY or FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES, Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks,

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

TO LET.

From the 15th November to the 1st May next, the house at present occupied by Dr. Henry, corner of Kent and Wellington streets. Apply after 3 p.m. 1496 6

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

Invested in Canada.................. ......$300,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Additions amounted in 1867 to £83 10s. Total outlay by assured, £112; the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d. or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years inforce, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,
1467 3m Agent

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

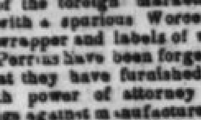
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE;

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1136 law

DOMINION

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards. For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

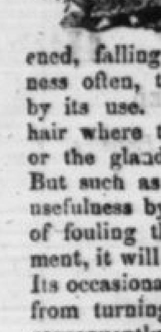
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

GABRIEL'S
TRADE MARK.
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY.
MESSRS GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.
PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London.

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON 1323 1awtm 1awk6m

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
392tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.

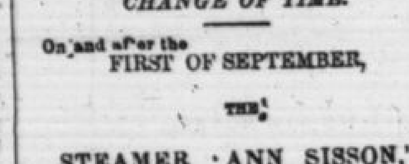
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the
FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for the Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 3 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144 tf

MR. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several [illegible]. 219tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 15 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE:

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virture of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

The tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 1, 1870. 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau st.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hand for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W H EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p.m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 -1

LOST.

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 6 1443t

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied. The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS — TRADE—MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL — AND GROCERS [illegible] ttawa.

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children —it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoosy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

MADRID 1867 — PRIMERA CLASE. — PARIS 1867 — LONDON 1862 — MENTION HONORABLE — GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.

Low Oven Cook Stoves.

Double Stoves. Parlour Stoves.

Box Stoves all sizes. Hotel Cook Stoves.

Dumb Stoves. Hot Air Furnaces.

Stove Pipes. Elbows.

Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of Stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT.

Hull, September 29, 1870. 1416 1m&w31 2m

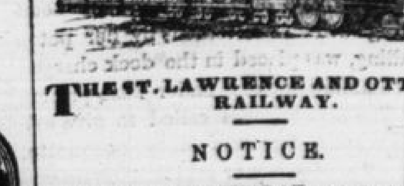
NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, August 6 3m

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m. connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 4? p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.05 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p. m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE:

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ma 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

—I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of he Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

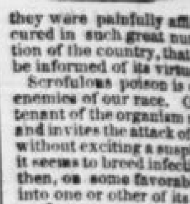
All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1269 td 1awk

Sarsaparilla

PURIFYING THE BLOOD.



they were painfully afflicting, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the Liver, and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

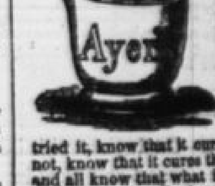
PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. [illegible] tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always —that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these Pills rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite,* they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice* or *Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers,* they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhœa,* but one mild dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back* and *Loins,* they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Suppression* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

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August 1st, 1870.

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The Times

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M. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 457

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Geo. Hay, Esq. R. W. Cruice, Esq.
Ottawa, 122 tf.

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this corporation be notified by the Secretary that it is necessary for any such teachers who may desire re-appointment to apply to the next general meeting, and that it be distinctly understood between this Board and each teacher that in all cases the terms of their agreement expire on the last day of this year.—Carried.

The Board then adjourned.

JAMES JOYNT, Sec.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice—R. W. Worsley.
Chaudiere Fire Company—H. Living.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 15 1870.

The Minister of Agriculture has returned.

If all the Toronto *Globe* says concerning the Grand Trunk Railway is correct, they must have some wonderful engines and engine drivers on that line. It states that the joints of the rails are in some places *eighteen inches apart*, and yet the trains do not run off the track!

The Fenian organ, the New York *Star*, says that the "strength of the Fenian organization will be largely increased on General O'Neill's liberation," arrangements having been made with him for uniting the two wings of Feniansm. In the face of statements like this, the United States Government set these brigands at liberty!

The conduct of the people of the United Kingdom during the present war is represented by American journalists and others as being utterly selfish and contemptible; it is said that they care nothing for the suffering which takes place upon the continent, and are only intent upon making as much money out of the belligerents as they possibly can. Yet we find that between the middle of July and the end of September, the people of England had subscribed the enormous sum of $1,050,000 to the relief of the sick and wounded, and subscriptions are still coming in at the rate of $50,000 per day. Where is the nation that would exhibit such generosity as this?

"JOHN AND JONATHAN."

There are few books which are more deservedly popular in this country than "Tom Brown's School Days," in which the adventures of an English school boy are described in so interesting a manner. It is appreciated not only by those in whom the author's vivid pourtrayal of life in an English public school, calls up pleasant recollections of their own youthful days, but by others who without the same associations being awakened, admire the cheery English spirit of independence and love of fair play that breathes in all its pages.

The author of this work, Thos. Hughes, Esq., M. P. for Frome, is now on a visit to this continent, and animated by the laudable desire of trying to promote friendly feeling and a better understanding between the people of Great Britain and of the United States, on Tuesday last he delivered a lecture in the Boston Music Hall before a crowded audience. Mr. Hughes is a Radical, and while striving to extenuate the sympathy which many Englishmen felt for the South during the late civil war, he said many things with which we do not agree, but we give him credit for having declared at the commencement of his lecture, that he was "above all things else an Englishman, preferring the institutions of England to those of any other country." The reference which he made to the *Alabama* affair also did him honour. "I stand here tonight," said he, "as an Englishman, and say, that at this moment I have no cause to be ashamed of the attitude of my country. Two governments in succession have admitted the principle of comprehensive arbitration on all questions between the two Governments. What more would you ask of a nation of your own blood as grand and sensitive as yourselves on all points where national honour is in question?" There is a manly ring about this speech which is characteristic of the author of "Tom Brown," and we have no doubt that the respect which his American auditors previously entertained for him, was increased ten-fold by his straightforward manner, and by the bold avowal of his love and preference for his native land. The Americans who are so intensely patriotic themselves, respect and admire the Englishman who is thus true to his own country, and they despise those who in the hope of gaining their favour and approbation, mingle their laudations of Republican America with denunciations of Monarchical England.

We have little doubt that most of those who listened to Mr. Hughes' eloquent lecture were more or less influenced by it, and went away animated with more friendly feelings towards the Mother Country than they had previously entertained. His audience consisted for the greater part of the most highly cultivated citizens of Boston, people who while thoroughly American in feeling and ideas, are still possessed of some lingering fondness for Old World manners and customs, such as is found nowhere else in the Great Republic, save among the old families of Virginia. We wish that we could with some reason hope that the effects of Mr. Hughes' lecture might have some influence upon the policy of the American Government, and be likely to inspire in the minds of the great body of the people a more friendly feeling towards England and her belongings. We fear, however, that his remarks will never reach the ears of those who, unfortunately, exercise the largest amount of influence upon the government of affairs in the American Republic. James Russell Lowell and the President of Harvard College, who were present, have but little political influence compared with that of many a Fifth Ward "rough" in New York; and, therefore, however much they may be convinced of the propriety of England's conduct during the late civil war, we shall continue to be liable to manifestations of national hostility in the shape of Fenian raids, &c. Still we cannot but feel that the thanks of the well disposed and enlightened classes in both countries are due to Mr. Hughes for the able effort which he made to bring about a better understanding, and we sincerely trust that the era of universal peace and good will, which he appears to anticipate, may soon dawn upon all the nations of the earth.

ROYAL HONORS.

On Tuesday next Lieutenant Colonel Chamberlin, and the other officers of the Canadian army upon whom Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to confer the Companionship of St. Michael and St. George, will be presented with their decorations by the Governor General. We feel sure that there is but one feeling throughout the Dominion in reference to this matter, and that the people of Canada not only consider that the recipients of this distinguished honor are worthily entitled to it, but that the whole country has reason to feel gratified with the manner in which the Queen has recognized the services of her Canadian soldiers. We notice that the Montreal *Gazette*, *Herald*, and one or two other of our contemporaries have expressed some dissatisfaction because certain officers who have in the past rendered valuable services to the country, have not also received some mark of Her Majesty's favor, and seem inclined to blame the Government on this account. We believe, however, that the facts are that the Imperial authorities after having expressed their sense of the services rendered by the army of Canada in May last, asked whether there were any officers who, having distinguished themselves, especially in repelling the late raid, General Lindsay would recommend for any special mark of Royal esteem, and that the matter did not come before the Dominion Government or the Adjutant General.

The Montreal *Gazette* and *Herald* mention Colonel Booker as a man who is entitled to some return for his long and arduous services in connection with the Volunteer force. In this opinion we quite concur. We do not believe that there is in the Dominion a man who has labored more faithfully and assiduously than he has in encouraging volunteering, and in promoting the efficiency of the various *corps* with which he has at different times been connected. It is now if we mistake not, more than seventeen years since Colonel Booker organized and equipped an artillery company at Hamilton, Ont., purchasing and paying for the two field pieces, carriages, limbers, uniform &c., out of his own private means. From that time until the year 1866 as Colonel of the 13th Battalion, and as commandant of the active force at Hamilton, he was constantly connected with the Volunteer Militia, receiving on more than one occasion the thanks of the Governor General, and Lieutenant General commanding Her Majesty's troops, in general orders. In June 1866 Colonel Booker was ordered to call out the 13th Battalion and proceed at once to Dunville to assist in repulsing the Fenians who had landed at Fort Erie. On the following day with his own regiment and the "Queen's Own" of Toronto he attacked the Fenians near Ridgeway. No troops could have gone under fire for the first time more gallantly than they did, and for a time all went well. Unfortunately, however, after about two hours' fighting, during which the Canadians were constantly gaining ground, a cry of "cavalry" was raised; through the misconception of an order a square was formed and a panic afterwards ensued, which compelled Colonel Booker to fall back upon Pt. Colborne. As certain charges were brought against him he asked for and obtained a Court of Enquiry the result of which was to exonerate him from all blame. We agree with our Montreal contemporaries in thinking that it seems hard that a man who has made so many personal sacrifices on behalf of the volunteers of Canada should have been allowed to remain in the shade, and hope that he and all who like him have in the past done so much towards bringing our army of defence to its present condition of efficiency, may not be altogether forgotten.

ENTERPRISE.

Hardly had the rafters of that portion of Mr. Eddy's Match Factory, in Hull, lately destroyed by fire, ceased to smoke than the proprietor with true American enterprise had a large number of carpenters to work, and to such good purpose have they busied themselves that the building will be ready for the resumption of business in a few days. Such enterprise as this should be applauded and imitated, and can hardly fail to add to the wealth of the capitalist and to the prosperity of the community fortunate enough to receive the benefit of such enterprise.

A HIGHLAND NOBLEMAN INSTEAD OF A GERMAN PRINCE.

The telegraph announces that the Princess Louisa is about to be married to John Douglas Sutherland, Marquis of Lorn. This is certainly a marriage for which we have no recent precedent, but although we are aware that there are some things to be said against a prince or a princess of the blood royal marrying a subject, we shall, on the whole, be rejoiced to hear that the rumour is true. The sons and daughters of the reigning monarch are by law compelled to marry none but Protestants, and the consequence has been, that for nearly two hundred years the royal family have been intermarrying with the princes and princesses of petty and impoverished German states, until, certainly enough of German blood has become mingled with the blood royal of England. The Marquis of Lorn, who is the eldest son of the Duke of Argyle is descended from royal ancestors. In the twelfth century an ancestor of his, the son of Sir Neil Campbell, married Lady Mary Bruce, the sister of glorious King Robert. More recently Lady Jane Stuart, sister of the beautiful and unfortunate Mary Queen of Scots, became Countess of Argyle; so that if the Marquis of Lorn becomes the son-in-law of Queen Victoria it will not be the first time that scions of his house have been connected with Royalty. The Princess Louisa was born in 1848, and the Marquis of Lorn in 1845.

THESE CHEQUES—"OUR GEORGE"—WHERE IS THE MONEY?

It is an axiom, long acknowledged and generally acquiesced in, that the labourer is worthy of his hire. In law, this scriptural adage is especially recognized, nonpayment of wages being as much an offence as the unceremonious knocking over of a fellow creature by a blow of the fist, with malice aforethought, and in the same manner summarily punishable by the civil magistrate. That which is applicable to the individual applies with still more force to a Corporation, which, as Lord Eldon described it, is a thing "without a soul to be damned, or a body to be kicked." It would be a useless waste of time, the able and learned Lord's definition being correct, to attack the City Council of Ottawa, as representatives of the city corporate, and, however open the collective wisdom of Ottawa may be to attack, we shall confine ourselves for the present to showing simply the gross mismanagement of public affairs by the most important, as he is the most overbearing, tyrannical, unscrupulous, and unjust of all the city officers. This public functionary, who is a connexion by marriage of our excellent Mayor, a man distinguished for the power and beauty of his public utterances at Toronto and elsewhere as for the excellence of his beer, two years ago, or more, was indebted to the city in the sum of $4,000 for taxes which he had collected from the citizens, but had unfortunately omitted to pay into the city treasury. The amount was, however, ultimately paid, and Mr. George Honey Preston, brother-in-law to him, who is Mayor of Ottawa by accident, was continued as City Collector. It might have been supposed that the warning which a deficit of $4000 had afforded would have produced some amendment in the pardoned delinquent, and that some decent attempt at prudent concealment of the mode of man pulating public funds for private advantage would have been made. But there has been none. "Our George" has neither forgotten anything or learned anything by experience. He is still the same. Rich and poor suffer by him alike and the credit of the city worse than either. As merciless as he ever was, he still levies and distresses with wonderful impartiality, and clings to what he collects as determinedly as Uhrich did to Strasbourg. Neither widows' cries nor infants' wailings make this conscientious St. Matthew swerve from the sacred duty of levying and distressing. He gathers greedily and therein does well, but he keeps all he gathers, till he is forced to disgorge and, therein, does ill. Now to the proof. The City Chamberlain says he cannot honor the cheques of the Trustees of the city schools because Mr. George Honey Preston, the collector of taxes, does not pay over to him the moneys which he has collected. The City Chamberlain alleges that Mr. Preston has public moneys in possession, or ought to have, and that these moneys ought to be paid into the city treasury. Mr. Preston does not perform this the most important part of his duty, and why? That he knows perfectly, and we suspect. The taxes should be paid in by the 31st. Dec. of every year, and last year the time was extended in mercy to the collector, not to widows and other poverty stricken householders, till 31st March last. Not a single sou has found its way into the treasury. Where are all the dollars and dimes collected since the re-appointment of Mr. Collector Preston to office under the reign of his kind hearted and eloquent marriage connexion? There are twenty-two public teachers of youth in Ottawa who are paid by cheques from the School Trustees upon the Chamberlain of the city. They labour zealously, and are men and women fully deserving of their wages by industry, character, and attainments. They obtain from the Trustees of the Public Schools cheques for a quarter's salary, and find that they are no more redeemable in cash than a French revolutionary assignat or Yankee shin-plaster. They must shave the cheques at a broker's—cheques, which it is criminal to issue without funds to meet them at maturity—or keep them up for redemption at home, if they can afford to do so, until it pleases Mr. Collector Preston to pay up. The City Council are not all to blame for this state of things. There are independent, honorable, conscientious men in the Council who desire to do right. When Mr. Alderman Cunningham was Chairman of the Finance Committe, he endeavored to bring about a more satisfactory state of matters, but was completely baffled, through an influence which no one better understands or can better appreciate than Mr. George Honey Preston. Mr. Alderman Cunningham desired to bring the mellifluous gatherer of taxes to time, but found it could not be done satisfactorily and gave up the task. There were two things to be done. Mr. Preston must pay up or Alderman Cunningham resign his position of Chairman of the Finance Committee. Will it be believed?—Mr. Cunningham resigned. Of course it is impossible for us to know who will bring Mr. George Honey Preston to task this year, or whether it will be necessary for him to give way before the St. Matthew of these latter days. Time will tell; the prayers and the praise of the righteous avail much. This certainly it boots us to tell. The City Collector must disgorge, for the day of reckoning is at hand. Where is the money?

THE ARMY OF CANADA.

We understand that the Adjutant-General has obtained authority to raise another Field Battery of Artillery to be attached to the 3rd Brigade, military district No. 5, with headquarters at Sherbrooke, and that he is now in a position to complete the Battery with guns, &c. This Brigade with its proportion of that invaluable arm,—artillery,—will then be complete. We have reason to believe that the Adjutant-General is not likely to rest satisfied until he can see every Brigade in the Dominion of Canada completed with its battery of Field Artillery.

Colonel Jarvis, of the Ontario Rifle Battalion, is expected in Ottawa to-day.

Lieutenant-Colonel de Bellefeuille, with a company of the Quebec Rifles from Fort Garry, will arrive in Montreal to day. The company will be quartered on St. Helen's island, and will serve as the depot of the Battalion.

BETTER LATE THAN NEVER.

We notice with much pleasure that the Aylmer Macadamized Road Company have been raising their road at Hull so as to resist the spring freshets. We are always glad to see and to applaud enterprise in either a chartered company or a private individual. The Company will now have our sympathy, they have done what ought to have been done before, and we hope that if the mill owners have in any way been the cause of the Company's property being damaged, they will not refuse to pay a fair remuneration. We have many good friends among the stockholders of the road, but when we thought they were in the wrong, and saw that the public interest was suffering in consequence of their neglect, we could not refrain from calling attention to the fact. It was our duty as public journalists to do this, no matter whom it might please or displease Now the Company have done all that can be required of them, they can fairly lay claim to our assistance, in obtaining redress from those who may have been the cause of the road having been flooded.

DEATH OF GENERAL LEE.

It appears that General Lee's illness has after all resulted fatally, and that the gallant Southern chieftain now "sleeps the sleep that knows no waking." His loss will be deeply deplored not only in that land and among the people in whose cause he battled so nobly, but wherever the light of self government is cherished, and the memory of the brave revered. General Lee was descended from one of the most distinguished of Virginia families. He was born in the year 1804, and entered the U. S. army at an early age. He was undoubtedly the greatest General this Continent has ever produced, and besides being distinguished as a military man, he was endeared to all who knew him by his estimable social qualities.

At this time the following from Mr. Greeley's "American Conflict," describing General Lee's farewell to his soldiers will be read with interest:—

The parting of Lee with his devoted followers was a sad one. Of the proud army, which, dating its victories from Bull Run, had driven McClellan from before Richmond, and withstood his best effort at Antietam, and shattered Burnside's host at Fredericksburg, and worsted Hooker at Chancellorsville, and fought Meade so stoutly though unsuccessfully as before Gettysburg, and baffled Grant's bounteous resources and desperate efforts in the Wilderness, at Spottsylvania, on the North Anna, at Cold Harbour, and before Petersburg and Richmond, a mere wreck remained. It is said that 27,000 were included in Lee's capitulation; but of these not more than 10,000 had been able to carry their arms thus far on their hopeless and almost foodless flight. Barely nineteen miles from Lynchburg when surrendered, the physical possibility of forcing their way thither even at the cost of half their number no longer remained. And if they were all safely there, what then? The resources of the Confederacy were utterly exhausted Of the 150,000 men whose names were borne on its muster-rolls a few weeks ago, at least one-third were already disabled or prisoners, and the residue could neither be clad nor fed—not to dream of their being fully armed or paid; while the resources of the loyal States were scarcely touched, their ranks nearly or quite as full as ever, and their supplies of ordnance, small arms, munitions, &c., more ample than in any previous April. Of the million or so borne on our muster rolls, probably not more than half were in active service, with half so many more able to take the field at short notice. The rebellion had failed and gone down; but the rebel army of Virginia and its commander had *not* failed. Fighting sternly against the inevitable, against the irrepressible tendencies, the generous aspirations of the age—they had been proved unable to succeed when success would have been a calamity to their children, to their country and the human race. And when the transient agony of defeat had been endured and had passed, they all experienced a sense of relief as they crowded around their departing chief who, with streaming eyes, grasped and pressed their outstretched hands, at length finding words to say, "Men, we have fought through the war together, I have done the best that I could for you." There were few dry eyes among those who witnessed the scene.

Long Point, Lake Erie, and the Protection of Game.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Please afford me space for some observations on the following statement in a late number of your Hamilton namesake:

"Mr. Hunter, of New York, and Mr. McKenzie, of Kerr, Brown & McKenzie's, enjoyed the sport of shooting ducks at Long Point, on Saturday last, and bagged upwards of fifty pairs, and sent them to Simcoe for distribution among their friends. The sportsmen of Simcoe, we understand, intend to call in question the legal rights of the Company to prevent the public shooting game at the Point, as the game cannot be claimed by the Company, and perhaps cannot be maintained against parties not doing more than putting their boats over the waters of the marsh. The result may depend upon the act of Parliament under which the Company claim their exclusive privilege."

Long Point is a sterile and marshy promontory in Lake Erie, opposite to the County of Norfolk. It produces chiefly ducks, muskrats, minks, scrub oaks, gnarled walnuts and dwarf firs and cedars. Up to the year 1866 it was public property, under control of the Crown Lands Office. During forty years it had been a fruitful source of trouble and expense to the Department. Barren of almost every thing else profitable to the public, it produced an annual and abundant crop of annoyances. Americans and others pillaged the timber, destroyed the furs and fish and aquatic fowl, in season and out of season. Nobody seemed to care much about this havoc. The place was public, it belonged to the Crown, and was therefore thought fit for nothing else except to be plundered. Now and again, it is true, some conscientious visitor, ashamed of the prevailing depredations, would write to the Government about it. They thought it shameful to see anything so sadly abused, and remonstrated accordingly. Some stray official would hear that it might be some day useful to navigators as a wooded landmark on that long, low, and dangerous coast, and afford shelter and security as the windward ridge alongside the bay and harbour. Perhaps it might be required as a defence to a harbor of refuge. The facts of these occasional complaints were some times enquired into at the cost of a special trip by the Crown Timber or Crown Lands agents. Then the matter would drop again for a while, soon to be renewed and abandoned in a like inconclusive manner. Once in a while some speculators from Buffalo or Cleveland would make a tempting offer in imaginary dollars of fabulous figures to buy it for cultivating grapes. Its apparent value would thus grow in the eyes of officials until they were afraid to do anything at all with it, either to sell or to abandon it. Meanwhile the speculative strangers would run riot over the place—cull the remaining oaks, walnuts and cedars, harpoon and trap the half-grown rats and minks, and burn down their habitations, shoot and hunt with dogs the half-fledged ducks, and net and spear the fish wholesale throughout the year. They had active allies from the mainland and among the squatters. It was even worth while for aliens to intermarry there and secure a family foothold among the natives. Season after season things went on from bad to worse, and the place was fast going to utter ruin. In 1857, I was instructed to inspect it. I did so. Afterwards I had it surveyed and subdivided into blocks. The department then advertised it for sale. We paid $374 for publishing the auction to be held at Simcoe in May, 1858. Sale day came round, and the local agent never got a bid for the valuable estate. Where were then these valiant "sportsmen of Simcoe," who now propose to club together and find funds to invade private rights and attack a legal title? Their sympathies and their means would have been very serviceable to the public and the Government about that time. They might have aided in converting a waste tract, which being deemed common was over-run and almost destroyed, into some such definite proprietary as would secure its preservation and utility. It may be very cheap, very honest, and quite public spirited, now that the money and exertions of others have redeemed it and made it worth coveting, to cast envious eyes on the pleasure and profit which it affords. But I doubt very much if anybody else besides "the sportsmen of Simcoe" will think so.

The department tried once more to get rid of it decently for the public benefit, and in May, 1866, it was offered by public auction at Toronto, and sold to persons who associated themselves together and took patent as the Long Point Company. This second sale was long and widely advertised. The purchase was made openly and above board. The public received several thousand dollars cash for a possession, which was not only hitherto profitless, but an absolute burden. The objects of the associate purchase were well understood by everybody. If any person dreaded "monopoly" here was a full opportunity to thwart the project. The same year these associates applied to Parliament for incorporation, the usual forms and notices for publicity were duly fulfilled. Their purposes of controlling and farming, the game and hunting &c., were all abundantly set forth in print and in their written application to both branches of the Legislature. The bill was under consideration in the Legislative Assembly and committees during the session of 1868. Where were then its opponents? The act of incorporation as sanctioned by Parliament contains these clauses:—

Sec. 3. "The company may carry on the "business of pursuing, protecting and "granting licenses to take game, musk-"rats, mink, otter, beaver, and fish upon "the said lands and property or in the "water covering the same," &c., &c.

Sec. 1. "Notwithstanding anything in "this act contained, the said company "shall not pursue and take game or fish "during the close seasons, as fixed from "time to time by the laws of this province."

What has been the result? Beneficial in the extreme. The property has been well and liberally managed—the aquatic and other game efficiently protected and enormously increased—the fur-bearing animals preserved and multiplied beyond measure, and their skins have attained a high market value. Shooting and trapping are now properly regulated, everything is conducted in an orderly and reasonable manner. Steady remunerative employment is ensured to an industrious, civil and sober class of trappers and hunters who gain for themselves and families a respectable livelihood. In everything about the place there is a happy improvement. An essential land mark and natural breakwater has been preserved in the interests of public navigation; and an immense local breeding ground for game right in the heart of the western peninsula has been established. There is now no more indiscriminate spring, summer, autumn and fall shooting No unseasonable trapping. No driving off the animals from their resting and feeding grounds. No more Sunday shooting. In short, no more of such wicked and wanton waste of our choicest game and fish and needful furs as we have witnessed year after year in bygone days. It is of course quite true that Tom, Dick and Harry from both sides of the lake who used to luxuriate in all sorts of lawless license in the marshes and around the point are excluded from their customary liberty. Freedom to kill ducks and destroy rats, mink and fish at will, and by every conceivable means, and to strip off every vestige of timber, no longer exists. It may be natural for them to complain of the deprivation. Is it not still more natural and right also that persons who have invested their money and bestowed their attention on rescuing the game, &c., from extinction should object to the hunting community in general, and poaching fraternity in particular now enjoying the pleasant fruits of their successful outlay and, their spirited endeavours? The public sense of justice, always practically right, can but answer 'yes.' And what is it that a little knot of querulous "sportsmen," and a few popularity-hunting abettors now propose to do? They have never in all their lives spent one cent towards preserving or protecting the game, and never themselves (even on Sabbath days) desisted, or compelled others to desist, from illegally killing, possessing, buying and selling it. Yet they want now to share in the results of those peoples' labours and expenditure. If they can't shoot and trap all over the marsh, they want at least to hang around the edges, and kill the denizens of this monopolized "marsh." The "sportsmen of Simcoe" can see no property in game, and therefore they may go along side of their neighbor's gardens, perch on his fences, straddle the chimneys and house tops, and thence blaze away. What a noble view to take of others' privileges bought and paid for to the public, and confirmed by Act of Parliament. Sportsmanlike, truly!

Doubtless, sir, the Company know well enough how to defend their unquestionable title against the threatened onslaught. I do not champion their case; but I expect to be soundly rated for thus writing, and that divers motives will be ascribed to me. My main object is to draw public attention to the injustice and absurdity of attacks on such corporate holdings of common privileges connected with public properties acquired by individuals fairly and equivalently, on the mere ground that they are obnoxious as monopolies. The few persons who are always opposed to everything which hinders them from doing as they please in respect to hunting and fishing rely on this phase of public sympathy in support of litigation. Juries may be influenced by the notion that a select company of sportsmen hold exclusive advantages for the private amusement of themselves and their friends. There is among all outsiders an under-current of local jealousy and democratic antagonism. It is not really so much at the interpretations or extent of private title, nor at the powers conferred on the grantees, that they cavil. They strike at the principle of all such public grants. Now, I submit with due respect, that in the case of Long Point there is an excellent warrant and exemplary instance for disposing of these marsh properties to whosoever will bestow time and money on redeeming them. The results here are highly encouraging. The present condition of Long Point marsh contrasts most favorably with the actual state of other marshes throughout the country, still abandoned to the public. There are tens of thousands of barren and useless marshes where game and furs are becoming extinct with alarming rapidity. The subsoil is in many of them utterly irreclaimable. They are not even peat bogs. Drainage, more or less expensive, might save very considerable strips along the borders of some of them, around the outskirts of the wooded uplands; but, in a majority of instances, the cost of utilizing them for agriculture would be ruinous. Yet they are capable of being made profitable to the country, and afford room for novel enterprises. The game and furs and fish which they can breed and harbor possess a sensible value, and make them decidedly worthy of practical attention. The notorious defectiveness of our game laws has left them with scarcely sufficient stock to recover while sustaining the continual inroads of promiscuous hunting.

Consider, as examples, the Rond Eau, St. Clair Flats, and Point Pelee; compare their desolated state with the teeming condition of the Long Point marshes. If the public and the Provincial Government will not or cannot recognize the urgent need of efficient laws and an effective system for protecting the game and fur-bearing animals, of which a new country like Canada ought to be proud, and should feel anxious to perpetuate, then let amateurs who are willing to adopt measures and provide monies to effect so desirable an object, obtain all the facilities they can in reason require; and after receiving a direct pecuniary equivalent for the surrender of any limited privileges, on the fair prospect of such indirect benefits as the grant in question has most undoubtedly produced, let the public stand by a judicious act, notwithstanding the envy and spleen of those who are always ready to destroy, but are never willing to restore.

Apologizing to your readers for the length of this communication, I am

Your obt. servant,
W. F. WHITCHER

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Oct. 14.

Bay street fire house will be the central station of the new fire alarm telegraph to be adopted here.

James Williamson, M. D., aged 65 years, was found lying dead in his bed at the Rossin House yesterday morning.

At the Assizes yesterday, Anthony and Edward Braggins, lately doing business on King street as haberdashers, were sentenced to two monnths' imprisonment for defrauding their creditors. The grand jury brought in a true bill against Robert Hagstaff for the murder of Margaret Chapman.

The *Globes'* Manitoba special says a petition having over 700 names attached to it has been presented to Governor Archibald, asking him that search be made for Scott's remains. It is probable the request will be granted. The nucleus of a police force has been formed, consisting of twelve men from the volunteers, and is under Capt Villiers and Lieut. Plainval.

A reform demonstration took place yesterday at Aylmer, Elgin county. Three thousand persons were present. Addresses were delivered by Mr. Bodwell, M. P., and Mr. McKenzie, M. P. Mr. McKellar was unable to be present.

A senseless run on the Bank of Commerce took place on Wednesday and Thursday at Hamilton and St. Catherines, prince pally on the part of small depositors. At Hamilton the bank was kept open until eight o'clock on Wednesday evening to satisfy depositors. Other banks came forward and redeemed the Bank of Commerce bills. Several bags of gold were forwarded from Toronto, and Mr. McMaster, President of the bank, came down. The cause of the panic is supposed to be the heavy loss sustained by some other bank in Montreal through the transactions of wheat speculators, which the public have mistakenly attributed to the Bank of Commerce.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Oct. 14.

Yesterday, at Mr. Booker's auction rooms, the steamer *Maid of Canada* was put up for sale, but was withdrawn at $11,000, although the last bidder was $10,500.

A detachment of the II Battery of the 4th Brigade, Royal Artillery, under command of Lieut. Alleyn, R. A., arrived in this city yesterday from Manitoba

His Excellency Lord Lisgar continues to keep very close to his hotel since his arrival in this city, moving about only incog.

The St. Marc's Section, No. 3, Young Earnest Teetotallers held their first public entertainment last night, in their meeting room, Nazareth street, which was crowded.

The weather continues pretty much the same, that is to say rather mild and unsettled, and with occasional threats of more rain.

The delegates appointed by the various temperance organizations in the city to form a committee to make the arrangements for the proposed temperance demonstration, to be held in Montreal, early next month, met this evening, in the Methodist New Connexion Church, in order to make the final arrangements.

His Excellency the Governor-General has notified the various officers of the militia, on whom Her Majesty has been plased to confer the Order of St. Michael and St. George, that he will present the decorations personally. The ceremony of presentation will be held at the St. Lawrence Hall, on Tuesday, the 18th instant, at noon.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Oct. 14.

Charles Francois Baillargeon, the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Quebec, who died yesterday, is now lying in state in the Archiepiscopal Chapel. Several Canadian and United States Bishops are expected to attend the funeral, which takes place on Tuesday next.

The City Council meet this evening, when the report of the Finance Committee on the North Shore R. R. will be taken up and voted upon.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, VeryCheap.
HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The following advices have been received here from Tours dated from that place Wednesday evening:

The Rouen journals have editorials demanding that that place be placed in a state of siege, and the command entrusted to an experienced general. The writer intimates in that connection that Bismarck when retiring from Tours will pass through Rouen.

All the lines of communication to the westward from Tours are still open.

The Prussians are levying heavy contributions on the people around Beauvais, in the department of Oise.

Count de Chambord has issued a patriotic address to the Pontifical Zouaves who participated in the battle at Orleans a few days ago. Though they fought magnificently, he said the National Guards and Mobiles merited equal praise.

The Commander of the 15th Corps has made an official report to the Government of the battle before Orleans. He says the fighting was desperate; the Prussian artillery overwhelmed us. For three hours, however, the enemy was held in check, when a flank movement compelled our retreat, which was effected in perfect order.

Each canton of France has been returned to furnish a battalion of soldiers for the national defence. The total number of cantons in France is about 2,850.

A despatch from Marseilles states that Gambetta's manifesto was well received there. The Government is fully sustained, and the postponement of the election of members for the Constituent Assembly acquiesced in.

The Prussians have been compelled to retreat from the fire of the forts behind the plateau of Meudon and St. Cloud.

Wooden huts for the troops are arriving at the Prussian posit on before Mets.

The telegraph and mails are bringing up accounts of the late storm from all directions. Heavy showers prevailed in the mill region of Lancashire, raising streams, and causing disastrous freshets. The shipping in the Mersey was badly damaged. No American losses are yet reported. The land telegraph lines throughout Ireland were prostrated, delaying and disorganizing the Atlantic cable service. The town of Liverpool has already voted relief for the sufferers in that region.

The Prussians report that a mutiny is imminent among the French soldiers at Metz.

An official account shows that the French war vessels have captured 32 prizes since the commencement of the war.

Advices from Rouen to yesterday announces that the Prussians have captured Breteuil. The Mobiles repulsed the first attack, but the Germans came up the second time with reinforcements.

Menotti Garibaldi has arrived at Marseilles on the way to Paris. His brother is also expected at that city.

No military command has been offered to Palikao as has been reported.

There has been much anxiety recently about the French General Lebœuf.

The correspondent of the *Standard* today says that he is in Metz, and has a command under Bazaine.

Later news has been received from Metz, that dysentery, scurvy, and other diseases are prevalent in the city.

Despatches from Versailles yesterday, via Berlin to-day, contains the following news: The court martial in the Prussian lines makes short work of peserters.

The credit for arming the German people has been raised to twenty three millions.

The royal headquarters are at Bellegard city, and those of the Crown Prince to the east.

The commander of Toul died at Winden recently of small-pox.

BERLIN, 14th.—Arrangements have been completed in most of the German towns for bonfires and illuminations to celebrate the entrance of the German army into Paris.

BRUSSELS, 14th.—Belgium renews her corps of observation on the border as Prussia designs besieging the towns in the north-eastern part of France.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—A London special to the *Evening Telegraph* says a despatch has been received from Tours, dated 14th, by the Provisional Government, by carrier pigeon, which states that the Prussians are in full retreat from Paris.

No particulars as to the cause of this had arrived, when our despatch left, but a despatch was received from Paris, by another source, saying that the enthusiasm in Paris, consequent upon this important event, is indescribable.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—A despatch from Epinal, dated yesterday afternoon, announces that the Prussians have entered that place.

The citizens made a stout resistance, but were not able to resist the artillery of the enemy. The town was considerably damaged by the cannonade.

It is reported unofficially this morning that the Prussians seem to be falling back from this side of Orleans.

They are no longer in Beaugency and Menay,

These towns are nearly fifteen miles south of Orleans, and are the most extreme points in this direction yet reached by the enemy.

The troops which were sent forward to reinforce the 15th corps, and subsequently participated in the action near Orleans recently are arriving here.

From the report of their officers it seems that the losses sustained in the two day's action were not nearly so heavy as was at first reported.

The *World's* Versailles correspondent says Bismarck caused intimation to be conveyed to London, St. Petersburgh, and Vienna, that intervention to secure peace would be acceptable now to Prussia.

The conclusion was reached by the Council of war yesterday that Paris cannot be successfuly attacked, but must be reduced by a seige of many months duration.

The advance of the French army of Lyons upon Metz has been resumed, and rumours are current that the siege of that city will be raised.

The appeal of Bismarck has been met by Russia with a proposition through Prince Orloff for mediation by a congress of the Great Powers at Brussels.

LONDON, October 14.—Advices from French sources admit that since six o'clock on Tuesday evening the Prussians have held possession of Orleans. Their artillery was placed in a strong position and drove the French beyond the Loire.

Several houses in Orleans were destroyed by 24 pound shells before occupation of the city.

BERLIN, Oct. 14.—The Queen has received the folling despatch from King William:

VERSAILLES, Wednesday—Thousands of prisoners fell into our hands as the result of Vondertonn's victory near Orleans. The battle lasted from 9 a. m., to 7 p. m., and was fought on difficult ground.

The capture of Orleans followed.

The losses of the French were heavy, ours were small. The details of the battle are wanting.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—Vessels arriving at all ports of the United Kingdom report heavy weather at sea, and much damage to the shipping is also reported.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—The *World's* London special states Bismarck received representations from many quarters of Germany that the people are anxious for peace.

Bismarck has authorized the Prussian Minister at Brussels to give the great powers to understand that Germany is willing to propose a settlement on the basis of the disarmament of the frontier Free zone, the ratification of the frontier line of the Rhenish Provinces, and a small money indemnification.

At a stormy meeting of the British Cabinet the Marquis of Huntingdon demanded intervention for the integrity of the French territory.

The *World's* despatch states that Jules Favre side returned to Versailles with a reply to Bismarck's proposition to allow the election of the Republic, that France now would devote herself to driving off the invaders, and then would attend to domestic affairs.

The *World's* special at Ostend reports that the French won the advantage in the fights about Mets, and states that the Germans los 7,000 in killed and wounded besides a great number of prisoners.

LONDON, October 13.—A despatch has been received from Gambetta stating that he is assured Paris is amply supplied with fresh meat. It also states that Gen. Bourbaki has voluntarily given in his adherence to the Republic.

LONDON, Oct. 13th.—The Pall Mall Gazette confirms the reported marriage of Princess Louise to the Marquis of Lorn, and considers it a fact without precedent.

Lord St. Leonard, whose death was prematurely reported to day, still lives.

The Sultan of Turkey will receive the next Spanish Order of the Golden Fleece that becomes vacant.

A mass convention of Congregationalists held at Plymouth, adopted an earnest protest against the passage of an Education Bill.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—The race between the yachts *Cambria* and *Sappho* for a stake valued at 50 guineas, from the lightship 10 miles to windward and back was won by the former.

GOSSIP FOR THE BREAKFAST TABLE.

One of the features of the fair just closed at San Pedro, Texas, was a horse race of sixty miles inside of three hours.

A lady broke off an engagement lately, because the cluster ring presented to her by her fiance proved to be Alaska diamonds finely cut.

"Seed time and Harvest" is the title of a novel by a new writer, which will be published during the autumn.

The latest style for the hair is to wear a large bow of colored ribbon on one side of the head with one loop and two long ends.

Detroit has just named one of its streets "Napoleon," to the great disgust of the residents upon it, two thirds of whom are Germans.

A Springport mule swallowed a pocket hoop containing $460 in large bills the other day, and the owner is in a quandary what to do about it.

Sir Eardley Culling Eardley, sometime noted for his polygamous penchant, is giving his valuable services for the defence of Paris.

George Washington, a colored Bostonian, has found a path to fame in walking back and fro, upon a nine-foot plank, for thirty hours.

St. Louis exceeds Chicago in population numerically speaking: but the latter city consoles itself with the proud reflection that its residents are wicked enough for three times their number.

A colored Blueberd in Mobile, at the age of 87, is husband to a seventh wife and father of forty-one children, the youngest of whom is only five months old.

The Bank of Montreal (Halifax) received on Saturday from the mines of Mr. Lawson, at Montague, a bar of gold weighing 56 lbs. oz., 4 dwt. The whole of the gold, excepting 27 oz., was obtained from twenty tons of quartz, which is at the rate

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart........... 8.10 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 10.00 p.m.
Arrive........... 4.50 p.m., 11.00 a.m., 9.00 p.m.

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

☞Ladies are invited to see Garland, Mutchmor & Co's grand display of Millinery and Mantles.

☞Latest Styles out, in Millinery and Mantles, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's.

The Victoria Cadet Corps will shoot for the Currier medal at the range this morning at half past nine o'clock.

☞Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality by Garland, Mutchmor & Co. A large stock of new and choice goods at moderate prices. 12 pieces of Floor Oil Cloths just to hand.

☞Effects of the war! Great sacrifice in Silks! Garland, Mutchmor & Co. secured a parcel at the low prices. Good ordinary Black Silk at 3s. 6d., 3s. 9d., 4s. and 5s. per yard. Beautiful Lyons gros grains 6s. 3d., 6s. 5d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 9d., and 10s.

THE WEATHER.—It would appear as if there were something in the weather at present which is injurious to health. People generally complaining of indisposition. Coughs and colds are very prevalent.

SHANTYMEN.—There are great numbers of shantymen in Lower Town waiting to be employed by lumber merchants. We presume they will not have much difficulty in getting hired at the proper time. Shantymen are obtaining good wages this season.

THE STREET CORNERS.—We are again forced to complain of the habit permitted by the authorities, allowing roughs to stand at the corners of streets. The language used by them and the insults poured out against all who pass are unbearable, and yet the police never attempt to disperse them.

BREAKING INTO A HOUSE.—We believe some parties unknown broke into a house on York street on Thursday night, with what intention or result we have not heard. The authorities, however, are tracing up the affair, and likely the guilty parties will be brought to justice.

THE MARKET—FRIDAY.—The attendance on the square this morning was large. The fish market was the best seen in Ottawa for some time. There was an immense quantity of fish of all kinds and sizes.

Pork was very plentiful and sold for $8.50 to $9.00 per 100 pounds.

Other produce was in abundance and sold at last quotations.

LATE ARRIVALS.—Just opened one case rich Lace Goods, Collars, and Cuffs, &c., &c. Also, one case Gipsy Bonnets and Hats, Evening Flowers, Feathers and many other novelties.

1488 1w MAGEE & RUSSELL.

CIVIL SERVICE RIFLE COMPANY.—This company will have its annual prize meeting this afternoon on the Rideau Range, when a close contest may be looked for. There are six prizes, the first being a very pretty cup. Firing will commence at two p.m. sharp.

ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.—We have learned with pleasure that Mr. Reynolds is having a new car constructed at Prescott for the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway, on the same principle as the Pullman car. The cost of the new car is estimated at from ten to twelve thousand dollars.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

PROFESSOR BELL's readings last night were positively excellent, and the attendance was good. Professor Bell has considerable mimic power, is an admirable mimic, and enjoys facilities for repeating the broad dialect of the lowland Scotch which only a native possesses. His rendering of the humourous sketch of the journey of a Scottish peasant to Edinburgh to see George IV. on his arrival there in 1822 was inimitable, as was his humourous account of "How I became a yeoman."

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—By notice in another column it will be seen that the Chaudiere Fire Company acknowledge the reception of $25 from E. B. Eddy, Esq., for their services during the late fire on his premises. The Chaudiere Company are always well deserving of any such remuneration, and this prompt and voluntary action on the part of Mr. Eddy is very exemplary.

GREAT BOOK SALE.—Catalogues will be shortly issued for the largest and most important Book Sale at Montreal ever held in Canada, comprising all the valuable stock of recently imported Books, belonging to the Estate of Richard Worthington. In conjunction an additional lot of over one hundred cases, (many illustrated publications for the holidays.) Such an opportunity for procuring a stock can seldom occur, and Booksellers and Bookdealers from all parts should prepare to attend. 1483 3

☞Garland, Mutchmor & Co's Millinery and Mantle Show Room is now open.

POLICE COURT.—Friday morning—John [illegible] was charged with being drunk in the streets at noon yesterday—fined $2 and costs.

Richard Gorman was charged with assaulting Lawrence Henry. As the offence had been committed in Hull, the other side of the river, the magistrate said the prisoner should be taken before the presiding magistrate in that district. He would therefore dismiss the case with costs.

J. Bennett, who was brought up yesterday, was charged with wounding a cow belonging to Mr. Perkins, by striking her in the eye with a stone, which resulted in the loss of the eye. His Worship read the boy a long lecture and ordered him to pay a fine to Mr. Perkins of ten dollars, and two dollars to the Court with costs, or in default to go to jail for fifteen days.

INHUMAN TREATMENT.—We saw a little boy about 15 years of age at the Police Station to-day, whose case is really pitiable. It appears in the first place that he is an orphan from Quebec, having come to Ottawa some four or five months ago. About a month after his arrival he hired with a person in this city to act as cook on board a barge for him. He worked for three months with the understanding that he should get five dollars per month, but when he left on Thursday he had only received $3, and was refused when asked for more. The poor little fellow worked hard during the 3 months, and now has neither money nor clothes. He would like to send some of the money, if he could get it, to his little brother in Montreal, who, he says, must be starving. The man who treated the little fellow thus should be brought to a sense of justice. We believe the authorities have taken a hand in the affair.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.—A terrible accident occurred about 11 o'clock yesterday morning on Bolton street. A little child was crushed to death beneath the wheel of a heavy truck. It appears that Herbert Anderson, one of C. T. Bate & Co.'s teamsters drove into a yard on the above named street and leaving his horse standing outside went into the house for a while. When he came out he backed his vehicle out the yard, but, fearful to say, in so doing he ran one of the wheels over a little girl two years old who had crept under the truck unseen to any person. The wheel passed over her stomach, killing her instantly. Dr. Sweetland was immediately sent for, but of course he could do nothing for her. The little girl's name was Mary Mullin and her father, Patrick Mullin. Every person who saw the child immediately after the occurrence of the accident allows that Mr. Anderson is not to blame in the slightest. An inquest was held at 3 p.m., and a verdict of accidental death returned.

"Congregation de Notre Dame."

His Lordship, accompanied by the Very Rev. D. Dandurand, V. G., Dr. O'Connor, his Secretary, the Messrs. Collins, Pallier, and other clergymen, visited this institution. It is one of the oldest and best directed educational establishments in this country. The sisters of Notre Dame de la Congregation have acquired a well merited fame in their careful instruction of ladies who now form the ornaments of Canadian society. The branch in Ottawa, though but of a few years standing, has already established itself under the guidance of the talented ladies who superintend it, as among the foremost ranks of Boarding Schools to prepare young ladies for the highest positions in life. The grand hall was festooned and arched with evergreens. There was no superabundance of decoration, but the eye was attracted by the delicate skill with which the chamber was ornamented. On entering the apartment the attention was first drawn to a bust of the venerable Mother Bourgeouis, the foundress of the Community of Notre Dame de la Congregation in Canada. And well have the heroic exertions of that lady been repayed by the success of her equally devoted and talented successors. This Community was established in Canada over two hundred years ago, and its progress has been equal to its age. The legend "*Qu'il soit beni, celui qui nous visite*" spanned the hall. The addresses to his Lordship were delivered in excellent style by the young lady pupils both in English and French. The addresses were of such an order as to do credit to the institution from the originality and general merit of the compositions. A musical *melange* followed, when His Lordship responded both in French and English. His Lordship stated that even in Europe he had seen nothing to surpass the exhibition of the hour, and paid a high and just compliment to the talented, and worthy sisters of the establishment. After the close of the reception, His Lordship was shewn some fifty parcels of goods and clothing contributed by the young ladies of the Academy towards the relief of the sufferers of the late fires.

The whole reception was one which gave credit to the Convent, satisfaction to its patrons, and honor to the august recipient.

PROGRAMME.

Welcome—Spoken by Misses Cotton and Aumond.

Cantate—Accompanied on piano—by Miss Robertson Ross.

Solos By Misses Duignan, Pellant, Aumond and Kimber.

Address—Miss Armstrong.

Bouquet—Miss Blais.

Trio—Misses Wallace, Codd and Duignan.

Finale—Miss Robertson Ross.

ADDRESS.

Welcome to our beloved Pastor, the Bishop of Ottawa.

Welcome, thrice welcome to our home once more,
Welcome, loved Pastor, from that distant shore
For which you left us to obey the call
Of Him, the Pontiff, Father, Friend of all,
Full oft our tearful prayers of filial love,
Have risen for Thee, to God's fair throne above,
That He, Himself, might be Thy Friend, Thy Stay
And bring Thee back at no far distant day......
Now heard our prayers, granted each fond desire,
Pure love, deep gratitude our lips inspire,
As once again, with glad and thankful voice,
We bid Thee welcome while our hearts rejoice..

We've welcom'd Thee with joyous song and smile,
Oblivious of all other cares the while;
Still do our notes of joy re-echoing ring,
While Angels seem responsive strains to sing.
But now, alas! shall reign of earthly joy,
Rise other scenes our gladness to destroy.
Dark scenes of ruin and destruction wild,
The widow'd mother, and the orphan child,
Depriv'd of lowly home, and scanty fare,
And cast, poor victims, on the cold world's care.
Yes, Honor'd Pastor, one short year gone by,
You left us hopeful 'neath a smiling sky,
You saw the farmer through his proud fields roam,
The peasant happy in his humble home,
The Father hoarding for a future day,
And Youth rejoicing in his happy May.
Now you return, but ah! what changes here!
What mean those blacken'd heaps, those landscapes drear!
Why naught but smoking remnants where so late
The golden harvest rose in graceful state?
Where are the peaceful cots, the gardens fair
The friends of toil, and their possessors, where?..
Oh! ask those embers falling to decay,
Ask those dense clouds of smoke that fade away
In the dark distance, ask, yes, ask the dead,
Who lost e'en life in this disaster dread......
Alas! kind Pastor, well you know the tale,
E'en from afar you heard the bitter wail,
That rose from Children's lips, and Mother's heart
When forc'd from home and hope alike to part.
We know that o'er your people's woes you grieve,
And seek their wants their sufferings to relieve;
Ah! gen'erous Pastor we a favor ask,
Be ours the joy to share your noble task.
Had we the riches of the hidden mine,
The precious treasures that in Ocean shine,
Oh! gladly would we lay them at your feet,
That unto each you might her portion mete,
We have them not, but what we have we give
'Twill help the suffering little ones to live,
You'll not despise it, tis a gift of love,
Blest as the widow's mite by him above!

CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME,
ST. BRUNO'S FEAST, 1870.

BY H. McLEAN.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from THOMAS MUNRO, Esq., to sell by auction at his residence, Main's Grove, Nelson street, on MONDAY, the 17th OCTOBER instant, at 10 o'clock a.m., all his Household Furniture, comprising, Drawing-room, Parlor, Dining-room, Bedroom and Kitchen furniture of very description and variety, usually found in a completely and elegantly furnished house, and all of which is of the best and most modern quality and style, and in the best order and condition.

TERMS—Cash.

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant
Ottawa, Oct 13, 1870 1486td

AUTUMN. 1870.

"THE GOLDEN LION,"

SPARKS STREET.

Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE.

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in

HATS,
BONNETS,
FEATHERS,
Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c.

Fashionable Velveteen Hats.
From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets,
$1.50 upwards.

New Paris Jackets,
In Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Underclothing,
A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods,
A complete Stock.

☞R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co
47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins to hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties, &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.
47 and 49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

No. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

WILL OPEN THEIR

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM

—ON—

FRIDAY, 7TH OCTOBER,

With a Grand Display of latest LONDON Styles in MILLINERY and MANTLES, Ex S S "PERUVIAN."

—COMPRISING THE LATEST STYLES IN—

STRAW VELVET and TERRY BONNETS
STRAW, FELT and VELVET HATS.
DRESS CAPS, HEAD DRESSES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c.

MANTLES.

They invite special attention to their stock of French and German JACKETS, made by French and German Tailors out of beautiful materials, cut and made in a superior manner.

All purchased during the great War Panic, at a little more than half usual prices.

MANTLE CLOTHS,

In all the leading Cloths and Colors,

WATERPROOF CLOAKS, in new styles, ready-made, and made to Order.

SHAWLS.

CLAN TARTAN WOOL and PAISLEY SHAWLS, in variety.

Orders for Millinery and Mantles executed by good experienced hands, with promptness and despatch.

Ladies are invited to call and see the new styles, whether wishing to purchase or not.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

☞FALL AND WINTER STOCK,☜

And are showing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c.

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES
HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

☞OUR STOCK☜
—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS,
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Box and Parlor Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen's Supplies, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

Dry Goods.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY,

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

☞PURCHASERS are invited to view all the leading NOVELTIES in Dress Materials, this day.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

WINCIES,
COBOURGS,
PLAIN LUSTRES,
FIGURED DO.
PLAIN REPPS,
FIGURED DO.
SERGES,
ALPACA CORDS,
FRENCH MERINOES,
PLAIN SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS,
FIGURED SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS
BRIGHTON DIAGNAL COSTUME CLOTHS
BLACK REVERSIBLE LUSTRES,
TARTAN WINCIES,
DO. CAMLETS,
DO. POPLINS,
DO. PLAIDS,

☞LADIES and others interested in the purchase of DRESSES are respectfully invited to examine our Stock and see for themselves the extraordinary value.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-tIN.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,
MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞NEW FALL GOODS☜

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

BAZAAR.

The Annual Bazaar, in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, will be held on Monday the 24th day of October instant.

Donations in aid of the fancy and refreshment tables, will be thankfully received by the following Ladies:—

Fancy Table, Cathedral Parish, Mrs Higgins Mrs Goodwin and Mrs Brainingham.

Do do St. Joseph's Parish, Mrs Brophy, Mrs. [illegible] Mrs Plunket, Mrs Whelan, Miss McDonell, Miss O'Connor, Miss McCarthy.

Do do St. Patrick's Parish, Mrs O'Connor, Mrs A Hearn, Mrs Nagle and Mrs Mullin.

REFRESHMENT TABLE.—Mrs George Murphy, Mrs Rhodes and Mrs Enright.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870 1484-240

THE MERCHANT'S BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.

THOMAS KIRBY.
Manager.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468 1m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,
ALSO
TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to
MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa,
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

FOR CHEAP

JOB PRINTING

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE,
58 Sparks Street,
Ottawa

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hope by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as those,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot),
Oatlies Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All those Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine, for [illegible]

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dubli Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS. The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries, Wines, and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for [illegible] A few trials will prove their superiority [over] common goods.

A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street
6th June, 1870.

EAU DE VIE BLANC.

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavoring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.
Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

MONEY TO LEND
ON REAL ESTATE,
From $400 to any amount, on approved security
TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.
James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
OTTAWA, 10th Oct., 1870

The Commissioners for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, hereby give public notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the construction of an Engine House, Locomotive Repair Shop, and other buildings, at Moncton, New Brunswick.

Plans and Specifications may be seen on and after 1st NOVEMBER next, at the Railway Office, St. John, and at the office of the Chief Engineer, at Ottawa; and Tenders on a printed form; which will be supplied, marked on envelope "Tender for Buildings," and addressed to the Commissioners, will be received at their Office in Ottawa, up to six o'clock, p.m., on 21st November, 1870.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.
1487 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Lake Harbor work," and will be received at this Office until Thursday, the 28th day of November next, for improvements to the following mentioned places:

At CHANTRY ISLAND, Lake Huron, the construction of a Breakwater and Beacon of Crib Work.

At GODERICH, Lake Huron, the Dredging and Pier-work necessary to form a new entrance channel to the Harbor, and the enlargement of the Inner Basin.

At RONDEAU, Lake Erie, the enlargement of the channel, deepening a portion of the Basin, and the construction of Entrance Pier, &c.

Plans and specifications of the respective works can be seen at this Office, or at the Custom House, Goderich on and after Monday, the 7th day of November next, where printed forms of Tender can also be obtained.

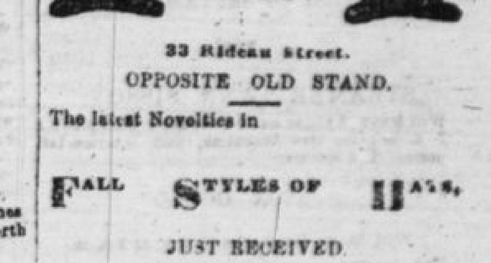
Tenders may be sent in for the work at one, or all of the places; but they must in all cases be made out in strict accordance with the printed forms

The signatures of two solvent reliable persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order
F BRAUN,
Secretary,
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 5, 1870 1481

JAMES PEACOCK,



HATS! HATS! HATS!

33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS,

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

APPLES
—AND—
SWEET POTATOES,
On Sale,
43 Sussex Street.
A. N. NYE.
Ottawa, Oct 11, 1870 1484 3

STOVES.

Buy Them and Save 20 Per Cent;

ESMONDE BROS.

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA......................$300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Total Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1 2: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4238. Bonus Additions, £51 17s. 6d. or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d. the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent on the amount of ordinary premiums received will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $440 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent

1467 3m

DOMINION

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is becoming one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honorable profession should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards. For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL, Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Haveleck daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS. President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144 tf

MR. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the [illegible] 219tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap. 36,) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY OF FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES. Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

TO LET.

From the 15th November to the 1st May next, the house at present occupied by Dr Henry, corner of Kent and Wellington streets Apply after p.m. 1486 6

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Med

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied. The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 3 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS — TRADE MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL — AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25 Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in [illegible]

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

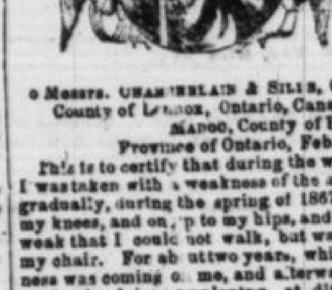
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernestown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hovey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS — TRADE MARK — MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSrs GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists, 64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awEm lawk6m

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

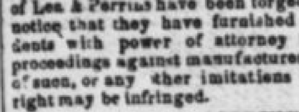
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 42v1236 law

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next,

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORSLE Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office, Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1462td

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to he comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc daily

GOVERNMENT HOUSE:

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs"

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant

The tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works Ottawa, October 1, 1870 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campe Bello (Welchpool)

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago.................... 850 miles

Grand Trunk to Detroit.................... 736 do

Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.................... 730 do

Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route.................... 120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchan

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtain

OPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

1386tf

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p. m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $226 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 [illegible]

LOST.

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 1443

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulant.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal,

Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, Instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,

Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materia and Founder's Supplies,

32 Lemoine Street. Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.

Low Oven Cook Stoves.

Double Stoves. Parlour Stoves.

Box Stoves all sizes. Hotel Cook Stoves.

Dumb Stoves. Hot Air Furnaces.

Stove Pipes. Elbows.

Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, Augus 6 3m

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.35 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 2.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.................... $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.................... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.................... $100 00

Halifax.................... 20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.................... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.................... 30 00

Halifax.................... 15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.................... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York,

or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ma 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STOR

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of he Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td Lewis

Sarsaparilla

they were painfully afflicting, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and other eruptions or visible forms of Scrofulous disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, and the various Ulcerous affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. Leucorrhoea or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations, and Female Diseases, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. Rheumatism and Gout, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and Jaundice, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are Languid and Listless, Despondent, Sleepless, and troubled with Nervous Apprehensions or Fears, or any of the affections symptomatic of Weakness, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

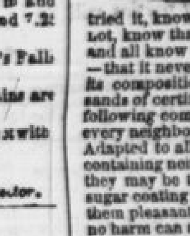
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these Pills rapidly cure:—

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For Dysentery or Diarrhoea, but one mild dose is generally required.

For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For Suppression a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a Dinner Pill, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these Pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto

President—The Hon John [illegible] M.P..

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonald, McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs [illegible] NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL COMPANY are as low as its [illegible] sheme to be profit ble.

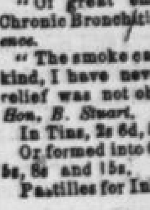
The test of the value of insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the promptness of its settlements, the Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway [illegible] important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses [illegible]

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

1298tf



FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA

Affords Immediate Relief

"A remedy of great [illegible] usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of [illegible] Chronic Bronchitis.—[illegible]

"The smoke causes no nausea. [illegible] kind, I have never known an instance [illegible] relief was not obtained."—*General [illegible] Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, [illegible]

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Caudill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity superior to Pepsine. Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, [illegible] and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business. References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870.

THE TIMES is printed and published by The OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 38, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. V. NO. 1489. OTTAWA, MONDAY. OCTOBER 17, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*)

offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock?

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines at all prices, in wood and bottle, Improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

high proof and flavor, at extremely low rices.

Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.

Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.

Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.

Molson's and other Ales.

Sugars and Syrups, all grades.

Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or bar ains. 1165

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c., &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and o procu he most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

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SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES.

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic "Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for "Medical Purposes are of great importance to "Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled "to the consideration and support of every "one disposed to further the advancement of "real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.

"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.

"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.

"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M. R. C. S.

"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 lawk y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

of the Village of Kenmore,

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St.

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw27t

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 33, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.

Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454:fAw37tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

BOARD.

A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.

Ottawa, September 19 1870 1466tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

Hardware.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Sil or Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau street,

Ottaw 24th June, 1870,

BLYTH & KERR.

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Dait Milk-saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

PRESCOTT STOVES

ON HAND.

COAL OIL

OF THE

BEST QUALITIES SENT HOME FREE OF CHARGE.

50cts. to 60cts. PER GALL.

TRY IT.

Have your

STOVE PIPES

Put up at once and avoid the rush.

We have now the

MOST COMPLETE

AND

BEST ASSORTED STOCK IN THE CITY.

Any thing you want ask for it.

ESMONDE BROS.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.t

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

QUEEN STREET,

Will open on the

FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.

Room for one or two Boarders.

Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

TO RENT,

From 1st November next, a DWELLING HOUSE, 10 rooms, Corner Sussex and Patrick Streets, at present occupied by W. B. Lindsay Esq.

THOMAS McKAY,

Ottawa Mills, Chaudiere, or from Store Sussex Street.

Ottawa, September 23, 1870 1470

NOTICE.

For sale a SECOND HAND WAGGON Enquire of

JOHN CHAPMAN,

Queen's Auctioneer opposite the By Ward Market

Ottawa, September 29, 1870 1475 td

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
Wellington-st.

711tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at. .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at.......... 4.00 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 7:30 am

Trains for Lachine at .... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at.......... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at.......... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at.......... 3:45 p m

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at.......... 6.00 a m

Express for Island Pond, at.......... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at.......... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N. S., respectively at 4 p m. They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N. B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Aengts

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at..... 9 00 a m

NIGHT, do do.......... 9 00 p m

Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations.......... 7 00 a m

Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations.......... 5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at.......... 7 10 a m

Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at.......... 9 00 a m

Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at.......... 3 45 p m

Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at.......... 6 00 a m

Do do do do.......... 4 00 p m

Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at.......... 1 30 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870, 1425tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870, 1427tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		8.00	9.45		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.45		4.00
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	7.30		8.00	9.45		7.30
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	11.15		8.00	9.45		4.00
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00			8.00		6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	5.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	8.00	11.00	
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	5.00	11.00	4.00	9.45		4.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15		9.45		
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15		9.45		
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			8.00		1.00
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	7.30		4.30			1.00
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.00					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Karabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays	6.00				11.30	5.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30			

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 13th Oct., 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING

TRY THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

How it Feels to be Shot in Battle.

EXPERIENCES OF A GERMAN SOLDIER AT METZ.

From the North German Gazette.

"There! a blow in the chest, a tearing in the body, a fall with a loud cry and terrible pain; there I lay, one of the victims of this bloody day. My first sensation was anger at the blow, my second an expectation of seeing myself explode, for judging by the sound of the ball I believed I had grenade in my body. Then came the pain, and with it helplessness and falling. Oh, how frightful are those few first moments! Where I was hit, how I was wounded, I could form no idea; I only felt that I could not stir, saw the battalion disappear from my sight, and myself alone on the ground, amid the fearful howling and whistling of the balls, which were incessantly striking the earth around me. With difficulty could I turn my head a little, and saw behind me two soldiers attending on a third, who was lying on the ground.

"Of what happened I can give no account, except that I cried for help several times as well as I could, for the pain and burning thirst had the upper hand. At last both of them ran up to me, and with joy I recognized the doctor and hospital attendant of my company. 'Where are you wounded?' is the first question. I could only point. My dress was quickly opened, and in the middle of the breast a bloody wound was found, which the doctor hastily bound. The balls still constantly whissed round us; one struck the doctor's helmet, and immediately I felt a violent blow in the left arm.

"Another wound! With difficulty I was turned round, to look for the outlet of the bullet, but it was still in my body, near the spine. At last it was cut out. 'Is the wound dangerous,' I asked, 'I hope not.' 'Pray tell me the truth.' 'Not very dangerous, it is hoped,' and with the emphasized 'very' my hopes melted. They were going away. 'The wound in my arm, doctor. This fortunately, was looked for in vain; the ball had merely caused a blue spot, and had sunk into the ground harmlessly. I extended my hand to the doctor and thanked him, as also the attendants, whom I commissioned to send word to my family,

"Ceaselessly it whizzed and howled around me. The doctor had carefully laid me on my cloak, with my helmet firmly on my head, in order, in some measure, to protect me from the leaden hail. Thus I lay alone with my own thoughts, amid the most terrible fire, perhaps, for an hour and a half. All my thoughts, as far as pain and increasing weakness allowed, were fixed on my family. Gradually I got accustomed to the danger which surrounded me, and only when too much sand from the striking bullets was thrown on my body did I remember my little enviable position. At last, after long, long waiting, the sanitary detachment came to me."

SMALL TALK.

A velvet smoking jacket is considered indispensible to the wardrobe of the swell of the period.

The last ukase of fashion declares the chignon in all its forms banished from her dominions. For which all thanks.

Therese's "cafe chantant" songs are rapidly becoming favorites among society ladies. "What are we all coming to?"

The "coming" wedding cards are rose-colored, large and nearly square. Monograms larger and more elaborate than before.

Fire-gilt bronze is a very favorite material for fancy articles now-a-days. We saw a library set of this studded with turquoises which was remarkably pretty.

Carramanda wood is the name of one of the latest materials for fancy articles. We have seen a very handsome book-stand made of this wood and set with agates.

The latest slang in New York for expressing the fact that a man dresses up to the fashion is borrowed from a terminology of billiards. "Putting on English" is the proper phrase.

Fans in Russia leather and violet, with large painted monogram, are among the latest novelties. The latter mentioned have the traditional perfume attached to the name.

The "Boston dip" has asserted itself as the dance of the season. Waltz and galop are absolete, and all the "spoons" of New York society are being transformed into "dippers."

Ladies who wear seal-skin coats and caps should remember that portemonnaies of corresponding material are *en regle*. Seal skin match boxes and cigar cases are also becoming fashionable.

Cigar cases, pocket books, and the like are now made with watches set in the sides. We are assured that these time pieces will go, but considering that the price of the whole affair is never more than twenty dollars we rather doubt the assertion.

All sorts of what Mrs. Partington calls "articles of virtue and bigotry" are made of Russian leather now-a-days. Some of the prettiest are *mouchoir* and work boxes made with heavy plate glass tops, and engraved with a large monogram. Cigar cases are made of this material, with a space arranged for an imperial carte of the owner's "bright particular."

A good story is told of one of the *nouveaux riches* of Boston, who having, after a long struggle, worked himself into good society by means of the aristocratic alliance of his daughter, gave a grand dinner party to his newly acquired circle. He didn't invite his own brother for the reason that "society is getting so mixed one must draw a line somewhere."

The latest thing in gentlemen's scarfs is denominated "Our Fritz," and is decidedly unique. The "Chancellor" scarf, a "Stanley," with the upper corners turned under will be much worn with standing collars. The "Prince Teck" is as great a favourite as ever, the knot being made much larger than before. The "Conqueror" is a slight modification of this shape, and not by any means an improvement.

A funny accident happened at a large wedding in a neighboring city a short time ago. The church was crowded, and the brilliant bridal party had just begun to move up the aisle when suddenly every light in the building went out. The gas could not be lighted again, and the wedding had to be performed by the light of a solitary kerosene lamp placed on the lectern. The illumination was resumed fortunately before the party left the church, so that the bride and her attendant maidens were enabled to display their toillettes once down the aisle, and were thus saved from utter desperation.

In France they are building two story railroad cars. There is a great saving of first cost in them, and also in dead weight. The latter amounts to only 200 pounds per passenger, while in this country the dead weight per passenger is rarely less than 500 pounds, and often more. The new style would probably be of great advantage to roads that carry a large number of passengers for a short distance, as on lines converging to the great cities, where there is a great population within five or ten miles that has to be transported to and from their business daily.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

WAR NOTES BY MAIL.

The sister who is nursing Marshal McMahon says that he never uttered a complaint during the dressing of his wounds. No matter how they hacked and cut in the frightful wound, which completely traversed the thigh, and in which a boy ten years old might turn his fist around, not a groan was heard. Whatever is given him, whatever is done for him, his reply is always, "Very well, my good sister."

The Swiss army is for the moment divided into three bodies. The first, of 20,000 men, intended to operate between Constance and Romanshoen, holds the borders of the lake; the second, at Loerrach, also numbers 20,000; while the third, of 10,000, is situated behind the hill of Ste. Marguerite, between Loerpeh and Bale. The bearing of the federal troops is most soldierlike, and their uniform is somewhat like that of the French.

There are understood to be eight hundred thousand Chassepots and immense quantities of ammunition in store at Metz.

The Vosges riflemen are all young men, accustomed from infancy to live in the mountains and use the gun. Their uniform is simple and elegant, consisting of a blouse in gray holland, tied round the waist by a black leather belt, trousers of the same stuff, confined at the ancles by short buttoned gaiters, and a Tyrolese hat with cock's feathers.

The battlefields are invested with wretches who pillage the dead. One of these human ghouls, or "battlefield hyenas," as the Germans call them, was recently shot at Spandau, in Prussia. He had $2,000 of stolen money in his possession when caught at his internal work.

In a recent interview Count Bismarck told Mr. Malet that the Prussians meant to have Metz and Strasbourg, and that until they obtained them they should remain in France. He did not intend to dismantle them, but to make them stronger than they at present are. "The French," he said, "will hate us with an undying hate, and we must take care to render this hate powerless."

The "War Sausage Manufactory," near the Lutzower Platz, in Berlin, is an interesting enterprise. Six weeks ago the ground on which it stands was a barren stubble-field, but now it is covered by five immense long sheds, in which during the last three weeks 60,000 sausages have been made daily, which, composed of peas and salt meat, afford a strengthening diet for the soldiers. Ten tons of ham and bacon are worked up daily, with 20 tons of peasmeal; 1,000 workmen are constantly employed, and 180 women and children have enough to do to tie the ends of the sausages.

A correspondent of the Boston *Journal* who dates his letter Paris, September 15, writes as follows:

"Paris was in ferment; it was high noon, and I found all my French acquatntances livid with excitment The advance was appearing, and some Prussian prisoners were on the streets, being paraded up and down. I rushed to see them. Near the American cafe, yes, even the celebrated Peter's shrine of Bacchus and Ashrodite, stood one of the eigh famous Uhlans, dismounted, wounded, abused, but not abashed.

"His glance was haughty and cold as the winds on the Berlin plains. He had been allowed to retain his lance, the artistic Frenchmen who had captured him wishing to have him appear in as complete a state as possible. The crowd to see him was enormous, and some of the market women, who, since the Republic's declaration, seem determined to have a perpetual holiday, cried "A mort." He did not so much as look at them, and, towering above the pigmies around him, looked very much like a Brobdinag being led off to jail. A number of Prussians brought in to-day have had their decorations torn off, but none have suffered much violence. The moment any crowd attempts oloodshed, some one climbs on to the nearest elevated point and entreats his "brothers not to bring disgrace on the Republic," whereupon all hurrah for order, and amiable goddess, reason, resumes her throne.

Mysterious Incidents.

The shocking casualties among prominent commanders in the present war, followed by sudden and amazing recovery, will be cited hereafter as the greatest curiosities of history.

The Emperor Napoleon died at Chalons at an early period in the struggle. He died again between Chalons and Mezieres. He tried to die a third time at the head of his army, but could not. At present he is in better health than he has been for years.

Marshal McMahon, after being instantaneously killed at Sedan, recovered in time to be mortally wounded and died in Belgum. He is now convalescent.

Gen. Failly was shot by his own troops. He was afterwards killed in battle by the Prussians. Finally he was executed for cowardice. He is now alive and well.

King William went raving mad, and was conveyed to Berlin in a straight-jacket, ever since which time he has been in command at the front.

Bismarck has been shot. The Crown Prince was killed in action three weeks ago. Subsequently the former gentleman held several interesting conversations with M. Favre and a newspaper correspondent, and the Prince, notwithstanding his untimely demise, has continued to make pretty lively times in the neighbordood of Paris.

The latest victim is Gen. Von Moltke, who has been borne to his grave in three lead coffins, at three different times, and with three splendid funeral processions. He has not re-appeared yet: but he has been so effectually buried that the resurrection will take longer in his case than it did in the others.

A correspondent of the London *Telegraph* writing from Douai, gives the following picture of the new French levies: "I have within the last few days visited Lille, Valenciennes, and Douai, and have seen the so-called troops with which France seems in her madness determined to drive the enemy away from Paris. The sight of these men—the sight of so many fine young men going forth to certain and utterly useless death—has made me sad. Take the roughest of the Whitechapel roughs, make him perspire freely, and when he is in that state roll him in the dust; then dress him in a blouse with a bit of red serge on the sleeve; give him a musket which he cannot handle, a bayonet of which he does not know the use, and ammunition with which he cannot load his rifle; parade him once or twice a day, but let him have very much his own way in the ranks; let him be commanded by officers who never served before, who cannot drill him now, and whom he thoroughly despises. When he is doing nothing in the way of duty—that is during the eleven-twelfths of his waking hours—keep preaching to him away a levy *en masse*, and make him thoroughly believe that he and his followers are destined to restore the military glory of France. And when you have done all this—when you have taken what little good in the way of industry there is in the man, and made him an idle loafer about the town, you will then have manufactured a very fair sample of what a Garde Mobile in France, in these, our days, is made of.

TIGHT BINDING

[illegible] ADVERTISEMENTS.
[illegible] Bermingham.
[illegible]—T. S. Brown.
[illegible] Sale of Household Furniture—H. McLean.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: No. 30, Sparks Street

MONDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1870.

We have received a private telegram [illegible] that the jury in the Gray [illegible] case had been unable to [illegible] a verdict. Mr. Brown con[illegible] that the alleged libellous article in [illegible] was written as a defence of Col[illegible] Gray, in ridiculing the position as[illegible] by the Honorable Mr. Chauveau.

The weather on the Atlantic Ocean, off the coast of Nova Scotia, has been unusually stormy and boisterous of late for this season of the year. We have been [illegible] by the Marine Department that [illegible] schooner *Ocean Traveller* left Halifax on the 28th ultimo for Sable Island, with supplies and live stock for the use of the Humane establishment there, but was unable to effect a landing on the island or to make any communication with it, and she had to return to Halifax [illegible]. The vessel was expected to sail again for Sable Island on the 11th inst., for the purpose of again trying to effect a landing on that desolate place.

THE QUESTION OF FORTIFICATIONS.

We notice that several of our contemporaries have lately been discussing the question of fortifications. Some say that we have no need in Canada for permanent fortifications, and that in case of invasion we could afford to rely solely upon the bravery of our [illegible] in the field. [illegible] exp[illegible] classes; [illegible] have not given the subject a sufficient amount of consideration, and secondly those who are invariably opposed to any outlay for the defence of the country. With these last it is [illegible] and indeed impossible to argue; dead to every true and generous impulse, with no spark of patriotism in their natures, the only object they have in life is to amass as much money as they can, and whether the old Union Jack or the Stars and Stripes float above their heads is a matter of not the slightest consequence to them, so long as they can reap a golden harvest.

It is said that the results of the present European war afford unmistakeable proof of the uselessness of permanent fortifications. We think, however, that the exact opposite is the case, for it must never be forgotten that by fortifications judiciously constructed and applied, a few can successfully resist the attack of many; more over the militia and civil inhabitants can fight behind walls and under cover of fortifications nearly as well as regulars, although unable to manoeuvre equally well in the open field. Why is it that Bismarck is now ready to treat for peace? Is it because he has suddenly become inspired with more amicable feelings towards the French? No. It is because he finds that Paris is so strongly fortified that it cannot be carried by assaut de main, but that its capture would involve a long seige and a winter campaign with the innumerable accidents and disasters attendant thereupon. If Paris had not been strongly fortified, the French leaders would have had no opportunity of arming and drilling the thousands of volunteers who have rushed forward at the cry "*Aux armes citoyens*"; the Prussians would have marched into the city unopposed, and with Paris in their hands all France would have been at their mercy. When the battles of Woerth, Gravelotte and Sedan, destroyed the French armies in the field, the great thing that France required was time to organize, to arm and drill the raw volunteers, in fact to create a new defensive force. Thanks to the fortifications of Metz, which have kept the army of the Prince Royal employed, and to those of Paris, which bid defiance to the main body of the Prussian army the necessary time has been obtained, and although we do not expect to see France come out of the war victorious, it is certain that the terms upon which peace will be obtained will be far more advantageous to her than they would have been had the gates of Paris been thrown open to the invaders,

There are many among us who can remember that when the advance guard of the Allied army marching past Mackenzie's farm saw the city of Sebastapol, with its magnificent docks and arsenals, lying at their feet, they were induced at first to believe that the object of the campaign was accomplished, and that the much coveted city was already within their grasp. Little did they dream that the line of low entrenchments, scarcely perceptable at that distance, with the one or two advanced works with which they connected, could defy the efforts of the two most powerful nations of the world for a whole year, and would only be carried at last after a terribly heavy expenditure of life and money. We are aware that the case of Sebastapol has been quoted as showing that there is no need for permanent fortifications; that it has been argued that as the genius of Todleben enabled the Russians in a few days to throw up earthworks of so impregnable a nature there is no necessity for us to think anything about fortifying our cities until the enemy is at our very gates. In the case of Sebastopol, however, there are two or three important points which must be borne in mind. In the first place, two works, the Malakoff tower and the Redan, already existed, each furnishing a *point d'appui* to the line of earthworks which the Russians erected, and which, in the first place, were little more than a curtain connecting these two works and connecting them with the city also. Secondly, had it not been for the immense amount of stores which had been accumulated in Sebastopol its defence could not have been attempted; and, thirdly, the fact that the Russians had a large force in the field independent of the defenders of Sebastopol, prevented the allies from attempting any rash [illegible] more especially as Lord Raglan was a prudent rather than a bold general, while the French commander was in a [illegible] condition.

The instances in which the general results of a campaign have [illegible] changed in consequence [illegible] of fortifications, might be multiplied indefinitely, but the two notable instances which we have given will be sufficient to prove our case. Let us now see how we stand in Canada in regard to this matter, and whether we can afford to dispense with permanent fortifications [illegible].

Of course [illegible] whom we [illegible] that in the United [illegible] the day may never come when we shall have to cross swords with the Americans in defence of our [illegible] and our honour. Our rights as British subjects, however, are too precious to be lightly [illegible], and it therefore becomes us to see that proper precautionary measures of defence are adopted. In so doing we [illegible] merchant invites the [illegible] building and stock of goods when he insures them against fire. We are simply providing against a possible though very undesirable occurrence.

When the terms of union were arranged with the Imperial Government, it was agreed that while the erection of certain important defensive works at Quebec should be undertaken by the Mother Country, Canada should construct others of a somewhat similar character at Montreal. The whole frontier has been carefully surveyed by competent officers, among whom if we mistake not was our present Adjutant General, and a plan of defence had been agreed upon which if properly carried out, was pronounced by competent judges to be certain to result successfully. The principal points to be regarded in providing for the defence of Canada, are first the necessity of keeping open our communications with Halifax and Quebec which are our bases of supply, and secondly the importance of providing one or two places where the reserves of our defensive force could concentrate and organize, just as the Mobiles and Franc-Tireurs are doing in Paris to-day. Montreal for two reasons at once suggests itself as a place, in order to defend which the volunteer soldiery of this country would in case of an American invasion at once rally. First, because its wealth and importance would naturally make it the objective point of the enemy's attack, and secondly, because its peculiar position renders it admirably adapted for the purpose to which we have referred. With gunboats to patrol the waters of the St. Lawrence there would be no danger of the enemy crossing in force, and therefore a line of fortifications extending in a semi circle from St. Lambert to La Prairie would not be liable to be turned or taken in rear. With permanent fortifications at Halifax, St. John's N, B., Quebec, Montreal and Kingston, together with perhaps one or two smaller works at other places; with a fleet of British ironclads in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and gunboats swarming on our lakes and rivers, the conquest of Canada would be a work not easily accomplished, nor likely to be lightly undertaken. But without defensive works to cover our large cities, and at the same time afford rallying points for the militia (which, including both the Active and Reserve force means the whole male population within the fighting ages, viz: 18 and 60, and amounts to nearly 700,000 men,) we could not hope to resist the onward march of an enemy, who would be sure to outnumber us four or five to one. Under these circumstances we contend that there is no question which commends itself more strongly to the attention of every loyal and patriotic man than this question of defence, and we do hope that people throughout Canada generally will become more thoroughly alive to its importance. It is of no use saying "sufficient to the day is the evil thereof," and that when war comes it will be time enough to provide for the defence of the country. Neither soldiers, fortifications, or Military stores of artillery, arms and equipments are made in a day, and if we really value—as we ought—the blessings of liberty and free government which we enjoy, if we prize our country and our homes with a patriot's "holy love," we shall allow no consideration to interfere with the immediate adoption of every reasonable precautionary measure of defence.

"SHOO-FLY."

Nothing was further from our intention than to question the "moral, social or political standing" of the three gentlemen who represented Ottawa at the Toronto Industrial Exhibition. They are all honorable men, and very useful men, too, in their own way. That to which we took exception was their taking upon themselves to represent the intelligence of Ottawa. We objected to their oratory, not to their social standing. With "Shoo-Fly" we are quite in accord as to their social, moral, and political *status*, and feel proud to be placed on a level with them in that respect. We merely intimated that they cannot speak. Their utterances are neither eloquent, elegant, nor forcible. They had not the ability to state tellingly the many advantages which Ottawa affords, over such a place as Kingston, for the exhibition of articles, the growth or manufacture of Canada. His Worship the Mayor is a very excellent man, morally, socially, and politically, and so is the Warden, and without any doubt, so is Mr. Senator Skead. They are lacking in nothing but the power of conveying to those who listen to them, what they honestly want. When individuals or a community retain a lawyer, ordinarily the services of a persuasive and eloquent man are obtained, and not simply the services of one who is well meaning. Such a one could have been found in the son-in-law of Mr. Skead—Mr. Wm. Mackay Wright—who in addition to a highly cultivated intellect is naturally eloquent, and who on previous occasions, at meetings of the Agricultural Association has given ample evidence of his acquirements, although morally, socially, and politically he may not even claim to be the superior of the three aforementioned Toronto delegates.

It is a very unpleasant duty for a public journalist to have to point out the deficiencies of persons whom he respects, the more especially as censure is ever unpleasant, and more particularly so when the censure is just and the parties [illegible] not have sufficient cultivation to [illegible] their shortcomings.

"HOW 'OUR GEORGE' EXPLAINS."

In the fulfilment of a public duty, an *exposé* was made in Saturday's TIMES of the shortcomings of Mr. George Honey Preston, Collector of Taxes for the City of Ottawa. It was then stated that Mr. Preston had been a defaulter in the amount of $4,000; that he had, nevertheless, been re-appointed tax gatherer; and that he was again culpably withholding the public moneys. These are indisputable facts. These charges, however, preferred against a public officer, were not wantonly preferred. There was no personal animus in the affair. The exposure of the Collector of Taxes and his gross prostitution of a public and most important office were forced upon us by circumstances, which it would have been almost criminal to suppress. On Friday last two of the most respectable and intelligent of the School Trustees—and it is to be borne in mind Mr. George Honey Preston is himself a School Trustee—called at the office of this paper and held themselves responsible for the truth of certain statements which they made. They were not alone even in the matter. Several teachers complained of the gross cruelty involved in the course pursued towards them by the corporation in dishonoring their cheques. There was the most palpable and straightforward testimony to the fact that the public funds, most unscrupulously collected, were being again tampered with, and it obviously became our duty as public journalists to point the matter out with a view to redress, the more especially as some of these teachers cheques have been shaved, and purchased at certain shoe stores at a large discount, the purchaser stating at the time that there would not be funds in the city treasury to meet them for many months. Well what has been the consequence? The collector of taxes, Mr. George Honey Preston, trader in boots and shoes, No. 12 Rideau street, interested in several other shoe stores in the city, and brother-in-law to His Worship, the Mayor of Ottawa, does not deny the charges brought against him. He neither denies the allegations made, nor says anything in extenuation of them. He does not pay into the hands of the city Chamberlain the money which he has collected and illegally and improperly retains in his hands, so that the cheques of the School trustees may be honored. He simply has proposed to himself to wreak his vengeance, through the medium of his public office, on Mr. James Cotton, the Managing Director of the TIMES Publishing Company, for daring to permit in the newspaper which he controls the publication of facts, prejudicial to the Collector, but rendered necessary in the interests of the public. This man, who in the face of his well known reputation for covetousness, has the effrontery to assume the character of a Christian, actually has had the audacity to send in two bailiffs into the private residence of Mr. Cotton, Mr. Cotton not being indebted to the Corporation to the amount of a single cent for taxes or in any other way, to levy upon his household effects, on the plea that his name appears on the assessment roll of 1869 for $231.84-100, the very amount, which, only about a month ago, he paid in full, as this witness testifyeth!

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, CITY HALL,
OTTAWA CITY.

The taxes due on the following described property for the year A.D. 18[illegible] as rated by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, not having been paid, it has become my duty to proceed for the collection of the amount due, with expenses, in accordance with the Statute in such case made and provided.

Dated this 23rd day of Sept., A.D. 1870.

G. H. PRESTON,
City Collector.

TO JAMES COTTON. * * * * *

If you desire to save further costs you are requested to settle at once. Please produce this bill when paying the amount claimed, in order to have a receipt for the sum so paid.

$231.84.

Received, Ottawa, 24th Sept., 1870, the sum of two hundred and thirty-one dollars and eighty-four cents, for taxes as above specified, and numbered 42-426 on the roll for 1869.

G. H. PRESTON,
City Collector.

(Corporation Seal).

The day of notice is dated 23rd September, and on that very day a cheque, marked "good," by the Bank was sent to Mr. Preston's office for the amount, but Mr. Preston had left, and it was not until next day that the receipt was given.

This piece of impertinence, this gross prostitution of a public position, this unmanly, tyrannical vengeance of a public officer, was not enough. Mr. James Cotton, on returning home at 6 in the evening of Saturday last, found two men placed in charge in his drawing room, Mr. Preston well knowing that it was then too late to have them removed before Monday morning, and this too, on a plea for taxes which Mr. Preston could not but be aware, Mr. Cotton does not owe. There is of course a remedy. It is not in the power of any man thus to ruin our credit. A discerning public, who invariably upholds the right will not permit the Managing Director of the TIMES to be victimized, because the truth has been told and the interests of the poor and oppressed upheld in the newspaper which he controls. A truth loving people, averse to wrong-doing will never even indirectly countenance, a gross wrong to an individual because he was not base enough or cowardly enough to suppress the truth—truth uttered in the interest of a class of citizens the most deserving in the very nature of their business; the instruction of youth. The TIMES was open even to George Honey Preston for an explanation of the charges made against him if they were susceptible of explanation; but he prefers other weapons of offence and defence, setting mere public opinion at defiance. He makes an illegal seizure, and that seizure shall be legally contested. The act of this meek, pious, God fearing hypocrite of a tax-gatherer will come before a court of justice by writ of replevin, and that justice, which has not yet fully overtaken this most unprincipled of wretches, will surely at length overtake one, who has so long and so marvellously hitherto escaped the fiery ordeal.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.
HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

The City Funds.

CITY CHAMBERLAIN'S OFFICE,
CITY OF OTTAWA, Oct. 15, 1870.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR:—In your issue of to-day in connection to the above, you make the City Chamberlain allege that Mr. Preston, City Collector, has public money in his possession, or ought to have, and that these moneys ought to be paid into the City Treasury.

I beg leave to say I have never to my knowledge made a statement that Mr. Preston had public money in his possession or anything to that effect, and remain, sir,

Your obedient servt.
W. H. THOMPSON,
City Chamberlain.

It is not a matter of much real consequence whether or not the City Chamberlain has to his knowledge made a statement that Mr. Preston had public moneys in his possession. The question is, has Mr. Preston paid over the public moneys which he had collected, and has the City Chamberlain been in a position to honour the cheques which have been drawn upon him by the School Trustees and others? Perhaps on a future occasion we shall be able to refresh the memory of the Chamberlain as to what he has said. In the meantime we repeat the question, "Where is the Money," and why have our public school teachers not been paid their salaries?—EDITOR TIMES.

The Street Railway.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—There being an uncertainty as to the time of the street railway cars passing, from not knowing the time they leave the termini, it would be well to have the intervals noticed when they commence and terminate.

As yet I have seen no notice or advertisement through any of the daily papers which certainly the public might expect.

AN OCCASIONAL PASSENGER.
Ottawa, 15th Oct., 1870.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off
For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Oct. 15.

At the annual convocation of the University College, held yesterday, Rev. Dr. McCaulin in the chair, fifty students matriculated. The following took prizes: Classics, fourth year, G. Gibson, metaphysics fourth year, R. H. Harcourt; Mathematics, fourth year, A. Sinclair; English, G. Gibson; Modern languages, J. H. Coyne; Essay and public speaking, W. Armstrong. The President delivered an interesting address on the progress of the University.

At the Assizes Richard Foster was found guilty of assault on Ex-Captain Prince of the police force.

Perry Sheenan, charged with stealing $500 from a sailor, was acquitted.

No. 3 company, Quebec battalion, arrived yesterday from Fort William, and went on to Kingston.

J. C. Scott, Barrister, is to be appointed clerk to the Executive Council of Ontario.

A Special to the *Globe* dated Halifax 16th says the Sheriff of Colchester has received the writ for the election of a member in the place of Mr. Archibald, the nomination will be on the 1st of November, and the election on the 8th.

Gen. Doyle will leave next week for the Upper Province on a tour of military inspection.

Fourteen schooners have been seized in Kings and Annapolis counties for smuggling.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Oct. 15.

The French Canadian city papers appeared last evening in mourning for the Archbishop.

A fire broke out in the Jesuit barracks yesterday, but was extinguished before any damage was done.

More articles stolen from Judge Smith's residence have been recovered. The guilt of the receivers is so palpable that it is intended to prosecute them.

It is recommended that ladies be permitted to attend the meetings of the Young Men's Christian Association as in other cities. The Association is at present attracting much attention, and the management is in much better hands than formerly.

The body of a soldier of the 69th Regiment was found near Lake Beaufort much decomposed. About six weeks ago he left camp at that place with the intention of committing suicide, and an unsuccessful search was made for him at the time. He was of good character, and had three medals.

The City Council met last night, when the finance report was laid on the table, and the Council, in respect to the memory of the late Archbishop, adjourned until Wednesday.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Oct. 15.

A quarter mile race against time was run this morning, on Sherbrooke street, by a well known gentleman runner, of this city. The distance was accomplished in the extraordinary quick time of 50 seconds, This, it is said, is the fastest time ever made by any amateur.

The French Roman Catholic Mechanics' Institute, in this city, was opened last night, by Bishop Bourget, who delivered an address.

Yesterday Detective Bureau, of Quebec, arrived in this city with a number of articles, forming part of the effects stolen from the house of the late Judge Smith, and found in Quebec.

An attempt was made, the night before last, to set fire to the building known as the St. Bridget's Refuge, Lagauchetiere street, by piling chips against it, and setting fire to them.

A lacrosse match was played this afternoon, between the first twelve of the Montreal club, and Caughnawaga. The former took three straight games.

Weather cloudy and dull.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—A despatch from Cologne states that the bombardment of Verdun was continuing steadily on the 12th. A heavy reserve battery threw at a distance of 4,000 paces 174 bombs into the citadel. The French under General Marier, replied spiritedly with heavy grenades, and they silenced the Prussian fire against the observatory, which is on the top of the cathedral Commander Tebotte sent for heavy siege guns, hoping to make a breach.

It is credited here that negotiations are quietly but actively proceeding with a view to effecting peace. The main obstacles now is the belligerent temper exhibited by Prussians.

TOURS, 15th,—Rumors of the evacuation of Orleans and that the Prussians are driven back are confirmed. It is also officiously announced that Trochu led in person the brilliant sortie from Paris and repulsed the enemy at all points.

Bazaine has escaped from Metz, and is marching with his full force to the relief of Verdun.

The formal siege of Soissons and Verdun has commenced. The fact has already been developed that both fortifications are well supplied with artillery and experienced gunneri.

TOURS, 15th.—No official news has been received from Orleans to-day, though it is generally understood that there was sharp fighting there yesterday.

A Paris letter dated on Tuesday, 11th, has the following news:—The Prussians in force are moving southerly. The Mobiles are following to watch their movements, and, as an additional precaution, troops have been sent in other directions.

Much impatience is manifested in Paris at the inaction of the Prussians. The Parisians desire above all things to be attacked. As there is no immediate prospect of this, the Frecch are preparing to make a formidable attack on the besiegers.

The French made a strong reconnaissance to La Forte a few days ago. The Prussians were encountered, and after a short conflict were driven off.

Messrs. Cardwell and Harcourt, members of Parliament for Oxford city, addressed their Liberal constituents here last evening. They announced that the English militia would be rapidly supplied with breech-loaders.

The steamship *Nestorian*, from Quebec, arrived at Londonderry last evening, and the steamer *European* from Quebec to-day.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—A deserter from Metz reports that bread and salt are entirely exhausted, though there is an apparent plenty of other provisions.

Ten trains of cars carrying Prussians to the camp before Paris have crossed the Moselle recently.

The Prussians occupy the Heights at Siossons and have fortified them.

The town is making a gallant resistance.

The Prussians are in force at Mewry. They have several batteries of artillery.

The Prussian reserves on the Rhine are moving northward from the vicinity of Briesach and Schlestadt.

A dreadful accident occurred at Mitchell's shipyard, Newcastle-on-Tyne, yesterday. A large iron vessel which was in course of construction, suddenly fell over, crushing several workmen. Six bodies have been recovered thus far, and six others are visible but not yet accessible Besides the killed, at least thirty have been seriously wounded.

ROCHESTER, Oct. 15.—United States Marshal Quinley received this morning pardon papers for the Fenian prisoners Starr, Mannix and Thompson, and has forwarded them to the agent at the prison at Auburn The prisoners will be set at liberty this evening.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—By a balloon that left Paris on the 10th inst, advices have been received that the city is amply supplied with provisions. There are enough in the city for three months.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 15th.—The steamship *India*, of the Anchor line, landed 290 Papal Zouaves at this port yesterday. They were taken on board at Genoa. Most of them are Canadians, and will be cared for by local committee till Wednesday next, when they will be sent to their homes.

An official decree has been published, postponing the payment of rent for three months. The Odeon has been converted into a powder magazine.

The Grand Opera House is full of arms.

The fire from the Fort Mount Valerian makes dreadful havoc among the Prussians, continually breaking their circle.

A special despatch from the Hague says great excitement prevails upon the discovering that the King was about to declare war with Prussia. There was a row in the King's Cabinet. The King was told that he must not take the initiative.

The Crown Prince warned the ministers if they did not take sides now, Holland would regret her inactivity.

The Cabinet appealed to the people.

Petitions from all parts in favor of giving the State General, not the King, the right to declare war, calmed down the ballicos feeling of King William. The majority of the population side with the Crown Prince.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—The race between the yachts "Dauntless" and "Cambria," twenty miles to windward and return, to-day, was won by the "Dauntless" by 14 minutes, although the "Cambria," at one time, had a lead of three miles. The wind was light.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—The *Tribune's* Washington despatch says: So far as the Government, Morton, and the English mission are concerned, his friends here assert that if there shall be a Democratic majority in the Indiana Legislature, there will be another vacancy in the English mission, as Morton would in no event consent to resign his seat in the Senate, if a Democrat could be elected to fill it. As this appears to be probable, the Cabinet makers are looking about for another successor to Motley. The last one hit upon is Mr. Cox, Secretary of the Interior, who will, it is said, soon retire from the latter office.

The Pardon of the Fenians.

It appears that all the imprisoned Fenians have been pardoned, there being but nine instead of twelve, as first reported. The President issued the following proclamation warning members of that organization to behave themselves in future:

By the President of the United States:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas divers evil disposed persons have at sundry times within the territory or jurisdiction of the United States begun or set on foot, or provided or prepared, the means for military expeditions or enterprises to be carried on thence against the territories or dominions of powers with whom the United States are at peace, by organizing bodies pretending to have powers of government over portions of the territories or dominions of powers with whom the United States are at peace; or by being, or assuming to be, members of such bodies by levying or collecting money for the purpose, or for the alleged purpose of using the same in carrying on military enterprises against such territories or dominions; by enlisting and organizing armed forces to be used against such powers; and by fitting out and equipping and arming vessels to transport such organized armed forces, to be employed in hostilities against such powers; and

Whereas it is alleged, and there is reason to apprehend that such evil-disposed persons have, at sundry times, within the territory and jurisdiction of the United States, violated the laws thereof by accepting and exercising commissions to serve by land or by sea against powers with whom the United States are at peace; by enlisting themselves or other persons to carry on war against such powers; by fitting out and arming vessels, with intent that the same shall be employed to cruise or commit hostilities against such powers; or by delivering commissions within the territory or jurisdiction of the United States for such vessels, with the intent that they might be employed as aforesaid; and

Whereas such acts are in violation of the laws of the United States in such cases made and provided, and are done in disregard of the duties and obligations which all persons residing or being within the territory or jurisdiction of the United States owe thereto, and are condemned by all right-minded and law-abiding citizens;

Now, therefore, I, Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and proclaim that all persons hereafter found within the territory or jurisdiction of the United States committing any of the afore-cited violations of law, or any similar violation of the sovereignty of the United States, for which punishment is provided by law, will be rigorously prosecuted therefor, and upon conviction and sentence to punishment will not be entitled to expect or receive the clemency of the Executive to save them from the consequences of their guilt; and I enjoin upon every officer of this government, civil and military or naval, to use all efforts in his power to arrest for trial and punishment every such offender against the laws providing for the performance of our sacred obligations to friendly powers.

In testimony whereof I hereupon set my hand, and cause the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this twelfth day of October and year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and of the independence of the United States of America the ninety-fifth.

(Signed) U. S. GRANT.

By the President:
HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

Address to Sir Francis Hincks.

The following address was presented to Sir Francis Hincks on Wednesday evening at the Daly House, Ingersoll, Ont. The reply of the hon. gentleman will also be found below, and we beg to commend it for not only showing what has been done, but also what it promises on the important question of the currency:

To the Honourable Sir Francis Hincks, Knight Commander of the most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Companion of the most Honourable Order of the Bath, Minister of Finance for the Dominion of Canada, &c., &c.

SIR,—On the behalf of the business community of the town of Ingersoll, we beg to approach you on the occasion of this, another visit to our town, with the warmest expression of welcome.

Your arrival in our midst affords an opportunity to offer you, on our own part, and we feel warranted in saying on the part of the community at large, our most hearty thanks for the very complete and successful manner in which you have settled the Currency of the country. The loss resulting from American silver, for years, has been entirely removed by one determined and brilliant effort at your hands; and the country breathes now more freely, and the business of the country is on a more secure basis, since it has got rid of that depreciated circulating medium, that was gnawing it to the very core.

Before your return to Canada, and before your acceptance of the office of Finance Minister, strenuous efforts had been made in Parliament and out of Parliament, to remove the "silver nuisance," as it was called, and to establish a sound and National currency of our own, but these all failed, and it seemed as if there was no one in the whole Dominion either willing or competent to grapple with the subject. But you, sir, in spite of the failure of others, in spite of discouragment from many quarters, at your very first attempt, succeeded in solving the difficulty, and to you to day the country is indebted for the security with which it feels in all its monetary institutions are surrounded.

Accept, Sir Francis, our best wishes for Lady Hincks and yourself, that you may be long spared in the enjoyment of health, happiness and prosperity.

[Signed.]

David White, A. R. Kerr, Hope Macniven, J. O'Neill R. Y. Ellis & Bro., E. E. Robinson, Chas. Cragg, Wm. Watson, Wm. Dundas, C. P. Hall, Jas. McDonald, M. E. Tripp, Robt. Kneeshaw, Holmes & Gillespie, T. H. Baraclaugh, J. G. Chown & Co., Alex. Reid, J. H. Elliott, John Boles, Adair & Carns, H. Vogt, Wm. Berry, G. E. Perkins, Benjamin Marr, J. Browett, H. O'Connor, A. O'Connor, A. Gordon, M. Miller, Peter Brown, Edward Barker, James Kydd, Wm. Murray, Byrne & McGolrick, Chas. Anderson, M. B. Holcroft, John Buchanan, Warren Harris, Thomas Harrison, M. Walsh, Chas. E. Chadwick, J. Gordon, P. S. McDonald, E. Caswell, J. McCaughey, R. A. Woodcock, W Norris, S. Noxon, James McIntyre, Wm. McLeod, Geo. Foster, H. Campbell, John Galliford, Robert Stuart, Tohn Calaghan, Joseph Barker, E. Doty, T. F. Fawkes, G. J. Shrapnell, Thos. Brown and others.

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN,—Accept my warmest acknowledgments for your hearty welcome to Ingersoll. It has been most gratifying to me to have had an opportunity which I have long desired, of meeting many old friends, and of witnessing the great improvements which have taken place during the period which has elapsed since I have been able to visit the rural districts of the South Riding. It is very satisfactory to me to find that the commercial classes of this rising town so fully appreciate the importance of the community at large, of having a sound currency at all times convertible in gold. Owing to the suspension of specie payments in the neighboring republic, its fractional silver tokens were forced into circulation in Canada at a serious loss to the public. Many were interested in maintaining a system, which enable the few to realize large profits at the expense of the masses of the people. I was prepared to encounter much opposition, when I determined to use my utmost endeavours to restore a sound fractional currency, but I was encouraged by the cordial support of the head of the government, and my other colleagues of the chartered banks without exception, and of the people generally. Sometime will yet elapse before the fractional currency can be adapted to the actual wants of the community, but you may be assured that it is on the whole better, that the supply should be too limited than that such a currency should be permitted to become redundant. I need only assure you in conclusion that this important subject will continue to engage my anxious attention.

F. HINCKS.

St. Louis exceeds Chicago in population numerically speaking: but the latter city consoles itself with the proud reflection that its residents are wicked enough for three times their number.

A colored Bluebeard in Mobile, at the age of 87, is husband to a seventh wife and father of forty-one children, the youngest of whom is only five months old.

Hamilton has a curiosity in the shape of a branch of an apple tree on which are two kinds of apples.

GOSSIP FOR THE BREAKFAST TABLE.

Mr. A. O. Petrie, an old and much respected inhabitant of Kingston, is dead.

The Shah of Persia has a staff of six thousand persons.

Australia has an import and export trade of $375,000,000 annually.

Certain Newark manufacturers are about to manufacture a substitute for woollen cloth from bamboo cane.

Major Mackay, Town Major of Kingston, and the last of the officers of the Imperial Government, leaves Kingston for England.

The Japanese parasols, of painted silk and paper, are very fashionable this season for carriage use.

Seven tons of silver, and one ton of gold passed through Omaha last week en route to New York.

The herring on the Scotch coast are so plentiful this year that the salt and barrels for curing them are exhausted.

The feathers on bonnets this season are placed on the side instead of on the top, as formerly.

The handsomest opera cloaks are of white plush, made in sack shape, with loose sleeves, and trimmed with white feather trimming.

The Liverpool vestry has refused the application of the Catholic Bishop that a priest be attached to the workhouse.

At a recent Wisconsin fair, a young woman with white hair and pink eyes, and able to see in the night as well as in the day, was the great attraction.

Australia has an import and an export trade of $375,600,000 annually, and last year there were 60,000 first class passengers between England and Australia.

Forty-six head of young cattle, of an average live weight of 927 lbs. passed through Goderich on Monday, on the way to southern markets.

Steel needles first came into England from Spain and Germany. They were first manufactured in London by a German in 1565.

Mr. Platt, of Goderich, is receiving numerous applications from parties desirous of purchasing the right to manufacture salt by his patent process.

Twenty cargoes of wheat were shipped from San Francisco to Great Britain in September, aggregating 518,000 sacks, valued at $813,000.

Ex-Queen Isabella of Spain has settled near Geneva, where she has a fine residence near the lake. Prince de Joinville is in Geneva.

The revolution in Algeris is unchecked. In the Province of Constantine the insurgents have gained some advantages, and bid the authorities defiance.

Russian journals exhibit great hostility to Prussia, and the fact is significant.

Communication is again established between Europe and India by the Red Sea Cables and via Aden.

The roar of artillery, during the bombardment of Strasbourg, was heard distinctly at Stuttgart and Cannstadt, more than eighty miles from the place of action.

There are nearly nine thousand Quakers in Iowa, and only two of them swore during the past year, according to the church report. The rest probably affirmed.

A chemist analyzed a specimen of liquors sold in a town near his residence, and found that it was a mixed decoction sixteen degrees below proof, made of alcohol and water, doctored with calomel, acid, wood naptha, and a trace of fusil oil.

An Iowa husband a few months ago agreed to give his wife three dollars a week to maintain comparative silence, deducting one cent for each superfluous word she uttered. She now owes him nearly enough to pay the national debt.

The Great Western Railway shareholders at their half yearly meeting at the London Tavern, London, England, on Wednesday, re-elected the old Board of Directors, and completed the agreement for the amalgamation with the Canada Air Line from Glencoe to Buffalo.

The San Francisco *Bulletin* is afraid that California will lose its prominence as a wheat-producing State as soon as the new Northwest has been opened by railroads. The districts of California now in cultivation are able to produce 40,000,000 bushels of wheat over and above what is needed for home consumption.

The Providence *Press* says that one of the census enumerators in that city put down in his list, twins, opposite the names of two children, and against the first he designated Providence as the birthplace. The thick-headed man in Washington sent the list back to have the deficiency accounted for. What they wanted to know was—where that other twin was born.

The steamship *Nebraska*, which arrived at London from New York a few days ago, had a narrow escape from destruction. On the 19th of September she sprung a leak, and the water rose so high as to fill the stoke hole. It was thought by all on board that the steamer would go down. To make matters worse, the woodwork around the boiler took fire, and was only put out by the greatest exertions. The vessel made port at last barely floating.

The Late Archbishop of Quebec.

The Most Rev. Charles Francois Baillargeon, fifteenth Bishop and third Archbishop of Quebec, was born at Isle aux Grues, on the 25th April, 1798, and ordained Priest on the 1st June, 1822, by Bishop Plessis. He was first appointed Chaplain to the Church of St. Roch, and subsequently in 1826 *Cure* of the parish of St. Francois, Island of Orleans, and in 1827 to the charge of the parishes of l'Ange Gardien and Chateau Richer. In 1831 he was appointed *Cure* of Quebec, and during his incumbency was sent to Rome as the agent of the Archbishop and Bishops of the Province. Elected in 1850, during his sojourn there, Coadjutor to the Archbishop of Quebec, he received the Bulls confirming his appointment on the 14th January, 1851, and was consecrated on the 23rd February following, under the title of Bishop of Tloa, *in partibus infidelium* by Cardinal Franconi, Prefect of the Propaganda, assisted by the late distinguished Archbishop of New York, Dr. Hughes, and Doctor de Mazenod, Bishop of Marseilles. Returning to Quebec on the 1st June, 1851, he was appointed Administrator of the Arcadiocese on the 11th April, 1855, and the late Archbishop Turgeon, having departed this life on the 25th Aug., 1867, Bailliargeon took possession of the Archiepiscopal See of Quebec on the 28th of the same month, and on the 2nd February, 1868, received the *Pallium*, the insignia of Archiepiscopal authority, which was forwarded from Rome by the hands of Doctor Rarooque, Bishop of St. Hyacinthe. In 1862, he made a second visit to Rome for the purpose of assisting at the canonization of the Japanese Martyrs, and was on this occasion named Assistant at the Pontifical Throne, and received the title of Roman Count from Pope Pius IX. His last visit to the Eternal City was undertaken about this time twelve months, to attend the Œcumenical Council, whence he returned in the month of May last.

DIED,

On the 15th ist., the Rev. Charles Codd, B. A., aged 74. The funeral will take place on Wednesday afternoon, the 19th, at three o'clock.

At her residence, in the Township of Gloucester, on the 15th inst., after a lingering illness, borne with Christian fortitude, Sarah Tabor Bradley, wife of Clements Bradley, Esq., aged 61 years.

The funeral will leave her husband's residence, Township of Gloucester, on Monday afternoon, the 17th inst., at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

GOVERNMENT SALE
—BY—
AUCTION.

IMPORTANT TO LUMBERERS, HOUSEKEEPERS AND OTHERS.

To be sold by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY the 19th inst., at 10 o'clock, a.m., at the City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market, an Ingersoll improved Horse-power HAY PRESS, in excellent working order, capacity [illegible] per day, weight of bale 250 to 300 lbs., worked by two men. 900 White Blankets, [illegible] Grey do, 1,000 Linen Sheets, 300 Linen Bed-ticks, 500 Scotch Rugs, 6 pairs Matrasses, [illegible] Parlour, Shop, Hall and other Stoves, Cord Wood, quantity of Stove Piping, and [illegible] splendid Fishing Nets, varying from [illegible] fathoms.

All to be sold without Reserve

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Oct 17, 1870

GREAT BOOK SALE.

Catalogues are now issued for the great Sale at Montreal, of the Estate of Richard Worthington, by order of T. S. Brown, Official Assignee. There are over six thousand lots, [illegible] Books in every Department of Literature, Juveniles up to Standard Works and [illegible] branches of Science, in quantities [illegible] command the particular attention of all Booksellers, Schools, and Public Institutions.

Sale to commence on Tuesday, 18th October, and will be continued till all are sold.

Montreal, Oct 17, 1870

BY H. McLEAN.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The subscriber has been favoured with instructions from THOMAS MUNRO, Esq., to sell by auction at his residence, [illegible] street, on MONDAY, [illegible] OCTOBER instant, at [illegible] o'clock a.m., all his Household Furniture comprising Drawing-room, Parlor, Dining-room, Bedroom and Kitchen furniture of every description and variety, usually found in a complete and elegantly furnished house, and all of which is of the best and most modern quality and style, and in the best order and condition.

—ALSO—

A Piano, nearly new, which cost $[illegible], make, made for Nordheimer of Toronto, [illegible] improvement in construction.

TERMS Cash.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, Oct 13, 1870

LOST.

Lost by one of the Carriers of the Daily TIMES, on SATURDAY, 15th inst., near the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway Station, a [illegible] BOOK, with the names of the subscribers, of no use to any person but the owner. The finder will be kind enough to return it to the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, October 15.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits; but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, [illegible]. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies [illegible] richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality [illegible] both in gold and silver, are the CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD.

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada.
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

1397-3md

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY
Will apply to the
PARLIAMENT
—OF THE—
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO
At its next Session, for
CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION
FOR FOUR YEARS
Of the Provisions of the Act
INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,
And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of this Company.

W R WORSLEY, Sec. C. C. R.

Ottawa, Oct 15, 1870

CANADA CENTRAL
AND
BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September, through trains will be run over the Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS
Will leave Ottawa at 9 a.m. and 3.35 p.m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a.m.
Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS
Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a.m. and 4.40 p.m.

The 4.40 p.m. Train
Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from
TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT, Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12 1870

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart............ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive............ 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

☞Ladies are invited to see Garland, Mutchmor & Co's grand display of Millinery and Mantles.

☞Latest Styles out, in Millinery and Mantles, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's.

ESCAPED.—Isaac Lafavre escaped from the Aylmer gaol a few days ago. He was confined in the gaol for the theft of $150 worth of boots.

☞Garland, Mutchmor & Co's Millinery and Mantle Show Room is now open.

☞Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality by Garland, Mutchmor & Co. A large stock of new and choice goods at moderate prices. 12 pieces of Floor Oil Cloths just to hand.

There has been a copper mine discovered in the west end of the city. It is reported to be about two feet from the surface of the ground, and was discovered by an old Englishman.

The roof of the Skating Rink Music Hal is being renewed and shingled. These repairs were much required, as the old roof in many places was defective, so much so that in wet weather the rain found easy access to the interior.

BREAKDOWN.—A buggy with a couple of men in it broke down on the street railway track on Saturday afternoon. For a time it caused a pretty extensive jam of vehicles, among which was a street car. With deep mire on the road it was a very unpleasant occurrence.

☞Effects of the war! Great sacrifice in Silks! Garland, Mutchmor & Co. secured a parcel at the low prices. Good ordinary Black Silk at 3s. 6d, 3s. 9d., 4s. and 5s per yard. Beautiful Lyons gros grains at 5s 3d, 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 9d., and 10s.

LATE ARRIVALS.—Just opened one case rich Lace Goods, Collars, and Cuffs, &c., &c. Also, one case Gipsy Bonnets and Hats, Evening Flowers, Feathers and many other novelties.

1488 1w MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Wm. H. Lambert, who was committed to stand his trial at the Quarter Sessions for stealing a lot of books from Mr. Patterson, the school master at Nepean, No. 1 Section, and also a cart wheel from a man named Smith, at Billings' Bridge, will be summarily tried by Judge Armstrong on Monday next.

CATTLE.—On Saturday there were two or three droves of beef cows brought on to the market square for sale. There were some pretty good-looking animals among them, and they were all bought up pretty quick. They sold for from $20 to $30 each.

THE MARKET—SATURDAY.—There was a fair attendance on the market this morning.

[illegible], $19 to 21 per ton.
[illegible], $9 to $11 " "
[illegible], $7.50 to 9, per 100 pounds.
[illegible], $5 to 6 " "
Mutton, 7 to 9 cts. per pound.
Turkeys, 80 cts to $1.20 each.
Fowl, 40 to 50 cts per couple.
Butter, 20 to 25 cts per pound.
Potatoes, 40 to 45 cts per bushel.
Turnips, 30 cts per bushel.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

AN UGLY FALL.—We saw a farmer receive a rather unpleasant fall on Saturday. He drove his horses and waggon within a couple of feet of a certain portion of the sidewalk, on Rideau street, and halting his steeds made a jump out. In making the jump his feet slipped back, and he fell head foremost into the deep [illegible] beside the sidewalk. After as short a delay as possible he got up, and having [illegible] and scraped himself he got in his waggon and went off in a sorry plight.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.—New patterns. Artistic designs. Superior quality. Reduced prices. House furnishers are particularly requested to view them.

1488 1w MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The wells throughout the country are all dried up, and farmers are suffering great inconveniences from the consequent want of water. The dry state of the wells is the result of the protracted drought we have experienced all summer; the present rain is much needed, and will be hailed by farmers and lumbermen with delight. What are known as the "swamps" have to be filled, and no one is more benefitted when this takes place, than the lumbermen, who have to depend upon the filling of these swamps for the economical driving of their lumber.

[illegible] SESSIONS.—The girl Laura Sherwood who was committed by Mr. O'Gara to stand her trial at the Quarter Sessions, for obtaining money under false pretences, was tried on Saturday by Judge Armstrong. At the suggestion of her counsel, Mr. Nicholas Sparks, she withdrew her plea of "not guilty," and put in a plea of "Guilty" to the several charges, throwing herself on the clemency of the court. The court before passing sentence enquired of the prisoner her previous history and the circumstance which led her to the commission of such crimes. She, very penitently gave an account of her conduct for the past four years, when the judge cautioned her not to appear before him for the future. A sentence of one month's imprisonment in the common jail was passed.

POLICE COURT.—Saturday.—W. Kilby was charged with using insulting language to Mrs. Conroy. Fined $2 and costs.

A woman who seized a little boy for breaking a pane of glass and inflicting a bodily punishment upon him was fined one dollar, and one dollar costs.

Three French Canadian boys were brought up charged with leaving the employment of Mr. Easton, who owns a barge now discharging her cargo on the canal. It appeared a comrade of these lads had entered into a compact with some Irish boys, who were also employed on the same barge, to give them a beating. The French boys left the boat and their master finding they had left their employment had them arrested, but not appearing against them this morning they were dismissed.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM FIRE.—At about 2 o'clock on Saturday a fire was discovered by Sergeant Brown and constable Switzer in the building lately occupied by Mr. Thos. Story, as a tailor shop. The fire was among a lot of old rags, and had it not been so timely discovered it is difficult to say what amount of property might have been destroyed. Before discovering the fire they found a drunken man in the building; there is not the least doubt but it was he who put the fire among the rags, as he had a very brisk fire in the stove belonging to the building. Sergeant Brown and constable Switzer lost no time in putting out the fire and then took the drunken man to the Police Station. There is so large a quantity of dry material on those premises and the sheds &c., adjoining them on Clarence street being principally wooden, we could expect nothing less than an extensive conflagration had the fire not been so timely discovered, and no one will doubt that much praise is due to those who saw and extinguished it.

TO OTTAWA CLERKS.—The retail clerks of the dry goods trade of Montreal have issued a circular addressed to the ladies of Montreal, requesting them to make all purchases before 1 o'clock on Saturday. Their object is to obtain for themselves the Saturday afternoon, to be spent in recreation and improvement. They have formed themselves into a society for the purpose of carrying out this object, and they say they will have obstacles to contend with, but with your assistance (of the ladies) they have no doubt they shall attain their end. We consider this a very good move, and we think it should be imitated by our retail clerks of Ottawa. We simply throw out this hint leaving the rest to be done by those to whom it refers. We have no doubt that if they form themselves into a society their united energy will carry out any such scheme as that agitated for by the young gentlemen of Montreal, and if it should be necessary they would certainly have the assistance of the young ladies of Ottawa.

COONS UP AMONG THE APPLES.—About a week ago an old bachelor living a distance out in the country and being the owner of a very fine farm, farm house, and a splendid orchard was awakened from his slumbers at an early hour of the night by hearing apples fall upon the ground outside in the orchard. The old fellow imagining that some thieves were robbing his orchard went out to drive them away. The apples ceased to fall, but no person could be heard retreating, and it was too dark to see anything. Having satisfied himself as well as he could under the circumstances he went into the house but had not got well into bed when the apples began to fall in torrents. The bachelor dressed and went out again this time taking with him a loaded gun. He went about the orchard from apple tree to apple tree looking closely among the branches of each. But he could find no trace of any person or animal, and was about returning to the house when a half dozen apples fell from a tree hard by him. This opened his eyes a little. He immediately procured a lantern, and taking some powder and shot with him went out to the tree in question. With the aid of the light he saw the lads that knocked down all the apples. They were three racoons, and were perched on the highest branch of the tree. It is useless to add that the old fellow felt much pleasure in shooting them.

Civil Service Rifle Company.

This company held its annual prize meeting on Saturday afternoon, nothing daunted by the unfavourable state of the weather in the early part of the day.

Private de Boucherville, whose name has appeared in several prize lists this year, made the highest score, 49, closely followed by Corporal Yeoman with 48, and Color-Sergeant Walsh 45, the remaining prize winners were private Langton, 42; private Patrick, 41; corporal Waters, 40.

A number of spectators watched the progress of the match with varying interest as the fortune of their respective favorites rose or fell with each round fired.

We append the scores of those who made 30 points and upwards for the benefit of those who are interested in such matters:

	Yds. 200.	Yds. 400	Yds. 500	Total
First Prize:				
Pt. De Boucherville,	33344	34224	44333	49
Second Prize:				
Corporal Yeoman,	23323	43444	23443	48
Third Prize:				
Color Sergt Walsh,	33232	43434	23243	45
Fourth Prize:				
Pt. Langton,	04332	44340	24342	42
Fifth Prize:				
Pt. G. M. Patrick,	20223	23323	44434	41
Sixth Prize:				
Corporal Watters,	22323	34344	02423	40
Pt. Armstrong,	22223	24444	33220	39
Pt. Geo. R. White,	23232	33032	23232	35
Capt. LaRose,	22222	23303	04233	33
Pt. P. Pender,	23222	42232	30222	33
Pt. P. E. Bucke,	22222	03003	24343	32
Pt. Baxter,	22322	23223	40202	31
Pt. Sinclair,	02222	03423	40240	30
Benjamin,	33222	33242	20200	30

Ottawa Garrison Artillery.

To be Lieutenant:

John Alexander Gemmill, Gentleman, M. S., vice G. Malloch, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

This is what American society is coming to unless *Old and New* is mistaken:

In France the flirting is all done after marriage, and the young girl looks forward to it as her introduction to a career of conquest. In America so great is our democratic liberality that we think of uniting the two systems. We are getting on in that way fast. A knowledge of French is beginning to be considered as the pearl of great price, to gain which all else must be sold. The girls must go to the French theatre and be stared at by the French debauchees, who laugh at them while they pretend to understand what, thank Heaven, they cannot. Then we are to have a series of French novels, carefully translated, and puffed and praised even by the religious press, written by the corps of French female reformers, which will show them exactly how the naughty French women manage their cards; so that, by-and-by, we shall have the latest phase of electicism—the union of American and French manners. The girl will flirt till twenty *a l' Americaaine*, and then marry and flirt till forty *a la Francaise*.

AUTUMN. 1870.

"THE GOLDEN LION,"

SPARKS STREET,

Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE.

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in

HATS,
BONNETS,
FEATHERS,
Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c.

Fashionable Velveteen Hats.
From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets,
$1.50 upwards.

New Paris Jackets,
In Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Underclothing,
A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods,
A complete Stock.

☞R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co
47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in
Bonnets, Hats,
and some very Choice things in
Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new
Satin Cloths,
Trimming to match all our Fashionable
Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest
Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins to hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties, &c.,
in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILO[RS]

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS,

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

PRESTON & ROWSELL

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

WILL OPEN THEIR
MILLINERY AND MANTLE
SHOW ROOM
—ON—
FRIDAY, 7TH OCTOBER,

With a Grand Display of latest LONDON Styles in MILLINERY and MANTLES, Ex S S "PERUVIAN."

—COMPRISING THE LATEST STYLES IN—

STRAW VELVET and TERRY BONNETS
STRAW, FELT and VELVET HATS.
DRESS CAPS, HEAD DRESSES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c.

MANTLES.

They invite special attention to their stock of French and German JACKETS, made by French and German Tailors out of beautiful materials, cut and made in a superior manner.

All purchased during the great Wa[r] Panic, at a little more than half usua[l] prices.

MANTLE CLOTHS,

In all the leading Cloths and Colors,

WATERPROOF CLOAKS, in new styles, ready-made, and made to Order.

SHAWLS.

CLAN TARTAN WOOL and PAISLEY SHAWLS, in variety.

Orders for Millinery and Mantles executed by good experienced hands, with promptness and despatch.

Ladies are invited to call and see the new styles, whether wishing to purchase or not.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

☞FALL AMD WINTER STOCK,☜

And are showing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES
HOUSE FURNISHING
Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

☞OUR STOCK☜
—OF—
BLANKETS
SHEETINGS,
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Box and Parlor Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen s Supplies, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

Dry Goods.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY,

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

WINCIES,
COBOURGS,
PLAIN LUSTRES,
FIGURED DO.
PLAIN REPPS,
FIGURED DO.
SERGES
ALPACA CORDS,
FRENCH MERINOES,
PLAIN SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS,
FIGURED SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS
BRIGHTON DIAGNAL COSTUME CLOTHS
BLACK REVERSIBLE LUSTRES,
TARTAN WINCIES,
DO. CAMLETS,
DO. POPLINS,
DO. PLAIDS,

☞PURCHASERS are invited to view all the leading NOVELTIES in Dress Materials, this day.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

☞LADIES and others interested in the purchase of DRESSES are respectfully invited to examine our Stock and see for themselves the extraordinary value.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-t1N.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,
MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞NEW FALL GOODS☜

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

BAZAAR.

The Annual Bazaar, in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, will be held on Monday the 24th day of October instant.

Donations in aid of the fancy and refreshment tables, will be thankfully received by the following Ladies:—

Fancy Table, Cathedral Parish, Mrs Higgins Mrs Goodwin and Mrs Bermingham.

Do do St. Joseph's Parish, Mrs Brophy, Mrs. Kehoe Mrs Plunket, Mrs Whelan, Miss McDonell, Miss O'Connor, Miss McCarthy.

Do do St. Patrick's Parish, Mrs O'Connor, Mrs A Hearn, Mrs Nagle and Mrs Mullin.

REFRESHMENT TABLE.—Mrs George Murphy, Mrs Rhodes and Mrs Enright.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870. 1481-240

THE MERCHANT'S BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.

THOMAS KIRBY.
Manager.

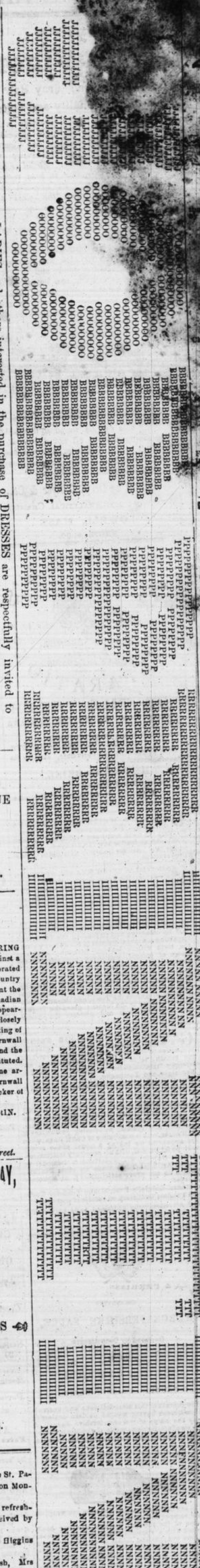
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1488 1m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,
ALSO
TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to MAGEE & RUSSELL, Ottawa,

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

FOR



CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE,
[3]3 Sparks Street,
Ottawa

CHEAP "THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity [illegible] thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years [illegible] of attention and [illegible] to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT" Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN [illegible] can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And [illegible] you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may equire,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor;
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot),
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

[illegible] desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, [illegible] acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great [illegible] to be found at

THE TEA POT, RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy.)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine [illegible]

16 HHDS PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851;
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity, ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dubli[n] Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all [k]inds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general
Groceries,
Wines,
and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for common goods. A few trials will prove their superiority.

A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.

[4]th June, 1870.

EAU DE VIE BLANC,
A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavorring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.
A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.
A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

MONEY TO LEND
ON REAL ESTATE,
From $100 to any amount, on approved security
TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF
UPPER CANADA.
James Balliff,
Agent,
TIMES Office, Ottawa.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
OTTAWA, [illegible], 1870

The Commissioners for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, hereby give public notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the construction of an Engine House, Locomotive Repair Shop, and other buildings at [illegible], New Brunswick.

Plans and Specifications may be seen on and after 1st NOVEMBER next, at the Railway Office, St. John, and at the office of the Chief Engineer, at Ottawa; and Tenders on a printed form; which will be supplied, marked on envelope "Tender for Buildings," and addressed to the Commissioners, will be received at their Office in Ottawa, up to six o'clock, p.m., on 21st November, 1870.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

1487 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Lake Harbor work," and will be received at this Office until Thursday, the 23th day of November next, for improvements to the following mentioned places:

At CHANTRY ISLAND, Lake Huron, the construction of a Breakwater and Beacon of Crib Work.

At GODERICH, Lake Huron, the Dredging and Pier-work necessary to form a new entrance channel to the Harbor, and the enlargement of the Inner Basin.

At RONDEAU, Lake Erie, the enlargement of the channel, deepening a portion of the Basin, and the construction of Entrance Pier, &c.

Plans and specifications of the respective works can be seen at this Office, or at the Custom House, Goderich on and after Monday, the 7th day of November next, where printed forms of Tender can also be obtained.

Tenders may be sent in for the work at one, or all of the places; but they must in all cases be made out in strict accordance with the printed forms.

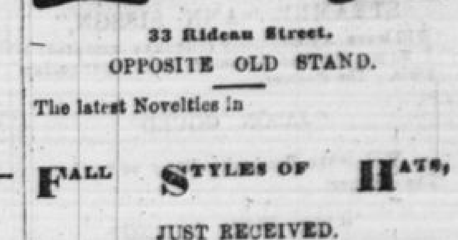
The signatures of two solvent reliable persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order
F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 5, 1870 1484

JAMES PEACOCK,



HATS! *HATS*

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

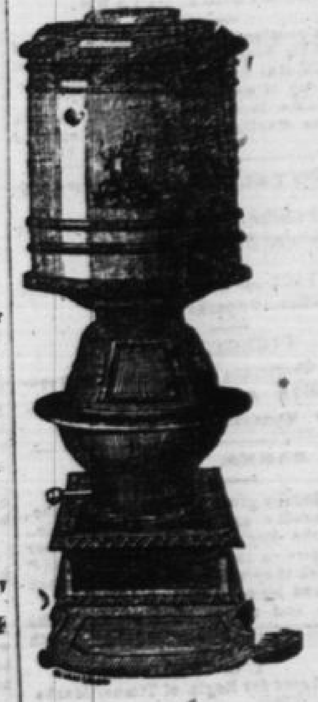
The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS,

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

STOVES.



Buy Them and Save 20 Per Cent,

AT ESMONDE BROS.

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL
ASSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.
INVESTED IN CANADA.....$300,000.
Canada Head Office:—Montreal.
A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

By illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £32 10s. Total outlay by assured, £14 2s; the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £113 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4336. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 8d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, is that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, in the ordinary policy mentioned.

Thus: should Policy above referred to (No 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $60 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HANNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,
1497 3m Agent.

DOMINION
TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,
34 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO, ONT.
ESTABLISHED, IN 1863,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out
OVER 100 OPERATORS,
Who now fill important positions with
GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address
T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.
Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1 1468

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa,
292tf P. O'MARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the
FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,
THE
STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"
Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) a 7 a. m. for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer
"JASON GOULD"
Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.
The steamer
"SIR JOHN YOUNG"
Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.
R D CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, August 23, 1870 144 tf

MR. DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. MRS DUIGNAN'S house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several departments. 1191tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:
A JOSEPH, Chairman; D G THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN.
DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap. 36,) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 15th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY OF FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES,
Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks
Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

TO LET.

From the 15th November to the 1st May next, the house at present occupied by Dr Henry, corner of Kent and Wellington streets Apply after p.m. 1468 6

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals,
European and American Patent Med
The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles.
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 3 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS throughout Canada

TRADE MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S
QUININE
WINE BITTERS,
Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from Illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best task for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDNER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.
J GARDNER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame Street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER
Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues as a magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended, may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a higher rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it, and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skuster, and J Brown, Ottawa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great aboriginal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Sterns, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consumption, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hewey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Frontenac, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1868 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while till her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P,
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,
For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS
TRADE MARK
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
MESSRS GABRIEL,
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London.
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S ONYX ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 2s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 2s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm 1awfm

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
Declared by Connoisseurs
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.
CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and venders of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING
OF THE
SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,
Will be held at the
ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL
ON
Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next,
AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.
W R WORSLE
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1462td

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every efficacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

Tenders must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order
H BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works
Ottawa, October 1, 1870. 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into a Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool)

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

GREAT
CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee,
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparative distance of the Several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott..... to Chicago.....	850	miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit.....	736	do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.....	736	do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route.....	120	do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T DONOGHAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER
—IN—
TEAS AND WINES,
6 HOSPITAL STREET,
MONTREAL.
Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of
F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,
PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.
A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.
1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES,

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods rent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases
W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached, the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser. Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.
THE
Canadian Parliamentary Calendar
AND
Director for 1870.
To booksellers
OPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND
1366tf

H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.
Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.
Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Port and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1425-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist to the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano or Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.
HELLMUTH COLLEGE.
Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE
Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.
PRESIDENT—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron
For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 8, 1870. 1 y1

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.
Augus 01 1446

D. Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the
ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles
HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importer, Manufacturer and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street.
Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven	Cook Stoves.
Low Oven	Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.	Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.	Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.	Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.	Elbows.
Zinc.	

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the
"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
35 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Bankstreet, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. S. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell house, Ottawa city, C. W.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.
CHAS. GOULDEN.
Ottawa, August 6 3m

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 0 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, Kort and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the J. T Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal a. 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director
Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.05 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.45 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 8.15 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN
INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....	$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER TO HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....	$100 00
Halifax.....	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.....	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....	30 00
Halifax.....	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.....	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or HENRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE:
MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA
WHITE BEANS,
At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa Mar 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK
—OF—
FEET WARE
AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE
YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE M

The Times

OATTWA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1870.

VOL. V. NO. 1490. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
McKay Wright. 14w F G Clemow.

W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ... streets, Ottawa. 368y

O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

... HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

... & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa. 45utf John J. Gemmill.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister and Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

... KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street. ... Keefer. Rene Edward Kimber.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

... A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Elgin-street, Ottawa. 366tf George Taillon. ... Mosgrove.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 890tf

Medical.

JOHN HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, ... That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, ... Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
909y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, Sparks Street. OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

MR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite ... plates, fitting so closely and easily to ... mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after ... for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance foreign to the mouth.
M. H. with a view to the removal of painful ... during the operation of extracting ... or diseased teeth, has introduced into ... practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without ... or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if in a pleasant dream.
... be consulted any day, except Sunday, ... office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

DOMINICK FOX, GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging ... attending to their rafts while passing ... the best of his ability.
REFERENCES. ... Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq. ... Esq. R W Cruise, Esq. 1324t.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing ... O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was ... Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr ... Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

Groceries.

DENNIS WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.
WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time or never. 1105

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

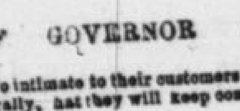
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles
Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR, Wellington street,
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render the Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.
MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.
He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS,



BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES
To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES.

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.
"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F R C P
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S"

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c. &c.
No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.
A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS, of the Village of Kenmore, AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.
Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to
CHAS BAILLIE, Assignee, 401 Notre Dame St.
Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw27t

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 110 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to
CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa.
Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w37tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa, MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.
Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.
For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR.
Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.
Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

BOARD.

A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.
Ottawa, September 19 1870 66tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA," CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER FAIRY, CAPT. NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD. 1341tf
Ottawa, April 25, 1870

Hardware.

SCYTHES! SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24, Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street,
Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and Sitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Ocoola" a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deaf Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

PRESCOTT STOVES ON HAND.

COAL OIL OF THE BEST QUALITIES SENT HOME FREE OF CHARGE.
50cts. to 60cts. PER GALL.
TRY IT.

Have your STOVE PIPES Put up at once and avoid the rush.

We have now the MOST COMPLETE AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK IN THE CITY.
Any thing you want ask for it.
ESMONDE BROS.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware
HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c., Always on Hand.
Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.t

THE REV. J. MAY'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS, QUEEN STREET,
Will open on the FIRST SEPTEMBER PROX.
Room for one or two Boarders.
Ottawa, August 9, 1870 1431tf

TO RENT,

From 1st November next, a DWELLING HOUSE, 10 rooms, Corner Sussex and Patrick Streets, at present occupied by W. B. Lindsay, Esq.
THOMAS McKAY, Ottawa Mills, Chaudiere, or from Store Sussex Street.
Ottawa, September 23, 1870 1470

NOTICE.

For sale a SECOND HAND WAGGON. Enquire of
JOHN CHAPMAN, Queen's Auctioneer opposite the By Ward Market.
Ottawa, September 29, 1870 1475 td

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.
711tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8:30 a m
Night do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	4.00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 a m
Trains for Lachine at 6.00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p.m.	

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m. They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.
The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

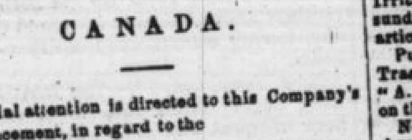
GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.
C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
June 3, 1870 1425tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the EAST AND WEST,
With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome
NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,
Unsurpassed on the continent.
TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.
As fast as completed,
PULMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS
Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.
For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.
C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
June 3, 1870. 1427tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
11.15		9.00	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaste, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		4.00
6.00			Montreal, by Steamer	9.45		4.00
11.15			Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		7.30
7.30		8.00	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.45		4.00
11.15		8.00	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c			6.30
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	8.00		6.30
6.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c			4.00
		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c	8.00	11.00	
5.00	11.00	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c	9.45		4.00
7.30	11.15		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		
11.15			North Gower, Kar, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		
7.30			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.00		1.00
8.00		4.30	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway			1.00
8.00			For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway			5.00
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays		11.30	
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.
The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.
A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa, 12th Oct, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.
DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."
DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Spectal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."
Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.
Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

WISDOM OF AN OLD TRAVELLER.

1. Always check your baggage before starting; but if you lose your checks afterwards, you might as well have saved yourself the trouble of checking it.

2. If you have some solid hand-baggage with you, be careful to place it securely in the rack. A passenger once neglected to do this and it fell with great force on the head of his mother-in-law, with whom he had some trouble.

3. Always buy your ticket from an authorised agent before entering the cars; but if you have to pay the conductor for your passage, do not stop him to tell him all the reasons why you are travelling. He would not care about that although he might be a sympathizing man.

4. To all men I would say: never look out of the window when the car is in motion with your hat on,—it might be blown off; and never look out of the window with your hat not on when it is dark, because your head might run up against the parapet of a bridge, or a water crane, etc.

5. Some people prefer an upper birth in a sleeping car and some a lower; but if there was one between the two, I should say give me that for steady riding.

6. Do not be always wanting the conductor to let you compare the time of your watch with his, and asking him how much you are slow; neither ask him frequently if he is on time; or if he is not, when he expects to be. A conductor is not an angel.

7. Always be considerate to your fellow passengers, and if you are travelling with the tailor whom you owe for your last new suit of clothes, do not let him sit in the draft of the window.

8. Some people say: that in the event of an accident, it is best to sit in the rear car—others would prefer the centre car—and others would like to sit well forward. Such is the difference of opinion. But if you were to ask me which I would choose, I should say, let me sit in my arm-chair at home.

9. Do not go from one car to another when the train is in motion, unless your life is ensured in the Traveller's Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., but even if it is, it, is not right to risk nipping yourself in the bud.

10. The rule of most lines is not to allow passengers to stand on the platform. Some evade it by sitting down; but of the two, as a man and a father, I would rather be inside the car.

11. If you have got the measles do not distribute them among the passengers—there might not be a measle apiece.

12. It costs a Railroad Company as much to sweep out the leavings of some men as they pay for their tickets. If you must eat pea-nuts and apples put the shells and pairings in your hat, or else throw them out the window, but mind you do not hit the station master.

13. Never speak in a loud voice on board a train. It would be very awkward if the train suddenly stopped, for you to be heard saying: "*No Sir: by the Eternal! I'll shoot him first and get a divorce afterwards.*"

14. If you are suffering from an attack of ague, and have the shakes badly, and are very chilly, put as much wood in the stove as you like, and do not bother yourself about the man next to you who has, perhaps, got the typhoid fever.

15. To newly married couples I would say, do not be deterred from the sweet interchange of tender glances and tokens of affections by the offensive notice of other passengers. "Frail and fleeting are the joy's of Love's young dream." Besides you will awaken the agreeable memories of crabby couples who were married some time ago.

16. If you are asked to play at three card monte and you like to try the game, never go higher than five cents a time. If you keep to this humble amount you will always win: but if you venture a V or a X you are sure to lose.

17. If you are a parent, and have your children with you, and one is too old to travel free, you can lay her across your knees and feed her with pap when the Conductor comes along. He will then pass her.

SPORTING.

A Lacrosse match was played on Saturday afternoon between the First Twelve of the Montreal Club and Caughnawaga Indians, commencing at 2:40. An interesting game may be expected.

The Medicals and Art of McGill University, Montreal, played a return match on the University grounds on Saturday afternoon.

The *Daily News* of Montreal says:—The medal won by Robert McLellan at the Caledonian games in August last, and which was to be worth fifty dollars, has just been completed by Mr. David Miller, St. James street. It is oval in shape, richly chased, and in the centre is a raised figure, representing a stalwart Scotchman, with hammer in hand. It was sent to the fortunate winner yesterday.

The Chicago *Evening Post* gets off the following crow anent the result of the late billiard match for the championship of America:—

"Chicago has again borne off whatever honors are connected with the billiard championship of America—Rudolphe, of Chicago, having beaten Dion, of Montreal, on Friday, by 300 points. It is wonderful how naturally the championship of everything involving a contest of skill settles upon Chicago, not excepting the championship of the national game. For months Chicago did her best to locate the championship of base ball all over the country, ignominiously failing at last, and going into winter quarters with the honors stripped from every organization worthy of the name. Great is base ball and billiards, and of necessity great is Chicago."

THE DIAMOND CUE.

In consequence of a general doubt as to the value of the diamond billiard cue, Rudolphe had it examined by an expert, who pronounced it worth $100.

A lazy chap down east has found out that working between meals is unhealthy for him.

A masculine wretch asks why the feminine advocates of Women's *Rights* are generally Men's *Lefts*.

Michael thinks the two hours he spent in watering his garden just before it was soaked by a thunder-shower was a work of super-irrigation.

The inmates of the prison at Cambridge, Mass., have formed an opera troupe and do some pretty good singing. It is not a travelling company, though.

Boarding house chicken soup can be made, it is said, by hanging up a hen in the sun so that her shadow shall fall into a pot of salt and water. The only trouble is that on a cloudy day the soup is liable to be weak.

A negro thief in Mississippi got at a pile of carpet-bags in a depot, and picking out one on account of its weight, he carried it, puffing and sweating, in a scorching sun, eight miles before he discovered that it belonged to a Methodist colporteur, and contained nothing but Bibles.

A swelling captain of a Mississippi boat squared up to a rather noisy passenger, and in the hearing of all exclaimed, "Sir, one of two things you must do; keep still or leave this boat!" The tipsy passenger walked clear around the great captain, eyeing him all over, and then said, "Captain, one of three things you must do; work more, eat less, or bust."

The Black Flag.

A free military organization in Southern France is said to have raised the black flag, declaring that they will neither give nor expect quarter. If they have done this they have done a very foolish thing. Men who talk in that bloodthirsty fashion are usually braggarts, not fighters, and, on the first battle field, we shall not be astonished to hear that the black flag men took to their heels, and were caught on their marrow bones by the pursuing Prussian cavalry, begging for mercy. In our war there were some reported Southern threats of black flags, but the Confederates were too brave and sensible to indulge in such Bobadil exhibitions, and we believe the death-colored standard was never shown in any engagement. Though the black flag will probably not be unfurled in France, there are signs of growing bitterness in the contest. The Prussians, having enough mouths of their own to feed, feel that it would be a poor speculation to bring in prisoners whom they may capture in raids out of the city, and it is reported that orders have been issued to take none. Such an order soldiers might be apt to construe into the permission to kill all Prussians taken by them, and we fear that it will be so regarded in many instances. It would obviously be hard for an excited French soldier to keep himself from slaughtering or disabling a foeman who should fall into his hands, and let him run back unharmed to his own lines. In order to meet this alleged decree of the Paris authorities, the Prussian authorities and Prussian commanders are said to have ordered their forces to take no prisoners either. Such a retaliation could only be expected. If General Trochu has really sanctioned this medieval custom, he has made a great mistake; for upon whoever initiates it will necessarily rest most of the responsibility of its evil effects. It is due to the chivalric reputation of France that the order, if ever issued should be rescinded at once. Hard it may seem for Paris to feed German prisoners; but it would be something of an advantage to take them and parade them through the streets as evidence of French prowess. In Berlin and other parts of Germany the happiest effects were produced by long processions of French prisoners escorted by helmeted braves. The Prussian captives could also be utilized for work about the city or on the fortifications, precisely as French soldiers are in Germany. All this is within civilized usages, and proper; while in practice the order to take no prisoners is essentially barbarous and cruel, no matter on what plea its justification may be attempted. Paris has not yet been so lucky in bagging Prussians as to make the issuing of such a mandate a thing of supreme necessity.

The Oakland *Transcript* announces the withdrawal of its Foote. We trust its future conduct will justify us in withdrawing our own.—*San Francisco News-letter.*

A man who had suffered much at the hands of umbrella thieves has outwitted them by purchasing an old-fashioned blue cotton umbrella and breaking off six inches of the handle. He leaves it in the church vestibule and depot sitting-room with impunity!

A Boston lawyer had a horse that always stopped and refused to cross a certain bridge leading out of the city. No whipping, no urging, would induce him to cross, so he advertised him:—"To be sold for no other reason than that the owner wants to go out of town."

A rural postmaster in Missouri attached the following certificate to one of his returns to Washington:—"I hereby certify that the four going A Counte is as near rite as I know how to make it. If there is any mistake it is not Dun a Purpers."

An editor of one of the New York magazines lately sent back his tailor's bill, accompanied by a neatly printed slip informing the tailor that his MS. was respectfully declined. Force of habit. The mistake was not discovered until next day. The tailor discovered it.

A coloured inebriate was lying on a bench the other evening in his cell at the Central Station at Providence, when the officer made his round of inspection. Unable by the fitful gaslight to clearly discern the prisoner's features, the officer asked, "Are you coloured?" "No," answered the enfranchised, drowsily, "I was born so."

The *Scottish American* in an article upon the material progress of Ontario, says:—Ontario, the Province formerly known as Upper Canada, last week held its annual exhibition, the extent and characteristics of which are referred to by the local press as evidence of agricultural superiority and unabated material progress. The exultation is neither exaggerated nor unnatural. Outsiders are apt to decry Canada altogether, and to refer to the various State fairs on the Southern side of the border as something that has no parallel in the British Provinces. Nothing could be more unjust. There is no finer farming region on the continent than that which forms the western part of Ontario. One has but to visit such a display as that which has just taken place at Toronto to realize the excellence attained in every branch of agriculture. Finer stock it were not easy to imagine; the grain is excellent, and a variety of implements attest the application of the latest mechanical improvements to the cultivation of the soil. Nor is the Toronto exhibition exceptional. Competent judges who visited the one which came off the previous week at London, speak of it as superior even to the Provincial display in many important particulars. Indeed this might be expected. The soil around Toronto is poor compared with that of the district of which London is the centre, and the farmers of Middlesex and counties immediately adjacent are above the average in enterprise and skill.

To a stranger the most suggestive feature of these exhibitions is the vast crowd they invariably attract. All the ordinary lines of travel are choked for days. Streets, usually quiet enough, are thronged at all hours. The exhibition grounds are packed from the opening to the close. The fact most notable in the whole affair is the evident comfort enjoyed by the people—we mean those of the agricultural class. Talk to them and you find them intelligent, thrifty, independent, interested in schools and churches, the owners of the soil they till, and the governing power in a Province whose institutions are as uniformly democratic as those of any country in the world. Ask of these people their history, and the tale they tell would gladden the hearts of millions in the old land. They are immigrants, or the sons and daughters of immigrants. The great majority came to Canada poor at a time when poverty implied greater hardships than are common now. They went into "the bush" to hew for themselves farms and houses, and patient toil has brought them rich rewards. Where they found trackless forests there are now cleared farms, thriving towns and villages, good roads and even railroads extending at a rate which will soon bring good markets near in every county. Primitive husbandry has been exchanged for careful farming. Fine breeds of stock have taken the place of inferior ones, and these fairs are evidence as well of the material prosperity as of the mental activity of a rural population, whose progress in all the arts of life astonishes the visitor who associates Canada with the idea of a back wood's wilderness.

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Grocery Store—J. M. C. De les Derniers.
Fire Relief—J. M. Currier.
Card of Thanks—E. B. Eddy.
Oysters and Chestnuts—L. N. Nye.
To Rent—Thos. McKay.
Trade Sale—John Leeming & Co.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1870.

The Minister of Public Works is expected to return here on Friday.

Honourable Mr. Morris returned yesterday.

A reconstruction of the New Brunswick cabinet has taken place.

Mr. Slater, Chairman of the Board of School Trustees, is so disgusted with the conduct of Mr. George Honey Preston that we understand he is about to resign his position.

The quarterly meeting of the Sabbath School Association will be held in the Bank street C. P. Church this evening, the 18th inst., at half past seven o'clock. As an attractive programme is announced we trust there will be a full attendance of friends of the Sabbath School as well as teachers and scholars.

Vicar-General Gordon, of Hamilton, died on Saturday last, aged 78. He came to this country at an early age, and in the course of his long life earned the respect and esteem of men of all classes and creeds.

We copy the following from a volume by John Francis Maguire, M. P., entitled "The Irish in America." The author says:—"There is still living in Hamilton, Western Canada, as Vicar-General of the Diocese, an Irish priest—Father Gordon, from Wexford—who has witnessed astonishing changes in his time. He has seen the city founded, and the town spring up; the forest cleared and the settlement created; the rude log chapel, in which a handful of the faithful knelt in the midst of the wood, replaced by the spacious brick church, in which many hundreds now worship. And not only has he witnessed astonishing changes, but he has, himself, done much to affect the changes which he has lived to see accomplished. It is now (1869) about 37 years since he came to Toronto, then a small place, and known by the name of Little York. Bishop McDonnell, a Scotchman, was the first Catholic Bishop of the diocese, at that time of immense extent. Father O'Grady, a Cork man, was stationed at Little York, and, although even at that time the position of the Irish Catholic was miserable in the extreme. Father O'Grady was a favorite with the authorities; and such was his social qualities and charm of manner, that no dinner party was considered complete without his genial presence. Father Gordon had charge of the back townships, twenty-four in number. We must appreciate the extent of his spiritual jurisdiction, when we learn that a township comprised an acre of twelve miles square, and Father Gordon had to attend twenty-four of these!

THE *GLOBE'S* ATTACKS ON THE GOVERNMENT AND THE GRAND TRUNK.

"When *we* say something of the same kind (*i. e. attacking the government*) it is denounced as false, malicious, and nobody knows what."—*Toronto Globe.*

Of course it is. The organ of Mr. George Brown which has swallowed the leek again and again in his interest, which has denounced public men one day and landed them to the skies the next just as it might serve the purpose of its chief proprietor and editor, has not pursued this vacillatin and utterly unprincipled course all these years for nothing. The people of Canada are not quite such blind unreasoning simpletons as the *Globe* seems to imagine. They have by this time learnt to appreciate the denunciations of the "leading journal" at their true value, and to understand that when the *Globe* abuses either a public man or a public company, it is done for the sole purpose either of gratifying some private spleen or of promoting the realization of some personal ambition. At first and for some time a long suffering and too confiding public were prone to believe the charges which the *Globe* was in the habit of bringing against Mr. Brown's political opponents. But not only has it raised the cry of "the wolf" too often, not only have its frantic cries of alarm been proved for the most part untrue and utterly unfounded, but its tergiversation and fickleness have so frequently been made manifest, that none but the most blind and fanatical of its old adherents, any longer place faith in the statements contained in its editorial columns. They saw it six years ago demanding the abolition of the separate school system. Every man who was in favor of separate schools was denounced as "a Papist," and all the prejudices and passions of the Protestant community were aroused against him. But ere many months had passed away "a change came o'er the spirit of the dream;" the *Globe*, because it suited Mr. Brown's purpose that it should do so, suddenly discovered that separate schools were after all very harmless, and in fact desirable things, and that the honest convictions of Roman Catholics might be respected by Protestants without any impropriety. In 1864, the present Premier was denounced with as much violence and ferocity as at present; a more thoroughly unreliable, unprincipled man never existed according to the *Globe*, but no sooner had Mr. Brown made up his mind to ally himself with Mr. Macdonald, than the tone of his organ changed. Instead of threats and denunciations nothing was heard but soft honeyed words of praise for the Administration, and a political millenium reigned for a few brief months in Canada. But because Mr. Brown could not carry matters in the Council chamber with as high a hand as he does in the *Globe's* editorial room, because he was not allowed to be supreme in all things, he resigned office at a time when the success of the Confederation scheme was seriously jeopardized in consequence of his so doing. Then once again the tocsin of war sounded, once more the editorial staff of the *Globe* put on their battle array, and commenced another furious onslaught upon Mr. Brown's late associates in the Government. The fact that he had ceased to be a Cabinet Minister, according to the *Globe*, made all wrong that was right before, and the interests of the country demanded that the Attorney General West and all who were connected with him in the Government should be hurled from place and power. But the *Globe's* attempt to arouse a new political warfare met with but a feeble response from the people of Ontario, and it soon became evident that its power and influence had almost entirely passed away. The elections of 1867 came, and with a desperate energy worthy of a better cause, the *Globe* strove to create a formidable opposition to those men who had fought and toiled in the cause of Union after Mr. Brown and the *Globe* had deserted to the enemy. Beaten at every point a time of comparative peace ensued. Only occasional growls and grumblings announced that the volcano of wrath and vituperation still existed in the editorial sanctum, and that at any moment an eruption might take place. At last it has come. Mr. Brown saw that his old enemy Mr. Brydges was receiving a large amount of deserved praise from people and from journals of all shades of opinion, and that his detested political rival's return to health was generally hailed as a public benefit. This was too much for his jealous mind; it was "the last straw that broke the camel's back." Forthwith a stream of long suppressed abuse was hurled forth upon the devoted heads of these two gentlemen, and wild statements and exaggerated rumors of all kinds were published abroad. But alas for the *Globe's* declining influence! No longer as in old times a host of subservient journals range themselves under Mr. Brown's banner. No longer is the thunder of the *Globe's* discordant music echoed by a dozen or two of squeaking penny whistles; on all sides the motives which actuate it are exposed, and its course almost universally denounced.

With such a record can our contemporary wonder that its attacks are denounced by the public at large "as false, malicious, and nobody knows what?" If the people of this country were utterly blind and stupid, the *Globe* might wonder at such being the case. Fortunately, however, they see not. With all due respect for the *Globe*, and admiration for its energy and enterprise as a newspaper, we tell it that its reign is ended, so far as the vilification of public men is concerned. The statesmanlike abilities of Sir John A. Macdonald are too generally recognized and have been too abundantly proved, for aught that Mr. Brown's "organ" can say to have any weight or influence against the Premier. It can no longer lead men in or out of the party at will, for the simple reason that it represents no party, but in all the twists and turns which have marked its devious way, has proved itself to be nothing more than the mouthpiece of one man.

THE STREET RAILWAY.

With reference to the enquiry of a correspondent, as to the Street Railway time table, we understand that the Company will establish a time table as soon as they ascertain by experiments at what hours the traffic requires the cars should be run.

The wheels first sent in gave way, and until the new cars arrived the Company could not depend on running at all regularly. Some time is required to get sufficient horse stock for an increase of trips. The oftener the cars are run the more horses and stable accommodation are required, &c.

At present the cars are run from each terminus every quarter of an hour, counting the hour, half hour and quarter hours evenly, between 8 a.m. and noon, and from 2 to 6 p.m. Before, between and after these hours, the cars run at 20 and 30 minutes. Some changes may be made in the early and late cars, but during the day the public will get a car every quarter of an hour, except between noon and 2 p.m.

"UP IN A BALLOON."

The Poet Laureate makes the hero of "Locksley Hall," when gazing into the future, see visions of the "nation's aerial navies grappling in the central blue" and other wonders of a like description. Tennyson's anticipations have not as yet been completely realised, but although the French and Prussians have not had any combats in mid air, if we believe the telegraphic reports which come to us by Atlantic cable balloons are being extensively used by the French, though at present only employed in the transmission of despatches or to enable military men to obtain a sight of what their opponents are doing. Possibly, however, if the war lasts much longer, a few aerial vessels may be set afloat in the "blue unclouded," mounted with batteries of what we suppose might appropriately be termed, flying artillery, manned by enterprising French men and commanded by one or two Yankees of soaring proclivities, who winging their way over the heads of the disgusted Prussians, may pour down a hailstorm of explosive shells or a drenching shower of nitro-glycerine among the ranks of the invading army. Seriously speaking, however, the extent to which balloons are being utilized in the present war, is one of its most noteworthy and important features. When General Trochu wants to ascertain what the besiegers are doing, an *aide de camp* or some other trustworthy personage mounts the aerial car and is straightway borne aloft until he has arrived at a sufficient altitude for taking observations. Despatches between Tours and the capital are transmitted by carrier pigeons and balloons, nor do the Prussians fail to have a "crack" at the aerial voyagers with their needle guns whenever an opportunity offers. The French have always led the van in aeronautics, but we believe that this is the first time that balloons have ever been used on an extensive scale in war. An attempt was made on one or two occasions during the late American civil war to utilize them, but the wooded and broken nature of the country in which most of the military operations took place, prevented any very important results from being attained. However successful the Prussians may have been on land, it is not likely that they can compete with the volatile Frenchman in flying through the air. Like the Greek warrior of ancient times, it is probable that as soon as the substantial pedal extremities of the German ceased to touch Mother Earth he would find all his strength and warlike prowess leave him.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

General Lee's body was brought to Richmond yesterday. There is universal mourning throughout the south.

Mr. John Abbott, of Halifax, lately deceased, has left $300,000 to various medical charities.

Field Marshal Sir J. F. Burgoyne has been suffering from severe illness by the shock he experienced through the death of his son, who commanded the *Captain*.

Much damage was done to the shipping along the coast of England by the great storm of Wednesday night.

Last Friday the Prince of Wales laid the foundation stone of the new infirmary at Edinburgh.

Lord Lisgar visited Mr. John Lovell's printing establishment in Montreal yesterday.

General Doyle will leave Halifax this week on a tour of inspection through the Dominion.

General Lee's last death bed utterance was "order my tent to be struck." Like another great Confederation chieftain, "Stonewall" Jackson, his mind in his dying moments reverted to the war in which he bore so distinguished a part.

Weston, the great pedestrian, has been defeated in a fifty mile walk by an amateur of Otsego.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—I have read with attention your articles in your issues of Saturday and to-day, commenting upon the public conduct of George Honey Preston, the City Tax Collector of Ottawa. From these articles I receive some encouragement to believe that the period has arrived when it will cease to be a virtue to bear with the maladministration of a public office. It is now quite apparent that the TIMES has sufficient independence to take to task the family compact, who oppress the citizens, and virtually defraud the revenue, and are fattening themselves upon the taxes wrung from a thriving (though not by any means wealthy) population.

I assure you, Mr. Editor, the corrupt state of matters, both in the Common School Board, and in the City Council, are not unknown to many of our citizens; but it is only by and through an independent press that the public in general can be apprized of the state of matters, as they exist in these public bodies at present. It has been truly said by one of old "He who sets himself to serve the Lord may expect to meet temptation."

It is not for me to presume to inform a journalist of your experience, that the conductor of an independent press, in exposing the delinquencies of public officials—particularly such a one as he, who collects the taxes of Ottawa and uses them, without any seeming check upon his operations—exposes himself to all the scurrility, which these officials and their abettors can pour forth, to be followed, when words fail, by illegal, insulting, and oppressive measures in the abuse of that power, which is meant only to be righteously brought into play when other and less annoying measures fail, such as the illegal seizure and oppressive entry into a private dwelling, as noticed by you in your issue of to-day, of special constables acting under the warrant of George Honey Preston.

Mr. Editor, I earnestly assure you that such conduct on the part of the Collector of Taxes is looked upon as a poor way of meeting the charges advanced in your paper of Saturday last respecting his conduct in withholding the public funds accruing from the tax-payers. More anon.

Respectfully yours,
A TAX-PAYER.

Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1870.

The Finance Minister.

(From the Woodstock Times, Oct. 14.)

Thirty-one years ago Mr. Francis Hincks made his first visit to the County of Oxford. Since that time the changes, political, and in material prosperity, have been great. Thanks to the exertions of Mr. Hincks in giving us, first the benefits of a good macadamized road, and subsequently the Great Western Railway, this section advanced beyond other portions of the country. It often happens that those whose energies have been devoted, for a time, to sectional advancement, and to the public weal, have for their reward the cold indifference of the benefitted classes; perhaps public contempt; for as a general rule people are ungrateful, and constituencies are hard taskmasters. It was never so as between the people of Oxford and Mr. Hincks. In all his struggles, personal and political, he could fall back with confidence on the good offices of the people of the country. When Mr. Hincks was driven from power, not by the greater force of the Conservative party, but through the defection of Mr. Brown and others, the people of Oxford felt that the day would come when honest efforts should win honors, and when treachery and selfishness would be marked as distinguishing *Globe* politics; and in the Imperial honors bestowed on Mr. Hincks the expected dispensation was recognized. Then was the hour of triumph for the staunch hearts who have passed as victors from many a political battle field. And now when again in honors, struggling with the other great statesmen of the Dominion for the consummation of Canada's mission—for the liberties of the people, and for national prosperity and peace—when he comes again among us what so natural—what so becoming, as that this latent feeling should crop out, and that men—the older politicians among us at least—should gladly welcome him with all heartiness.

Thus it was on Saturday, at the Woodstock station, as the distinguished gentleman passed on to Ingersoll, that stronghold of moderate reformers, the chief town of the South Riding; and during his short stay, wherever he went, a hearty welcome accosted him, and hospitable roof trees gave him shelter. The meeting of Sir Francis with Mr. Alfred Rice—and Mr. Rice was but one of the party at Woodstock—was illustrative of what took place elsewhere, and with many others. The lapse of so many years had doubtless told on Mr. Rice's recollection; perhaps had blinded his political perception, for, as a Reformer, Mr. R. must have found it perplexing to follow the vagaries of the *Globe* party, and if somewhat befogged in respect to his duty under the teachings of the great Gnonti, he was to be excused if not demonstrative in his greetings at first. Pausing in silence a moment as if to gather his faculties, or to allow his mind to recall the past, he gazed at Sir Francis—then with old time heartiness, and with a vigor becoming a man of thirty, he bounded forward, grasping Sir Francis with both hands, and exclaiming "Bless my soul, it is Hincks!" The recognition, we need not say, was cordial—was mutual. And so it was throughout the Riding; and Sir Francis carries back with him full conviction of the fact, that in the hearts of the people of the county no one can usurp his place.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, 17.—A correspondent of the *Times* writing from Berlin says: The Empress Dowager of Brazil has contributed a thousand florins for the relief of the German wounded.

Among the captives taken by the Prussians at Orleans were several soldiers belonging to a corps with the novel name of "The Body Guard of the Republican Government."

On the 10th inst. a bombshell fired from Fort Valerian fell into the bed-room of Napoleon I., at St. Cloud, destroying the famous mirrors.

Advices from Metz State that the epidemics in and around the city are growing worse.

Another emeute at Lyons was promptly suppressed.

The French Tireurs near Epinal, on the 12th, checked the advance of the Prussians in that direction, in an engagement which lasted three hours.

There is reason to believe that the army which captured Soissons, 22,000 strong, will attack other strong places in Northern France.

There are rumours of fighting near Rouen.

No French war ships have yet been seen off the Elbe.

The marriage of the Princess Louisa and the Marquis of Lorne will take place in February.

Late advices from South America show a revolutionary crisis impending at Monte Video. The Government troops have been driven into Ratz and the town invested by the rebels. Monte Video was destroyed by factions. The Red Government was expected to resign, as popular sympathy had declared itself unmistakeable for the White party.

Soisson capitulated on Sunday morning, and at three o'clock in the afternoon the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg entered the town at the head of his army. The German losses in siege were trifling. 4,000 French and 132 guns were taken.

Marshal Bazaine has made offers of capitulation.

Heavy reinforcements reach the army before Paris.

The Cologne *Gazette* reports rinderpest not only to be prevailing in camps, but is raging in 40 or 50 places in the Rhine Valley, and also breaking out in Brandenburg.

The authorities at Brest have seized all arms not contracted for on the steamer *Ville de Paris*. The prices will be fixed by the War Department, and the arms will then be paid for. Arms reaching France not according to contract will be seized.

General Bourbaki was recently tendered the command of all the armies of France excepting those at Paris and Troyes, which he declined; but has accepted the command of the army of the north, and goes to Lisle to-day to organize his forces. Gen. Bourbaki assures the Government that the General commanding the army of the Loire is entirely capable.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 17th.—The report that General Boyer has left Metz for Versailles, to negotiate for the surrender of the fortress, is considered authentic here.

The rumor that negotiations are pending for peace, on the basis of the cession of Alsace and Luxembourg to Prussia, is also believed to be well founded, and it is stated that another interview between Favre and Bismarck to that end, will soon be held.

The *Journal* this morning publishes an appeal in favour of the Pope, issued by Catholics of varions nationalities assembled here.

Gambetta this morning started for Lyons and Besancon, in obedience to the petition of the journals and people of those cities.

LUXEMBURG, October 16.—Heavy canonading was heard to-day in the direction of Thionville and Metz. Within the past few days, Thionville has been reinforced and supplied with fresh provisions.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—The French fleet is already assembling off Dunkirk. This fact, coupled with the arrival of a squadron from the North Sea, causes the Germans to again remove the lights and restore the torpedoes and other obstacles in the Elbe.

The squadron in the North Sea is accompanied by flat-bottomed boats.

The Germans apprehend mischief.

TOURS, Oct. 17.—All the departments within one hundred kilometres of the enemy have been declared in a state of siege, and will be required to organize a military Committee of Defence.

Nothing officially has yet been received from the armies confronting each other near Ferte. A battle is imminent.

A despatch from New Bamach announces that the garrison made a successful sortie yesterday morning. A thick fog prevailed, and the Prussians were surprised and many were killed.

LISBON, Oct. 17.—Later dates from Rio Janerio announce the capture of the German schooners "Lucia" and "Concordea" by the French gunboat "Hamelin."

LONDON, Oct. 17.—The Duke of Mecklenburg Shiverin reports that by the capitulation of Soissons 4,000 French prisoners fell into the Prussian hands

The Prussian army was to enter the city on Sunday (yesterday).

The Prussians have evacuated Beargerey. They blew up the viaduct before marching out.

The Prussians are still at Meany, but in small force.

BERLIN, Oct. 17.—The North "Frankfort" which left New York on the 29th of September, arrived safely at Bremen on Saturday, having encountered no French gunboats.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—The *Herald's* cable from Berlin, dated 16th inst., says numbers of guns and a quantity of valuable stores were captured at Soissons.

There are rumors that a difference of opinion prevails at headquarters. Moltke favoring immediate bombardment, while Bismarck and the Crown Prince favor the slower process of siege and starvation, saying they have nothing to fear from the garrison, and can spare half the investing army to break up attempted organizations and besieged cities in other parts of the country.

Upwards of 100 of the leading citizens of Berlin, publish their names signed to a protest against the annexation of Alsace and Lorraine.

The *Official Journal* says the whole batch of democrats should be imprisoned or hung.

The corvette *Elizabeth* was chased by the French fleet, but reached Elbe in safety.

The *World's* special, dated London 15th, says the Prussian Embassy here addressed itself to-day to the English Government, with a view to gain the co-operation of Great Britain in efforts for peace. The English Government is instructed that Prussia is prepared to modify seriously her demand for a money indemnity, or to abandon it altogether, that the neutralization of Strasbourg and Metz will be accepted in lieu of their surrenders.

The demand of Prussia for the surrender of the French men-of-war has been abandoned entirely, the Russian Government having signified distinctly its absolute determination not to permit the transfer of any part of the French fleet to sail under the German flag.

It is also understood that Russia insists upon an European Congress, as a preliminary to a treaty of peace; that Prince Gortschakoff has informed the Government of Berlin that if the fortresses of the Rhine frontier are to be neutralized, Russia will require an equivalent guarantee to be given her on the Baltic, and on the Polish line. The demand of Russia is supported by an informal note from the Austro-Hungarian Chamber.

The Government of the Hague has also presented a claim to be heard in the terms of settlement, in a congress of the powers, and the Dutch note has received the approbation and support of the Prussian Government.

The *World's* special gives the following account of the sortie of Trochu: The attack was led by the Gardes Mobile, who behaved with valor and steadiness, and the Germans, after a brief resistance, broke everywhere in confusion, abandoning their artillery and teams, a considerable force of which retreated in better order as far as Leplessir. The piquet, nearly nine miles south of Paris, pursued by the Gardes of Brittany of the Seine, attempted to make a stand at the chateau of the place. They were assaulted finally, and after a brief engagement compelled to surrender at discretion. The French captured great numbers of Prussian cannon, flags, ambulances and commissary teams.

There are now no Prussian siegeworks occupied within six miles of the walls of Paris.

The *World's* special at Ostend, says Bazaine made a fourth and overwhelming attack in force, marching by Ladouchamp and Mezirоes, while another part of his army furiously assailed the Germans beyond Noisville. The German's were beaten in both directions, their camps broken up, and the body forced into disastrous defeat upon Port-a-Mousson, where they now are.

Bazaine himself is at Thirnoith, organizing a movement. He holds the line to Mezieres, and Narange is much alarmed at Saarbruck, Preves and Forbach.

The Government of Holland is in active negotiation with the Belgian Government on the matter of the occupation of Luxembourg, and the Belgian army at Namar has been ordered to be heavily reinforced.

The *World's* special at Boulogne says engagements have taken place within the past three days at Cheerisy, at Eccos Les Andelys, and at La Forte St. Aubin, in each of which the Germans were badly beaten. In the latter engagement, which occurred on Thursday, the Germans, to the number of between 8,000 and 9,000, were attacked early in the morning, by a force of ten thousand Gardes Mobile, and troops of the line of the army of the Loire. They were badly posted and taken completely by surprise, but fought with considerable determination, until taken in flank by the right wing of the French, when they were forced to retreat through the town of La Perte.

The inhabitants, aided by a small body of Francs-Tireurs, had barricaded the retreats, and resisted the Germans until the main body of the pursuing French fell upon them again, and cut their retreating columns in two, and captured or dispersed the whole force.

A correspondent of the *Tribune* at Paris writes on the 11th: The manifestations against the Government, on Saturday, included less than 500 armed men. It is officially stated that the report that the National Guards spontaneously opposed the Government, is incorrect. Orders were sent by commandants to bring up their battallions. These orders were in some cases disobeyed; one commander replying that his men were equally divided on the election question. Half would support the demand of Florence, that the election should be held. Thousands of the National Guards are ignorant why they were called out. The Red Republicans accept the Government's decision against an election, only because they dread divisions in the presence of the enemy. The military display against citizens is regarded as a great mistake. There is a fear that the Government is already employed in a continuous reactionary force. The Red Republican will not cease agitating this question in their three papers, and at their clubs. The Government does not attempt the suppression of either the clubs or the papers, though public opinion is decidedly against their continuance.

Tamiscer insists that Flourens shall not again command the united battalions at Belleuil.

The commander now is not from the Red Republicans, but from the Government, resting too much on the Moderates.

The Orleanists and older timid parties say, no dependence is to be placed on reports about new artillery. The Government gives no information about it.

The *Debats*, the *Temps*, and the *Constitutionnel* are pressing the question, but get no answer. The Government creates great alarm by its evident inactivity on important military matters, but otherwise shows revolutionary energy enough, finally staying the collection of October rentes taken possession of the market.

If the siege lasts a month longer the Government will be the only dealer in all articles except food. Its popularity is evidently diminishing. Mistrust is spreading. Not one cheer followed Gambetta as he was ascending in the balloon.

AMERICAN NEWS.

AUBURN, N.Y., Oct. 16.—The Fenian prisoners, after being released last evening were serenaded at the St. James' Hotel by a large number of Fenians, and made speeches in which they said they thanked no party or administration for their release, but rather the people. The demonstration was great.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Oct. 17.

In the criminal prosecution for libel brought by Col. Gray against George Brown at the Assizes, on Saturday morning, the Court room was crowded, and great interest was manifested.

Mr. Brown addressed the jury in his own defence, contending that the article of 14th May, entitled "Sound the Alarm," which contained the libel complained of, was sarcastic merely, and not to be taken as the *Globe's* opinion of what was written to ridicule Mr. Chauveau, Premier of Quebec, for holding the absurd idea that Col. Gray was influenced in the arbitration by a loan of money.

The jury after being out over an hour returned, saying there was no possibility of their agreement, and they were accordingly discharged.

It is understood that ten were for acquittal and two for conviction.

Rev. Dr. Mullens, Secretary of the London Missionary Society, and Rev. Mr. Alloway, of London, England, preached in the Congregational Church yesterday.

Confidence operators are doing considerable business among travellers and others. While Rev. Mr. Stewart was engaged in performing the ceremony of baptism at Bond street Baptist Church, a watch and chain were stolen from his vest pocket.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Oct. 17.

A sailor, on Saturday night, got drunk and falling over the revetement wall opposite the Custom House, injured himself so severely that he had to be sent to the English hospital.

At the investiture ceremonial at noon to-morrow volunteer officers will appear in full uniform.

The total amount collected at the opening services of the new St. George's Church was $450, and a special subscription of $500 was handed to the Treasurer.

An inquest was held this morning by Coronor Jones on the body of Joseph Brousseau, aged 56 years, who committed suicide the night before last by hanging himself. The jurors returned a verdict that the deceased had come to his death by committing suicide whilst in a state of mental alienation.

In the foot ball contest on Saturday between the military and civilians, the latter won the match by three straight games.

At the annual anniversary meeting of the St. James' street Wesleyan Methodist Sabbath School this evening Principal Dawson and others addressed the meeting.

Yesterday morning a company of the 2nd Quebec battalion of Red River volunteers returned to Montreal by steamer *Magnet* from Toronto, and took up their winter quarters on St. Helen's Island, where they will remain for the winter.

Rained heavily all day.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Oct. 17.

A meeting of the bar held this morning, passed resolutions touching the death of the Archbishop, and decided to attend the funeral to-morrow robed.

The notaries held a meeting on Saturday, and will also attend.

The *Mercury* and *Chronicle* draw attention to the fact, that the fortifications of Quebec are in a crumbling condition, but have overlooked the circumstance that for weeks past engineers have been employed in repairing the masonry work.

The Quebec and Gosford road is now completed within three and a half miles of St. Sauveur terminus.

Arrivals from sea: the S.S. Prussian, the ships Teviotdale, Lake Huron and Mathipa.

GOSSIP FOR THE BREAKFAST TABLE.

They sell "mitrailleuse whiskey" in Memphis.

Five hundred beeves and 4,000 sheep are killed in Paris daily to feed the people.

Steel rails are now being laid down on the Great Western Railway.

The "Rhine hat" has made its appearance.

The Emperor of Russia has the largest diamonds in the world.

It is a St. Louis belle who has made and broken thirty matches.

All the German female babies this year will be named AUGUSTA.

A son of Henry Ward Breecher is engaged in the lumber trade at Albany.

A Western undertaker claims to be the possessor of a title. The Duke de Berry perhaps.

A Newport couple have just celebrated their pearl wedding, having been married for seventy years.

Somebody has discovered that in forty years a snuff-taker devotes twenty-four months to blowing his nose.

A Presbyterian Chinaman lately had his daughter baptized by a name which, translated means, "You-ought-to-have-been-a-boy, Kampou."

The way for people to win golden opinions is to have plenty of brass.

The report that the Prussian Minister at Brussels had been repulsed is untrue.

When is an original idea like a clock? When it strikes one.

The authorities in Paris have ordered the silver plate at the Tuileries to be melted up.

Apples are so plentiful in the neighborhood of Stratford that they can be purchased at nine cents a bushel.

The Esculapians of Cornwall are indulging in a newspaper controversy over a case of *tetanus*.

The Great Western ferry *Union* is laid up at Windsor, undergoing repairs to fit her for the winter's traffic.

A Western town is without a newspaper, because "the ladies' sewing society answers just as well."

Dr. Brown, the contractor for dredging the bar at the mouth of the Thames, has set to work in good earnest.

Victor Hugo announces the republication of *Les Chatiments* in Paris, at ten sous a copy.

The Turkish Government is testing the navigability of the Euphrates in its middle and upper waters.

Which of the Roman generals were most admired by the maidens of their day? Tachus (take us) and Mari-us (marry us).

"It's a great comfort to be left alone," said an Irish lover, "especially when yer swate heart is wid ye."

There was a doll baby's wedding at Edgefield, Tenn., the other day. Several hundred little girls were present.

Rosa Bonheur is engaged in painting the favourite dog of the Emperor of Russia.

Mr. Stewart thinks that girls will be able to live in his hotel from two to three dollars per week.

Jean Ingelow's new volume of poems, called "The Monitions of the Unseen," will be published this fall.

Bostoc is proud of the fact that among its government school teachers there is a pure-blooded negro woman.

New York contemplates a child's theatre, where all the infant phenomena of the day are to appear as actors and actresses.

"The Detroit women wear Red Cloud hats," and it is said that the men are preparing to come out in the Spotted Tail coats.

A correspondent of a Western paper having described the Ohio as a sickly stream, the editor appended the remark, "That's so; it is confined to its bed."

A young lady in the western part of New York lost her life a short time since while endeavouring to dry her face with a lamp, after having rubbed it over with benzine to keep the mosquitoes away.

The jailor of John Brown before his execution is now a distiller in the Shenandoah valley. He was among the largest sufferers by the recent floods.

The editor of the Western *Landmark* asks his readers to excuse the "looks of his paper" as he is in bed from the effects of a fight with a delinquent subscriber.

A professor, giving a lecture to some boys, was explaining how one could liv without air. He then said: "You hav all heard of a man drowning; how does that happen?" The ready answer was; "because he can't swim."

Mrs. Joseph Ames, the sculptor and reader, will enter the lecture field this year with an address on "Women who work *vs.* Women who Talk."

The wedding of Mr. Garvey, in New York, was distinguished by the gift of a $100,000 diamond necklace to the bride and silver-ware valued at $75,000.

An "intelligent" member of the Connecticut Legislature, in addressing his constituents by letter in reference to a new section in a bill says: "this ack shal not efect any sute now pendin."

It is said that Greeley wrote to a North Carolina colored literary association for admission, but as they only admit those who can read and write, and they couldn't read his letter, he was rejected under the second clause.

While the Prussian Crown Prince was watching from the court-yard of the palace at Versailles the flight of E. Tissander's balloon, and the vain efforts of the German rifle-men to take the daring aeronaut "on the wing," he turned to a member of his staff, and pointing to the aerial voyager, uttered these strange words: "Vel, Heintz, how ish dat fur high?"

A party of respectable Chicago ladies have formed a society for reclaiming young men, and they go about the street at night pick up young men who show signs of dissipation, invite them to their houses, and treat them to ice cream, chicken, salad, etc., and let them go home sober. As a result, it is reported that half the young men in town lie about the street at night to be taken in.

T. hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.
HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 87½c to $2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

DIED,

On the 15th inst, the Rev. Charles Codd, B.A., aged 74 The funeral will take place to-day, the 18th, at 4 o'clock; not on the 19th, as previously arranged.

On Sunday evening, the 16th inst., James Russell, aged 7 months, infant son of Mr. John Roberts.

The funeral will leave his father's residence, Albert street, this day. Tuesday, at 3 o'clock p.m. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now every where acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD.

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privilged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.

1397-3mod

NEW GROCERY STORE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND YORK STREETS.

J. M. C. DE LES DERNIERS

HAS OPENED A

NEW GROCERY STORE

In the above named Premises, in which will be found a full supply of all articles of the Trade, all new, and of first class quality. Having been selected by himself, he can guarantee their excellence. As the

GOODS WERE CASH PURCHASES

They can be sold at a less figure than if bought on credit. They consist in part of

WINES,
LIQUORS,
SCOTCH ALES, and
PORTER,
TEAS,
SUGARS,
(in variety,)
TOBACCOS,
FISH, (dried and salted),
PICKLES,
SAUCES,

And a variety of other articles too numerous to mention, and such as can be found only in a

First Class Grocery Establishment.

Mr. De les Derniers, having an extensive country connection, is in constant receipt of Butter, Eggs and other Farm Products, and has now on hand a hundred packages of

SUPERIOR QUALITY FAMILY BUTTER,

Which he offers for Sale at a very low rate.

Remember the place—Corner of SUSSEX and YORK streets, in Messrs. Kearns & Ryan's Old Stand.

An inspection of the Goods is respectfully desired.

J. M. C. DE les DERNIERS,
Corner of Sussex and York Streets,

Ottawa, 18th Oct, 1870 1490tf

OYSTERS —AND— CHESTNUTS

On Sale,

At

L N NYE.
43 Sussex St.

Ottawa, Oct 19, 1870 1490 2

TO RENT.

A Dwelling House, containing 10 Rooms, corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, lately occupied by W B Lindsay, Esq.

Possession immediately.

Apply to

THOS McKAY,
Flour Store,
Sussex street.

Ottawa, Oct 18, 1870 1490 6

ANNUAL FALL

TRADE SALE.

The subscribers will hold a Trade Sale for account of Messrs.

BUCHANAN, LECKIE & Co.

MONTREAL.

At their Stores, on

TUESDAY, 25th OCTOBER,

When will be offered their usual extensive assortment, consisting of

FRESH NEW CROP TEAS,
WINES,
BRANDIES,
RUM, GIN,
GENERAL GROCERIES, &c. &c.
—ALSO—
NEW CROP
MALAGA and VALENCIA RAISINS.
Ex "Deoder" and "Modiks"

Particulars hereafter.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & Co.
Auctioneers.

Montreal, Oct 18, 1870 1491t

CARD OF THANKS.

The undersigned begs to tender his best thanks to the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company, to D W Coward & Co, agents. Also, the Hartford Insurance Co, J T A W Pennock, agents, for their prompt settlement of loss sustained by fire in my premises on the 8th inst.

My thanks is also due them for being the first out of Six Company's to respond to my claim against them.

E B EDDY.

Hull, Oct 18, 1870 1491

FIRE RELIEF.

A MEETING

of the

COMMITTEE

Will be held

TO-DAY, (TUESDAY) at [illegible] P.M.

On business of importance.

J M CURRIER,
Chairman.

Ottawa, Oct 18, 1870 1490 1

GOVERNMENT SALE —BY— AUCTION.

IMPORTANT TO LUMBERERS, HOUSEKEEPERS AND OTHERS.

To be sold by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY the 19th inst., at 10 o'clock, a.m., at the City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market, one Ingersoll improved Horse-power HAY PRESS, in excellent working order, capacity for [illegible] 250 to 300 lbs., per day, weight of bale [illegible] worked by two men. 900 White Blankets, Grey do, 1,000 Linen Sheets, 100 Linen Bed [illegible] 60s Scotch Rugs, 6 pairs Matrasses, [illegible] Parlour, Shop, Hall and other Stoves, [illegible] Wood, quantity of Stove Piping, and [illegible] splendid Fishing Nets, varying from [illegible] fathoms.

All to be sold without Reserve.

J BERMINGHAM
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Oct 17, 1870

GREAT BOOK SALE.

Catalogues are now issued for the great Book Sale at Montreal, of the Estate of [illegible] ington, by order of T S Brown, Official Assignee. There are over six thousand lots, [illegible] Books in every Department of [illegible] Juveniles up to standard Works [illegible] branches of Science, in quantities [illegible] command the particular attention of [illegible] sellers, Schools, and Public Institutions.

Sale to commence on Tuesday, [illegible] and will be continued till all are sold.

Montreal, Oct 17, 1870

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th [illegible] instant, through trains will be run on the Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a.m. and 4.35 p.m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a.m.

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a.m. and 4.40 p.m.

The 4.40 p.m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12 1870

LOST,

Lost by one of the Carriers of the Daily Times, on SATURDAY, 15th inst., near the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway Station, a PASS BOOK, with the names of the subscribers, of no use to any person but the owner. The finder will be kind enough to return it to the Times Office.

Ottawa, October 15.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE & OTTAWA RAILWAY

.... 5.10 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 10.00 p.m.
.... 4.50 p.m., 11.00 a.m., 9.00 p.m.
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.
Ticket Office—York street, corner of Sussex.
A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co's Millinery and Mantle Show Room is now open.

The Almonte cattle fair was held at that place on the 13th inst.

Ladies are invited to see Garland, Mutchmor & Co's grand display of Millinery and Mantles.

THE MARKET—MONDAY.—There was a small market this morning, prices being generally the same as Saturday's quotations.

BEAR.—A large bear was shot up the Gatineau last week, and a young one was caught by some of Mr. Eddy's men on Friday night a short distance up the Ottawa.

Effects of the war! Great sacrifice in Silks! Garland, Mutchmor & Co. secured a parcel at the low prices. Good ordinary Black Silk at 3s. 6d., 3s. 9d., 4s. and 4s. per yard. Beautiful Lyons gros grains 5s. 3d., 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 9d., and 10s.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.—New patterns. Artistic designs. Superior quality. Reduced prices. House furnishers are particularly requested to view them.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
189 1w

NEW MANUFACTURE.—We believe a new establishment for the manufacture of horse nails with improved machinery is to be erected shortly at the Chaudiere by Mr. Gellham, a gentleman from Montreal.

LATE ARRIVALS.—Just opened one case Irish Lace Goods, Collars, and Cuffs, &c., &c. Also, one case Gipsy Bonnets and Hats, Evening Flowers, Feathers and many other novelties.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
189 1w

The following tenders have been accepted for the construction of the new building on Wellington street for a branch bank of the Bank of British North America:—Masonry work, George Taylor; carpenter work, Mr. Gallagher; plastering, Wm. ...; and painting, Wm. Howe. Numerous were the competitors for the work, and as a consequence there were many disappointments.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. No Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

A FIGHT.—A fight occurred on Sunday in Lower Town between two jolly shantymen, who had been indulging freely with the bottle. One of the combatants was a big powerful looking man, and the other was a diminutive a specimen of humanity as when the fight began a ludicrous exhibition was expected. This very insignificant looking little individual thrashed his opponent. His victory was greeted with loud applause.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that Mr. Wm. Porter, farmer, of Bathurst, met with an accident on Monday evening last, which resulted in his death yesterday morning. It appears that Mr. Porter had been using a horse and cart for some purposes on the farm, and in going over a rough spot deceased, who was standing in the cart at the time, was pitched head first to the ground. Mr. Porter leaves a wife and large family to mourn his loss.

BULKHEAD AT MANOTIC.—Mr. Davis contractor, of this city, has just completed the new bulkhead, on the Rideau river at Manotic. The old bulkhead was too narrow to admit the passage of the water during the spring. The bed of the river has also been widened about 64 feet at this place, and Mr. Dickinson's old saw-mill will shortly be removed. Mr. Davis was about eight weeks in performing this work at Manotic, and great satisfaction is expressed as to the manner in which it is done. We understand this gentleman has obtained the contract for constructing some slides on Black River, whither he will shortly start with a force of men to commence the work.

BISHOP OF OTTAWA'S VISIT TO ST. MARY'S ACADEMY.—His Lordship, accompanied by the Vicar General Revd. D. Dandurand, visited the Academy under the direction of the Grey Nuns, Wellington Street, where he was gladly welcomed by a large number of pupils. The recreation hall was tastefully decorated. On the walls were conspicuous and appropriate mottoes. The music and singing adapted to the occasion highly pleased the Bishop. Addresses in verse were presented to him, both in French and in English, the former being an acrostic on his name. His Lordship replied very feelingly to the pupils and Sisters, thanking them for the hearty welcome offered him, and tendering his earnest congratulations on their large number and on the prosperity of the institution. The pupils, in chorus, then sang a beautiful hymn to Pope Pius the Ninth, adapted to the music of the "Papal Grand March."

POLICE COURT—Monday morning—Geo. Wright was charged with being disorderly on Rideau street at 12 o'clock this morning. From the evidence of the constable it appeared the prisoner had plenty of money, but could find no place open where he could lodge, being a stranger. He was dismissed with a caution.

Antoine Gallineau, for being drunk, two dollars and costs.

John Sutherland was discovered by the Police lighting a fire at two o'clock in the morning in Mr. Story's store in Sussex street. He was drunk at the time. His employer spoke in his behalf, and as he had been a couple of days confined in the "lock up" His Worship dismissed him.

F. Poulin, obstructing the sidewalk with goods, &c., was fined two dollars and costs.

J. M. C. DelesDernier committed a similar offence on Sussex street. He was ordered to remove his goods, which consisted of four bags of salt, but failing to do so, a fine of two dollars and costs was imposed.

Two or three other cases were adjourned until Wednesday morning at the request of Mr. Gibb, sufficient time not having elapsed between the serving of the summons and the time of entering an appearance.

City Council.

At a regular meeting of the City Council held last evening in the City Hall the following Aldermen were present:

Ald. Featherston, Pratt, Cunningham Heney, Bangs, Guerard, Bate, Goulden, May, and His Worship the Mayor.

His Worship gave a verbal account of his mission to Toronto in connection with others to endeavor to have the next Provincial Exhibition held at Ottawa. After some explanations, he said he was never so disappointed in anything. He said his colleagues had been confident that the result of the vote would be in favor of Ottawa. Out of the 12 directors of the Association 11 voted for Ottawa.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the thanks of this Board be tendered to his Worship the Mayor, and those who accompanied him to Toronto, and endeavored to procure the holding of the next Provincial Exhibition at Ottawa.—Carried.

The 7th report of the Board of Works was received and adopted.

The 1st report of the Special Committee on Water Works was read, in which it was stated that they considered a large number of the rate-payers of the city were in favor of the construction of water works, and that they considered the construction of the same in Ottawa very feasible; also requesting the Council to take an early move in the matter.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Heney, that Report No. 1 of the Special Committee on Water Works be received and adopted; that the Council meet specially on Monday evening next, the 24th, at the usual hour, to consider the preparation of a bill for the construction of Water Works, and that T. Keefer, Esq., C. E. be respectfully asked to meet the Council on that evening.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham briefly addressed the Council on the question.

Ald. Heney then moved for an appropriation of $220 for the completion of the drain on Clarence street. General objection being raised to this it was moved by Ald. Goulden, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that an appropriation of $230 be made to each ward for the completion of works. Objection was also raised to this, and as the resolution was about being put it was moved by Ald. Bate, seconded by Ald. May that the Council adjourn.

This was lost on division, when several members left the board, destroying the quorum.

The Council then adjourned.

Interim Sessions.

Octave Bourdon was charged with the larceny of a box containing 100 pounds of tobacco. At his preliminary trial he pleaded not guilty. The gentleman from whom the tobacco was stolen, John Ciappi, carries on grocery business on Duke street, Chaudiere. John Ciappi identified the tobacco which was produced in Court.

John Leduc sworn said he went on the occasion that the tobacco was missed by Mr. Ciappi with a search warrant to the house of the prisoner, and that he got the tobacco there; he saw the prisoner the day after the tobacco was stolen and judged he had been drunk the previous day, and that several parties saw him in an intoxicated state on the previous day.

The prisoner had no witness, but in defence alleged that he was so drunk that he did not know what he was doing when he committed the act.

He was found guilty and sentenced to 3 months' imprisonment at hard labour in the County Goal.

Wm. Lambert, charged with the larceny of 12 volumes of books from school house, section No. 1, Nepean.

Charles Billings gave the prisoner a very good character.

Alex. Blythe sworn—Said he with a comrade met him with the books near Billings' bridge; that he had seen him a few minutes previously, and seeing him immediately after with a parcel caused him to have some suspicion; he was about to walk up to the prisoner to see what he had, when he threw down the parcel and ran away; on taking up the parcel he found it to be a blanket with a number of books rolled up in it.

Miss Catherine Stackpole, as teacher of the school in question, identified all the books produced as belonging to her pupils.

Mr. Graham testified to his having taken a large glass of liquor at his place on the evening before the commission of the theft. Several witnesses for the defence gave the prisoner a very good character. The prisoner was found guilty and sentenced to imprisonment for 10 days at hard labor in the county gaol.

The same prisoner was than arraigned on the charge of having stolen two carriage wheels. After the examination of a couple of witnesses the charge was dropped.

Subscriptions received for Fire Relief Fund.

Oct. 12.—Acknowledged to date		$31,629 60
Law & Johnston		50 00
Walter Johnson, Napean		5 00
"Fanny," Montreal		1 00
Inhabitants of Kingston, per A. Cameron, Esq.		605 00
Inhabitants of Richmond, Q., balance of contribution per R. W. Webber, Esq., M. D., Mayor		31 50
James Allan, New Edinboro'		10 00
Collections in Manchester and Salford Bank received through A. C. Kelly, Esq.:—		
Miss McConnell	£ 0 2 0	
James Heywood	5 0 0	
W. C. Henry, M. D.	5 0 0	
Miss Case	0 5 0	
H. C. Langton	5 0 0	
	£15 7 0	74 70
A Friend, 4th concession, Kenyon		1 00
Government of the Province of Quebec		$3,000 00
Total		$35,407 80

JAS. CUNNINGHAM.
Treasurer.

Ottawa, 17th October, 1870.

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.
Will apply to the
PARLIAMENT
—OF THE—
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO
At its next Session, for the
CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION
FOR FOUR YEARS,
Of the Provisions of the Act
INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,
And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W R WORSLEY,
Sec. C C R Co
1488tf

Ottawa, Oct 15, 1870

AUTUMN. 1870.

"THE GOLDEN LION,"
SPARKS STREET,
Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS,
—ON—
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in
HATS,
BONNETS,
FEATHERS,
Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c.

Fashionable Velveteen Hats.
From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets,
$1.50 upwards.

New Paris Jackets,
In Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Underclothing,
A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods,
A complete Stock.

R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

R L. JAMES & Co.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co
47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,
2 CASKS OF MILLINERY,
Containing the Very Latest Styles in
Bonnets, Hats,
and some very Choice things in
Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,
Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."
1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new
Satin Cloths,
Trimming to match all our Fashionable
Dress Goods.
—ALSO—
1 Case of Newest
Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins to hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties, &c.,
in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.
47 and 49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.
MILITARY TAILO
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
No. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

PRESTON & ROWSELL

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

SHOW ROOM OPENING.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO
WILL OPEN THEIR
MILLINERY AND MANTLE
SHOW ROOM
—ON—
FRIDAY, 7TH OCTOBER,

With a Grand Display of latest LONDON Styles in MILLINERY and MANTLES, ex S S "PERUVIAN."

—COMPRISING THE LATEST STYLES IN—

STRAW VELVET and TERRY BONNETS
STRAW, FELT and VELVET HATS.
DRESS CAPS, HEAD DRESSES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c.

MANTLES.

They invite special attention to their stock of French and German JACKETS, made by French and German Tailors out of beautiful materials, cut and made in a superior manner.

All purchased during the great Wa Panic, at a little more than half usua prices.

MANTLE CLOTHS,

In all the leading Cloths and Colors,
WATERPROOF CLOAKS, in new styles, ready-made, and made to Order.

SHAWLS.

CLAN TARTAN WOOL and PAISLEY SHAWLS, in variety.

Orders for Millinery and Mantles executed by good experienced hands, with promptness and despatch.

Ladies are invited to call and see the ew styles, whether wishing to purchase or not.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their
FALL AMD WINTER STOCK,
And are shewing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES
HOUSE FURNISHING
Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

OUR STOCK
—OF—
BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT
35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Box and Parlor Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Parlour Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen's Supplies, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

Dry Goods.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE
THIS DAY,
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

WINCIES,
COBOURGS,
PLAIN LUSTRES,
FIGURED DO.
PLAIN REPPS,
FIGURED DO.
SERGES
ALPACA CORDS,
FRENCH MERINOES,
PLAIN SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS,
FIGURED SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS
BRIGHTON DIAGNAL COSTUME CLOTHS
BLACK REVERSIBLE LUSTRES,
TARTAN WINCIES,
DO. CAMLETS,
DO. POPLINS,
DO. PLAIDS,

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

PURCHASERS are invited to view all the leading NOVELTIES in Dress Materials, this day.

LADIES and others interested in the purchase of DRESSES are respectfully invited to examine our Stock and see for themselves the extraordinary value.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE
THIS DAY.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-1IN.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,
MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 RIDEAU STREET,
Have now received a full supply of
NEW FALL GOODS
—IN ALL—
DEPARTMENTS.
Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

BAZAAR.

The Annual Bazaar, in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, will be held on Monday the 24th day of October instant.

Donations in aid of the fancy and refreshment tables, will be thankfully received by the following Ladies:—

Fancy Table, Cathedral Parish, Mrs Higgins Mrs Goodwin and Mrs Bermingham.

Do do St. Joseph's Parish, Mrs Brophy, Mrs. Kehoe Mrs Plunket, Mrs Whelan, Miss McDonell, Miss O'Connor, Miss McCarthy.

Do do St. Patrick's Parish, Mrs O'Connor, Mrs A Hearn, Mrs Nagle and Mrs Mullin.

REFRESHMENT TABLE.—Mrs George Murphy, Mrs Rhodes and Mrs Enright.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870 1484 240

THE MERCHANT'S BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.

THOMAS KIRBY.
Manager.
1468 1m
Ottawa, September 21, 1870

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,
ALSO
TWO APPRENTICES.
Apply to MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa,
1469tf
Ottawa, September 21, 1870

FOR CHEAP

JOB PRINTING

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE,
33 Sparks Street,
Ottawa

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of convey thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may equire.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor;
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot);
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS. The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general
Groceries,
Wines,
and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for common goods. A few trials will prove their superiority
A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.
4th June, 1870.

EAU DE VIE BLANC,
A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavouring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.
A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.
A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.
Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

MONEY TO LEND
ON REAL ESTATE,
From $100 to any amount, on approved security
TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF
UPPER CANADA.
James Balliff,
Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Lake Harbor work," and will be received at this Office until Thursday, the 28th day of November next, for improvements to the following mentioned places:

At CHANTRY ISLAND, Lake Huron, the construction of a Breakwater and Beacon of Crib Work.

At GODERICH, Lake Huron, the Dredging and Pier-work necessary to form a new entrance channel to the Harbor, and the enlargement of the Inner Basin.

At ROND EAU, Lake Erie, the enlargement of the channel, deepening a portion of the Basin, and the construction of Entrance Pier, &c.

Plans and specifications of the respective works can be seen at this Office, or at the Custom House, Goderich on and after Monday, the 7th day of November next, where printed forms of Tender can also be obtained.

Tenders may be sent in for the work at one, or all of the places; but they must in all cases be made out in strict accordance with the printed forms.

The signatures of two solvent reliable persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN.
Secretary,

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 5, 1870 1484 1

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

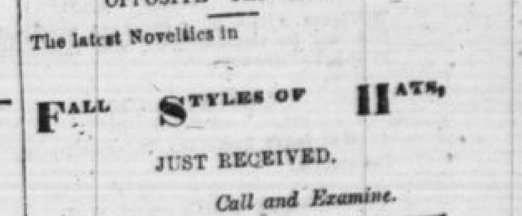
COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
OTTAWA, 10th Oct., 1870

The Commissioners for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, hereby give public notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the construction of an Engine House, Locomotive Repair Shop, and other buildings, at Moncton, New Brunswick.

Plans and Specifications may be seen on and after 1st NOVEMBER next, at the Railway Office, St. John, and at the office of the Chief Engineer, at Ottawa; and Tenders on a printed form; which will be supplied, marked on envelope "Tender for Buildings," and addressed to the Commissioners, will be received at their Office in Ottawa, up to six o'clock, p.m., on 21st November, 1870.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.
1487 3

JAMES PEACOCK,



HATS! *HATS*
HATS!

33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in
FALL STYLES OF HATS,
JUST RECEIVED.
Call and Examine.

STOVES.

Buy Them and Save 20 Per Cent, AT ESMONDE BROS.

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.......................$300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £83 10s. Total outlay by assured, £113: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £113 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent.

1467 3m

DOMINION

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards. For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL, Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1 148tf

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa.

2921f P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS

OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

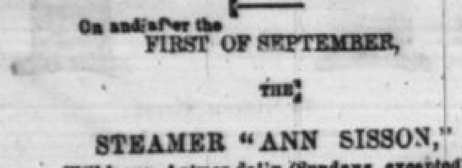
The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144 tf

Mc.DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the oral banks. 21 9tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap. 36.) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY OF FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES, Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

TO LET.

From the 15th November to the 1st May next, the house at present occupied by Dr Henry, corner of Kent and Wellington streets Apply after p.m. 1486 6

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Med

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles.

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied. The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDNER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach. Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton. Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK. ONLY BY. MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London.

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2aw6m 1awk6m

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

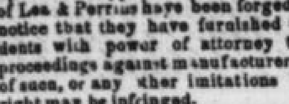
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 law

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October next,

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORSLE Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office, Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1462td

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of, the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port o Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

The Tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works Ottawa, October 1, 1870 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago........................ 850 miles

Grand Trunk to Detroit.................. 736 do

Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit........................ 756 do

Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route........................ 120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained

1366tf OPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $336 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 -1

LOST.

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 1443

MADRID 1867 PRIMERA CLASE PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862 MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as if were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal,

Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81 The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $5 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,

Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materia and Founder's Supplies,

32 Lemoine Street, Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.

Low Oven Cook Stoves.

Double Stoves. Parlour Stoves,

Box Stoves all sizes. Hotel Cook Stoves.

Dumb Stoves. Hot Air Furnaces.

Stove Pipes. Elbows.

Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT,"

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, August 6 3m

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 7.30 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3.45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4, a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 p m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.45 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown........................$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown........................35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown........................$100 00

Halifax........................20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer........................45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown........................30 00

Halifax........................15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer........................30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York,

or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,

No 5 Sparks street.

Ma 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td lawt.

Sarsaparilla

PREPARED BY

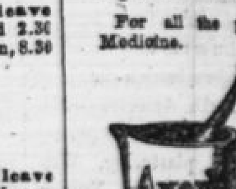
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical ... Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffat, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Mason, Esq., McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq., A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq., J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs STARNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its engagements shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of Insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and for its promptness of its settlement the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

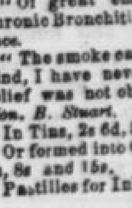
Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly ...

It has no adjusted losses ...

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public ...

1298tf

FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis



DATURA TATULA

"A remedy at great usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medicine.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. ... kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General ...*

Hon. B. Stuart.

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, ... 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, ...

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., ...

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 5s 6d, ... and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles ...

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. ...

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town

Ottawa, July 5, 1873.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business. Apply at ... References given if required.

TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 38, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, JAMES C... Managing Director.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. V. NO. 1491. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Province of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McLAY WRIGHT. 12w F C CLEMOW.

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Fisher & Ward, has removed his Chancery office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russel House, Elgin-st.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-st. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Sight Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.
Sussex Lane.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister & Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, (Original). 34-6m

KERR & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, and Quebec, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
ROBERT KERR. REES EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Building, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 439y

A. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Armond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

OSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa. 1004 GEORGE TAILLON
WILLIAM MOSGROVE.

PETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec. Hull, near the Post Office. 1001f

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, (McGill University) Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, (formerly That recently occupied by Dr Malloch) at Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1389y

R. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr Hearn's Drug Store, last end of Sussex's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At Night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX NOVA SCOTIA.
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
1489y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street,
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.
DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply SETS OF TEETH, or to insert single Teeth on Gold, on either gold, silver or vulcanite plates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearer, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.
N. B. with a view to the removal of painful prominences during the operation of extracting chipped or diseased teeth, he introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or Laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without pain or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.
Can be consulted any day, except Sunday, his office from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

DOMINICK FOX,
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel
Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing down to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq, Walter Smith, Esq.
Jos Aumond, Esq, R W Cruice, Esq.
1328.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Dominion of Canada street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England 1326y

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.
Probably never before in the whole history of the world has anything been so widely and so deeply in the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long chain of years, and among most of the races of men, it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to all other forms of disease and to young children, it is the acknowledged the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a protection against sudden attacks of Croup, it should always be kept in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.
Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the diseases of the lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.
Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.
Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.
Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.
It is generally are its virtues known that we need only publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,
For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chills and Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from Malarious, marsh, or miasmatic exhalations.
It contains neither Quinine, Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Mercury, or any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it is never injurious to any patient. The great success of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe unparalleled in the history of Ague medicine. We feel gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases and where other remedies had wholly failed. Unprincipled persons, either resident in, or visiting through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.
For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the liver into healthy activity.
For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is the best remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold by all druggists throughout the world.
PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,
Bordeaux and other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABRE HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—
Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE—
Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—
COGNAC BRANDIES Hennault & Co, Hennessey, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—
De Kuyper's and Houtman's. a wood bottle.
WINES—
Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
High proof and Proof, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale strictly for cash prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time or bar aina 1149

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
O'MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles
Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.
MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to employ the most experienced hair dressers.
MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.
He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.
MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES
To be had
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE
PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES.
These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the sanatory and universal remedy.
N. B.—The following testimony from the office of the English medical faculty has been received:
"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful practice.
Dated the 9th day of March, 1868.
SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., F.R.C.P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M.D., F.R.S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F.R.S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M.D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F.R.C.S."
PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are conferred by the hands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).
These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative process, to which the inventor has devoted a lifetime of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electician MICHAEL FARADY.
PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are accordingly adaptive without the aid of medicine or restriction of diet or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Dyspepsia	&c., &c.

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.
PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.
B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantal, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Hagbey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.
No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.
A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.
J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of
JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,
the Village of Kenmore,
AN INSOLVENT.
ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.
Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.
Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to
CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St
Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw2Tf

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.
Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R. Front, containing 200 acres, 110 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotte, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to
CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.
Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w3Tf

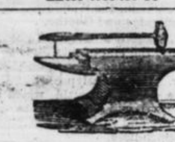
SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,
A Branch of the Monklands Villa,
MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,
The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.
Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.
For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIOR
Corner of O'Connor and Wellington Streets
Ottawa, August 13, 1870 1433tf

BOARD.
A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.
Ottawa, September 19 1870 86tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.
MAIL STEAMER
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
CAPT. BOWIE,
Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily,
MARKET STEAMER
FAIRY
CAPT. NICHOLS.
Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.
R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

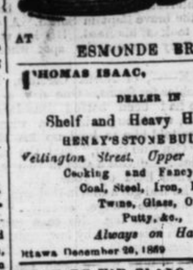
Hardware.



SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of
Grass and Cradle Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field Silver Steel.
Bounte Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scythe.
Whitings Eureka Scythe ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythe Snathes.
Grain Cradles Maley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
CONSTANTLY ON HAND A GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deaf Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c, &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

STOVES.



Buy Them and Save 20 Per Cent,
AT
ESMONDE BROS.

THOMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware
HENRY'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stoves
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope.
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand
Ottawa December 20, 1869 1236.1

EAU DE VIE BLANC,
A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavouring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.
A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.
A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.
J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.
Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at..... 4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 7:30 a m
Trains for Lachine at ..... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.
The 1:30 p m train runs through to Provincial Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at..... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at..... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at..... 3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at..... 6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at..... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Costicook only, at..... 10:10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.
They has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.
The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6:15 p m for St John, N B. &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 25, Great St James Street.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870 1425tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.
IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.
ACCELERATION OF SPEED.
NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS
Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.
On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:
GOING WEST.
Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at..... 9 00 a m
NIGHT do do..... 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations..... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and Intermediate stations..... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Provincial Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at..... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at..... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at..... 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at..... 6 00 a m
Do do do do ..... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at..... 1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage Checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 15 p m for St John, N B, &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 25, Great St James Street.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870 1425tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.
Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the
RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.
In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the
EAST AND WEST,
With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome
NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,
Unsurpassed on the continent.
TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.
As fast as completed,
PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS
Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.
For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870. 1425tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

Arrival	Hours	Mails	Close	Delivered
		Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lennoxville, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	A.M.	A.M.
11.15	6.00	Montreal, by Steamer	A.M.	A.M.
11.15	8.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	P.M.	P.M.
11.15	7.30	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Newmarket, U.S., and all places west of Prescott		
7.30	9.45	Boston, by Steamer; Quebec, Arraptor, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.		
11.15	8.00	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway, Ogdensburgh, Gouverneur, Watertown, U.S., and all places west of Prescott		
8.00	11.00	Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Quebec, Arraptor, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.		
5.00	6.30	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.		
12.15	4.00	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway		
5.00	11.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.		
11.15	4.00	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway		
7.30		Ogdensburgh, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway, Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway		
11.15		Ogdensburgh, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway, Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway		
8.00		Ogdensburgh, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway, Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway		
8.00	4.30	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway		
8.00		Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylmer, Kanahana, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays		
12.30		Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		
11.30	1.00			
5.00	1.00			
	8.00			
	9.45			
	9.45			
	9.45

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

House Wanted.
The Ottawa Turf Club Races—E. C. Barber.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1870.

Hon. Mr. Chauveau will probably be here to-morrow.

The Minister of Marine is expected here on Thursday.

We regret to hear that the Hon. Mr. Howe is unwell.

Mr. Daley, Immigration Agent at Montreal, and Mr. Stafford, from Quebec, are etc.

An examining warehouse is shortly to be erected at Kingston in the vicinity of the Custom House.

Hon. Mr. Carling, and possibly some other members of the Ontario Government are expected to be present at the Immigration Conference.

We understand that there was no truth in the story of U. S. troops having tried to pass through the Welland Canal and been prevented from doing so.

We believe that the Minister of Customs' visit to Windsor had special reference to the question of American vessels entering Western ports, and to the charges connected therewith.

Colonel Jarvis gives an encouraging account of the condition of affairs in the North West. He does not think there is any reason to apprehend trouble. Colonel Jarvis' presence not being required in New York, he will return to Fort Garry in a few days.

The United States mackerel schooner *Lizzie A. Tarr*, which was seized by the government cruiser *La Canadienne*, for trespassing on the Canadian fisheries, has been condemned in the Vice-Admiralty Court at Quebec, and is advertised to be sold at public auction on Thursday.

In the different ports visited by the Minister of Customs in the course of his official tour of inspection, a very large increase in the Customs' returns is noticed, affording a conclusive proof of the general prosperity of the country. As an instance we may mention that at Chatham, (Ont.,) the receipts during the first ten days of the present month, were nearly equal to those of any three months in the previous year.

The American fishing vessel *A. J. Franklin* was seized on Monday last by Captain Tory, of the Marine Police schooner *Ida E.*, while in the act of taking fish inside Sea Wolf islands, on the N. W coast of Cape Breton, N. S. The master is said to have presented an American fishing license and a customs clearance from the Collector at Prince Edward Island, as an excuse for being in Canadian waters. The captured vessel was taken into Pictou.

Mr. Lovell seems determined that his Dominion Directory shall be in all respects reliable and complete. We understand that he has sent between 3.000 and 4,000 copies of that portion of it which contains the Directory of Ottawa to be distributed in this city, with the request that persons will aid in its correction, and suggest any requisite alterations or additions. We feel sure that every one will be glad to do what they can to assist in the completion of this great national work.

One object which the Minister of Customs had in view when visiting Toronto, was to decide whether it would be advisable to build a new examining warehouse at that port (for which purpose $10,000 were voted last session), or whether in view of the increased and constantly increasing business done there, it would not be better and more economical in the end, to build a new Custom House with an examining warehouse attached. We believe that after examining the present building, and taking into consideration the immense amount of business done at Toronto, the Minister feels disposed to recommend the erection of a new Custom House.

The following are the public debts of the leading nations of the world. Of course the debt of France will be very considerably augmented by the present war:

	Amount of Debt. £
United Kingdom	749,000,000
United States	477,000,000
North and South Germany (about)	150,000,000
Holland, Belgium	107,000,000
France	600,000,000
Austria	300,000,000
Russia (about)	300,000,000
Spain (about)	225,000,000
Italy (about)	257,000,000

Great Britain, Holland, Belgium and the United States, are the only nations which are not actually increasing their indebtedness. Since 1815, the debt of the former has been reduced £110,000,000. France in the same period has run up her debt from £70,000,000. Russia's debt has increased from £80,000,000 to £300,000,000; Spain has doubled her debt, and Italy has multiplied hers by five.

On good authority we learn that agents are looking out all over England for a suitable permanent residence for the ex-Imperial Family, and that a mansion at Rockhampton, near Barnes, may yet be selected. Bristed Park, near Tunbridge, which was at first thought of, has too many attractions for its proprietor to allow of his parting with it. But if we are to believe the papers, there must be at least a dozen English noblemen, including the Duke of Hamilton, who are all anxious to place their castles at the disposal of the illustrious refugees, so that they have abundant reason to think well of British hospitality. One thing is certain, there is no lack of money; and it will be a great pleasure to many to know the fact.

IMMIGRATION.

We have often alluded to the great question of Immigration, and have pointed out how important it is, both for Canada and the Mother Country, that every possible influence should be brought to bear in order to attract emigrants to these shores. At no former period in the history of this country was the importance of this subject so generally recognised, at no former period have the same energetic and systematic efforts been made by those who are connected with the work of encouraging emigration to Canada, nor have we ever before been able to offer the same inducements to the honest and industrious poor of other lands to come and cast in their lot among us, as at present.

In the year 1868 the present Minister of Agriculture, then a member of the Quebec Government, in conjunction with the Hon. Mr. Chauveau suggested to the Dominion authorities, that it would be expedient for the Dominion and Local Governments to meet and confer together occasionally regarding this question. In compliance with this suggestion the Immigration Act of 1869 provides that a conference between the representatives of the several Governments shall be held from time to time for the purpose of agreeing upon some harmonious action. A Conference was held in 1868 and again in 1869 at about this time of the year, and to-day the representatives of the various Provinces will meet in the office of the Department of Agriculture, in order to afford them an opportunity of comparing notes and expressing their views, and at the same time of hearing the statements and suggestions made by the agents of the Department from Quebec, Montreal, and other important points.

There are some reasons which render this Conference of more interest and importance than any which has preceeded it, not the least among which is the presence of Mr. Dixon, the energetic Agent of the Department in England, who will, no doubt, be able to afford the representatives of the Dominion and Local Governments a vast amount of valuable information. In making mention of this gentleman's name, we may with propriety bear testimony to his industry and ability, and to the constant watchfulness which he has displayed in culling from Canadian journals all items of news likely to be interesting to the intending emigrant, and securing their publication in the columns of the English press. It is in this particular portion of his duty that we have had the best opportunity of judging of Mr. Dixon's fitness for the post he holds, and we are happy to hear that in other departments of the work allotted to him, he is equally painstaking and industrious. Another matter in connection with the Immigration Conference of 1870 which makes it of more than usual interest is the fact that it is the first over which the present Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has presided. Mr. Dunkin has for many years given a considerable amount of time and consideration to the question, and has perhaps done as much to encourage imigration to Canada as any man. There is therefore good reason to hope that now he is at the head of the Department, some well digested and comprehensive scheme will be introduced which will tend to promote a more extended emigration to this country. We have no desire, however, to eulogize Mr. Dunkin beforehand; like other Ministers of the Crown in Canada he will be judged by the nature of the measures which he introduces, and it is only because we know that he is in earnest in the matter, and that he really wishes to promote emigration to this country, that we venture to predict for his efforts highly satisfactory results. In this connection we cannot refrain from making some allusion to the very unfair strictures which have recently been made upon the Department of Agriculture and its chief, by the Toronto *Globe*, and one or two other papers. If the organization of this Department has not hitherto been everything it ought to be, if the success which has attended its efforts has not been as large as we could have wished, it is manifestly unfair that Mr. Dunkin, who has only held office for a few months, and has not had time to develop a new system, should be blamed for any negligence, real or supposed, on the part of his predecessors. The Toronto *Globe*, which, during the time that Mr. Brown held office, was perfectly satisfied with the manner in which the business of the Department was conducted, now, denounces it as thoroughly inefficient. The *Globe* is the last journal whose utterances should have any weight on immigration matters. So far as its influence goes, it has for the most part been directed towards keeping people away from Canada. The Government, and everybody and every public company throughout the length and the breadth of the land, have been denounced as infamous and corrupt if they did not happen to agree politically with the Toronto "Thunderer." Certainly people reading and believing such statements, would scarcely be likely to select a country of so much misrule and confusion as their future home. They would rather give it a wide berth, or if they did land upon its shores, hurry through it as speedily as the Grand Trunk trains could carry them. The latest allusion made by the *Globe* to the Immigration Conference is about as refreshing a specimen of cool effrontery as is often seen It says that its articles on immigration have "evidently had some effect, as a conference is to be held at Ottawa at the end of this week to discuss this important question." Now, considering that the Immigration Act of 1868 provides for the holding of such conferences, that one has been held annually, and that the present one was announced in these columns at least a fortnight since, it is difficult to decide whether ignorance or impudence is most strikingly illustrated in the *Globe's* remark. We merely allude to it as an evidence of the unfair and reckless assertions which are so frequently found in its columns. In its attack on the Department of Agriculture, as in its recent onslaughts against the Grand Trunk Railway, the *Globe* has chosen the very worst and most inappropriate time it could possibly have selected—just as the improvements of all kinds on the Grand Trunk Railway were being generally acknowledged by the press and the public everywhere the *Globe* falls foul of its manager, and now that more attention is being paid to immigration affairs than before, the Department is attacked, and its chief denounced as incapable. Of course we are not in a position to say what will be done at the Conference, or what will be the nature of the measures advised by the Minister of Agriculture in order to encourage immigration. We presume that this will not be made public until Parliament meets. Meanwhile it is encouraging to know that the Government are thoroughly in earnest in the work, that they are not disposed to leave anything undone which will be likely to encourage industrious men and women to seek a home in Canada, and that they have availed themselves of the advice and assistance of a number of English gentlemen who have had a large amount of experience in emigration affairs, and who recognise, as we do, how important it is that the surplus population of Great Britain should look to Canada as their future home, instead of laying aside their British birthright and becoming citizens of a foreign country.

CANADIAN POETRY IN THE UNITED STATES.

We are glad to see that the poems of Mr. John Reade, of Montreal, are being fairly appreciated by the United States press and public. The Boston *Advertiser* referring to his "Prophecy of Merlin," a notice of which has already appeared in these columns, says:

"The poems of Mr. John Reade, of Montreal, embrace a variety of subjects, metres, and styles, and bear date from 1855 to 1870. "The Prophecy of Merlin," the principal poem, is written in the style of Tennyson's "Idyls of the King." It represents Sir Bedivere, the last of Arthur's knights, lying on the beach, wounded, and mourning the death of the king. To him came Merlin, who first healed the wounded body by magic, and then the sorrowful soul by prophecy. He sung of the long sleep of Arthur in Avalon, while Britain should grow great by land and sea under the rule of other kings, until one shall come whose name

"Clasping the trophies of all ages, won
By knightly deeds in every land and sea,
Shall be *Victoria*.
Then shall come a Prince
From o'er the sea, of goodly mien and fair,
And, winning her, win all that she has won—
Wedded to her, be good as she is pure—
Reigning with her be wise as he is great—
And, loving her, be loved by all the world!"

Sir Bedivere naturally enough thinks this is Arthur himself returned to his kingdom, but Merlin chides his impatience and continues his prophecy, telling how the "Blameless Prince" shall love peace, and truth, and charity, and art, and learning; how he shall build a chrystal palace, "image of his ample mind;" how war shall come again; how Albert shall die, and

"The Queen
Shall weep long years in lonely palace-halls,
Missing the music of a silent voice;"

and how she shall write the story of his life. Bedivere, evidently disliking the prophecies, and eager to get at the point of the story, interrupts again, half-apologizing,

("For I am but a knight, and thou, a sage,")

and begs Merlin to tell him

"If in the far off after time, shall come
A Prince who shall be known by Arthur's name,
And bear it blamelessly as he did his"

Then Merlin told of Arthur, "son of the Good Queen and the Blameless Prince," and of the land of stately woods, of swift broad rivers, and of ocean lakes, which Arthur would visit, "shedding new glories" on the head king's name. And Bedivere was moved to tears, and he said:—

"And now, I pray God bless him when he comes,
That other Arthur. May he keep his name
As pure as his who ruled in Camelot;
May he, in every wise, be like to him,
Save in the pain that comes of love deceived
And trampled faith; and may his far-off land
Be great by noble deeds of noble men."

The City Collector.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Aside from the fact that every well ordered mind must desire, and, when needed, assist in giving effect to correct moral principles, and conversely to discountenence injustice, tyranny, and such like out-croppings of the evil heart, it may perhaps be said, and properly enough, that there is no need of outside interference between the Managing Director of the TIMES and the Collector of city taxes; but unquestionably it is everybody's business who pay taxes to ask if he chooses whether these taxes have been properly collected, and when collected paid into the hands of the City Chamberlain. Now as the year is drawing to a close and as it is a well ascertained fact that a proportion of the city's income has been paid to the Collector, I contend it is but fair to the public that the reason why the salaries of the School Teachers have not been paid should be explained. The Chamberlain refuses to pay the cheques of the Chairman of the Board of School Trustees, alleging that he has no funds, and he also comes forward to deny having stated that the Collector had withheld the moneys he had received. The unavoidable inference is that the taxes have been but partially collected, and this inference finds support in the fact that only on 23rd September, 1870, the Collector commences to use some little emphasis in his application to the Managing Director of the TIMES for the payment of a very considerable sum due by him for taxes which the law required should have been collected on or before 31st December of the same year. I am aware that a delay of three months even beyond this has generally been granted by the Corporation to the Collector, although their right to do this is not very clear, but the Year had passed and the Quarter's grace had passed, and another Quarter had passed, and the third term had nearly expired before the Collector felt it his duty to press the claim. Why did Mr. Preston deal so gently with Mr. Cotton? He had not dealt so tenderly with a gentleman who had written in the TIMES about him. Was it to propitiate that stout journal that he stretched the law and neglected his duty? These are questions we have every right to ask, and moreover, the employees of the Collector will do well to see that they are satisfactorily answered. If Mr Preston could give Mr. Cotton nine month's grace, why he can show similar indulgencies to other tax payers, and for aught we know to the contrary he is doing so at this moment. A supposition which would account for the impecunious condition of the Chamberlain. I cannot but think, Mr. Editor, that the offices of School Trustees and City Collector are incompatible. The Collector may—I do not say he does—use the funds he receives and derives "casual advantages" from them, while the School Teachers are suffering for want of the money they have righteously earned, but if any of them complain, the Collector *alias* School Trustee may—I do not say he will—remember it to their sorrow some day. If Mr. Preston is the man he wishes people to think he is, he will at once explain why he waited so long for Mr. Cotton's taxes for 1869; next, why after having been paid he distrained upon Mr. Cotton's effects, and lastly he will resign either the Collectorship or the School Trusteeship.

I have heard it stated that the money which should have been applied to the payment of the Teachers had been diverted to other uses, and if this is the case Mr. Preston owes it to himself to show that at any rate he has collected and paid into the Chamberlain's hands all he could reasonably have been expected to collect up to this time. It has clearly become the duty of the citizens who cheerfully support the Common Schools, to see to it that the money is properly applied, and that those persons, who have an undoubted first claim to consideration shall receive their hire promptly after it has been earned.

I am, Sir,
Your obd't. serv't.,
FAIR PLAY.

Ottawa, Oct. 18, 1870.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—The *Times* to-day on the continental situation, reminds its readers that this is the anniversary of the Battle of Nations, which occurred near Leipsig on the 18th Oct., 1813. It has been generally understood in the German camp that the bombardment of Paris from all the batteries simultaneously would be opened on this anniversary day, which is so full of glorious remembrances to the Germans, and which has been regularly celebrated for years. The world is waiting for the events of to-day.

The German army in France is maintained by constant reinforcements. It is estimated that fully 600,000 armed Germans are on French soil.

Nothing has yet been heard from La Forte St. Aubyn. At the last account a battle was imminent at that point.

Gambetta has left Tours for the French army in the Vosges, which is to be organized for the purpose of resisting German advances ou Lyons.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—The sortie under Trochu on Saturday completed the work of driving the Germans from their investing positions south and west of Paris.

The French advanced under cover of a tremendous cannonade, in three columns upon Chevilly, Serves and Borvinal. The latter was the most serious attack, and resulted in the defeat of the Pomeranians, under Von Kirchbach. This compelled the Bavarians to retreat from Bayeaux and Chatillon.

A division of Gen. Tonn's troops held stubbornly Chevailly and Letay. The Germans lost over 8,000 killed and wounded, and prisoners, and large supplies.

The Garde National of Calais to-day proceeded to Amiens, where a force is organizing to attack the Germans moving north from Soissons.

Garibaldi was yesterday received at Bisaneon with immense enthusiasm. He reviewed a large force of the Gardes Mobile, Gardes National, and Francs Tireurs, and made the following animated speech, which was responded to with extreme ardor by the troops and the people:—

"*Soldiers of Free France*:—I see in your gallant battalions the nucleus of an army of the United States of Europe; the army of liberty and the army of law.

"The Monarchies of the old world are condemned, they are in arms to-day for the last time. Monarchy in Europe fell at Sedan, and is dying for ever before Paris, and I see among you not Frenchmen only, but Europeans,—not Europeans only, but men. In your ranks American volunteers, the soldiery of Washington and Lincoln, the immortal, invincible enemies of despotism in every form—are fighting by the side of the sons of the Rhine and Loire. Italians are hastening over the Alps, Republican Spaniards are hastening over the Pyrenees to battle with you, not against Germany, but against monarchy,—not against a people misled, but against Princes who mislead all people.

"From all parts of France thousands of young, brave men are hastening to the field of action.

"France, yesterday bowed in sackcloth to the earth, looks to-day clad in arms, proudly up to heaven.

"With France, Europe will rise rejuvenated. You are fighting for the freedom of a continent, for the rights of humanity. Onward, then to the Vosges."

Soissons only surrendered after a most terrible destruction of life and property, 3,500 houses being laid in ashes. The Prussians encountered terrible resistance from the National Guard, fighting hand to hand in the streets, and capturing one part of the city house by house. They were driven back through the burning city four times in succession, but were constantly reinforced, and bore the French down by sheer weight of numbers. No quarter was given, and the wounded were bayoneted where they fell. Women hurled missiles from houses on the heads of the invaders. The sacrifice of life was awful.

The Grand Duke Mecklenburg went at the slaughter, and refusing to order an assault, begged the French Commander to capitulate in the name of humanity. After the splendid glassworks of Gobelin and foundries, mills and refineries were totally destroyed.

The press of Stuttgart and Munich ridicules the project of the German Empire.

London bankers decline to negotiate paper on Germany, particularly on Berlin.

The attempt to fill the English market with a view to a new Prussian loan has resulted in a failure.

It is rumored Prussia offers a project for the erection of an independent neutral state of Luxembourg, Alsace and Lorraine, under the brother of the King of Holland, Prince Henry of Orange and Nassau. The annexation of Alsace and Lorraine to be effected after a plebiscitum of which Prussia guarantees independence.

Crowded meetings were held in London last night and to-day, in favor of English intervention in the Franco-Prussian war.

A great procession is to march on Wednesday to the house of Gladstone, to denounce the Government.

It is expected that fifty thousand men will march.

BRUSSELS. 17th.—The report that General Boyer has left Metz for Versailles to negotiate for the surrender of the fortress is considered authentic here.

The rumor that negotiations are pending for peace on the basis of the cession of Alsace and Luxemburg to Prussia is also believed to be well founded, and it is stated that another interview between Favre and Bismarck to that end will soon be held.

Wild rice is successfully grown in Upper Canada to feed wild ducks.

Among the stock displayed at the State fair a Utica, N. Y., is a bullock weighing four thousand pounds.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off.
For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

LITERARY.

Professor Oliver W. Holmes is said to be engaged on a new volume of essays.

The death is announced, at the age of seventy-seven, of Mr. Jeremiah Garnett, one of the founders of the *Manchester Guardian*.

A grammar of the Siamese language is to be published at Bangkok, in Siam, by J. T. Jones, D. D., for many years a resident in that country.

The author of "Legendary Fictions of the Irish Celts" has a new work on an equally promising subject in the press. Mr. Kennedy names his forthcoming volume "The Fireside Stories of Ireland."

The announcement of a new novel by Lord Lytton has excited a great demand for early sheets among Americans and, curiously enough, also among Dutch publishers. One American house is said to have offered £500 for them.

The *Record* notes the death of Mr. James Evans, who was the originator of that journal, at Cannes. Mr. Evans was also the originator of a well-known French religious paper, the *Esperance*. He was 78 years of age.

We are glad to hear that a new edition of Mr. John Hossack's ingenious book, "Mary, Queen of Scotts, and her Accusers," is nearly ready. The first edition was a great success, being exhausted in the course of three months.

Mr. John Edmund Reade, one of our minor poets, has just died at the age of seventy. He was the author of seven or eight volumes of poems, and his first volume, "Cain, the Wanderer," was praised by Coleridge and Goethe.

Dr. Tregelle's Greek Testament, complete to the end of St. Jude's Epistle, is promised in one volume, on the 1st of October. The Apocalypse will follow as soon as the doctor's health, which is still far from good, will allow him to resume his labours; and with it will be given the proper appendices.

An account of the pilgrimage to Mecca in 1864 by the late Nawab Sikandar, Begum of Bhopal, is about to be published by Messrs. Allen. The translation is by Mrs. Willoughby Osborne. We believe that this is the first work by an Eastern lady ever published.

The Prior of the Benedictine Monastery at Belmont, near Hereford, will shortly publish a work on which he has been engaged for some years, on "The Life and Times of St. Thomas Aquinas;" and another of the fathers at the same monastery has in the press a refutation, from the Catholic point of view, of the sacerdotal theory of Orders in the Church of England.

The September number of the *Vyestnik Evropui* of St. Petersburg, contains a long article on "Lothair," headed "The Jesuits in contemporary England." The book has produced so great a sensation in Russia, that, according to the reviewer, "in Petersburg the booksellers cannot manage to order a sufficient number of copies.

The *Leisure Hour* informs us that "Baron Munchausen" was long believed to be only a *nom de plume*, and a parody on the "Travels of Baron de Tott," or on Bruce's "Travels in Abyssinia." In the *Gentleman's Magazine* for January, 1857, it is satisfactorily made out that "Munchausen's Travels" were written at Dalcoath Mine, in Cornwall, by Mr. Raspe, a German, who was a storekeeper of that establishment.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

From the Observatory at Marseilles, a comet has recently been discovered, which is visible only through the telescope. It is moving from the "Whale" toward the "Ram" with great velocity. It has also been observed from the Dusseldorf Observatory.

The Duke of Buccleuch and Queensberry once wrote from Dalkeith to order some wire fencing. The manufacturers addressed his unrecognized grace as "Messrs. Buccleuch and Queensberry, Dalkeith."

It is reported that the mitrailleuse is to be immediately adopted in the British service, Mr. Cardwell having determined to attach one of light construction to every company of infantry.

A man was recently committed to prison in England, for two months, for playing a game of "pitch and toss" in an "isolated part of the parish."

We understand that Her Majesty the Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the dedication of Mr. Benedict's oratorio "St. Peter," which produced so great an impression at the Birmingham Musical Festival.

The Maine census is now complete and the footings make the entire population of the State 630,423. In 1860 the population was 628,279, thus showing an increase during the last ten years of 2,144.

English papers are publishing stories about two old soakers who lived to 108 and 115, and got drunk every night for the last 50 years. But what ages might they have reached had they not thus early fallen victims to alcohol?

The death is announced of Mr. John Braithwaite, the civil engineer, who, from the earliest formation of railways was engaged in their construction, both in England and on the Continent. He was seventy-three years of age.

A vinegar-hearted old bachelor says he always looks under the head of "Marriages," for the news of the *weak*.

Friendship closes its eyes, rather than see the moon eclipsed: while malice denies that it is ever at the full.

A British drummer was taken before Turenne as a spy, and as a test of his veracity was required to beat a retreat. He replied: "Retreat! There is no such beat in the British service."

A Yankee writer, describing one of the engagements in the late war, gives the following interesting item:—"In the battle we lost the brave Captain Smith. A cannon ball took off his head. His last words were, "Bury me on the spot where I fell."

Judge K——, of North Carolina, is a great stickler for forms. One day a soldier, who had been batted considerably in the war, was brought in as a witness. The Judge told him to hold up his right hand. "Can't do it, sir," said the man. "Why not?" "Got a shot in that arm, sir." "Then hold up your left." The man said he had got a shot in that arm, too. "Then," said the Judge, sternly, "you must hold up your leg. No man can be sworn, sir, in this court, by law, unless he holds up something!"

Teacher: "Why was Joseph put into the pit?" Thomas, (who goes to the theatre on week days): "Because there was no room for him in the family circle."

A distinguished President of Harvard College was once asked by a brother clergyman how long it took him to write a sermon. He said, "Sometimes a week, sometimes longer." "What! a week to write a sermon? I write one in a day, and make nothing of it." "Yes," replied the Doctor; "but I make something of mine."

Lorenzo Dow, the celebrated itinerant preacher, once came across a man who was deeply lamenting that his axe had been stolen. Dow told the man if he would come to meeting with him he would find his axe. At the meeting Dow had on the pulpit, in plain sight, a large stone. Suddenly in the middle of the sermon he stopped, took up the stone, and said:—"An axe was stolen in this neighborhood last night, and if the man who took it don't dodge, I will hit him on the forehead with this stone," and at the same time making a violent effort to throw it. A person present dodged his head, and forthwith acknowledged the theft.

"Look reaund," he said, "an' see if there is isno' summat short. Fat women there are plenty. I think they'r begun o' feedin' 'em like pigs, and they're just abeaut as handsome. Little folk there are too, but no giants. Waxwork an' wild bastes ther is; a circus an' conjurin'. Conno complain o' th' music, becose ther's plenty o' that. But wheer's Shakspere, Ah! Wheer's tradegy? Wheer's Hamblet an' th' Prince o' Wales? Not a pair o' breawn papper boots to be seen. No lung black curls an' savage faces nowheere. No owd fac's tumblin' an' marlockin' abeaut, an' clippin' wenches as they gooan up th' ladder. No pink stockin's and pinkier noses. No deancin' eautside, an' sheatin' —'All in, to begin!' three times afore they mean it. No five murders in as many minits, wi' a comic song, a sailor's hornpipe, an' a pantymime, for a penny! Shokspere and Sawdust—yo'n had yor day!"—*Ben Brierlay's Journal.*

In reference to the rumors which have been current that there is at present a scarcity of seamen for the royal navy, the *Pall Mall Gazette* states "upon authority" that, if necessary, there would be no difficulty in manning five additional iron-clads.

WAR NEWS BY MAIL.

BEFORE PARIS.

One of the correspondents of the *Times* writing from Lagny, ten miles south-west of Meaux, near Paris, September 20, says:

"The situation of things here becomes intensely interesting. On Thursday last, the 15th, the King's head-quarters, with the bulk of the 6th Army Corps, came from Chateau Thierry to Meaux. There are seven corps before Paris, of which the 12th Saxon is exceptionally strong—about 40,000 men—making a total of about 250,000 men, with, perhaps, 50,000 reserve coming up in the rear. On Saturday, the 17th, the Crown Prince drove into Meaux, and conferred with the King for several hours, returning to his own head-quarters about 5 p.m. The investing movement is going on slowly but surely. Already, three days ago, the German cavalry had passed round the whole west of Paris, and seized and cut all the lines of rail leading out of the city. Never was an army better *eclairee* or better served by its cavalry than this. Yesterday, the 19th, the King left Meaux at 11, and on a rumour that there had been fighting at Claye proceeded there, turning south in the afternoon to Lagny, and on to Baron Rothschild's magnificent chateau at Ferriers, six miles south from here, which had been prepared for His Majesty for the night. A broken bridge across the Marne delayed the royal party till late, and it was quite nine before the King arrived at Lagny, and two hours later, after dining with Prince Charles, his brother, passed on at a round trot to Ferriers. He was attended only by the usual royal escort, composed of one non-commissioned officer and one soldier chosen from each one of the cavalry regiments of the confederated German armies. This is the true principle of selection for a royal guard. It gives every regiment a personal interest in the safety and welfare of the Sovereign. To form one of this chosen phalanx is a privilege keenly sought and highly prized. Yesterday, about 2 p.m., passers-by near the village of Couilly, would have seen a remarkable sight. A carriage, plain but elegant, with two fine horses, conveyed Jules Favre and a Prussian officer, who had escorted him through the lines, towards Meaux. The representatives and head of the French Republic was coming himself to try the effect of a personal interview in negotiation. He had expected to meet Count Bismarck at Meaux, where rooms had been ordered for him the day before. But the King's move yesterday upset this calculation, and the two high contracting parties crossed each other on the road. The great Count, the arbiter of the destinies of Europe at this moment, is as modest and practical as he is powerful. At a little wayside cottage the Count's pursuit ended. Jules Favre was brought to bay. Dismounting and retiring to this house, it is said, both entered on their important business. But to return to the German armies. Fully 600,000 men in the flush and vigour of victory occupy the soil of France. Everywhere one reads the determination to conquer a lasting peace. The investment goes on slowly, but without a step to undo. Six regiments of siege artillery of 72 guns each are hastening here from the Rhine. Sheltered by the vast and wide-spread net of restless Uhlans and active dragoons, the German engineers are completing their reconnaissances and maturing their plans of attack. Already the points to be first seized are said to be determined: No one in the army believes that Paris will resist long after the contiguous forts have fallen.

NAPOLEON AND THE FRENCH.

(North German Correspondent, Sept. 24.)

A great deal of wrath has been unnecessarily wasted by the neutral, and particularly by some of the English papers, on an imaginary "diabolical" project of King William to replace the Emperor Napoleon, by force of arms, on the throne of France. The sole foundation for this perfectly gratuitous supposition appears to be the kind and respectful treatment accorded to the captive of Wilhelmshohe by his Prussian Majesty, for we cannot believe that any one in his senses will attach a political signification to the joke imputed to Count Bismarck last July, that "if the French were beaten, the best punishment they could get would be to make them keep their Emperor." It is rather mystifying to find Germany one day represented by some of the London organs of public opinion as vigorously prosecuting the war with the intention of giving Bonapartism the *coup de grace*, while a week later we are pilloried as the sworn allies and upholders of an "effete empire."

In a former number we endeavored to show that King William could not well refuse to regard his prisoner as being still the Emperor of the French. When Napoleon surrendered his sword at Sedan, no one will contend that he was not the acknowledged ruler of France—recognized as such both at home and abroad—and this undoubted fact decided on the reception he was to find in Germany, and the character of his imprisonment. It must be recollected that the King of Prussia was not his judge, and had only to dispose of the captive in a manner compatible with the honor of the allied Governments. Louis Napoleon is as truly a sovereign at Wilhelmshohe as Francis I. was at Madrid; and war, among civilized nations does not abolish international courtesy.

If it is asserted that the proclamation of the Republic must be regarded as the knell of the Empire, we must confess our inability to see how eleven private persons, supported by a tumultuous street rabble, could put themselves in the place of a Government regularly elected and solemnly confirmed by the French people. Nor, to do the Committee of Defence justice, do they claim to be regarded as the successors of the Regency. The country is to decide next month, by its legitimate representatives, on the fate of the Empire and the Republic. Should the disposition of the Emperor be then adopted by the people of France, he will, of course, become a private individual; but, till that time comes, we are required, both by courtesy and a regard for legality, to treat him as Napoleon III. Count Bismarck, as we know, has consented to receive Mr Jules Favre, and there is no doubt he will point out to that able lawyer the almost inseparable difficulties in the way of negotiating or concluding a treaty of peace with the Provisional Government, since it has as yet met with only partial recognition in France, and is quite unable to offer any guarantees that the terms it may make with Germany will be accepted by the Constituent French Assembly next month.

Should Louis Napoleon be definitively deposed by the formal decision of the French people, we can assure the neutral press that Germany will not move a finger in the cause of Bonapartism. Such a course would be incompatible both with our feelings and our interests. It is absurd to talk of legitimist sympathies for a family whose present head has described himself as a *parvenu*. Till France, however, has decided on her future destinies, Louis Napoleon, for us, is still the Emperor.

THE CITADEL OF LAON.

A letter from Laon to the *Glaneur de St Quentin* gives some account of the catastrophe at the citadel of Laon. The Prussian staff had concluded with the municipality of Laon a capitulation, whose terms are not exactly known, but which opened the town and citadel to the enemy. The explosion took place at the moment when the capitulation was being signed by the French general. Some say it was done through his instigation, while others assert that he has since taken his oath that he had nothing to do with the cunning device. It appears certain, at any rate, that the powder was fired by a guard of engineers. The explosion caused the death of 160 men, and wounded 200 or 300 others. The houses round the citadel were completely destroyed, and many others were shaken. Laon is plunged in profound desolation. At the time the explosion occurred the Garde Mobile was defiling before the Prussian staff, while the French officers stood beside the Prussian ones, waiting to learn their fate. Nearly all of them were wounded or killed. The Duke of Mecklenburg was wounded in the shoulder. The General Commander of the place received a wound in the arm. Some Prussian officers were wounded. "Thus," concludes the writer of the letter, "this act of folly resulted in the death or injury of about five hundred Frenchmen, civil and military; while the enemy only lost some officers." The commander of the Prussian army immediately arrested the general, the prefect, the procurer imperial, the mayor and two deputies, together with six of the chief inhabitants of the town These hostages will, it is expected, have learned their fate by this time.

ITEMS.

The London journals with one accord predict calamities to Germany if she persevere in the cession of Alsace and Lorraine, and continuing the war. A correspondent says the savage character the war is assuming, in burning villages and shooting off scores of peasantry for defending their homesteads, is causing a violent revulsion of feeling in England.

The new French coat of arms has made its appearance. It consists of a figure of liberty with the legend, "in the name of the French people." On the reverse is a garland of mixed oak and olive, with a wheat ear in the centre. There is also the inscription, "Republique Francaise democratique, une et indivisible," and around the periphery are the words, "Liberte, Egalite, Fraternite."

Fashionable idlers on the continent put on the red cross badge and get railway transportation and passes to the front free of expense or trouble.

Terrific Earthquake in Thibet.

Particulars have been received of an earthquake in Thibet some time ago. The account, which is supplied by the Vicar Apostolic of the country states that the first shock was at five in the morning. At sunset, the Bathang was shaken from end to end, and nearly all the houses, large and small, fell to the ground, burying half the population or more in the ruins. Arsenals, magazines, "the large and splendid Lamaserai, tenanted by 3,000 Lamas," all descended at once into a vast grave. Then a furious wind sprung up, and a fire broke out, which continued for twelve days, burning up the living and the dead and everything else that the earthquake had spared; 413 Lama priests, nineteen Chinese soldieres, thirty eight Thibetan soldiers, all the Thibetan officials, and 2812 other people were destroyed. The writer surmises that the earthquake was felt over an extent of 180 miles from east to south-west, and ninety miles from north to south.

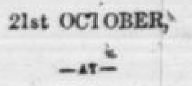
A Change for the Better in Horace Greeley's Appearance.

The New York *Globe* says of Greeley:—In more recent years there has been a wonderful change in his regard for personal appearance—owing, as rumor says, to the wishes of his fair blonde daughter, whose literary and musical accomplishments are his pride and glory. The old white coat and hat that always clung to him have been discharged, and a nicely fitting dress suit of black broadcloth, with a handsome black felt hat, and nicely polished boots, transform him into as fine a looking old gentleman as could be wished. Latterly his figure has become more plump and nicely rounded, and were it not for the defect of his loose and shambling walk he would be of quite handsome appearance.

DIED,

At Little Falls, Minn., on the 14th inst., after a long and painful disease, aged 49, Dr. E E. Braun, late Surgeon U. S. Army, and brother of F. Braun, of this city.

THE OTTAWA TURF CLUB



RACES,

Will take place (weather permitting) on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 20th and 21st OCTOBER,

—AT—

MUTCHMOR'S DRIVING PARK, BANK STREET.

$350 in Purses will be Offered.

Entries close at 9 o'clock on WEDNESDAY Evening at the Russell House.

Pools will be sold immediately afterwards by Mr A O F COLEMAN, at WELDON CHAMPNESS'S British Lion Hotel.

EDWARD C. BARBER,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Ottawa, Oct 19, 1870 1393 3

HOUSE WANTED.

A furnished House till 1st May next. Apply at the TIMES office.

Ottawa, Oct 19, 1870 1491 3

OYSTERS

—AND—

CHESTNUTS

On Sale,

At

L N NYE.
43 Sussex St.

Ottawo, Oct 19, 1870 1490 3

TO RENT.

A Dwelling House, containing 10 Rooms, corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, lately occupied by W B Lindsay, Esq.

Possession immediately.

Apply to

THOS McKAY,
Flour Store,
Sussex street.

Ottawa, Oct 18, 1870 1490 6

NEW GROCERY STORE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND YORK STREETS.

J. M. C. DE LES DERNIERS

HAS OPENED A

NEW GROCERY STORE

In the above named Premises, in which will be found a full supply of all articles of the Trade, all new, and of first class quality. Having been selected by himself, he can guarantee their excellence. As the

GOODS WERE CASH PURCHASED

They can be sold at a less figure than if bought on credit. They consist in part of

WINES,
LIQUORS,
SCOTCH ALES, and
PORTER,
TEAS,
SUGAR,
TOBACCOS,
FISH, (dried and salted)
PICKLES,
&c.

And a variety of other articles too numerous to mention, and such as can be found only in a

First Class Grocery Establishment.

Mr. De les Derniers, having an extensive connection, is in constant receipt of Butter, Eggs and other Farm Products, and has now on hand [illegible] hundred packages of

SUPERIOR QUALITY FAMILY BUTTER

Which he offers for Sale at a very low rate.

Remember the place—Corner of SUSSEX and YORK streets, in [illegible] Old Stand.

An inspection of the Goods is respectfully desired.

J. M. C. DE les DERNIERS
Corner of Sussex and York streets.

Ottawa, 18th Oct, 1870 [illegible]

ANNUAL FALL

TRADE SALE

The subscribers will hold a Trade Sale on account of Messrs.

BUCHANAN, LECKIE & Co.,

MONTREAL.

At their Stores, on

TUESDAY, 25th OCTOBER.

When will be offered their usual extensive assortment, consisting of

FRESH NEW CROP TEAS,
WINES,
BRANDIES,
RUM, GIN,
GENERAL GROCERIES, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

NEW CROP

MALAGA and VALENCIA RAISINS

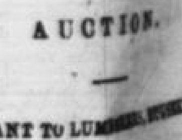
Ex "Deodar" and "Medina."

Particulars hereafter.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & Co.

Montreal, Oct 15, 1870



GOVERNMENT SALE

—BY—

AUCTION.

IMPORTANT TO LUMBERMEN, [illegible] ERS AND OTHERS.

To be sold by Public Auction at [illegible] the 19th inst., at 10 o'clock, a.m., [illegible] Auction Mart, York street, near the [illegible] Ingersoll improved Horse-power [illegible] excellent working order, capacity [illegible] per day, weight of bale 200 to [illegible] worked by two men. [illegible] Grey do, 1,000 Linen Sheets, [illegible] 400 Scotch Rugs, 4 pairs [illegible] Parlour, Shop, Hall and other Stoves [illegible] Wood, quantity of Stove Piping [illegible] splendid Fishing Nets, varying from [illegible] fathoms.

All to be sold without Reserve.

J BERMINGHAM, [illegible]

Ottawa, Oct 17, 1870

GREAT BOOK SALE.

Catalogues are now issued for the great Book Sale at Montreal, of the Estate of [illegible] by order of T B Brown, Official Assignee. There are over six thousand lots, comprising Books in every Department of Literature [illegible] Juveniles up to standard Works and [illegible] branches of Science, in quantities that [illegible] command the particular attention of all [illegible] sellers, Schools and Public Institutions.

Sale to commence on Tuesday, 25th October, and will be continued till all are sold.

Montreal, Oct 17, 1870

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and management of Stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. A couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT

Hull, September 29, 1870 [illegible]

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart............ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive............ 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.
Ottawa Office—York street, corner o Sussex street.
A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co's Millinery and Mantle Show Room is now open.

Shantymen continue to leave for the shanties in goodly numbers.

Now is the time to plant shade trees. What is the Corporation doing?

Down comes the wooden building at the corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street.

Ladies are invited to see Garland, Mutchmor & Co's grand display of Millinery and Mantles.

It is said that a canoe will be placed at the different corners on Sparks Street to convey passengers from one side of the street to the other.

STORM AT PRESCOTT.—A heavy storm was experienced yesterday at Prescott. A person from there stated that the ferry boat St Lawrence was considerably damaged during the storm.

LATE RAIN.—The late rain has caused an already perceptible raise in the water of the Ottawa and Rideau rivers. This will probably enable the Chaudiere mills to be run day and night again, besides benefiting the navigation.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.—New patterns. Artistic designs. Superior quality. Reduced prices. House furnishers are particularly requested to view them.
1488 1w MAGEE & RUSSELL.

50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.
At the "Golden Lion."
R. L. JAMES & Co.

THE O. B. G. A.—The band of the O. B. G. A. have secured a room in the George street barracks, in which they will practice during the winter months. They practiced for the first time on Monday night, in their new quarters.

Effects of the war! Great sacrifice in Silks! Garland, Mutchmor & Co. secured a parcel at the low prices. Good ordinary Black Silk at 3s. 6d., 3s. 9d., 4s. and 5s. per yard. Beautiful Lyons gros grains 6s. 3d., 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 9d., and 10s.

It would have made the most hardened member of the City Council uncomfortable to have heard the blessings showered on their heads by an old lady as she struggled through the mud in her attempts to get over a crossing on Sparks Street this forenoon.

LATE ARRIVALS.—Just opened one case rich Lace Goods, Collars, and Cuffs, &c., &c. Also, one case Gipsy Bonnets and Hats, Evening Flowers, Feathers and many other novelties.
1188 1w MAGEE & RUSSELL.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

RIFLE SHOOTING.—The Committee of the Metropolitan Rifle Association have made arrangements to resume the prize meeting interrupted in August by the fires. In addition to the Corporation Prizes there will be a match for small-bore rifles, and a match for Volunteers who have never won a prize at public rifle meetings. Firing will commence this (Wednesday) morning at 9 o'clock.

STREET CORNERS.—We have been requested to state that the people of Clarence street, and those who have business to pass through that street, are very much annoyed by gatherings of ruffians at the several corners along that street at night. We would like the police to take an occasional trip in that direction. We are glad to learn that the nuisance has been almost done away with on Rideau street.

FOR A WARRANT.—A simple looking Canadian applied at the Police Station this morning, for a warrant, for the arrest of three or four persons who had beaten him on Monday in Lower Town. It appears he got a little under the influence of liquor, when these parties set upon and thrashed him. He obtained the warrant, and as he saw it placed into Constable Banning's hands he went away well satisfied.

POLICE COURT.—Tuesday.—Henry McCormick was charged with disorderly conduct. He was fined two dollars and costs, or in default to go to jail for one week.

Mathew McCrae, drunk in the public streets and throwing stones, was disposed of in the same way.

Joseph Clark for a breach of the peace and fighting on Monday week last, fined five dollars and costs.

Dufresne & McGarrity were charged by constable Graham with obstructing the side walk on Sussex street, with a number of boxes. His Worship ordered them to pay a fine of two dollars and costs.

The Band of the O. B. G. A. will play the following programme at the range on Thursday next.

1. Quickstep, "Love Not," H. Brown.
2. Waltz, "Autumn Flowers," Jno. C. Bonner.
3. Galop, "Sticks and Stones," arranged by J. C. Bonner.
4. Masourka, "Colsieum," Zikoff.
5. Quickstep, "Tapping at the Garden Gate," Bonner.
6. Althorn Solo, "Kathleen Mavourneen," Crouch.
7. Galop, "Encore," arranged by J. C. Bonner.

God Save the Queen.
JNO. C. BONNER,
Bandmaster.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 87½c to $2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—L B Tuttle, New York; C Baillie, John Thomson, W P Barclay, E Fisher, John S Duby, H B Hutchinson, John Summer, A L Lockerly, Montreal; C J McRae and wife, Glengarry; L Russell, Arnprior; J Douglas, Albany, L Stafford, Richard Dobell, Quebec; W Chamberlagne, England; R Jones, Mineral Point; R McLennan, Glengarry, Wm Dickson, London; Mrs. Fairfield, Toronto; J T Rockwell & wife, New York; Rev J Nugent, Liverpool; John Cameron, ——; James Johnson, Toronto; John O. Annable, ——; L R Manners, Strathroy; W Bowman, London; F A Wise, St. L. & O. Railway, Prescott; James McEwen, Arnprior; Lieut.-Col Jackson, Brockville.

About the prospects of the contemplated Grand Junction Railway the Belleville *Intelligencer* says:—The supporters of this scheme will be glad to learn that the County Council of Peterboro have passed a By-law granting a Bonus of $100,000—$75,000 for the Grand Junction, and $25,000 for the Haliburton and Peterboro Railway, which will be an important feeder of the Grand Junction, as it runs direct north. The Townships along the lines of routes in the County of Peterboro have agreed to augment this sum by additional bonuses. If this had not been agreed upon the County Council of Peterboro would have made the bonus $100,000. Messrs. T. Kent, President of the Grand Junction, A. Robertson, Mayor of Belleville, and Jos. F. Way, were present at Peterboro, and materially assisted in securing these favourable results. The gentlemen who, at their own personal expense, are pushing this scheme to completion, deserve great credit for their unwearied efforts, and we trust they, with the other promoters of the scheme, will soon have the satisfaction of seeing the Grand Junction in running order. It only requires a little more of that energy and enterprise displayed by some of the Directors, to secure this desirable result within a very short time.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very cheap.
HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

A Binghampton woman complains that during the first year of her married life her husband called her "my dear," the second year "Mrs. A.," and the third year "old sorrel top," which was too much for her to bear.

A startling suggestion is made in the circular of J. C. Sillar & Co., in connection with the difficulties in China. They say that the wicked policy of England and France, in enforcing the opium trade, is likely to bear more bitter fruit. It is generally believed that Tseng Kwo Fan, who has been called the "Yeh of the North," a cruel and bloodthirsty wretch, has determined to expel all foreigners from China. The circular continues:—"We should not be at all surprised to hear of future supplies of tea being poisoned. This is a favourite way of carrying on war against hostile nations in China, and it will be remembered that a few years ago the flour in Hong Kong was mixed with arsenic by order of the mandarins, and the escape from death of the whole of the European residents was almost miraculous. In any case, we consider the future supplies of tea to be in a precarious state."

At Cornwall, on the Hudson, on Thursday last, Edward Murphy, of Newburgh, and James Ten Eyck, of Peekskill, met to row a two-mile race and $200 for the champion belt of the Hudson, in seventeen feet working boats. Within half a mile of the stake boat Murphy crowded Ten Eyck out into the river, when the latter slackened his speed and fell back under Murphy's stern. Murphy then crossed Ten Eyck's bow and let the latter run into him. Then Murphy caught hold of Ten Eyck's boat, caught also his oar and threw it overboard, Hastings, Murphy's backer, shouting to the latter to hit Ten Eyck with the oar. Each held on the other's boat for three or four minutes, when they broke away for the race again, Ten Eyck once more going to the lead. He turned the stake boat ahead and coming down the home stretch held his own, winning the race by five or six lengths, in thirty minutes and 43 seconds. On reaching the judge's boat he put in a claim of foul, and charged Murphy with catching his boat and holding it, and with snatching his oar from his hand and throwing it overboard. Murphy also claimed four, and the referee declared the race and all the bets off.

For the benefit of young girls who are impatient to put on trained skirts, it may be stated that the Princess Beatrice, daughter of Queen Victoria, now nearly sixteen years old, has never yet worn anything but short dresses, even upon the grand occasion of a "drawing-room" reception, when court trains are universal.

The condition of affairs in China, if reports from the country be true, is such as to alarm the Christian nations for the safety of their citizens who may find themselves exposed to the fanaticism of the natives. A despatch from Pekin, of date September 10, states that "the people have destroyed the Catholic buildings in this city." This is bad enough as indicating possible persecutions of foreigners in China; but the purport of another despatch from Hong Kong, to the effect that the Chinese Government declines to take any action against further outbreaks, is positively alarming.

LOST.
Lost by one of the Carriers of the Daily TIMES, on SATURDAY, 15th inst., near the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway Station, a PASS BOOK, with the names of the subscribers, of no use to any person but the owner. The finder will be kind enough to return it to the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, October 18.

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September inst., through trains will be run over the Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5 35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4 40 p. m.

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Ottawa, September 13 1870 1460tf

AUTUMN. 1870.

"THE GOLDEN LION,"

SPARKS STREET,

Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in

HATS,
BONNETS,
FEATHERS,
Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c.

Fashionable Velveteen Hats.
From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets,
$1.50 upwards

New Paris Jackets,
In Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Underclothing,
A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods,
A complete Stock.

R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co
47 SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins to hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties, &c.,
in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILO
—AND
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL

SHOW ROOM OPENING

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

WILL OPEN THEIR

MILLINERY AND MANTLE

SHOW ROOM

—ON—

FRIDAY, 7TH OCTOBER,

With a Grand Display of latest LONDON Styles in MILLINERY and MANTLES, ex S S "PERUVIAN."

—COMPRISING THE LATEST STYLES IN—

STRAW VELVET and TERRY BONNETS
STRAW, FELT and VELVET HATS.
DRESS CAPS, HEAD DRESSES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c.

MANTLES.

They invite special attention to their stock of French and German JACKETS, made by French and German Tailors out of beautiful materials, cut and made in a superior manner.

All purchased during the great War Panic at a little more than half usual prices.

MANTLE CLOTHS,

In all the leading Cloths and Colors,

WATERPROOF CLOAKS, in new styles, ready-made, and made to Order.

SHAWLS.

CLAN TARTAN WOOL and PAISLEY SHAWLS, in variety.

Orders for Millinery and Mantles executed by good experienced hands, with promptness and despatch.

Ladies are invited to call and see the new styles, whether wishing to purchase or not.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

FALL AND WINTER STOCK,

And are showing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES
HOUSE FURNISHING
Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

OUR STOCK
—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Box and Parlor Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen s Supplies, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

Dry Goods.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY,

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

PURCHASERS are invited to view all the leading NOVELTIES in Dress Materials, this day.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

WINCIES,
COBOURGS,
PLAIN LUSTRES,
FIGURED DO.
PLAIN REPPS,
FIGURED DO.
SERGES
ALPACA CORDS,
FRENCH MERINOES,
PLAIN SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS,
FIGURED SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS
BRIGHTON DIAGNAL COSTUME CLOTHS
BLACK REVERSIBLE LUSTRES,
TARTAN WINCIES,
DO. CAMLETS,
DO. POPLINS,
DO. PLAIDS,

LADIES and others interested in the purchase of DRESSES are respectfully invited to examine our Stock and see for themselves the extraordinary value.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.
Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-t1N.
Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,
MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

BAZAAR.
The Annual Bazaar, in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, will be held on Monday the 24th day of October instant.

Donations in aid of the fancy and refreshment tables, will be thankfully received by the following Ladies:—

Fancy Table, Cathedral Parish, Mrs Higgins Mrs Goodwin and Mrs Birmingham.

Do do St Joseph's Parish, Mrs Brophy, Mrs. Kehoe Mrs Plunkett, Mrs Whelan, Miss McDonell, Miss O'Connor, Miss McCarthy.

Do do St. Patrick's Parish, Mrs O'Connor, Mrs A Hearn, Mrs Nagle and Mrs Mullin.

REFRESHMENT TABLE.—Mrs George Murphy, Mrs Rhodes and Mrs Enright.
Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870 1484t240

THE MERCHANT'S BANK OF CANADA.
This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.
THOMAS KIRBY
Manager.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468 1m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,
ALSO
TWO APPRENTICES.
Apply to MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa,
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

FOR CHEAP

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE,
35 Sparks Street,
Ottawa

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor;
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot),
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine to famous.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered express for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all inds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS. The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general
Groceries
Wines,
and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for A few trials will prove their superiority common goods.
A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.
th June, 1870.

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.
Will apply to the
PARLIAMENT
—OF THE—
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO
At its next Session, for the
CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION
FOR FOUR YEARS,
Of the Provisions of the Act
INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,
And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.
W R WORSLEY,
Sec. C C R Co
Ottawa, Oct 15, 1870 1489tf

MONEY TO LEND
ON REAL ESTATE,
From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.
James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
OTTAWA, 10th Oct., 1870

The Commissioners for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, hereby give public notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the construction of an Engine House, Locomotive Repair Shop, and other buildings, at Moncton, New Brunswick.

Plans and Specifications may be seen on and after 1st NOVEMBER next, at the Railway Office, St. John, and at the office of the Chief Engineer, at Ottawa; and Tenders on a printed form; which will be supplied, marked on envelope "Tender for Buildings," and addressed to the Commissioners, will be received at their Office in Ottawa, up to six o'clock, p.m., on 21st November, 1870.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.
1487 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Lake Harbor work," and will be received at this Office until Thursday, the 23th day of November next, for improvements to the following mentioned places:

At CHANTRY ISLAND, Lake Huron, the construction of a Breakwater and Beacon of Crib Work.

At GODERICH, Lake Huron, the Dredging and Pier-work necessary to form a new entrance channel to the Harbor, and the enlargement of the Inner Basin

At ROND EAU, Lake Erie, the enlargement of the channel, deepening a portion of the Basin, and the construction of Entrance Pier, &c.

Plans and specifications of the respective works can be seen at this Office, or at the Custom House, Goderich on and after Monday, the 7th day of November next, where printed forms of Tender can also be obtained.

Tenders may be sent in for the work at one, or all of the places; but they must in all cases be made out in strict accordance with the printed forms

The signatures of two solvent reliable persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order
F BRAUN.
Secretary,
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 5, 1870. 1484 1

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

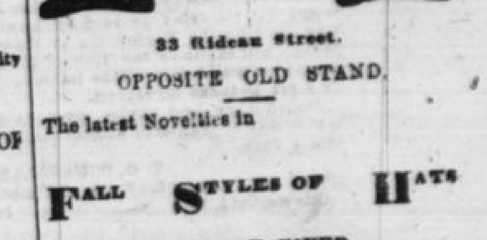
These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 5 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 3 4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled For the quality, both in gold and silver are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES.
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.
397 3e

JAMES PEACOCK,



33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE OLD STAND.
The latest Novelties in
FALL STYLES OF HATS
JUST RECEIVED.
Call and Examine.

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.................. ....$300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1 3: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 187-, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $480 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent.
1407 3m

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO, ONT.
ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards. For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL, Toronto, Ontario.
Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1 1480

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
1921 P. O'MEARA. PROPRIETOR

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

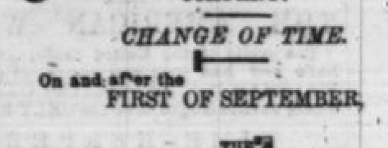
The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the
FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,
THE

"STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m. The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144-tf

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the general works. 2191f

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PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

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TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap 36.) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 17th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY of FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES, Agent for Regis of Timber Marks
Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

TO LET.

From the 15th November to the 1st May next, the house at present occupied by Dr Henry, corner of Kent and Wellington streets. Apply after p.m. 1486 6

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Med
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles.

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285-3 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS and GROCERS

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impair digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. H. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in

---

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

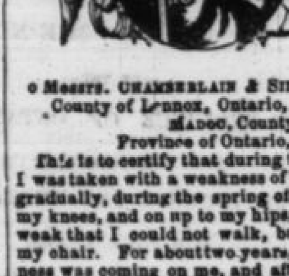
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton. Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 12y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS — MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. — ONLY BY.

FOR THE TEETH

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London.
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2aw6m 1awk6m

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LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

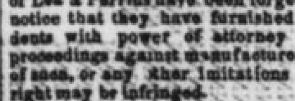
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

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CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next,
AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORSLE, Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1462td

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandsir Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant

The Tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works
Ottawa, October 1, 1870 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar
AND
Directory for 1870.

To be obtained of
1306tf
OPE & CO., and
JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call, Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist to the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $236.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

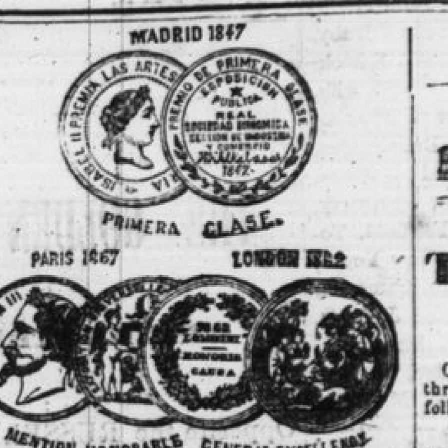
For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 -1

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 1 1489



MADRID 1847 — PRIMERA CLASE. — PARIS 1867 — LONDON 1862 — MENTION HONORABLE — GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6 1415-y

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS,

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clapboards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,

Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materia and Founder's Supplies,

32 Lemoine Street,
Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.
Low Oven Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.
Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.
Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.
Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.
Elbows.
Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

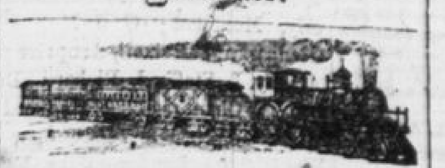
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.
Ottawa, August 6 3m

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12.00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 7.30 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N. B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER!

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa, Ma 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

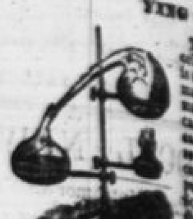
PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870 1369 td 1awk

Sarsaparilla



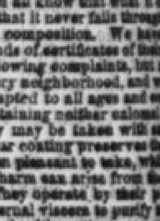
they were painfully afflicting, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. ... Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. ...

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



... For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite ... For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers ... For Dysentery or Diarrhœa, but one mild dose is generally required. For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins ... For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings ... For Suppression a large dose should be taken ... As a Dinner Pill, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach. ...

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.

Ottawa, August 1, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq. Malcolm Cameron, W T Mason, McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL COMPANY are as low as shown to be profitable.

The test of the value of Insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and the promptness of its settlements the Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjuster ...

It respectfully solicits a share of the insuring public.

1298tf

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the ... and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL ... fat eaten at meals, &c. ... superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, ... and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, ...

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best ... taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. ...

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD. Apply at

M. ROWSELL, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business. References given if required. Apply at TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 35, Sparks St., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1492. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

...& CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c., &c., for the Province of Ontario and Quebec. ... Store, Sparks street. ... F C CLEMOW.

...WARD, of the late firm of Lewis & Ward, has removed his Chancery ... Law Chambers, opposite Russel ...

...LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public. Corner of Sussex and ... 368y

...Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-..., Ottawa. 55y

...Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, ... Office—Im... Elgin-st. 43atf

...Barristers, Attorneys, ... Office—In the ... JOHN J. GEMMILL.

...DARTNELL, Barrister ... and Notary Public, Clerk ... Attorney, for the United ... Office—In the ... 34-6m

...Barristers and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, ... for the Provinces of Ontario ... Office Buildings, Elgin street. ... EDWARD KIMBER.

...LASSPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, ... Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., ... Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

...MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 982y

...GROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Musgrove's Buildings, ...-street, Ottawa. ... GEORGE TAILLON ...

...TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post ... 390tf

Medical.

...HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, ... That recently occupied by Dr. Mal... Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1288y

...ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, ... Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug ... of Sapper's Bridge. Office ... to 4 p. m. ...Special attention given to the treatment ... of the EYE and EAR. At night can ... Murray street.

...Physician, Surgeon and ... Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-...

...MARTIN, Dentist. Office—... Central Ottawa. 34atf

Hotels and Saloons.

...HOUSE, ...-STREET, ... NOVA SCOTIA. Established 1851. ... and transient boarders accommodated ... paid to their comfort. JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

...WICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., ... Court House and Public Offices, ST. ... Ont. ... HOUGHTON, Proprietor. (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) ... sample-room for commercial ... 850y

...HUTCHISON, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, Sparks Street. OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE. ...HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply ... of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth ... other gold, silver or vulcanite ... fitting so closely and easily to ... as to be capable of all the uses to ... are applied, without the ... inconvenience to the wearers, and after ... of the presence of a substance origin ... to the mouth. ... with a view to the removal of painful ... during the operation of extracting ... diseased teeth, has introduced into ... the use of the Nitrous Oxide or ... gas, which the sufferer inhales without ... inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it ... pleasant dream. ... consulted any day, except Sunday, ... from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. ... September 2, 1870

...INSURANCE ... Office, Toronto. ...

...NICK FOX. GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, ... Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa. ... the patronage of the Lumber Merchants ... From his long experience ... offers his services in engaging ... their rafts while passing ... best of his ability. REFERENCES. ... Walter Smith, Esq. ... R W Cruice, Esq. 1334tf.

...DOWARD, Organist, Christ ... teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing ... O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was ... Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr ... Worcester Cathedral, England. 1395y

...'s Cherry Pectoral, ... of the Throat and Lungs, ... as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption. ... never before in the whole history of ... has anything won so widely and so deeply ... confidence of mankind, as this excellent ... for pulmonary complaints. Through a long ... of years, and among most of the races of ... has risen higher and higher in their estimation ... it has become better known. Its uniform ... and power to cure the various affections ... lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to ... forms of disease and to young children, it is ... the most effectual remedy that can ... for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision ... sudden attacks of Croup, it should ... kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all ... subject to colds and coughs, all ... provided with this antidote for them. ... settled Consumption is thought in... great numbers of cases where the disease ... have been completely cured, ... restored to sound health by the ... Pectoral. So complete is its mastery ... disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that ... of them yield to it. When nothing ... reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral ... subside and disappear. ... and Public Speakers find great protection ... is always relieved and often wholly ... is generally cured by taking the ... Pectoral in small and frequent doses. ... are its virtues known that we need ... the certificates of them here, or do more ... the public that its qualities are fully ...

...'s Ague Cure, ... and Ague, Intermittent Fever, ... Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb ... Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., ... all the affections which arise ... malarious, marsh, or miasmatic ... implies, it does Cure, and does not ... neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, ... other mineral or poisonous substance ... it in nowise injures any patient. The ... importance of its cures in the ague districts ... beyond account, and we believe ... parallel in the history of Ague medicine. ... gratified by the acknowledgments we ... radical cures effected in obstinate ... where other remedies had wholly failed. ... persons, either resident in, or ... through miasmatic localities, will be protected ... taking the AGUE CURE daily. ... Complaints, arising from torpidity ... an excellent remedy, stimulating ... healthy activity. ... Liver Complaints, it is ... remedy, producing many truly ... where other medicines had failed. ... by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical ... Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold ... $1 00 PER BOTTLE.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also. Bordeaux and other Vinegars

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congon, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

high proof and over, at extremely low prices. Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale atrefiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure as most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgic, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. B. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c. &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

the Village of Kenmore,

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such, Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
491 Notre Dame St

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw27i

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 39, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.

Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w37tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Connor and Wellington Streets

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

BOARD.

A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.

Ottawa, September 19 1870 68tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a. m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY"

CAPT. NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

Hardware.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood oil or Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent
Hay Forks, two and three prongs,
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottaw 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deff Milk saucepans, &c., &c.

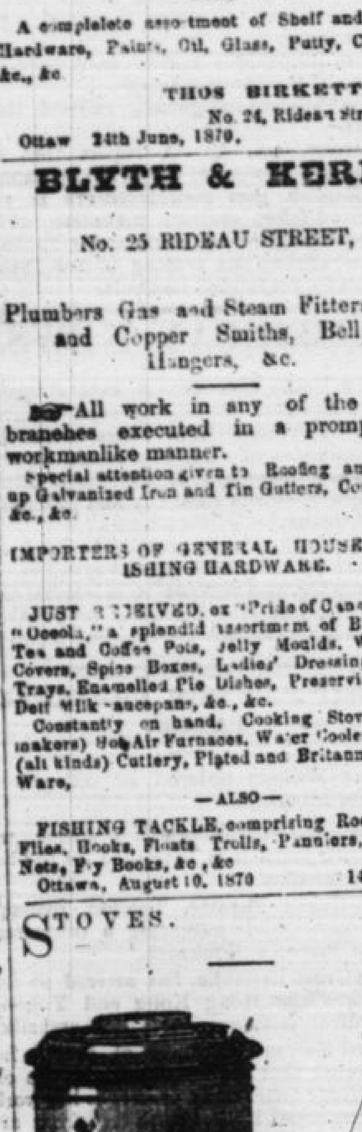
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c, &c

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

STOVES.



Buy Them and Save 20 Per Cent,

AT

ESMONDE BROS.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

BENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand

Ottawa December 28, 1869. 1236.t

EAU DE VIE BLANC,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavoring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

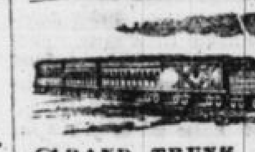
ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, bu lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at.......... 4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at ....6:00 a m, 7:00 am 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations at.......... 7.00 a m
Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at.......... 3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at.......... 6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at.......... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond. Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at.......... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at.......... 9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do.......... 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations.......... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations.......... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine a 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m. 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at.......... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at.......... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at.......... 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at.......... 6 00 a m
Do do do do.......... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces.......... 1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

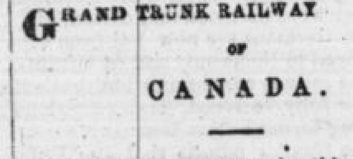
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c

Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1425tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.]

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations,

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway or this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1427tt

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
11.15		8.00	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaste, &c, &c, per St. L. & O. Railway..........	9.45		4.00
6.00			Montreal, by Steamer..........			
11.15			Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway..........	9.45		4.00
7.30		8.00	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.43		7.30
11.15		8.00	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c..........	9.45		4.00
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c..........	8.00		6.30
5.00		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c..........	8.00	11.00	6.30
5.00	11.00	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c..........			4.00
7.30	11.15		Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c..........	9.45		
11.15			Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway..........	9.43		
7.30			North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway..........	9.45		4.00
8.00		4.30	Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway..........	9.45		1.00
8.00			For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway..........	8.00		1.00
6.00			For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway..........			
			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays..........		11.30	5.30
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays..........			

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Canard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, 12th Oct, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP" Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. E Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

How the Landwehr Fight.

From N. Y. Tribune Correspondent

The moment was a critical one. The Landwehr had all been sent forward against the villages, with the exception of one brigade that was in reserve; but the Tenth Army Corps had been crossing the pontoon bridge and was massing between the river Amelange. There Gen. Von. Voight was in command of the back operations and he gave the order for several regiments to advance. The movement was a sight not easily to be forgotten. First came the Fusileers, extending at a rapid run into skirmishing order and covering the whole plain with their long, thin lines. Then came the dense columns of companies of Grenadiers, the bands playing and the colors unfurled. But all the work was not left for the infantry to do; the artillery entered the village alone, and concentrated their fire on the French columns advancing by the Moselle. Bazaine is singularly weak in field artillery, and the only reply to the Prussian fire was from the Sullen sides of Fort St Julien or from the ramparts of St. Etoy. But the mitrailleuse venomously sounded its angry whirr, making the skirmishers recoil narrowly as they crossed the line of fire, and tearing chasms in the fronts of the solid masses of which they were the forerunners.

The artillery and the skirmishers were enough for the French. Their dense column staggered and then broke apart. Through my glass I could see a continuous *sauve qui peut*. They ran pell mell into the village of Maxe; but when once they had walls of stone and lime between them and the Prussians, they became obstinate and would go no further. In vain the Prussian artillery fired upon the village, advancing closer, and closer, and closer in alternate order of batteries with a precision and rapidity that could not have been exceeded on parade. That obstinate battery in front of Grand Estapes would not be silenced, and the French sharpshooters still lined the highway in its front. By this time it was nearly 4 o'clock. A gallant captain of cavalry pulled up as he galloped past me, to swear at the French for spoiling his dinner which had been ordered for that hour. Ah! the captain will want no more dinners. He had not gone a hundred yards towards my right when a shell from St. Julien fell and burst right before him blowing him and his horse into fragments. The same shell disturbed a hare which bounded from its form and dashed across the battle field right in a line with a gun fire. The Landwehr men shouted at the sight, amid the dropping shots from the chassepots, and but for special restraint by the officers, I believe several would have quitted the shelter of the intrenchment to go in chase.

BAYONET CHARGE OF THE LANDWEHR.

As we stood in this suspense, a staff officer galloped along the front line with orders for a general advance to take the village by storm. The advance, he told me, was to consist of four brigades of the Landwehr, with two brigades of the Tenth Army Corps supporting. In a few minutes more the command came sounding along the line, and the men sprang from their cover and went forward with that steady, quick step so characteristic of the Prussians marching. The shells from the battery of Grand Estapes tore through the line; the mitraileuse and chassepot bullets poured against it their leaden hail; but still the Landwehr, silent and stern, marched steadily to the front. I have been under fire many times, but I never knew a more furious fire than that to which the centre of this line was exposed. Gen. Von Branderstein, commanding the Third Brigade of the Landwehr, was shot down as he rode close to me; and several of his staff were wounded. At length the entrenchments were reached, behind which were lying the shattered remnants of the 58th and 59th Landwehr. The fraternization consisted of "*Hurraz Preussen!*" and then, "*Vorwarts! Immer Vorwarts!*" and the line threw itself to the front in a rum. The gunners from the battery drove on.

The stubborn French had barely time to run around the corner before the Landwehr were upon them.

The French left their guns perforce. They made a last stand in the villages, but it would have been better for them had they run away at first. The Landwehr, with less of the conventional warriors in them than the line, are not so much inclined to give quarter as are the professional soldiers. With many a Frenchman this afternoon, the first shock consisted of a bayonet thrust. The French fought "like devils" in the narrow streets of the villages and used the mitrailluses with fair judgment and effect. But there came upon them the steady, inexorable forward stride of the Landwehr. The bayonet obtained force from that strength of back and thigh which is the leading athletic characteristic of the Prussian, and the villages were cleared of all, save the victors, the dead and the wounded. To the Landwehr must be conceded the honor of the fray. They it was who checked the rush of the French advance by holding the villages till they had not a man left who could stand upright and tire the needle-gun. To them also was intrusted the grand final advance which swept the French out of the villages.

COMPARISON OF LANDWEHR AND LINE.

I have seen the Prussian soldiers fight before to-day. I saw them clamber up the face of the Spicheren on their hands and knees. I saw them deploy in front of Colombey and Montoy in the battle of the 14th August. I saw them stand up against the mitrailleuses on the slopes of Gravelotte. I saw them dash back the French sortie of the 12th of September. I have learned to believe that the Prussian forces of the line can do anything that any soldiers in the world can do. But it was not until now that I gauged the calibre of the Landwehr. Were I a general I should never wish to command better men. Cool in the intrenchments where they lay calmly in position, picking up the bullets that fell among them; resolute, indomitable in their steady quick march forward; an irresistable in the final bayonet charge with which they carried the villages. They are troops to delight the heart of any man with a soldierly instinct.

The Prisoners at Cologne.

The Cologne *Gazette* gives an account of the French prisoners encamped on a heath near the village of Wahn. They number 10,000, and are accommodated in 600 tents, while 125 straw huts are allotted to the guard. Patrols are provided and some Uhlans are constantly hither and thither, while there are several semaphore stations. The corporals and subalterns among the prisoners are so distributed that there is one in each tent to exercise authority. The roll is daily called over. Besides their daily allowance of bread, they have coffee for breakfast, four and a half ounces of meat and vegetables (potatoes, peas, peeled barley, &c.) at noon, and towards evening coffee again. The quality of the meat supplied by the contractor is carefully supervised. At present there has been no opportunity of setting them to useful employment, so that they spend the whole day according to their humor. While the 800 Turcos mostly lie before their tents, enjoying the *dolce far niente*, the French are constantly lively and active, and converse in groups, their well known talent for adapting themselves to circumstances being exhibited. They have formed a small skittle ground, the ball made out of lime, hardened in the fire, the pins cut out of wood. Even draughts are played, the board consisting of a piece of old linen, perhaps of a shirt, on which the white and dark squares are drawn, and bits of crust of bread serving for the pieces, distinguished by the upper and under crust. A sort of blindman's buff seems the favorite game, and a leap on one leg delights the players and spectators. Gambling was a less harmless amusement, which is now strictly forbidden. The real Turcos—for some born Frenchmen have assumed their costume—are Mahomedans. Few can speak French. They have bits of writing in their pockets, some to protect them from hostile bullets, others from death in a foreign country, others from fever, and others from misfortune. They wear a ring on almost every finder. Their conduct in camp gives the impression that they are better than their reputation, but they confound *meum* and *tuum*. One, when asked what he was before he became a soldier, replied with truly childish frankness, "Robber." The French prisoners in Saxony will, it is understood be employed in constructing railways. They will be paid two groschen for five hours' work, with extra pay for additional labour.

Modern Warfare.

HOW A WOMAN PERISHED AT BAZEILLES.

Correspondent of the Frankforter Zeitung.

I had but just quitted one scene of cruelty, when a new horror encountered me. From a house close behind me came the reports in quick succession of two shots. I turned and saw a krankentrager, in the exercise of his duty, fall conclusively to the ground. The wounded man is carrying rolls with him in the dust. From that house proceeded the shots—five, six Bavarians force a way in, the door breaks under the blows of the butt-ends. But the soldiers stand as if stunned. On the threshold appears, armed with double-barreled gun, a tall woman; she may be fifty years old, disheveled gray hairs fall around a fine—yes, a noble face. As she regards the soldiers her features are distorted, she laughs wildly, the laugh of this woman is a fearful thing. "You are a beast," calls out a doctor hurrying by. Her laugh is silenced, a torrent of tears gushes down her face, she exclaims softly, but in tones of heart-rending pain—"No. I am married. I am a mother. You have killed my husband. You have killed my two sons. Kill me, also. I would think you for it. If you do not kill me I will kill you."

With the last words the old wrath returns. She again rises the gun. The soldiers have not understood her. They seek to avenge their comrade and to protect themselves. The doctor stands shuddering, like myself. Before we can say a word the unhappy woman falls, struck by two bullets in the breast. "Let her die quiet," calls out the doctor to the men, who seem not yet to have satisfied their revenge, "she has lost her husband and her two sons." That makes an impression on the soldiers; silently, they turn away. I turn back with the doctor. We stoop down to the poor woman. Her wounds are fatal. The woman regards us wildly. I take her hand, and involuntarily my lips utter "poor woman." The words seemed to have pleased her, she feels they come from the heart. Her eyes grow dim, and as she clasped my hand firmly her boson heaves a last sigh.

FALL FASHIONS.

The fashionable fabrics for dresses are the same which were popular last autumn. The stiff, rich red and ottoman cloth. however, are still further pushed one side by the soft, clinging cashmeres and merinos whose graceful folds the draped upper skirts still demand. These soft materials are wide, do not cut to waste and cost from eighty-five cents to two dollars and a half per yard, so that they are economical as well as elegant, and bid fair to be the fashionable robes of the season. Black is considered the most distinguished hue, but Fashion approves brown, grey and almost invisible green, and royal purple. The under-skirt should be of silk, of the the same color, but not necessarily of the same shade as the cashmere, and trimmed with a broad flounce, or with several narrow ones, gathered, plaited, or plain, ornamented with velvet, silk, gimp, or merely self-bound; or with flat bands of the cashmere (in its turn, trimmed with flat bands of the silk,) or perfectly plain, with neither flounce, plaiting, nor band to deck itself withal. In brief, if the under-skirt just clear the ground, and be not more than three yards and a half in circumference at the bottom, gored to set in the waistband almost without fulness, it may be trimmed at the will of the wearer, and rustle with the bravest in its sense of fashionable worth. There is an attempt to lengthen the walking-dress so that it shall sweep the sidewalk, but the present fashion is so rooted, not only in favor and prettiness, but in that fine instinct of cleanliness which, in a fine woman, is only less sacred than her modesty that it seems impossible it should be abandoned except by that thoughtless class of women who mistake novelty for style, or by that sadder class who premediate extravagant and conspicuous toilets as the badge of all their tribe. Upper skirts show both the apron and the tunic front. The former is the most becoming to all save very insignificant figures, and is much the more economical, as the underskirt need cover its lining only a few inches above the fall of the over dress, while with the tunic it must extend to the waist. One of the prettiest upper-skirts has an apron front of one (silk) width, widened by a gore on either side, and twenty-four inches long in the middle of the front, rounded up a little on the gores. This is trimmed with a flat, straight, plaited ruffle of the material, and is sewed to the back and side breadths, which are slightly gored, cut forty inches long, pleated in with three box-plaits under the apron-front, and looped by tapes in the middle of the back breadth, and just back of either hip, as high as the fancy of the wearer dictates. Courttrains are worn, and are looped at discretion.

Velvet ribbon, ravelled ruches of silk, bindings of silk of contrasting or self-color braids, gimps, lace, cords, fringe and even the barbaric jet, present themselves as fashionable trimmings. Satin is under the ban, but if it were very pretty and appropriate, it is just *as* pretty and appropriate to-day, and its lustrous richness ought to hold its own at least against the encroachments of shiny black glass beads in gimps and fringes, which seem, to the simple apprehension of an agricultural editor, fitter for the fringe of a squaw's blanket than for the mantle of a lady.

A pressman at Lockport almost lost his life, the other day, while standing on a barrel of printing ink. The head gave way with the pressure, and dropped him into the sticky stuff up to the waist.

The wealthiest people in the world are the Osage Indians in Kansas. The tribe numbers 3,000, and have, after all expenses are paid, 160 acres of choice land per capita, and also $6,000,000 in money.

A man ran against his wife in a Wyoming election. They used to hold mass meetings in the back parlor every evening, and have the children in for applauding constituents, but the old woman beat him when election day came.

It is the opinion of many persons that the late unprecedented freshet in the James and Shenandoah Rivers was not caused by a continued rain, but by something like the bursting of a water spout on or about their head-waters, as their sources are not a very great distance apart. The flood came down in the Shenandoah in great waves, succeeding each other rapidly.

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice—W. P. Lett.
Teacher Wanted—John Nelson.
Farm for Sale—Mrs. Robt. Russell.
Additional Stock—Garland, Muchmor & Co
Writing Lessons, &c.—Mrs. Chas. Pope.
Money to Lend—R. S. Cassels.
Tailors Wanted—J. Metcalfe.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1870.

Hon. Mr. Chauveau has arrived.

The gentlemen comprising the Board of Arbitrators, appointed under the Public Works Act of Ontario, who were in the city yesterday, have gone to inspect the drainage of the lands in the County of Russell, which is now being carried on under the direction of W. Kingsford, Esq.

The agents of the Dominion Directory are now in Ottawa, and may be seen at Messrs. Hope & Co.'s establishment, corner of Elgin and Sparks streets. Any information concerning corrections or additions to the list of names already collected in this city, will be gladly received by them.

We regret to hear that information was received by the Marine Department yesterday of the total loss of the ship *Sancho* off Owl's Head, N. S. This vessel belonged to Sydney, C.B., and was bound from Boston, Mass, to North Sydney, when she was driven ashore by the hurricane. Sixteen persons were on board, all of whom perished. The *Sancho* was of 342 tons register and was valued at $15,000.

The London *Free Press* says:—Mr. Capreol is spoken of in connection with the Canal Commission. Though Mr. Capreol has been an ardent advocate of the Huron and Ontario Ship Canal, his experience in matters of commerce, its tendencies and outlets, would well qualify him for a seat in the Commission, which, by the way, should be speedily organized and get to work.

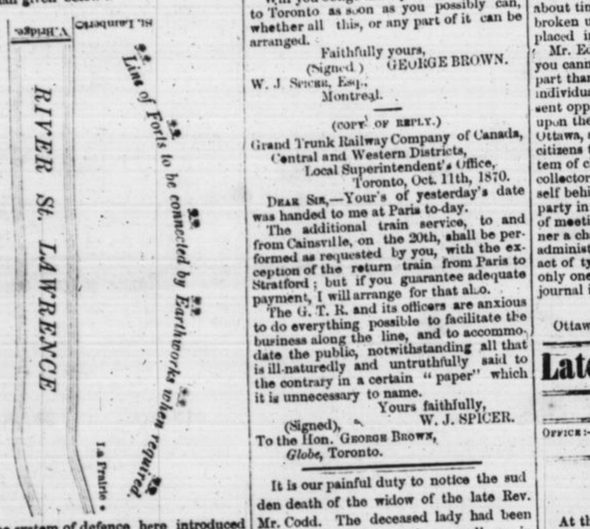
The immigration conference commenced its sittings yesterday. Several members of the Government were present in addition to the Minister of Agriculture. Colonel Maude, C. B., V.C., late of the Royal Artillery, was also there, together with the Hon. John Carling, the Rev. Styman Herring, the Rev. Father Nugent, Mr. Dixon, Mr. Connely, and other gentlemen interested in immigration affairs. Mr. Stafford, emigration agent from Quebec, Mr. Daley, from Montreal, Mr. Donaldson, from Toronto, and Mr. Rae, from Hamilton, are in town to attend the conference.

THE DEFENCE OF CANADA.

We notice that our esteemed contemporary the Montreal *Gazette* is opposed to the erection of defensive works in front of Montreal, and objects to permanent fortifications of any sort. The main objection which the *Gazette* urges to the construction of the proposed St. Lambert lines is that "the lines necessary to cover the city must be for real effectiveness at least forty five miles long," and that forty-five thousand soldiers could be far better employed elsewhere. The scheme of fortification proposed by the military authorities is of a different character to that which our contemporary supposes. Instead of being forty-five miles long, detached forts erected in a semi circle extending from Longueil to La Prairie and of a similar character to those constructed by the Imperial government at Quebec are what is required for the exterior line of defence in front of Montreal. In case of war being declared earthworks would be thrown up in a few days connecting these works, and affording cover for a large body of men. St. Helen's and Nun's Island would also probably have batteries erected on them as interior and flank defences, while the Mountain could be made the citadel. The *Gazette* says, alluding to these works, "what on earth is the use of them?" We reply that they would be sufficient to prevent an enemy from approaching near enough to shell the city or destroying the Victoria bridge. They would serve as a rallying point for the militia; and supposing they required 45,000 troops to man them, we do not see how they could be better employed than in providing for the safety of the commercial capital of the Dominion, the capture of which, in the event of invasion, would be certain to be one of the chief objects of the campaign. It must be borne in mind that it is not upon these works that we should depend for preventing the enemy from crossing the river above or below the city; if we did we might require lines forty-five miles long. As we explained in the course of a former article, the defence of Canada from the Gulf of St. Lawrence to Sarnia must, to a very great extent, be a naval defence, and a few heavily armed gunboats patrolling the river above and below the city would effectually prevent the enemy from crossing in any strength or taking our fortifications in reverse.

Our contemporary seems to forget that we are in honour bound to erect fortifications in front of Montreal. On the 12th of July, 1865, the Canadian delegates to England addressed a letter to Lord Monck, then Governor-General, in which they stated, that after a lengthy discussion with the Imperial authorities relative to the question of Canadian defence "the result arrived at was that *if the people of Canada undertook the works of defence at and west of Montreal*, and agreed to expend in training their militia until the union of all the Provinces was determined, a sum not less than is now annually expended for that service, Her Majesty's Government would complete the fortifications of Quebec, provide the whole armament for all the works, guarantee a loan for the sum necessary to construct the works undertaken by Canada, and in the event of war undertake the defence of any portion of Canada with all the resources of the Empire." To this arrangement the Government and people of Canada agreed, and on the faith of the assurance that the works of defence at and west of Montreal would be undertaken by this country, the defences of Quebec were constructed by the Imperial authorities. Can we under such circumstances refuse to assume our share of the burthen of defence? The highest military authorities in England and in Canada considered in 1865 that permanent works at Montreal were necessary to the scheme of defence which was then arranged, and we have reason to know that since that time their opinion has not in any way changed.

The island of Montreal, fortified in the way we have suggested, and with an adequate force of gunboats cruising up and down the river protecting the flanks of the Canadian position and preventing the possibility of an enemy crossing, would be well nigh impregnable. The nature of the fortifications which it is proposed to erect for the defence of Montreal will perhaps be more easily understood by reference to the plan given below:



The system of defence here introduced is of comparatively modern invention, and has been successfully carried out at Coblentz, in the fortified *enciente* of Paris, and other places, the principle of it being that it removes the points of defence so far from the point to be defended that the latter is not exposed to any danger from the enemy's fire. Each of the detached forts is covered by the fire of the two forts on either side of it, and all are connected by a line of earthworks, known in military parlance as the "curtain."

Thus far we have spoken only of the defence of Montreal. On a future occasion we shall make allusion to other important points connected with the general defence of the country.

AFFAIRS IN MANITOBA.

The Manitoba correspondent of the Toronto *Telegraph* is certainly not prejudiced against the English residents of the new Province, and we regret exceedingly to see it asserted by him that they "are not doing their duty either to the Governor, the Government, or their country." Instead of helping Lieutenant Governor Archibald to organize the machinery of the new Government, they take up his time and their own with deputations and petitions demanding that immediate steps be taken for the capture and punishment of Riel and his associates. We have no sympathy with the late insurgents, but now that they have left the Province, or at all events are beyond the reach of the law, it is worse than useless to be for ever harping on past troubles, when the welfare and prosperity, not of Manitoba only, but of the entire Dominion, demand that every man, whatever his race or origin may be, should unite with the rest in assisting the Governor in his arduous task, and in providing for the future security of the country. We do hope that Dr. Schultz and other influential Englishmen in Manitoba will listen to the advice of their friends in Ontario; that they will not allow the remembrance of the troubles and annoyances to which they have been exposed to influence them unduly, but bearing in mind what a bright future is opening before them if union and concord can be maintained, will work together earnestly and zealously for the accomplishment of the end we all have in view, viz: the perpetuation and extension of British rule throughout the Northern portion of this continent. In Governor Archibald they have a man upon whom they may thoroughly depend; the record of his past life is a guarantee for his loyalty and patriotism in the future. The task he has to accomplish is a difficult one and it is to them that he especially looks for assistance and support. As men of honor and patriots they are bound to aid him, and unless we have been altogether mistaken in them, they will, now that the excitement and ill feeling which the events of last winter caused must have passed away to a considerable extent, do their duty to the Governor, the Government and the country.

HONORABLE GEORGE BROWN AND THE GRAND TRUNK.

At the very moment when the Toronto *Globe* was making its most violent attacks upon the Grand Trunk Railway, and denouncing it as "a direct and positive injury to the interests of the country," the Hon. George Brown was endeavoring to make it serve his interests as will be seen by the correspondence given below. It is gratifying to know that in consequence of Mr. Brydge's desire to accomodate the wants of the public to the utmost of his power, the interests of the proprietor of the *Globe* were promoted by the Grand Trunk Railway. But if a journey on that line is only one long series of "smash ups and crash ups," if travelling in its "filthy cars" is attended with such imminent risk, how could Mr. Brown reconcile it to his conscience to tempt the farmers of Ontario to imperil their limbs and lives by travelling on it in order to be present at his sale at Bow Park?

TORONTO, 10th Oct., 1870.

DEAR SIR,—I am to have an auction sale of thorough-bred stock on Thursday, 20th October; and, from what I hear, there will be a great crowd of people at it.

The sale is to be at my farm, "Bow Park," close to the Cainsville Station, and I would very much like that some extra facility on your line should be given to persons attending the sale.

1. I want that the accommodation train that leaves Paris for Brantford at 10:35 shall go on from Brantford to Cainsville, only three miles, and leave passengers there

2. I want that an accommodation train shall be run from Cainsville to Paris after the sale is over, say at 5.30 p.m., to catch the G. W. R. train going east at 6 p.m.

3. I would like that your No. 2 Express from Buffalo, at 6 a.m., would stop at Cainsville, and drop passengers there; and that your No. 5 Express, passing Cainsville for Buffalo, will call for passengers in passing.

4. And I would also very much like that your No. 1 Mail train from Goderich, that stops at Stratford at 8:15, would be run on from Stratford to Paris, connecting with the 10:35 accommodation for Cainsville for that day—could it go back the same evening from Paris to Stratford, so much the better.

I do not doubt that there will be abundance of business to cover far more than the cost of these changes; and that there will be a large number of arrivals to be taken away by rail besides.

Will you oblige me by telegraphing me to Toronto as soon as you possibly can, whether all this, or any part of it can be arranged.

Faithfully yours,
(Signed) GEORGE BROWN.
W. J. SPICER, Esq.,
Montreal.

(COPY OF REPLY.)

Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada,
Central and Western Districts,
Local Superintendent's Office,
Toronto, Oct. 11th, 1870.

DEAR SIR,—Your's of yesterday's date was handed to me at Paris to-day.

The additional train service, to and from Cainsville, on the 20th, shall be performed as requested by you, with the exception of the return train from Paris to Stratford; but if you guarantee adequate payment, I will arrange for that also.

The G. T. R. and its officers are anxious to do everything possible to facilitate the business along the line, and to accommodate the public, notwithstanding all that is ill-naturedly and untruthfully said to the contrary in a certain "paper" which it is unnecessary to name.

Yours faithfully,
(Signed), W. J. SPICER.
To the Hon. GEORGE BROWN,
Globe, Toronto.

It is our painful duty to notice the sudden death of the widow of the late Rev. Mr. Codd. The deceased lady had been ailing for some time, and was well up in years, but her demise appears to have been hastened by the death of her late husband

Municipal Reform.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—As an independent journalist, the citizens of our metropolitan city owe you a debt of gratitude for your fearless and manly exposition of the misdoings of certain civic officials. Through the mismanagement of our municipal affairs, and the complete enacting of the "how not to do it principle" by our civic authorities, the city of Ottawa is rapidly becoming a by word and a reproach among the cities of our Dominion. It must be remembered that as Ottawa is the capital city of the Dominion, we have frequently to undergo the inspection and criticism of the leading men from all parts of Canada. But, sir, matters should not be allowed simply to rest with the good beginning you have made,—the ratepayers in their own interest should rise in their might as one man, and lend you that assistance which you have a right to expect, in effecting a complete and thorough reform in the management of our municipal affairs, in short you are entitled to the best effort of every good citizen and ratepayer in securing a thorough cleansing of the augean stable. But, sir, in this, as in most other matters affecting the public weal, nothing can be successfully accomplished without organization and united effort. The citizens of Ottawa require to organize as speedily as possible a "Municipal Reform Association" in order that the remedies required for the several municipal grievances under which we labor may be fully discussed and applied. At the moment the following items suggests themselves as requiring consideration, viz:—

1. An effective system of drainage.
2. An inexpensive system of water works.
3. A complete and thorough reform in the management of the several municipal offices, especially the responsible one of City Collector.
4. An equitable sub-division of large and rapidly growing wards—i. e. Wellington Ward for example, which pays twice the amount of taxes paid by Ottawa and By Wards.
5. A thorough audit and examination of the financial affairs of the corporation, and the publication annually of a full and complete financial statement.
6. An examination into the mode of receiving, checking and paying of municipal funds, and the daily checking of receipts and deposit of Corporation funds in the bank.

It would also be the duty of the proposed "Municipal Reform Association" to bring forward *thoroughly independent* candidates—men above reproach—for the responsible position of Aldermen, who would aid in carrying out without fear, favor, or affection the projected improvements and much needed reforms in our civic affairs. The electors should remember that there is no time to lose in effecting an organization for the proper conduct of the municipal elections in January next, and the selection of good and reliable candidates.

Yours truly,
PRO BONO PUBLICO.
Ottawa, 19th Oct., 1870.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—It is an old saying that history repeats itself. So it would appear, that the old state of matters which was entailed on our city some years ago by the mismanagement and reckless extravagance of the Corporation is to be revived, when for want of funds in the Chamberlain's hands, cheques of the City Corporation to a very large amount were dishonored for years, and hawked about by contractors, street laborers, and some of the public school teachers were a year without receiving their salaries, except when they and others in like circumstances disposed of their cheques at ruinous discounts to such parties as would receive and discount them.

The result was, judgments were obtained and large amounts of costs entailed upon our citizens. The city markets and market sites were seized and sold, even to the chairs around the Council table; indeed, sir, the *chain* which His Worship now wears as an insignia of his office was not exempt, but was seized, sold and lay for a time in limbo. The existing condition of affairs, the loose management of public business by members of the City Council, the withholding of the public funds from their legitimate use, must excite regret and alarm in the minds of every citizen who has the welfare and prosperity of the city at heart. The withholding of the city funds by Mr. Preston proves that a corporation official allied to a strong party in the Council (the Mayor included) is a nuisance and a source of danger. Why is it that Mr. Cotton has been singled out by Mr. Preston to be the victim of his tyranny? It is because he is identified with a journal which has now and heretofore exposed Mr. Preston's abuse of the public trust, and this fact is thoroughly understood and appreciated by a majority of our citizens. It is well known that the City Collector conducts a boot and shoe store, and it is said he has an interest in others, but he is also engaged in building a whole terrace, comprising six or seven dwellings, besides erecting a large store in Rideau street. I can assure you, sir, that a great many citizens, who have their eyes open, are reminded of the story of the farmer and the miller. The farmer said that he "knew the miller had a great many fat pigs, but *he did not know whose grain fed them!*"

If Mayor Rochester has sufficient influence to get a clause inserted in the lately amended municipal act, permitting gentlemen, residing two miles out of the city, to be elected as Mayors, and if in his position as Mayor he manages to get his brother-in-law maintained in the influential office of Collector of the City Taxes, without being responsible for how or when he pays over the funds to the Chamberlain, it is about time that this family compact was broken up and the business of the city placed in other hands.

Mr. Editor, you will agree with me that you cannot touch the public in a tenderer part than their pockets. Any reasonable individual would conclude that the present oppressive high rate of tax pressing on the house and property holders of Ottawa, should be sufficient to cause our citizens to demand that some proper system of check shall be instituted upon the collector of the tax, who entrenches himself behind a strong man (the Mayor) and party in the City Council, and who, instead of meeting in an open and explicit manner a charge brought against him for maladministration of his office attempts an act of tyranny upon an individual who is only one of a company conducting a public journal in the city.

A PROPERTY HOLDER.
Ottawa, Oct. 19, 1870.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Oct. 19.

At the half yearly meeting of the Protestant House of Refuge held this afternoon, the report showed the institution to be in a singularly satisfactory state, and over $6,600 receipts in legacies.

The thirty-seventh annual meeting of the ladies benevolent society was held this afternoon in the Mechanics' Institute. The report read showed the encouraging progress of the institution and its work.

Miss Rye is expected in Montreal early in November with another batch of young emigrants.

The semi-annual interest on the Corporation six and seven per cent consolidated stock will be payable on the 1st proximo.

The directors of the City Bank have called a special meeting of the shareholders to be held in December next, for the purpose of authorising the directors to notify the Minister of Finance of their intention to apply for an extension and modification of the charter of the said bank, with amendments thereto.

The Grand Masonic Lodge of Quebec assembled to-day at noon in the British Masonic Chamber, and this evening the city brethren entertained their country brethren at a banquet on temperance principles.

Last evening the first of the open meetings of the Erskine Church Young Men's Society was held in the lecture room of the church. There was a large attendance.

Weather very cool.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, 19th.—A riot occurred yesterday at St. Malo, a seaport on the English channel, in the department of Ille et Vilain. A mob attempted to prevent the shipment of a lot of copper on board of an English vessel. The troops were called out to repress the disorder, and they too were assailed with stones and clubs. Order was at length restored and the leaders of the riot securred.

A Vienna correspondent of the *Standard* says it is generally believed that Prussia would now gladly accept any intervention which would tend to relieve her from a winter campaign. Prussia has encountered immense difficulties in providing clothing shelter and supplies for her armies, and stress is laid on Bismark's repudiation of the crime of prosecuting the war on France.

It is now said that Thiers never asked the neutral powers for any intervention further than was necessary to secure one form of Government in France.

The correspondents at Versailles are unanimous in the belief that the bombardment will not be opened for at least a fortnight until every gun is in position.

The expected battle at Orleans has occurred. After a six hours defence of the city the French fled. They evacuated the town so precipitately that they had not time to blow up the bridge over the Loire, which they had already mined for the purpose.

At Chival, yesterday, a force of 3,800 Germans encountered about 8,000 French, mainly Mobiles. After a short combat the French were defeated and driven off.

The Germans are now fed from supplies captured in Normandy and at Orleans.

The railway communication to the Rhine is now fully restored, and provisions are coming forward from Germany.

The *Gaulois* admits that the Prussians are passive through a humane desire to avoid useless bloodshed; and believe they count upon making short work of Paris when the guns are all placed in position.

LONDONDERRY, Oct. 19th.—The steamship *Peruvian* from Quebec, has arrived.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 19th.—The steamship *Idaho*, which sailed to day from New York, takes out 200 Canadians, who were recently serving in the Papal Zouave.

TOURS, Oct. 19th.—The journals here to-day publish the details of the occupation of the city of Orleans by the Prussian army. Their requisitions were enormous, not only in money and provisions, all the guns and horses of the city were taken. The soldiers who were quartered upon the inhabitants fed greedily, drank the best wines, and wasted what they could not use. Bishop Dupanloup constantly interfered in favor of the citizens; he went himself to the Prussian commander to obtain a mitigation of the exorbitant requisitions. In this he was entirely unsuccessful. Correspondents of the journals in their details say the Prussians were well provided for, and seemed to be comfortable. The officers were seen studying maps of the country carefully. The strength of the Prussian army was calculated at 95,000 men.

It is understood that the Germans have almost entirely evacuated the left bank of the Loire to concentrate on the right.

It is rumoured that the Prussians are retreating towards Paris, seemingly to avoid a combat with the French forces gathered on the right bank of the Loire.

A despatch from Versailles announces that Gen. Pilsouch on the 13th inst., attacked and carried Creteuil, driving out 3,000 Gardes Mobile.

The following was made publi by the Minister of War:

VERDUN, 19th.—Chateau Dun was captured last night by the Prussians after a siege lasting from noon till ten o'clock, p. m. It was defended by the troops of the National Guard and 900 Franc Tireurs, who retired, disputing every foot of ground. The Prussian forces were eight thousand strong, and they were well supplied with artillery.

VERSAILLES, 18th.—Official advices from Epinal announce that the French corps which arrived there a few days ago has fled. Some of the troops went to Belfort, but by far the greater part went towards Dijon by railway. The population, freed from their presence, show a conciliatory spirit.

The Prussians occupy Versoul, the capital of the Deparsment of Haute Sonne, 27 miles from Besancon.

General Palladines, commanding the army of the Loire has issued an order today declaring that he will shoot all soldiers guilty of insubordination, and asks the men to shoot him if he fails to do his duty.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The expected battle at Orleans has occurred.

After six hours defence of the city the French fled; they evacuated the town so precipitately that they had not time to blow up the bridge over the Loire, which they had already mined for that purpose.

The forces engaged were about equal.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The *World's* special from London, 18th:—On Sunday a fresh attack was made on the German positions south of Paris, which was not carried the preceding day.

The Bavarians, who still held Bagneux, Cherily and Nay, were taken by surprise early in the morning, by the Garde Mobiles of the Cote d'Or.

The Bavarians fought stubbornly and the action lasted till 1 p. m. They were completely routed.

The French are actively throwing up earth works and constructing rifle pits in advance of Forts Ivery and Charenton.

Spirited encounters occurred on Sunday on the line of the Rouen road.

The Prussian column moved up the right bank of the Seine, approaching Le Petit. The town was occupied by the 94th regiment, which on the approach of the enemy crossed the river, blew up the bridge and fell back to Garller.

The Prussians moved up the river to Courcelles where they passed the Seine; they were furiously attacked by the Franc-Tireurs, and finally compelled to retreat in disorder.

A letter from Paris, of the 14th inst., by balloon, says squares and pleasure grounds have been planted with cabbages and cauliflowers. There is no prospects for peace. The battle of Bagneuse resulted in such loss that the Prussians asked six hours armistice to bury their dead.

Bismarck's proposals for peace were the payment of an indemnity of eighty million sterling; Alsace and Lorraine to be neutral territory for ten years, and then to decide by a plebiscitum their future status; the Prussians to enter Paris and sign a peace there.

Gen. Burnside is said to have been the bearer of the above message.

The Parisians indignantly refused these terms.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—A report that the Prussian Government has advanced money to English gun manufacturers is pronounced false, and an invention of the French designed to weaken the Prussian protest against the arming of new French armies by pretended neutrals.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—A cable despatch dated London, midnight, says, information just at hand from Tours states that the delegates of the Provisional Government and members of the Corps Diplomatique have left that city and proceeded to Bordeaux.

Thiers will at once proceed to the headquarters of King William at Versailles.

From German sources it is learned that Bismarck has laid Bazaine's propositions before King William for his consideration.

GOSSIP FOR THE BREAKFAST TABLE.

King William ordered 100,000 sets of furs for his army.

Beginning with George D. Prentice, ten Louisville journalists have died in the last twelve months.

The Gaiety Theatre, London, management contemplate mounting a dramatization of Dicken's "Pickwick."

The Great Republic has arrived at San Francisco from Hong Kong and Yokohama, with an immense cargo of teas and silks.

A red lead manufacturer of France has discovered that the use of milk to the extent of one quart daily preserves his workmen employed in lead work free from any symptoms of lead disease.

A Prussian spy was recently arrested at Porte-Mailot, near the fortifications, of which he was taking a correct note, while he pretended to be selling a cheap, popular "Life of the Brave General Uhrich, the Defender of Strasbourg.

Among the novelties to be produced at Charing Cross Theatre, London, is "A Realism," in three Acts, by the author of "Clam," and "A Mock Tragedy," with fantastic dresses and scenery, of which the action took place in Carthago a thousand year ago.

The war in France having destroyed the champagne manufacture, has, correspondingly, enlivened the New Jersey cider market. It is estimated the cider crop of Essex county in that State will reach 1,000,000 gallons. The orders for pale cider are so large as to defy the cider makers.

The Vicar of Doncaster found the accompanying lines written in pencil on the walls of the belfry of Doncaster parish church. They happily define ringing, chiming, and tolling:

To call the folks to church in time,
I chime,
When Mirth and Pleasure's on the wing,
I ring,
When from the body parts the soul,
I toll.

The Elora *Times* says the Messrs. Hunter, of Pilkington, refuse $750 for a heifer calf which they showed at the Provincial Exhibition. They sold a bull calf for $200, the purchaser of which afterwards refused $400 for it.

An intimate friend of Charlotte Cushman recently received a letter from her, dated at Rome, where the great actress is slowly dying from cancer, in which she says there is no possibility of her ever returning to this country, although it is her earnest wish to close her life in America.

The California Grand Lodge of Masons adopted a resolution condemning in strong terms the Government of Spain, and members of the Catholic Church in Cuba, for butchery of Masons. They also replaced the decree forbidding subordinate lodges to bury the remains of a brother who has committed suicide.

The Aylmer *Enterprise* says the work of the Canada Air Line Railway is being pushed with vigor. Besides the large number of men now at work at St. Thomas, a gang of workmen is to be put on at Glencoe immediately, and another gang is to be sent to Aylmer as soon as the balance of the right of way can be secured.

The village of Wallaceburg, situated on the navigable portion of the river Sydenham, in Kent, has now the honor of being represented in the journalistic world by a little one-eighth sheet paper called the *Herald*, just started by Mr. Verrall, of Chatham. From the description of the village, we judge it to be a sturdy little place, twenty-three years old, and possessing 600 people.

The Order of St. Michael and St. George.

THE CEREMONY OF INVESTITURE.

From the Montreal Gazette.

Some time ago it was announced that Her Majesty had been pleased to confer on several of the officers who took part in the defence of our borders last spring the title of Champion of the Order of St. Michael and St. George, as a recognition of the value of their services. The selection of those upon whom this honor was to be conferred was left to the Governor-General who consulted with General Lindsay and the Minister of Militia as to who were most deserving of them, the choice finally falling upon the four gentlemen upon whom it was yesterday formally conferred.

IN THE RECEPTION ROOM

of the St. Lawrence Hall, a gay assemblage of ladies, attired in recherche morning costumer, volunteer and regular officers in gay uniforms, and staid civilians in sober colored habiliments, were gathered. The ladies for the most part were clustered at the north eastern corner of the large drawing-room while officers and civilians were scattered about generally.

Shortly after twelve o'clock Lady Young came in, and spent the few moments before the commencement of the ceremony in conversation. At half-past twelve His Excellency entered the apartment attended by Mr. Turville, his private secretary; Lieut.-Colonel McNeil, V.C., military secretary, and Lieut-Colonel Boulton, R.A. Sir John who was plainly attired, was decorated with the insignia of Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, and also of the Most Noble Order of the Bath. He stood at a table fronting the candidates for honours, and proceeded to say:

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL'S SPEECH.

That he was highly delighted to see so large an assemblage of ladies and gentlemen present, despite the inclemency of the weather. He was glad to see so much interest taken in the ceremony, because this was the first occasion on which the new order had been conferred on any of the Colonial militia, and he was delighted to seize the present opportunity of conferring this mark of Royal favor upon persons who had distinguished themselves, as he thought it was calculated to do good; by showing that their services would not go without recognition. And here he wished to correct an erroneous impression which had been given abroad by some newspapers. They seemed to think these distinctions had been given on representations from the Canadian Government. This was entirely a mistake. The present Government of England represented the public opinion of the country to a wonderful extent. He believed that no government ever represented the opinion of the people of England, so much as the present Government under Mr. Gladstone did. Some things had struck home to the British hearts. They had admired the manner in which our volunteers had turned out after their reorganization, more men had come forward than were required, and also when in the Spring but nine thousand men had been called for some thirteen thousand had answered to the call to arms. This most praiseworthy patriotism had struck a chord in public opinion in England, and they had held public meetings and expressed their approval of it. Another thing which showed how highly Canadian Riflemen were regarded at home, was that a great many gentlemen, and with them the Lord Mayor of London, had raised a fund for the purpose of presenting prizes to be competed for by the riflemen of Canada. With regard to the action of the Home Government he said "I was particularly asked whether there were any officers in command of the Colonial forces who where actually engaged in the recent repulse of the Fenians on the frontier, whom I would recommend on that account for the honor of a Companionship of the Order of St. Michael and St. George: and I stated that there were gentlemen whose names I should be happy to have the opportunity of submitting for consideration under the circumstances, feeling assured, as I did, that the conferring rewards upon them would have an excellent effect throughout the Dominion, animate and encourage the Volunteer Militia, and be received with the utmost gratitude in all quarters as a gracious boon on the part of Her Majesty. Accordingly I communicated with the Lieut. General in command, the Hon. James Lindsay, and the Hon. the Minister of Militia, Sir George E. Cartier, and in accordance with their views, I recommended for the distinction in question the names of the gentlemen following:—Lieut.-Col. Wm. Osborne Smith, Deputy Adjutant-General of Militia, 5th District. Commanded on the Missisquoi frontier, arranged the defence of Eccle's Hill, and provided for the defence of that post on the 25th May: was present there in command on the afternoon of the same day when skirmishing took place. Lieut.-Col. John Fletcher, Brigade Major of St. Johns Militia Brigade District. This officer was in command on the Huntingdon frontier previous to the arrival of Her Majesty's 69th Regiment, when Colonel Bagot, the officer commanding that regiment, assumed the command of the field force. Colonel Fletcher accompanied the troops when advancing to attack, and though not in command, was present with the advanced guard when it drove the Fenians across the border. Lieut.-Colonel A. McEachern, commanding 50th Huntingdon Borderers, commanded on the Huntingdon frontier until the arrival of Lieut.-Colonel Bagot, 69th Regiment; commanded his own corps when it drove the Fenians across the border at Trout River. Lieut.-Colonel Brown Chamberlin, M. A., D. C. L., commanding 60th Missisquoi Battalion of Militia; commanded at Eccle's Hill, and drove the Fenians back when they crossed the frontier, and attacked that position on the forenoon of the 25th May. Lord Kimberly, who had in the meantime succeeded Lord Granville at the Colonial Office, acknowledged the receipt of my despatch, submitting the names of the four officers and strongly recommending them for the distinction named. In reply, Lord Kimberly stated that he had much pleasure in submitting the names of the four gentlemen to the Queen for the Royal approval, and Her Majesty was graciously pleased to direct that the decoration should be offered to them.

His Excellency added that they would then proceed with

THE CEREMONY.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. Osborne Smith, who was first called upon by His Excellency, came forward, and Mr. Turville, H. E., Private Secretary, proceeded to read the following warrant, which has the Royal Sign Manual and the Great Seal of the Order attached to it:

VICTORIA R.

Victoria, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Sovereign and Chief of the most distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, to Our Trusty and Well-beloved William Osborne Smith, Esquire, Deputy Adjutant-General in the Militia of Our Dominion of Canada, Greeting:

Whereas, we have thought fit to appoint you to be a member of the Third Class or Companion of Our most distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, We do by these presents Grant unto you the dignity of a Companion of Our most distinguished Order. And we do hereby authorize you to have, hold and enjoy the said dignity as a member of the Third Class or Companion of Our most distinguished Order, together with all and singular the privileges thereunto belonging or appertaining.

Given at Our Court, at Balmoral, under Our Sign Manual and the Seal of the said Order, this Fifteenth day of September, 1870, in the thirty-fourth year of Our reign.

By the Sovereign's command.
GEORGE,
Grand Master.

Lieut. Colonel McNeil, V. C., then handed the insignia of the Order to Lady Young, who fastened it on the breast of the gallant Colonel; when His Excellency presented him with a package containing the Royal warrant, a letter from the Secretary and Registrar, and a copy of the statutes of the Order, and at the same time shook him cordially by the hand.

The same ceremony was gone through with Colonels Fletcher, A. McEachern and Chamberlin, after which His Excellency congratulated the new members of the Order, and declared the ceremony closed.

A short time longer was spent in conversation and the exchange of congratulations, after which the party broke up.

THE INSIGNIA

of the Order consisted of a gold star with a white enamelled disc in the centre on which is represented St. George and the Dragon, and around these the motto: "*Auspicium Melioris Ævi.*" On the reverse side of the star is the same motto, but within the disc is the figure of St. Michael. The star is surmounted by a small gold crown, that depends from the ribbons of the order, which is of light blue with a red bar down the centre.

A New Article of Canadian Manufacture.

The *Vindicator* of last week was printed at the Joseph Hall Works upon the first steam newspaper press made in Canada. It is a Taylor machine, the simplest and best pattern of press for the purpose invented. The appearance of the inside pages of the *Vindicator* is a testimony of the excellence of the work it does. It is, without exception, the best piece of machinery ever turned out of the Joseph Hall Works. Once it was fairly in motion, it did first class printing, although no one at work upon it that night had ever operated such a press before. The printers of the Dominion have now a home made press, superior in style of workmanship, and at least equal in utility to the presses of United States manufacture, at from $200 to $500 less price. When its merits become known we believe that the Joseph Hall Works will find this to become a most important branch of their manufactures.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very cheap.
HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Can da
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street.
1397 3

WRITING LESSONS, &c., FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

Respectable young women, employed in stores, or otherwise, during the day, whose evenings are at their own disposal, and who desire to improve themselves educationally, more especially in Writing, Reading, and Spelling, will effect their object, on terms quite within their means, on application to

MRS. CHARLES POPE,
Corner of Bank and Albert-sts.
Ottawa, Oct. 20, 1870.

MONEY TO LEND.

Apply to
R S CASSELS,
Wellington street.
Ottawa, Oct 20, 1870 1490 4

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to authorise the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, October 12 h, 1870 1492 1awk-3m

TAILORS WANTED.

Wanted immediately, two or three good hands, to whom the highest wages will be paid in cash, every Saturday, by the Subscriber.

J. METCALFE,
Centre Town.
Ottawa, Oct 19, 1870 1492tf

ANNUAL FALL

TRADE SALE.

The subscribers will hold a Trade Sale for account of Messrs.

BUCHANAN, LECKIE & Co.

MONTREAL.

At their Stores, on

TUESDAY, 25th OCTOBER,

When will be offered their usual extensive assortment, consisting of

FRESH NEW CROP TEAS,
WINES,
BRANDIES,
RUM, GIN,
GENERAL GROCERIES, &c, &c.

—ALSO—

NEW CROP
MALAGA and VALENCIA RAISINS,
Ex "Deodar" and "Modiska."

Particulars hereafter.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & Co.
Auctioneers.
Montreal, Oct 18, 1870 1499

ADDITIONAL STOCK

RE-ORDERED

—BY—

ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Are now receiving large lots of new GOODS, re-ordered by Cable and Steamer from BRITAIN, to fill up lines all sold in September.

Their Stock will be again very complete in all the Departments this week.

They invite special attention to their Stock of

BLACK and COLOURED SILKS,
Fancy DRESS GOODS, in all the Fashionable Materials,
RIBBONS,
LACES,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,
SHAWLS,
MILLINERY and MANTLES,
PRINTS,
COTTONS,
SHEETINGS,
BLANKETS and FLANNELS,

All purchased in the best Markets, and on every possible advantage.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

NEW GROCERY STORE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND YORK STREETS

J. M. C. DE LES DERNIERS

HAS OPENED A

NEW GROCERY STORE

In the above named Premises, in which will be found a full supply of all articles of the best new, and of first class quality, carefully selected by himself, he can guarantee satisfaction. As the

GOODS WERE CASH FURNISHED

They can be sold at a less figure than if on credit. They consist in part of

WINES,
LIQUORS,
SCOTCH ALES, and PORTER,
TEAS,
SUGARS,
TOBACCOS,
FISH, (fried salmon, PICKLES,

And a variety of other articles too numerous to mention, and such as can be found in a First Class Grocery Establishment.

Mr. De les Derniers, having an extensive connection, is in constant receipt of But

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart..... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive..... 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 2.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.

TICKETS OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.—New patterns. Artistic designs. Superior quality. Reduced prices. House furnishers are particularly requested to view them.

188 1w MAGEE & RUSSELL.

GYPSIES.—A family of Gypsies appeared to be quite a curiosity to a number of people on Rideau street yesterday.

A special meeting of the City Council will be held next Monday evening, when the question of Water works will be considered.

☞ 50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

DRAINED AT LAST.—The pool at the corner of Nicholas and Rideau streets is at length being drained. People residing in the neighborhood will be thankful accordingly.

SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENT.—A new side walk is being laid on Nelson street, between Rideau and Daly streets. This side walk was much needed as this part of Nelson street is very sandy, and consequently unpleasant to travel on.

LATE ARRIVALS.—Just opened one case rich Lace Goods, Collars, and Cuffs, &c., in. Also, one case Gipsy Bonnets and Hats, Evening Flowers, Feathers and many other novelties.

188 1w MAGEE & RUSSELL.

BEAR.—A young bear on the market yesterday caused considerable amusement for a time to some young boys, one of whom finally had part of his coat torn off by the animal. He was caught up the Gatineau. The owner wanted $8 for him.

☞ At other lot of those wonderfully cheap French Merinoes, worth 3s. 9d. for 2s. 6d., and worth 2s. 6d. for 2s., in all the leading colours, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

FILL IT UP.—There is a hole at the eastern corner of the market which forms a nasty pool during wet weather. Persons crossing from one side of the square to the other must either pass through it or walk round outside the waggons to avoid it A few cart loads of gravel would fill it up.

☞ Effects of the war! Great sacrifice in Silks! Garland, Mutchmor & Co. secured a parcel at the low prices. Good ordinary Black Silk at 3s. 6d., 3s. 9d., 4s. and 5s. per yard. Beautiful Lyons gros grains 5s. 3d., 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 9d., and 10s.

A meeting of the members and friends of the Ottawa Immigration Aid Society will be held on Friday evening next, at 8 o'clock, in their rooms in Aumond's block, Rideau street, for the purpose of inaugurating the rooms and to bid farewell to the Rev. A. S. Herring, previous to his return to England.

☞ Real Laces, Lace Sets, Lace Handkerchiefs, wide Sash Ribbons, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

SHADE TREES AND YOUNG BOYS.—Some time ago when speaking of shade trees we referred to the wanton habit of certain young boys in disfiguring and frequently destroying those trees. Since then we have listened to several complaints of a like nature, and certainly there is ample reason for making those complaints. We have been shown several, otherwise fine looking trees, so hacked and cut up by the loafer's knife, that they must ultimately decay.

That sheet of water usually known as the "Duck Pond," opposite the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway depot, and which was filled up but lately by that Company, is this morning as bad as ever, so far as the expanse of water is concerned. It may not be as deep as formerly, but until a drain or sewer is made to carry off the water, it must be a continual source of annoyance to the company. The ground is lower in that particular spot, and is surrounded on all sides by higher land, consequently, when heavy rain falls it will always be inundated.

☞ Flannels, Lancashire, Welsh, Antirheumatic, Saxony and Canadian, in a great variety of colors and prices, from 1 yard up, all excellent value, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

THE MARKET.—Wednesday.—There was a very good market this morning and produce was in good supply. Prices were not much changed.

Hay sold from $18 to $20 per ton.
Straw, $8 to $10 per ton.
Pork, $7.50 to $9 per 100 pounds.
Beef, $5 to $6 per 100 pounds.
Mutton, 6 to 7 cts. per pound.
Potatoes, 40 to 45 cts. per bushel.
Turnips, 30 cts. per bushel.
Butter, 23 to 27 cts. per pound.

NEARLY RUN OVER.—Some parents appear to be extremely neglectful of their children. Almost at any hour of the day, in any part of the city, very young children can be seen amusing themselves on the public roads. Instances of children having been run over have occurred frequently enough, we should think, to warn persons against allowing their children to run about the streets in this manner. Yesterday morning a child narrowly escaped being run over by a farmer's waggon on Dalhousie street.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE—Wednesday.—A Stylman Herring, England; Henry Taylor, Montreal; Wm Robinson, Galt; Dr John Fergusson, do; Colonel Francis C. Maude, C B, V C, Eng.; R Rae, Hamilton; Hon John Carling, London; Mr and Mrs Donaldson, Toronto; Alex. F Kirkpatrick, Kingston; J Beecher, Buffalo; F C Draper, Kingston; George E Newel, Pantucket; W Farquhar, Torouto; Andrew Ross, Montreal; Neil Robertson, Arnprior; A McKeand, Montreal; J B Moore, do; D Sinclair, Kingston; James P Dawes, Lachine; A A Hern, Quebec; J L Welch, do; D C Tomlinson, Watertown; Hon P J O Chauveau, Quebec.

The Band of the O. B. G. A. will play the following programme at the race course to-day.

1. Quickstep, "Love Not," H. Brown.
2. Waltz, "Autumn Flowers," Jno. C. Bonner.
3 Galop, "Sticks and Stones," arranged by J. C. Bonner.
4. Mazourka, "Colsieum," Zikoff.
5. Quickstep, "Tapping at the Garden Gate," Bonner.
6. Althorn Solo, "Kathleen Mavourneen," Crouch.
7. Galop, "Encore," arranged by J. C. Bonner.

God Save the Queen.

JNO. C. BONNER,
Bandmaster.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

CANADA PRESBYTERIAN SABBATH SCHOOL ASSOCIATION.—The quarterly meeting of the Sabbath School Association was held on Monday evening in Bank Street C.P. Church Mr. W. Hamilton in the chair. Rev. Mr. Moore opened the meeting with prayer. Rev. Wm. McLaren, of Knox Church, addressed the meeting, and made some very practicable remarks on encouragement and disencouragement of Sabbath school works. He called upon parents especially to aid and sustain the various teachers in this work. A hymn being sung a lesson in object teaching on the blackboard was given by Mr. Wm. Topley, the Secretary. A question drawer was then opened and proved very instructive. A large number of questions had been sent in from the different schools, to which answers were given by a committee appointed for the purpose, viz: Rev. Messrs. Ebbs and Gordon and A. Mutchmor, Esq. The chairman then called upon Mr. P. LeSueur to deliver the closing address; in doing which he urged all present to take a greater interest in sustaining the Sabbath schools, especially in furnishing effective teaching, at the same time asking for a special effort on the part of pastors. The meeting closed with prayer and the benediction by Rev Mr. Ebbs.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

Police Court.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19, 1870.

The cases this morning were more numerous and important than usual. The first prisoner called was Luke Madore, who was charged with being drunk. From the evidence of the Constable it appeared the prisoner was driving a team of horses on Sussex street, but being so helpless from drink he fell out of the waggon, and narrowly escaped being crushed to death. He was fined two dollars and costs.

Jean Baptist Loulin appeared to answer to a charge of using abusive language to Elizabeth Kelly. Several witnesses were called, but the case being a frivolous one, was dismissed.

The case of Pierre Roy which was of a similiar nature was dismissed with costs.

Michael Cusack who keeps a grocery, was fined $10 and costs for assaulting a boy named Tupper by kicking and severely injuring him.

Rachael Peterkin was charged with assaulting a young girl. Several witnesses were called on both sides, but their evidence was so contradictory that the case was dismissed.

Thomas O'Connor, a tavern keeper, in Lower town, was find two dollars and costs for using unnecessary violence when ejecting a man named Keogh from his bar room.

There was another charge brought against the defendant by D. M. Grant, Inspector of Tavern Licences, but the case was dismissed.

The Races.

At Mr. Mutchmor's Driving Park, Bank street, will take place to-day the first races of the Ottawa Turf Club. For a long time the impatient public have been listening to the news of preparations, improvements, &c., but the day has finally arrived when the races themselves are to take place. The race course is not perfect, nor could it be expected to be perfect already, but we can say that it is in very good condition just now. Mr. Mutchmor deserves every credit for his enterprise and spirit in going to a great expense in order to bring the course to its present state, and probably after the races what is needed will be better known, and the proper improvements can be made. As these will be the first races held at Ottawa, we have no doubt a large concourse of people will attend. The following are the entries up to last night:

FIRST RACE.

Open hurdle race, $150—2 miles, over 8 hurdles 3 feet 8 inches. Stiff timber, weights, 4 years, 140 lbs., 5 years, 147 lbs., 6 and aged, 154 lbs. Winners within a year 10 lbs. extra; $125 to first horse, $25 to second—Lottery, C. O'K., Rescue, Sleepy Johnnie, Viley, Citadel.

SECOND RACE.

The Carleton Plate of $150—Open race, 1¼ miles, 3 years old, 95 lbs., 4 years, 110 lbs., 5 years, 118 lbs., 6 and aged, 126 lbs., mares and geldings allowed 3 lbs. $125 to first horse, $25 to second—Julia Dean, Bonnie Braes, Jack Bell, Viley.

THIRD RACE.

Trotting race for purse of $75—Local horses, mile heats in harness—Telgraph, Surprise, Bay Boston.

FOURTH RACE.

Lumberman's purse $125—For Local Horses, T.C.W., mares and geldings allowed 3 lbs, mile heats; $100 to first horse, $25 to second:—Brown Dick, Rescue, Young Bob Logic, Tim Whiffler Young Jimcrack.

FIFTH RACE.

Proprietors' Purse $150—Province bred horses, T.C.W., mile heats; $125 to first horse, $25 to second:—Lottery, C. O' K. Julia Dean, Rescue, Sleepy Johnnie, Young Bob Logic, Young Jimcrack.

There was twenty pools sold, the largest was sixty dollars the least ten.

Metropolitan Rifle Association.

The remaining matches of this association were completed yesterday at the Rideau Rifle Range. The day was everything that could be desired for rifle shooting, and under the able management of the Committee the whole affair passed of successfully. The following are the prize winners:

"CORPORATION PRIZES."

	300 yds.	500 yds.	total
1st prize, $30: Sergt. Cairns, O. G. A.	14	16	30
2nd prize, $20: Capt. Cotton, O. G. A.	15	14	29
3rd prize, $10: Lieut. Walker, O. G. A.	15	14	29
4th prize, $8: Capt. Stewart, 43rd	14	15	29
5th prize, $5: Sergt. Harris, O. G. A	17	12	29
6th prize, $5: Sergt. Walsh, C. S. R.	15	13	28
7th prize, $5: Sergeant Doudiet, 43rd	16	12	28
8th prize, $3: Gunner Walters, O. G. A.	13	14	27
9th prize, $3: Lieut. Perry, O. G. A	13	14	27
10th prize, $3: Lieut. Cotton, O. G. A	15	12	27
11th prize, $2: Pvt. Pearson, O. Rifles	13	13	26
12th prize, $2: Sergt. Grant, O. G. A	15	11	26
13th prize, $2: Sergt. Hinton, 43rd	13	13	26
14th prize, $2: Gunner Cotton, O. G. A	15	10	25

SMALL BORE MATCH.

	500 yds.	700 yds.	800 yds.	tl.
1st prize, $30: Lt.-Col. Jackson, B. M.	18	17	20	55
2nd prize, $15: Capt. Young, G. T. R.	16	19	17	52
3rd prize, $8: Lieut. Greaves "	16	13	16	45
4th prize, $5: Capt. Bell "	16	15	11	42
5th prize: Sergt. Doudiet, 43rd	18	13	10	41
6th prize: Gunr. Walters, O. G. A.	19	13	6	38

MAIDEN STAKES.

	400 yds.	200 yds.	Tot'l.
1st prize: Capt. Garvin, 43rd	17	13	30
2nd prize: Sergt. Codd, O. G. A.	16	14	30
3rd prize: Gunner McEwen, O. G. A.	15	13	28
4th prize: Gunner Owens, O. G. A.	15	13	28
5th prize: Pvt. Green, 43rd	16	12	28
6th prize: Gunner Grant, O. G. A.	14	13	27
7th prize: Pvt. White, C. S. R.	16	10	26
8th prize: Pvt. Masson, O. Rifles	13	12	25
9th prize: Sergt. Iliffe, O. Rifles	15	8	23
10th prize: Pvt. Sinclair, C. S. R.	10	12	22
11th prize: Pvt. Armstrong, C. S. R.	13	9	22

A courageous woman of the Mme. Defarge type recently saved her life and her purse, by presence of mind, while moving along a lonely road in Missouri. The cowardly rogue who attempted to rob her fled in terror before a set of knitting needles, with which she threatened to blow his brains out.

AUTUMN. 1870.

THE GOLDEN LION,

SPARKS STREET,

Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in

HATS,
BONNETS.
FEATHERS,
Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c.

Fashionable Velveteen Hats.
From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets,
$1.50 upwards

New Paris Jackets,
In Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Underclothing.
A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods.
A complete Stock.

☞ R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

☞ FALL AMD WINTER STOCK, ☜

And are shewing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES

HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

☞ OUR STOCK ☜

—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS,
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Box and Parlor Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen's Supplies, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL
AND
BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over the Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's cars for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4.40 p. m

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT.
Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12 1870 1466tf

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

—OF THE—

☞ PROVINCE OF ONTARIO ☜

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W R WORSLEY,
Sec. C C R Co

Ottawa, Oct 15, 1870 1468tf

GREAT BOOK SALE.

Catalogues are now issued for the great Book Sale at Montreal, of the Estate of Richard Worthington, by order of T S Brown, Official Assignee. There are over six thousand lots, comprising Books in every Department of Literature, from Juvenile up to Standard Works and various branches of Science, in quantities that should recommend the particular attention of all Booksellers, Schools, and Public Institutions.

Sale to commence on Tuesday, 25th October, and will be continued till all are sold.

Montreal, Oct 17, 1870

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $100 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa.

Dry Goods.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY,

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

☞ PURCHASERS are invited to view all the leading NOVELTIES in Dress Materials, this day.

WINCIES,
COBOURGS,
PLAIN LUSTRES,
FIGURED DO.
PLAIN REPPS,
FIGURED DO.
SERGES
ALPACA CORDS,
FRENCH MERINOES,
PLAIN SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS,
FIGURED SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS
BRIGHTON DIAGNAL COSTUME CLOTHS
BLACK REVERSIBLE LUSTRES,
TARTAN WINCIES,
DO. CAMLETS,
DO. POPLINS,
DO. PLAIDS,

☞ LADIES and others interested in the purchase of DRESSES are respectfully invited to examine our Stock and see for themselves the extraordinary value.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticker of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-41N.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

BAZAAR.

The Annual Bazaar, in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, will be held on Monday the 24th day of October instant.

Donations in aid of the fancy and refreshment tables, will be thankfully received by the following Ladies:—

Fancy Table, Cathedral Parish, Mrs Higgins Mrs Goodwin and Mrs Bermingham.

Do do St Joseph's Parish, Mrs Brophy, Mrs. Kehoe Mrs Plunkett, Mrs Whelan, Miss McDonell, Miss O'Connor, Miss McCarthy.

Do do St. Patrick's Parish, Mrs O'Connor, Mrs A Hearn, Mrs Nagle and Mrs Mullin.

REFRESHMENT TABLE.—Mrs George Murphy, Mrs Rhodes and Mrs Enright.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870 1484124O

THE MERCHANT'S BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.

THOMAS KIRBY.
Manager.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1458 1m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICKS.

Apply to MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1460tf

FOR CHEAP

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE,

75 Sparks Street,

Ottawa Hull, September 29, 1870 1416 1ms

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of convey thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot),
Cattles Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Per Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

10 HHDS BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine old fam ly.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very 14 years 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra VP for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dubil Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,
BLACK, in differen kinds; also very fresh scond and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.

RESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS. The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London. put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries
Wines,
and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for common goods
A trial solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau Street

Ottawa June, 1870

THE OTTAWA TURF CLUB

RACES,

Will take place (weather permitting) on

THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 20th and 21st OCTOBER,

—AT—

MUTCHMOR'S DRIVING PARK
BANK STREET.

$650 in Purses will be Offered.

Entries close at 9 o'clock on WEDNESDAY Evening at the Russell House.

Pools will be sold immediately afterwards by Mr A O F COLEMAN, at WELDON CHAMPNESS'S British Lion Hotel

EDWARD C. BARBER,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Ottawa, Oct 19, 1870 1491 3

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGH

Ottawa, September 29, 1870 1416 1ms

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47 SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN"

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins to hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties, &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11, 1870

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY, TAILOR,

—AND

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,
Broad Cloths
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa July 26, 1870

PRESTON & ROWSELL

JAMES PRACOCK,

HATS! HATS

HATS!

33 Rideau street.
OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

TO RENT.

A Dwelling House, containing 10 Rooms, corner of Sussex and St Patrick streets, lately occupied by W B Lindsay, Esq

Possession immediately

Apply to THOS McKAY,
Flour store,
Sussex street.

Ottawa Oct 8, 1870 1491 6

LOST,

Lost by one of the Carriers of the Daily TIMES, on SATURDAY, 15th inst., near the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway Station, a PASS BOOK, with the names of the subscribers, of no use to any person but the owner. The finder will be kind enough to return it to the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, October 18.

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL
ASSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.
INVESTED IN CANADA.......................$300,000
Canada Head Office:—Montreal.
A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1·2: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,
1407 3m Agent

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,
34 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO, ONT.
ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is becoming one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address
T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.
Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1463 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1 148tf

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

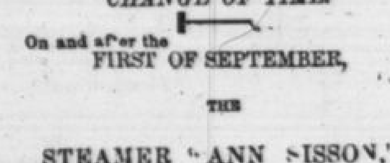
THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the
FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,
THE
STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"
Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.
The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.
R S CASSELS.
President
Ottawa, August 22, 1870 141tf

MR DUIGNAN'S.
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the general 219tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:
A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN.
DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap. 36,) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY OF FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.
T. G. COURSOLLES,
Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks
Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

TO LET.

From the 12th November to the 1st May next, the house at present occupied by Dr Henry, corner of Kent and Wellington streets Apply after p.m. 1486 6

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Med
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles.
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS ...ttawa

TRADE-MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S
QUININE
WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children —it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.
J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER
Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are ordering in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in ...awa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP, AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hooey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:
MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.
MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.
A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.
A F WOOD, J P.
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,
For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS
TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY. MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL. LONDON.
FOR THE TEETH

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.
Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.
MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

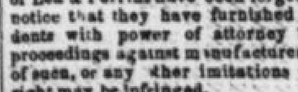
Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awtm 1awk6m

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
Declared by Connoisseurs
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.
CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING
OF THE
SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,
Will be held at the
ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL
ON
Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next,
AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.
W R WORSLE
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1462td

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of "the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G W Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

The Tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order
F BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works
Ottawa, October 1, 1870. 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

GREAT
CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada.]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BE WEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.
Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago..................	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit..................	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit..................	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route..................	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau st.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET,
MONTREAL.
Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.
A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.
1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants

J. BERMINGHAM,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases
W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.
N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.
THE
Canadian Parliamentary Calendar
AND
Directory for 1870.
To be obtained
OPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.
Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.
Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand, Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.
HELLMUTH COLLEGE.
Board and Tuition per annum, $226.
HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.
PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron
For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 8, 1870. 1 -1

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.
Augus 1445

MADRID 1867. PRIMERA CLASE. PARIS 1867. LONDON 1862. MENTION HONORABLE. GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the
ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.
Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.
For directions for use see labels on bottles.
HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store.

U
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 164.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.
PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,
Making them
FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without
Send for circular, instructions, &c.
BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street.
Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.
Low Oven Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves. Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes. Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves. Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes. Elbows.
Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
35 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

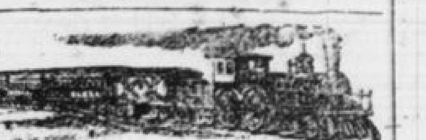
B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street. near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.
CHAS. GOULDEN.
Ottawa, Augus 6 3m

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa,

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 7.30 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.
R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director
Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.
4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.
6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.
5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55
LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.
H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.
VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1430y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown..................	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown..................	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown..................	$100 00
Halifax..................	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..................	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown..................	30 00
Halifax..................	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..................	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA
WHITE BEANS,
At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK
—OF—
FEET WARE
AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE
YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.
GEORGE MURPHY,

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.
CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td 1awtc

Sarsaparilla
...YING THE BLOOD

they were painfully afflicted ... cured in such great numbers ... tion of the country, that the public ... be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. ...

Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. ...

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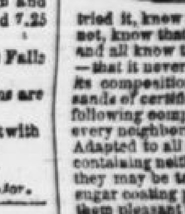

... tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always —that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. ...

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The test of the value of Insurance ... not when the premiums are being paid ... losses are being settled, and, ... promptness of its settlements ... Insurance Company is second to none.

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FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis
DATURA TATULA
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"A remedy of great ... fulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

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"The smoke causes no nausea. ... kind, I have never known an instance ... relief was not obtained."—*General* ... *Hon. B. Stuart.*

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Pastilles for Inhalation, ...
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FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity superior to Pepsine.

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The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1493. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

RIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Province of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Over Dutie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa West. 12w F C CLEMOW.

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WOODSON, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-st. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

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CLARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TALLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau street, Ottawa. 366tf GEORGE TALLON

J. B. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 19ott

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J. A. SHERLARD, Physician, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, 2nd end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. N.B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

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Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. JOHN'S, Nfld.

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This is a spacious sample-room for commercial men. 859y

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MR HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply Sets of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth by Atmospheric Pressure, on either gold, silver or vulcanite plates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses of natural teeth are applied, without the inconvenience to the wearers, and after a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance original to the mouth.

N.B. with a view to the removal of painful diseases during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, but introduced into practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which this sufferer inhales without pain or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it in a pleasant dream.

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Ottawa, September 3, 1870

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132 ly.

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For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as—Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine has anything won so widely and so deeply into the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the nations of the earth, its virtues have kept pace with its fame, and it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to all forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a protection against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be on hand in every family, and indeed as all who are subject to colds and coughs, should be provided with this antidote for them. Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, the patient restored to sound health by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When such a remedy should reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral*, they subside and disappear.

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For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chills and Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic exhalations.

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Chronic Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the liver into healthy activity.

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PRICE $1 00 PER BOTTLE.

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THEIR CELEBRATED

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ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

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These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, when by it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

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These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a lifetime of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

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Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 lawk y

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the Village of Kemmore,

AN INSOLVENT,

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

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R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

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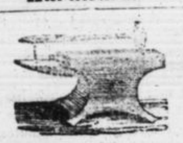

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Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
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Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

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All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

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JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Gosela," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deaf Milk saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

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AT

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THOMAS ISAAC,

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HENRY'S STONE BUILDING,

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Cooking and Fancy Stove

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

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A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavouring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

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A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

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Wine Merchant,

Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

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GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8:30 a m
Night do do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	4:00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 a m
Express for Lachine at	6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9:15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Provincial Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7.00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N. S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west, at	9 00 a m
NIGHT do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 15 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage "Checked through."

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

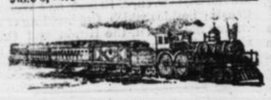
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,

Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1429tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,

Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1417tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

1870.	A.M.	P.M.	CLOSE.	1870.
	11.15		9.00	Eastern, by Trains; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway
	6.00			Montreal, by Steamer
	11.15			Western, by Trains; Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, N.B. R. R. & O. Railway
	11.15			Halifax, N.S., and St. John, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Present
	7.30		8.00	Western, by Train St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburg, New York, Boston, &c
	11.15		8.00	Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Original, Gravelle, Grenville, &c
	6.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c
	5.00			Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c
		12.15		Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Hull, Chamiquy, Brand Brewery Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway
		4.00		Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Chamiquy, Brand Brewery Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway
				Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford, St. L. & O. Railway
	5.00			North Gower, Kars and Lake of St. L. & O. Railway
	11.15			Osgoode, Leitrim, Bearbrook, Cumberland, Orleans, Sarsfield, Cantin, Central Railway
	7.30			Orange Ville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway
	8.00			For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Mondays and Thursdays
	4.30			Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays
	8.00			
	8.00			
	8.00		

living all that time in the knowledge of deceiving my wife about notes continually received, it seems strange that I ever dared to rebel against the yoke.

I can't tell how it was it occurred to me at last to take the step which I can't tell how it was never occurred to me to take before.

I took my last letter to the superintendent of police. Could he help me? I asked it really in fear and trembling. Would he reply to the letter for me? Would he do any thing to get me out of this scrape?

Our superintendent of police—an immense man—a giant six feet four in is stockings—looked down on me with ineffable contempt. 'Well,' he said, 'I'm surprised at *you*: that I am. If flats like you don't go and undo all the good the police does! How can you go and encourage these people? Why, she's a returned convict; she's been fifteen years in Australia; and the two months you didn't have a letter from her, she was in Portsmouth jail for pocket-picking. I know all about her and have "wanted" her for these six months, for stealing property from Galton Villa, where you were fool enough to meet her; and very lucky that I know all about it, or she might swear you were an accomplice. However, two our of men will answer your letter to morrow at eleven o'clock punctual.'

The lady in black, it appears, *had been* a lady after all; and a part of her story was true. She had been a singer though not of such high class as she pretended, and she was, not a daughter, but a distant relation of Sir George Shirfield.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Canada Pacific Railway—A. Waddington.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Stree

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1870.

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries arrived last evening.

All the Intercolonial Railway Commissioners are in the city, with the exception of Mr. McLelan, who is expected to arrive to day.

We sincerely regret to announce the death of the Honorable Dr. Rolph, which occurred at Mitchell, on Wednesday afternoon. Dr. Rolph was born at Thornbury, Gloucestershire, England, in the year 1786. He studied medicine in London, but emigrated to Canada at an early age.

Three severe shocks of an earthquake were experienced yesterday morning in this city at nine minutes past 11. On Sandy Hill the third shock, which was accompanied by a loud rumbling noise, caused considerable consternation. As will be seen on reference to our telegraphic despatches, the earthquake was general throughout Canada and a portion of the United States.

As will be seen by an advertisment, which appears in another column, application will be made to Parliament, at its next session, for power to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing a railway to connect with our present railroad system, pass north of Lake Superior, through the North West territory, to the Yellow or Leather Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains. At that point it is intended to connect with the railway projected through British Columbia from the Pacific coast to the Rocky Mountains.

THE EMIGRATION CONFERENCE.

We understand that the proceedings of the Emigration Conference yesterday were of a very interesting character, and are likely to be attended with highly important results. The gentlemen from England stated their views to the representatives of the Dominion and Local Governments, pointed out what they considered the best means of encouraging emigration to this country, and imparted a large amount of valuable information. The Hon. Dr. Tupper and Hon. Mr. Tilley represented the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. Mr. Peckwith, of the New Brunswick Government, is expected to arrive here to-day The following is a list of those who took part in the conference:

REPRESENTING DOMINION GOVERNMENT:—Sir Jno. A. Macdonald, Sir George E. Cartier, Sir Francis Hincks, Hon. Messrs Dunkin, Morris, Tilley, Aikins and Tupper.

ONTARIO: Hon. Mr. Carling.

QUEBEC: Hon. P. J. O. Chauveau.

The following gentlemen were also present by invitation:—Col. Maude, C. B., London, England; Rev. S. Herring, St. Paul's, Clerkenwell, London; Father Nugent, Liverpool; Messrs. T. White, Montreal; T. Connolly, delegate from the Working Men's Society, London, Eng.; Donaldson, Toronto; Rae, Hamilton; Stafford, Quebec; Daly, Montreal; Mills, Ottawa; Dixon, London, England; Dore, and Dr. Tache, Department of Agriculture.

The earnestness and unanimity which we understand were displayed by all those who participated in the conference, encourage us to hope for good results. The necessity of doing something in order to attract a larger number of immigrants to Canada is fully recognized by all, and it is gratifying to see members of the Cabinet from all portions of the Dominion, giving evidence by their presence of the interest they feel in the work. It is also satisfactory to find that the desire to attract immigration is no longer confined to certain sections of the country. Quebec appears to be as anxious about this subject as Ontario is. We understand that as many as fifty colonization societies have already been established there, and well directed efforts are now being made for the settlement of the Eastern Townships. The English speaking inhabitants of the Province are naturally most anxious to attract English immigrants, the French, on the other hand, are working with considerable success to bring back those of their own race who in an evil hour have crossed the frontier and taken up their abode in the neighbouring Republic. It is to be hoped that a majority of those who are thus reclaimed are brought back before the simple habits of their youth have all been eradicated by contact with the worst type of Americans, and that while they may have acquired a share of that industry and enterprise which is such an admirable feature in the American character, they may not also have become inoculated with Republican and socialistic ideas. We are happy to say that in some cases which have come within our knowledge, the exact contrary has been the result of a sojourn in the States, and that French Canadians have returned home filled with a deeper love for their native land, and a more sincere regard for those institutions under which such equal rights are enjoyed. In dealing with the question of emigration it is especially important that the Quebec Government should bear in mind the necessity of constructing good roads through all parts of the province. It is of little use for a man to have a good farm or to grow abundant crops, if he is not provided with an available means of communication with a market. The report of the Quebec Minister of Agriculture, to which we alluded some time since, shows that a large number of miles of road were constructed last year, and a number of settlers were in consequence attracted to lands hitherto untilled and undeveloped. Considerable attention should be bestowed upon the character of the immigration we attract to our shores. An honest, industrious man who comes here determined to work and make a home for himself and his family by his own efforts, is a blessing to the country; a source of wealth and strength; an idle vagabond who imagines that in a new country gold may be picked up in the streets is a curse;—a source of poverty and weakness. We have no doubt that some thousands of those who land every year in the United States, the Americans would very gladly transfer to Canada if they could, and so get rid of an element of future danger and weakness. While, therefore, we hope to see the number of those who settle in this country materially increased, we trust that it will not be with the refuse of English society or the sweepings of English jails. We are quite sure that none of those gentlemen from the old country who are now here participating in the conference, will knowingly send us any but those who are fitted for colonial life. We do not ask that an immigrant should have means, but we do demand as a *sin qua non* that he shall be industrious and able bodied.

MANITOBA AFFAIRS.

We have received a copy of the petition lately presented by Dr. Schultz and his party to Governor Archibald, requesting him to take measures for a full investigation into all the facts of the late insurrection, so that both the secret instigators (if there were any) as well as the open actors may be brought to justice. It is strange that these gentlemen cannot or will not understand that Governor Archibald has no more right to order an investigation of this kind than he has to enquire into the facts connected with the insurrection in Cuba. The Dominion Government had no authority in the country until after the Queen's proclamation providing for the annexation of Manitoba was published, and cannot, therefore, deal with political crimes committed before that time. Any political offences perpetrated before the Royal Proclamation was made, must be punished by the Imperial authorities and by no one else. It is not only unwise, but it is wrong and unpatriotic to trouble Governor Archibald with applications of this kind at a time when he has such important duties to perform, on the proper discharge of which the future welfare of the Dominion so much depends. Since Governor Archibald's arrival at the seat of his new Government he has done exceedingly well; he has to a great extent succeeded in calming the minds of the French half breeds, many of whom, it is idle to deny viewed the arrival of the troops with distrust and apprehension. He has exerted himself to eradicate old hostilities and jealousies, feeling convinced, as he does, that it is only by a united effort on the part of men of all classes and creeds, that the progress and prosperity of the country can be ensured. We have already seen enough to prove that Mr. Archibald is "the right man in the right place;" that he possesses the requisite amount of tact, temper and experience to carry out the work of pacification which is the first and most important part of the task entrusted to him, and that if he is not hindered by those from whom he has a right to expect assistance, the best results may be confidently expected. Instead of occupying the Governor's time and their own by petitioning him to do what a very trifling amount of calm consideration would show them is impossible, these gentlemen had better set to work in the interests of the Province and the Dominion, and strive to have matters so arranged during the forthcoming winter, that when spring comes, the condition of Manitoba will be such as will be likely to induce a large number of immigrants to decide upon making that Province their future home.

In reference to some remarks of ours respecting the Grand Trunk Railway, the Toronto *Globe* says:—

"It is far from creditable to the press of Canada that so many of them should be prepared to make black white on behalf of the Grand Trunk."

We would like to know what right the *Globe* has to condemn seven-eighths of the journals in Canada simply because they choose to express an opinion of their own which does not coincide with Mr. Brown's organ. Does the Managing Director of the *Globe* suppose that he is the only editor in the country who can form an opinion as to the condition of the Grand Trunk Railway? It is noteworthy that the *Globe* avoids anything like a fair argument on this question. When a journal differs from it, whether it is one published on the line of the Grand Trunk Railway, or a hundred miles away, the *Globe* instead of entering into a discussion of the subject in a fair and liberal spirit, begins calling names, declares that it is "subsidized" and "prepared to make black white on behalf of the Grand Trunk." We do not suppose that any Canadian editor ever received a much more important favour from the Managing Director of that line than the proprietor of the *Globe* did yesterday on the occasion of his Cainsville sale.

The new Princess of Greece is to be named Alexandra, after the Grand Duchess of Russia, her grandmother.

Mrs. Korn Kobb Gets a Curtain Lecture.

For THE TIMES.

No, madam, I say it will *not* do. Grecian Bend, or Roman Bend, or whatever else it may be, you wear it no more. I'm senior partner in this firm if the court knows itself. I'm commander-in-chief, Mrs. K., and you must conform to regulations.

What do you mean by upholstering yourself in this style, anyway? Why, if I permitted you to go on building to yourself, I'd have to rent a music hall for you to dress in.

Oh there isn't *much* in it—isn't there? No, not much. Only a bale of cotton or so, and enough whalebone to reconstruct the frame of the great sea serpent. You ought to be ashamed of yourself! Going about the streets in that way exposing yourself to all sorts of remarks from those you meet.

There, now, you needn't kick and squirm, and try to pitch me out of bed. You know it's true. Didn't the man at the theatre the other night want to charge for you by the yard, and didn't you get jammed in a street car lately, and have to be drawn out by a team of horses. No, madam, you must reduce your armament.

It's the fashion—is it? Well, it's a fashion that doesn't suit me. You'll be wanting a ring through your nose next, or a wooden leg, or to have yourself tattooed or some other happy device to drive a loving husband distracted. No, no, you'll have to dismantle yourself. Come now there's a good girl say you'll have nothing more to do with it, and I'll hire three or four horses to-morrow and carry it down to the river, or I'll blow it up with a couple of pounds of gunpowder and let the neighbors gather the fragments to stuff pillows with.

No I'm not an ill-natured stingy old brute. Did I ever refuse you a new set of teeth. Did I ever murmur at your monthly bills for hair, and powder, and high heeled boots. Did I say a single word when you flirted round the streets in short dresses that looked more like Highlanders' kilts than anything else, showing your ankles—and such ankles too; looked just as if they had the gout or the dropsy, or ——— oh, I say, come now no pinching. Let go will you. Confound it, madam, I'm not made of cast iron.

Well then, once for all, I say you must give it up. I'm the Medes and Persians Mrs. K. K., and when I fulminate an edict it must be obeyed. As Prime Minister and Major General commanding on these premises I veto the bill. You must cut down the estimates else they can't pass. Anyway *you* can't pass. Why, I'd sooner risk a haystack through a garret window than you in an ordinary sized street. Do you suppose I want to be brought before the Police Court, charged with having a wife that obstructs the public thoroughfare? Do you suppose it affords me any satisfaction to meander in your wake, and see you brushing away waggons, and street cars, and telegraph poles, and verandahs, in your disastrous progress? A fellow said to me, the other day, not knowing that I was your husband—he said: Well, perhaps I had better not tell you.

No, you'd better not insist on hearing it. It might make you too inordinately vain.

Well, if you must know, I'll tell you, but I think I had better not. You're conceited enough already.

Well, he remarked, as you were passing: "Fine woman, that; magnificent woman, in fact; looks like seven or eight bolsters tied in the middle, or"——

I regret to say, Mr. Editor, that owing to a slight unpleasantness in the family circle just here, which resulted in my making a precipitate retreat on the floor, I did not finish my homily. Mrs. K. being master of the position, compelled me to abdicate to the nursery. I don't think I'll take any more contracts for curtain lectures. If I do, I'll sublet them.

KORN KOBB, Junr.

Ottawa Turf Club Races.

FIRST DAY.

Yesterday the first day's races of the Ottawa Turf Club came off on Mutchmor's Driving Park, which situated as it is in close locality to the city on a good road promises to make a capital and convenient race course for the citizens of Ottawa. The weather was as disagreeable as a drizzling rain descending from leaden clouds could make it. It rained or rather drizzled most industriously from morning to dark of night. As sporting men and amateurs early and eagerly scanned the weather, a more disappointing sight could hardly meet their gaze. The clerk of the weather was in bad humor, and he was giving vent to his spleen in right earnest on the day of "the races." The question busily canvassed during the early part of the day by knots of men at street corners with drenched great coats or shivering waterproofs; by stable boys and stable men in numerous stables; by men who had backed their favorites, and by others who had invested in rich pools, was the very important one, "Will the races come off?" No one could tell, and speculation was rife, the majority coming to the conclusion that to race in such weather was an impossibility, and straightway made up their minds to forget all about the races, and accordingly did so. At twelve o'clock, however, it was officially declared that the races, rain or no rain, would come off at the hour appointed, and immediately there was a rush made by those who had heard the determination of the committee and those who had never been daunted by the rain for cabs, carriages, buggies and waggons, and soon after a respectable stream of vehicles might have been seen on Bank street making their way to the course Had the weather been fine a large concourse of spectators would have assembled on the course beyond doubt. Human nature could, not and would not be coaxed out of comfortable shelter, to stand damp or shivering under a grand stand or dark clouds to watch racing, no matter however good they might have been. But, notwithstanding this, by half-past one a respectable number of persons, composed principally of those interested in the horses, had assembled on the grounds. An excellent grand stand was at the service of those who desired a good position at the cost of fifty cents. The judge's stand was neat and commodious, with the weighing room underneath as is usually the case It may as well be said here as again, that the arrangements were perfect, and reflect the usual credit on the Committee. The following gentlemen composed the committee: Messrs. W McKay Wright, R S Cassels, M McNaughton, and F Sherwood. Mr E C Barber, the indefatigable Secretary, acted as starter, and was up to the important duty.

The weighing being over, the horses made their appearance for the first race, which was

AN OPEN HURDLE RACE.

Two miles, over 8 hurdles, 3 feet 8 inches, stiff timber, weights, 4 years, 140 lbs., 5 years, 147 lbs., 6 and aged, 154 lbs. Winners within a year 10 lbs. extra: $125 to first horse, $25 to second.

For this were the following entries made:

Mr. Dawes' b. g., Lottery, 6 years, by Wagram, black and White, McNeil.

Mr. Copeland's b. g. C. O'K., 6 years, by Bay Richmond, blue jacket, white cap, Copeland,

Mr. Green's br. h. Rescue, aged, red, white, and blue, Green.

Mr. W. Champness' br. g. Sleepy Johnnie, aged, black, with scarlet stripes, Macnab.

Mr. H. C. Lloyd's b. h. Viley, 5 years, by Uncle Vic, straw color, purple hoop, C. Alloway.

A. O. F. Coleman's ch. g. Citadel, aged, by Mahomet, all blue, Williams.

The flag being lowered, the horses got well away together, Rescue taking a clear lead of several lengths, which he maintained to the turn, where he was joined by Lottery. On entering the hollow all horses were well together, Viley lying a little in rear. On rounding the corner, near the distance, Viley came through his horses and collared Lottery at the last hurdle, both horses clearing it together. The whip was then applied by both riders. Viley, whose rider, C. Alloway, of Montreal, waited patiently to the last moment, came away and won a good race by two lengths; Lottery second, and Citadel third.

The rest tailed off, C. O'K. being the absolute last. Time, 4 minutes 16½ seconds.

The next race was for the

CARLETON PLATE OF $150.

Open to all horses. One and a half miles. 3 years, 95 lbs; 4 years, 110 lbs.; 5 years, 118 lbs; 6 years and aged, 120 lbs. Mares and Geldings allowed 3 lbs. $125 to first horse, $25 to second.

The following horses came to the scratch: 1st, Mr. J. Graham's br. m. Julia Dean, aged, by Leopard, blue and white, Williams; 2nd, Mr. Leary's b. m. Bonnie Braes, 5 years, by Balrownie, red and white, Leary; 3rd, Mr. H. C. Lloyd's b. h. Viley, 5 years, by Uncle Vic, straw color, purple hoop, Drewe.

A capital start was made, and Viley, who won the previous race, assumed the lead which she retained to the gate, but then relinquished it to Bonnie Braes. On entering the "dip" Julia Dean joined the the leader and ran neck and neck, both horses passing each other several times, Viley losing ground in every stride. On entering the straight Leary called on the mare, who immediately responded to the call, and drawing away, won a slashing race by two lengths. We consider this to be one of the best races witnessed in this section of the country for a long time.

Time—3 minutes 1¾ seconds.

TROTTING RACE FOR $75.

Open to horses owned by residents of the Counties of Carleton, Russell and Ottawa on and since 1st January. Mile heats in harness.

This brought out Mr. F. Cardinal's br. g. Telegraph; Mr. T. Russell's b. g. Surprise, 5 yrs.; Mr. A. Riopelle's br. h. Bay Boston.

At starting, Bay Boston took the lead, but soon breaking, was overtaken by Surprise; they ran wheel and wheel together to the bottom of the course, when they were joined by Telegraph, who had evidently been kept well in hand. Telegraph and Surprise then parted company with Bay Boston, and ran side by side to the distance post, where Telegraph passed his rival, and came in winner of the first heat.

The driver of Bay Boston mistook the distance post, and was declared distanced.

In the second heat both horses kept well together to the last turn, when Telegraph was let out, and came in an easy manner. Mr. A. Riopelle drove the winner.

A scurry race of $31, only open to non-trained horses, was then got up by W. McKay Wright, Esq., half mile heats.

This race was the occasion of great fun to the spectators, as well as to the riders, some of whom rode without saddles. In order to immortalize them we give the names of the winners of heats:

Lady Jane	1—1
Bell	2—2
Mazeppa	3—0

The races were good, and it is to be regretted the state of the weather was such as to prevent the large attendance there would have been present to have enjoyed them. Should the weather be fair this afternoon, the disappointed ones will have an opportunity of taking revenge for yesterday, but good weather or bad the sport will be good.

The Canal Commission.

(From the Toronto Leader.)

We understand that one of the very first measures which will be taken into consideration by the Government as soon as they are assembled at Ottawa, will be the appointment of a Canal Commission. It is better late than never, though it would have been well it the subject had been duly canvassed and enquired into earlier in the season, so as to have permitted the commissioners to have had full time to reduce their considerations to something like a tangible issue before the meeting of Parliament.

* * * * * * *

The persons suitable to compose the Commission should, without doubt, be those merchants or enterprising individuals who have spent a large portion of their lives in the study of such works; and in Ontario it is well known that no person has been so energetic, has risked so much money, and has so large an interest at stake as Mr. F. C. Capreol; and than whom there is no one whose appointment would be looked upon as more satisfactory to Ontario. The feelings of Ontario on the subject ought to have some considerable weight, as in this Province the greatest necessity exists for having the Commission appointed. There are the St. Lawrence, Rideau, and Welland Canals; besides which, the building of the Ottawa Ship Canal, the Huron and Ontario, and Erie and Ontario, as well as the Sault Ste. Marie Canals, will have to be considered.

FACTS.

Five hundred beeves and 4,000 sheep are kil ed in Paris daily to feed the people.

Victor Emmanuel has published a decree establishing equality among the Romans.

The total exports from the port of Kingston to the United States, for the week ending October 17th, as reported at the office of the American Consul, amounted to $23,936 90.

It will require at least two years to prepare Rome to serve as the Italian capital, and the seat of Government will, therefore remain at Florence indefinitely.

An example of the orchestra in church music was lately given by the Archbishop of York, who consecrated Arksey Church to the psalmody of a militia band in lieu of an organ. Report says that the effect of the brass was thoroughly satisfactory.

The Prince Amedeus, second son of Victor Emmanuel, is to be King of Spain. He is 26 years of age, and said to be a nice young man.

A young woman in Schenectady has been fined $20, "for promenading the streets with a colored man," and as she couldnotsettlethe bill she has been sent to prison.

The four-oared champion crew have arrived in Newcastle from Canada. The victorious rowers were submitted to a variety of welcomings more forcible than polite, which they, of course, took very good-naturedly.

Mazzini is confined in an Italian prison and is not allowed the use of books or of his pen, or to hold any communication with the outer world, with the single exception of writing a line to his sister to say that he was well.

The Spanish authorities in Cuba are reported to have executed three of the British subjects captured on the blockade runner *Margaret and Jessie*. Should this prove true, the Spanish Government will undoubtedly be called upon to execute summary vengeance upon the perpetrators of this barbarous deed.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

THE EARTHQUAKE.

Special to THE TIMES.

QUEBEC, Oct. 20, 11.17 a.m.

A severe shock of earthquake. Buildings shook and bells rang, and several chimneys were knocked down in Des Fosses street, and two persons nearly killed.

MONTREAL, Oct. 20.

The shock was felt at Quebec about 30 seconds before it reached here. The operator at Quebec was just in the act of asking his confrere of Montreal if any shock was felt, when the wall and instruments began to rock and shake.

POINT LEVI, Oct. 20.

A dreadful shock of earthquake was felt here at 11.15 a.m.

RICHMOND, 11.17 a.m.

A severe shock was felt here, and the buildings at the station rocked a good deal.

RIVIERE DU LOUP, (*en bas*) 11:13.

Shock commenced and lasted 45 seconds. Appeared to come from North West. Shock quite heavy, rather rumbling.

THREE RIVERS, 11:25.

A very severe earthquake has just passed over this city. The vibrations were very severe, lasting several minutes. People ran out of their houses.

BERTHIER.

We had an earthquake very strong in Berthier at 11:30 to-day.

SOREL, 11:14, a.m.

Shock of earthquake distinctly felt here, nearly a minute in duration.

ST. JOHNS, Q.

Quite a severe shock of earthquake at 11:15.

ST. HYACINTHE, Oct. 20.

A strong shock of earthquake was felt here at 11:15, lasting about thirty seconds.

ROUSE'S POINT, Oct. 20, 11:20.

A severe shock of earthquate was felt here. The railroad depot shook very much.

MOORE'S JUNCTION, Oct. 20.

The shock of earthquake was felt very bad here.

BOSTON, Oct. 20.

A shock of earthquake was felt here, and all along the line from Montreal.

L'ORIGNAL, Oct. 20, 11.15.

We felt a very severe shock of earthquake which lasted about half a minute. it shook the Court House, in which the telegraph office is.

SHERBROOKE, Oct. 20.

Felt earthquake here at 11:25; it shook the office books off the table, and the clock down.

COTEAU LANDING, Oct. 20.

A severe shock of earthquake this morning shook the buildings.

ST. ANDREWS, Oct. 20.

A shock of earthquake this morning lasted 30 seconds.

ST. CATHERINES, Oct. 20,

A shock of earthquake was felt here this morning.

ALBANY, Oct. 20.

The shock was not felt within 16 miles from here. It was felt in Schenectady N. Y., Cambridge, N. Y., and Cooperstown, N. Y.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, Oct. 20th.—Later advices from China are much more pacific. A despatch dated Tientsin, Sept. 30, says;—Two mandarins have been transported and 15 men beheaded for complication in the outrages on French residents. Besides this an Embassy is preparing to go to France.

The French at Leuf Brisach made a successful sortie on Saturday morning. The killed and wounded were 200, and took 13 prisoners.

The French Foreign Office has issued a circular to the neutral powers denying any responsibility, for the present war.

Representations made by Prussia as to the state of affairs in Paris are affirmed to be untrue. France desires peace, a durable peace.

Despatches from Hamburg state that ten French ships of war are outside Heligeland. None are in sight off the mouth of the Elbe. Preparations to meet French vessels have been made in Vezer.

Burnside has found it necessary to deny that he has been commissioned by the American Government to offer peace propositions of any kind.

The conduct of the Germans in Orleans, according to Prussian accounts, differs from that described by French newspapers. They are perfectly orderly, and the occupation is unattended by any violence or extortion.

TOURS, 20th.—Gen. Garibaldi has issued a stirring address to the Franc Tireurs.

The Prussians are returning towards Paris without seeking a battle with the French forces on the right bank of the Loire

The Prussians are still in peaceful occupation of Orleans.

M. Dubost, a delegate from the Government of Paris to Tours, who landed in a balloon at Roercy yesterday, brings news of another engagement near Paris. It began in the morning at Hautes Bruyeres, and lasted three hours; resumed in the afternoon, and terminated after three hours more fighting. The Prussians, who attacked on both occasions, were repulsed with great loss.

MARSEILLES, 19th, *via* Tours, 20th.—An immense pacific manifestation was made to day. Many thousand unarmed citizens collected before the office of the Prefect of the department, and requested that Esquiros be reinstated as Administrator of the Department. The crowd at length dispersed without disorder.

ROUEN, 20th.—A copy of the Paris *Official Journal* has just been received here. It contains the answer of M. Favre to the circular of Bismarck on their conference at Ferriers. It is well, says Favre, that France should know the extent of the ambition of Prussia. It does not stop at the conquest of our provinces, it seeks our destruction. France must have no illusions, her existence is at stake. She was offered dishonor and she refused. They purpose to punish her by annihilation. This is her exact situation. I prefer her peril and our sufferings to the gratification of the exorbitant ambition of our enemies. Even if vanquished France will be greater in her misfortune and will have the admiration and sympathy of the world. France perhaps needed this supreme trial, from which she will issue transformed.

GENEVA, Oct. 10th.—Fleury arrived at Lausanne to arrange private affairs of the Emperor.

MUNICH, Oct. 20th.—Count Bray, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Herr Lutz Minister of Justice, and Gen. Praneket, Minister of War, have set out for Versaillies to confer with the King of Prussia.

FLORENCE, Oct. 20.—It is reported that the Pope, in deference to the advice of all the Powers, remains in Rome.

There has been no communication between Italy and other Powers on the subject of the Spanish candidature.

A circular is just issued by the Italian Government protesting against rumors of ill treatment of the Pope. He is perfectly free and independent.

All Italy asks is a notigcation of any determination on his part to leave Rome in order that the honor and respect due to his office may be paid to him.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 20.—The *Moniteur* of this city calls for additional evidence about the transportation of the German wounded through Belgium, and refutes the allegations of cruel treatment made by Prussia.

The French steamer *Laurent* which sailed to-day, took a hundred stand of arms, including 31,000 breech loaders, and also a large amount of fixed ammunition.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, 20th.—The *Times* censures the arrogance of the Prussians in the terms for peace, and approves the language of the Emperor, that no Government yielding a foot of French territory as a condition of peace, could retain its power a day.

BRUSSELS, 20th.—The *Etoile Belge* says it is believed General Trochu and some of the other members of the Provisional Government are desirous of peace, while Gambetta, Minister of the Interior is implacable.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—A special at Bologne telegraphs from despatches received by a courier who reached there last evening from Marseilles, the details of the French success of the 13th and 14th, before Paris.

The facts in regard to the position of affairs before Paris are not permitted by the Prussian authorities to be sent forward by telegraph.

Although the French troops engaged in the sortie of the 13th and 14th were raw levies comparatively they behaved with the utmost bravery and steadiness, and gained a very substantial advantage. On the 14th, after a heavy cannonade from the forts of Bicetre, Vauves and Montriege General Bleuchard moved his troops forward in three columns.

The ringt wing moved upon Clamart and Sous Merendon.

The centre, commanded by General Gusbeille, moved upon Chatillon.

The left, composed chiefly of Gardes Mobile, advanced upon Bazneux.

The extreme right was supported by a heavy fire from the naval batteries in the port of Issy.

The attacks of the centre on Chatillon and of the right wing on Clamart were speedily successful, the centre column of the French bearing down everything before it, and the heavy artillery moved up under cover of the fire of the fort of Issy, dislodging and driving out the Germans in confusion from Clamart.

Meanwhile the left wing of the French, under cover of fort Montionge advanced quite to the German lines before Bazneux. These they stormed and carried at the point of the bayonet.

The 35th and 17th regiments of the line, in the advance, fought desperately, and drove the Germans headlong before them.

The Germans took refuge in houses and cellars of Bagneux, firing from these upon the French and receiving in turn no quarters from their triumphant enemies. From house to house, and street to street, in Bazneux, the battle raged until 3 p.m., when the last of the Bavarians threw down their arms and surrendered, leaving the French masters of the town and of the German position for their artillery at this point.

The French, at last advices, were in quiet possession of Bagneux.

The conduct of the Prussian and Bavarian troops, after the day had visibly been against them, was excellently supported by Hessian infantry. The Bavarians advanced rapidly to the assault of the French batteries, but were repeatedly repulsed.

As parts of an extensive offensive movement, on the part of the French, the recent demonstrations have produced the double effect of repelling the lines of German investments to a distance, and discouraging the Prussians, by leading them to understand they have an united nation, and not an Imperial fraction now to fight against.

A special dated Berlin 19th, 5 p.m., says the terms of capitulation of the fortress and garrison of Metz have been agreed to at the Prussian headquarters, between the French General Boyer and King William. The following are the conditions under which the capitulation is made: "Bazaine will sign a treaty of peace between France and Prussia, as plenipotentiary of Napoleon III.; Marshal Bazaine's army to be disarmed, but to remain at Metz; Napoleon's son to ascend the throne of France, and Bazaine to be nominated as regent.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, 20th.—A severe shock of earthquake was felt in this city this morning about eleven o'clock.

Shocks were also felt in Schenectady, New York, Cleveland, Ohio, Boston, Burlington, West Portland, Troy, Sarotoga, Warrensburg and Warsaw.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Oct. 20.

Hon. Dr. Rolph, formerly of Victoria College, died yesterday afternoon at Mitchell, aged 84.

The Assizes progress very slowly; yesterday afternoon proceedings came to a standstill, in consequence of litigants being unprepared to proceed with their cases. The session will probably be very lenghty.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Oct. 20.

The Corporation contract for quarrying a thousand toises of stone from the reservoir has been given to Messrs. Lapierre & Parker. The stone is to be delivered to the road department at stated times during the winter season.

Two gentlemen from St. James street recetly went into the country on a deer-stalking expedition, but by mistake shot two fine young thoroughbred calves, for which they were afterwards brought before a Justice of the Peace and had to pay over $300 for their sport.

The University Literary Society resumes its meetings on Friday night as advertised.

Yesterday a man named François Churger, while working in a tunnel got his leg broken by the falling in of the roof. He was sent to the English Hospital.

Flour quite inactive on account of the very unfavorable state of the weather today, there is no change in prices.

It is still raining.

There was to have been a wedding in Nashville the other night. The bride was a servant in the house. She was gorgeously arrayed, and had several of her friends to witness the ceremony. After the preacher had arrived and nearly an hour had been lost in awaiting the dilatory bridegroom, the latter slouched in, wearing his "every-day" clothes," and electrified the assemblage with the announcement: "It's no use! Dis here 'rangement can't come off. My oder wife won't let me have my good close." The bride fainted, and the service was indefinitely postponed.

The Liberated Fenians

Some of the United States journals speak out pretty freely on this subject. The Rochester *Express* says:

The pardoned Fenians are very independent fellows. After their release from prison, instead of going quietly to their homes, as would have been becoming, they were surrounded by their friends and made speeches, in which they thanked no party or administration for their release, but evidently considered it a matter of right. We are afraid that our Government has been mistaken in its mild treatment of these worthies. After a pardon, of course nothing can be done against them, but the pardon was granted solely on the assumption that they were sorry for their acts, and would behave better in future. If they do not, all we can say is, that if captured again we hope they will be taken by the Canadian authorities, in which case they will be apt to get what they richly deserve.

The Buffalo *Courier*, regarding the action of the United States Government in a political light, says:—

It did not need sharp optical powers to discern that the administration in pardoning out the imprisoned Fenian leaders three weeks before election was not actuated wholly by disinterested motives. That the transaction was purely a stroke of party strategy is now shown by a little recital in the New York *Herald* of Sunday. "On the 13th of October," says that paper, "an agent of the republican party called at the Auburn state prison to impress upon Gen. Starr and Messrs. Thompson and Mannix the extent of the clemency extended to them and their great obligation to the republican party therefor, and to secure them as as missionaries to go through the state and convert all the Fenians they could, and make them vote the republican ticket. But their efforts proved wholly unsuccessful. These gentlemen, who had suffered so much for their cause, and been subjected to the degradation of being associated with felons and convicts, declared that they would not sell their principles at any price, and that, whenever they should be released, they would, on the contrary, do their utmost to aid in the triumphant election of the democratic ticket. And thus another little game of the republicans has been spoiled." Served them right.

On Wednesday last a fatal accident occurred on the Great Western Railway, of which the following particulars are given by the Hamilton *Times*:—

No. 20 freight train east was standing on the siding at Newbury station, and as No 9 Chicago express train was passing west, it came into collision with the engine of the freight train, in consequence of the switch at the east end having been left open. One passenger received some slight bruises on the leg, the driver of the express train, Jas. Collinson, had his leg so badly injured as to render amputation necessary. The fireman, D. Neilson, has since died from the injuries he received in consequence of the accident. Both engines were badly injured. It has not yet been ascertained by whose culpability the switch was left open, but we presume this will be clearly ascertained on an enquiry into the case of the death of the fireman by a coroner's inquest, which will necessarily be held.

Sir Francis Crossley, the famous carpet manufacturer of England, has just given $110,000 to the London Missionary Society.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

DIED.

On the 19th inst., Susan Anne, widow of the Rev. Charles Codd, aged 68. The funeral will take place on Friday, the 21st, at 3 o'clock.

CANADA PACIFIC

RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leather Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct 21, 1870 1493 2w

LOST,

Lost by one of the Carriers of the Daily TIMES, on SATURDAY, 15th inst., near the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway Station, a PASS BOOK, with the names of the subscribers, of no use to any person but the owner. The finder will be kind enough to return it to the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, October 15.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to authorise the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 12 h, 870 1492 1awk-2m

ANNUAL FALL

TRADE SALE.

The subscribers will hold a Trade Sale for account of Messrs.

BUCHANAN, LECKIE & Co.

MONTREAL.

At their Stores, on

TUESDAY, 25th OCTOBER.

When will be offered their usual extensive assortment, consisting of

FRESH NEW CROP TEAS,

WINES,

BRANDIES,

RUM, GIN,

GENERAL GROCERIES, &c, &c.

—ALSO—

NEW CROP

MALAGA and VALENCIA RAISINS,

Ex "Deoder" and "Modiska."

Particulars hereafter.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & Co.
Auctioneers.

Montreal, Oct 18, 1870 1490

ADDITIONAL STOCK

RE-ORDERED

—BY—

ATLANTIC TELEGRA[PH]

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR &

Are now receiving large lots of GOODS, re-ordered by Cable from BRITAIN, to fill up lines sold in September.

Their Stock will be again very complete in all the Departments this week.

They invite special attention to their Stock of

BLACK and COLOURED SILKS,

Fancy DRESS GOODS, in all the Fashionable Materials,

RIBBONS,

LACES,

GLOVES,

HOSIERY,

SHAWLS,

MILLINERY

and MANTLES,

PRINTS,

COTTONS,

SHEETINGS,

BLANKETS and

FLANNELS,

All purchased in the best Markets, with every possible advantage.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

NEW GROCERY STORE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND YORK STREETS.

J. M. C. DE LES DERNIERS

HAS OPENED A

NEW GROCERY STORE

In the above named Premises, in which will be found a full supply of all articles of the best, new, and of first class quality, being selected by himself, he can guarantee excellence. As the

GOODS WERE CASH PURCHASED

They can be sold at a less figure than on credit. They consist in part

WINES,

LIQUORS,

SCOTCH ALES, and

PORTER,

TEAS,

SUGARS,

TOBACCOS,

FISH, (dried and salted),

PICKLES,

And a variety of other articles too numerous to mention, and such as can be found in a

First Class Grocery Establishment.

Mr. De les Derniers, having an extensive connection, is in constant receipt of Butter, and other Farm Products, and has now on hundred packages of

SUPERIOR QUALITY FAMILY BUTTER

Which he offers for Sale at a very low

Remember the place—Corner of Sussex and YORK streets, in Messrs. Kearns & Ryan's Old Stand.

An inspection of the Goods is respectfully desired.

J. M. C. DE les DERNIERS,

Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

Ottawa, 18th Oct, 1870

TEACHER WANTED.

A first-class School Teacher wanted for School No 12, Nepean. A married man preferred. Apply to Trustees.

JOHN NELSON,
EWEN HENDERSON,

Nepean, Oct 20, 1870

TAILORS WANTED.

Wanted immediately, two or three hands, to whom the highest wages will be paid in cash, every Saturday, by the Subscriber.

J. METCALFE,
Centre To[wn]

Ottawa, Oct 19, 1870

WRITING LESSONS, &c, FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

Respectable young women, employed in shops or otherwise, during the day, whose evenings at their own disposal, and who desire to improve themselves educationally, more especially in Writing, Reading and Spelling, will effect this object, on terms quite within their means, on application to

MR. CHARLES POPE,
Corner of Bank and Albert

Ottawa, Oct. 20, 1870.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart............ 8.10 a.m., 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive............ 4.30 p m, 11.40 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.—New patterns Artistic designs. Superior quality. Reduced prices. House furnishers are particularly requested to view them.

1488 1w MAGEE & RUSSELL.

50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

A meeting of the members and friends of the Ottawa Immigration Aid Society will be held this evening at 8 o'clock, in their rooms in Aumond's block, Rideau street, for the purpose of inaugurating the rooms and to bid farewell to the Rev. A. S. Herring, previous to his return to England.

LATE ARRIVALS.—Just opened one case rich Lace Goods, Collars, and Cuffs, &c., &c. Also, one case Gipsy Bonnets and Hats, Evening Flowers, Feathers and many other novelties.

1488 1w MAGEE & RUSSELL.

STREET CROSSINGS.—The street crossings in Ottawa are at present in a shameful state, and yet we see no prospect of their being put in a condition fitting a civilized community. We think the crossings on Rideau, Sussex, and Sparks streets should be cleaned at all events. A couple of men could do it in half a day.

Effects of the war! Great sacrifice in Silks! Garland, Mutchmor & Co. secured a parcel at the low prices. Good ordinary Black Silk at 3s. 6d, 3s. 9d., 4s. and 5s per yard. Beautiful Lyons gros grains 4s 3d., 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d, 8s. 9d., and 10s.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges the receipt of forty-six dollars and twenty-five cents, proceeds of a collection taken up in Knox's Canada Presbyterian Church, Daly street, city of Ottawa, in aid of said Institution.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

COLD WEATHER.—The cold weather is now fast approaching, and preparations to withstand it are everywhere being made. Stoves, stovepipes, &c., are being purchased, polished, and put up, and every other necessary preparations being made to meet the rigorous Canadian winter. We have no doubt that those charitable ladies and gentlemen who generally see to the wants of the poor will soon be on the move.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE—Thursday.—T H Beall, Henry Lloyd, John Harvey Hamilton, M. Duvernay. M Mullin, H G Verner, C J Brydges, George Knott E W Piche, Montreal; Captain Hurdman, Kingston; J M Munro, Toronto; W E Johnston, Kingston; L H Daniels, Prescott; P White, Pembroke; George F Fulford, Brockville; A Walsh, Simcoe; J B Coyle and wife, Portland, Maine; Hon E P Chandler, Dorchester; F Giles, London, England; J A Feckwith, Trenton, N B; James S Beck, do; George W Porter, St. Albans, Vt.

THE B. & O. Railway Volunteer Artillery Band have commenced giving a series of weekly concerts for the benefit of the poor of Brockville. On Tuesday evening last they played the following programme:

1. March....Cuckoo's Notes....Kuhner.
2. Lancers..Somebody's Luggage..Cooke.
3. Selection....Oh! Traviata.......Verdi.
4. Polka.......Narchmandler.......Stansny
5. Waltz.............Hebe..............Crowe.
6. Galop.........Saucy Kate.........Crowe
7. Waltz.....Beloved Star......Labitzky.

J. W. TRENDALE, Leader.

"AUNT SALLY" DEMOLISHED.—An enterprising individual at the races yesterday, who was running the "Aunt Sally" for his own pecuniary benefit and for the amusement of the public, received rather rough treatment from the latter. Some person who was trying his luck at "Aunt Sally" attempted to deceive the proprietor, which insult the latter spiritedly proceeded to avenge. A fight was the consequence, but whilst the proprietor was chastising the offender a *posse* of youngsters totally demolished "Aunt Sally" with clubs. Detective O'Niell's appearance on the scene put an end to the squabble.

Some other attempts were made to get up quarrels, but the authorities promptly checked them.

Statement of receipts and disbursements on account of the concert given by the four national societies at the Skating Rink, Music Hall, Thursday, 22nd September, 1870, in aid of the sufferers by the late fires:

Total amount of receipts.......... $216 75

DISBURSEMENTS.

Citizen, printing and advertising	14 39
Times "	11 30
Free Press "	8 73
Evening Mail "	6 93
Courier d'Ottawa "	6 00
Daily News "	2 50
Orme & Son—rent of Hall.........	10 00
Orme & Son—use of Piano..........	5 00
J. Boyden—use of furniture.........	8 00
Date & Co.—refreshments...........	5 68
Baskerville & Co.—refreshments	3 55
G. Bartlett—Cakes	50
M. Jehun Prume's travelling expenses	9 25
James A Gouin—M. Prume's Hotel Bill	8 25
Edward Riopel—buggy hire	3 00
Posting	2 00
Attendant	1 00
	$106 08
Paid into the hands of the treasurer of the Fire Relief Fund..	$110 67
	$216 75

WM. TAYLOR,
Treasurer

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

POLICE COURT—Thursday morning.—Julia Ring, for drunkenness and disorderly conduct, was fined five dollars, or, in default, three weeks in jail at hard labour.

Margaret Small, who was found lying drunk on the streets, was discharged.

Augustus Labarge, drunk and disorderly in the public streets. Case dismissed with costs.

George McEwen, another case of drunkenness, was also dismissed.

Matthew Gillespie, for a similar charge, was also dismissed.

Alexander Williams was charged with furious driving in the public streets. This man is one of the gang of gypsies that have lately arrived in the city. He was fined two dollars and costs.

Cassimer Deault, for breaking the door of one Delia Bush's house and using insulting language, was fined two dollars and costs.

E. T. Levredure, for obstructing the sidewalk with merchandise, and failing to remove his goods when warned to do so, was fined five shillings with costs.

Social Readings—Soiree.

Last evening took place the opening social readings of the Congregational Church. The evening's entertainment partook of the nature of a soiree. Two or three tables well spread with refreshments of a very enticing appearance were done justice to and put the audience in very good mood to appreciate the treat that followed. The refreshments were provided by Mr. Daniel Morrisson and all who partook of them pronounced the "spread" very creditable to that gentleman.

Notwithstanding the disagreeableness of the weather and unpleasantness of walking, the basement of the church was crowded with ladies and gentlemen; but no doubt they considered themselves well repayed for whatever trouble or inconvenience they may have gone to in attending, for most assuredly the entertainment was a very pleasant one. The music, singing, reading, and recitations were all of a superior nature and highly appreciated by the audience, who evinced their appreciation by much applause. The readings were by Mr. Carrier, who read with his usual ability; the singing and music by the choir of the church, and by Professor Workman and his pupils. To state that Mr. Prof. Workman, Miss Smith and Miss Lamb were among them is sufficient to assure our readers that the musical part of the entertainment was a real treat. The recitation by Mr. Jones was very good. Henceforth during the fall and winter social readings will continue to be given every Thursday evening in the basement of the Congregational Church. Though the entertainment is styled "Social Readings" they will always be accompanied by music and singing. The pieces chosen for reading, it is perhaps needless to say, will invariably carry with them a moral influence, while at the same time they will be amusing, interesting and instructive. The price of admission is so insignificant, and the object for which the entertainments are given so laudable, that we are persuaded there will be a large attendance every Thursday evening. All will join with us in wishing the movement the success which it deserves.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very heap.

HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Awful Disaster in Cuba.

OVER TWO THOUSAND LIVES LOST IN A HURRICANE.

Another of those terrible calamities—tropical hurricanes—to which all the West India Islands, and Cuba in particular, appear to be periodically subject, visited the latter Island on the night of Friday last. The details, so far received by cable, are meagre; but, as has happened on former occasions, the greatest fury of the storm appears to have been spent in the neighborhood of Matanzas and Cardenas, on the north coast of the Island.

The telegram dated Havana on Sunday last, says: On Friday night there was a severe hurricane in the bay; but slight damage was done, however, to vessels and to property in the city. Trees were prostrated but no houses. In the country the growing cane and other crops were damaged. A hurricane has also swept over Matanzas, with most disastrous effects. Communication between that place and Havana was interrupted until Sunday. An extraordinary rise of two rivers inundated the intervening ground where the railway depots were situated. The depots, trains, passengers, and horses all disappeared.

TWO THOUSAND PERSONS ARE SAID TO HAVE BEEN LOST.

The damage to property was enormous. Cardenas also suffered much from the hurricane on Friday. The lower part of the city was laid waste. The interior of the island, bank of Cardenas, and Matanzas is desolated. The cane, being somewhat backward this season, sustained less damage than other crops. The hurricane was the severest which has visited this island within a century.

The telegram says likewise that the French mail steamer *Darien* has been lost fifteen miles to the windward of Guantanamo, all hands saved. If this steamer was lost by the same storm it must have swept over the length and breadth of the island, for the locality designated is only a few miles from Cape Maisi, the easternmost point of Cuba. If this is the case we will still, in all probability, hear of

FEARFUL LOSS OF LIFE AND PROPERTY

in the central and eastern part of the island. The statement that the country back of Matanzas and Lardenas is desolated means, if correct, the destruction of at least one-half of the sugar crop of the island; for in that section of the country comprised in the jurisdictions of Matanzas, Cardenas, Colon, Guines, and Jaruco, are situated the colossal sugar estates of Cuba, whose annual produce is at least three hundred thousand tons. In this sense the elements seem to have favored the insurgents; for it is precisely from the enormous yield of the confiscated estates of the wealthy Cubans in this section that the Spaniards have drawn the sinews of war: and the destruction of this property, with the view of depriving the Spaniads of the resources derived from them, was the principal contemplated object of the coming campaign.

THE LOSS OF LIFE IN MATANZAS

is truly deplorable; but the business portion of the city, including the principal sugar stores, dwelling houses, railway depots, &c., is situated between the rivers San Juan and Jumuri; and as the harbor of Matanzas, which is surrounded by high hills, is open to the north wind, from which point these hurricanes always blow, the waters of the ocean are necessarily driven up these rivers, and the intermediate space is overflowed.

Cardenas, unlike Matanzas, is situated on low, swampy ground, surrounded by mangrove bushes, and lies at the end of a shallow bay. It is also exposed to the north winds, and vessels run great risks, inasmuch as they lie in an almost open road-stead, some two to five miles from shore, according to their draught of water. The whole city would be submerged by a tidal wave of fifteen feet above the limit of high tides.

AUTUMN. 1870.

"THE GOLDEN LION,"

SPARKS STREET,

Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in

HATS,

BONNETS.

FEATHERS,

Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c.

Fashionable Velveteen Hats.

From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets,

$1.50 upwards

New Paris Jackets,

In Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Underclothing,

A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods,

A complete Stock.

R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

R L. JAMES & Co.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47 SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins to hand,"

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties, &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11, 1870.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Lake Harbor work," and will be received at this Office until Thursday, the 23th day of November next, for improvements to the following mentioned places:

At CHANTRY ISLAND, Lake Huron, the construction of a Breakwater and Beacon of Crib Work.

At GODERICH, Lake Huron, the Dredging and Pier-work necessary to form a new entrance channel to the Harbor, and the enlargement of the Inner Basin

At ROND EAU, Lake Erie, the enlargement of the channel, deepening a portion of the Basin, and the construction of Entrance Pier, &c.

Plans and specifications of the respective works can be seen at this Office, or at the Custom House, Goderich on and after Monday, the 7th day of November next, where printed forms of Tender can also be obtained.

Tenders may be sent in for the work at one, or all of the places; but they must in all cases be made out in strict accordance with the printed forms

The signatures of two solvent reliable persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN.
Secretary,

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa October 5, 1870

1484 1

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

FALL AMD WINTER STOCK,

And are showing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS,

PARTIES

HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

OUR STOCK

—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over the Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4 40 p. m

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12 1870 1460tf

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

—OF THE—

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W R WORSLEY,
Sec. C C R Co

Ottawa, Oct 15, 1870 1488tf

GREAT BOOK SALE.

Catalogues are now issued for the great Book Sale at Montreal, of the Estate of Richard Worthington, by order of T. Brown, Official Assignee. There are over six thousand lots, comprising Books in every Department of Literature, from Juveniles up to Standard Works and various branches of Science, in quantities that should command the particular attention of all Booksellers, Schools, and Public Institutions.

Sale to commence on Tuesday, 25th October, and will be continued till all are sold.

Montreal, Oct 17, 1870

FARM FOR SALE.

Consisting of one hundred acres of excellent Land. The greater part of which is cleared, with a comfortable House, good Cellar, Barn and other Buildings thereon. Situate in the 5th Concession, Township of Hull, on the Road leading to Chelsea, and about three miles from the Aylmer Macadamized Road.

Apply to the Proprietor on the premises

MRS. ROBERT RUSSELL.

Oct 20, 1870 43tf

MONEY TO LEND.

Apply to R S CASSELS,
Wellington street.

Ottawa, Oct 20, 1870 1490 4

Dry Goods.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY,

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

PURCHASERS are invited to view all the leading NOVELTIES in Dress Materials, this day.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

WINCIES,
COBOURGS,
PLAIN LUSTRES,
FIGURED DO.
PLAIN REPPS,
FIGURED DO.
SERGES
ALPACA CORDS,
FRENCH MERINOES,
PLAIN SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS,
FIGURED SATEEN COSTUME CLOTHS
BRIGHTON DIAGNAL COSTUME CLOTHS
BLACK REVERSIBLE LUSTRES,
TARTAN WINCIES,
DO. CAMLETS,
DO. POPLINS,
DO. PLAIDS,

LADIES and others interested in the purchase of DRESSES are respectfully invited to examine our Stock and see for themselves the extraordinary value.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRESS DEPARTMENT,

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

THIS DAY

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-1N.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

BAZAAR.

The Annual Bazaar, in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, will be held on Monday the 24th day of October instant.

Donations in aid of the fancy and refreshment tables, will be thankfully received by the following Ladies:—

Fancy Table, Cathedral Parish, Mrs Higgins Mrs Goodwin and Mrs Bermingham.

Do do St Joseph's Parish, Mrs Brophy, Mrs. Kehoe Mrs Plunket, Mrs Whelan, Miss McDonell, Miss O'Connor, Miss McCarthy.

Do do St. Patrick's Parish, Mrs O'Connor, Mrs A Hearn, Mrs Nagle and Mrs Mullin.

REFRESHMENT TABLE.—Mrs George Murphy, Mrs Rhodes and Mrs Enright.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870 1484 240

THE MERCHANT'S BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.

THOMAS KIRBY
Manager.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468 1m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa

Ottawa ember 21, 1870 1469tf

FOR CHEAP

JOB PRINTING

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE

35 Sparks Street,

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hope by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor;

Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot),
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Per Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,

Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,

all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS. The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries, Wines, and Liquors, OF ALL KINDS.

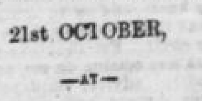
The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for common goods. A few trials will prove their superiority

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.

4th June, 1870.

THE OTTAWA TURF CLUB



RACES,

Will take place (weather permitting) on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 20th and 21st OCTOBER,

—AT—

MUTCHMOR'S DRIVING PARK,

BANK STREET.

$650 in Purses will be Offered.

Entries close at 9 o'clock on WEDNESDAY Evening at the Russell House.

Pools will be sold immediately afterwards by Mr A O F COLEMAN, at WELDON CHAMPNESS'S British Lion Hotel

EDWARD C. BARBER,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Ottawa, Oct 19, 1870 1491 3

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of toes, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT

Hull, September 29, 1870 1456 1m&

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
OTTAWA, 10th Oct., 1870

The Commissioners for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, hereby give public notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the construction of an Engine House, Locomotive Repair Shop, and other buildings, at Moncton, New Brunswick.

Plans and Specifications may be seen on and after 1st NOVEMBER next, at the Railway Office, St. John, and at the office of the Chief Engineer, at Ottawa; and Tenders on a printed form; which will be supplied, marked on envelope "Tender for Buildings," and addressed to the Commissioners, will be received at their Office in Ottawa, up to six o'clock, p.m., on 21st November, 1870.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

1487 3

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privilged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street

1397 3

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

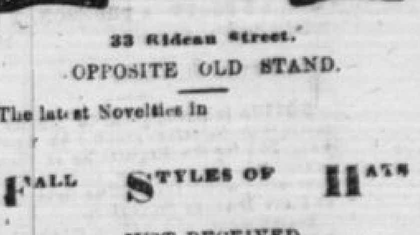
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

PRESTON & ROWSELL

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

JAMES PEACOCK,



33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

TO RENT.

A Dwelling House, containing 10 Rooms, corner of Sussex and St Patrick streets, lately occupied by W B Lindsay, Esq.

Possession immediately.

Apply to THOS McKAY,
Flour Store,
Sussex street.

Ottawa, Oct 18, 1870 1490 6

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.............$300,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1..., the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d. or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy, above referred to (No 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $450 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,

1497 3m Agent.

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868.

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

☞LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL, Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1 1480

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS

OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

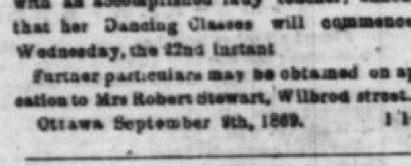
The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 1441tf

Mc DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 219tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap. 36) for the Registering of their Timber Mark, will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY OF FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES, Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

TO LET.

From the 15th November to the 1st May next, the house at present occupied by Dr Henry, corner of Kent and Wellington streets Apply after p.m. 1466 6

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Med...

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German Perfumery.

English Brushes and Toilet Articles.

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDNER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDNER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c. &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed, but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

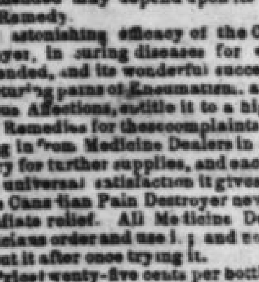
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

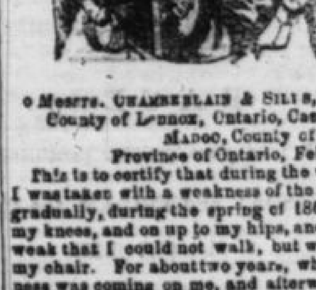
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH

TRADE MARK. MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL, The old-established Dentists, 64 Ludgate Hill, London. And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the teeth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

. All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm 1awk6m

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

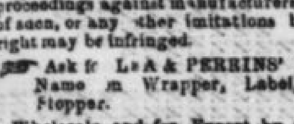
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 82y1236 1aw

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL ON Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next, AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORSLE Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office, Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1462td

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

The Tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order F BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works Ottawa, October 1, 1870 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE, VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO, Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired, VIA ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago ....850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit ....736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit ....730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route ....120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T O'CORAN, General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET, MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 25, 1870 1444tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the Original receipt of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND *Directory for 1870.*

To be obtained ... OPE ... Co., and JONES & HOLLAND

1386tf

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p. m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries. Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. ☞ Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." ☞ Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., ... of Huron

☞ For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 -1

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS. marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 6 1448

MADRID 1867

PRIMERA CLASE

PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862

MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulant.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

☞ FIRE AND WATER PROOF, ☜

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

NO FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO., Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies, 22 Lemoine Street. Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.

Low Oven Cook Stoves.

Double Stoves. Parlour Stoves.

Box Stoves all sizes. Hotel Cook Stoves.

Dumb Stoves. Hot Air Furnaces.

Stove Pipes. Elbows.

Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANE.

R. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Ball's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, August 6 3m

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m. connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9 30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 40 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23, Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.--TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4.. a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, ... p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT

6:00 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.3.. p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.--TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.--TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......$100 00
Halifax.......20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......30 00
Halifax.......15 00
John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

... May 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

☞ FEET WARE ☜

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

"I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

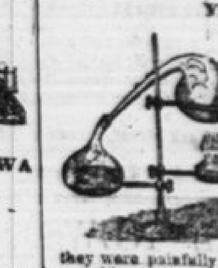
All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td 1awk.

Sarsaparilla

...YING THE BLOOD.



... they were painfully afflicting, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. ...

PREPARED BY

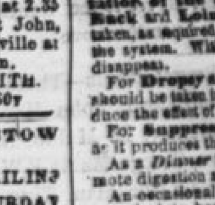
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



... tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. ...

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite, ...

For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers, ...

For Dysentery or Diarrhœa, ...

For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, ...

For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings ...

For Suppression ...

As a Dinner Pill, ...

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 1, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

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The rates of the PROVINCIAL ... COMPANY are as low as its ... shewn to be ... ble ...

The test of the value of insurance is ... not when the premiums are being paid, ... losses are being settled, and, ... promptness of its settlements ... Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses ...

It respectfully solicits a share of the ... of the insuring public of Ottawa.

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FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great ... usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal* ...

"The smoke causes no nausea. ... kind, I have never known an instance ... relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander* ... *Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, ... 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, ...

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION OF COD LIVER OIL, ... fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, ... perior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, ... and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles ...

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TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD

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By a young girl a situation as ... STRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, ... family or place of business.

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August 1st, 1870.

THE TIMES is printed and published ... THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 36, Sparks ... Centre Town, Ottawa. ... Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1494. — OTTAWA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1870. — PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

...IGHT & CLEM...W, Barristers and ...ttorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, ...Notaries Public &c. &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. ...over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

...Wright. 12w F. C. Clemow.

...WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, ...Ward, has removed his Chancery ...Office to ...'s Law Chambers, opposite Russel House.

...PIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ... streets, Ottawa. 368y

...JOHNSON, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, ...Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

...HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—In ... opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

...& GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the ... House, Ottawa. ... John J. Gemmill.

...EDWARD T. HARTNELL, Barrister ...Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk ...of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United ...Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the ...Court House, L'Orignal. 34-8m

...& KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. ...Office Buildings, Elgin street. ... Rene Edward Kimber.

...GLASSPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., ...the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

...MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

...GROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, ...street, Ottawa. 366tf George Taillon ...Mosgrove.

...PETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

...HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. ...—That recently occupied by Dr. Mal..., ...Chaudière, Ottawa. 1388y

...ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug ... East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office ...from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. ...—Special attention given to the treatment ...of the EYE and EAR. At night can ...at his residence, Murray street.

...C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

...OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

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BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA.

Established 1851.

...and transient boarders accommodated ...every attention paid to their comfort.

JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

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Corner James and King-sts., ...the Court House and Public Offices, ST. ...RINES.

S. HOUGHTON, Proprietor. (Late of ...oughton's Dining Saloon.) ...spacious sample-room for commercial ... 859y

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SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

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...HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply ...sets of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth ...on either gold, silver or vulcanite ...strong so closely and easily to ...to be capable of all the uses to ...natural teeth are applied without the ...inconvenience to the wearers, and after ...a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance foreign to the mouth.

...with a view to the removal of painful ...during the operation of extracting ...or diseased teeth, has introduced into ...the use of the Nitrous Oxide of ...gas which the sufferer inhales without ...inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it ...a pleasant dream.

...be consulted any day, except Sunday, ...from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

...September 2, 1870

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...the patronage of the Lumber Merchants ...on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging ...and attending to their rafts while passing ...the best of his ability.

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...Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1334t.

...DOWARD, Organist, Christ ...teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing ...O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was ...Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr ...of Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

...'s Cherry Pectoral,

...Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, ...Coughs, Colds, Whooping ...Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

...never before in the whole history of ...has anything won so widely and so deeply ...the confidence of mankind, as this excellent ...for pulmonary complaints. Through a long ...of years, and among most of the races of ...it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform ...and power to cure the various affections ...lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to ...forms of disease and to young children, it is ...same time the most effectual remedy that can ...for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should ...on hand in every family, and indeed as all ...sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all ...be provided with this antidote for them.

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...and *Public Speakers* find great protection from it.

...is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

...is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

...generally are its virtues known that we need ...publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

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...Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, ...Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

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For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

...PER BOTTLE.

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39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

...ffers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and that Vinegars*

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& the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

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Sugars and Syrups, all grades.

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Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.

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A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

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OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

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HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render ... Parlour the most comfortable, and ... the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

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BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

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GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a ... of health and vigour, ... agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, ... imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled ... Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

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"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

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"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F R C P

"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.

"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.

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These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician Michael Faraday.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
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Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
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Deafness	&c., &c.
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The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

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B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility, Functional Disorders, &c. 30s to 50s

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The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C T, Raphey, M. R C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
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Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 tawky

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

the Village of Kenmore,

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE,
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Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870 1469 3aw271

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Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tfaw3tf

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A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets. 1433tf

Ottawa, August 12, 1870

BOARD.

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Ottawa, September 19 1870 — 68tf

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THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD. 134tf

Ottawa, April 25, 1870

Hardware.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field Silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whittings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
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Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No 24, Rideau Street,

Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanised Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deep milk saucepans, &c, &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c, &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 ly

STOVES.

Buy Them and Save 20 Per Cent,

AT

ESMONDE BROS.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1238.t

EAU DE VIE BLANC,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavouring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ... 4:00 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:30 am

Trains for Lachine at ... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m, and 5:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at ... 3:45 p m

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 6.00 a m ... 2:00 p m

Express for Island Pond, at ...

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m. They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at ... 9 00 a m

NIGHT, do do ... 9 00 p m

Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations ... 7 00 a m

Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations ... 5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at ... 7 10 a m

Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at ... 9 00 a m

Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at ... 3 45 p m

Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at ... 6 00 a m

Do do do do ... 4 00 p m

Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at ... 1 30 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p. m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

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Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

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C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1425tf

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RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1427tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
11.15		8.00	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		4.00
6.00			Montreal, by Steamer			
11.15			Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		4.00
7.30		8.00	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.45		7.30
11.15		8.00	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	9.43		4.00
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.			6.30
5.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	8.00		6.30
		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	11.00	
5.00	11.00	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	9.45		4.00
7.30	11.15		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		
11.15			North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		1.00
7.30			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.00		1.00
8.00		4.30	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway			
8.00			For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway			
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays			5.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 13th Oct., 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. Bingham, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.

Dr. J. P. Kennedy, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank ... the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. Belding, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in several cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

A Hint to Novel Readers.

We extract this admirable passage concerning novel reading from one of the hitherto uncollected papers in the fifth and final volume of the "Household edition of Thackeray's Miscellanies," just issued by Messrs. Fields, Osgood & Co:—

In respect to the reading of novels of the present day, I would be glad to suggest to the lovers of these instructive works the simple plan of always looking at the end of a romance to see what becomes of the personages, before they venture on the whole work, and become interested in the characters described in it. Why interest ones self in a personage who you must know at the end of the third volume dies a miserable death? What is the use of making ones self unhappy needlessly, watching consumptive symptoms of Leonora as they manifest themselves, or tracing Antonio to his inevitable assassination?

Formerly, whenever I came to one of the fatally virtuous characters in a romance (ladies are very fond of inventing such suffering angels in their novels, pale, pious, pulmonary, crossed in love, of course, hence I do not care to read ladies' novels, except those of Mesdames Gore and Trollope) whenever I came to one of those predestined creatures, and saw from the complexion of the story that the personage in question was about to occupy a good deal of the readers attention, I always closed the book at once, and in disgust, for my feelings are much too precious to be agitated at three pence per volume. Even then it was often too late. One may have got through half a volume before the ultimate fate of Miss Trevanion is made clear to one. In that half volume one may have grown to have been exceedingly interested in Miss Trevanion, and hence one has all the pangs of parting with her, which were not worth incurring for the brief pleasure of her acquaintance. *Le jeu ne valait pas la chandelle.* It is well to say I never loved a young gazelle to glad me with his dark blue eye, but when he came to know me well he was sure to die; and to add that I never loved a tree or flower but 'twas the first to fade away. Is it not better, instead of making yourself unhappy, as you inevitably must be, to spare yourself the trouble of this bootless affection? Do not let us give up our affections rashly to young gazelles, or trees, or flowers, and confine our tenderness to creatures that are more long lived.

Therefore, I say it is much better to look at the end of a novel; and when I read "There is a fresh green mound in Brentford churchyard," and an humble stone on which is inscribed the name of "Anna Maria," or "Le jour apres ou foyait sur les salles humides de la terrible Morgue le corps virginal et ruissolant de Bathilde" or a sentence to that effect, I shut the book at once declining to agitate my feeling needlessly; for at that stage I do not care a fig for Anna Maria's consumption, or Bathilde's suicide; I have not the honor of their acquaintance, nor will I have it. If you had the gift of prophecy, and people proposed to introduce you to a man who you knew would borrow money of you, or would be inevitably hanged, or would subject you to some other annoyance, would you not decline the introduction?

So with novels. The Book of Fate of the heroes and heroines is to be found at the end of volume III One has but to turn to it to know whether one shall make their acquaintance or not. For my part, I heartily pardon the man who brought Cordelia to life (was it Cibber, or Sternhold and Hopkins?) I would have the stomach pump brought for Romeo at the fifth act; for Mr. Macbeth I am not the least sorry; but, as for the General, I would have him destroy that swaggering Macduff (who always looks as if he had just slipped off a snuff shop), or, if not, cut him in pieces, disarm him, pink him, certainly; and then I would have Mrs. Macduff and all the little ones, come in from the slips, stating that the account of their murder was a shameful fabrication of the newspapers, and that they were all of them perfectly well and hearty. The entire wicked, you may massacre without pity; and I have always admired the German Red Riding Hood on this score, which is a thousand times more agreeable than the ferocious English tale, because, when the wolf has gobbled up Red Riding Hood and the grandmother in come two forresters, who cut open the wolf, and out step the old lady and the young one quite happy.

So I commend all people to act in regard to lugubrious novels and eschew them I have never read the Nelly part of "The Old Curiosity Shop" more than once; whereas I have Dick Swiveller and the Marchioness by heart, and, in like manner, with regard to "Oliver Twist," it did very well to frighten one in numbers but I am not going to look at Sikes' murder, and to writhe and twist under the Jew's nightmare again. No, no; give me Sam Weller for a continuance.

"The Bitter End."

A correspondent writes, over the above signature, the following amusing letter to the Pall Mall *Gazette*:

Sir,—If you have any feeling of humanity in your editorial breast you will speak a word in my behalf. Since the date of a certain turn of events in this war I have been more put upon and had more work to do than any person that can be named. I have been "requestioned" by Prussians, French and English alike. I have been in the front of every leading article that has appeared. That newspaper which has "the largest circulation in the world" has set me up in permanent type. I am used by every correspondent—special, civilian or military. There is not a letter sent, whether from headquarters, the camp, the battle-field, the provinces, or written but not dated from a private room in which I am not pressed into service. I'm as ubiquitous as the Uhlans; I'm always turning up. What will become of me when the monthlies and the *Quarterly Review* get hold of me? The weekly journals continue to drag me in. Every nobleman or M. P. on the stump turns me to account. At civic banquets and at agricultural festivities I have to point their stupid speeches. Her Majesty's Ministers will not leave me alone, and Mr. Odger with his fraternity of working men, promise to ride me to death with their perpetual "greetings." My life is a burden to me. I stink in my own nostrils. I forget my own meaning or what I once did mean. I sometimes doubt whether I ever did mean anything at all. I am as notorious and shall soon be as hateful to hear of as Macaulay's New Zealander. The French officers are lucky fellows; they are released on pledging themselves not to serve again during the present war. I wish I was one of them. Everything has an end, they say, but I see no end for the end who now appeals to you. I'm clean "used up," demoralized, beaten, played out, and done for; and my only wish now is to be allowed to retire into seclusion, there to renovate my exhausted powers, if that can ever be.

The Bitter End.

Seventy four years having now elapsed since the death of Robert Burns, there are few persons surviving in Scotland who who were personally acquainted with the poet, and the number of these becomes smaller each succeeding year. The last of them all, in the town of Kilmarnock where the first edition of Burns's poems was printed, died a few days ago. He was an old man named Crichton, and was a native of Cumnock. He had almost attained his hundreth year, and preserved to the last his mental faculties, as well as a lively recollection of Robert Burns. It is worthy of remark that two children of the poet are still alive. The one is Lieutenant Colonel William Nicol Burns, of Cheltenham, and the other Mrs. Thomson, of Crossmyloof, near Glasgow. The latter is now in her seventy ninth year. The children of Burns have all, unlike their father, been long lived. The eldest son died in 1857 at the age of seventy one, and Lieutenant-Colonel James Glencairn Burns, who died in 1865, was also over seventy.

Adventures of an Irishman with a Diamond Rattlesnake.

An Irishman, by the name of Thompson, driving a mail sulky between this place and Fort Gibson, on Monday last, coming down here with the mail, came across a very large diamond rattlesnake in the road. His mule shied at it—he jumped out of the sulky, grabbed the snake with his left hand around the neck, held it up, and jumped into the vehicle and drove half a mile to the station, got out, walked into the house where there were two or three Indian women, called for a needle and thread, which was given to him by one of the women, when he sat down and deliberately sewed up the mouth of the snake, then threw it down on the floor, and told the women to keep it until his return. While he held the snake by the throat, in its writhing it bit him on the finger two or three times; but as he was under the influence of whiskey, and as the Indian woman gave him a few more drinks, he experienced no harm from the bites on his finger. After the Irishman left some Cherokee men belonging to the house came in, killed the snake and skinned it. Our informant, George Strong, of the mail line, says he saw the skin of the snake at the house where the Irishman carried it, and afterward saw Thompson, who had a few marks on his finger, but was 'all right.'

The bite of the diamond rattlesnake is considered by the Indians as incurable.—*Fort Smith Herald.*

Interesting to Ladies.

In this rapid age it is absolutely necessary for ladies to keep *au courant* of what is passing in the world around them.

For this purpose, no medium is so good as a first-class magazine.

We recommend to ladies, who desire one useful and sensible as well as fashionable, "Demorest's Illustrated Monthly," as the very best parlor periodical that we know.

It is more complete in its departments than any other.

Its fashions are more unique, because they are authentic and original, and not blind copies of French and German models.

It gives with every number full sized patterns, which supply, during the year, all that any lady needs for the cutting of her own and her children's wardrobe.

It is always high-toned, and its contributors include some of the finest talent in the country.

Its "Ladies' Club" affords valuable and interesting information upon every subject.

It is the best magazine for the utilities and ornamentation of the household; the best magazine for floriculture, original music, architecture, and other topics interesting to ladies—all calculated to assist in making our homes attractive and happy.

It is the most enterprising of all magazines, and gives more than twice as much for the money.

It also offers a large and magnificent Parlor Steel Engraving, 28 by 35 inches, entitled "The Picnic on the Fourth of July," valued at $10.00, to each subscriber as a premium.

The engraving is all done in line and stipple, from the original painting by Lillie M. Spencer, and, besides the copyright, cost over seven thousand dollars, and is acknowledged by artists to be the most perfect and beautiful large engraving ever issued in this country. Certainly $10.00 will not procure another that combines so much interest and beauty.

Or, it offers a fine Chromo, worth $5.00, and other premiums, worth more than the cost of the magazine, to each subscriber, post free, and extraordinary premiums for clubs.

Subscription price, $3.00 per annum. Commence any time.

Single copies 25 cts. Specimen copies, with circulars, mailed free on receipt of 15 cts.

Address W. Jennings Demorest, 838 Broadway, New York.

A View of Metz.

"At St. Blaize there is a battery of about ten guns. Prince Frederick Charles has erected a telescope here, by means of which, the German officers can see right into Metz. They would have allowed us to look through it but the weather was too unfavorable for it to be of any service. With the naked eye the whole valley, surrounded by hills and with Metz in the centre, with its grand old cathedral tower-ing up, is clearly to be seen. Masses of troops are about on all sides, but from this point it seems no reason why you should not walk into the city. The *chausse*, with its fringes of poplars, is straight before you. It does not appear that there is aught to hinder your entrance. But, stay, behind every bush, behind every stone, stretched at full length in a ditch on either side of the valley around the city is a marksman. So soon as any enemy comes within range there is a curl of white smoke, a crack of a gun, and if the aim has been true, one combatant the less on one side or the other. Apart from its warlike interest, the view is magnificent.

On Wednesday last a fatal accident occurred on the Great Western Railway, of which the following particulars are given by the Hamilton *Times*:—

No. 20 freight train east was standing on the siding at Newbury station, and as No 9 Chicago express train was passing west, it came into collision with the engine of the freight train, in consequence of the switch at the east end having been left open. One passenger received some slight bruises on the leg, the driver of the express train, Jas. Collinson, had his leg so badly injured as to render amputation necessary. The fireman, D. Neilson, has since died from the injuries he received in consequence of the accident. Both engines were badly injured. It has not yet been ascertained by whose culpability the switch was left open, but we presume this will be clearly ascertained on an enquiry into the case of the death of the fireman by a coroner's inquest, which will necessarily be held.

Fifteen guns of the United States frigate *Cumberland*, sunk in Hampton Roads in April, 1862, by the Confederate iron-clad "Merrimac," have been raised and taken to Richmond, where they will be converted into railroad iron and car wheels. This is not exactly turning the sword into the ploughshare, but the next thing to it.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.

HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

SUITS,

PEA JACKETS,

OVERCOATS,

WINTER CLOTHING

MAGEE & RUSSELL,

SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA,

Beg to inform the Gentlemen of Ottawa and the public generally that their Tailoring Department is now under the management of a FIRST-CLASS ARTIST, of ENGLISH, AMERICAN and CANADIAN experience. Also that, their STOCK of CLOTHS this season is extremely large and varied, embracing all the NEW STYLES adapted for SUITS, PEA JACKETS and OVERCOATS.

M. & R. would suggest to those requiring NEW and CORRECT FITTING GARMENTS, that it would be wise to place thyir orders at once, to prevent disappointments, as a great pressure of Trade is anticipated when the cold weather sets in.

M. & R's facilities for doing justice to the requirements of the public is now such as to warrant them in saying that no house in the Province can manufacture superior or better fitting clothing.

For Correctness of Fit, Elegance of Style and Workmanship unsurpassed.

See Garments made to measure only, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,

SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

SUITS—Pea Jackets and Over Coats, made to measure only at Magee & Russell's, are unequalled for fit, style, workmanship and price.

Gentlemen who are in the habit of ordering their clothing from Montreal and Toronto, are invited to view specimen garments, at Magee & Russell's.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 28, Sparks Street

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1870.

Mr. Cumberland, General Manager of the Northern Railway, is here.

It is rumoured that the Hon. Bliss Botsford has been appointed to a County Judgeship in New Brunswick.

The Minister of Public Works has arrived in town after a long official tour of inspection through the West.

Mr. Crepbassa has come out as the Ministerial candidate for Richelieu. He is opposed by Mr. Barthe, who calls himself an "Independent Conservative."

Mr. Davis, of this city, is awarded the contract for the repair of the Black river slides.

The Emigration Conference terminated yesterday, and most of the Emigration Agents, together with many of the delegates who were present at it, have returned to their homes.

The Quebec *Mercury* says:

A Canal Commission is about to be appointed for the whole Dominion, and public opinion points to Mr. Capreol, of Toronto, as a practical chairman.

Referring to Colonel Gray, the Montreal *Daily News* says:

"One who is clever but not wise, resembles a clock whose minute hand is in good order, but the hour hand losses."

The writer of the above resembles a clock whose entire works are hopelessly disordered.

Mr. Daniel McFarland, disagreeably prominent some months ago in re. the People against Daniel McFarland for the shooting of A. D. Richardson, was arrested in the street in New York on Monday, overcome with drink, and committed for ten days in the Jefferson Market Jail.

The *Richmond Despatch* crushes Mr. Thos. Hughes after this cruel fashion: We have had some curiosity to see and hear Mr. Hughes; but now we are not sorry that he has determined, as we infer from his attitude toward Boston narrow mindedness he has determined, not to visit the Southern States. A poor specimen of a statesman he must be indeed who cannot see that the South fought for freedom and those personal rights which are supposed to be so dear to every Briton, while the North fought for Dominion and power, and has destroyed everything like constitutional government that ever existed in this country.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD AND COL. GRAY.

In the Toronto *Globe* of Wednesday last there appeared an article two columns in length, which, shorn of those flowers of literature in which our bellicose contemporary delights, and divested of its vituperative peroration about "the wiles of the tempter and the arts of the trickster," &c., is intended to prove that the appointment of Colonel Gray as codifier of the laws was an illegal one, and contrary to the letter and spirit of the Independence of Parliament Act.

Now, we have no objection to the *Globe's* attacking the Government. It is its vocation to do so, and, founded, as most of its allegations are, upon misconceptions and misrepresentations, we very much question whether in a majority of cases they do not rather tend to strengthen than to weaken the hands of the Administration. But before making a charge of this kind the *Globe* should always be quite sure of its facts. In its haste to prove the Government wrong it should not, for its own sake allow, itself to be placed in a false position, as in the particular instance to which we refer it undoubtedly has done. It is quite true that as the law originally stood no person holding a seat in Parliament could perform any service for the Crown for which remuneration could be given but it so happens that in consequence of the inconvenience occasioned by this law, and the fact that by it the Government were rendered unable, in some cases, to avail themselves of the services of the best men in the country, it has been amended. In the course of the discussion which took place in Parliament relative to the amendment, the Premier pointed out that as the law originally stood the Government could not in the Whelan case avail themselves of the services of Mr. John Hilyard Cameron, nor if the rights of the Dominion were affected in an Equity case, could they retain Mr. Blake, the leading Equity council at the bar. In order to obviate this condition of affairs the law was altered, and members of Parliament were enabled to perform services for the Crown and to accept remuneration for so doing. In this amendment we were assimilating our laws more closely to those of the Imperial Parliament, the members of which have the right to perform services for and accept remuneration from the Crown.

In Colonel Gray's particular case the facts are simply these. The 94th section of the "British North America Act 1867" provides that Parliament may make provision for the codification of the laws, and for the purpose of establishing a commission with this end in view $20,000 were voted by the House. It became apparent to the Minister of Justice, however, that before a commission composed of several persons could deal with the question, it would be necessary that the different laws should be dissected and compared, and that this, of necessity, must be done by one man. Actuated, therefore, by a desire to prevent any unnecessary outlay, the appointment of the Commissioners was postponed, and the services of Colonel Gray were retained for the purpose, that gentleman having already had considerable experience in work of a like nature. Men of distinguished legal ability who have had an opportunity of judging, express themselves as being thoroughly satisfied with the progress which he has thus far made.

Such is a brief recital of facts which were given to the House by the Premier during last session, and which we merely recapitulate now with a view of exposing the misrepresentation of which the *Globe* is guilty. We will not insult the Hon. George Brown's good sense by supposing that he is ignorant of the facts which we have mentioned in reference to the amendment of the law and the retaining of Colonel Gray. We fear that he is guilty of a wilful perversion or suppression of the truth, hoping that the general public, who have neither time nor opportunity for making themselves acquainted with all the facts, will be induced to believe that the Government have violated the law for corrupt and improper purposes. Fortunately, however, he has "sounded the alarm" so frequently; he has raised the cry of "the wolf" so often without any real cause for doing so, that the people of Canada are beginning to pay but little attention to him and his "organ."

HOW PUBLIC JOURNALS ARE TREATED WHO EXPOSE PUBLIC WRONG-DOING.

About a week ago we stated the grievance of which the school teachers of this city complain, in not being able to obtain the amount of their salaries from the City Chamberlain. We gave as our authority two of the most intelligent of the School Trustees and several of the school teachers, who appealed to us to bring this matter before the notice of the public. What was the explanation made by the Collector in reference to the charges we brought against him? To issue a distress warrant against the Managing Director of the TIMES Publishing Company for certain taxes which he did not owe, and to put two constables into his house on Saturday evening, well knowing that they could not be removed until a writ of replevin could be obtained from Toronto. After five days annoyance the writ was obtained, the constables were removed, and the matter will be decided by the Courts.

From all we have heard, we are well assured that this is but a fair specimen of the manner in which Preston has been in the habit of keeping many of the people of Ottawa in terror. A system of the grossest and most vindictive tyranny has been maintained by him. He has even gone so far as to send his myrmidons into a Bank in this city to make a seizure, simply because the manager would not discount one of his notes, while Bank clerks who have had the audacity to doubt the worth of some of the cheques he has tried to get cashed, have straightway had their homes invaded by this overbearing and unprincipled hypocrite. All this, and far more than this, will come to light, and be proved before a judge and jury, when the action for Vindictive seizure is brought against Mr. Preston by the gentleman whom he treated in such a cowardly and unjustifiable manner. We have not mentioned all or nearly all we know about this same collector. We have alluded to a certain $4,000, and have taken the liberty of enquiring why it was so long held back? We have already mentioned what was the kind of answer we received. We now repeat the question, and we once more ask why it is that the school teachers have been unable to obtain their salaries, and the credit of the City damaged in the way it has been?

We would also like to know by whom the money is deposited in certain places in the city, for the purpose of discounting the city cheques which the Chamberlain is unable to pay in consequence of Mr. Preston's retaining the public funds, and who it is that reaps the benefit of this discounting business?

We now call upon the public to unite together and oust George Honey Preston from the office he prostitutes and dishonors. Let them show their municipal representatives that they will no longer submit to the course of corruption and intimidation of which this man has been guilty. We are prepared with proofs of all that we have said. He dare not meet us with fair argument, nor does he venture to dispute our assertions, but he adopted the mean pitiful style of vengeance which best accorded with the instincts of his mean and cowardly nature. He may abuse us as he pleases, he may attribute to us what motives he likes, he may assume the *nom de plume* of "Shoo Fly" and write as much bad English and "Billingsgate" as he chooses, but we defy him to gainsay one of the facts we have stated, or to prove that we have in any one particular wronged him. We can tell Mr. Preston that the days of his official career are numbered; he may hold back his books and accounts with a view of embarrassing the Council into reappointing him, and may place what amount of reliance he chooses upon the influence of certain close friends of his in the Council, but his reign of terror is well nigh at an end, and the force of public opinion will compel him to make way for a more honest and less avaricious man.

THE SITUATION IN FRANCE.

The European war has assumed a new phase, which will probably result in unlooked for complications. It is said that Marshal Bazaine has concluded terms with the King of Prussia for the surrender of Metz, with the understanding that the Prince Imperial shall be placed upon the French throne with Marshal Bazaine for Regent. We are inclined to believe that there is truth in this statement, for it will be remembered that we have from time to time heard rumors of Bazaine's determination not to acknowledge the authority of the Republic, and it has been reported that messengers have been allowed on more than one occasion to pass to and fro through the Prussian lines between Metz and the Emperor Napoleon's residence at Wilhelmshohe. We cannot say, however, that in the present temper of the French people, we should like to see the Prince Imperial brought back to Paris. The soldiers of Bazaine's corps consisting of the Imperial Guard and the flower of the French army are very possibly loyal to the Napoleonic rule, but the people of France, more especially of Paris and the larger cities have become so thoroughly inoculated with Republican ideas and with hatred to Napoleon and his dynasty, that any present attempt to restore the Empire would be certain to result in more bloodshed and still farther suffering. Not that we believe the present Republican Government is likely to last for any time. Its authority is not based upon the will of the governed nor upon any recognised right. It is simply composed of men who took advantage of a time of natural peril and excitement to seize the reins of government. For a time the people of France, carried away by the oratory of Victor Hugo and the "bunkum" of Garibaldi, may declare their preference for Republican institutions, but by degrees they will learn, as they have done before, how utterly unsuited they are to the instincts and feelings of the nation, and a monarchical government of some kind will be restored. Meanwhile the surrender of Metz greatly simplifies matters so far as Prussia is concerned. The army of the Prince Royal can now at once march upon Paris, and unless terms of peace can be arranged within a few days, a general bombardment of that city will no doubt take place. The present position is one of the most absorbing interest. On the side of Bazaine and the Empire are ranged, not only the Imperialists, but moderate Frenchmen who see in the restoration of the Napoleonic dynasty the shortest and easiest way out of the present difficulty, and who regard with dread and aversion the possible advance of republicanism. Opposed to them are the republicans, the Orleanists, and the turbulent and discontented classes who muster so strongly in Paris. The situation is beset with perils and difficulties of all kinds, and it is only by the exercise of the most exalted and unselfish patriotism, that the leading men of France can hope to rescue their sorely afflicted land from still greater disasters than she has been called on to endure since 1815.

A Jubilee in Lanark.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

SIR,—A very interesting meeting took place here to-day—a jubilee—being the 50th year since the Lanark settlement under Colonel Marshall was commenced. The Hon. James Shaw was clerk to Colonel Marshall, and still lives to see the wonderful result of Scotch operation in the worst lands of Canada. Adam Craig, one of the original settlers, originated the idea of this jubilee, and of gathering the few of the original settlers that remain. About twenty men and women were seated on a dais or platform erected about 4 feet from the floor. The chair—a basswood one, used by Col. Marshall in the office—was placed for the Chairman, and the Hon. Malcolm Cameron, who was the barefooted ferry boy twelve years of age that paddled then over the Mississippi, was the orator of the day, and the old "coon" seemed indeed at home. The stories, hardships, jokes, and "uncos" of that day were well brought up and recounted. The position these men and their confreres took in 1817 as the Reform Association of Renfrew, Lanark, and Dunbarton shires, their trials, persecutions and triumphs were well recounted, and Malcolm ventilated his extreme radicalism with a gusto.

Mr. Robinson, the Reeve, Mr. Peacock and old Mr. Balentine, aged 84 years, made appropriate speeches. "Auld Lang Syne" and "I Sigh for Thee" were sang in a style that would do credit to the best concerts in Ottawa, by lips that would have induced anybody not wiser than Adam to take an apple or two.

A Mr. Lamont sang the "Drunkard's wee ragged wean" in a way that should make any man become temperate.

Mr. Cameron recited the "Mitherless bairn" and other Scotch pieces, and the whole was concluded by the national anthem.

The day was one of joy, peace, and unity.

A TRAVELLER.

Ottawa Turf Club Races.

SECOND DAY.

The clerk of the weather made ample amends yesterday for his bad behaviour the day before. The sun shone at noontide bright and genial. It was at this hour as fine October weather as could be desired for racing or anything else, rendering a great coat superfluous, and gloves barely sufferable. The assembly on the course was much larger than on the day before, the number of carriages being very respectable. In the grand stand and carriages a number of the fair sex occupied positions, and appeared to be as enthusiastic as any one else. The dead heads on the fences were in large attendance and kept the men employed to watch them in a fidgetty state, not at all conducive to a serenity of temperament. "Aunt Sally" was resuscitated, and her petticoat gaily fluttered once more in the breeze. Many a hearty laugh was raised by the unfeeling representatives of the stern sex as a lucky hitter dashed the pipe in the mouth of the old lady to pieces, or nearly split her skull by a vicious throw. Mrs. Cady Stanton would have been outraged, and Dr. Mary Walker would positively have fainted at such treatment of a representative of the sex. The course was in better condition, but heavy.

The first race was the

LUMBERMEN'S PURSE OF $125,

For horses owned and bred in the Counties of Carleton, Prescott, Russell, Leeds and Grenville, Renfrew and Ottawa. Mile heats. 3 years, 95 lbs.; 4 years, 110 lbs.; 5 years, 118 lbs.; 6 years and aged, 126 lbs. Mares and geldings allowed 3 lbs. $100 to first horse, $25 to second.

The following horses were entered, and came to the start:

1st, Mr. P. Burke's br. h. Young Bob Logic, 5 years, blue jacket, white cap; Mr. Green's br. h. Rescue, aged, red white and blue; 3rd, Mr. T. Fitzsimmon's bl. h. Tim Whiffler, aged, blue and white; 4th, Mr. J. Conolly's br. g. Young Gimcrack, 5 years, white and red; 5th. Mr. A. O. C. Coleman's br. g. Brown Dick, aged, all blue.

On the horses coming to the post Rescue was very uneasy and broke away, but his rider got a pull on him when near the stand. The first attempt at a start was a false one, but a second attempt resulted in a capital start, Gimcrack and Rescue showing first in passing the stand. The first quarter of a mile was got over with Gimcrack still leading to the joy of his friends, but to the knowing ones the race was to be between the two horses Rescue and Bob Logic, which followed in the order named with Tim Whiffler a fourth, and Brown Dick anything but a good fifth. The horses continued in the above order till near the dip, when the riders of Rescue and Bob Logic give rein to their horses and they quickly passed the leading horse and went into the dip close together, Rescue leading by hardly a length. Out of the dip came Rescue and Bob Logic neck and neck. The excitement here was intense, and increased as the horses approached the distance post, so near to each other that none dared to say there was any difference in their positions. Both riders now plied whip and spur and came flying to the winning post, Bob Logic gaining in the few last strides, winning by a neck, amid tremendous excitement. The pioneer of Rescue appeared to ride loosely at the finish. Tim Whiffler came in third. The rest were distanced.

AN UNEXPECTED INCIDENT. PLUCKY BEHAVIOUR OF THE JUDGES.

Loud were the exclamations of delight from the backers of Bob Logic, which had been the favorite in pools and everywhere from the date of his entry, and heavily was he backed. But terrible was their rage and disappointment when it was known there was something wrong—in fact the race had been won neither by Bob Logic or Rescue. A few minutes longer and one of the judges leaning over the stand, in a loud voice made the following statement to a swaying and excited crowd below: "That the riders of Bob Logic and Rescue had dismounted from their horses *before entering the enclosure to be weighed*, and were for this declared distanced. That Young Gimcrack and Brown Dick being distanced were of course distanced." This gave the heat to Tim Whiffler who had now only to walk over the course to be winner of the race. Confusion and rage now prevailed among the Bob Logics to a terrible extent, the owner of the horse getting terribly and unnecessarily excited, and declaring that he had "not got justice" and "would rather lose his life than have his horse forced out of the race." In his noisy demonstrations he was assisted by numerous sympathisers, who were loud in their expressions of defiance, and insisted on their horse, which was then on the course, remaining there to contest the next heat; but the judges, who were very cool and determined, ordered Bob Logic off the course; Tim Whiffler to go round; and called upon the police to clear the course. Tim Whiffler then started amid the hootings of the Bob Logic backers, but not before Bob Logic had started on his way round the course also—a piece of policy on the part of his backers hard to explain. On the arrival of Tim Whiffler, and upon his rider being weighed, the owner was called before the stand, and one of the judges thus addressed him:—"You allowed your horse to be led up. Now, according to the rules of the Ottawa Turf Club we could take no notice of the above violation until a protest was handed in. A protest has just been handed in, and we declare your horse with the others to be distanced."

This announcement was received with terrific cheering, and the people, who were enraged at the judges but a few minutes before, and who could not listen to their decision, now howled with joy, and exclaimed "That's fair; "that's something like it." It was then announced from the judges stand that the "Lumbermen's Race" was void, and so were all bets and pools. They had decided to run, instead of this race, one to be called the "Steward's Plate" for the same amount. The horses would have to be entered again. This announcement was also received with loud cheers, and the people scampered away to make room for the horses to compete for the new race. Before the race began we may be allowed to say that the conduct of the judges, in the above scene, was calm, dignified, and yet determined.

THE STEWARD'S PLATE.

For this race four horses came to the starting point, viz.: Rescue, Young Bob Logic, Tim Whiffler, and Young Gimcrack. Colours same as in last race with the exception of Rescue, who was now managed by Williams, who proved himself a skilful jockey in every race he rode, and which were all winning ones.

At the word "go" Bob jumped off with the lead which he retained until making the turn for home, when Rescue drew up to the leader, and a magnificent race ensued; Rescue, who was ridden by Williams, creeping up inch by inch gradually got on terms with his opponent, caught him on the post, and won amidst a scene of intense excitement by a short head. The other two were distanced.

The 2nd heat both horses got well off together, Rescue slightly in advance. Leaving the "dip" Bob evidently showed signs of distress, Rescue gaining ground in every stride was never headed, and won pulling double by twenty lengths, Bob pulling up.

CONSOLATION STAKES.

A consolation stake was got up at the close by W. Wright, Esq., one mile dash, for which there was three entries, Citadel, Sleeppy Johnnie and Tim Whiffler. Citadel, who was ridden by Williams, jumped off with the lead. At this time the "shades of night were falling fast," and when the horses were discovered at the last turn, a cry "they come, they come," issued from every mouth. Citadel then came on and won the race by six lengths, Sleeppy Johnnie second and Whiffler double the distance behind him.

The races to-day were magnificent, and, taken in conjunction with the races of yesterday, we can heartily congratulate the stewards and promoters of the races on the success which has attended their efforts. The races of next year will be looked forward to with pleasure.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Oct. 21.

The October term of the Court of Revision of the district of Montreal begins to-day.

La Minerve says a boy of 10 years of age, named Lamarche, has been found in prison among the thieves. He was seeking for his mother there, and the jailor finding him abandoned and without support received him into the prison, but could allot him no other place than the common jail.

Last Wednesday evening the regular meeting of the St. Stephen's Church Young Men and Women's Association was held in the basement of the church. There was a large attendance, and much interest seemed to be taken in the proceedings.

The Convention of Teachers of the Province of Quebec will be opened this afternoon in the Normal School, at 2 o'clock.

To-day Mr. Justice Monk, accompanied by the Sheriff and two gentlemen connected with the Montreal gaol, inspected the lunatics confined there. There were found in all fifteen lunatics. Of these nine had been admitted into prison, during the last term; the four worst of them were ordered to be sent to Beauport.

The old man Guenette, who was tried for the murder of his nephew, but acquitted on the ground of insanity, is still confined. His health has been much impaired since his confinement. He is now 89 years of age, and has become almost incurably blind.

Weather cold and cloudy.

The annual athletic meeting, which will take place to-morrow afternoon, promises to be a very successful one. The number of entries, up to one o'clock this afternoon, is about sixty, and includes the names of victors in many a hard contest. Mr. Burgess, from Woodstock, the Macdonald's from Morrisburg, Mr. Stitt, from Prescott, and many others of athletic repute, arrived in the city this morning, and will compete to-morrow. The entries remain open till six o'clock this evening.

The half-yearly meeting of the St. George's Society was held last evening. The President, W. H. Clare, Esq., occupied the chair. After some unimportant business the reports of the Charitable Committee, for the two last quarters, were read. During the quarter, ending 30th June last, there have been received into the Home 549 men, women and children, among which number were Miss McPherson's boys. The total expense was $376.52, of which $267.62 was for wood and fuel. There were in all, admitted to the Home, 770 persons, while the expenditure in maintaining the Home was only $314, of which amount $175 was for food, while the balance was for fuel, repairs and management. The Society during the quarter also gave half fare passages to 42 persons. The report showed that 1,300 people had been admitted to the Home, and yet the total expenditure of the establishment was not more than fifty cents a head. The reports were unanimously adopted, and Mr. Pell was highly complimented for his management.

It was resolved to invite the Rev. A. Stylman Herring to preach a sermon in behalf of the Society on Sunday week.

A committee was appointed to make arrangements for a concert for the benefit of the Society to be given on the 17th of November. It was stated that the majority of the members of the Society were in arrears with their subscriptions. After some informal business the meeting adjourned at half-past nine o'clock.

The business of this week has been somewhat diminished on account of several very extensive grocery sales advertised for next week. This dullness, in view of the heavy arrivals of goods by the steamers for the past six weeks, is the cause of a little anxiety to importers.

Money continues abundant and cheap, and stocks generally are buoyant; a reaction in the Bank of Montreal of 4 per cent. is an exception, but it still stands at the very extraordinary figure 2.19 or 1.19 per cent. premium.

Flour market firm and active to-day at a slight advance. In the week closing there has been some advance in prices, owing to a similar advance in Europe, and the transactions have been considerable.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, 21st.—The *Pall Mall Gazette*, referring to the appointment of O. P. Martin as Minister to the Court of St. James, says: A thoroughly incompetent person is selected to represent the United States in England, and is instructed first to bully and next to threaten war. This incompetent person hesitates, probably preferring domestic skirmishing with Democrats to war with England.

The Catholic hierarchy of Great Britain have issued a protest against the action of the Italian Government in occupying the Papal territory. They call upon all good Catholics to form prayer unions to protest against the treatment of the Pope, and to prepare documents on the subject which may be made the basis of an appeal to the British Parliament.

The steamer *Enterprise*, from Jarshon to Londonderry, picked up a boat off Inneshaven Head at three o'clock yesterday p.m., containing a sailor and the corpse of a [illegible]. The sailor stated that the steamer [illegible] of the Anchor Line, from New York, struck at ten o'clock the night previous on Inshtorill island, and became a total wreck. Four other boats containing passengers left the steamer, but have not yet been heard of. The sailor reports his own boat to have upset and all in it but himself drowned.

A violent storm passed over the seat of war around Paris last night.

The department of Somme has been declared in a state of siege, and energetic preparations are being made at Amiens, the capital, for defence. A force of 20,000 Prussians, which were advancing on the city, has returned to Breteuil.

The ship *Odessa*, with a cargo of petroleum from New York, is stranded at the mouth of the Weiser. Her crew are saved.

It is stated that Generals Burnside, Sheridan and Forsyth have received orders from the Washington government to repair to London at once. The Cologne *Gazette*, which publishes this statement, says that owing to the suggestions of these gentlemen. Minister Washburn has been so energetic that he has been forced to demand reparation for frequent arrests of Americans as spies.

Bismarck has required the Foreign Minister at Paris to communicate with their government only by open despatches.

Victor Hugo has declined the request of the Government to stimulate the provinces.

FLORENCE, 21.—Mazzini, the noted republican agitator has been ordered to remain at Leghorn.

One of the members of the Ministry has gone to Turin, to visit King Victor Emanuel, who is there at present.

Signor Silla, Minister of Finance, says the transfer of the capital to Rome is no longer doubtful, but it requires the sanction of Parliament.

MADRID, 21st.—Topete and his newspaper organ here advocates the granting of liberal reforms to Cuba, immediately, and urges the Government to seek glory in that direction.

Prim, though visited by Castellar and others, makes no disclosure of his policy or intentions.

The reported candidature of the Duke of Asota for the thrown of Spain has been definitely settled.

The object of Keratry's visit to this city is variously stated. He has made no official statement of his mission to the Government. The impression is that he seeks the offensive and defensive alliance by representing that Italy will join France if Spain does. Should this be his purpose, he will certainly fail.

TOURS, Oct. 21.—Contradictory rumours are flying about concerning the movements of the hostile forces on the Loire; but the general impression is that the Prussians are no longer coming this way and that a large force of the enemy is marching on Normandy, where there are fewer troops to oppose them.

ROME, 20.—Minister Zilla assured the delegation of the citizens of Rome to day, that he would apprise the King of the desire of the Romans to receive him in their city. The harmonizing of the laws of the Roman States with those of the kingdom, he added, required time, and he had every reason to hope the work would be completed without prejudice to the institutions of Rome. The 28th of October has been fixed as the day for the King to enter Rome. The Roman Provinces are to be consolidated into one with five prefectures.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

BERLIN, Oct. 21st.—The *Staats Anzeiger* advertises an issue of 6,500,000 thalers at three and one-half per cent, payable in six months.

Only 250 citizens of Strasbourg were killed at the bombardment of that city.

At Verdun, as at Paris, the besieged are squandering their ammunition by random firing.

Strasbourg has again been opened to railway traffic. Trains now arrive and depart regularly.

AMERICAN NEWS.

THE STEAMSHIP "CAMBRIA" LOST AT SEA.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—The *Evening Democrat* and *News* publish the following:

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The following despatch has been received here: The *Cambria* launched four boats; one containing 15 persons was lost. Nothing is known of the other three boats. This somewhat indefinite information is all that has been received here, and probably indicates a marine disaster. The vessel above referred to is a steamer, the *Cambria*, of the Anchor Line, which left New York October 8th, for Glasgow. She carried a large passenger list and a full cargo. The agents here have received no information of a disaster to the *Cambria*.

HELENA, Montana Territory, Oct. 21.—Mr. Everette who was lost from the Yellow Stone exploring expedition last September was found on the 17th inst. about 15 miles from Emigrant Gulch, very weak from exposure. An ambulance was sent after him.

The Late Storm.

The Kingston *News* of the 19th gives the following account of the storm:—

A very heavy gale from the southwest by west set in on Tuesday morning about 3 o'clock, and continued to blow with such violence up to 7 o'clock as to effect damage, particularly to the shipping, to a considerable extent, the exact amount of which, however, it is impossible to ascertain at the present. The following is a summary of the damage done to the craft, &c., in the harbour, which suffered much from the unusual direction of the gale, off land. Beginning at Bell's Island, where a long breakwater of stone and timber was entirely carried away, and other sundry losses of minor importance sustained; a raft of saw logs, stationed at Messrs. McRossie's & Co.'s saw mill, Barriefield, was pretty well burst asunder; while a raft of stripped cedar telegraph poles, fastened on the lower side of the Cataraqui Bridge, near the Tete du Pont Barracks, was drifted in the narrow channel between Bell's Island and Pittsburgh shore. The steamer "Rochester" arrived from Oswego this morning at Kingston's wharf. Her crew report the passage on the lake rough, but not so much as would otherwise had been had the wind been blowing directly south. This steamer, together with the tug "Hiram Calvin," were the only ones capable of making port early in the day, the royal mail steamer having passed down from Toronto without touching, a very seldom occurrence. The schooner "Flying Scud" sailed from Swift's wharf last evening with a cargo of barley for Oswego, but returned subsequently to await the moderation of the weather. Two schooners, the "Benedict" and "Kate Robinson," both laden with timber, the latter for Boston Mass., via the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and Atlantic Ocean, dragged their anchors, for where they were stationed, nearly opposite the Grand Trunk wharf, and the barque "Pride of America" snapped her fastenings at Anderson's wharf and grounded with the two above mentioned on the rocks. The "Kate Robinson" is said to have four or five feet of water in her hold. At the Marine Railway or shipyard a temporary breakwater was crushed in, and Henderson's elevator sent adrift; but was, however, secured in sufficient time to prevent damage. A large raft of timber, belonging one half to Messrs. Calvin and Breck, and the other to Mr. Breck, of Trenton, from which place it arrived at Garden Island only yesterday, broke loose from its moorings and was driven down the river, as was also a schooner, name unknown, from the lake. The Ontario Locomotive Works, the Kingston Foundry, sustained slight damage by having the planking torn up or the foundation displaced; and the remains of the old Morton Distillery wharf were totally washed away by the sea; which rolled and foamed off the Penitentiary in a tempestuous manner. A number of vessels were reported aground off Nine Mile Point, but the only sail observed in that direction was one small schooner anchored to windward of the Penitentiary, notwithstanding that such is probably the case. Towards noon the weather became calmer, and efforts were at once set on foot to repair property which had been seriously damaged. The gale is reported to have prevailed with the same impetuosity at Gananoque, Napanee, and other villages in the vicinity of Kingston.

LATER.—Telegrams received this afternoon state the following vessels to have run ashore during the gale of this morning:—At Napanee, schooners "Ocean Wave," "Gormley" and "Mary Fox" At Cobourg, schooner "Kate," of Oshawa. A special despatch from Toronto says the storm extended to all points west of Lake Ontario; and another from Gananoque is to the effect that several new frame houses in course of erection were considerably damaged; some blown down. The steamer "Magnet" was unable to touch. The steamer "Watertown" has not arrived from Cape Vincent to-day.

King William Thanks His God.

It is customary for modern warriors to "Thank God" every time they succeed in killing an unusual number of their fellow mortals. King William is especially "thankful" after each fight, if he wins; if he loses, of course God has nothing to do with the battle. The following poem makes the sacrilege of this thanking business very apparent:

The sombre pall of Night had spread
Upon the horrid scene.
The field was thickly strewn with dead,
The struggle fierce had been;
And heaps of rigid, gory men
Lay fallowed on the sod;
For this, by telegram and pen,
King William thanks his God!

The trumpet's clarion voice was hushed,
Nor flaunting banner stirr'd,
As from a heap of slain and crushed
This dying moan was heard:
"My helpless babes and wife—O Lord.
Have mercy stay thy rod."
Electric flashes pass the word.
"King William thanks his God!"

Two thousand peasants' homes by fire,
Bavarian brutes destroy,
Nor let the helpless weak retire,
But rush with fiendish joy,
And hurl them to their awful fate
With ball and bayonet prod;
For these and other mercies great,
"King William thanks his God!"

Great God! shall kings' ambition slay
And prostrate in the dust
Thy creature legions, day by day,
And then proclaim thee just;
Deal desolation through the world,
Spread ruin at their nod,
And then by lightning have it hurl'd
"King William thanks his God?"

MANITOBA NEWS.

From the Manitoba News Letter, Oct. 4.

Mr. Muckle arrived from the North-west Angle on Saturday, and reports the woods on fire along a considerable portion of the road.

The H. B. Co. have staked off an immense claim at the Angle and have built a small house to enable them to hold it.

Extensive prairie fires have been raging for some days on all sides of us. Those to the east of the Red River have been most destructive, and the loss of immense quantities of hay and a large number of horses belonging to the French settles is reported.

We learn that another meeting between Riel and a number of his confederates from Pembina, St. Joe, White Horse Plains and other points took place at Stinking River church on Sunday last.

On the evening of Friday last the first mess meeting of the sergeants of the Ontario Battalion took place in one of the barrack rooms in the fort.

Ensign Peebles, who was left behind at Thunder Bay owing to illness, arrived on Saturday last, having accomplished the journey in a remarkably short time. He came by canoe with a few men.

O'Donohue is sick of this neighborhood, and having well provided for himself while Treasurer of the Provisional Government, had it arranged to leave Pembina for New York to-day. He is confident that the want of honesty he displayed here last winter will secure his instant appointment to a good office either in the City Council or the Fenian Circle. True to his instincts, he will travel with horses and an outfit stolen from loyal settlers here.

GOSSIP FOR THE BREAKFAST TABLE.

An enthusiastic New York Jenkins describes the men and women at Jerome Park as "Looking at nature with familiar glances, and weaving garlands in the groves of thought."

Cornell University has organized a course of Chinese instruction and has appointed to the chair Chevalier Roehing.

The Newfoundland shore fishery this season has been the best for twenty years. Some of the fishermen hove taken sixty and even seventy quintals of cod each during the summer.

A Greek Bishop in a green gown and a black head-dress! This ecclesiastic appeared in Chicago on Sunday; and attended service at the Episcopal Church, the choir singing "The Russian Hymn" in his honor.

Bismarck is a cunning dog. When the French Government sent to England to purchase arms it was found that the Prussian authorities in England had advanced large sums of money on all the stock in the gun trade offering for sale, with the special agreement that mortgages should be foreclosed if sales were made to the French. The consequence was that the French agents were only able to pick up chance lots not covered by a bill of sale. France now offers to buy a number of rifles in America at 250 francs each, delivered in French ports.

The Vienna *Wanderer* relates a horrible scene which occurred at Corinth, in Greece, at the execution of a number of brigands. The criminals were six in number, and two of them drew daggers at the moment when they were to lay their heads under the fatal axe, and rushed upon the executioners with frantic fury. One of the latter owed his safety only to a coat of mail he wore under his shirt, while another was dangerously wounded. The rest had to defend themselves with their axes and knives against the robbers, and did this with so much fury that two of the criminals were dead and chopped to pieces before their heads fell by the fatal axe. This horrible spectacle was enacted before an immense concourse of people.

The desertion of a Commissioned Officer from Her Majesty's service is something of a rarity in these days. Yet an official notice is posted in the Halifax Police Office stating that sub Lieutenant Francis E. Wolridge, aged 23 years, 5 ft. 7 in., light brown hair, blue eyes, fair complexion deserted on October 3, from H. M. S. "Racoon" now lying in Halifax harbor. A reward of £3 sterling is offered for his apprehension.

In the work entitled "The Clans," of which Her Majesty accepted the dedication, and expressed her approval, sketching the respective histories of each, illustrating the figures painted by Maclan, there are given seventy two. The badges, arms, mottoes, and slogans, are also given in "The Scottish Gael" with the appropriate Tartans.

The Kingston *Whig*, in noticing the peculiarities of this peculiar season, speaks of a field of peas belonging to W. Baxter, of Pittsburg, being in full bloom.

Alexandre Dumas, who is staying in the neighborhood of Dieppe, is not expected to recover from the illness with which he has been afflicted since the present troubles broke out in France.

Mr. John Edmunds Reade, one of the minor poets, has just died, at the age of seventy. His first volume—"Cain, the Wanderer"—was praised by Coleridge and Goethe.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins' (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

OTTAWA MARKETS

OTTAWA, Oct. 21, 1870.

This morning's market was a very fair one, produce of all kinds being generally well represented. Pork, which has been brought on in pretty large quantities during the week, is coming down in price. It sells now as low as $7.50 per 100 pounds. Below is a correct list of prices:

FLOUR—Extra	[illegible]
Strong Bakers	[illegible]
No. 1	[illegible]
No. 2	[illegible]
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	[illegible]
" Spring	[illegible]
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	[illegible]
Indian meal	[illegible]
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	[illegible]
Barley 48 lbs.	[illegible]
Buckwheat flour 100 lbs.	[illegible]
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	[illegible]
Spring	[illegible]
CORN—per bushel 56 lbs.	[illegible]
Pease 60 lbs.	[illegible]
Oats 34 lbs.	[illegible]
Beans 60 lbs.	[illegible]
PORK—Mess—per barrel	[illegible]
Prime Mess per do.	[illegible]
Prime	[illegible]
Pork (fresh)	[illegible]
Hams	[illegible]
Beef per 100 lbs.	[illegible]
Mutton per lb.	[illegible]
Veal	[illegible]
Calves—each	[illegible]
Geese—each	[illegible]
Turkeys each	[illegible]
Poultry, per pair	[illegible]
Ducks	[illegible]
BUTTER—Choice Table	[illegible]
No. 1 Firkin	[illegible]
No. 2	[illegible]
Eggs	[illegible]
Apples, per bri.	[illegible]
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	[illegible]
Turnips, per bushel	[illegible]
Onions	[illegible]
HAY—Per ton	[illegible]
STRAW—Per ton	[illegible]
WOOD—per cord (Cubic measure)	[illegible]
Mixed Wood	[illegible]
Tamarac	[illegible]
Soft Wood	[illegible]
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1 Insp.	[illegible]
No. 2, do. Inspected	[illegible]
No. 3, do. do.	[illegible]
Green Raw Hides	[illegible]
Green Calf Skins, per lb	[illegible]
Lamb Skins—each	[illegible]

NEW GROCERY STORE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND YORK STREETS

J. M. C. DE LES DERNIERS

HAS OPENED A

NEW GROCERY STORE

In the above named Premises, in which will be found a full supply of all articles of the trade, new, and of first class quality. Having been selected by himself, he can guarantee their excellence. As the

GOODS WERE CASH PURCHASES

They can be sold at a less figure than if bought on credit. They consist in part of

WINES,

LIQUORS,

SCOTCH ALES, and

PORTER,

TEAS,

SUGARS,

TOBACCOS,

FISH, (dried and salted),

PICKLES,

SAUCES

And a variety of other articles too numerous to mention, and such as can be found only in a

First Class Grocery Establishment.

Mr. De les Derniers, having an extensive connection, is in constant receipt of Butter, and other Farm Products, and has now on hand hundred packages of

SUPERIOR QUALITY FAMILY BUTTER

Which he offers for Sale at a very low rate.

Remember the place—Corner of Sussex and YORK streets, in Messrs. Kearns & [illegible] Old Stand.

An inspection of the Goods is respectfully desired.

J. M. C. DE les DERNIERS

Corner of Sussex and York Streets

Ottawa, 18th Oct, 1870

ANNUAL FALL

TRADE SALE

The subscribers will hold a Trade Sale on account of Messrs.

BUCHANAN, LEGGE & CO.

MONTREAL

At their Stores, on

TUESDAY, 25th OCTOBER.

When will be offered their usual assortment, consisting of

FRESH NEW CROP TEAS

WINES,

BRANDIES,

GENERAL GROCERIES, &c.

—ALSO—

NEW CROP

MALAGA and VALENCIA RAISINS

Ex "Deodar" and "Modiste."

Particulars hereafter.

Sale at NINE o'clock

JOHN LEEMING & CO.

Montreal, Oct 18, 1870

CANADA PACIFIC

RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament at next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart............ 8.10 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 10.50 p.m.
Arrive............ 4.30 p.m., 11.10 a.m., 9.00 p.m.
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.
Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.—New patterns. Artistic designs. Superior quality. Reduced prices. House furnishers are particularly requested to view them.
1881 1w MAGEE & RUSSELL.

VICTORIA CADETS.—The Victoria Cadets will shoot for the Currier Medal at the range this morning at 9.30, weather permitting.

☞ Real Laces, Lace Sets, Lace Handkerchiefs, wide Sash Ribbons, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 1 and 2 companies of the Carleton Battalion are to have their accoutrements, &c., which were destroyed at Bell's Corners by the late fire, replaced by new ones.

☞ 30 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.
At the "Golden Lion."
R. L. JAMES & Co.

☞ Flannels, Lancashire, Walsh, Antediluvian, Saxony and Canadian, in a great variety of colors and prices, from 1s. up, all excellent value, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

LATE RAIN.—The late rain has had the effect of raising the water in the river Ottawa and in the canal to a height which greatly facilitates navigation. Advantage is being taken of the high water by the owners of craft generally.

☞ Another lot of those wonderfully cheap French Merinoes, worth 3s. 9d. for 2s. 6d., and worth 2s. 6d. for 2s., in all the leading colours, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

BEASTS OF PREY are said to be pretty numerous and bold this season in some of the surrounding townships. Bears which were very annoying a couple of months back are now little seen, while wolverines and wolves are making their presence known by the destruction of sheep.

☞ Effects of the war! Great sacrifice in Silks! Garland, Mutchmor & Co. secured a parcel at the low prices. Good ordinary Black Silk at 3s. 6d., 3s. 9d., 4s. and 5s. per yard. Beautiful Lyons gros grains at 5s. 3d., 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 9d., and 10s.

FIRE WOOD.—Though seasoned hard wood is now $5.25 per cord, yet we do not think it will be so dear during the winter as some people fear. There is no doubt it will be a pretty dear article until sleighing, but so soon as farmers can bring it in on sleighs we may expect to see it down to about the old price.

LATE ARRIVALS.—Just opened one case with Lace Goods, Collars, and Cuffs, &c., &c. Also, one case Gipsy Bonnets and Hats, Evening Flowers, Feathers and many other novelties.
1881 1w MAGEE & RUSSELL.

THE RACES.—The races passed off very quietly yesterday, and, with the exception of one row caused by an irritated youngster, there was no quarrelling. "Aunt Sally" had been renovated, and was again planted for those who wished to amuse themselves, and the enterprising proprietor was treated with proper consideration.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Police Court.

FRIDAY, Oct. 21.

There was only two cases this morning, both for drunkenness. The Court was entirely deserted by the usual frequenters, who throng the place merely for the sake of seeing and hearing.

John Beale was found lying drunk in Sparks street. Two dollars and costs.

Julia Ring an old offender, was again charged with being drunk and disorderly in Rideau street. She commenced to lecture the Constable who arrested her, but was cut short by the magistrate, who sentenced her to pay a fine of five dollars or go to jail for three weeks.

Meeting of the Ottawa Immigration Aid Society.

At a meeting of this Society held last evening in their new room, in Aumond's Block, there were present among others, Sir Francis Hincks, the Hon. Mr. Dunkin and the Rev. A. S. Herring. There were about 70 immigrants in attendance.

Sir Francis Hincks, in opening the meeting, said they had a double object in view in holding the meeting that evening—the renewing of the rules and for the purpose of bidding farewell to one for whom they all had great respect and esteem, and to whom they were deeply indebted; he referred to the Rev. A. S. Herring, who was about to leave them and return home to the old country.

He had not come to the meeting with the intention of saying much upon the question of immigration. His position, as a member of the Government and President of their Society, was a little difficult, as he was always expected to say something, or give some assurances on behalf of the Government. He might, however, say that the statements of certain party papers as to the intention of the Government respecting immigration were entirely incorrect. He could assure them that the Government would do all in its power to encourage immigration. But there was a great deal to be done by the people, irrespective of the Government. Though the Government will do all that it can do in the cause, yet it cannot do all that is desired and necessary: it must have the active co-operation of the people. He thought that if Immigration Societies were established in every municipality throughout the country they would have a great effect in the encouragement of immigration.

The Hon. Mr. Dunkin then came forward, and after a few introductory remarks, said that in his position as a member of the Government he would endeavor to the utmost of his power to discharge the duties devolving upon him in connection with immigration. But it was vain to think that the Government by itself could carry on the movement. A great deal had to be done in connection with it, and it was such that no Government could do it. They heard much about the numerous agencies in Europe from the United States, and much about the success of their endeavours. But these agencies were not officially from the United States, or from any state of the Union. They were private individuals gone there for private purposes, and they succeeded in sending or encouraging great numbers of people to emigrate to the United States. The hon. gentleman referred to the Immigration Conference at present holding in Ottawa, and expressed himself sanguinely as to its result. He strongly urged the immigrants before him to endeavor, by every means, to get out their relations and friends from the old country, if their experience here had taught them that it would be better for them to do so. The hon. gentleman, in conclusion, highly complimented the Rev. Mr. Herring on the success of his labors.

The Rev. Mr. Herring then addressed the meeting. It gave him great pleasure to meet them once more. He would be going home in about a week. He had during his stay in Canada travelled over a large extent of the country, and everywhere he saw prosperity. He met with many immigrants, and, almost without exception, among those who had come out within the last two years, there were prosperity and happiness.

After some further remarks by the rev. gentleman, a vote of thanks was tendered him for his endeavors to promote immigration, and all joined in wishing him a safe voyage home.

After a vote of thanks to Sir Francis Hincks for his kindness in presiding, the meeting broke up.

The Society has now taken up permanent quarters in Mr. Aumond's block, and will henceforth carry on their work very harmoniously.

They will have penny readings on every Monday night, which will be free to immigrants.

Subscriptions Received for Fire Relief Fund.

Oct. 17, Acknowledged to date		$35,407 80
Rev. W. E. Johnson, Winchester		17 49
Proceeds Concert of four national societies, per J. M. Taylor, Esq.		110 67
Employees of Broson's, Weston & Co., Rockliffe		31 00
Rev. Alex Maclean, Strabane, collection in Canada Presbyterian Church, and from others		24 00
Offertories of St. John's and St. Mark's Churches, per Rev. C. P. Emery		11 10
Wellington Ward Collections, per Jno. Durie, Esq.:		
E. P. Remon	$ 5 00	
A. Pratt	10 00	
Stiff Brothers	5 00	
S. Christie	10 00	
A. Titus	10 00	
J. R. Esmonde	5 00	
Wm. Notman	10 00	
James Cotton	25 00	80 00
Total		$35,682 06

JAMES CUNNINGHAM, Treasurer.
Ottawa, 21st Oct., 1870.

The Cost of War.

M. Paul Leroy Beaulieu, in his "Contemporary Wars," thus states the loss of human life:—

By the Crimean war,	784,991 killed.
Italian war (1859)	45,000 "
War of Schleswig Holstein,	3,500 "
American civil war,	
Northern army,	281,000 "
Southern army,	519,000 "
War of 1866, between Prussia, Austria and Italy,	45,000 "
Distant expeditions and various wars, between Mexico, Cochin China, Morocco, St. Domingo, Paraguay, &c.,	65,000 "
Total	1,743,491

This frightful sacrifice extends over only fourteen years—say from 1852 to 1866—and, as a writer puts it, represents a number equal to the whole male population of Holland, or, we may add, more than the male population of the whole of this Dominion. Another writer states the financial losses, by the same wars, as follows:—

Crimean War, 1853-4	£340,000,000 stg.
American Civil War, 1861-5	
The North	940,000,000 "
The South	460,000,000 "
Italian War, 1859	60,000,000 "
War of Schleswig-Holstein, 1864	7,000,000 "
War of 1866, between Prussia, Austria, and Italy	66,000,000 "
Distant expeditions to Mexico, Cochin China, &c.	40,000,000 "
Total	£1,913,000,000 "

Even these are only the immediate and positive expenses of the wars; and some of the struggles are not yet ended. Complete returns cannot be obtained respecting the expenses of Spain in the expedition to Cochin China, nor those of Peru, Chili, and St. Domingo. We are not in possession of the costs of recent conflicts between the Republics of South America and Spain, or of the still continuing war between Brazil, La Platta, and Paraguay—a persistent and furiously devastating struggle. Nor have we full returns from Mexico as to the war for independence against France. And yet, irrespective of all those unfurnished expenses, we have accounted for the frightful amount of nearly 48,000 million francs (or 1,913,000,000), which, if employed in works of peace, would have entirely transformed the social and financial condition of civilized nations. But the evil genius of War has devoured the whole of it in fourteen years, in order to sweep from the face of the earth nearly 1,800,000 men!

FASHION NOTES.

Black cashmere polonaises heavily trimmed with silk are much worn.

Jet ornaments will be much worn on round hats and bonnets this autumn.

Aluminum deaths' heads, with movable diamond eyes, are the last "sweet things" in scarf pins.

Sets of jewelery made of satin stretched over moulds and painted with quaint designs are being introduced.

A new style of card for the list of dances at balls and parties is white, made in the shape of a fan, with a pencil for a handle.

Gold clasps with a monogram in black enamel are made to fasten those black velvet bands with which ladies are so fond of setting off the whiteness of their arms.

WRITING LESSONS, &c., FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

Respectable young women, employed in stores or otherwise, during the day, whose evenings are at their own disposal, and who desire to improve themselves educationally, more especially in Writing, Reading, and Spelling, will effect their object, on terms quite within their means, on application to
MRS. CHARLES POPE,
Corner of Bank and Albert sts
Ottawa, Oct. 20, 1870.

TAILORS WANTED.

Wanted immediately, two or three good hands, to whom the highest wages will be paid in cash, every Saturday, by the Subscriber.
J. METCALFE,
Centre Town.
Ottawa, Oct 19, 1870 1492tf

AUTUMN. 1870.

"THE GOLDEN LION,"

SPARKS STREET,

Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in

HATS,
BONNETS,
FEATHERS,
Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c.

Fashionable Velveteen Hats.
From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets,
$1.50 upwards

New Paris Jackets,
In Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Underclothing,
A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods,
A complete Stock.

☞ R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO
47 SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the Very Latest Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins to hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties, &c.,
in endless Variety.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Oct 11, 1870.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE.
OTTAWA, 10th Oct., 1870

The Commissioners for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, hereby give public notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the construction of an Engine House, Locomotive Repair Shop, and other buildings, at Moncton, New Brunswick.

Plans and Specifications may be seen on and after 1st NOVEMBER next, at the Railway Office, St. John, and at the office of the Chief Engineer, at Ottawa; and Tenders on a printed form; which will be supplied, marked on envelope "Tender for Buildings," and addressed to the Commissioners, will be received at their Office in Ottawa, up to six o'clock, p.m., on 21st November, 1870.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.
1487 3

THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

This Bank has opened an office in Metcalfe Street, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Company's office, and is prepared to grant usual banking facilities.
THOMAS KIRBY,
Manager.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468 1m

MONEY TO LEND

Apply to
R S CASSELS,
Wellington street.
Ottawa, Oct 20, 1870 1490 4

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

☞ FALL AND WINTER STOCK, ☜

And are shewing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES
HOUSE FURNISHING
Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

☞ OUR STOCK ☜
—OF—
BLANKETS
SHEETINGS,
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.
PATTERSON & BRYSON.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT
35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Box and Parlor Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen s Supplies, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL
AND
BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over the Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5 35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West. and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.35 a. m. and 4.40 p. m.

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from
TORONTO TO OTTAWA.
H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Ottawa, September 12 1870 1460tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Lake Harbor work," and will be received at this Office until Thursday, the 23rd day of November next, for improvements to the following mentioned places:

At CHANTRY ISLAND, Lake Huron, the construction of a Breakwater and Beacon of Crib Work.

At GODERICH, Lake Huron, the Dredging and Pier-work necessary to form a new entrance channel to the Harbor, and the enlargement of the Inner Basin

At ROND EAU, Lake Erie, the enlargement of the channel, deepening a portion of the Basin, and the construction of Entrance Pier, &c.

Plans and specifications of the respective works can be seen at this Office, or at the Custom House, Goderich on and after Monday, the 7th day of November next, where printed forms of Tender can also be obtained.

Tenders may be sent in for the work at one, or all of the places; but they must in all cases be made out in strict accordance with the printed forms

The signatures of two solvent reliable persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order
F BRAUN.
Secretary,
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, October 5, 1870 1484 j

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at its next Session, for an Act to authorize the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.
WM P LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa,
October 12th, 1870 1492 task-3m

LOST,

Lost by one of the Carriers of the Daily TIMES, on SATURDAY, 15th inst., near the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway Station, a PASS BOOK, with the names of the subscribers, of no use to any person but the owner. The finder will be kind enough to return it to the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, October 15.

ADDITIONAL STOCK

RE-ORDERED

—BY—

ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH,

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Are now receiving large lots of new GOODS, re ordered by Cable and Mail from BRITAIN, to fill up lines sold out in September.

Their Stock will be again very complete in all the Departments this week.

They invite special attention to their Stock of

BLACK and COLOURED SILKS,
Fancy DRESS GOODS, in all the Fashionable Materials,
RIBBONS,
LACES,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,
SHAWLS,
MILLINERY
and MANTLES,
PRINTS,
COTTONS,
SHEETINGS,
BLANKETS and
FLANNELS,

All purchased in the best Markets, under every possible advantage.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.
Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-t1N.
Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,
MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

BAZAAR.

The Annual Bazaar, in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, will be held on Monday the 24th day of October instant.

Donations in aid of the fancy and refreshment tables, will be thankfully received by the following Ladies:—

Fancy Table, Cathedral Parish, Mrs Higgins Mrs Goodwin and Mrs Bermingham.

Do do St Joseph's Parish, Mrs Brophy, Mrs. Kehe Mrs Plunket, Mrs Whelan, Miss McDonell, Miss O'Connor, Miss McCarthy.

Do do St. Patrick's Parish, Mrs O'Connor, Mrs A Hearn, Mrs Nagle and Mrs Mullin.

REFRESHMENT TABLE.—Mrs George Murphy. Mrs Rhodes and Mrs Enright.
Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870 1484240

GREAT BOOK SALE.

Catalogues are now issued for the great Book Sale at Montreal, of the Estate of Richard Worthington, by order of T. S. Brown, Official Assignee. There are over six thousand lots, comprising Books in every Department of Literature, from Juveniles up to Standard Works and various branches of Science, in quantities that should command the particular attention of all Booksellers Schools and Public Institutions.

Sale to commence on Tuesday, 25th October, and will be continued till all are sold.
Montreal, Oct 17, 1870

FOR CHEAP

JOB PRINTING

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE

22 Sparks Street,

Ottawa

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hope by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot),
Cattles Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh round and sweet
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS
The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general
Groceries,
Wines,
and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for A few trials will prove their superiority common goods.
A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 25, Rideau Street
4th June, 1870.

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

—OF THE—

☞ PROVINCE OF ONTARIO ☜

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the company.
W R WORSLEY,
Sec. C C R Co
Ottawa, Oct 15, 1870 1488f

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and from the vendor from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches on which they can make larger profits; but most enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.
ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street
1397 3

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY, TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

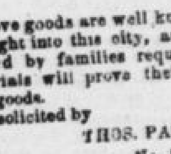
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

PRESTON & ROWSELL

Ottawa, July 25, 1870.

THE OTTAWA TURF CLUB



RACES,

Will take place (weather permitting) on

THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 20th and 21st OCTOBER,

—AT—

MUTCHMOR'S DRIVING PARK,

BANK STREET.

$650 in Purses will be Offered.

Entries close at 9 o'clock on WEDNESDAY Evening at the Russell House.
Pools will be sold immediately afterwards by Mr A O F COLEMAN, at WELDON CHAMBERS'S British Lion Hotel
EDWARD C. BARBER,
Secretary & Treasurer
Ottawa, Oct 19, 1870 1491

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

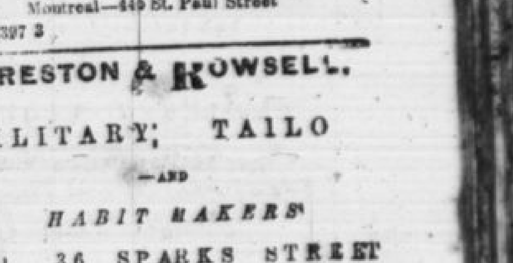
ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

JAMES PEACOCK,



33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

TO RENT.

A Dwelling House, containing 10 Rooms, corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets, lately occupied by W B Lindsay, Esq.
... immediately.
Apply to
THOS McKAY,
Flour Store,
Sussex street.
Ottawa, Oct 18, 1870 1419 6

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL
ASSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.
INVESTED IN CANADA.................$300,000
Canada Head Office—Montreal.
A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.
In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—
Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1 1s: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.
Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."
Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d. the amount of premiums paid.
These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.
For surrender of Policies for the term of life effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.
Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.
Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.
OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c.
1407 3m Agent

DOMINION
TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,
34 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO, ONT.
ESTABLISHED IN 1868,
For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the
TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES
Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is becoming one of the
Permanent Institutions of the Country
And has turned out
OVER 100 OPERATORS,
Who now fill important positions with
GOOD SALARIES.
LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.
For full particulars and terms address
T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.
Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa;
2931f P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.
CHANGE OF TIME.
On and after the
FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,
THE
STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"
Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) 7 a. m., for the Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer
"JASON GOULD"
Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.
The steamer
"SIR JOHN YOUNG"
Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.
R S CASSELS,
President
Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144 tf

MCDUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.
OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.
DIRECTORS:
A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTS A THOMSON, T H DUNN.
DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TIMBER MARKS.
NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap. 36,) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY OF FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.
Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.
T. G. COURSOLLES,
Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks
Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

TO LET.
From the 15th November to the 1st May next, the house at present occupied by Dr Henry, corner of Kent and Wellington streets. Apply after p.m. 1486 6

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.
The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of
Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Med
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles.
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.
Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.
Physicians and country merchants supplied.
The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 3 y

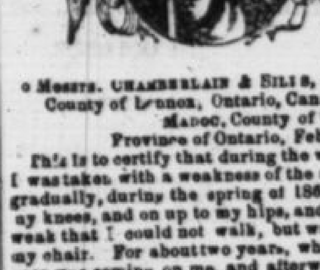
For sale by DRUGGISTS — TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL — AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S
QUININE
WINE BITTERS,
Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.
GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.
Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.
GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.
J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!
Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER
Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.
We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.
STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great
SHOSHONEES REMEDY.
Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernestown, Ont, of consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hevey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but was now recovered the use of his limbs
Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores
Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:
Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869
This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.
MARY ANN DOUGHTY
Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.
A F WOOD, J P, &c.
I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.
A F WOOD, J P.
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,
For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a
HAIR DRESSING,
nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.
MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH
Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.
MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

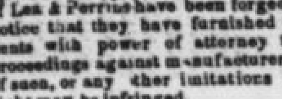
GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.
See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.
Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.
All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awSm 1awk6m

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
Declared by Connoisseurs
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.
CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to
ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 1aw

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY
A GENERAL MEETING
OF THE
SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,
Will be held at the
ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL
ON
Wednesday, the 12th day of October next,
AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.
W R WORSLEY
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1462d

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

GOVERNMENT HOUSE:
OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs."
His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.
Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant
The tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.
The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.
The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order
F BRAUN.
Secretary.
Department of Public Works
Ottawa, October 1, 1870 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:
Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool)
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

GREAT
CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.
NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE
Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	860	miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	756	do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730	do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	130	do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER
—IN—
TEAS AND WINES,
6 HOSPITAL STREET,
MONTREAL.
Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.
Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of
F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.
Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,
PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.
A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.
N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.
For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.
None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor,
1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants

J. BERMINGHAM,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.
The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.
He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.
SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES,
In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.
Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.
Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.
Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.
Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required
The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.
Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.
Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases
W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.
A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.
Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.
Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.
N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.
THE
Canadian Parliamentary Calendar
AND
Directory for 1870.
To be obtained
OPE & CO., and
1306tf JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.
Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.
Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.
Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,
Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.
Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call, Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1128-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23. 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.
HELLMUTH COLLEGE.
Board and Tuition per annum, $226.
HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE
Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $226 per annum.
PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron
For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 8, 1870. 1 -1

LOST
From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.
August 1443t

ALKABASAR
ARRIVED, AT LAST!
This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—
That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court
It prevents acidity of the Stomach.
It relieves lowness of spirits.
It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.
It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.
It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.
It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.
It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.
It renders the intellect bright and clear.
If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.
By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.
It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.
Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the
ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.
Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.
For directions for use see labels on bottles
HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No: 101.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St: John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.
PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,
Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old
IRON OR TIN ROOFS,
No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for
SHINGLE ROOFS,
Making them
FIRE AND WATER PROOF,
Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.
Price $5 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).
SHEATHING FELT
For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it.
No FRAME DWELLING should be without
Send for circular, instructions, &c.
BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street,
Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

TO FARMERS
Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven	Cook Stoves.
Low Oven	Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.	Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.	Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.	Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.	Elbows.
Zinc.	

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the
"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
35 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

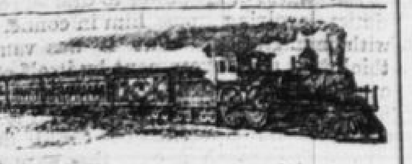
THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

NOTICE.
I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.
CHAS. GOULDEN.
Ottawa, August 3m

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.
Going South Ottawa to Prescott.
MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c
MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,
EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.
Going North Prescott to Ottawa.
MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m. connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 7.30 p m and Montreal at 9 p m. and arriving in Ottawa at 9 30 a m.
MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m. connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3.45 p m.
EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m.
All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.
R. LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent Managing Director
Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.
BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.
TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869
MAIN LINE
LEAVE BROCKVILLE.
4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.
LEAVE SANDPOINT.
6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.36 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.
PERTH BRANCH.
LEAVE PERTH.
5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55
LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.
All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.
No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.
No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.
H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.
Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.
On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:
Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.
Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.
VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN
INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.
RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown.......$100 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown.......35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown.......$100 00
Halifax.......20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown.......30 00
Halifax.......15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......30 00
Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

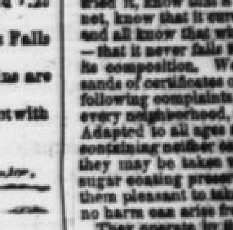
FOR SALE:
MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA
WHITE BEANS,
At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ma 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK
—OF—
FEET WARE
AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE
YORK STREET.
I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.
GEORGE MURPHY,

PRIVATE BILLS.
Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.
All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.
CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td 1awk

Sarsaparilla,

they were painfully afflicting, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.
Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. ... visible forms of Scrofulous disease ... *Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy,* ... and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.
Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhoea* or *Whites*, *Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. ... *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills
For all the purposes of a Family Medicine.

... tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. ... Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, ... sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.
They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.
Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—
For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite*, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.
For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice* or *Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers*, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.
For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhoea*, but one mild dose is generally required.
For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back* and *Loins*, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.
For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.
For *Suppression* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.
As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.
An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.
President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.
Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.
Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonald, Esq., McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq., Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq., J S Crocker, Esq.
Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Agents for Ottawa—Messrs ... NOCK.
The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its liabilities are shewn to be profitable.
The test of the value of Insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and the promptness of its settlements is the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.
Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly it occurs.
It has no adjusted losses ...
It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.
ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.
1398tf

FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis
DATURA TATULA
Affords Immediate Relief.
"A remedy of great usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*
"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*
"The smoke causes no nausea. What the kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander, Hon. B. Stuart.*
In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, 3s, 8s and 15s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL and fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity superior to Pepsine.
Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, &c.
and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles ...
N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. ...

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with
ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD,
Apply at
MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.
Ottawa, July 5, 1870.

WANTED
By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870.

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office 35, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, James ... Managing Director.

VOL. V.
Legal.
Medical.
Hotels and ...

The Times

OTTAWA, MONDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1870.

VOL. V. NO. 1495. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

...CLEMOW, Barristers and ... Solicitors in Chancery, ... Public, &c. &c. for the Pro... Quebec. ... Book Store, Sparks street.

F C CLEMOW.

...of the late firm of Lewis, ... has removed his Chancery ... Chambers, opposite Russel

...Barrister, Attor... Solicitor-in-Chancery, Convey... Public, Corner of Sussex and ... 358y

...Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor... Conveyancer, &c., Sussex... Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

...Attorney-at-Law, Soli... Conveyancer, Notary ... Office—Im... Elgin-st. 43utf

...Barristers, Attorneys, ... Office—In the ...

JOHN J. GEMMELL.

...BARTNELL, Barrister ... and Notary Public, Clerk ... for the United ... Office—In the ... 34 6m

...Barristers and ... Solicitors in Chancery, ... Provinces of Ontario ... Elgin street, ...

REES EDWARD KIMBER.

...SPARKS, Barrister and Attor... Solicitor-in-Chancery, Convey... Buildings, Elgin-st., ... Ottawa. 489y

..., Architect. Office—... Rideau-st., Ottawa. ...

...& TAILLON, Barristers, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, ... Ottawa. 366f GEORGE TAILLON

...Notary Public for the Pro... of Quebec, Hull, near the Pos... 396tf

Medical.

...HENDERSON, [McGill Uni... Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, ... recently occupied by Dr. Mal... Ottawa. 1388y

...LLARD, Physician, Surgeon, ... Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug ... of Sapper's Bridge. Office ... given to the treatment ... EYE and EAR. At night can ... Murray street.

..., Physician, Surgeon and ... Block, Sparks...

...MARTIN, Dentist. Office— ... Ottawa. 34utf

Hotels and Saloons.

...HOUSE, ...-STREET, ... NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851. ...and transient boarders accommoda... attention paid to their comfort. JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

...HOUSE, ...James and King-sts., ... Post Office and Public Offices, ST. ... Proprietor, (late of ...'s Dining Saloon.) ... sample room for commercial 859y

...HUTCHISON, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, Sparks Street. ...THE "TIMES" OFFICE.

...is fully prepared to supply ... insert single Teeth ... gold, silver or vulcanite ... closely and easily to ... capable of all the uses to ... are applied, without the ... wearers, without even a con... presence of a substance origin... A. DUFF.

... to the removal of painful ... the operation of extracting ... teeth, has introduced into ... use of the Nitrous Oxide of ... the sufferer inhales without ... and loses his tooth as it ... dream.

... any day, except Sunday, ... 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

... September 2, 1870

...ICK FOX. ...ERAL COMMISSION AGENT, ... Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

... patronage of the Lumber Merchan... Ottawa. From his long experi... his services in engaging ... their rafts while passing ... of his ability.

REFERENCES. Walter Smith, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

...DWARD, Organist, Christ ... Teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing ... street. Mr. Doward was ... Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr ... Cathedral, England. 1396y

...Cherry Pectoral, ... of the Throat and Lungs, ... Coughs, Colds, Whooping ... Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

... before in the whole history of ... anything won so widely and so deeply ... of mankind, as this excellent ... complaints. Through a long ... and among most of the races of ... higher and higher in their estima... better known. Its uniform ... and power to cure the various affections ... and throat, have made it known as a re... against them. While adapted to ... forms of disease and to young children, it is ... the most effectual remedy that can ... for incipient consumption, and the dan... of the throat and lungs. As a pro... sudden attacks of Croup, it should ... in every family, and indeed as all ... subject to colds and coughs, all ... provided with this antidote for them. ... Consumption is thought in... great numbers of cases where the dis... settled, have been completely cured, ... restored to sound health by the ... Pectoral. So complete is its mastery ... disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that ... of them yield to it. When noth... reach them, under the Cherry Pec... subside and disappear. ... and Public Speakers find great pro... ... is always relieved and often wholly ... is generally cured by taking the ... Pectoral in small and frequent doses. ... are its virtues known that we need ... certificates of them here, or do more ... the public that its qualities are fully ...

...er's Ague Cure,

... and Ague, Intermittent Fever, ... Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb ... Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., ... all the affections which arise ... malarious, marsh, or miasmatic ...

... implies, it does Cure, and does not ... neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, ... other mineral or poisonous substance ... it in nowise injures any patient. The ... importance of its cures in the ague dis... literally beyond account, and we believe ... in the history of Ague medicine. ... gratified by the acknowledgments we ... radical cures effected in obstinate ... other remedies had wholly failed. ... persons, either resident in, or ... miasmatic localities, will be pro... the AGUE CURE daily. ... Complaints, arising from torpidity ... an excellent remedy, stimulating ... healthy activity. ... Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is ... remedy, producing many truly re... where other medicines had failed. ... by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical ... Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold ... the world.

... PER BOTTLE.

...GENTLEMAN ... with ... WITHOUT BOARD ... R. ROWSELL'S, ... the Union Hotel, Centre ...

... situation as ...MAKER, in a private ... required. Apply at ... 1434-tf

...ted and published ... PRINTING AND PUB... the Office 38, Sparks ... Ottawa, JAMES COTTON, ...ctor.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*)

offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Fancy Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABRADOR HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS— COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES— Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age. HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices. Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time for bargains. 1168

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

O'MEARA & CO

A. DUFF.

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR, *Wellington street,*

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render the Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES.

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantal, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

the Village of Kenmore,

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE, Assignee, 401 Notre Dame St.

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3an271

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa.

Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w37tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Connor and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

BOARD.

A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.

Ottawa, September 19 1870 66tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"*QUEEN VICTORIA,*"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

Hardware.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24, Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottawa 24th June, 1870,

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola" a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deal Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

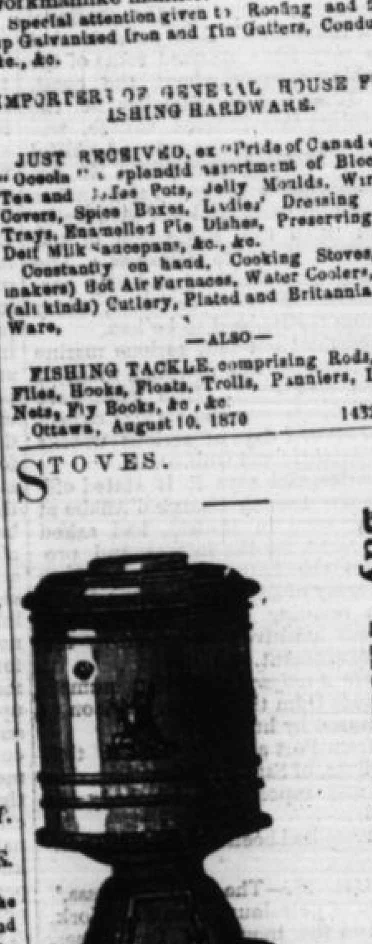
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c, &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

STOVES.



Buy Them and Save 20 Per Cent,

AT ESMONDE BROS.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.t

EAU DE VIE BLANC,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavoring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, 1 Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 4 03 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 7:30 a m
Trains for Lachine at ....6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.
The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at.................. 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at .... 3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at......... ......10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N. S., respectively at 4 p m. They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

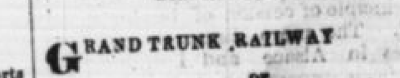
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at..... 9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do..... 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations..... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations..... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at..... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at..... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at..... 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at..... 6 00 a m
Do do do do ..... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at..... 1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

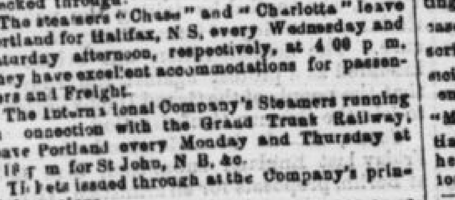
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1425tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director. 1427tf

June 3, 1870.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
11.15		8.00	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		4.00
6.00			Montreal, by Steamer	9.45		4.00
11.15			Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		7.30
7.30		8.00	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.45		4.00
11.15		8.00	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.			6.30
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	8.00		6.30
5.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	8.00	11.00	
		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	9.45		4.00
5.00	11.00	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	9.45		
7.30	11.15		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		
11.15			North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00		1.00
7.30			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway			1.00
8.00		4.30	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway			
8.00			For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway			5.00
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesday and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays			
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 12th Oct, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING, GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

Inside Strasbourg.

A correspondent who was inside Strasbourg at the time of its surrender, says; On the 26th of September, with the first streak of morning, the German dogs of war began to

OPEN FIRE

on us again. They had never *begun* so early before. It was evident that acting under instructions from headquarters, the besiegers had resolved to make an end of our resistance that day. We could see them flitting about in their batteries in far greater numbers and with more of excitement in their gestures than was their wont. Speech and hearing were impossible even to men placed close to one another, and the whole bloody business both on our side and on theirs, seemed to have resolved itself into a kind of diabolical dumb show. Men made certain automaton movements. A gun was withdrawn and then thrust forth again, and then came darting forth the tongue of fire and the crashing shot. Our fire was as nothing; we had but few guns uninjured, and of those few some could not be worked for the very sufficient reason that all their gunners had been killed, and others because their wooden "ways" had sunk at all sorts of impracticable angles into the ploughed and soddened earth. Our earthworks were mere shapeless heaps

REDDENED WITH BLOOD.

Sometimes a stray shot was fired by artillerymen, who ran neck or nothing to their work with heads ducked instinctively—like children running for wagers in the rain. From time to time, indeed, there came from us a something that sounded like the promise of a worthy reply. A few frenzied men would get together, and half of them *sobbing* the while with rage and hate, would pour in a "passionate" fire at some point of a German battery that for a time carried everything before it, and converted besiegers into besieged But the fire soon drooped, and then became utterly silent, and the Germans worked their unresisted will again.

The morning of the 26th found the streets nearly full of people. Here, for a brief moment, was afforded a sign of that courage of despair, of the existence of which I have just doubted. The cellars, which received a rabble the night before, had now disgorged an army. High rose the human murmurs amid the deep continuous growling of the distant cannon pointed against the staunch citadel, our last hope of defence. "We are being sacrificed to military pride." "We are to perish for political considerations." "Mon Dieu! what does France want of us?"

THE BONES AS WELL AS THE FLESH.

"As for me I can endure it no longer. Give me my pistol. I shall first go and send my wife and children to a place of safety, and then follow them myself." But in the midst of all these purposeless grumblings one voice is heard with a practical proposition, "Let us go to the governor."

The crowd dashed out of the Place d'Armes, where this colloquy was held, to the headquarters of General Ulrich, but in the meantime another assemblage, which had formed quite spontaneously and without any sort of communication with the one I have just described, was marching with colors flying and drums beating, round and round the Place de la Cathedrale. They were beating up recruits to the cry of "Immediate surrender," and the "color" they were flying was

THE WHITE FLAG.

The two deputations met and joined in the Place de la Cathedrale. Half of the men in the town, and certainly three-fourths of the women, were in their ranks They sent in two of their number to Ulrich. He refused to see so much as this moderate delegation, to say nothing of the huge bulk of their constituents. He would fight to the last. The tumult became deafening on the announcement of this declaration. The grand square, the entire space in front of the house in which the General happened to be, was filled with the angry crowd. They refused to stir. The feeble attempt of the dispirited soldiers to disperse them were not calculated to alter their determination. They sang, the harangued one another, they laughed, they wept, they alternately embraced and shook their fists at the troops who had defended them so well.

Such was the state of things during the whole of that afternoon of the 27th. Every one was rife for decisive action of some sort, yet no one seemed to know what to do. There was no leader. The disaffection, as I have shown, had this peculiarity, that it was spontaneously generated in the breast of every man and every women who had borne the horrors of this most cruel siege.

At length the Germans themselves gave the signal for which we had been so long waiting. A shell, more loosely aimed than the rest, which were fairly enough directed on the batteries of the citadel, burst amid a mass of broken masonry a stone's throw from the Cathedral square. A shudder and a cry ran through the crowd, and then from the centre of it there came a great shout, as a little man borne aloft on the shoulders of his companions towards the cathedral door, was seen waving a sheet or tablecloth at the end of a pole in readiness within his house, had at length done what the others could not do; he had

MADE UP HIS MIND.

An aide de camp of General Ulrich saw the movement towards the cathedral door, and, whether by the General's orders or not I cannot say he forced his way into the crowd, and at the imminent danger of his life wrenched the flag from the little citizen's hands. There was a loud, angry roar, but he silenced the crowd in a moment: "Since the flag is to be hoisted after all, let a soldier do it. I will do it myself."

Five minutes afterwards, or at about 4:53 on the afternoon of Tuesday, the 27th of September, the flag of surrender waved from the Strasbourg cathedral tower. The Germans must have been long and anxiously on the lookout for it. The firing almost immediately ceased. A solemn and almost

HOLY CALM

fell upon the troubled crowd as a messenger from the General rode forth to meet the German officer within the lines. Men shook hands amid the ruins of their homes as if some great stroke of fortune had just befallen them. The beer glasses were brought out of the cellars. For the first time during four weeks the little children were seen in the streets.

A band of juvenile thieves were recently discovered at Nashua, N. H. They were regularly organized, had $100 in the treasury, a keg of gun-powder, a number of revolvers, and a dark lantern.

A force of car repairers to accompany the New York lightning express trains on the Lake Shore Railroad, and watch the wheels and engine machinery, has lately been put on the route between Chicago and Toledo.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* says that McClung's defeat in the fourth district is attributable to his tariff talk. To which the Dayton *Journal* replies that "the fact of the matter is that Mr. McClung is a Free Trader."

At Baxter, Kansas, a merchant and clerk were stopping together, unpacking some goods, when a double-barrelled gun shook down from the wall, and, both barrels discharging, they were both shot in the head and instantly killed.

AMERICAN.

At Detroit, on Monday, an inebriated huckster lighted his pipe with a dollar bill.

United States detectives have gone to Texas looking for $5,000,000 of Confederate State money.

At Mobile there have been twenty deaths from yellow fever since the last report.

R. B. Gilliam, member elect of Congress, from the Raleigh district, died at Oxford, North Carolina, on Monday night.

The Springfield *Republican* says the Massachusetts Prohibitionists give the political campaign there all its liviliness.

The Dayton Board of Trade held its first meeting on Friday evening. It is composed of some three hundred members.

"It is a curious fact," says some entomologist, "that it is only the female mosquito that torments us."

Jersey City has an association of coachdrivers. They have elected a board of officers for the ensuing year.

Why are there more marriages in winter than in summer? Because then men seek comforters, and ladies seek—muffs!

The 800,000 silk worms in the cocoonery at Salt Lake City consume thirty bushels of mulberry leaves per day.

Commodore Vanderbilt, who until recently had not entered a church for over forty years, has several times attended worship in the temple given by him to Rev. Mr. Deems.

The new and heavy (both in texture and price) gros-grain silks are called "Rainbow" probably because the paying papas view them through tears.

The Ladies' Missionary Association of Hartford, Conn., have a mission in Mexico, which numbers eight churches and three hundred Mexican converts.

During an examination, a medical student being asked the question, "When does mortification set in?" replied, "When you pop the question and are answered "No."

In the vault under a Trenton church a petrified cat is reported to have been discovered, belonging, probably, to the species of requies-cat often engraved in stone, in such situations.

A Wisconsin man, going to Milwaukee on business, was intrusted with a commission to purchase musical instruments for a Sunday school. He brought back six fifes and a bass drum.

The Wounds Caused by the Chassepot, Mitrailleuses and Needle-gun.

A Prussian correspondent writes thus: "As regards the general character of the wounds, it may be said that those inflicted by the French balls are vastly more dangerous than those of our own. The ball of the needle-gun, being long and conical-shaped, tends to separate the tissues, and the wound in consequence shows a better tendency to heal. The Chassepot bullets, being round-shaped, tear the tissues, and, driven by a great mass of powder, they break and crack the bones in their path. The same is the effect of the mitrailleuse, and an enormous amount of serious wounds, is caused by the French tactics of greeting the enemy with a hailstorm of lead. The spots of ground from which the French fired are at once known by their being covered with cartridges. Our army was composed of Hessian, Saxon, and Prussian regiments, lost on August 18, twenty thousand men in killed and wounded, and the French are said to have lost ten thousand men, so that this murderous battle involved a loss of thirty thousand men. The scene on the battle-field on the following day was most terrible; heaps of dead covering the ground. The corps charged with performing the office of grave-diggers had hard work for three days. Our disposition of medical and sanitary arrangements proved to be very good, for no wounded men remain for any length of time upon the ground without aid."

Cuttings from the Comic Journals.

From *Punch.*

Old Saw Re-set.—"Does your mother know your out?" would have more force if set thus—"Does your mother-in-law know you're out?"—A Wictim.

The Ugliest spot in Europe.—The battle plain.

Natives of Paris—So we have lived to see Louis Napoleon ex-emperor! The Partisans have been smashing his busts and pictures. They break their idol. It is not the same proceeding wont to be adopted under analogous circumstance by certain inhabitants of the West coast of Africa.

Out of Season Note.—How seldom one sees a cabman in spectacles. A milkman with moustaches seems to me an anomaly.

From *Fun.*

The "lap" of Luxury.—Champagne-cup.

Mending Matters.—A young lady correspondent sends us this:—"When nature tried her 'prentice hand' upon men, and then made the lasses, it would seem she hoped to make the best of her bungle, by 'putting a good face' on it with her second attempt." We like that young lady's cheek—the cheek nearest us.

Pax Vobiscum.—It's all very well for M. Jules Favre to say the French won't part with any part of their territory. But after all there are two sides to a bargain, and exchange is no robbery. If the King of Prussia grants their territory peace, he expects a piece of territory in return.

From *Will-o'-the-Wisp.*

A Dinner Party. — An eating house keeper.

A Painful Cry.—"Windows to mend."

More than a Match.—Two matches.

A High figure.—Nelson in Trafalgar Square.

Continental Balls of the Season.—Cannon balls.

A Sound Thrashing.—Beating time.

From *The Hornet.*

The *Edinburgh Review* says that in the instrument room of the central telegraph office all the young women employed observe a rigid silence. That's the place to go for wives.

The ostrich is celebrated for a capital digestion, but it is nothing to the digestive powers of a city man. While the ostrich may make a dinner of bolts, the city man goes to "lunch on bars.

From *Judy.*

Reflection by a passenger on a Brompton and city omnibus—"This is a world of wo."

TRUE TO HIS COLOUR.—It is rumoured that the last act of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, before leaving town was to issue an order to the Stationary office, that none but coloured waters should be supplied to Government officials, as it had transpired that the "white" ones had been used by some of the subordinates in lieu of biscuits.

CONTRABAND OF WAR.—"Alms" for the wounded.

From *Punch-and-Judy.*

Advice to people Soaked in a Shower.—"Cut and *dry.*"

A "A SELLING" RACE.—Auctioneers.

AND NO WONDER.—When a man's confined in prison, he generally at the same time is very much "put out."

A STERN NECESSITY.—As the world at large cannot "spare" Paris, Prussia must.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.

HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

In Chancery—W. M. Matheson.
Lost—A Silver Mounted Whip.
Bazar—St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum.
Sale of Household Furniture.—J. Bermingham.
Tin and Iron Ware—Esmonde Bros.

The Ottawa Times.

Office in, Sparks Street

MONDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1870.

The Governor-General arrived home on Saturday evening.

Authorized discount on American Invoices, 11 per cent.

The contract for the enlargement of the Grenville Canal has been awarded to Mr. Goodwin, of this city.

We regret to hear that the Marine Hospital at Quebec was seriously injured by the late earthquake.

The receipts of the Canada Central and Brockville & Ottawa railways last month were $23,103.

The receipts of the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway for September show a gratifying increase over the corresponding period of 1869. Last year they amounted to $9,580, this year to $13,589.

THE COLONIAL QUESTION.

Fenimore Cooper was one of the most distinguished of American novelists, but when he attempted anything in the way of a political prophecy he failed ignominiously. In 1824 he foretold in a work called the "Travelling Bachelor," that within twenty years the entire American continent would be annexed to the United States. Twenty years passed away, yet no indications appeared of Mr. Cooper's prophecy being fulfilled, and to day, in spite of threats and cajoleries, there is even less desire for annexation than ever, so far as the people of this country are concerned. On the contrary, there appears far more probability of the Dominion becoming a mighty power upon this continent, providing homes for millions yet unborn, who in coming years shall form a great nation here under the shelter of the British flag.

It is rather a singular fact that of late years whatever desire has been evinced outside of the United States for the annexation of this country to the neighbouring Republic, has been displayed almost entirely by persons of a certain political school in England and not by the Canadians. Men like Goldwin Smith and John Bright, with whom the very name of Republicanism is sufficient to cover a multitude of faults, find it difficult to understand how people can live as colonists for so many years close beside a great and prosperous Republic, without being attracted from their allegiance and constrained to cast in their lot with their Republican neighbours. The fact is, however, that while they living at a distance have seen only all that was brilliant and attractive in the career of the United States, we have been able to watch and take note of the social and moral corruptions which have gradually sprang up in American society, and have become convinced of the superiority of our own institutions and of the more complete character of the liberty which we enjoy.

It is gratifying to find that even those in England who were most disposed to set but a light value upon the colonial connection are now beginning to change their tune. The London *Times*, the organ of the monied aristocracy, which in time past not only sneered at colonial loyalty but openly advised the colonies to cut loose from the mother country and set up for themselves, in one or two of its recent articles exhibits a marked change of opinion. It declares that nothing was farther from its thoughts than to force the colonies into independence, or into annexation to a foreign state, and alludes to the fears which have been expressed by those who value England's Imperial greatness, as having arisen from "a misunderstanding" of the wishes of the Anti Colonial party. It is not necessary that we should examine too closely to discover what are the reasons which have actuated the *Times* in making this sudden change. Probably it finds that English public opinion is so strongly opposed to the contemptible policy formerly advocated by the leading journal, as to render it dangerous and impolitic any longer to adhere thereto. Possibly the present European war and the conviction that Great Britain has not a single ally in the world upon whom she could with confidence rely, may suggest the propriety of maintaining intimate and friendly relations with communities many of which are already powerful, and bid fair at no distant period of time to become great and important nations. At all events although we may not perhaps value the opinion of the *Times* as highly as some persons may do, it is gratifying to see this organ of a wealthy and influential class disposed to consider the Colonial question in a more liberal manner, and to find that even it is forced to admit that colonies may be of some value to the Mother Country after all. We have always had a full and abiding faith in the people of England, and have felt sure that whatever might be the policy of the Imperial Government in time of peace, the force of English public opinion would compel them to stand by us whenever danger threatened. By dealing fairly and loyally with her colonists, Great Britain may insure their friendship for all time to come. So far as the people of this country are concerned there is no feeling which prevails more strongly among them than the desire to maintain the existing connection with the Mother Country, and if at any time that feeling becomes weakened, it will be England and not Canada that will be to blame.

Prof. Oliver W. Holmes is said to be engaged on a new volume of essays.

The third son of the Emperor of Russia has arrived at Copenhagen from the White Sea, to be married, it is said, to Thyra, daughter of the King of Denmark.

CANADIAN DEFENCES.

The London *Free Press* takes us to task for advocating the erection of permanent fortifications in front of Montreal and at one or two other places. It states that the defensive works erected at Quebec by the Imperial authorities were not commenced or carried out under an agreement with Canada. We would like then to know what the passage we have already quoted from the letter of the Canadian delegates means, to the effect that after a lengthy discussion with the Imperial authorities relative to the question of Canadian defense "the result arrived at was that *if the people of Canada undertook the works of defence at and west of Montreal*, and agreed to expend in training their militia until the union of all the Provinces was determined, a sum not less than is now annually expended for that service, *Her Majesty's Government would complete the fortifications of Quebec, provide the whole armament for all the works*, guarantee a loan for the sum necessary to construct the works undertaken by Canada, and in the event of war undertake the defence of any portion of Canada with all the resources of the Empire." It is very evident that if this means anything it means that the military authorities of Great Britain would not undertake the defence of this country unless we fulfilled certain conditions here laid down, but that if we carried out our part of the agreement, the fortifications of Quebec would be completed and the whole armament for the works provided by the Imperial government. Farther than this, although the London *Free Press* does not believe that the country can be defended, has preached the doctrine of "independence," and stated in effect, if not in so many words, that all Canada can do is to trust to the generosity of the Americans, the leading military authorities in Great Britain are of opinion that the country can be successfully defended if the people are disposed to fight in defence of their liberties, and provided that the terms of the agreement quoted above are carried out. Furthermore, we can tell the *Free Press* that the people of Canada are not disposed to exist upon American sufferance; they know that "independence" means humiliation and eventual annexation, and when they are told by men of military judgment and experience that certain fortifications are necessary to a successful defence of their liberties and their homes, we do not believe that one Canadian in a hundred will begrudge the necessary expenditure.

We agree with our contemporary in believing that "the policy of expending large sums of money in constructing mantraps throughout the country, and calling them fortifications, has to be read by the light of recent events." Had it not been for the fortifications of Paris, King William would have been in the Tuileries to-day, and the whole French nation humiliated at the feet of their conquerors. The time gained for France by those fortifications will most probably eventually prove the means of saving her. How much more advantageous would such defences be to us in this country, where a campaign cannot last for more than six months out of the twelve. If Canada were invaded by the Americans, the great object of the campaign would be the capture of Montreal, so as at one and the same time to become possessed of our richest and most important city and sever our line of communication with our base, that is the sea. With such a prize open before them, the Americans might in the event of any misunderstanding be tempted to make a dash at Montreal if that city were undefended, but they would think twice before they committed themselves to a seige of six months with a very doubtful prospect of success at the end of that time. We believe that in the interest of peace these fortifications ought to be erected.

Improvements of the Approaches to the Canada Central Railway Station.

To the Editor of THE TIMES

SIR,—The accomplishment of the Central Canada Railway directs public attention to the immediate improvement of the approaches to the Station on LeBreton's Flats, and to and from the vast and increasing milling establishments in the neighbourhood of the Chaudiere from the Richmond Road, &c.

At the present moment there exists no less than four different routes that are more or less practicable by improvement, and one particularly of a very inexpensive character.

They are, the route by Pooley's Bridge on the most easterly, Broad street on the most westerly, and two intermediate streets, besides another proposed street through the property of Dr. VanCourtland. Of all these several routes, that over Pooley's Bridge is the only one that is at present practicable at all times and seasons. Broad street at the westerly end of the city being entirely impracticable by floating in the Spring for a month or six weeks, and at other times for a great part of the year, being a most undesirable mud-hole, but still travellable. The road however through this route possesses the great advantage of being almost on a dead level from the Richmond Road and being the most westerly, will of course be most convenient for traffic entering from and passing out to the West. Traffic from the East will still find its way by Pooley's Bridge route; therefore any contemplated improvement beyond should necessarily be done with a sole view to the accommodation of Western traffic. The inconvenience of the "spring freshet" can be entirely overcome by an inexpensive bridge of about 4 feet high and of a far less costly structure than can be adapted to any of the other routes. The intermediate street between Pooley's Bridge and Broad street are objectionable from their too close proximity to the former, and from their more expensive grading and bridging, offering no convenience at all to Western traffic and little if any to the immediate residents, not but that at some future time these as well as many other streets will all require to be opened up.

The present width of Broad street is thirty-tree feet, there is little doubt, however, that Mr. John Rochester would devote thirty-three feet on the easterly side of his remaining portion of the broken front to the city free, thus making the street 66 feet wide. Some arrangement might also be made with the Railway Company to lay off thirty three for even a less number of feet off their land for some corresponding advantage afforded them in their approach through city property to the Canal Basin. I trust I have advanced enough to impress on the Corporation the importance of at all events one additional access to and from the Railway station and the manufacturing establishments at the Chaudiere, which should be undertaken immediately on the route of Broad street; $250 from the ward appropriation would grade the approaches and bridge the mud-hole as wide as Pooley's Bridge, this would answer all present requirements and prevent future inconvenience in case of accident or needed repairs to Pooley's Bridge. One other very great advantage by this route would be the possibility of extending the street railway along Victoria Terrace, and thence making a detour through Broad street to the Suspension Bridge and returning to Wellington street by the present route, this could never be accomplished by either of the other streets in consequence of their very steep grades.

Trusting that the importance of this subject will be considered an apology for occupying so much space,

I am yours, &c.
PROGRESS

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870.

A LETTER FROM JAMES' BAY.

At this time when so much interest is felt in our newly acquired territory in the North West, we feel sure that the following letter from Moose Factory will be acceptable to our readers. It is addressed to a gentleman in this city:—

MOOSE FACTORY, Aug. 25th, 1870.

As you asked me to tell you something of the climate, the soil, and mineralogy of this country, I will do so. I have obtained a considerable amount of information upon these subjects, and would wish to dilate upon them, but my time is too short.

The climate at the sea coast is variable. At Moose the lowest temperature last winter was 48° below zero, but this was unusually cold. It seldom falls below 40°, and when it does, it is only for one or two days during the winter. We had early spring this year—the river broke up on April 21st. It is generally the first week in May. In June it was very warm—thermometer at 100°, in the shade, and till July 1st we had scarcely a drop of rain, but after that time the weather got much cooler, and we have had rain nearly every day since. The thermometer, during the day, has been between 60° and 80°.

We have swallows in large numbers; also robins, wax-wings or cherry birds (as they are called in Canada)—little delicate yellow birds, and several other species of insectiforous birds. We have no humming birds.

The air is very pure and clear. The Aurora Borealis, when the sky is clear, is of nightly occurrence, and is certainly beautiful, being tinted from a pale green to a bright pink. Scarcely a day has this summer been without one, and often two rainbows being visible at the same time.

Mirages are very frequent. Often a canoe, invisible to ordinary vision, looms up like a ship, or the trees upon an island out at sea appear as if they were growing high up in the clouds.

The soil at Moose is very fertile. It has probably been cultivated for over 100 years, and it requires very little manuring. I never saw a finer looking crop than we have at Moose this year. We expect to have 2,000 bushels of potatoes—even the new potatoes, which we have been using for some time, are very large and dry. We have also very fine peas, beans, cress and mustard, lettuce, rhubarb, cabbage, cauliflower, cucumbers, radishes, turnips, carrots, parsnips, beets, &c.

Wheat, I am told, is not a sure crop, but our clergyman has a fine crop of barley. Oats will also grow here very well.

We have a very fair show of both annual and perennial flowers, but I have never seen finer house flowers in a green-house. They seem never to stop blooming, and the flowers are in large numbers.

The only fruit we cultivate here is the currant, but I feel confident that many other kinds could be cultivated with advantage. The currants are not to be surpassed any where for size, quantity, and quality. Literally we have them in cart loads.

For the cattle we use the salt water will hay, because they prefer it to timothy or clover. Our hay is brought from a marsh, about 7 miles down the river. Our hay brigade is formed of 8 boats, each manned by 5 Indians.

One man cuts the grass, while the four other men carry it (green and wet) to the boats upon hand-barrows—two men to each barrow. A white line is painted on the side of each boat, and when it sinks down to that line the men know they have 5 tons of grass on board. We require 110 boat loads—in all 550 tons of wet grass. The boats, when loaded, sail or row up to Moose, where the grass is spread on the meadows, and when dry is made into large stacks. This is used for our horses, oxen and cows. We have no sheep, as they did not thrive formerly, but the company intends importing Highland sheep next year, and I am sure they will thrive very well. We raise fine hogs. But, let us go inland. Near the height of land (as Abitibi) from its elevation above the sea is colder, and more rainy than on the coast, but let us look at the land which lies between. About 100 miles from the coast we find a ridge of land which forms the long portage on each of the three branches of the Moose River. This ridge forms the centre of a plateau, which extends over a large surface of country, and I doubt not could be traced to Red River. The soil of this plateau or belt is very fertile. On one side it is sheltered by the chain of hills which form the height of land, while on the other it is far enough removed from the coast to be exempt from the injurious sea breezes. The climate is mild an genial, and resembles that of Central or even Western Canada. It is quite suitable for wheat growing (frequently proved by experiment at the company's posts), as well as for all plants which grow in a temperate climate.

The country is well wooded with spruce, tamarac, poplar and birch, &c. Pine, maple, and beech do not grow in any quantity on this side of the height of land. The country is also well watered.

The large rivers in this part of the country are the Rupert's, Moose, and Albany rivers, besides a number of smaller rivers. There are a number of large lakes, besides a multitude of smaller ones. These lakes and rivers abound in fish of various kinds. The Moose river is about three hundred miles long, and has numerous branches which are so spread out that they drain an extent of country, the area of which is greater than that of the British Isles.

The Albany river is over 900 miles long, nearly as great as the combined lengths of England, Ireland, and Scotland, and has not a single obstruction for 300 miles from its mouth. The water varies from 3 to 16 feet in depth: We have always less snow on this side of the height of land than you have in Canada.

The mineral wealth of the country has yet to be developed, but if it were sought after by scientific as well as practical miners, I feel assured good results would follow. Lead ore, containing a large proportion of silver, has been shipped to England from Eastmain district in former years. With a fertile soil, and a climate suitable for grain growing, is it too much to hope that this will be a great agricultural country at a day not very far distant? *A Railroad* passing through this country would have a two-fold object: firstly, to open up this vast country for agriculture, and secondly, as being the easiest and safest route to Red River. This road should pass up the shore of the Ottawa river to Temiscamingue Lake, and once so far the greatest difficulties would be over. Then pass in a straight line North West to the 50 or 51 degree of latitude, over the level plain; then follow the level valley of the Albany river due West, keeping well clear of the mountainous districts north of Lake Superior, and pass on to Red River. This route would be little, if any, longer than the one now being projected, and would possess immense advantages over it. The country is well wooded all the way, and the wood for constructing and working the road is on the spot.

In case of war with our American neighbors, it would be free from all attack, it would carry the agricultural and lumbering products of the whole country; and the building of it would not cost one-half as much as by any other route, as the country, after passing Temiscamingue Lake and the height of land, is as level as a table. In fact, little or no grading would be required, only a ditch on each side of the line.

Hudson's Bay is open for navigation *at least* four months in the year, and although floating field ice is sometimes met with, still the navigation is safer than in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, as there are seldom any fogs. Albany or Moose could be made a seaport, where goods might be sent from England, and shipped by boats inland to the line of rail.

W. B. M.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches

LONDON, 23rd.—It is reported that England will immediately offer direct intervention for an armistice, that Lord Lyons and Lord Loftus have taken steps to that effect at Tours and Berlin, and that perfect accord in the matter exists between England, Austria and Italy.

It is rumored that the Austrian Government, responding to the representations of England, urgently advocates an armistice at Tours and Versailles.

The Vienna *Free Press*, in an able leader denounces the war as intolerable, and invokes the determined intervention of the powers. It declares the moment opportune for a compromise, and England should take the initiative and conduct negotiations on behalf of a cause which has become that of the civilized world.

The *Times* contains a special telegram from Berlin, stating that Prussia has repeated her willingness to grant an armistice it the principle of cession of territory be conceded. The mere dismantling of the fortresses in Alsace and Lorraine, under European guarantee, is insufficient.

Deserters from Metz are constantly arriving at Berlin.

King Leopold has given 50,000 francs in aid of the German wounded.

General Von Dentann, commanding German troops on the Loire has issued a proclamation declaring the main condition of peace is the restoration of Alsace and Lorraine to Germany.

Heavy artillery is posted on the quays. Permits to cross the river are reluctantly granted.

The invaders are sweeping the valley of the Loire of cattle, which are sent to the forces around Paris.

The following new military divisions have been formed in France:—Division of the North, Gen. Bourbaki commanding, headquarters at Lille; Division of the West, General Fiarci commanding, headquarters at Mons; Division of the Centre, General Polkes commanding, at Bourges; Division of the East, General Cambriens commanding, headquarters at Besancon.

The Administrative Councils are to be established in the twenty-two districts into which France is sub-divided. Each council is to contain one civic functionary, who will have sole charge of moving and organizing troops.

The Channel squadron has been ordered to embark with as much provisions as can be stowed under hatches.

A meeting of Catholics to protest against the Italian annexation of Rome was held at Geneva and was presided over by Bishop Spalding.

A rumor that an agreement has been made at the Prussian headquarters with Gen. Boyer, messenger of Bazaine, under which the Marshal is to march to Paris and declare for Napolean IV.

A despatch from Bombay announces that troops are leaving Madras for China.

A rumored defensive alliance has been formed between Turkey and Greece against the encroachments of the Western Powers.

LUXEMBOURG, Oct. 23.—Prince Henry of Orange arrived here yesterday and had an enthusiastic reception. The troops paraded, and addresses were presented to the Prince, who replied by telling the people that the neutrality of Luxembourg was secure. The demonstration was evidently intended as a protest against the rumors that the people of the Grand Duchy desired to join the German Confederation.

TOURS, 23.—It is understood that on Friday last England submitted, here and at Berlin, proposals for an armistice. Great hopes are entertained of the result.

Thiers has not left for Paris yet. He awaits a safe conduct from the Prussians.

BERLIN, 23rd.—The Berlin *Cross Gazette* referred to a rumor that Thiers proposes visiting the Prussians at Versailles, and expresses its opinion that his mission will be fruitless.

LONDON, 22nd.—A despatch from Lille to day confirms the occupation of St. Quentin by the Prussians after a short cannonade.

A sortie was made from Paris last night in the direction of Versailles. The Germans, after some hard fighting, drove the French back, taking 100 prisoners and two pieces of artillery. The loss of the besiegers was small, and caused by a bomb bursting in the midst of a battalion.

The Greek merchants at Marseilles send heavy orders to the Levante for grain, deliverable in January.

LILLE, Oct. 22.—The Germans entered St. Quentin yesterday morning. They made requisitions for 2,000,000 francs. The leading citizens came here and borrowed it from the bank.

VERSAILLES, Oct. 22nd.—At noon to-day a sortie was made by the French from Fort Mont Valerian, supported by forty field guns. They were victoriously repulsed by detachments of the 9th and 10th divisions of infantry, and a regiment of Landwehr, and supported towards the close of the engagement by the 4th corps. The Prussians captured 100 prisoners and two guns. The German loss was small. The King witnessed the battle from Marley Viaduct. The people of Versailles were greatly alarmed.

LONDONDERRY, Oct. 22.—Vessels just returning from the scene of the *Cambria* disaster report that they discovered only a lot of broken spars and a few barrels of flour which formed a part of her cargo. Nothing has yet been heard of the three small boats which put out from the *Cambria* when she struck. Hope for their safety has not yet been entirely abandoned, but McGartland reports that a wind, little short of a hurricane, prevailed at the time, which it would be miraculous for such small boats to weather.

A careful examination of the coast and water for miles around the scene of the disaster by the river steamers fail to discover any traces of the missing boats from the *Cambria*.

LONDON, 22nd.—The armistic at Mezieres ended yesterday afternoon. The bridge over Meuz, near that place, will be blown up by the Prussians to day, but the bombardment will not be commenced until more troops and munitions of war can be brought up. The French force within the walls of Mezieres is computed at about 5,000 men, and are fragments of various French regiments.

LONDON, 22nd.—The telegraph lines have been deranged by the recent storms and McGartland's narrative has just got through from Londonderry, as follows:

"The voyage from New York was generally fortunate, notwithstanding unpleasant weather, until the night of Wednesday, October 16th, between 10 and 11 o clock. The *Cambria* was then under sail, and steaming rapidly. Suddenly, when all was apparently going well, she struck on Mistraline Island, ten miles west of Donegal and thirty miles west of Londonderry. The vessel instantly began to fill through large holes stove in her bottom, and the fires were soon extinguished. It became evident that the steamer was hopelessly lost, and efforts were therefore directed to save the lives of the passengers, who were massed on the decks, and the boats, crowded with passengers, were launched and shoved off the sinking steamer. McGartland entered one of these, and he saw no more of the ship or of the other boats. The weather was very heavy, and he thinks that all of the boats were swamped, and that he is the only survivor. Almost instantly upon getting into the boat it capsized, and he lost consciousness. Upon recovering, he found himself in the sea, but grasping the gunwale of the boat, which had righted. He succeeded in getting into the boat a second time, and found therein the dead body of a lady. McGartland was tossed about many hours, when he was picked up by the *Enterprise*, Captain Gillespie, who sailed about the scene of the disaster for a long time, in the hope of saving live and property. McGartland says that almost at the very time of the disaster the passengers and crew were congratulating themselves on a tempestous voyage being nearly finished, and rejoicing in the fact that in one short hour more they would land at Moville.

New York, 22nd.—The 'Telegram' has a London despatch which says that last night a despatch was received at Tours by the Provisional Government from Metz, saying that Bazaine had made a successful sortie with his entire army, that he had cut his way through the Prussian troops, and was on a rapid march to Paris.

Per contra—The 'Democrat' has a despatch saying that the London 'Daily News publishes a telegram dated outside of Metz, on Wednesday, announcing that the Prussians heard cheering and firing a salvo inside Metz, and deserters from Metz reports that a republic had been proclaimed, and that Bazaine, while endeavouring to check Republican manifestoes had been shot.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, October 22.—The total loss the S. S. *Cambria* is fully confirmed, and there is little to give hope that the passengers who had taken to the boats have escaped. The coast is a very dangerous one, and it is evident from the upsetting of the one boat from which the single survivor of the wreck was picked up, that the sea was very rough at the time of the disaster. Nevertheless those who had friends on board need not be in haste to imagine the worst. The coast is admirably guarded by expert and adventurous men, and it is not impossible that if the boats are driven ashore some of the passengers were saved. The *Cambria* was considered in sound condition, and has ever been regarded as the finest vessel on any of the ocean lines. She was but recently rebuilt thoroughly of iron, and in every way prepared for the severest contest with wind or wave.

From the meagre despatches it can be surmised that the vessel ran foul of some of the innumerable islands off the north coast of Ireland, and before she could be got off worked to pieces by the continual dashing of the waves. It is possible that the boats may have reached some of the innumerable islands about the coast. Captain Canaghan, commander of the *Cambria* during this ill-fated voyage, was one of the most experienced and skilful naval officers visiting this port. He has been in command of vessels of the Anchor Line for several years, and was thoroughly conversant with the navigation of the Trans-Atlantic route to Glasgow. The *Cambria* had one hundred and fifty passengers besides her crew on board, every one of whom is supposed to be lost.

Other less fatal but still serious marine losses are reported this morning, many of them on our own coast. Late gales were everywhere dangerous, and we may expect to hear for several days of serious wrecks along the Atlantic and Gulf coasts.

A Berlin despatch says it is stated officially that the French Charge d'Affairs at the Spanish Court, in Madrid, had asked the Government, for the interest and preservation of the Latin race, to send to Faance an army of 50,000 Spanish soldiers to assist in resisting the Prussians. This proposal was positively declined by the Spanish Government.

The *Staats Anzsiger* affirms that numerous desertions from the French garrison of Metz are caused by hunger.

Letters from Port au Prince state that President Baez, of San Domingo, has disappeared, and report says his body has been found.

W. Delmonte had been offered the Presidency.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The ship 'Odessa,' with a cargo of petroleum from New York, is stranded on the mouth of the Weser. Her crew was saved.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 21.—Capt. Henry, of the steamer "Mississippi," reports having passed from daylight to dark, eleven wrecks off the Florida coast. The coast is strewn for miles with general merchandize and debris of wrecks.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Australia has an import trade of $375,000,000 annually.

All the Paris fashion papers have suspended publication.

A national library is being built at Salvador in Central America.

Bavaria has sent to the army a battery of new mitrailleuses of Bavarian invention. It fires 350 shots per minute.

A New Hampshire man burned his woods up smoking a coon in a tree.

California has recently imported 5,000 chestnut trees from Japan.

Of the 3,000 employees in the treasury building at Washington about 1,100 are women, several of whom hold first class clerkships.

Now and then they cut off the ears of a horse thief in Oregon, and then telegraph east that the crops were never better than they are this season.

A customs seizure of 9 barrels of high-wines, consigned from Toronto to Conway, Bay of Quinte, the total value of which is over $1,000, took place at the St. Lawrence wharf, Kinston, on Friday last.

Victor Emanuel has forwarded fifty thousand crowns to Pio Nino, the amount of his civil list for the present month, and the money has been accepted.

A Western Cornelia thus maternally addresses her eldest jewel: "My daughter, you are now fifteen years of age, engaged to be married, and without a freckle on your face. I have done my duty."

The *World* announces that a French flag captured at Metz has been forwarded to King William before Paris, by Prince Frederick Charles. Will that journal be good enough to explain this ghost story? Only last week it published the obituary of Prince Frederick Charles, and now it pretends that he sends French flags to the King.

At a late barmaid show in London, there were 38 competitors. Miss Summers, who had number one bar, also came out number one in the list of prizes, and became the fortunate winner of a purse of 20 sovs. and a gold watch and chain.

THE FISHERIES.

GENERAL BUTLER ON THE SITUATION—BLOOD AND THUNDER SPEECH FROM THE HERO OF THE DUTCH CANAL—HE WANTS TO SEIZE A BRITISH GUNBOAT AND TRY IT FOR "PIRACY"!

SALEM, Mass., Oct. 19.

General Butler has been nominated again to represent the Fifth Massachusetts district in Congress. The Convention which renominated him was not only the largest ever held in the district, but its sentiment of approval of Butler was unanimous. After the proceedings the General was brought in by a committee, and when the welcoming applause had subsided he proceeded to address his friends. He spoke as follows on the Fisheries question, a subject in which his fishermen constituents are of course deeply interested:

When the revolutionary war ended the question came up, What shall be the rights of the new nation—the United States—in the fisheries which they have for some time enjoyed in common with the inhabitants of Canada? General Adams then said, and he repeated it in 1812, that he would rather continue the war than give up the right to the fisheries, and it was agreed then that we should have the right of fisheries, and we enjoyed that free right down to the war of 1812. When that war was ended no reference was made in the treaty to the fisheries, and, of course, we stuck to our rights till we were interfered with in 1818. An agreement was then made giving Great Britain jurisdiction within three miles of the land, and the reason why this distance was taken into the international law was that it was supposed to be beyond reach of all guns, and so it was that day, that land being the common and ordinary line of jurisdiction such as we claim ourselves. It was established by Great Britain in 1818 that we should not fish within three miles of the shore, bays, and gulfs of the province, but the difficulty was that they did not define where that three miles should be drawn, and long afterward a pretension was set up by the Canadian authorities that the line should run from headland to headland, enclosing the bays, which means that they undertook to shut up several harbours of refuge where we should have been more than three miles from the actual shore land. Well, before 1845 there was a seizure and confiscation of our vessels for fishing in Canadian waters. Then came the Reciprocity treaty, which gave the Canadians an advantage over our own fishermen, and in one year Great Britain imported into our country 4,000,000 of fish. Nor was the treaty of reciprocity a fair one in other respects, because Canada agreed that there should be reciprocal duties, and that there should be higher and other duties paid by us than by inhabitants of Great Britain on importations into Canada. But she afterward altered her laws, and required that duties should be calculated upon the amount of transportation, which was a very unjust proceeding. What is to be done with England? Great Britain schemed in this; she favoured the South during the war, and hoped by annoying us in Canada at the same time to close us between two belligerent powers: but she failed in her scheme in the South. It remains for us to say whether she shall not fail in her scheme in the North also. Law after law has been passed, act after act enacted by the Canadian Government to interfere with our fishermen, to deprive them of supplies, of the benefit of a refuge in storms, and within a few years vessels belonging to this district and the State of Massachusetts have been seized for no other reason than for buying provisions in a British port. (Sensation.)

Great Britain, professing to be our friend, that fitted out the *Alabama* and other cruisers and allowed them to prey upon our commerce, to-day refuses to allow a fisherman to enter her harbors, and yet she calls herself a friendly nation! I shall continue to vote against any renewal of the Reciprocity treaty. I am not for the renewing of the Reciprocity treaty. If Canada wants the advantage of our trade, of our commerce, of our lands, of our interests and our prosperity, let her become a part of us. (Applause.) We grant no marriage privilege until after the marriages rites have taken place. (Applause.) To-day we are in this difficulty as regards the prosperity of this district. These six vessels which have been seized belonging to this district and two others belonging in different parts of the State, with the necessary costs and damage, represent more than $100,000. This question, therefore, becomes a very grave one, and the administration have in some cases undertaken active measures in behalf of property seized. Immediately upon the first seizure, information came to me in a form I could not very well use. I put the subject before the House of Representatives, and a resolution was unanimously passed calling upon the Government to take most active and stringent measures to prevent the occurrence of such outrages. The Government, which could not treat with Canada, that being a subject Power, immediately called upon the British Minister for explanations. The British Minister then made known the ground of complaint to the Imperial Government at home, and the Imperial Government enquires of the matter of Canada, and the Canadian authorities send back word to the Imperial Government, and that goes to the Imperial Minister. This has to be done in every case, and it will take months and months for any case to get settled. The Canadian Government denies that any wrong has been done, and so the question of course remains open for investigation. But the chief difficulty is that in the meantime our vessels are being seized and our business is being interfered with. I have seen the President of the United States on this subject during his present visit to New England, and he has given me an assurance that everything that can possibly be done shall be done to avoid fresh difficulties and settle the existing ones. Great Britain claims she has a right to do as she has done.

THE PROBLEM SOLVED.

There seem to be but two solutions to this matter—one that we take the matter in our own hands and defend ourselves. This is very easily done, and a single shot fired in answer to the British gun calling our vessel to heave to will bring the matter to a crisis. If we should get hold of one of those British cutters and bring her into a United States port and try the men for piracy, for their actions have been nothing less, perhaps the diplomats would fly a little faster. (Applause.) There is another remedy open to us. Looking at the question of legal right these acts of the Canadian Government are annoying acts and unfriendly acts. Suppose for a moment that they are in the right, then if they are taking advantage of their legal rights only their acts are unfriendly and unneighborly. If an individual who is your neighbour and whose farm and premises adjoin the verge of your land builds a high fence, shutting out the light from your window, he may have a right to do it, and if he did it for the purpose of obscuring your light what would you do with him? You cannot sue him. What is your remedy? Why, you would consider him a very good neighbour and you would have no further intercourse with him. So with Great Britain. This is not an act of war on her part unless she chooses to make it so, and if she does, why then, so be it. Let us say to her we will have non-intercourse so long as the *Alabama* claims are unsettled. We can afford to wait, and she will be the loser. I have given you this sketch of the latter. It is a matter of very grave moment to us and of the country at large, but let me assure you that the administration is doing everything that it can to settle the matter.

FOREIGN.

Mazzini has been set at liberty by the Italian Government.

The Portuguese Cortes was opened on Oct. 15th with a speech from the King.

Mr. Connolly, second Secretary of the British Legation, has died at Shanghae.

The new Melbourne Town Hall has been inaugurated with splendid ceremony.

The amount of Government specie captured at Strasbourg is estimated at £400,000.

In the manufacturing districts of France ruin and misery are everywhere conspicuous.

The Austrian and Hungarian delegations will meet at Pesth on Monday, November 21st.

The Brazilian Government are preparing a new coinage, which will introduce nickel silver.

The Pekin authorities appear to make no sincere efforts to bring the Tien-tsin murderers to justice.

Late advices from South America show that a revolutionary crisis was impending at Montevideo.

During the past few days no fewer than 700 Frenchmen, fleeing from their country, arrived at Jersey.

The present North German constitution will probably form the basis for the reconstruction of the empire.

The opening of the National Exhibition at Cordova has now been definitively fixed for the 1st of March, 1871.

The commander of the British squadron at Civita Vecchia, obeying home orders, has saluted the Italian flag.

For some time past the Cologne *Gazette* has had two sides completely filled every day with lists of dead and wounded.

The Emperor of Austria, to give fresh guarantees for the indivisibility of Bohemia, has resolved to be crowned King of Bohemia.

Reports of June from Zanzibar show that cholera had entirely disappeared at that place, but that it was still prevalent at Mozambique.

While M. Jules Favre and Bismarck were trying to find a basis of negotiations, Von Moltke was seated in a corner reading "Little Dorrit."

An immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins' (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy. Very cheap.

HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO

DIED.

On Saturday morning, Oct. 22, Elizabeth, wife of Thos. C. Keefer, and youngest daughter of the late Hon. Thos. MacKay, aged 40.

The funeral will take place on Monday, at 2 o'clock, p.m. Friends will please accept this notice as no cards will be issued. The funeral will come out at the Railway and pass over Cummings' bridge.

On Saturday, 22nd inst., Annie Walters, wife of David McCrery Russell. The funeral will take place from her late residence, corner of Sparks and Hugh street, to-day, Monday, at 2 o'clock, p.m.

At Edinburgh, (Scotland), on the 6th inst., Felix Horetzki, Esq., aged 79 years.

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The Subscriber has received instructions from CHAS. McCARRON, Esq., to sell at his residence, Sussex street, on THURSDAY the 27th inst., at 11 o'clock, a.m., all his Household Furniture, consisting in part of Drawing Room Set, in Black Walnut, Extension Dining Table, Black Walnut Sideboard, What-Not, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Looking Glasses, Glass, China and Crockery Ware large Double Stove, Cooking Stove and utensils, Kitchen Furniture, and a number of articles not enumerated.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer,

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870. 1495td.

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON, Master at Ottawa

SCOTT & ROSS, Plaintiff's Solicitors.
Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1d-3w.

BAZAAR.

THE ANNUAL BAZAAR in aid of the ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM,

Will open this morning, and continue during the week, in the Barracks, formerly the British Hotel, corner of Sussex and George streets.

Donations in aid of the same, will be thankfully received by the Lady Managers

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495tf

COAL VASES, PERDONIANS, and SCUTTLES, of beautiful patterns, at ESMONDE'S.

THE largest and best assortment of COAL STOVES, at ESMONDE'S.

CUTLERY, WOODEN WARE, WILLOW WARE and BRUSHES, at ESMONDE'S.

LAMPS, GLOBES, CHIMNEYS, and COAL OIL, wholesale and retail, at ESMONDE'S

JAPANNED, TIN, IRON, and Enamelled ware, at ESMONDE'S.

DUMB STOVES, GALLOWS PIPES, and all improvements in STOVE PIPING, at ESMONDE'S.

MONTREAL STOVE PIPE VARNISH, the best in use, at ESMONDE'S.

FIRE IRONS, fine IRON STANDS, COAL SHOVELS, FIRE CARRIERS, &c., &c., at ESMONDE'S.

TWO good Tinsmiths wanted. Apply personally, or by letter, to ESMONDE BROS.

SUITS, PEA JACKETS, OVERCOATS,

WINTER CLOTHING

MAGEE & RUSSELL

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA,

Beg to inform the Gentlemen of Ottawa and the public generally that their Tailoring Department is now under the management of a FIRST-CLASS ARTIST, of ENGLISH, AMERICAN and CANADIAN experience. Also that, their STOCK of CLOTHS this season, is extremely large and varied, embracing all the NEW STYLES adapted for SUITS, PEA JACKETS and OVERCOATS.

M. & R. would suggest to those requiring NEW and CORRECT FITTING GARMENTS, that it would be wise to place thyir orders at once, to prevent disappointments as a great pressure of trade is anticipated when the cold weather sets in.

M. & R's facilities for doing justice to the requirements of the public is now such as to warrant them in saying that no house in the Province can manufacture superior or better fitting clothing.

For Correctness of Fit, Elegance of Style and Workmanship unsurpassed.

See Garments made to measure only, at MAGEE & RUSSELL'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

SUITS—Pea Jackets and Over Coats, made to measure only at Magee & Russell's, are unequalled for fit, style, workmanship and price.

Gentlemen who are in the habit of ordering their clothing from Montreal and Toronto, are invited to view specimen garments, at Magee & Russell's.

NEW GROCERY STORE

CORNER OF SUSSEX AND YORK STREETS.

J. M. C. DE LES DERNIERS HAS OPENED A NEW GROCERY STORE

In the above named Premises, in which will be found a full supply of all articles of the Trade, new, and of first class quality. Being selected by himself, he can guarantee their excellence. As the GOODS WERE CASH PURCHASES They can be sold at a less figure than if bought on credit. They consist in part of

WINES, LIQUORS, SCOTCH ALES, and PORTER, TEAS, SUGARS, TOBACCOS, FISH, (dried and salted), PICKLES,

And a variety of other articles too numerous to mention, and such as can be found only in a First Class Grocery Establishment.

Mr. De les Derniers, having an extensive connection, is in constant receipt of Butter, Eggs and other Farm Products, and has now on hand hundreds packages of SUPERIOR QUALITY FAMILY BUTTER, Which he offers for Sale at a very low rate.

Remember the place—Corner of SUSSEX and YORK streets, in Messrs. Kearns & Ryan's Old Stand.

An inspection of the Goods is respectfully desired.

J. M. C. DE les DERNIERS, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

Ottawa, 18th Oct, 1870

TAILORS WANTED.

Wanted immediately, two or three good hands, to whom the highest wages will be paid in cash, every Saturday, by the Subscriber.

J. METCALFE, Centre Town. 1492tf

Ottawa, Oct 19, 1870

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the wife must be capable of the management of Stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumbrance preferred.

C B WRIGHT. 1476 1mh

Hull, September 29, 1870

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

... 8.10 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 10.00 p.m.
... 4.50 p.m., 11.00 a.m., 9.00 p.m.
...these trains connect at Prescott Junction ...Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.
...Office—York street, corner of Sussex.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

☞ 50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 ... upwards. A large assortment of ... and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and ... at the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

...—The penny readings of the ... Immigrants Aid Society will take ... this evening, in the Society's rooms, ... Mr. Esmond's block.

☞ Real Laces, Lace Sets, Lace Hand... wide Sash Ribbons, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

IMPORTANT FURNITURE SALE.—We direct attention to the important sale of furniture which is advertised to take place at the residence of Mr. McCarron, on Thursday next.

☞ Another lot of those wonderfully cheap French Merinoes, worth 3s. 9d. for ..., and worth 2s. 6d. for 2s., in all the ... colours, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

... EVENING READINGS.—A meeting ... held in Gowan's Hall this evening ... o'clock, the object of which is to establish the usual winter evening readings' entertainment, under the auspices of Christ Church and the Chapel of Ease.

☞ Effects of the war! Great sacrifice ...! Garland, Mutchmor & Co. secured a parcel at the low prices. Good ordinary Black Silk at 3s. 6d., 3s. 9d., 4s. and ... per yard. Beautiful Lyons gros grains ...s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 9d., and 10s.

... AGAIN.—E. B. Eddy, Esq., ... characteristic enterprise has almost completely repaired the damage done to ... Store House by the late fire. The building is again roofed, and the repairs to the interior just about completed. Stores ... again being put in it.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges, per Hannett ..., M. D., the receipt of eight dollars, the proceeds of a juvenile performance and tableaux, by the Misses Cochrane, ... and Wilson, and Master Austin, in aid of the institution. Ottawa, 22nd Oct., 1870.

☞ Flannels, Lancashire, Walsh, Antarctic, Saxony and Canadian, in a great variety of colors and prices, from 1s. all excellent value, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

"JAM."—A jam occurred on the Sappers' Bridge on Saturday afternoon. A ... car and some waggons were going ..., and a waggon heavily laden with ..., followed by some other vehicles, was coming up. When about the centre of the bridge the waggon was unable to turn off to allow the car to pass. After a stand ... for a time and some very loud talk some of the vehicles backed out. Such occurrences as this shows the urgent need of a second bridge over the canal.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. No Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks street. 1486 2m.

HORSE TRADING.—A couple of enterprising individuals, the owners of each a wretched looking animal in the horse line, resolved to make a trade with the same on Saturday on Rideau street. Having struck a bargain they accordingly proceeded to unharness their respective steeds, but while doing so one of the latter probably not liking the appearance of things trotted off from his owner, scattering the delapidated harness along the street in the mud. He reached the corner of Sussex street before stopped.

POLICE COURT—Saturday morning.—Ed. ... Curry, drunk and breaking into a house in Bolton street, thereby outraging ... by-law. Five dollars and costs or two weeks in jail.

Walter Berry, drunk and disorderly on King street. Two dollars and costs.

John Fitzpatrick, same offence. Two dollars and costs.

The case of Thomas Pigeon, for a no ... offence than taking a portion of a ... was postponed till Wednesday next.

REPARATION.—On Saturday a farmer who could not see straight from the effects of over-indulgence in whiskey, endeavoured to drive his team of horses into a yard on Rideau street, and in so doing ran against a buggy, which he damaged considerably. A dispute immediately arose between the farmer and the owner of the buggy, which had the effect of collecting a crowd of people, who for a time obstructed the sidewalk. The old farmer, who had a ... of oats in his waggon, settled the question by agreeing to sell them and have the injured buggy repaired.

JULIA DEAN AND VILEY.—We believe "Julia Dean and "Viley" are to test their racing qualities on Mr. Mutchmor's racing course, on the first of next month. "Julia Dean" is owned by Mr. John Graham, and "Viley" by Mr. Lloyd, and these gentlemen have made arrangements to run their horses for $500 a side, the race to be a two mile dash over eight hurdles, three feet six inches in height. The riders, if we are rightly informed, will be Mr. Williams for "Julia Dean," and Mr. Alloway for "Viley." This news will be welcome to the sporting fraternity, and of course speculation is already rife as to the result. Both horses go into immediate training.

THE RIFLE.—Some weeks ago the Finance Department challenged the Post Office Department to fire a friendly match with them, five men aside. The challenge was at once accepted, and the match duly came off and resulted in a victory for the Finance, who won by *nine* points. The return match was fired the week before last, and this time the result was somewhat different. The Post Office men having improved considerably on their former score, vanquished their opponents by *fourteen* points. On Saturday last, spite of wind and rain, the contestants met once more for a final trial of skill, and the Post Office men were again victorious, this time winning by *seven* points. We hear that certain aspiring gentlemen in another of the departments intend challenging the winners, but had they not better *first* prove their superiority over the losing party? They will find *them* no mean adversaries.

The Victoria Cadet corps shot for the Currier medal on Saturday forenoon with the following score. It will be seen that the firing was not so good as is usually made by those young gentlemen, but the lack of good shooting was owing to the high wind that prevailed during the day. The highest score was made by Master H. Bate, who, therefore, is in possession of the medal until the next competition:—

	100 yds.	200 yds.	300 yds.	To'l
W. Proud	0222	002	000	10
John Grant	0233	022	000	12
C. Wood	0000	322	000	7
B. Monk	3303	022	004	17
F. Badgley	2202	200	000	8
H. Lewis	3030	200	300	11
J. Gordon	2203	002	000	9
H. Bate	4342	403	000	20
James Grant	3202	023	200	14

Bazaar.

We would remind our readers of the bazaar which is to open this evening in the George street Barracks. It is the annual bazaar in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum. It is always a very pleasant thing to attend a bazaar besides being an act of benevolence. The cold winter is now approaching, and we consider this one of the most pleasant ways of obtaining means to administer to the comforts of the orphans. There are some very nice things in store for which young gentlemen are particularly requested to turn the wheel of fortune, and there are some very handsome young ladies who will earnestly and charmingly solicit them to try their luck.

As we have stated it commences this evening and will continue during the week. Donations will be thankfully received by the lady managers.

The Ottawa Fires Relief Fund in Montreal.

At a meeting of the Committee of this Fund, held in the Ontario Bank in this city, on the 20th instant, the Treasurer, Hon. H. Starnes, submitted the following statement:

Receipts to date	$8,378 02
Less expenses (paid Collector)	25 00
	$8,353 00
Remitted to Ottawa	$8,000 00
Balance on hand	$353 00

The Treasurer was requested to remit this amount to Ottawa, and the Secretary, Mr. F. Mackenzie, was instructed to inform the Central Committee at Ottawa that the collection for the fund in this city is now closed.

The contributions of the citizens of Montreal to the fund have been as follows:—

Donations of money	$8,378 02
Contributions in kind (stoves)	105 00
Sent to Ottawa by Messrs. Hacusgen & Gnaedinger, of this city, before canvass was commenced here	100 00
Total	$8,583 02

—*Montreal Gazette.*

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Ottawa, Oct. 22, 1870.

THE MARKET—On Saturday morning the attendance on the market this morning was not very large, vegetables being the principal produce brought on.

Potatoes were pretty plentiful, and sold slowly at 40 cents.

There was little pork on the square, and as a consequence sold generally a shade higher.

Mutton was in abundance, and people seemed to be slow in buying it at 6 cents per pound.

There were a few quarters of beef for which was asked $5 to $6 per 100 pounds.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	6 25	@	6 00
No. 1	5 75	@	6 00
No. 2	5 00	@	5 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring	2 81	@	3 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	5 50	@	0 00
Indian meal	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 75	@	0 00
Buckwheat flour 100 lbs.	2 12½	@	2 25
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 20	@	1 30
Spring	1 10	@	1 20
CORN—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 75
Pease " 60 lbs	0 90	@	1 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs	1 25	@	1 40
PORK—Mess—per barrel	28 50	@	29 00
Prime Mess per do	23 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	7 50	@	8 50
Hams	0 15	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	5 00	@	6 00
Mutton per lb	0 6	@	7 00
Veil	0 50	@	7 00
Calves,—each	0 00	@	0 00
Geese—each	0 45	@	0 50
Turkeys each	0 50	@	0 70
Poultry, per pair	0 50	@	0 60
Ducks	0 00	@	0 50
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 27
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 22
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 20	@	0 00
Apples, per bri	3 00	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
Turnips per bushel	0 30	@	0 35
Onions, "	2 00	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	20 00
STRAW—Per ton	8 00	@	10 00
WOOD—per cord (Cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1 Insp.	8 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do. Inspected	8 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do. do.	7 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	7 00	@	0 00
Green Calf Skins, per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Lamb Skins—each	0 60	@	0 00

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

—OF THE—

☞ PROVINCE OF ONTARIO ☜

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W R WORSLEY,
Sec. C C R Co
1488tf

Ottawa, Oct 15, 1870

MONEY TO LEND.

Apply to R S CASSELS, Wellington street. 1490 4

Ottawa, Oct 20, 1870

AUTUMN. 1870.

"THE GOLDEN LION,"

SPARKS STREET,

Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in

HATS,
BONNETS,
FEATHERS,
Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c

Fashionable Velveteen Hats.
From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets,
$1.50 upwards

New Paris Jackets,
In Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Underclothing,
A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods,
A complete Stock.

☞ R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

ANNUAL FALL

TRADE SALE.

The subscribers will hold a Trade Sale for account of Messrs.

BUCHANAN, LECKIE & Co.

MONTREAL.

At their Stores, on

TUESDAY, 25th OCTOBER.

When will be offered their usual extensive assortment, consisting of

FRESH NEW CROP TEAS,

WINES,

BRANDIES,

RUM, GIN,

GENERAL GROCERIES, &c, &c.

—ALSO—

NEW CROP

MALAGA and VALENCIA RAISINS,

Ex "Deoder" and "Modiaka."

Particulars hereafter.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & Co.
Auctioneers
1490 6

Montreal, Oct 14, 1870

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

☞ FALL AMD WINTER STOCK, ☜

And are showing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES

HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

☞ OUR STOCK ☜

—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS,
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Box and Parlor Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen s Supplies, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47 SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins to hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Lake Harbor work," and will be received at this Office until Thursday, the 23th day of November next, for improvements to the following mentioned places:

At CHANTRY ISLAND, Lake Huron, the construction of a Breakwater and Beacon of Crib Work.

At GODERICH, Lake Huron, the Dredging and Pier-work necessary to form a new entrance channel to the Harbor, and the enlargement of the Inner Basin

At ROND EAU, Lake Erie, the enlargement of the channel, deepening a portion of the Basin, and the construction of Entrance Pier, &c.

Plans and specifications of the respective works can be seen at this Office, or at the Custom House, Goderich on and after Monday, the 7th day of November next, where printed forms of Tender can also be obtained.

Tenders may be sent in for the work at one, or all of the places; but they must in all cases be made out in strict accordance with the printed forms

The signatures of two solvent reliable persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN,
Secretary,

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa October 5, 1870
1484 1

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to authorise the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 14th, 1870
1492 1awk-2m

CANADA CENTRAL

AND

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS,

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over the Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4.40 p. m

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
1466tf

Ottawa, September 12 1870

ADDITIONAL STOCK

RE-ORDERED

—BY—

ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Are now receiving large lots of new GOODS, re-ordered by Cable and Mail from BRITAIN, to fill up lines sold out in September.

Their Stock will be again very complete in all the Departments this week.

They invite special attention to their Stock of

BLACK and COLOURED SILKS,

Fancy DRESS GOODS, in all the Fashionable Materials,

RIBBONS,
LACES,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,
SHAWLS,
MILLINERY
and MANTLES,

PRINTS,
COTTONS,
SHEETINGS,
BLANKETS and
FLANNELS,

All purchased in the best Markets, under every possible advantage.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-11N.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

BAZAAR.

The Annual Bazaar, in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, will be held on Monday the 24th day of October instant.

Donations in aid of the fancy and refreshment tables, will be thankfully received by the following Ladies:—

Fancy Table, Cathedral Parish, Mrs Higgins Mrs Goodwin and Mrs Birmingham.

Do do St. Joseph's Parish, Mrs Brophy, Mrs. Kehoe Mrs Plunket, Mrs Whelan, Miss McDonell, Miss O'Connor, Miss McCarthy.

Do do St. Patrick's Parish, Mrs O'Connor, Mrs A Hearn, Mrs Nagle and Mrs Mullin.

REFRESHMENT TABLE.—Mrs George Murphy, Mrs Rhodes and Mrs Enright.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870 1484 240

GREAT BOOK SALE.

Catalogues are now issued for the great Book Sale at Montreal, of the Estate of Richard Worthington, by order of T S Brown, Official Assignee. There are over six thousand lots, comprising Books in every Department of Literature, from Juveniles up to Standard Works and various branches of Science, in quantities that should command the particular attention of all Booksellers, Schools, and Public Institutions.

Sale to commence on Tuesday, 25th October. and will be continued till all are sold.

Montreal, Oct 17, 1870

FOR CHEAP

JOB PRINTING

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE

28 Sparks Street,

Ottawa.

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hope by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor;

Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot);
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at "THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for fam...

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very ... vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,

Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.

GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS, all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS. The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general

Groceries,
Wines,
and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for ... A few trials will prove their superiority common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.

...th June, 1870.

CANADA PACIFIC

RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leather Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870 1493 2m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

LOST.

On Friday, the 21st Oct, at the Race Course, a Silver Mounted Riding WHIP, the gift of a valued friend. The finder will be suitably rewarded, by leaving it at this office.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870. 1495a

WRITING LESSONS, &c., FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

Respectable young women, employed in stores or otherwise, during the day, whose evenings are at their own disposal, and who desire to improve themselves educationally, more especially in Writing, Reading and Spelling, will effect their object, on terms quite within their means, on application to

MRS. CHARLES POPE,
Corner of Bank and Albert sts

Ottawa, Oct. 20, 1870.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
OTTAWA, 10th Oct., 1870

The Commissioners for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, hereby give public notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the construction of an Engine House, Locomotive Repair Shop, and other buildings, at Moncton, New Brunswick.

Plans and Specifications may be seen on and after 1st NOVEMBER next, at the Railway Office, St. John, and at the office of the Chief Engineer, at Ottawa; and Tenders on a printed form; which will be supplied, marked on envelope "Tender for Buildings," and addressed to the Commissioners, will be received at their Office in Ottawa, up to six o'clock, p.m., on 21st November, 1870.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

1487 3

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now every where acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits: but most enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street

1397 3

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY, TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

PRESTON & ROWSELL

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

TO RENT.

A Dwelling House, containing 10 Rooms, corner of Sussex and St Patrick streets, lately occupied by W B Lindsay, Esq

Possession immediately.

Apply to

THOS McKAY,
Flour store,
Sussex street.
1490 6

Ottawa, Oct 18, 1870

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.......................$300,000

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £112: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, with, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained in the event of surrender, is thus completely accepted.

Thus, Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $600 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent.

148. 3m

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards. For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL, Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

2??tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS

OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

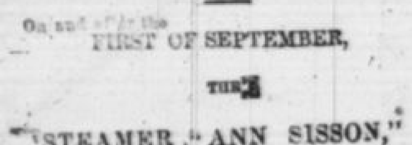
The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the

FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

"STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 3 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 1443tf

DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several ...

2114tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap. 26) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY OF FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES, Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

TO LET.

From the 15th November to the 1st May next, the house at present occupied by Dr Henry, corner of Kent and Wellington streets Apply after ... 1486 6

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,

European and American

Patent Med

The Popular Proprietary

Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German

Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles.

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS ... tham.

TRADE MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, E. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in ... awa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

o Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London.

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm lawkfm

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

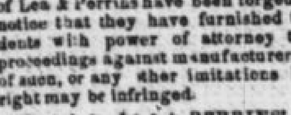
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 52y1236 law

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next,

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORSLEY Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office, Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1457d

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites of a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant

The tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN. Secretary.

Department of Public Works

Ottawa, October 1, 1870 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation;

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478.3

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago.......850 miles

Grand Trunk to Detroit.......756 do

Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.......730 do

Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route.......120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, as in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained

OPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

1306tf

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.

Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call, Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428.1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870.

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August ... 1413t

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal,

Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 10.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St: John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,

Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,

32 Lemoine Street, Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven	Cook Stoves.
Low Oven	Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.	Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.	Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.	Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.	Elbows.
Zinc.	

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

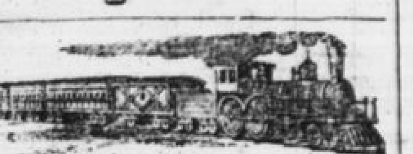
NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, August ... 6 3m

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 7 30 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1 30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

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CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td lawtw

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FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. ... they were painfully afflicting, have been so effectually cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

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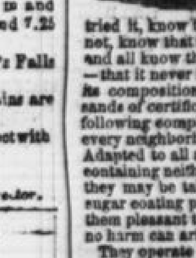

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The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1496. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

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AN INSOLVENT.

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Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

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Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c, &c

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street.

Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Ocean," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deal Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

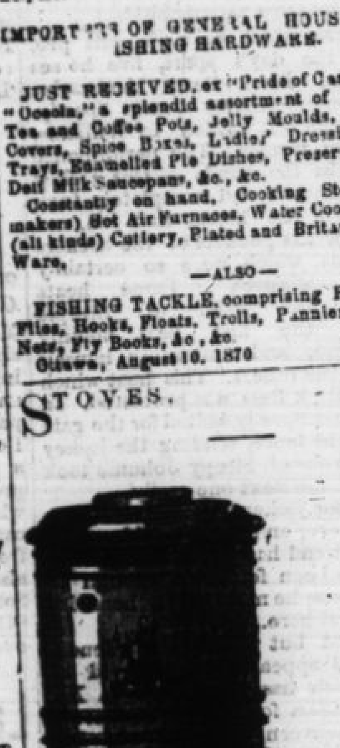
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c, &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

STOVES.



Buy Them and Save 20 Per Cent,

AT ESMONDE BROS.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 29, 1869. 1236.1

EAU DE VIE BLANC,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavouring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

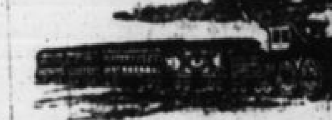
ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at........ 4 00 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 7:30 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 ... a m, 12 noon, 1;30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at........

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at........ 3.30 p m

Express for Island Pond, at........ 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........ 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

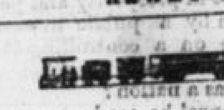
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 29 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.

Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at........ 9 00 a m

NIGHT, do do........ 9 00 p m

Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations........ 7 00 a m

Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations........ 5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at........ 7 10 a m

Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at........ 9 00 a m

Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at........ 3 45 p m

Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at........ 6 00 a m

Do do do do........ 4 00 p m

Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at........ 1 30 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p. m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

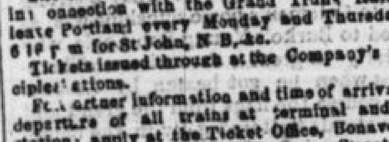
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 14 3tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.

Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations,

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1437tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	MAILS	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
11.15		8.00	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		4.00
6.00			Montreal, by Steamer			
11.15			Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		4.00
7.30		8.00	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.45		7.30
11.15		8.00	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	9.45		4.00
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	8.00		6.30
5.00		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	8.00	11.00	6.30
5.00	11.00		Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	9.45		
7.30	11.15	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	9.45		4.00
7.30			Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		
11.15			North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00		1.00
8.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway			1.00
8.00		4.30	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway			
6.00			For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway			
			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays		11.30	5.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 17th Oct., 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of the Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank ... the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in severe cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

BRITISH.

The race of the Newmarket Oaks, on Thursday, was won by "Wheat Ear."

Ridley, Son & Co., Liverpool merchants, interested in American trade, have suspended.

Professor Max Muller has a third volume of his "Chips from a German Worshop" in the press.

The account of the Duchess of Hamilton's visit to the Emperor Napoleon has been authoritatively contradicted.

The Archbishop of Canterbury has returned to Addington Park, Surrey, from Scotland, in improved health.

Six dead bodies have been taken from the scene of the accident at Mitchell's shipyard, in Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Mr. Bagally has been elected to Parliament from the Mid Division of Surrey, in place of the Hon. William Brodrick.

Mr. Andrew Halliday is engaged dramatising the "Old Curiosity Shop," by special permission of the late Charles Dickens.

The *London Gazette* announces the appointment of Sir John Lysaght Pennefather, G.C.B., to be Governor of Chelsea Hospital.

There is some talk, says a fashionable reporter, of ladies' "heads" growing smaller this winter. This beats the Alexandra "limp."

The Earl of Percy was recently installed by the Newcastle Freemasons, Grand Master for the Provinces of Northumberland and Durham.

"Our charitable institutions are the glory of our land," but happy will that State be which neither possess nor needs such form of glory.

Since Queen Victoria took her place on the English throne, every other throne in Europe, from the least to the greatest, has changed occupants.

A young tradesman at Llandudno, a wine and spirit merchant, has eloped with a lady visitor from Kidderminster, aged 16, the niece of an M.P.

Mr. John Stuart Mill has left London for Avignon. It is understood that he has gone there to ensure the safety of his manuscripts and other valuable property.

There are now a million books in the library of the British Museum, and it is estimated that the number will be doubled in fifteen years from this time—probably less.

The steamship *India*, of the Anchor Line, landed 290 Papal Zouaves at Liverpool on Oct. 14th. They were taken aboard at Genoa. Most of them are Canadians. They will be sent to their homes.

Lieutenant General Sir Richard Airey, G. C. B., has been appointed Adjutant-General to the Forces, vice Lieutenant-General Lord William Paulet, K. C. B., whose term of staff service has expired.

A new edition of Mr. John Hossack's ingenious book, "Mary, Queen of Scots, and her Accusers," is nearly ready. The first edition was a great success, being exhausted in the course of three months.

A London firm has contracted to supply a house in Paris with six thousand mourning bonnets and sixty thousand yards of crape, within the next fortnight, and at Berlin the orders given are far greater.

The Rev. Robert Moffat, the veteran missionary in South Africa, has stated, in an address at Manchester, that he entertains no fear of the safety of Dr. Livingstone. The doctor is married to Mr. Moffat's daughter.

The sympathizers in Birmingham with the Irish Nationalist movement, at a meeting on Saturday, formed a branch in that town of an Association, the object of which is to secure a separate Parliament to Ireland.

WAR NOTES.

The King of Prussia has sent 5,000 thalers for the relief of the distressed inhabitants of Strasbourg.

A new German army, to consist of 170,000 men, and intended to operate in the South of France, is in process of formation at Freiburg.

The most anxious consideration for France, and for Germany, only in a less degree, is that of food—not only this winter, but all next year.

The Minister of Agriculture has ordered that 500 oxen and 5,000 sheep should be daily distributed for consumption to the citizens of Paris. The meat is to be sold at fixed prices.

Strasbourg is recovering with wonderful rapidity from its siege. The shops are open, and buying and selling going on in the market place. The bridge over the Rhine will shortly be opened for railway traffic.

Captain Hozier, 3rd Dragoon Guards, and the accomplished military correspondent, has been appointed by the Secretary of War military commissioner with the Prussian army, and will start at once to join the headquarters of the King.

Two well known actresses on the French boards, Mdlles. Massin and Mignard, have enlisted in the National Guards as *cantineres*. Several of the male actors have enlisted either in the National Guards or Mobiles. General Trochu is said to be descended from Racine.

It appears from the captured Imperial papers that it was the intention of the Emperor to have returned to Paris after his two first defeats. In consequence of compromising revelations in the same papers, M. Bernier has been arrested, and warrants issued for the arrest of M. Grandperrret, the late Imperial Minister of Justice, and Dr. Conneau, the Emperor's physician.

The Prussian Ministry of War has established a special department, during the war, for the purpose of giving information as to the captured French officers. Letters of inquiry from their friends will be replied to, and personal inquiries will be answered daily at the office in Berlin between 9 a. m. and 3 p. m. This will be a great boon to many French people who are ignorant of the fate of their friends or relatives.

A special to the *World* represents that Queen Victoria is actively urging her ministers to make an effort for peace between France and Prussia. Earl Granville, in obedience to the personal entreaties of the Queen, is said to have "interviewed" all the representatives of foreign powers in London, with a view of determining upon some basis of negotiation, but the result of the interviews is not yet announced. It is evident, however, that diplomacy is likely to be actively invoked in behalf of peace and a reconstruction of European politics.

Great exasperation is felt in Paris against King William and his henchman, and a paper called the *Combat*, edited by Felix Pyat, has opened a subscription for a *fussil d'honneur* (?) to be given the man who shall shoot the pious monarch. A letter in *Figaro* talks about an American company which is to be raised, if Government will find sufficient capital, for the purpose of bringing in Count Otto Bismarck, either dead or alive; if captured alive, the company to have the privilege of exhibiting the Count in a cage.

In the calculations which have been made respecting the ability of Paris to stand a seige, we have not observed any mention made of the Grenier d'Abondance or de Reserve, situated near the Place de la Bastille. It is an immense storehouse, commenced by Napoleon I., for the express purpose of containing the grain and flour required for the consumption of the city for four months. Though not completed on the scale originally projected, it is 2,160ft. in height, and is capable of containing 80,000 sacks of flour. Every baker in Paris was obliged to keep twenty sacks constantly deposited in it, and was allowed to warehouse as much more as he pleased on payment of a moderate charge. The ordinary consumption of Paris in 1861 was considered to be 2,000 sacks a day.—*Globe.*

The *Staatsanzeiger* publishes an official summary of the number of sick, wounded, and cured in the German armies since the commencement of the war. The number of sick and wounded registered by the proper department is 54,450. These soldiers were received in 1,188 hospitals and ambulance reports, 48 being military hospitals and ambulances, and the remainder those established by societies and private persons. The convalescents who have returned to their regiments, or have been sent into the interior, number 4,597. The wounded who were discharged, cured, including a few invalided soldiers, number 3,868. Five hundred and eighteen wounded and sick have died in the hospitals. The proportions per cent. are—8.44 convalescent, 6.90 cured, 0.08 invalided, 1.95 deceased.

"The Nations' Aerial Navies Grappling in the Central Blue."

The following particulars of the aerial battle which was mentioned some time since in the cable despatches, have been received by mail:

From the Belgian Nouvelles du Jour.

PARIS, Oct. 1.—Nadar returned Sept. 30 to Paris. His return was not effected without trouble, although his balloon was directed by a good wind and favourable currents since since departure from Tours. But let me relate the particulars of his voyage in chronological order. He left Tours at 6 o'clock in the morning, and the bold aeronaut arrived in view of Paris at 11 o'clock, floating about 3,000 metres above the fort at Charenton. At the same time as the Intrepide, which was the name of M. Nadar's balloon, appeared in sight, a second balloon was seen in the horizon. M. Nadar was observed to display a long streamer with the French national colors. Immediately afterwards a national flag floated from the car of the other balloon.

Vigorous hurrahs and cries of "C'est Durouff," from the garrison of the fort, greeted the appearance of the two aeronauts, whose balloons gradually approached. Suddenly, and when at a short distance from each other, a loud report was heard in the air, which report was followed by a series of explosions. These were at first supposed to be victorious signals or demonstrations, until M. Nadar was seen to fling himself into the netting of his balloon, and to cling to its sides. During this time the other aeronaut continued discharging shots at M. Nadar and his balloon. The Intrepide was descending rapidly, and it appeared evident to the spectators below that some incomprehensible event had happened above. But mark what the French flag of the neighboring balloon came to. It was withdrawn, and a black and yellow standard was observed to be floating in its place. All was explained. "Treason!" "It is a Prussian balloon!" "He has fired on the Intrepide!" were the cries that burst simultaneously from the French people. Nadar was supposed to have been lost. He was seen to descend rapidly in his car, and his balloon had once more nearly reached the earth. He, however, casts out his ballast, and he again ascends. M. Nadar again climbers up the network of his balloon, and by a marvellous effort he succeeded in stopping the hole made in his balloon by the shot of his adversary.

The Intrepide then becomes the assailant, and several shots were fired from the car into the Prussian balloon, which suddenly whirled about and fell to the ground with giddy velocity. As soon as it reached the earth a detachment of Uhlans, who were on the plain, and had been following the aerial combatants throughout this exciting struggle, rushed forth, and surrounded the balloon, received their champion—God knows in what condition. They then hastened off at full speed to the Prussian advanced posts. In the meantime M. Nada descended safely at Charenton, where he is still at this moment.

Canal Commission.

From the Barrie Advance.

It seems to be considered certain that the parties who are to compose this commission will shortly be named by the General Government, and we are glad to find it generally conceded by public opinion as represented by the Press that Mr. Capreol should be one of its members.

The Ottawa *Times* in noticing the fact that "Western papers very generally recommend Mr. Capreol as a man well fitted for the position," endorses the opinion of its cotemporaries, and speaks of him as "one who is thoroughly well up in the subject; has given it more attention than most men, and would approach it with fair and honest purpose to do all in his power to promote the interests of the entire Dominion." We should think that such a commission without Mr. Capreol would be at anomaly. His name has been associated with Railway and Canal enterprize for more than twenty years, and if he is not well posted in such matters by this time we do not know where any one will be found in the Dominion who can be considered by contrast to be so.

The only excuse that could be made for not appointing him is that which a critic gave for having reviewed a work without looking at beyond the title page, that if he had read the book before reviewing it he might not be able to approach his task without prejudice. There can be no doubt but that Mr. Capreol has a strong bias if not a prejudice on the subject, but the feeling is so unmistakeably on the right side of the question that the most interested party, the general public, will heartily endorse his appointment. Canal improvement can be made without taking in his great pet scheme, but the adoption of it necessarily embraces almost every other improvement spoken of. The jealous spirit at times evinced by the partizans of the two great routes, east and west, seems happily to be dying out, and a more liberal one taking its place, having in view the general advancement of the interests of the whole Dominion by whatever means may be considered best adapted to further this object.

The article in the Ottawa *Times* from which we have quoted the remarks in reference to Mr. Capreol is written in this praiseworthy spirit, advocating an uninterrupted line of water communication from the seaboard to Fort Garry.

A man lately jumped off the Clifton Suspension Bridge in England, a height of 250 feet, in emulation of Sam Patch, and, like him, came to grief.

The movements of the Afghans, on the eastern frontier of Persia, are causing much uneasiness at Teheran. Col. Goldsmith, who was formerly employed in laying the telegraph from India to Persia, has been appointed commissioner to run the boundary between Persia and Afghanistan. Since Shere Ali, the Vali of Cabool, was subsidized by England, the prestige of the Afghans has risen wonderfully among the Eastern nations, and they seem to occupy at present in Asia a position analogous to that of the Prussians in Europe.

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wanted—Furnished Rooms.
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—A. Rowe.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 34, Sparks Street.
TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1870.

Mr. F. B. McNamee has been awarded the contract for works on the Chambly Canal.

We have much pleasure in congratulating the Governor-General upon his return to Ottawa after his long absence. We presume that he will now remain here throughout the winter, and we trust that both Lady Lisgar and His Excellency will find their residence here so agreeable as to induce them to favour us more frequently with their presence.

The Intercolonial Railway Commissioners' tour of inspection has already been attended with good results. Becoming convinced that it was possible to make a reduction in the Engineering staff, the Commissioners have made a considerable reduction, which while effecting a large pecuniary saving will not it is believed interfere at all with the rapid progress of the work. The staff, as at present organized, consists of one Chief Engineer, and four district engineers, and upon each section, one engineer in charge with one assistant and two rodmen, except on Sections 1, 8 and 19, where there are no assistant engineers.

A correspondent writes to suggest that the approaches to the terminus of the Canada Central Railroad should be improved, and we quite agree with him. But as long as Pooley's Bridge remains in its present unsafe condition, nothing satisfactory can be accomplished. We would like to know when the arbitration, which has now been going on for some years relative to this matter, is likely to be brought to a conclusion? How much longer are the lives and limbs of the citizens of Ottawa to be exposed to constant risk in order to suit the purposes of certain members of the Family compact?

The Toronto *Globe* says "Our Ottawa correspondent is in all probability a true prophet when he foretells that, as Dominion and Provincial Ministers are now haggling in a mean and narrow spirit about the respective contributions of the Dominion and the Provinces to the expenses of encouraging immigration, nothing will be done with that all-important question." We are in a position to say that the statement made by the *Globe's* Ottawa correspondent is unfounded in fact. The proceedings of the late Immigration Conference were marked by great unanimity, and the gentlemen from England who were present, expressed themselves as being much gratified with the manner in which this "all-important question" was discussed by the Dominion and Provincial authorities.

GENERAL BUTLER AND THE CANADIAN FISHERIES.

We cannot congratulate the electors of the Fifth Massachusetts Congressional District upon having unanimously re-nominated a man like General Butler as their representative. It does not say much for their intelligence or respectability that they should wish to be represented in the national councils, by one who wherever his name is known throughout the civilized world is regarded with aversion and contempt. The thunders of General Butler's eloquence are now principally reserved for England and Canada. The fact that we pay some regard to the rights of property, that we try to defend what belongs to us from the depredations of General Butler's countrymen, naturally enough renders us odious to one whose ideas of right and honesty are, to say the least, of a somewhat indefinite character. We have as clear a right to all the fish caught in the inshore waters of Canada, as the people of New Orleans had to the silver spoons and pianos of which General Butler and his brother despoiled them. Fortunately we have the means of protecting our rights in this matter, and so long as we have, we need not fear anything but threats and blustering talk from the hero of the Dutch Canal. Were we unarmed and defenseless he might possibly screw up his courage to undertake a campaign against us.

It is perhaps a work of supererogation to show the utter untruthfulness of which General Butler was guilty in his late "bunkum" oration published in the TIMES of yesterday. It is utterly untruthful and incorrect to say that either the Canadian Government or people have desired to interfere with American fishermen unnecessarily, or in any way to show an unfriendly or uncourteous spirit towards the American nation. All that they have done is to enforce laws which already existed, and to protect property which belonged of right to the people of this country, and to no one else. The commanders of United States vessels, who have in the most cordial and energetic manner assisted the Imperial and Canadian cruisers in protecting our fisheries from spoliation, have borne witness to the civility displayed by our officers and men in the discharge of their somewhat delicate and disagreeable duty. They have never made a seizure without first being assured that a wilful violation of the law had been committed, and in our opinion have on more than one occasion shown rather too much consideration and forbearance. They have been instructed, however, by the Department of Marine to avoid every just cause of complaint, and rather to let half a dozen criminals escape than to molest one innocent American fisherman. The "hero of New Orleans" says he is "not for the renewing of the Reciprocity treaty. If Canada wants the advantage of our trade, of our commerce, of our lands, of our interests and our prosperity, let her become a part of us."

Judging from the manner in which Gen. Butler and other American politicians of the same school talk about reciprocity with Canada, one might be led to imagine that the people of this country were constantly down on their knees begging for a renewal of that reciprocal free trade, which the Americans thought fit to do away with, in the hope of driving us into annexation. The truth is, however, that the Canadians are quite willing that matters should go on as they are. The abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty has taught us our independence of the Americans and of the American market. We have become more united and more self reliant in consequence, and in this way it has been an advantage to us rather than an injury. But as we are not admitted to enjoy the advantage of free trade with the Americans, it is manifestly unfair to ask us to admit them to the free use of our fisheries, a privilege which they had only a right to enjoy so long as the Reciprocity Treaty was in force.

As for General Butler's proposed mode of solving the question, it is certainly worthy of him, but utterly unworthy of the great nation on whose behalf he assumes to speak. He suggested that one of our vessels should be captured and brought into an American port, and that the crew should then be tried for piracy! He thinks that then "perhaps diplomacy would fly a little faster." It would not only be diplomacy that would "fly," but every vestige of American commerce would very speedily fly from off the high seas, in order to avoid the host of British cruisers, which would at once be put in motion to avenge such a high-handed and unjustifiable outrage as that which General Butler proposes. There is, however, no reason to fear that the United States Government will be guilty of such a criminal act of folly. We should indeed be very sorry to suppose that the conceiver of such an idea as this, represented the feelings of the United States Government or of any considerable portion of the American people. It is one which might naturally be expected to suggest itself to a man of his peculiar disposition; first because he dislikes Great Britain on account of the contempt in which he is held by the British press and people; and secondly, because a nation which shows a disposition to protect what rightfully belongs to it from spoliation, must of necessity be regarded with hostility by a person of General Butler's peculative habits.

EDUCATION IN QUEBEC.

The Report of the Minister of Public Instruction of the Province of Quebec for 1868 and part of 1869, a copy of which we have just received, contains a variety of very interesting information. The progress of education in the sister province within the last few years has been highly satisfactory. In 1853 there were in the province 2,352 educational institutions, 108,284 scholars, the amount of contributions being $165,848 or about a dollar and a half *per capita*. In 1868 there were 3,913 institutions and 242,838 scholars, while the contributions amounted to $792,819. Thus we find that in seventeen years the number of pupils receiving instruction at public institutions has considerably more than doubled, while the contributions have risen from about $1.50 to more than $3 per pupil. The report of the Jacques Cartier Normal School shows that during the scholastic year 1868-69, thirty-six new pupils were admitted. Dr. Dawson, Principal of the McGill Normal School, reports the number of admissions as being considerably in excess of that of the previous year, being 74 in all. Of these thirty-six were from Montreal.

A considerable portion of the report is occupied with particulars relative to agricultural instruction, to which subject the Quebec Government have during the last year or two very wisely devoted much attention. Principal Dawson, in referring to this matter, says:

1. Some pecuniary aid should be given to the teaching of the subject in the schools throughout the country. This might either be in the form of a special bounty per pupil actually studying the subject, or in the provision of suitable books and apparatus, or in both ways. These should be in connection with special arrangements for inspection with reference to this department of the school work, and there might be general examinations open to the pupils of all schools of the higher grades with adequate prizes and certificates of merit. Another mode in which aid might be given to the schools would be by small grants to promote the culture of portions of ground devoted to agricultural experiments in connection with each school. All of these methods have been adopted with success in the introduction of agriculture into schools in other countries.

2. The Normal school should be provided with abundant apparatus, models, specimens, and books, so as to render the subject attractive, and adequately to represent its importance. If only space and cases were provided, a valuable agricultural museum could be accumulated in a short time at very little expense, or the same end might be attained by enabling the Board of Agriculture to form public museums which might be accessible to the teachers in training.

3. Competent persons might be appointed as inspectors of agricultural classes and to hold examinations and to convene institutes of teachers in the several counties with the view of aiding the work, of informing the people as to its value, and of insisting on the principle that the scientific education of the mind of the farmer is the initial step in agricultural improvement. This function might be entrusted to the professors of agriculture in the several Normal Schools.

Lastly: It would be of the utmost importance to establish a model farm, even an experimental garden in such proximity to the Normal School that pupils might by periodical visits familiarize themselves with all the ordinary operations of agriculture, and might take a greater interest in them, and be able with more certainty and authority to refer to them in their teaching. It would not be necessary that such farm or garden should be under the control of the Normal School, but only that it should be accessible under proper regulations to the students. The object in view might even be attained by making arrangements with skilful farmers in the vicinity of the city to allow their farms to be used for observations and practice by teachers in training.

The report contains a long letter from the Abbe Godin relative to his mission to Europe. It will be remembered by many of our readers that this gentleman was sent by the Quebec Government to visit the principal agricultural institutions of France and other European countries, and to ascertain if possible what is the best mode of promoting a taste for agricultural instruction in Canada. After giving a very comprehensive account of all that he saw in Europe connected with this subject, he suggests the establishment of model farms in places where it could conveniently be done, and also of agricultural conferences in various parts of the province for the benefit of the farming classes at which an opportunity would be afforded for the acquirement of useful knowledge.

We entirely commend the effort made by the Quebec Government for the purpose of affording the people of the Province an opportunity of acquiring a thorough knowledge of agriculture, scientific and theoretical as well as practical. Here and elsewhere it is too much the custom to suppose that any man, whatever the nature of his former occupation may have been, will make a farmer. It is very questionable, however, whether, except in certain exceptionable cases, a thorough course of training is not as necessary in order to render a man a successful farmer, as it is in other walks of life. In a country, the prosperity of which so much depends upon agriculture, it is manifestly politic for the Government to make the study of it a prominent branch of the instruction given at all public educational establishments.

A NUT FOR "SHOO FLY" TO CRACK.

It appears that Mr. George Honey Preston, more commonly known, as "Shoo Fly," is in rather an awkward predicament. In the gratification of his tyrannical and vindictive disposition he probably imagines that he can set all legal restraints aside and work his will upon the taxpayers of this city as best suits his purpose. But he is mistaken; he will find to his cost before long that even a collector is subject to the law, and that he is compelled to make his collections in a legal manner or abide the consequence. By the provisions of the statute Mr. Preston was bound to have handed in his assessment rolls upon a certain day which has long since past. Every seizure which he has made since that time has been an illegal one, and those whose property he has seized are entitled to damages. Furthermore Mr. Preston, not having complied with the regulations of the statute, he and his sureties are now liable for the whole amount of the taxes of the city, whether they have been paid or not, and the City Chamberlain can, if he chooses, take proceedings to recover the amount at once. It is the duty of the Chamberlain to do this. If Mr. Preston attempts any more seizures he is breaking the law, and persons will be justified in resisting him.

He can now only proceed to collect overdue taxes in the same manner as an ordinary debt. We shall allude to this subject tomorrow, and shall quote the clauses of the Act to which we refer, when everyone will see what an impostor Mr. "Shoo fly" Preston is.

THE RED RIVER INSURRECTION.

We have already referred at some length to a *brochure* lately published in Montreal, entitled, "Hon. W. McDougall's conduct reviewed." Copies can be obtained at Messrs. J. Durie & Son's. We hope that this work will be extensively read. It is a simple statement of facts, and we are quite sure that whoever reads it calmly and dispassionately, will arrive at the conclusion that the Government were in no way to blame for the late troubles in the Red River country, and will feel equally well convinced that Mr. McDougall's conduct was not only exceedingly imprudent, but altogether unjustifiable.

Ottawa Cemeteries.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

SIR,—Wishing you every success in your crusade against civic mismanagement, and hoping you may not relax your efforts until victory crowns your toil, and a Corporation cheque ceases to be a standing evidence of municipal impecuniosity, allow me to ask a little space to draw attention to the necessity of improvement in another direction.

Montreal has its beautiful cemetery on the Mountain, where the monuments of the departed stand like sentries guarding the approach to their late earthly dwelling place; Quebec has Mount Hermon, one of the prettiest of the many pretty spots in the vicinity of the ancient capital; and Toronto has its Necropolis overlooking the quiet little valley of the Don; but here, in the capital of the Dominion, we seem to have no thought for those who have ceased from their labors. Can nothing be done to remove the utterly desolute appearance of our cemeteries? Are those who lie there so far removed from our memories that there last resting place is gone clean out of mind. Is it impossible to improve the unsightly appearance of these miserable looking places? Surely a few trees might be planted here and there, and some mode of entrance devised which would allow persons to visit the place without at the same time giving ingress to all the hungry cows in the neighborhood.

Some two or three years since a rumor was current that the present cemeteries were to be closed and new ones obtained, and if any one will attend a burial in the Catholic cemetery he will see that if the dead are to be buried at all it cannot much longer be there, so closely are the coffins packed already; but no action seems to have been taken in the matter. However, whether the present cemeteries be shortly closed or not, there can be no reason why some effort should not be made to render them a little more suitable for the last resting place of those who have lived and labored with us.

Trees are not very costly, and suitable ones would, doubtless, be given willingly by neighboring farmers for such a purpose, and the Corporation might plant a row in the streets by which the cemeteries are bounded.

Do try, Mr. Editor, and lend your aid to effect improvement in this as in other matters.

Yours,
PROGRESS.

Ottawa, 22nd Oct., 1870.

Alleged Discourtesy to Reporters.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—We applied to the Secretary of the Ottawa Turf Club, Mr. Barber, to day, for the usual courtesy extended to the Press, namely, tickets of admission to the race ground, for the purpose of reporting the races for the papers we represent, in New York and Ogdensburg, and were refused on the ground that if he (Barber) gave "tickets to everybody who applied" he would have enough to do.

We simply request space to insert the fact that people may know how the American press is treated.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. MARSHALL.
J. W. BROCK.

Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1870.

Selfish Abuse of Power

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—It would appear that our corporation authorities, instead of meeting the views of the public in the matter of repairing the streets of the city, simply seek to look after their own individual interests in many cases. At the last corporation it was understood that the candidates returned for St. George's Ward were to move for the grading and gravelling of Daly street. It is well known that the traffic of this street is confined to the westward of Cumberland street. Fancy, then, the surprise of the inhabitants of that locality to discover that a number of workmen had begun the gravelling of Daly street, from Gloucester street towards the Rideau river, leaving the thickly thronged and most important end inundated with mud. This has been made a subject of indignant remark by all who have observed this selfish abuse of power by members of the corporation—even members of the Government could not refrain from expressing their wonder that our City Council should so utterly disregard the public interest as to expend public money in a locality where very few but some of their own body would be benefited by the outlay.

Hoping you will give this a place in your valuable paper,

I remain, sir,
Your obedient servant,
DALY STREET.

OTTAWA, 22nd Oct. 1870

A National Thanksgiving.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—If I mistake not sometime since it was proposed, having been under the consideration of the ministers of the churches, that a day of general Thanksgiving throughout the Dominion should be appointed. Of this we have been reminded by the appointment of the Diocese of Montreal. But why should this be limited? Can our Executive not appoint a day to be observed by *all*—Protestants and Roman Catholics. While deploring the desolation by war on the continent of Europe, how much have we to be thankful for; escaped from Fenian invasion, fire, storm and earthquake, we are enjoying the fruits of a bountiful harvest in prosperity and peace, shall we not then by a public avowal of our dependance on a controlling Providence accord our thanks to Him, not only individually but as a nation?

May not an appeal be made to our Executive who sit in the midst of us?

Respectfully Yours,
GRATUS.

Ottawa, Oct. 24th, 1870.

The Racing Yesterday.

FINE WEATHER AND FAIR SPORT.

If a magnificent October day with a balmy atmosphere and warm sun—just weather approaching to that dreamy sort so characteristic of the Indian summer, and just the kind to make every one scan the horizon and exclaim interrogatatively, "a glorious day isn't it?" If this weather could be an inducement to turn out to a horse race that alone promised to be good enough to make amends for very poor weather, then the combination of inducements of yesterday was very strong indeed, and so the people of Ottawa thought as they made way to the race course in carriage, waggon, buggy or on foot. There was just so much uncertainty about the race in the morning as to make enquiry active till noon, when, as on Thursday last the official intelligence was given forth that the race would certainly come off, and this was confirmed by the appearance of the officials of the course in a carriage, as they started for the scene of the contest. "I'll bet you 10 to 8 on Sunshine" said an individual with his foot on the step of his buggy, as he turned to another individual with whom he had been discussing warmly at a certain street corner. "Can't see you at that" was the reply. "Well, I will make it 10 to 7, and that's odds enough to you who thinks so much of your horse." "Make it 10 to 6 and I will take you" said individual No. 2. "Done," said the other as he seated himself in his buggy, and the bet was made. At a dinner table in one of the hotels two gentlemen were seated, when one enquired of the other, "How are you betting on the race this afternoon." "I am backing Sunshine, and if you feel inclined to make a bet I'll give you 10 to 5" replied the enquired of. "That is certainly inducement enough to make almost any one take you up, and I do." So another bet was made, and the relation of these two incidents will give us a fair idea of what a strong favourite Coleman's horse Sunshine was as opposed to Burke's Young Bob Logic, who was nearly as great a favourite on Thursday last when he got beaten by Rescue. At the course the flags from the grand and judge's stands fluttered gaily in the balmy breeze, as carriage after carriage drove up, until there was a far larger attendance than on any of the race days of last week. The course was in capital order; the horses had all arrived; everyone was in capital spirits, the prospects of a splendid race were good, and pleasant anticipation ran high till about ten minutes past two, when some one said there was to be

NO RACE, AND WHAT'S UP?

Was immediately asked by faces that represented every shade of disappointment. The judges had just arrived, and upon enquiry the state of affairs was learned to be as follows: The delay came from the Bob Logic side. They said that the race was fixed for two o'clock sharp, and that their judge, Sheriff Powell, was not on the ground at the hour, and consequently the match was a drawn one. No sooner did this get abroad than the sporting fraternity, who saw Coleman's horse jockey and judge on the ground in good time, than they smelt, as it were a mice, which a great big hulking fellow let out by saying, with a grin from ear to ear, "Bob Logic's folks I don't think care much about runnin' this race, or they wouldn't mak so much fuss about their judge bein' five minutes ahind the time." Great was the disappointment and indignation expressed, and the scurry race for $100 a side was being looked to for consolation, when a movement among the excited crowd attracted attention to the Bob Logic people in animated discussion. "We'll have a race yet," some one would say. "This delay looks like it," said another. Then Sheriff Powell mounted the judges' stand and Sunshine, with Williams on his back, cantered past the stands looking magnificent, and was warmly cheered. Then came a long, tiresome delay, during which the Bob Logic people talked to the judges, and the judges talked to the Bob Logic people, and the crowd swayed backwards and forwards on the course, or kicked their heels on the ground stand and wondered greatly whether there would be any race or not. What was done after this may be divided into the following phases:

Phase 1. The owner of Bob Logic discussing excitedly with some persons, and surrounded by an eager crowd. Coleman's horse, with Williams on his back, walking about the far end of the course. People wondering at the delay.

Phase 2. Bob Logic people still talking. Prospects of a race very soon. The spectators very much inclined to curse. Coleman's horse still waiting.

Phase 3. Sheriff Powell mounts the stand again, and exclaims: "Mr. Burke, I am going to ring the bell to start in five minutes. If your horse is not ready by that time, Sunshine will go round the course and be declared winner of the race." This was received with great cheering and cries of "That's business" Coleman's horse with jockey are still waiting.

Phase 4. Another long delay and a voice from the stand cries out, "put Sunshine round. The five minutes are up long ago. It's not fair to keep Coleman's horse waiting." Impatient individuals giving vent to their impatience in language far more emphatic than classical.

Phase 5. More delay. Sheriff Powell advances to the front of the stand and exclaims "Mr. Burke." Mr. Burke came. The Sheriff—"Mr. Burke, you better let your horse run under the protest, and if any sporting journal in the world will hold that protest good, I will give you security in writing that you get the money you put up back in the event of your losing." Loud cheering. More delay, during which the Sheriff writes out the security and gave it to Mr. Burke.

Phase 6. Great consultation between Mr. Burke and friends, after which he says, amid great cheering, "that his horse will run;" and then his friends object, and there is more delay.

Phase 7. At last after still greater delay and more ringing of the bell, Sunshine comes down to go round the course, when a signal is made from the Bob Logic party and the horse is stopped. And there is another stand still. Cries of "send Sunshine round;" "the other horse must go off the course;" "Burke put your horse round;" what are we waiting for?" "Race or no race?" Impatient individuals awfully coarse in their choice of language.

Phase 8. Sheriff Powell again says "Mr. Burke in five minutes I will send Sunshine round whether your horse is ready or not." More ringing of bell and more delaying. Coleman's horse still waiting.

Phase 9.—At last Mr. Burke says determinedly his horse will run, and accordingly and amid great excitement the blankets are taken off Bob Logic and he is taken to the starting post where he is soon joined by Sunshine.

THE RACE.

The horses come up. The flag falls and away the rivals go to a hoarse roar from the concourse with stretched necks and straining eyes. Can the succeeding contest be called a race? If so it was all on one side for Sunshine had an easy thing of it, took the inside and the lead on passing the judges' stand; kept it being held strongly in hand, increased it to a distance on completing the first mile kept in this position the whole of the second mile, Williams taking it refreshingly cool, and coming in with his horse at almost a palpable canter. "A soft race, that, for Sunshine," cried the unitiated. "Won in an easy canter," said the sporting man.

The start was good. On passing the judges' stand Bob Logic lead, with Sunshine on his quarter, held strongly in hand. At the first turn Bob Logic swerved into the middle of the course, leaving the inside track, near the fence, open. In an instant Williams had Sunshine into it and ahead. On passing the first quarter of a mile Sunshine lead a length, and went into the dip in the same position. On coming out of it Sunshine went steadily ahead, and, amid cries of "Oh! oh! look at that," went away to a distance from Bob Logic, who was doing honest but unavailable work behind. Sunshine passed the judges' stand at the end of the first mile a distance ahead, amid tremendous cheering, and evidently kept well in. This lead was kept all the second mile, and notwitstanding cries of "Let him out, Williams," "Let's see what he can do," the skilful jockey brought in his horse in an easy manner at almost a canter. And so ended the race. The favourite was the winner, and the crowd surged into the course to settle their bets.

CONSOLATION RACE OF $100.

For this race, which was a pleasant prolongation of the day's sport, five horses entered, viz., Black Bess, Methusalae Sleepie Johnnie, Medley and Speedy. Sleepie Johnnie was ridden by Williams, who was again winner. The performance of this horse in the hands of this jockey was very creditable, and completely took the wind out of the horses that ran, and money out of the pockets of the backers of the horses which were so certainly named the winners. Three heats were ran, the rider of Sleepie Johnnie in the first heat holding back his horse, and contenting himself with pushing the others. This heat which was won by Black Bess was protested. In the second heat Speedy bolted for the gate and crushed the fence, sending the jockey some distance ahead. Sleepy Johnnie took this heat and the next one easily.

Williams, the jockey, has proved himself to be a clever and reliable rider, and praise without end has been lavished on him. He has been fortunate enough to win in every race he managed a horse in, since his arrival here.

We could not but notice the splendid condition and appearance presented by Sunshine, which has only been in Mr. Coleman's hands a fortnight The money for the race between Sunshine and Bob Logic was paid to the winner last night. So that disposes of the protest.

Board of R. C. Separate Schools.

SPECIAL MEETING.

OTTAWA, 21st Oct., 1870.

Present—Wm. Finley, Esq., chairman; Messrs. L. David, T. Coffey, J. Quain, S. Champagne, J. Larose, P. Dufour, and J. W. Peachy.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

A petition and several accounts were read and laid on the table; also a by-law imposing the rate of taxes for the current year.

On motion of L. David, seconded by T. Coffey, it was resolved that the blank in the by-law just read be filled up with the words "three tenths of a cent," and that the by-law be now read a second and third time and passed.

The by-law was thereupon read a second and third time and passed accordingly.

On motion of J. Quain, seconded by S. Champagne, the chairman, the secretary and Messrs. T. Coffey and J. Larose were appointed a committee to wait upon His Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa and make the requisite arrangements for the securing of the old college building for the use of the Brothers' schools and residence.

On motion of J. W. Peachy, seconded by J. Larose, the chairman was authorized to sign a cheque in favor of the Christian Brothers for the sum of $62.50, being an allowance of one half of the cost of an harmonium to be purchased for the use of their schools, the other half being, as proposed, paid themselves.

On motion of J. Larose, seconded by J. Quain, the chairman was authorised to sign a cheque in favor of the Secretary-Treasurer for the sum of $25, being for one quarter's allowance, ended on the 30th of September last.

On motion of J. Larose, seconded by S. Champagne, the chairman was authorised to sign a cheque in favor of the Secretary-Treasurer for the sum of $93.63, for disbursements made by him on behalf of the Board, as per account and vouchers produced.

On motion of J. W. Peachy, seconded by T. Coffey, the petition of Francis Nolan, and the accounts of Alex. Mortimer, Robert O'Reilly, Alex. Workman & Co., and John Finley were referred to the Committee on Finance and Assessment.

The Board then adjourned.

J. W. PEACHY,
Sec.-Treas.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Oct. 24

A protest against the annexation of Rome by Victor Emmanuel was issued by Archbishop Lynch, and read in the Catholic Church yesterday.

A meeting will be held in St. Michael's Cathedral on Thursday to allow the people to sign the protest.

At the assizes the action of Clifton *vs.* Milloy was tried, being brought for damage done to a theatrical wardrobe by falling from the steamer *City of Toronto* The evidence showed negligence on the part of the steamboat hands. Verdict for plaintiff, $400.

The Don brewery has been seized for violation of the excise laws.

The station-master at Gilwood on the Northern Railway, named Kierk, is supposed to have been drowned in Lake Simcoe when duck shooting.

The Ontario Legislature meets on Dec. 7th.

A new evening paper will be issued in about a week. It will be sensational, and sell at one cent.

ST. CATHARINES.

ST. CATHARINES, Oct. 24.

As the propeller "Lewis Shickaluna" was entering the locks at Port Colborne, this morning, fire was discovered issuing from the fire hole. Water was immediately turned on the flames, but without any effect, and in ten minutes she had to be abandoned.

She had on board ten thousand bushels of wheat. Total loss about forty thousand dollars. The vessel was insured for twenty-five thousand dollars.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Oct. 24.

The last lecture of the course by Dr. Jewett will be delivered this evening in the Mechanics' Hall.

About half-past ten o'clock yesterday morning a young man named John Martin, painter, 18 years of age, was killed by being run over by a train near the Point St. Charles Railway Station. He left home to attend a Wesleyan Church in the city; he was walking along the track and was past the Point St. Charles Station and going towards the crossing, when an engine tender was observed coming from the bridge. Young Martin, wishing to get a ride into the Bonaventure Station, attempted with bible in hand to jump upon the tender, and he fell before the wheels, and in a moment was crushed to death; his head was instantly severed from the body, and with the last spark of vitality bounded across the track. The scene was a terrible one, and was witnessed by the young man's father, who is a watchman on the line, and was standing near the station at the time. The mangled body was afterwards picked up, the head placed under deceased's coat, and the bible in his hat and all conveyed to the house of his parents.

Mr. Boyal, of "Le Nouveau Monde," is about to return to Manitoba, where he is to start a paper in the interest of the priests.

It is stated that the Hon. Mr. Dessaulles is writing a pamphlet combating the Roman Catholic bishops' propositions to erect a cathedral.

Mr Carl Thorburn advertises that on Wednesday evening he will meet all persons desirous of forming a city band.

Flour, the market is very firm to-day, and higher prices are asked; sales of Supers have been made at $5.50, and an advance of sixpence is to be noted in Liverpool.

Weather cool.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Oct. 24.

A writer who signs himself "A Passenger on the *Napoleon*" writes to this morning's *Chronicle* as follows: There appears in the Montreal *Witness* of the 21st inst. a letter signed "One who Ought to Know," denying the fact that Capt. Labelle was present and aided in saving the lives of any of the passengers on the burned steamer *Montreal.* I can assure you that Capt. Labelle, then a purser of the steamer *Napoleon*, was present with a life boat from the *Napoleon*, which steamer was not far ahead of the catastrophe, and with two sailors saved from fifteen to twenty lives. Capt. Labelle also distinguished himself in the islands of Sorel in the inundation of 1865, which "One who Ought to Know" seems to have overlooked.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, 24th.—The German army now investing Paris have appropriated one day's pay to the fund for the relief of the sick and wounded. The amount thus collected aggregates to about half a million thalers.

It is asserted vaguely that French men-of-war have captured and taken into the port of Dunkirk three large German steamers.

It is said that there is no evidence in existece that Napoleon has accumlated a vast private fortune.

The *Telegraph* is confident that the proposed French loan will be eagerly taken up here.

It is intimated that Russia, although not joining England, Austria and Italy in the effort to bring about peace, is acting independently but energetically in the same direction.

M. Rambeau, who saved the Czar's life when an attempt was made to assassinate him by Sarezowski, in Paris, on the 6th of June, 1867, has just gone from Wilhelmshohe to St. Petersburg on a secret mission from the Emperor Napoleon.

The London *Times* of this morning says that Bazaine, when offering to surrender, demanded for himself a position which would probably have enabled him to take a prominent part in the restoration of order in France after the conclusion of the war.

Gen. Boyer, on leaving Versailles, went to Luxembourg to get Raimbeau, who had previously been to St. Petersburg, to go as an envoy to Napoleon at Wilhelmshohe.

Dates from Tien tsin, down to Oct. 7th, have been received here to-day. The Chinese army is in motion, and have already arrived at Laki. Ports in that neighbourhood are armed and provisioned The Catholic chapel at Tfahschan has been burned by a mob of natives.

M. Miranda, the editor of the Paris *Gaulois*, has been arrested near Versailles by the Prussians.

Desertions from Metz are so numerous that the Prussian commander has been compelled to issue orders declining to receive them within the Prussian lines.

The *Times* this morning in an editorial praises the courage displayed by the Prussian Landwehr before Mont Valerian on 22nd inst.

It is said that the basis of peace likely to be accepted by the Prussian Government is the renunciation of territorial spoliation from France on receiving Luxemburg.

It is reported further that safe conduct has been asked for M. Thiers to Paris, in order to obtain the acquiescence of the Government.

TOURS, 24th.—Some journals give the particulars of the alleged massacre of the French garrison, which recently capitulated at Soissons. According to the journals the soldiers were all shot in the woods near that city—butchered in cold blood. The government has faith enough in the story to make it a subject of official enquiry, with a view of retaliation.

The following news has been made public by the Ministry: The Prussians while preparing to besiege La Ferte and St. Aubin suddenly retreated, leaving behind them all their utensils and quantities of stores. They went towards Laon. It is said that a messenger arrived in the German camp and caused the sudden departure. It is also reported that the they suffered a defeat and heavy losses at a point in the neighborhood of La Ferte, and the troops were hastily withdrawn to reinforce their beaten army.

FLORENCE, 24th.—*L'Opinione* in referring to the proposed armistice, says that the French will doubtless agree as a preliminary to peace to dismantle the fortresses of Strasbourg and Metz, and to pay an indemnity of 80 millions of pounds sterling; but Prussia insists on the cession of Alsace and Lorraine.

ST. PETERSBURG, 24th.—A battle has occurred near Candaho, which is thought to have settled the African war.

FLORENCE, 24th.—*L'Opinione* says that several English nobleman arrived in this city from Rome, which place they left on Saturday, to urge upon the Italian Government the settlement of a guarantee relative to the independence of the Pope.

BESANCON, 23rd.—General Cambrina's despatches to the Government state that the Prussians have again attacked Chatillon and Leduc, where they were repulsed the day before. At night they retreated. We have taken many prisoners.

The bombardment of Schlestadt commenced on the 18th. Some houses were burnt.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

TOURS, Oct. 24.—Nothing official has been heard from the armies around Orleans. It is rumored, however, that a battle is imminent there. It is reported the French will attempt to retake Orleans.

Fears are entertained here concerning the sudden decision of England to mediate between France and Prussia. Some parties imagine that it is a plot to aid in the re entronement of the Bonapartists, and others seem to acquire confidence in the eagerness of Great Britain to bring about a peace.

It has been generally considered that England is willing to work more for the interests of Prussia than those of France, and the significance of her movements are apparent, now that the difficulties in taking Paris have been demonstrated.

Besides this England is also aware that the large French armies just organised are quite prepared to act on the offensive, that the bad season is at hand, and the difficulty of obtaining food for the Germans rapidly increasing in consequence, and that Gen. Trochu is preparing a series of formidable sorties.

The journals and people who take notice of this phase of affairs accord England no credit for her tardy action.

It is asserted here that the Paris Government will not cede an inch of territory, nor pay a franc for indemnity. As it is, I am afraid the struggle will have to go on to the bitter end, unless the conditions subscribed by Prussia are very moderate.

Progres du Nord newspaper relates the story of the massacre of the 4,000 Mobiles taken prisoners at Siossons, four days after their capitulation.

LONDON, 22nd.—At Versailles the desire for peace in the German camp is unmistakably disturbing plans and projects. This is increasing to a fearful extent in all the German camps.

Not more than half the men belonging to the Westphalian and Prussian regiments are fit for duty.

Petitions for peace from Germany pour in with every mail. Bismarck is implored to have the war ended before the opening of the Parliament. His disagreement with General Von Moltke is now a matter of notoriety, and he does not hesitate to speak of it before foreigners, in particular Americans, which leads to the belief that he does this to give an impression throughout Europe that any difficulty now being placed in the way of peace proceeds, not from the Government, but from the military headquarters.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—A Havana correspondence gives details of the terrible storm which devastated Cuba last week from one end to the other. Several people were killed and drowned. Twelve hundred head of cattle were lost; several vessels were lost, and in Mantanzas alone over four hundred houses were destroyed. Among the most horrible features of this calamity was the uprooting and sweeping away of a cemetery and the scattering of the corpses through the adjacent country—numberless coffins, and the more or less decomposed bodies were scattered for several hundred yards by the wind and water. and presented a most shocking sight. After the waters were gone the air was filled with a fearful stench.

WASHINGTON, 24th.—The latest here is that Senator Morton will decline the English mission, and that it will be tendered to Mr. Creswell.

HELENA MONTANA, 23rd.—Chas. Young, a Canadian, was shot by Jas. McGregor on the 21st, at Louisville, Montana. Young is not expected to live.

FIRE RELIEF.

Moved by E. McGillivray, seconded by W. Pennock, and resolved,

That the thanks of the Ottawa Fire Relief Committee are due and are hereby tendered to His Worship Mayor Workman, the Hon. Henry Starnes, and Frederick Mackenzie, Esq., the Chairman, Treasurer and Secretary respectively of the Ottawa Fires Relief Fund of the city of Montreal, and also to Thos. Workman, M. P., Thos. Cramp, Gilbert Scott, M. R. Ryan, M. P., E. Atwater, Edward McKay, Benjamin Lyman, A. S. Wood, W. Clendinning, A. McGibbon, C. Alexander, T. M. Thomson, Hector Munroe, Alfred Perry, and C. Garth, Esquires, for their indefatigable exertions in soliciting contributions and aid on behalf of the sufferers by the late fires in the Ottawa Valley, and also, to the citizens of Montreal generally for their handsome donations in cash and kind, amounting to the munificent sum of $8,558.02, so generously given at a time when so much required.

The sale of gunpowder for sporting purposes has been interdicted in the French departments, on the ground that an article so indispensible to the safety of France must not at present be wasted.

The writing of editorials entails a considerable outlay of brains on the writer, which none but experienced men can understand. The London *Advertiser* man having sacrificed what brains nature gave him, on the editorial side of his sheet, has taken to using the marrow of other people's skulls. The Hamilton *Spectator* has been watching him narrowly for some time, and announces that three of the editorials which appeared in the *Advertiser* on Monday were boldly stolen from the New New York *Tribune.*

BIRTH.

At Montreal, Mrs. J. J. Daley, of a daughter, on the 22nd inst.

PEA JACKETS,
OVERCOATS,
WINTER CLOTHING

MAGEE & RUSSELL
SPARKS STREET,
OTTAWA,

Beg to inform the Gentlemen of Ottawa and the public generally that their Tailoring Department is now under the management of a FIRST-CLASS ARTIST, of ENGLISH, AMERICAN and CANADIAN experience. Also that, their STOCK of CLOTHS this season is extremely large and varied, embracing all the NEW STYLES adapted for SUITS, PEA JACKETS and OVERCOATS.

M. & R. would suggest to those requiring NEW and CORRECT FITTING GARMENTS, that it would be wise to place thyir orders at once, to prevent disappointments, as a great presure of Trade is anticipated when the cold weather sets in.

M. & R's facilities for doing justice to the requirements of the public is such as to warrant them in saying that no house in the Province can manufacture superior or better fitting clothing.

For Correctness of Fit, Elegance of Style and Workmanship unsurpassed.

See Garments made to measure only, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,
SPARKS STREET,
Ottawa.

SUITS—Pea Jackets and Over Coats, made to measure only at Magee & Russell's, are unequalled for fit, style, workmanship and price.

Gentlemen who are in the habit of ordering their clothing from Montreal and Toronto, are invited to view specimen garments, at Magee & Russell's.

BY A. ROWE, AUCTIONEER.
IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE
—OF—
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
SPLENDID SEVEN OCTAVE PIANO-FORTE
MADE BY HANES BROS, OF N. Y., &c., &c.

The subscriber has been instructed by [illegible] CLARK, Esq., to sell at his residence, [illegible] street,

ON FRIDAY, the 28th OCTOBER, 1870,

One Hanes Bros Piano, in excellent order with all the modern improvements, [illegible] to match and Rocking Chair, Centre Table, [illegible] net, Mirrors, Carpet and Curtains, [illegible] Dining Table, Chairs, Sideboard, [illegible] tains and Carpet, Hall Oil Cloth, [illegible] Pipes, Cooking Stove and utensils, [illegible] and Pipes, Bed-room Furniture, [illegible] rooms, Washstands, Dressing Tables, [illegible] Curtains, Set of China, Stoneware [illegible] sils, and one second-hand [illegible] quantity of house plants, [illegible]

Terms cash.
Sale at half past ten o'clock.
A. ROWE.

Ottawa, Oct 22, 1870

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The Subscriber has received instructions from CHAS. McCARRON, Esq., to sell at his residence, Sussex street, on THURSDAY, 27th inst., at 11 o'clock, a.m., all his Household Furniture, consisting in part of [illegible] Room Set, in Black Walnut, Extension [illegible] ing Table, Black Walnut Sideboard, [illegible] Not, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, [illegible] ing Glasses, Glass, China and Crockery [illegible] large Double Stove, Cooking Stove [illegible] utensils, Kitchen Furniture, and a number of articles not enumerated.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1870.

WRITING LESSONS, &c., FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

Respectable young women, employed in [illegible] or otherwise, during the day, whose evenings are at their own disposal, and who desire to improve themselves educationally, [illegible] Writing, Reading, and spelling, [illegible] object, on terms quite within their means. Application to MRS. CHARLES POPE, Corner of Bank and Albert [illegible]

Ottawa, Oct. 20, 1870.

TAILORS WANTED.

Wanted immediately, two or three good hands, to whom the highest wages will be paid in cash, every Saturday, by the Subscriber.

J. METCALFE, Centre Town.

Ottawa, Oct 19, 1870

WANTED.

One or two Furnished Rooms on the ground floor, with or without Board, for a Gentleman, in Central or Upper Town. Address A. B. No. 1, Times Office.

Ottawa, Oct 25, 1870

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

...... 8.10 a.m., 1 00 p.m., 10.00 p.m.
...... 4.30 p.m., 11.00 a.m., 9.00 p.m.
...above trains connect at Prescott Junction ...Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.
...Office—York street, corner of Sussex.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

☞ 50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 ... upwards. A large assortment of ... and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and ... at the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

POSTPONED.—The Penny Readings, which ... to have taken place last evening in ... rooms of the Immigrants' Aid Society ... postponed. The opening night will ... Monday evening next.

SPURIOUS COIN.—It appears that there is ... large quantity of spurious coin being ... about in the city. We advise ... storekeepers and other to beware of impo... .

CROSSING.—The crossing on Sparks street ... the St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church ... been long neglected; is dangerous to ... passengers and even more so to those ... travelling in vehicles.

EXPLODED.—We believe the arrangements for the proposed race between ... Dean" and "Viley" have been ... to by the owner of the late horse, ... a consequence, that race so highly ... by the sporting fraternity will not ... off as announced.

ACCIDENT.—We are informed that one ... last week a man working in McLaren's ..., New Edinburgh, had one of his feet ... up to the ancle by one of the circular ... It appears he attempted to kick a ... of wood from before the saw, which ... in the accident.

☞ Real Laces, Lace Sets, Lace Hand... wide Sash Ribbons, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

AUCTION SALE.—By reference to another ... it will be seen that Mr. A. Rowe ... sell by auction, on the 28th inst., a ... desirable lot of furniture, the property of W. C. Clark, Esq. The list comprises ... very fine lot of household furniture, and ... furnishing will certainly seldom ... a like opportunity of obtaining superior articles for that purpose.

THE BAZAAR.—The bazaar in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphans' Asylum, was opened ... night, as announced, in the George ... barracks. There was a very large attendance, and no doubt the opening ... has proved very successful. The ... band played in the barracks ... the evening.

☞ Another lot of those wonderfully ... French Merinoes, worth 3s. 9d. for ... 6d., and worth 2s. 6d. for 2s., in all the ... colours, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE for October is for ... by Messrs. J. Durie & Son. Among ... many interesting and instructive ... which as usual fill the pages of ... "Maga" is one on "The Fenian Raid ... the Colonial Office," which will be read ... with special interest.

☞ Effects of the war! Great sacrifice ... Silks! Garland, Mutchmor & Co. secur... a parcel at the low prices. Good ordin... Black Silk at 3s. 6d., 3s. 9d., 4s. and ... per yard. Beautiful Lyons gros grains ... 3d., 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 9d., and 10s.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—T. C. ..., Charlottetown, P.E.I.; J. R. London, ...ontreal; James Maclane, Buckingham; ... R. Moore, Montreal; T. S. Wadsworth, ... C. Treston, do; Alex. Acheson, do; ... Osborne, Sand Point; T. Glover, Montreal; B. Auerbach, do; J. Davis, Toronto; ... C. Edwards, Rockland.

☞ Flannels, Lancashire, Walsh, Ante... ...matic, Saxony and Canadian, in a great ... variety of colors and prices, from 1s. ..., all excellent value, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see ... Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves ... stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see ... yourselves. Lumbermen and country ... merchants come and see. The most com... ...ate House in this Line in the Capital. ... Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks ... street. 1486 2m.

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT.—We are ... given to understand a grand promenade concert will be the opening feature of the St. Patrick's Hall popular readings this ... The readings at the above Hall were ... weekly and on Wednesday evenings last ... winter, and it is the intention of the Man... ...ing Committee to have them during the coming winter on same evenings. The ... readings at the St. Patrick's Hall have ... been named "popular readings," and well ... deserved that name. In a few days ... place and date of the concert will be ... stated through the columns of our paper.

AN ADVENTURE.—A story is told by the ... Aylmer *Times* which, if true, is certainly ... noteworthy adventure, and one which ... speaks much for the bravery of the young ... It says that one day last week as ... boys were out hunting in the bush ... a mile from Aylmer, they came ... across a bear, but three of the party be... frightened immediately ran away, ... leaving the youth with his dog to face the bear. The bear took hold of the dog and ... was killing it, when the young boy walked ... up and stuck a jack-knife through the brute's heart killing him instantly. The hero is Bassil Leggo, of Ottawa.

POLICE COURT.—Monday morning.—James Wilson was charged by Constable Switzer with interfering with him in Sparks street on Saturday night, when taking a drunken man to the Station. Wilson tried to rescue the prisoner by seizing the Constable round the neck and trying to strike him. The prisoner urged as a plea that he was so drunk he did not know what he was doing. He was fined five dollars and costs or four weeks in jail.

Michael J. Whelan, drunk on Sparks street at eleven o'clock, p.m. on Saturday night. Fined two dollars and costs.

Thomas Elgar, a countryman, was charged with drunkenness. The prisoner was driving a team on Rideau street, but not being able to manage them, was taken into custody. Fined two dollars.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—Yesterday, about 9.30 a.m., a very painful accident occurred in Messrs. Currier & Co's steam mill, Canal Basin. John Moxley had his right hand cut off by the circular saw used for ripping boards. It appears he was about oiling the machinery of the saw, when the unfortunate accident occurrred. He had sent a boy for the can of oil, and standing at one side of the saw he put his hand over it, to clean away some saw dust on the other side. Whilst his hand was in that position the saw caught his shirt, drawing down and severing the hand all but a small bit of flesh and skin by which it hung. The wrist was not cut straight across, but obliquely reaching in a slant from the wrist about three inches or more up the arm. The unfortunate man was only a couple of months in the employ of Messrs. Currier & Co., and is a married man with family. The arm was amputated by Dr. Grant shortly after the accident. He is a powerful man and endured the operation well.

Special Meeting.

At a special meeting of the City Council held last evening in the City Hall, for the purpose of considering the question of Water Works, the following members were present: His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen Featherston, Pratt, May, Bangs, McDougal, Heney, Cunningham and Goulden.

His Worship the Mayor, in explaining the object of the meeting, said they were disappointed in one thing—the unavoidable absence of Mr. Keefer. The question of Water Works for the city of Ottawa had been agitated for many years; some were against them, some for them; some for one kind, and some for another, but now it was certain that water works of some kind were needed in Ottawa, and the question should immediately be brought before the people. Ottawa was behind other cities of the Dominion, as regards city conveniences and accommodation. Hamilton had water works constructed when it had a population of 25,000, and though the consequent taxes were heavily felt by the people for some time, they would not now, under any circumstances do without them. The water works of Hamilton cost $1,200,000, while those for Ottawa, which affords great facilities for their construction, could be constructed according to the calculation of reliable persons, for $400,000. He thought Ottawa was now generally in favour of water works. There were two ways by which they could be constructed, either by a private company, who should be given a charter for the purpose by a Committee of Corporation or a Commission.

Ald. Heney thought it would be better to postpone the proceedings in connection with the water works until Mr. Keefer could be present.

Ald. Featherstone thought that in discussing the question they should not lose sight of that part which referred to the manner in which they should be carried out—whether they should be built by a private company, commission, or by a committee composed of members of the Council. He would not take up the question as to what kind of water works they should have, until Mr. Keefer be present, as he did not wholly concur in that gentleman's report.

Ald. Cunningham in moving the following resolution, stated that there was an impression generally in the city that water works would be something like the gas works—that it would tax the whole of the people of the city for the benefit of a few. This was a false impression, as the gas was used only by those in the principal streets, and the Gas Company knowing that private houses would not take it do not lay pipes through streets where there are principally private residences. But the water works would be directed as much as possible to private residences.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Goulden, that in the opinion of this Council it is desirable to have an act prepared for the construction of water works in this city, to be submitted to the Legislature of Ontario at its ensuing session, and that in said act provision be asked for the appointment of Commissioners, to whom would be left the scheme for water supply, and all other matters connected therewith, subject, of course, to the approval of the ratepayers as to the kind of works to be erected and the cost thereof.—Carried.

Ald. McDougal would give the contract of constructing the water works to Mr. Keefer.

Ald. Bangs thought that the paying of a commission and an engineer or two would result pretty expensively.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. May, that this Council having resolved that it is expedient to construct water works by commissioners, therefore that it do now go into Committee of the Whole, with his Worship in the Chair, on the draft of the bill to be submitted to the Legislature of Ontario for said purpose.—Carried.

The Council accordingly went into Committee, and read over the several clauses of the Hamilton Bill on which arose little discussion. Some slight amendments were proposed, which, if held good, will be embodied in the draft of the bill for Ottawa.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off.

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins' (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

—OF THE—

☞ PROVINCE OF ONTARIO ☜

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Sec. C. C. R. Co.

Ottawa, Oct 18, 1870. 1488tf

BAZAAR.

THE ANNUAL BAZAAR

in aid of the

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM,

Will open this morning, and continue during the week, in the Barracks, formerly the British Hotel, corner of Sussex and George streets.

Donations in aid of the same, will be thankfully received by the Lady Managers.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870. 1495tf

ADDITIONAL STOCK

RE-ORDERED

—BY—

ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Are now receiving large lots of new GOODS, re-ordered by Cable and Mail from BRITAIN, to fill up lines sold out in September.

Their Stock will be again very complete in all the Departments this week.

They invite special attention to their Stock of

BLACK and COLOURED SILKS,

Fancy DRESS GOODS, in all the Fashionable Materials,

RIBBONS,

LACES,

GLOVES,

HOSIERY,

SHAWLS,

MILLINERY

and MANTLES,

PRINTS,

COTTONS,

SHEETINGS,

BLANKETS and

FLANNELS,

All purchased in the best Markets, under every possible advantage.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47 SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins to hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL

AND

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over the Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4.40 p. m.

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 13 1870. 1460tf

MONEY TO LEND.

Apply to R S CASSELS,
Wellington street.

Ottawa, Oct 3 1870. 1490 4

AUTUMN. 1870.

"THE GOLDEN LION,"

SPARKS STREET.

Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in

HATS,

BONNETS,

FEATHERS,

Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c

Fashionable Velveteen Hats.

From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets,

$1.50 upwards

New Paris Jackets,

In Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Underclothing,

A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods,

A complete Stock.

☞ R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

☞ FALL AMD WINTER STOCK, ☜

And are showing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c.

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES

HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

☞ OUR STOCK ☜

—of—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS,
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Box and Parlor Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen's Supplies, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

NEW GROCERY S

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND YORK STREETS.

J. M. C. DE LES DERNIERS

HAS OPENED A

NEW GROCERY STORE

In the above named Premises, in which will be found a full supply of all articles of the Trade, all new, and of first class quality. Having been selected by himself, he can guarantee their excellence. As the

GOODS WERE CASH PURCHASES

They can be sold at a less figure than if bought on credit. They consist in part of

WINES,

LIQUORS,

SCOTCH ALES, and

PORTER,

TEAS,

SUGARS,

(in variety)

TOBACCOS,

FISH, (dried and salted),

PICKLES,

SAUCES,

And a variety of other articles too numerous to mention, and such as can be found only in a

☞ *First Class Grocery Establishment.* ☜

Mr. De les Derniers, having an extensive country connection, is in constant receipt of Butter, Eggs and other Farm Products, and has now on hand ... hundred packages of

SUPERIOR QUALITY FAMILY BUTTER,

Which he offers for Sale at a very low rate.

☞ Remember the place—Corner of SUSSEX and YORK streets, in Messrs. Kearns & Ryan's Old Stand.

An inspection of the Goods is respectfully desired.

J. M. C. DE les DERNIERS,
Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

Ottawa, 18th Oct, 1870. 1490tf

COAL VASES, PERDONIANS, and SCUTTLES, of beautiful patterns, at
ESMONDE'S.

THE largest and best assortment of COAL STOVES, at
ESMONDE'S.

CUTLERY, WOODEN WARE, WILLOW WARE and BRUSHES, at
ESMONDE'S.

LAMPS, GLOBES, CHIMNEYS, and COAL OIL, wholesale and retail, at
ESMONDE'S.

JAPANNED, TIN, IRON, and Enamelled ware, at
ESMONDE'S.

DUMB STOVES, GALLOWS PIPES, and all improvements in STOVE PIPING, at
ESMONDE'S.

MONTREAL STOVE PIPE VARNISH, the best in use, at
ESMONDE'S.

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree. Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON,
Master at Ottawa.

SCOTT & ROSS,
Plaintiff's Solicitors.
Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870. 1495 1d-3w.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-t1N.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to authorize the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 12th, 1870. 1492 1awk-3m

FOR CHEAP

JOB PRINTING

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE

35 Sparks Street,

Ottawa.

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hope by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffee and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try.
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require,
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot),
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for fam... us...

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very 1... ...tage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,

Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,

all kinds.

REEBUR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS. The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general

Groceries,

Wines,

and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for ... A few trials will prove their superiority ... common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.

6th June, 1870.

CANADA PACIFIC

RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leather Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870. 1493 2m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870. 1469tf

L

On Friday, the 21st Oct., at the Race Course, a Silver Mounted Riding WHIP, the gift of a valued friend. The finder will be suitably rewarded, by leaving it at this office.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870. 1495

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of Stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT.

...ull, September 29, 1870. 1476 1mk

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
OTTAWA, 10th Oct., 1870

The Commissioners for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, hereby give public notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the construction of an Engine House, Locomotive Repair Shop, and other buildings, at Moncton, New Brunswick.

Plans and Specifications may be seen on and after 1st NOVEMBER next, at the Railway Office, St. John, and at the office of the Chief Engineer, at Ottawa; and Tenders on a printed form; which will be supplied, marked on envelope "Tender for Buildings," and addressed to the Commissioners, will be received at their Office in Ottawa, up to six o'clock, p.m., on 21st November, 1870.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

1487 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Lake Harbor work," and will be received at this Office until Thursday, the 23th day of November next, for improvement to the following mentioned places:

At CHANTRY ISLAND, Lake Huron, the construction of a Breakwater and Beacon of Crib Work.

At GODERICH, Lake Huron, the Dredging and Pier-work necessary to form a new entrance channel to the Harbor, and the enlargement of the Inner Basin

At ROND EAU, Lake Erie, the enlargement of the channel, deepening a portion of the Basin, and the construction of Entrance Pier, &c.

Plans and specifications of the respective works can be seen at this Office, or at the Custom House, Goderich on and after Monday, the 7th day of November next, where printed forms of Tender can also be obtained.

Tenders may be sent in for the work at one, or all of the places; but they must in all cases be made out in strict accordance with the printed forms

The signatures of two solvent reliable persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN,
Secretary,

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa October 5, 1870. 1484 1

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILO...

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

No. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

TO RENT.

A Dwelling House, containing 10 Rooms, corner of Sussex and St. Patrick's streets, lately occupied by W B Lindsay, Esq.

Possession immediately.

Apply to THOS McKAY,
Flour Store,
Sussex street.

Ottawa, ... 1490 6

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL
ASSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.
INVESTED IN CANADA.................. ....$300,000.
Canada Head Office:—Montreal.
A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Total Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1 2: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d. or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent on the amount of ordinary premiums received will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $460 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,
Agent
1467 3m.

DOMINION
TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,
34 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO, ONT.
ESTABLISHED IN 1868.

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the
TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES
Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is becoming one of the
Permanent Institutions of the Country.
And has turned out
OVER 100 OPERATORS,
Who now fill important positions with
GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address
T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.
Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

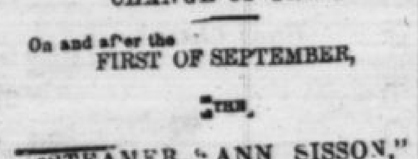
DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
1292f P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.
CHANGE OF TIME.
On and after the
FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,
THE
STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"
Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a.m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer
"JASON GOULD"
Will leave Pembroke Daily at 3 p.m.
The steamer
"SIR JOHN YOUNG"
Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a.m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p.m.
R S CASSELS.
President.
Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144 tf

MR. DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 219tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada
OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.
DIRECTORS:
A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic. Cap. 36.) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY of FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.
T. G. COURSOLLES,
Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks
Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

TO LET.

From the 15th November to the 1st May next, the house at present occupied by Dr. Henry, cor...

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Med
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied. The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS (TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL)

GARDNER'S
QUININE
WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children —it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.
J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER
Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

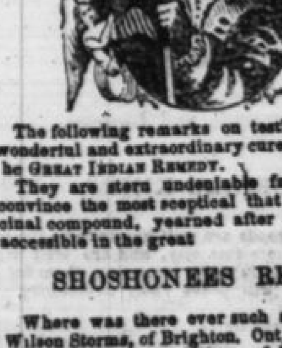
We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. in ... awa

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.
STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great
SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton. Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada;
Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.
MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.
A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.
A F WOOD, J P.
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of ...

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,
For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a
HAIR DRESSING,
nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS.
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS (TRADE MARK) ONLY BY MESSrs. GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.
FOR THE TEETH

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.
Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.
MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London.
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

. All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2aw6m 1awk6m

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
Declared by Connoisseurs
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.
CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 12v1236 law

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.
A GENERAL MEETING
OF THE
SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,
Will be held at the
ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL
ON
Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next,
AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.
W R WORSLE
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office, ...

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liqueurs, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virture of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

The tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order
F BRAUN.
Secretary.
Department of Public Works
Ottawa, October 1, 1870 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

GREAT
CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada.]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.
NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.
Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850	miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736	do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730	do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120	do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau st.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER
—IN—
TEAS AND WINES,
6 HOSPITAL STREET,
MONTREAL.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.
Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of
F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.
Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.
PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.
A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.
1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases
W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.
N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.
THE
Canadian Parliamentary Calendar
AND
Directory for 1870.
To be obtained
1306tf OPE & CO., and
JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.
Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.
Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.
HELLMUTH COLLEGE.
Board and Tuition per annum, $226.
HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE
Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.
PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron
For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 8, 1870. 1 ..1

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

Alkabasar
ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court
It prevents acidity of the Stomach.
It relieves lowness of spirits.
It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.
It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.
It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.
It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.
It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.
It renders the intellect bright and clear.
If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.
By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.
It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.
Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the
ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.
Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.
For directions for use see labels on bottles.
HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co., General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.
PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,
Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old
IRON OR TIN ROOFS,
No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for
SHINGLE ROOFS,
Making them
FIRE AND WATER PROOF,
Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.
Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it

No FRAME DWELLING should be without
Send for circular, instructions, &c.
BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street.
Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.
Low Oven Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.
Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.
Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.
Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.
Elbows.
Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the
"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
35 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LAPS.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.
CHAS. GOULDEN.
Ottawa, August ... 6 3m

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows,

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9 30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1 30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 15 p m

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.
R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS
Superintendent Managing Director.
Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.
BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.
TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869
MAIN LINE
LEAVE BROCKVILLE.
4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4. a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10 00 p m, p m.
LEAVE SANDPOINT
6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.
PERTH BRANCH.
LEAVE PERTH.
5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55
LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.
H. ABBOTT.
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.
Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.
VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN
INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.
RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown.................$100 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown.................35 0
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMERS VIA HALIFAX
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown.................$100 00
Halifax.................20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.................45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown.................30 00
Halifax.................15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.................30 00
Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.
MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA
WHITE BEANS,
At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
...a Ma 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK
—OF—
FEET WARE
AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE
YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competica.
GEORGE MURPHY,

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.
CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870 1369 ...

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and other eruptions or visible forms of Scrofulous disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, and the various Ulcerous affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. Leucorrhoea or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations, and Female Diseases, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. Rheumatism and Gout, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and Jaundice, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are Languid and Listless, Despondent, Sleepless, and troubled with Nervous Apprehensions or Fears, or any of the affections symptomatic of Weakness, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. ... tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always —that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these Pills rapidly cure:—

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For Dysentery or Diarrhoea, but one mild dose is generally required.

For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For Suppression a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a Dinner Pill, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these Pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
Ottawa, August 1, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.
Vice President—Lewis Moffat, Esq.
Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, W T Macdonell, ... Malcolm Cameron, W T ... McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, ... Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, ... J S Crocker, Esq.
Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce
Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J ... NOCK.

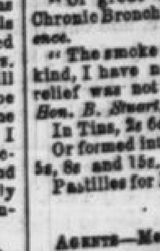
The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as is ... shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of Insurance is not when the premiums are being paid ... losses are being settled, and ... promptness of its settlement ... Insurance Company is ...

Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly ...

It has no adjusted losses ...

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.
1298tf



FOR ASTHMA,
and Chronic Bronchitis.
DATURA TATULA
Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great usefulness."—*Dr. W. Farber.*
"Of great efficacy in cases of ... Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Med...*"
"The smoke causes no nausea. ... kind, I have never known an instance where relief was not obtained."—*General ...*
Hon. B. Stuart.
In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 15s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, ...
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London ...
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., ...

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the Digestion and ASSIMILATION OF COD LIVER OIL, and fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity superior to Pepsine.
Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 4s, 6d, ... and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles ...
N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. ...

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN CAN be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.
Apply at MR. HOWELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.
Ottawa, July 5, 1870.

WANTED
By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business. References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 32, Sparks St., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1497. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

... & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Province of Ontario and Quebec. ... Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, ... F C CLEMOW.

... WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, ... & Ward, has removed his Chancery ... Law Chambers, opposite Russel ...

... LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ... Ottawa. 368y

... Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-st. ... Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

... HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary ... Office—Im... Hotel house, Elgin-st. 43utf

... GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, ... Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the ... JOHN J. GEMMELL.

... & DARTNELL, Barrister ... and Notary Public, Clerk ... Attorney, for the United ... of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the ... 34-6m

... & KIMBER, Barristers and ... at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, ... &c. for the Provinces of Ontario ... Office Buildings, Elgin street, ... REND EDWARD KIMBER.

... SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer ... Office—Lang's Building, Elgin-st., ... the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

... MARA, Architect, Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 967y

... GROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, ... Ottawa. ... GEORGE TAILLON

... TREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post ... 390tf

Medical.

... HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, ... recently occupied by Dr. Mal... & Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

... HILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, ... Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug ... of Sapper's Bridge. Office ... p. m. ... given to the treatment ... EAR. At night can ... Murray street.

... LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and ... Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-...

... MARTIN, Dentist. Office— ... Ottawa. 34utf

Hotels and Saloons.

... HOUSE, ... STREET, ... NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851. ... and transient boarders accommodated ... every attention paid to their comfort. JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

... HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., ... Court House and Public Offices, ST. ... HOUGHTON, Proprietor. (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) ... sample-room for commercial ... 859y

... HUTCHISON, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, Sparks Street. ... "TIMES" OFFICE.

... is fully prepared to supply ... or to insert single Teeth ... either gold, silver or vulcanite ... fitting so closely and easily to ... capable of all the uses to ... are applied, without the ... to the wearers, and after ... without even a con... of a substance origin... the mouth. ... the removal of painful ... during the operation of extracting ... has introduced into ... the Nitrous Oxide or ... which the sufferer inhales without ... and loses his tooth as it ...

... any day, except Sunday, ... to 6 p. m. ... September 2, 1870

... FOX. ... COMMISSION AGENT, ... next to the City Hotel Ottawa. ... patronage of the Lumber Merchants ... Ottawa. From his long experience ... offers his services in engaging ... their rafts while passing ... his ability. REFERENCES. Walter Smith, Esq. R W Cruise, Esq. 1324t.

... DOWARD, Organist, Christ ... of Organ, Piano and Singing ... street. Mr. Doward was ... Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr ... Worcester Cathedral, England. 1366y

... Cherry Pectoral, ... of the Throat and Lungs, ... Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

... never before in the whole history of ... anything won so widely and so deeply ... confidence of mankind, as this excellent ... pulmonary complaints. Through a long ... and among most of the races of ... higher and higher in their estimation ... become better known. Its uniform ... power to cure the various affections ... and throat, have made it known as a reliable ... against them. While adapted to ... disease and to young children, it is ... the most effectual remedy that can ... incipient consumption, and the dangerous ... the throat and lungs. As a pro... sudden attacks of Croup, it should ... in every family, and indeed as all ... subject to colds and coughs, all ... with this antidote for them. ... Consumption is thought in... numbers of cases where the disease ... have been completely cured, ... restored to sound health by the ... So complete is its mastery ... of the Lungs and Throat, that ... of them yield to it. When noth... them, under the Cherry Pec... subside and disappear. ... Public Speakers find great pro...

... always relieved and often wholly ... is generally cured by taking the ... in small and frequent doses. ... are its virtues known that we need ... certificates of them here, or do more ... the public that its qualities are fully ...

... 's Ague Cure,

... and Ague, Intermittent Fever, ... Remittent Fever, Dumb ... or Bilious Fever, &c., ... all the affections which arise ... marsh, or miasmatic ...

... implies, it does Cure, and does not ... Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, ... mineral or poisonous substance ... injure any patient. The ... of its cures in the ague dis... beyond account, and we believe ... in the history of Ague medicine. ... by the acknowledgments we ... radical cures effected in obstinate ... other remedies had wholly failed. ... persons, either resident in, or ... through miasmatic localities, will be pro... AGUE CURE daily. ... Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity ... excellent remedy, stimulating ... and Liver Complaints, it is ... producing many truly ... other medicines had failed. ... by J. C. AYER & Co., Practical ... Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold ... BOTTLE.

... GENTLEMAN ... with ... WITHOUT BOARD ... MR. ROWSELL'S, ... site the Union Hotel, ... Centre Town. 1496-...

... a situation as SEAM... -MAKER, in a private ... required. Apply at the ... 1494-...

... printed and published ... TIMES PRINTING AND PUB... the Office 33, Sparks ... Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, ... rector.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Hostman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.

Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.

Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.

Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.

Molson's and other Ales.

Sugars and Syrups, all grades.

Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time for bargains. 1165

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

C MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES.

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.

"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.

"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.

"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M. R. C. S.

"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 31s.

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N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

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B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantal, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

the Village of Kenmore,

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIS,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1459 3aw27l

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 31, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotick, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.

Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454-l&w37tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIOR,
Corner of O'Connor and Wellington Streets.

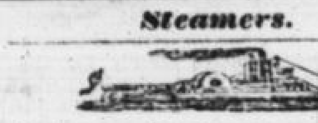
Ottawa, August 13, 1870 1433tf

BOARD.

A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.

Ottawa, September 19 1870 66tf

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA."

CAPT. BOWIE.

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

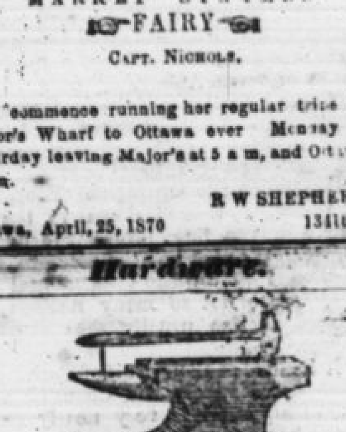
CAPT. NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1311tf

Hardware.



SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field Silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street.

Ottaw 24th June, 1870,

BLYTH & KERR.

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanised Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Ocoola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deal Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c, &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

STOVES.

Buy Them and Save 20 Per Cent,

AT ESMONDE BROS.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.t

EAU DE VIE BLANC,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavouring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE,

A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do ...... 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ...... 4 00 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:30 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 3:00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at .... 3:45 p m

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 6.00 a m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at .... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N. S., respectively at 4 p m. They has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street

A & A STAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at ...... 9 00 a m

NIGHT, do do ...... 8 00 p m

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations ...... 7 00 a m

Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations ...... 5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 3 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at ...... 7 10 a m

Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at ...... 9 00 a m

Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at ...... 3 45 p m

Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at ...... 6 00 a m

Do do do do ...... 4 00 p m

Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces ...... 1 30 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

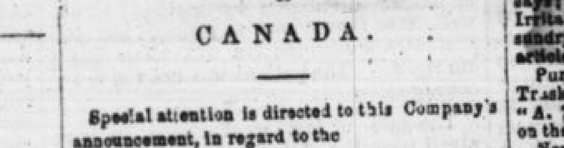
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 34131f



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations,

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1127tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
11.15		8.00	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		4.00
6.00			Montreal, by Steamer			
11.15			Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		4.00
7.30		8.00	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.45		7.30
11.15		8.00	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	9.45		4.00
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.			6.30
5.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	8.00		6.30
5.00		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	11.00	
7.30	11.00	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	9.45		4.00
11.15	11.15		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Barritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		
			North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		
7.30			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.00		1.00
8.00		4.30	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway			1.00
8.00			For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway			
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays			5.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, 12th Oct., 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING, GO TO LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

PARIS.

The correspondent of the *Morning Post* writes from Paris: "We are rapidly getting reduced to seige diet. The fresh fish, after holding out for a much longer time than I should have thought possible, has now followed the example of butter and eggs, and disappeared entirely except in a salted form, of which the mere memory is enough to scrape the roof of one's mouth. Vegetables at present show but little signs of exhaustion, and bread is as much at discretion as ever, which is comforting, for we are told by authority, and in these times the mere assertion of authority is proof positive, that bread and wine is all that is required to maintain us in health, at any rate in health enough to be fired at by the Prussians. Meantime, dining at my cheap restaurant, I strongly suspect my *filet de bœuf* to be horse, and I know that my cucumber is at least turnip, if nothing worse. Probably there are still favoured spots in Paris where every delicacy or every season is still to be found, but few, indeed, are those who can pay their footing there. We are all as poor as church mice. Ready money is a thing that scarcely exists, and there are many very smart young men who cannot muster fifty francs to keep them through the siege. The Government has extended the blessed system of credit by decreasing that nobody need pay their rent when it is due, which is so far a relief to all but those who have rents to receive. One can get trusted, too, as a rule, at one's restaurant, when once known, but these little reliefs go but a short way after all, and the Parisians have set themselves, as gaily as is their wont, to be poor with grace and to pare and economise in every direction. As for a few English who are left, their only resource when all the cash is gone will be to take possession of the two months' supply of provisions which Lord Lyons has left behind him in the cellars of the embassy. They can excuse themselves by the reflection that he would be certain to ask them to dinner if he were still here."

PROCLAMATION AGAINST COWARDICE.

The following proclamation was issued by the French Minister of War after the affair at Clamart, in which a battalion of Zouaves broke their ranks:

"Citizens,—The cannon is sounding. The supreme moment has arrived. Since the day of the Revolution Paris is upstanding and in full vigor. All, without distinction of classes or of parties, display the most manly resolution. All of you have taken up arms to save both the Republic and France. You have within the last few days given the most manifest proof of your manly resolution. You have not allowed yourself to be disturbed either by the cowardly or the lukewarm. You have given way to neither unreasonable excitement nor to despondency; you have coolly faced the multitude of assailants. The first strokes of war will find you equally calm and intrepid, and if runaways should come, as to-day, to bring into the city disorder, panic and falsehood, you will remain immovable, feeling assured that the court martial which has just been established for the trial of cowards and deserters will be able efficiently to protect the public safety and the national honor. Let us, then, remain united, each resting on the other, ready to march under fire, and let us show ourselves the worthy sons of those who, amid the most fearful dangers, never despaired of the safety of the country.

"GAMBETTA."

WAR NOTES.

An address to King William is circulating in Berlin begging him no longer to expose himself to the dangers and the hardships of the war in the way he has hitherto done.

A proclamation by the German authorities in Alsace and German Lorraine announces that the arrangements for elementary education hitherto existing will be continued, except that the academies at Strasbourg and Nancy will cease to appoint inspectors. The teachers are directed to apply themselves with zeal and affection in the training of the youth.

The state of things in the south of France does not appear to be satisfactory. Some twelve hundred Franc-tireurs, who had been sent from Paris to Orleans, arrived at Tours, having compelled the station master to give them a special train. They came to complain of their commander, whom they accused of cowardice and of stopping their pay. The commander was wounded.

The commandant of Bitsche seems as determined to hold that fortress as General Uhrich held Strasbourg. To a request of the mayor that he would allow the inhabitants, men as well as women and children, to leave or deliver up the fortress, as otherwise the town would be destroyed, he replied that the fate of the town did not matter to him, he would defend the fortress to the last man.

The Lorraine *Moniteur* contains a proclamation by the Prussian Governor, calling upon the government officials to resume their functions. No oath or disclaimer of national feeling will be required of them; they are simply expected not to be hostile and to obey orders. Those who do not comply within three days lose their salaries. The judges are required to administer justice in the name of the Emperor, as the Republican Government is not recognized by the German Powers.

"At Cayle, between Meaux and Paris," says a German letter from Ferriers, "the Mobile Guards and Chasseurs d'Afrique, as well as bands of Franc-Tireurs—who on account of their confusion of *meum* and *tuum* are called Franc-voleurs—by the well-to-do French here—plundered the country villas of the Parisians. What they could not take away they destroyed. I mention this in order that hereafter the Paris papers may not set it to our account, and denounce us before the world as German barbarians."

A French man-of-war sailing off Dover lately, about six miles out at sea, suspecting a screw steamer to be a Prussian, demanded her colours. The steamer refused to show them, and the Frenchman then fired upon her. She tried to escape, but the man-of-war, giving chase, came up with her and sent officers on board to examine her papers. These, it is supposed, were found to be perfectly satisfactory, and the screw was allowed to pass on her way. The whole scene was witnessed from the Admiralty Pier at Dover.

The German field telegraphs are of three kinds, called respectively flying, provisional, and permanent telegraphs. The first consists of wires surrounded with gutta-percha, which are paid out on the ground. These are adapted for level ground; but where it is hilly or wooded the second class are used. In these the wires are of iron, and are affixed to the trees or to pegs placed in the ground by means of light insulators. The permanent telegraphs are constructed in the ordinary manner by a department intrusted with the duty.

Lumber dealers should patronize the horse cars, as every time they ride they can get a board.

The environs of Paris are in ruins, from the gates of Neuilly to Ternes; all the houses are destroyed. The chapel raised in memory of the Duke of Orleans has been respected; all the trees are cut down except two cypress trees upon which the inscription, "Il est defendu de toucher ces arbres," has been placed by order of the military engineers.

FUN AND MISCELLANY.

A Welcome Hob-goblin—The teakettle.

The Best Music—Overtures of Peace.

An attached couple—An oyster shell.

Over the hills—The skies.

The "Right" Hand—The upper hand.

High Game—Weathercocks.

King William asks no Favres from the French.

Clerical Errors—Three-quarters of an hour sermons.

When is a lot o' corn like a corner lot? When it's ground.

Precious Stones—Those of the forts round Paris.

When reporters are short of time all they have to do is to make a few minutes.

The nation which produces most marriages must be fascination.

A "shocking" thing—An electric Battery.

Novel readers—Those who decipher Egyptian hieroglyphics.

A Universal "Book of Words" for all songs—The dictionary.

When does a monarch shower blessings on his people?—When he rains.

The Cricketer's chief study—The bat.

How to build a House for Nothing—Use Freestone.

Mrs. Partington says she gets up every morning at the shrill crow of the chandelier.

A young man at a recent fire threw away a pail of water because it was too hot to do any good.

At what time of life may a man be said to belong to the vegetable kingdom? When long experience has made him sage.

When will there be no more blockades When there are no more blockheads.

To Anglers—If you can get no "sport" at one part of a river, "'hook' it" to another one.

Sincerity—Grace: I am going to see Clara to-day. Have you any message? Charlotte: I wonder how you can visit such a dreadful girl. Give her my love.

A Good Wish—May the Rhine, the "Region of the Vine," be henceforth free from grape-shot!

An old agricultural laborer in England tried a muscular method of evangelizing his family. Being remonstrated with by the pastor for not "bringing up" his boys as he should, he replied: "I dunnow 'ow 'tis, sir; I order 'em down to pray night and mornin', and when they won't go down I knocks 'em down, and yet they ain't good!"

A Rustic Idea of Art—Farmer: What d'ye want? Youthful Artists: Please, sir, may we draw your house? Farmer: Draw my 'ouse—go along with ye! 'Taint built on wheels.

It is probable that General Burnside will be able to get the Americans remaining in Paris out of it. To this will be limited the successes of his efforts and the result of his labors as modiator.

Bombonnel, the famous panther-hunter, is organizing at Dijon a company of Franc-tireurs (free shooters).

The death at Mars la Tour of Henry XVII., Prince Reuss, from a grenade shot, was instantaneous, his body being torn to pieces and hurled to a wide distance.

Two Irishmen were travelling, when they stopped to examine a guide board. "Twelve miles to Portland," said one. "Just six miles apiece," said the other. And they trudged on, apparently satisfied at the small distance.

The 9th Cuirassiers (French), who, out of 800 men, only came out of the battle of Reischoffen with 80, has entirely refilled its ranks with contingents from the dragoons, chasseurs, and hussars.

Prussia will demand as the terms of peace that the German frontier shall be the line of the Moselle, including Metz. So runs the official announcement from Berlin of yesterday. Clearly Prussia did not make war for an idea.

The Prussian printing office is now busy making postage stamps for the North German post offices on French soil. They are the same in form as those of the North German Confederation, but give the amount in French currency.

Several of the eyeless fish of the Mammoth Cave of Kentucky, brought thence by Dr. Mapother, have been added to the collection in the Dublin Zoological Society's Gardens. They were caught on August 18 in Echo river, four miles and a half from the sole entrance of the cave.

A series remarkable of falls has been, it is said, found in the Yellowstone river, in Montana Territory. According to the accounts we get, the river is several hundred yards wide. Within sixty yards above the first falls, it makes three plunges, respectively ten, fifteen and twenty feet in height. At the brink it has narrowed down to about thirty yards in width, and gushing in one huge volume of froth between two bowlders fifty feet in height, it is almost lost from sight in the mists of the canon below, the perpendicular height of the fall being a hundred and twenty feet. At its foot the water strikes a shelving rock, and shoots out horizontally a distance of twenty feet. Rushing on through a deep and narrow gorge a third of a mile, the river widens out to forty yards and takes a second plunge, falling this time a distance of three hundred and fifty feet, or more than twice that of Niagara. The water here enters a chasm eighteen miles long, and varying in depth from seven hundred to fifteen hundred feet. So deep is this gorge that the roar of the cataract can scarcely be heard a quarter of a mile distant, and so steep are the banks that the foot of the falls is wholly inaccessible.

The ex-Queen Isabella of Spain has settled near Geneva. She has a fine residence near the lake. The Prince de Joinville is in Geneva.

General Prosperity.

From the Kingston News.

Canada is undoubtedly prosperous. From one end of the Dominion to the other there is contentment based upon material prosperity and on the fullest political liberty. In Ontario the evidences of prosperity are to be seen on every side, and confessions of a prosperous condition are abundant. Both natural and artificial causes are contributing to this fortunate state of things. The agricultural industry of the country, which is so important as the leading occupation of the people, has of late years been very profitable; good harvests and good prices having both combined to reward the agriculturalist. Some other industries as lumbering, salt boiling, petroleum mining and refining, have attained a great development within the past few years, and have contributed their part to the general prosperity. The railway extensions are doing an important part in Ontario. Confederation, by its artificial and political advantages in facilitating interprovincial trade, is doing much to develope commerce and manufacture. The restrictions upon foreign coal are undoubtedly beneficial to Nova Scotia and the freedom of the tariff between the Upper and Maritime Provinces is in turn of great advantage to the manufacturers of Ontario and Quebec. The influx of immigration is another element of our prosperity upon which their prosperity so created is sure to react and excite. Immigration will continue to be attracted to Canada and more especially to Ontario as long as we can show such good results.

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
Brown's Bronchial Troches.
Wanted—Furnished Rooms.
Wanted—A Carrier Boy.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 38, Sparks Street

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1870.

Mr. Chandler went east yesterday.

Mr. Brydges left town yesterday morning.

Mr. Dixon, Emigration Agent, arrived yesterday from Toronto.

We understand that Section No. 10, of the Intercolonial Railway has been given to Mr. Duncan McDonald, of Montreal, who has already very successfully performed the work on Section No. 8. The amount of his tender was $400,000. Messrs. G. W. Charland & Co., of Quebec, have, we believe, obtained the contract for Section 21—$441,271. Messrs. Cumming & Co., of Londonderry, N.S., for Section 22 at $331,000, and Messrs. Sutherland Grant & Co., for Section 23 at $276,750.

Truly the *Globe* must be at its wits ends to find some charge to bring against Mr. Brydges. The latest novelty is that "a year or two ago Mr. Brydges was pleased to issue his ukase to the *employés* of the Grand Trunk Railway, graciously permitting them to vote as they chose in a Montreal election, as he intended to remain neutral."

The *Globe* then asks—"In the name of all that is preposterous, why should the manager of a so-called commercial company have said either one thing or the other to, not *his* servants, but his fellow-servants, on political matters? If the "Manager" had chosen *not* to be neutral, what then?"

It is certainly unwise on the part of our contemporary to refer to the subject. Has he forgotten a certain election which occurred three years ago, not in Montreal, but considerably nearer Toronto, at which the General Manager of an important railway company did *not* remain neutral? Others have not forgotten, if the *Globe* has, how hundreds of *employees*, some of them holding prominent positions, were compelled to vote against their convictions, and, in more than one instance, in direct violation of pledges and promises given. But then this act of tyranny was perpetrated in the interests of the Opposition, and therefore, according to our contemporary's notions, was perfectly justifiable. The management of that line has ever since been lauded to the skies in the columns of the *Globe*, and fatal accidents and smash ups and crash ups have been passed by unnoticed.

AN APPEAL AND THE RESPONSE.

When the profane Athenian called upon the gods to bear witness to the truth of what he had uttered, the old legend records that they replied in a totally unexpected and exceedingly disagreeable manner; the man was struck dumb as a punishment for his falsehood and impiety. The Hon. George Brown called on the press and people of Canada to bear witness to the truth of what he had stated concerning the management of the Grand Trunk Railway. They have replied, but the answer is an altogether different one to that which Mr. Brown expected. From all parts of the country, from journals of all shades of political opinion the answer has come, but instead of upholding Mr. Brown in his malicious attack, the opinion is expressed almost universally that it is prompted solely by personal and political spite, that the Grand Trunk Railway was never in better order, never served the country more satisfactorily than at present, and that whether it is to enable buyers to attend the sale of Mr. Brown's stock at Bow Park or to carry people from Portland to Sarnia, there is every desire existing on the part of the management to promote the interests and attend to the convenience of the public as far as possible.

The truth is that the *Globe* has gone too far; it has overshot its mark. Had its attacks been a little more moderate, if envy, hatred, malice, and all uncharitableness had not been exhibited so prominently and unmistakably, people might have thought there was something in them; they might have believed that they were actuated by a sincere desire to serve the Canadian public and the Grand Trunk shareholders, instead of being dictated solely by a personal dislike for Mr. Brydges. But the attack has been characterized by such evident malignity, so filled with spiteful venom, that, to the honour of the Canadian press be it spoken, with the exception of one obscure weekly paper, so far as we know Mr. Brown's organ has not had a single follower or supporter. Consequently, according to the *Globe's* definition of papers and editors who disagree with it, ninety-nine papers out of every hundred in Canada are "subsidized organs" and ninety-nine out of every hundred editors are "scribes" and "scribblers." Mr. Brown has not been struck dumb with shame and amazement, as he well might have been in consequence of the manner in which the public journals of this country have responded to his appeal; through the columns of his mouthpiece he still raves with frantic zeal against Mr. Brydges and the Grand Trunk. But like a pugilist who has received a telling blow he strikes wildly and aimlessly. The arrival and departure of every train at Toronto is noted with the utmost care, and if an express comes in late there is rejoicing in the *Globe* office, and forthwith a ponderous editorial of at least a column in length is concocted, in the hope of injuring an enterprize in which, according to our contemporary's own admission, Canada has $15,000,000 at stake. Such are the political tactics of the Toronto *Globe*.

The site for the Glasgow University Hospital has now been determined on lying immediately to the west of the University grounds.

AN EVENTFUL YEAR.

The year which is now fast drawing to a close will long be remembered as one noted for the unexpected political events which have transpired since its commencement, as well as for strange natural phenomena. One of the most powerful Empires of the world has been shaken to its foundation and its Monarch driven from his throne; the Pope has been robbed of his temporal power, and the red, white and green flag of Italian nationality floats over the castle of St. Angelo; earthquakes have occurred in all quarters of the globe; immense fires have raged in the cities and forests of the old and new world, such as have scarcely ever been known before; strange diseases have appeared in Spain and elsewhere; vampires are said to have sucked the life blood from men, women, and children in Hungary; a fearful massacre of Christians has taken place in China, and other events of a strange and startling nature have rendered the year 1870 a remarkable one. An English divine thinks that he sees in all this an indication of the near approach of the end of the world. The fact is, however, unfortunately, that many such years, filled with a record of bloodshed, misery and crime, have gone before into the abyss of time, though it is questionable whether during the life time of the present generation so strange and eventful a year has been known.

NORTH WEST IMMIGRATION AID SOCIETY

We have received a circular from the North West Immigration Aid Society of Canada, which was organized in Toronto in August last. The object of this society is to promote emigration to the Province of Manitoba and the North West territories, to prepare and direct the publication of information as to the best and cheapest routes for emigrants to the North West, to make arrangements with railway and steamboat lines for a system of through tickets for passengers and freight, to encourage the formation of emigration companies, to appoint proper agents *en route*, to establish branch associations throughout the Dominion, to communicate and make arrangements with the General and Local Governments for the prompt settlement of emigrants upon lands in the North West, and to take such other measures as may seem best calculated to promote the object which the society has in view. When the land policy of the new province shall be fully determined, and the tide of immigration has commenced to set in that direction, we have no doubt that this society will accomplish many beneficial results.

THE CITY COLLECTOR.

As we promised yesterday we give below the sections from the Thirty Second of Victoria, Chap. 36, of the Statutes of Ontario, which show pretty conclusively the awkward position in which the City Collector has placed himself.

Section 103.—On or before the fourteenth of December in every year, or on such day in the next year not later than the first of April, as the Council of the municipality may appoint, every Collector shall return his roll to the Treasurer or Chamberlain, and shall pay over the amount payable to such Treasurer or Chamberlain, specifying in a separate column on his roll how much of the whole amount paid over is on account of each separate rate: and shall make oath before the Treasurer or Chamberlain that the date of the demand of payment and transmission of statement and demand of taxes, required by sections ninety-four and ninety-six in each case, has been stated truly by him in the roll.

Section 104. In case the Collector fails or omits to collect the taxes, or any portion thereof by the day appointed or to be appointed as in the last preceding section mentioned, the Council of the city, town, village, or township may, by resolution, authorize the Collector, or some other person in his stead, to continue the levy and collection of the unpaid taxes, in the manner and with the powers provided by law for the general levy and collection of taxes; but no such resolution or authority shall alter or affect the duty of the Collector to return his roll, or shall, in any manner whatsoever, invalidate or otherwise affect the liability of the Collector or his sureties.

NO CITY OR SCHOOL FUNDS ON HAND!

On Monday a gentleman of this city proceeded with a couple of school teachers' cheques to the office of the City Chamberlain to have them cashed. After a minute inquiry, that functionary handed him back one of them, for $25, saying he could not pay it; but stating he would cash the other, amounting to $3.75. Yesterday morning, with renewed courage, the same party went to the office of our City Treasurer, and found it closed. A notice, however, was pinned upon the door, which read as follows:

"OPEN IN TWENTY MINUTES.
NO CITY, OR SCHOOL FUNDS ON HAND."

As a great number of these cheques fall into the hands of city brokers at a somewhat "pound of flesh" shave, we presume this significant notice was simply addressed to that fraternity, and not to the public who are constantly treated with disregard.

Again we ask the question, "Where is the money?"

WAR TELEGRAMS.

The following is about the only true condensation we can make of the war telegrams received at present:—

Tours, 23.—General Bazaine has cut his way through the Prussian lines.

Tours, 24.—General Bazaine yesterday, in Metz, declined to recognize the Republic, and was shot.

London, 23.—A balloon despatch from Paris states that France will not cede one inch of territory.

New York, 24.—A special to the N. Y. *World* says that M. Thiers has gone to the Prussian headquarters to negotiate the cession of Strasbourg and Metz, with a view to peace.

Tours, 23.—The Prussian attack on Orleans was gallantly repulsed by the soldiers of the Guarde Mobile and the Franc Tireurs, the latter fighting like lions. The enemy was 95,000 strong.

Tours, 24th.—Our forces at Orleans were forced to fall back yesterday, and the city fell into the hands of the enemy, whose artillery fire was frightful.

Paris, 23rd.—A balloon despatch says the city is victualled for a six months' siege.

Versailles, 23rd.—Deserters from Paris report food getting scarce and the lower classes riotous for bread.

Tours, 24th.—The voice of the people is the voice of the nation. The nation will not die, but will live. *Vive la Republique.*

Versailles, 24.—A special from King William holds out no hope for the existence of the Republic. If the nation is to be saved, peace must be made and made by the people.

Marseilles, 23.—Garibaldi, with his foot in a sling, left the city yesterday for the army of the Lyons. He was accompanied by the Irish Patriot Army, numbering 24 able-bodied men, and the Franc-tireurs of this city, to the number of 16.

London, 23.—Garibaldi is in Tours suffering severely from ill health. It is thought he will be incapacitated from taking any active part in the struggle for many months.

New York, 24.—A New York *World* special says the presence of Garibaldi with both feet in a sling among the soldiers of the army of the Loire has filled them with enthusiasm.

London, 24.—The *Spectator* of this morning thinks that Garibaldi with his foot in a sling may be said to have his foot in it. If his other foot is wounded, how will he get home?

Improvements of the Approaches to Canada Central Railway.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—In your issue of to-day I notice a brief reference to my communication of yesterday, which runs thus: *"But as long as Pooley's Bridge remains in its present unsafe condition, nothing satisfactory can be accomplished."*

Now, sir, it does appear to me, that that single solitary fact is a cogent reason why the public should be no longer dependent on but one approach to this important locality, and that approach allowed to be in an unsafe condition.

Yours, &c.,
"PROGRESS."

Alleged Discourtesy to Reporters.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—A communication appears in your issue of yesterday over the signatures J. H. Brock and Thomas Marshall, complaining that I had withheld from them "the usual press courtesies," and to which I desire to offer a few words in reply. I did not know Mr. Marshall as reporter for the *Tribune*, he not having applied to me for "the usual press courtesies" for the regular meeting of the Club on the 20th and 21st; and no report having been furnished that paper of the races that took place on those days, I cannot see how he could expect me to grant him "free admission" on the match day, the Club having no control of the race, and their meeting having been ignored by Mr. Marshall. I certainly used the words referred to, but decidedly deny that there was anything either "insolent" or "unjust" about it.

I am, sir, truly yours,
Edward Barber.

More of Preston's Tyranny.

To the Editor of THE TIMES

Sir,—In yesterday's issue you tell your readers that Mr. George Honey Preston, who having been a defaulter towards the city in the sum of $4,000, was nevertheless, afterwards re-appointed Collector of city taxes, cannot upon the expiration of a defined period, make seizures in virtue of his office, but must use the ordinary courts of law for the collection of taxes not previously paid. I am a living witness to the contrary. Ten months after I had left a house on which taxes were assessed, and from which I was legally exempt by written agreement, the premises, which I occupied, being free from taxes, were invaded by Mr. George Honey Preston, and, on my resisting him, I was fined by the Police Magistrate, the seizure of my only shirt declared to be quite constitutional by the County Judge, and the taxes, which, in equity, I should not have paid, under any circumstances, were thus, illegally, as you seem to suppose, wrung out of me.

This is law, as understood and interpreted in Ottawa, by the Police Magistrate and County Judge, and the fact, as thus interpreted, I am sure you will admit, is highly flattering to these gentlemen as lawyers.

I am, sir,
Your obedient very humble servant,
CHEOPS.

Ottawa, 26th Oct., 1870.

Vernon Infantry Correspondence.

Mr. Editor,—I trust you will pardon me when I ask you, in justice to the ladies of this locality, to give place to the following in the Times. A few evenings ago the officers of the Vernon Infantry Company, No. 9, 43rd Battalion, invited the men comprising that corps and a number of their friends to meet them in their drill shed, in order that they might have a social evening after winding up the business of the year. After ample justice had been done to the very excellent refreshments provided, Lieutenant and Quarter-Master Hanna, of Pinegrove cottage, being the only representative Staff Officer of the 43rd Batt. present, was called upon to preside and assist in the carrying out of the second part of the programme, being the presentation, by the ladies of that locality and vicinity, of a very neat and attractive Company flag, manufactured by McEchran, military tailor, Toronto, the cost of which was $50, together with a Union Jack which cost $6. The officers and men took open order and presented arms, when the ladies, with colors uncased and escort approached, Miss Eliza Kennedy then in behalf of the ladies read the following address, and Miss Sarah Anne Campbell presented the colors to Ensign Peter Crerar:

To Captain McGregor, Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates of No. 9, Company, 43rd Batt.:

Gentlemen,—It is with feelings mingled with the deepest pleasure, prompted by love, that we now solicit your attention. The manner in which you, as a Company of Her Majesty's volunteers, have conducted yourselves since your organization in this locality, the loyalty and readiness you displayed when called upon to manifest your devotedness and true patriotic love, has insured to you the warmest love and affection, and as a token of such hearty appropriation we, the ladies in the locality which you individually represent, take much pleasure in presenting you with these company colors together with a Union Jack. Measure not our heartfelt gratitude to you by such a gift, for we feel highly pleased in being thus honored, and as it is now entrusted to your keeping may its colors spur you with fresh zeal in your weary march should you ever be called upon to endure such, and lead you forth with the determination that it never shall be stained by the feet of lawless invaders.

To which the Captain made an appropriate reply, assuring the ladies that they would eneavour to keep the colours as unsullied as were the motives which led to this presentation, and thanking them for the loyal manner in which they manifested their appreciation and approbation of their conduct as volunteers during the last four years, trusting that while they had the honor of having their names enrolled as volunteers for the defence of their homes and country they would still conduct themselves in such a manner as would tend to secure and strengthen the sympathy and harmony which had so long prevailed that the good feelings which thus prompted them to bestow such a very appropriate gift might always remain as pure and unruffled as were the silks in the colors just presented.

After having done justice to the ordinary and loyal toasts, John Stewart, Esq., proposed the Volunteers of Canada, which was ably responded to by Quarter Master Hanna, showing the difficulties against which the Volunteers of Canada had to contend; and how, by the present Militia Act, when properly carried out, these difficulties, in a measure, could be obviated, giving a short sketch relative to the success of the 43rd battalion, while in camp at Prescott.

Duncan McEwen proposed the ladies; responded to by Sergeant Daniel Wytt and Mr. James McArthur, the latter singing one of his favorite Scotch airs.

The remainder of the evening was very pleasantly spent; a few speeches were made by the yeomanry of the locality, with an occasional song, and one very entertaining duet sung in a very expressive manner by Miss Kennedy and Mr. McArthur. The programme having been exhausted, a vote of thanks was tendered to the various speakers and singers, and also to Quartermaster Hanna, for the able and efficient manner in which he discharged his duties as presiding officer of the evening.

The national anthem was then sung in a lively and spirited manner, after which all returned to their homes highly pleased with the evening's entertainment.

A Guest.

North Gower Correspondence.

To the Editor of the TIMES

Dear Sir,—The annual public examination of the pupils attending the Common School at North Gower village took place on the 21st inst., and proved to be one of the most successful and pleasing of the kind ever witnessed at that place. The examinations were commenced at half-past twelve in the afternoon, under the management of Mr. J. H. Forde, the teacher of the school, assisted by Mr. H. A. Craig, teacher Wellington. It was gratifying to observe the promptitude and celerity with which the pupils answered the questions put to them, in the various branches of education taught in the school. The proceedings, on the whole, were most creditable to the teacher, Mr Forde, whose labors most certainly have been very onorous during the year. A large number of parents and friends of the pupils were in attendance, and expressed themselves highly pleased with the manner in which the juveniles acquitted themselves. About four o'clock in the evening the pupils were assembled for the distribution of prizes which were awarded to each, according to their merit in their respective classes. After that the pupils gave some recitations. This part of the entertainment was certainly of no mean order, the pupils of both sexes performing their respective pieces in the most creditable manner, and receiving frequent and well merited applause from the audience. They also sang some beautiful pieces, the performance of which was certainly very creditable, not only to the scholars, but to the teacher under whose instruction they performed their work. The assemblage presented a charming appearance in the children being attired in their holiday finery. Subsequent to this part of the programme Rev. Wm. Lochead, Local Superintendent, briefly addressed the audience. He expressed his high approbation of the trustees and ratepayers of the section for providing for their children such a magnificent school room, and congratulated them very highly on having in their service such an efficient teacher; he expressed himself in high terms as to the teacher's capability of conducting the school. He also said to the scholars it had afforded him great pleasure to witness the distribution of prizes upon that occasion as they were the reward of good conduct, punctuality and industry. The Trustees of the school were then called on (Messrs. Kenneday and Craig) who expressed themselves highly pleased with the proceedings. The pupils then sang the National Anthem, the meeting closed with prayer and the company retired to their respective homes highly pleased with their day's entertainment.

One Who Was Present.

North Gower, Oct. 24, 1870.

CAKES AND ALE.

Crebillion the younger once said that a really fine woman never reached her full loveliness until she was at least thirty.

The aurora borealis is said to be caused by the "upsettting of dye pots of glory, and the leaking of their gorgeous contents through the firmament."

The first civil marriage in Vienna took place on the 16th inst. The bridegroom was the editor of a Vienna paper.

Plum wine is the latest novelty in Wisconsin. If wild plums can be utilized in this way, they will be much more valuable than heretofore.

It is proposed to found an art gallery in Chicago, to be free to everybody, and to be open in the evening and on Sundays.

A farmer in Stockbridge, Wis., is about to thresh his second crop of barley this year. His first crop yielded him eighty bushels to the acre.

In Mississippi sixty-one out of every one hundred of the population can neither read nor write.

The second son of the Prussian Minister of War, Von Roon, has been severely wounded in the abdomen by the fragment of a shell.

It is said that at many of the deserted houses in the environs of Paris, the key of the door is left on the threshold with this inscription: "Walk in and break nothing! The wine is in the cellar."

Two physicians in consultation at the bedside of a patient disputed as to the nature of the disease. At last one of them ended the discussion by saying: "Very well, have it your own way now, but the *post mortem* examination will show that I am right." The patient was not much encouraged.

The gale of last week seems to have raged from the Atlantic coast along the line of the lakes to the Western States with unprecedented violence. Reports from Milwaukee, Buffalo, Cleveland, Oswego, and a dozen points in Canada, show that immense damage was done to the shipping in port, and on the water the greatest confusion and destruction were wrought. Our exchanges from those quarters are filled with accounts of wrecked vessels, and yet one half the loss was not known. In Milwaukee a warehouse, 100 feet in length by 40, and three stories high was blown down, in addition to many other buildings. A carpenter at work upon an unfinished house (which was blown away) was carried by the wind for one hundred feet across two lots, and little children in the streets, in addition to being nearly drowned by the torrents of water, were hurled along like so many chips. At Burlington, Vt., the waves of Lake Champlain came in with such tremendous violence that as they struck the breakwater the spray was dashed full fifty feet in the air. At Concord, New Hampshire, the gale unroofed several buildings, although lasting only five minutes.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off
For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

ENGLISH GOSSIP.

An English correspondent writes as follows:

At both Brighton and Hastings I found a discrowned sovereign; at Brighton the ex-Queen of Spain, and at Hastings the (once) most beautiful woman in Europe, the Empress Eugenie. The Empress has excited much interest among the English, and even from those most opposed to the Emperor I have heard only expressions of the deepest sympathy for her. I made the acquaintance while at Hastings of some people who come on from Ashford, a journey of several hours, merely for the purpose of having a glimpse at her; "and she drove out in a plain pony carriage, just like anybody else!" I was informed the Empress received many visitors during her stay at Hastings.

The Empress left Hastings while I was there. She drove up to the station in an ordinary cab, and was dressed in a plain black silk suit, with a blue tulle bonnet and veil. As she alighted and passed through to the cars, she was received with showers of boquets and cries of "Vive l'Imperatrice!" uttered with an accent certainly not Parisian, but expressive of hearty good-will. When the excitement of her departure was over, as we had still an hour to wait for the Dover train, I took a stroll about the town, and saw on an eminence one of the most interesting reminiscences of early English history—the ruins of Battle Abbey.

I spent Sunday in Dover. It was a beautiful day, so I walked about, and saw all the massive fortifications, surpassing in strength and grimness anything I have ever seen on the continent. Then, later in the day, I walked down to the beach. There was a fine promenade under the cliffs, and as that was the place to see the fashion, I sat down to take mental notes. There were not so many nations represented as one usually sees at watering places.

It seemed as though all of Paris has been transported across the Channel, and indeed I suppose it is very nearly so. The English ladies were very easily recognized even from a distance, by their rich dress—heavy silks of brilliant colors and moires with with sweeping trains. The French ladies were stylishly, but very quietly dressed in black or dark-colored silks, and almost invariably short suits. I saw only two exceptions, and those ladies had their trains looped up over handsome white pique under-skirts embroidered in black. French ladies never dress showily in walking, neither do they wear long dresses in the street; the extravagant toilettes of which we hear so much are worn always in carriages. Many of the young English ladies had magnificent hair of the *real* golden shade - not dyed—and the prevailing fashion for dressing it appeared to be that style so convenient for the seaside—*a la belle sauvage*—flowing in waves, not really crimped, for sea air is very unfavorable to crimps and curls. One young lady wore an embroidered muslin, trimmed with deep Valenciennes and blue bows, a pretty Parisian looking straw hat trimmed with blue *crepe de chine*, white lace, and short blue feathers, and a black velvet casaque—an eccentric combination of summer and winter attire, very usual in England.

CURRENT TOPICS.

The plan of employing balloons in warfare was practised by the French in 1794. After the expulsion of the Austrians from Liege by General Jourdain they retired to a strong situation at some distance, where they threw up entrenchments, intending to wait for reinforcements. Before, however, these could arrive, they were attacked by the French on the 18th of September of that year, and forced to retire after a great slaughter on both sides. The success of the French was attributed in great measure to the discovery of the position and movements of the Austrians made by two engineers whom the French sent up in an air balloon. From this balloon the engineers perceived whatever was being done in the Austrian camp, and gave continual notice of all they saw by notes which they threw down among their own people. By these means the number of troops in the camp, the quantity of their artillery, their motions and probable designs, were made known to the French, who directed their attacks accordingly against the weakest parts, assaulting those with the largest bodies of their troops, and with greater confidence from the probability of success. The French armies had indeed on previous occasions made use of balloons: at the battle of Fleurus, during the siege of Mayence, and during that of the fortress of Ehrenbreitstein, on which occasion balloons were found of great utility. The *Annual Register* of 1794 says: "The French armies are attended with a new species of reconnoitring engineers, whose business it is to do everything relative to the preparation and use of balloons. The person who mounts in the balloon is furnished with paper and pencils of different colors. The marks to be made are agreed on beforehand, and the paper, after being marked is attached to a small rod like an arrow, one end of which is loaded and pointed, so that it strikes in the ground and stands upright. A small piece of colored silk is attached to the other end like a flag, to render it more visible. This is dropped from the balloon on ground that is in possession of the army to which the balloon belongs, and thus the information obtained is fully communicated."

A correspondent gives an account of the adventures of the North German Arctic Expedition, whose return to Bremen has scarcely been noticed amid the excitement of the war. The expedition, consisting of the steamer "Germania" and the schooner "Hansa" as tender, sailed in May, 1869, to explore the Arctic Sea, and push as far as possible towards the Pole. The "Germania," having parted company, wintered in lat. 74 deg. N., on the coast of East Greenland, sent out sledge parties which travelled up the coast to 77 deg. N., and has recently returned to Bremen, all well. The "Hansa," after parting company, was steered to the northwards, and in endeavoring to force a passage through the ice became beset, and on the 19th of September was completely frozen in, in lat. 73 deg. 6 min. N., long. 19 deg. 18 min. W. The ice accumulated about the vessel, and nipped her so severely that in October she sank. Provisions, cordage, with other stores, and the boats, had previously been taken out and stacked on the huge floe to which the crew, fourteen persons in all, had escaped. There they built themselves a house with lumps of coal, planks, and sails, and so passed the winter; trusting to the southerly drift on which the Arctic ice is slowly borne. Early in the present year the floe broke up; their house was destroyed; and they passed five nights in the boats awaiting the final destruction of the floe, which, from some miles in circumference, had been reduced to about 200 paces. The southerly drift continued. On the 7th of May they were down to 61 deg. 12 min.; Cape Farewell could not be far distant; they took to the boats, and, on half rations, battled away through and over the ice to the shore. On the 13th of June they found themselves at the Friedrichsthal mission stations, where they went on to Julianshaab, and there got a passage to Copenhagen, and landed in that port on the 1st of September.

The battle field of the present campaign attained early celebrity as the headquarters of typography. Metz was one of the [illegible] towns which practised the art of printing, and the ancient works which came from [illegible] press are very numerous. Strasbourg is asserted to have been for some years the home of John Gutenberg, although no dated book is extant of an earlier year than 1471. Toul is to be noted as the place which one of the first attempts at stereotyping was made. The Sedan editions compete with the Elzevirs in the estimation of book collectors, and are beautiful examples of minute typography. Kehl was the ultimate resting place of Baskerville's type, with which M. Beaumarchais printed an edition of Voltaire's works on blue paper for King Frederick of Prussia, "who labored under weakness of the eyes." At Rheims and Verdun printing was carried on at an early date, and the latter place has a special interest as having been the place where the English prisoners who were detained by Napoleon I. printed, with his permission, an edition of the English Book of Common Prayer. There seems to be some little doubt whether we derived Sedan chairs directly from the place of that name; for Evelyn asserts that they were brought from Italy by Sir Sanders Duncombe, and the word may perhaps be related to the Italian *sedente*. This point is knotty as that connected with the kindred word coach, on which volumes have been written, supporting the rival claims of Kottsee, a Hungarian town, and the French *coucher*.

Balfe the well known composer is dead. He was a native of Ireland, born in Dublin in 1808. He was a pupil of Charles Horn, the vocalist, one of the best teachers of his day. As a child, he was already a great success, and played the violin skilfully at six. At 16 he appeared in the Du Treyschutz. He studied musical composition in Italy, and in 1827 returned to Paris, where he acted with Malibray and Soutay. He subsequently was able to abandon the stage for the conductor's baton, and produced a long list of operas, which attained a high degree of popularity, and have attained a steady place on the list of English operas. They are characterized by sweetness and simplicity of melody rather than by grandeur of composition. His best works are the "Bohomian Girl," the "Enchantress," the "Siege of Rochelle." He wrote an opera called "Manon l'Escaut," for the grand soprano Malibrau. His last work was "Satanella."

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

Office:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

TORONTO.

Toronto, October 24th.

At the City Council last evening Ald. Manning moved that the Ontario Legislature be petitioned to pass an Act for the appointment of street commissioners with absolute control of works and expenditure in connection with repairs and construction of streets. The resolution was unfavorably received, and after some discussion it was withdrawn.

A special to the *Telegraph* dated St. Paul, October 24th, contains the following: The *News Letter* of October 8th, says in order to prevent the spread of small pox from the vicinity of forts Pitt, Carleton and Edmundton, where it is raging, into the settlement, the Governor has appointed a Board of Health to devise means to avert the danger.

On the 6th October, Corporal Youngston of the 2nd Quebec Rifles, while crossing the Assiniboine at night in a small boat, after indulging in liquor, lost his balance, fell overboard and was drowned. His body has not been recovered yet.

Steps are being taken to give the volunteers a banquet at an early day.

It is reported that Riel will make the Wood Mountains on Missouri his future home, and will proceed there at once. Only four or five followers now remain with him.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Oct. 25.

A temperance meeting will be held in the Mission House this evening, when the Rev. Dr. Burns will deliver an address.

The concluding match of a series of contests between the Montreal and Crescent Clubs, was played yesterday morning on the grounds of the former, and after nearly an hour's play resulted in a draw. A pleasing feature of the meeting after the match was the presentation by the members of the Crescent Club of a handsome gold locket to Mr. D. Rodger, jr., one of the first twelve, and son of their esteemed President, who is leaving to settle in Newcastle, N.B.

The "Northern Lights" appeared in the heavens last night, something after the fashion of their appearance on Friday night week, but with less intensity. Fields of dark crimson from time to time spread over portions of the clouds, so that at times it was difficult to dispel the illusion that there was a distant conflafiration, reflecting itself fitfully in the heavens.

The general meeting of the Montreal Curling Club was held last Saturday. The President gave an acconnt of their progress during the present year, and said that having carried off the championship they will have the pleasing duty of receiving any challenges instead of requiring to give them. The finance statement was read and considered satisfactory. After some important business the election of office bearers took place, and resulted as follows: President, Alexander Urquhart; Vice-President, Chas. Simms; Treasurer, Jas. Tyre; Secretary, Thomas Bacon; Rink Committee: Thos. Kershaw, Frank Bond, John Grant, James Hardman, and Geo. Barnston; Representative Members: Thos. Kershaw and Henry Budden; Skips: John Dyde, Henry Budden, James Tyre, Charles Simms, A. F. Paterson and Thomas Kershaw.

The *Herald* says: "Some time ago Mr. Carson, the St. Paul street agent of Messrs. Fowler Bros., Liverpool, took in his employ a young man named Frank Bland, a native of Manchester, England, and most respectably connected. It appears that Bland had before this run away from home to the States, and whilst there became very badly off. He wrote to his father, who requested the Messrs. Fowler to give him employment. This they did, and Bland came to Montreal. Here he gained the confidence of his employer, who entrusted him with the transaction of important business. Cheques duly signed were left with him to fill up as necessity required. On the 11th instant Bland absconded taking with him $1,200, which he had drawn from the bank, and $4,250 cash he had at home. It seems that a young man who boarded with him in Alexander street is also missing, and it is believed the flight and dishonesty were prompted by him. It is supposed the loss will hardly fall on the firm, the father of Bland being well able to meet the deficiency.

It rained all day.

AMERICAN NEWS.

New York, Oct. 25.—As the tidings of the recent disasters at sea, caused by the terrible gale of a few days ago, come to hand, the list of lost vessels increases.

We have already the record of sixteen wrecks on the Florida coast, including the New Orleans and New York steamship "Mariposa."

Latest War News.

This Morning's Despatches

London, 24th.—The town of Schlestadt capitulated yesterday to the besieging forces after severe bombardment. The surrender includes 2,400 prisoners and 140 canon.

The Government at Tours prevents the exportation of all articles heretofore placed on the prohibited list except cereals to Switzerland.

Baring Brothers repudiate the investment of any funds on account of the Emperor of the French.

Fragments of the steamship *Cambria* have been washed on shore on the coast of Antrim and Donegal.

Thiers has accepted a mission to negotiate for an armistice only; but still remains at Tours awaiting a safe conduct to consult first with the Government there.

Negotiations for the surrender of Metz continue, but make slow progress. Bazaine ignores the French Provisional Government in his communications.

The Berlin *Gazette*, in reviewing the attempts at conciliation, says the Government is led to consider the matter by a desire to avoid the loss of more valuable lives.

La Ferte, October 24.—A large force of Prussians was at Couraille to-day, and their scouts appeared at Pont Gonin, but in the evening returned to Chatras after blowing up the bridge at Landelles.

Fifteen members of the Guard National were shot by the enemy at Juoy.

Besancon, October 24.—The invaders are retreating from Chatillon Leduc, taking 17 wagon loads of wounded. They left a large number of dead on the field, among them a Colonel of the Baden Cavalry.

Nauf Chateau, 24th.—On Friday night the Prussians attempted the bombardment of Verdun, but their plans were discontinued by the gallant and successful sortie of the garrison. Our troops charged with the bayonet and killed numbers of the enemy. Two bodies of the besiegers mistaking each other in the night for enemies, fought for hours and suffered heavy losses.

Florence, 24th.—The recent events in Italy have broken up all political organizations, and the general reconstruction of parties on a new basis is imminent.

Brussels, 25th.—The *Echo* says that 2,000 men, with two pieces of artillery, marched from Thionville to Verdun, to relieve the troops blockaded there.

Pesth, 25th.—A portion of the Hungarian Parliament have signified their approbation of the foreign policy of the Imperial Government.

Later advices from Paris show that a sortie was made on the 21st, which was exceedingly successful. Many Prussians were killed and taken prisoners.

As the wind has been unfavorable for several days past no balloons has left Paris.

From private and reliable sources we hear that there are vast numbers of sick in the camp of the besiegers. Very often the discontent of the men has been loudly expressed, and their commanding officers have been obliged to go often among the troops to keep their *morale*. The sorties made nightly by small portions of Parisians and the constant firing at night from the forts, severely harrass the Prussians. Up to the present time the latter have not succeeded in erecting battery of siege guns near enough to commence an effective bombardment of the city. The gentleman who give the above information is a resident of Versailles, and has been there since the enemy attacked that town until a day or two ago, when he managed to make his escape. He says that even in the vicinity of Versailles the Prussians are constantly annoyed by Franc Tireurs, who keep up an active guerilla warfare, firing from ambuscades, and daily killing numbers of the enemy.

New York, October 25.—The *Herald's* cable special says: The city is excited over the introduction of the French loan of 10,000,000 francs. It is the first time that France ever negotiated a loan outside her own territory. It is received with great favour; the subscriptions are already very large.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

New York, Oct. 25th.—The *World's* special, London, 24th, says: It is certain that the strength of the German armies before Paris has been greatly over-estimated. A close observation and careful analysis of published reports justify the assertion that the entire strength of the German forces investing Paris at this time does not exceed on paper 262,000 men.

A large number of these are sick in hospital.

The operations of bringing up and trying to get into operation the siege guns of the invading army have been dangerous and exhausting, and have broken the spirits of the troops.

All horses in camp, including those set apart for postal service, have been employed in this ruinous work, and many of them are thereby made useless for all purposes.

The soldiers are thoroughly sick of the siege, and a plebiscite in the German army to-morrow would result in an overwhelming vote in favor of peace, with or without Alsace and Lorraine.

The Polish and Pomeranean troops are showing symptoms of serious disaffection, and there is much alarm at headquarters in Versailles over the news that the French fleet has re-appeared in the Baltic.

London, Oct. 22.—The Empress Eugenie is still in London awaiting the results of the conference concerning peace which is now suspended, awaiting further news from Gen. Trochu.

If Gen. Trochu finally pronounces himself in favour of a settlement on the basis sketched out here, the Empress Eugenie will proceed to France, and as head of the only Government of France recognized by the great powers of Europe, she will sign a treaty of peace with King William at Versailles.

Queen Victoria has written an autograph letter to the King of Prussia, urging him to accept propositions of peace sent back from London, with modifications made in them by the representatives of the great powers. Her Majesty is understood to have repeated to the father in-law of her oldest child the extreme danger to all established order in Europe of a protraction of the existing conflict.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits: but most enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privilged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street
1yr 3

SUITS,
PEA JACKETS,
OVERCOATS

WINTER CLOTHING.

MAGEE & RUSSELL
SPARKS STREET,
OTTAWA,

Beg to inform the Gentlemen of Ottawa and the public generally that their Tailoring Department is now under the management of a FIRST-CLASS ARTIST, of English, American and Canadian experience. [illegible] that, their Stock of CLOTHS this season is extremely large and varied, embracing all the NEW STYLES adapted for SUITS, PEA JACKETS and OVERCOATS.

M. & R. would suggest to those requiring NEW and CORRECT FITTING GARMENTS, that it would be well to place their orders at once, to prevent disappointments as a great pressure of [illegible] is anticipated when the cold weather [illegible]

M. & R.'s facilities for doing [illegible] to the requirements of the public [illegible] such as to warrant them in saying [illegible] house in the Province can [illegible] superior or better fitting clothing.

For Correctness of Fit, [illegible] Style and Workmanship unsurpassed.

See Garments made to [illegible] only, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S
SPARKS STREET

Suits—Pea Jackets and Over Coats, [illegible] to measure only at Magee & Russell's are unequalled for fit, style, workmanship and price.

Gentlemen who are in the habit of ordering their clothing from Montreal or Toronto, are invited to view specimens [illegible] ments, at Magee & Russell's.

BY A. ROWE, AUCTIONEER.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE
—of—
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
SPLENDID SEVEN OCTAVE PIANO
MADE BY HAINES BROS.,
N. Y., &c., &c.

The subscriber has been instructed by [illegible] CLARK, Esq., to sell at his residence, [illegible] street.

ON FRIDAY, the 28th OCTOBER, 1870.

One Haines Bros Piano, [illegible] all the modern improvements, [illegible] to match and Rocking Chair, [illegible] Mirrors, Carpet and [illegible] Dining Table, Chairs, Sideboard [illegible] tains and Carpet, Hall Oil Cloth [illegible] Pipes, Cooking Stove and [illegible] and Pipes, Bedroom Furniture [illegible] reaus, Washstands, Dressing Table [illegible] Curtains, Set of China, [illegible] sils, and one second-hand [illegible] quantity of house plants [illegible]

Terms cash.
Sale at half past ten [illegible]
A. ROWE.

Ottawa, Oct 25, 1870

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

The Subscriber has received [illegible] from CHAS. McCARRON, Esq., to [illegible] residence, Sussex street, on THURSDAY 27th inst., at 11 o'clock, a.m., all [illegible] hold Furniture, consisting in part of [illegible] Room Set, in Black Walnut, [illegible] ing Table, Black Walnut Sideboard, [illegible] Not, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands [illegible] ing Glasses, Glass, China and Crockery [illegible] large Double Stove, Cooking Stove, [illegible] utensils, Kitchen Furniture, and a [illegible] articles not enumerated.

J. BERMINGHAM

Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1870.

BAZAAR.

THE ANNUAL BAZAAR in aid of
ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM

Will open this morning, and continue during the week, in the Barracks, formerly British Hotel, corner of Sussex and [illegible] streets.

Donations in aid of the same, will be [illegible] fully received by the Lady Managers.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870

WRITING LESSONS, &c., FOR [illegible] WOMEN.

Respectable young women, employed in [illegible] or otherwise, during the day, who desire to [illegible] at their own disposal, and more [illegible] themselves educationally, [illegible] Writing, Reading, and Spelling, will [illegible] object, on terms quite within their means [illegible] plication to MRS. CHARLES POPE, Corner of [illegible]

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

CANADA CENTRAL AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart .... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive .... 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & B TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

☞ Real Laces, Lace Sets, Lace Handkerchiefs, white Sash Ribbons, at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Street Railroad.—The residents of Sandy Hill are impatient to know when they are to have the convenience of a street Railway to that locality. They would patronize it liberally.

☞ 50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

Rain.—The rain which fell yesterday has again put the streets in a very muddy condition. People would not mind the roads generally if the crossings were only kept clean.

☞ Effects of the war! Great sacrifice in Silks! Garland, Mutchmor & Co. secured a parcel at the low prices. Good ordinary Black Silk at 3s. 6d., 3s. 9d., 4s. and ... per yard. Beautiful Lyons gros grains at 5s. 3d., 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 9d., and 10s.

Bad Crossing.—We would call the particular attention of the authorities to the bad state of the crossing at the corner of Elgin and Queen streets. It has long been in a dangerous condition, and should be immediately looked to.

☞ Flannels, Lancashire, Walsh, Antertheumatic, Saxony and Canadian, in a great variety of colors and prices, from 1s. up, all excellent value, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Coming.—We believe the Barnard & Perkin's Female minstrels, at present playing to crowded houses, will play in Ottawa very shortly in the Music Hall. We hope the beautiful blondes and brunettes will come on, and we have no doubt they will get a good reception.

☞ Another lot of those wonderfully cheap French Merinoes, worth 3s. 9d. for 2s. 6d., and worth 2s. 6d. for 2s., in all the leading colours, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Notice.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Improvement.—The dilapidated old wooden building at the corner of Sussex and Clarence streets, has been pulled down, and we believe a handsome Brick building will be erected in its place. This corner at present is in a very nasty condition, and we hope soon to see the rubbish removed and the sidewalk on the western side made passable. Clarence street, from the market to Sussex street, is also in a very bad state.

Police Court—Tuesday morning.—Patrick O'Keefe, a cabdriver, was fined $2 and costs for striking George Kelly.

George Kelly was disorderly on Sussex street about 10 o'clock last night. Fined $5 or three weeks in jail.

John Clelland, drunk and challenging parties to fight. Fined $2.

A case of a boy for robbing his master, who is a boot and shoe maker in Wellington street, was adjourned until Friday next.

Another Race.—We believe a couple of gentlemen of this city are endeavoring to arrange for a race between *Sunshine* and *Julia Dean*. Rumor had it several times yesterday that arrangements had been completed, but so far such is not the case. Of course some parties are eager to see those two horses test their racing qualities together, and are consequently doing all in their power to bring about a race between them.

Shut Down.—Some time ago several of the mills at the Chaudiere were shut down for want of logs, which they could not obtain, on account of the lowness of the water; but now that the water is sufficiently high all the mills are running night and day, with the exception of that of Messrs. Perley & Pattee, which has been shut down for some time, owing to the fact that they have no more logs on the river which can be brought down to the Chaudiere this season.

Arrivals at the Russell House.—E C Monk, E Benjamin, M P Rogers, Wm Linton, H Riendieu, A Daives, T Perrin, Montreal; G R Beaubien, Coteau Dulac; W Dixon, London; John Rooney, G Cooper, Montreal; Revd J J Chisholm, Perth; F. Jones, M P, Kemptville; F Dove, Quebec; Eric Harrington, Arnprior; W Chapman, Montreal; O G Haines, Washington; Mrs Henderson, Ogdensburg; Mrs Dow, do; Mrs Killock, do; B Luttrell, Prescott; J A Cameron, Thurso.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very cheap.

HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Yesterday as Mr. McKay Wright was coming into town, along the Aylmer Road, he discovered a dark object some distance ahead, but approaching nearer he discovered it was a young bear, and immediately gave chase. The cub kept on his course for the town of Hull. Some of E. B. Eddy's men, who were working on the road, headed master bruin off, when he turned into the bush. Had they not done so the probability is he would have entered the town, and afforded good sport to the citizens.

To land, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Christ's Church and Chapel of Ease Readings.

A meeting was held in Gowan's Hall on Monday evening for the purpose of continuing the winter evening readings in connection with the above churches.

The Rev. Mr. Lauder proposed that Dr. Hill be elected chairman, and prefaced his proposition by saying that the meeting was simply a meeting of the members of the two congregations, not a clerical one, and for that reason he proposed Dr. Hill.—Carried unanimously.

Dr. Hill, in taking the chair, said he understood they were assembled together to endeavor to raise funds to subsidize the Ladies' Benevolent Society for the relief of the poor, and hoped that the success which attended their efforts last season might be vouchsafed to them during the coming winter. The entertainments of last year showed what could be done by a long pull, a strong pull, and a pull altogether. There was one very pleasing feature, the universitility of the audience. It was not made up exclusively of Episcopal ladies and gentleman. The success of their undertaking would depend on having energetic gentlemen at the head. The chairman then called upon Lieut.-Colonel Wily to read the statement of affairs for last year.

Colonel Wily then gave a very full account of the sums received and disbursed. The total amount received for the regular readings was $424.53; extra readings, $130.44; being $554.97 in all.

The following resolutions were put and carried:

Moved by Mr. Rowan, seconded by Mr. Adamson, that the report of the Secretary be received and adopted; and that the thanks of the meeting be tendered to Col. Wily and other officers of the Association for their efficient services during the last session. Carried unanimously.

Moved by Mr. Cochrane, seconded by Mr. Wright, that it is desirable to continue Christ Church and Chapel Readings, so successfully inaugurated last winter. Carried.

Moved by Lieut. Col. Wily, seconded by Mr. Nettle, that the funds collected at said meetings be appropriated for the benefit of the Church of England Benevolent Society.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Sprag, g. seconded by Mr. Cochrane, that it shall be competent for the committee, if necessary, to give one reading for each of the following objects: the Orphans' Home, the Protestant Hospital, and Home of the Destitute. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Tilton, seconded by Mr. Wright, that the following gentlemen do form a committee for the current session: Dr. Hill, Messrs. Spragg, Ketty, Colonel Wily, Adamson, Dr. Henry, Cochrane, Colonel Powell, George May, Tilton, McGarrity, Wright, Walsh, McAgy, Rowan, H. P. Hill, A. Christie, and the clergymen of the parish ex officio. Carried.

The meeting was then closed, and the General Committee assembled for the purpose of carrying out the object of the meeting.

Henry Dyer, a practical engineer, and during the sessions of 1868-9 and 1869-70 one of the most distinguished students in the engineering department of Glasgow University, has won a Withworth schoolarship.

From 1st January till 24th instant no fewer than 404 sugar cargoes have arrived at the port of Greenock, against 344 cargoes during the same period of 1868, and 303 in 1869. The importations of sugar at Greenock since the beginning of the current year exceeds the imports at London by 5,000 tons.

WANTED.

A BOY, to carry a Round. Must be able to read and write.

Apply at this office.

WANTED.

Until the 1st of MAY next, a Furnished House, within easy distance of the Public Buildings, containing at least, five Bed-rooms.

Apply to "N." Times Office, by letter—stating terms, &c.

Ottawa, Oct 25, 1870. 1495 3

JUST PUBLISHED!

RED RIVER INSURRECTION.

HON. WM. MacDOUGALL'S

CONDUCT REVIEWED.

Price 25 Cents.

For Sale at the Bookstore of Messrs JAMES HOPE & CO., and at the Bookstore of Messrs J DURIE & SON, Ottawa, or at the office of

JOHN LOVELL, Publisher.

Montreal, Oct 26, 1870. 1496 3

The Florence Nightingale of the Nursery—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weizer, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. Winslow will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "Sent" to say, "A Blessing on Mrs. Winslow," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the Prospectus. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "Cough," "Cold," or Irritated Throat, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach directly the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In Bronchitis, Asthma, and Catarrh they are beneficial. Obtain only the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which have proved their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D; New York.
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres, Mass. Senate.
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence.

Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"Troches," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches in important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

ADDITIONAL STOCK

RE-ORDERED

—BY—

ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Are now receiving large lots of new GOODS, re-ordered by Cable and Mail from BRITAIN, to fill up lines sold out in September.

Their Stock will be again very complete in all the Departments this week.

They invite special attention to their Stock of

BLACK and COLOURED SILKS,

Fancy DRESS GOODS, in all the Fashionable Materials,

RIBBONS,

LACES,

GLOVES,

HOSIERY,

SHAWLS,

MILLINERY

and MANTLES

PRINTS,

COTTONS,

SHEETINGS,

BLANKETS and

FLANNELS,

All purchased in the best Markets, under every possible advantage.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47 SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the Very Latest Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL

AND

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over the Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.65 a. m. and 4 40 p. m.

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT, Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 13 1870 1460tf

AUTUMN. 1870.

"THE GOLDEN LION,"

SPARKS STREET.

Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in

HATS,

BONNETS,

FEATHERS,

Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c

Fashionable Velveteen Hats.

From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets,

$1.50 upwards

New Paris Jackets,

In Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Underclothing,

A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods,

A complete Stock.

☞ R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

An Early Call Solicited.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

☞ FALL AND WINTER STOCK, ☜

And are shewing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES!

HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

☞ OUR STOCK ☜

—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

NEW GROCERY STORE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND YORK STREETS.

J. M. C. DE LES DERNIERS

HAS OPENED A

NEW GROCERY STORE

In the above named Premises, in which will be found a full supply of all articles of the Trade, all new, and of first class quality. Having been selected by himself, he can guarantee their excellence. As the

GOODS WERE CASH PURCHASES

They can be sold at a less figure than if bought on credit. They consist in part of

WINES,
LIQUORS,
SCOTCH ALES, and
PORTER,
TEAS,
SUGARS,
(in variety)
TOBACCOS,
FISH (dried and salted)
PICKLES,
SAUCES,

And a variety of other articles too numerous to mention, and such as can be found only in a

☞ *First Class Grocery Establishment.* ☜

Mr. De les Derniers, having an extensive country connection, is in constant receipt of Butter, Eggs and other Farm Products, and has now on hand hundred packages of

SUPERIOR QUALITY FAMILY BUTTER,

Which he offers for Sale at a very low rate.

☞ Remember the place—Corner of SUSSEX and YORK streets, in Messrs. Kearns & Ryan's Old Stand.

An inspection of the Goods is respectfully desired.

J. M. C. DE les DERNIERS,

Corner of Sussex and York Streets,

Ottawa, 18th Oct, 1870 1490tf

COAL VASES, PERDONIANS, and SCUTTLES, of beautiful patterns, at ESMONDE'S.

THE largest and best assortment of COAL STOVES, at ESMONDE'S.

CUTLERY, WOODEN WARE, WILLOW WARE and BRUSHES, at ESMONDE'S.

LAMPS, GLOBES, CHIMNEYS, and COAL OIL, wholesale and retail, at ESMONDE'S

JAPANNED, TIN, IRON, and Enamelled ware, at ESMONDE'S.

DUMB STOVES, GALLOWS PIPES, and all improvements in STOVE PIPING, at ESMONDE'S.

MONTREAL STOVE PIPE VARNISH, the best in use, at ESMONDE'S.

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree. Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON, Master at Ottawa

Scott & Ross, Plaintiff's Solicitors, Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1l-3w.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-t1N.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

—IN ALL

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to authorise the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, October 12th, 1870 1492 1awk-3m

FOR CHEAP JOB PRINTING

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE

33 Sparks Street, Ottawa

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hope by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at "THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,

Dubli Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS, all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries, Wines, and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for A few trials will prove their superiority common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON, No. 26, Rideau Street.

4th June, 1870.

CANADA PACIFIC

RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leather Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WALDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870 1493 2m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to MAGEE & RUSSELL, Ottawa

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

LOST.

On Friday, the 21st Oct., at the Race Course, a Silver Mounted Riding WHIP, the gift of a valued friend. The finder will be suitably rewarded, by leaving it at this office.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870. 1495a

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT.

Hull, September 29, 1870 1416 1m&

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

—OF THE—

☞ PROVINCE OF ONTARIO ☜

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY.

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W R WORSLEY

Sec. C C R Co

Ottawa, Oct 15, 1870 1488tf

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,

Ottawa, 10th Oct., 1870

The Commissioners for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, hereby give public notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the construction of an Engine House, Locomotive Repair Shop, and other buildings, at Moncton, New Brunswick.

Plans and Specifications may be seen on and after 1st NOVEMBER next, at the Railway Office, St. John, and at the office of the Chief Engineer, at Ottawa; and Tenders on a printed form; which will be supplied, marked on envelope "Tender for Buildings," and addressed to the Commissioners, will be received at their Office in Ottawa, up to six o'clock, p.m., on 21st November, 1870.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

1487 3

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

No. 26 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

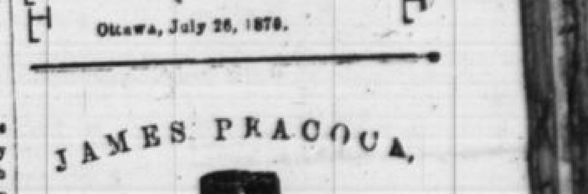
Vestings, &c

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

PRESTON & ROWSELL

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

JAMES PRACOCK,



HATS! HATS HATS!

33 Rideau Street

OPPOSITE OLD STAND

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS

JUST RECEIVED

Call and Examine.

TO RENT.

A Dwelling House, containing 10 Rooms, corner of Sussex and St Patrick streets, lately occupied by W B Lindsay, Esq

Possession immediately

Apply to THOS McKAY, Flour Store, Sussex street.

Ottawa, 1496 6

MONEY TO LEND.

Apply to R S CASSELS, Wellington street.

Ottawa, Oct 2 1870 1486 6

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.....$200,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal

A DAVIDSON PARKER,

Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £[illegible] Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £[illegible] Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4238. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely overlated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $450 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HANNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,

1497 3m Agent.

DOMINION

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1863,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn the light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address

T. H. CHURCHILL,

Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1463 13

DANCING DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

1921f P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS

OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the

FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Ile Jonchims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m. The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS,

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 President. 144 tf

MR. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the Departments. 1191f

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—O P Dickinson's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap 36.) for the Registering of their Timber Marks will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY OF FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T G CURSOLLES,

Agent for Regis of Timber Marks

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

From the 15th November to the 1st May next, the house at present occupied by Dr Henry, corner of Kent and Wellington streets Apply after 1 p.m. 1486 6

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,

European and American

Patent Med

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 3 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS throughout Canada.

TRADE MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the higher terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended, may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

Newcastle, C. W.,

General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, B. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, Ottawa.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernestown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hacey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1868 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P,

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS.

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London.

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S ODTO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 1s. 2d.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 1s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Mend or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 1w 1w 52w

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and venders of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 24y 1236 law

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next,

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORSLE

Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office,

Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1461d

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

W. H. LEE,

Clerk Privy Council,

Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

The tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signatures of two sound and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN,

Secretary.

Department of Public Works

Ottawa, October 1, 1870 1417 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into a Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)

WM. H. LEE,

Clerk Privy Council,

Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott..... to Chicago.....	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit.....	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.....	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route.....	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T GORGORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

Ottawa, August 23, 1870 1444tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original receipt of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BIRMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandize, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, if may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 23.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BIRMINGHAM,

Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,

Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained

OPE & CO., and

1306tf JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.

Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Ales, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist to the Cathedral) & Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano at 1 Sivging. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $236.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 y1

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 26th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 26 1421

D. McIntosh & Co.

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a cost efficient but innocuous stimulant.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,

EVANS, MERCER & CO.,

Montreal,

Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, Instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,

Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,

32 Lemoine Street,

Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven	Cook Stoves.
Low Oven	Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.	Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.	Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.	Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.	Elbows.
Zinc.	

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H Stone, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 7461

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell house, Ottawa city, C. W.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, August 6 3m

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8.30 a.m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 9 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12.00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the J. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.35 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal a. 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3.40 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.45 p m

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R. LUTHELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 25,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 p m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,

Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 7.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.30, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1150y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER!

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown.....	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER TO HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown.....	$100 00
Halifax.....	50 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.....	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown.....	30 00
Halifax.....	15 00
John's, N.F., by branch steamer.....	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's office, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or HENDRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,

No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, Aug 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified

The [Ottawa] Times

VOL. V. NO. 1498. OTTAWA THURSDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

... O'GORMAN, Barristers and ... Solicitors in Chancery, ... Public, &c., &c., for the Pro... of Quebec. ... Book Store, Sparks street, ...

F C CURSON.

... of the late firm of Lewis, ... has removed his Chancery ... Chambers, opposite Russell ...

... Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ... 358y

... Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor, ... Conveyancer, &c., Sussex ... Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

... Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor, Conveyancer, Notary ... Office—In ... house, Elgin-st. 43utf

... Barristers, Attorneys, ... &c. Office—In the ...

JOHN J. GEMMILL.

... BARTNELL, Barrister ... Notary Public, Clerk ... Attorney, for the United ... Russell. Office—In the ... 34-6m

... Barristers and ... Solicitors in Chancery, ... for the Provinces of Ontario ... Elgin street, ...

... EDWARD KIMBER.

... SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, ... Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., ... Office, Ottawa. 480y

... Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 802y

... GROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, ... Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, ... Ottawa. ... GUSTAVE TAILLON

... Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post ... 190tf

Medical.

... HENDERSON, [McGill Uni... Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, ... recently occupied by Dr. Mal... Ottawa. 1388y

... Physician, Surgeon, ... Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug ... Sapper's Bridge. Office ...

... given to the treatment ... EAR. At night can ... Murray street.

... Physician, Surgeon and ... Hunton's Block, Sparks-...

... MARTIN, Dentist. Office—... Central Ottawa. 34utf

Hotels and Saloons.

... HOUSE, ... TON-STREET, ... NOVA SCOTIA. Established 1851. ... boarders accommodated ... paid to their comfort. ... ROMANS, Proprietor.

... HOUSE, ... James and King-sts., ... and Public Offices, ST. ... Proprietor, (Late of ... Dining Saloon.) ... sample-room for commercial ... 859y

... HUTCHISON, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, Sparks Street, ... "TIMES" OFFICE.

... is fully prepared to supply ... or to insert single Teeth ... gold, silver or vulcanite ... fitting so closely and easily to ... capable of all the uses to ... applied, without the ... to the wearers, and after ... without even a consequence ... of a substance origin...

... with a view to the removal of painful ... the operation of extracting ... has introduced into ... use of the Nitrous Oxide or ... which the sufferer inhales without ... and loses his tooth as it ... every day, except Sunday. ... 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. ... September 3, 1870.

... FOX. GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, ... Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa. ... of the Lumber Merchants ... From his long experience ... his services in engaging ... their rafts while passing ... his ability.

REFERENCES. ... Walter Smith, Esq. ... R W Cruice, Esq. 1324...

... DOWARD, Organist, Christ ... Teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing ... Connor street. Mr. Doward was ... Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr ... Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

... Cherry Pectoral, ... of the Throat and Lungs, ... Coughs, Colds, Whooping ... Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

... never before in the whole history of ... anything won so widely and so deeply ... confidence of mankind, as this excellent ... pulmonary complaints. Through a long ... years, and among most of the races of ... has risen higher and higher in their estimation ... has become better known. Its uniform ... and power to cure the various affections ... lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable ... against them. While adapted to ... forms of disease and to young children, it is ... the most effectual remedy that can ... for incipient consumption, and the dangerous ... of the throat and lungs. As a provision ... sudden attacks of Croup, it should ... on hand in every family, and indeed as all ... subject to colds and coughs, all ... provided with this antidote for them. ... Consumption is thought incurable ... great numbers of cases where the disease ... have been completely cured, ... restored to sound health by the ... So complete is its mastery ... disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that ... of them yield to it. When nothing ... reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral ... subside and disappear. ... and Public Speakers find great protection ... is always relieved and often wholly ... is generally cured by taking the ... in small and frequent doses. ... are its virtues known that we need ... the certificates of them here, or do more ... the public that its qualities are fully ...

...er's Ague Cure,

... and Ague, Intermittent Fever, ... Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb ... Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., ... all the affections which arise ... malarious, marsh, or miasmatic ... implies, it does Cure, and does not ... neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, ... other mineral or poisonous substance ... in nowise injures any patient. The ... importance of its cures in the ague districts ... literally beyond account, and we believe ... parallel in the history of Ague medicine. ... gratified by the acknowledgments we ... the radical cures effected in obstinate ... where other remedies had wholly failed. ... persons, either resident in, or ... through miasmatic localities, will be protected ... taking the AGUE CURE daily. ... Complaints, arising from torpidity ... it is an excellent remedy, stimulating ... healthy activity. ... Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is ... remedy, producing many truly remarkable ... where other medicines had failed. ... by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical ... Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold ... the world. ... PER BOTTLE.

... GENTLEMAN ... WITHOUT BOARD. ... ROWSELL'S, ... the Union Hotel, Centre Town. 1430...

... situation as SEAMSTRESS ... MAKER, in a private ... required. Apply at the ... 1424-6...

... and published ... PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ... Office 38, Sparks ... Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, ...

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also.

Bordeaux and other Vinegars

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS— Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES— Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.

Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale atresfuers' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

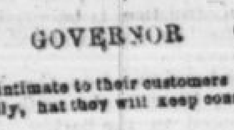
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-fed

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES.

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.

"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.

"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.

"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S

"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F R. C. S"

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent decliple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Haphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

the Village of Kenmore,

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St.

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw271

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 33, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 305 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.

Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tfAw37tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September. Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment. For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIOR.
Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

BOARD.

A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.

Ottawa, September 19 1870 86tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE.

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

Hardware.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel,
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover of Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street.

Ottawa 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR.

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oscola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deff Milk saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

STOVES.

Buy Them and Save 20 Per Cent,

AT ESMONDE BROS.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.t

EAU DE VIE BLANC,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavouring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.......... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do ... 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at.......... 4 00 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 7.30 a m

Trains for Lachine at .... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at......... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at......... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at........ 3:45 p m

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at........ 6.00 a m

Express for Island Pond, at......... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at......... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m. They have excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director,

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at... 9 00 a m

NIGHT, do do.......... 9 00 p m

Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations.......... 7 00 a m

Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations......... 5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at......... 7 10 a m

Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at......... [illegible]

Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central, at......... 3 45 p m

Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at......... 6 00 a m

Do do do do .... 4 00 p m

Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at......... 1 30 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

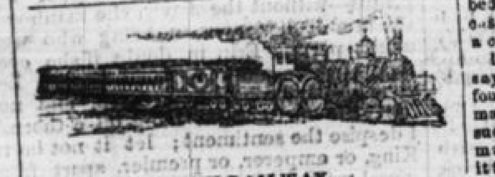
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and times of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1425tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1427tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		9.00	9.45		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.45		4.00
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	7.30		8.00	9.45		7.30
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	11.15		8.00	9.45		4.00
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	5.00			8.00		6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	8.00	11.00	6.30
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	5.00	11.00	4.00	9.45		4.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15		9.45		
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.45		1.00
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	7.30			8.00		1.00
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.00		4.30			
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.00					5.00
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays	6.00					
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, 12th Oct., 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. SELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS, AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING! GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

A MONTREAL SENSATION.

Ten tons of Gunpowder left on a Wharf—Who put it there?—The City at any Moment might have been blown up.

From the Montreal Daily News.

The good people of Montreal, as they wended their way to church yesterday, or remained lazily at home, were little aware of the fact that the city was separated only by a little space—by the most trifling accident—from the almost certain destruction of its handsome buildings, its many "palaces and piles stupendous," of which it is so justly proud. Little knew they, as they bethought them of what had chanced during the past week, and built their airy castles for this, of the danger which, like the oft quoted sword of Damocles, hung over their heads. Yet, nevertheless, such a danger existed, nor is it yet altogether removed. At an early hour yesterday morning it came to the knowledge of Mr. McLaughlin, Chief of the Water Police, that a large quantity of powder had been left on the wharf at Hochelaga, exposed and unguarded. The Chief visited the place, and found that there were some 100 barrels and upwards. These were piled in the form of a square, the space in the centre being filled up with kegs, containing at least an equal amount, or altogether upwards of ten tons. By making inquiries in the neighbourhood, the Chief found that it had been left there the previous evening by men with teams and waggons, who were evidently disappointed at not making connection there with some boat, and who, after trying in vain to make the horses bring the loads up the slip again, unloaded as found on the wharf, and left them there without any protection whatever, not even a tarpaulin over them. On the cases were the letters T. N., from which the Chief gathered that they were consigned to Quebec, but to whom or by whom there was nothing to show.

Only two persons are licensed to cart powder in the city, or through it, namely, Mr. Dunlop, of Cote St. Catherine, and Mr. Bancroft, of this city, neither of whom, it was understood, knew anything about the powder in question. By whom were they then brought? This part of the question is still unanswered.

The cases, to make the matter worse, were fastened together with iron nails, instead of copper ones, so that the mere throwing of a stone in that direction might be the means of exploding the whole concern, to say nothing of the thousand and one other accidents which might have brought about the same result. The Chief, in order to place what protection he could over them, sent a man all day yesterday and all night last night. The party or parties who are responsible for this monstrous outrage should be brought to account for such a reckless disregard for life and property.

PERSONAL.

Disraeli is said to be in very poor health.

Mrs. Fletcher is to lecture this winter on "Are You for Sale."

St. Louis is entertaining Prince Sapieha of Russia and his Consort

Peter Richings, the old English opera manager, is farming at Media, Penn., aged 76 and healthy.

Tom Hughes lectured in New York before the Mercantile Library Association, in Cooper Institute, on Friday evening, October 21st.

A Mrs. Youngman, of Franklin Grove, Lee County, Ill., has fallen heir to property in Scotland worth $2,500,000.

Among the victims at the battle of Mars-la-Tour was Dr. Herman Pabst, one of the most promising historical writers of Germany.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Florence are playing in the "Ticket-of-Leave Man," at Mrs. Conway's Park Theatre, Brooklyn.

Gough has refused over 800 lecture applications this season.

Thurlow Weed and James Harper of New York were pressmen together years ago.

Marietta Ravel has purchased Charles Foster's drama entitled, "Wild Cat; or the Marriage by Moonlight."

Nils Ericsson, eldest brother of Capt. John Ericsson, and the greatest engineer of Sweden, died recently.

Senor Roberts, the Spanish Minister, is to marry a wealthy Cuban lady in New York next month.

M. W. Wormwood, a Dubuque jeweller has engraved the Lord's Prayer on a gold dollar so distinctly that it may be read with the naked eye.

The wife of State Senator Ruby of Texas is a light quadroon, formerly of Troy, N.Y., and her father was a fugitive slave who lived for a time in Canada.

R. Crescent Stiles, a leading physician, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who has been eminent in his profession for many years, has become insane from over-study.

Sydney Smith says, regarding unnecessary consumption of food: "According to my computation, I have eaten and drank, between my tenth and seventieth year, forty-four waggon-loads more than what was good for me.

A trapeze performer, named Gibbons, missed his hold and fell a distance of 20 feet at the Academy of Music in New Orleans last week. He fell on his back and was carried out for dead. Before the close of the performance, however, he was led before the curtain in a half stupid condition and was cheered vociferously.

Alexander Dumas, who is said to be dying at Dieppe, is thus described: "His head is covered with a preposterous stock of white wool; he has an enormous red face, with a broad, negro smile and thick lips; a tremenduous breadth of shoulders and depth of chest; a ponderous stomach and thin legs! Such an outlandish figure sets everybody to staring."

A SPLENDID organ, worth £3000, is to be placed shortly in Glasgow Cathedral.

The manufacturing firm of Walker Birrel & Co., Glasgow, have been obliged to suspend payment, with liabilities reported at £80,000.

The Paisley Town Council have agreed to apply to Parliament for an act authorising the construction of a tramway from Glasgow to Johnstone.

A BUXOM landlady at Airdrie has eloped with a young man who lodged in her house. She took all the "moveables" of her husband with her.

THE steamer Druid of the Glasgow and Campbelltown route, has been sold to Mr. Redhead of Liverpool, and has been taken to that port.

THE foot and mouth disease exhists at nineteen places in Dumfriesshire, and 142 cattle and twenty-four Swine are affected.

THE water famine in Alyth is represented as so great that only "a drink per head in 24 hours is supplied."

AMONG the Scotch Railway, the most successful, tested by the dividend on the ordinary stock, is now undoubtedly the Glasgow and South-Western.

Dean Stanley was at Dumfries last week, and visited the places in and around it that are associated with leading historical events, and with the memory of Burns.

Mr. SCUDAMORE writes that the Post Office Department is at present engaged upon the erection of two additional wires from London to Glasgow, and one additional wire between Glasgow and Liverpool and Manchester respectively.

THE DEAN'S WATCH.

From the French Erckmann-Chatrian.

I

The day before the Christmas of 1832, my friend Wilfrid, his double-bass slung over his shoulder, and I with violin under my arm, were on our way from the Black Forest to Heidelberg. An extraordinary quantity of snow had fallen that season. As far as our eyes could see over the great desert plain before us, not a trace of the route, either of road or path, was to be discovered. The north wind whistled its shrill aria about our ears with a monotonous persistence, and Wilfrid, with wallet flattened against his thin back, his long heron-legs stretched to the utmost, and the visor of his little flat cap pulled down over his nose, strode along before me, humming a gay air from "Ondine." Every now and then he turned his head with a grim smile and cried:

"Comrade, play me the waltz from 'Robin'—I wish to dance!"

A peal of laughter always followed, and then the brave fellow would push on again with fresh courage. I toiled on behind in his footsteps, with the snow up to my knees, and my spirits sinking lower and lower every moment.

The heights about Heidleberg had begun to appear on the distant horizon, and we were hoping to reach the town before nightfall, when we heard the gallop of a horse behind us. It was about five o'clock and great flakes of snow whirling about in the grey light. Soon the rider was within twenty steps. He slackened his pace, examining us out of one corner of his eye. We also examined him.

Imagine a big man with red beard and hair, wrapped in a brown cloak, over which were loosely thrown a pelisse of fox-skins; on his head a superb cocked hat; his hands burried in fur gloves reaching to the elbows. On the croup of his stallion was strapped a well-filled valise. Evidently he was some burly sheriff, or burgomaster.

"Hey, my lad!" he cried, drawing one of his big hands from the muff which hung across his saddle-bow, and clapping his charger's neck, "we are going to Heidelberg, I see, to try a little music."

Wilfrid eyed the traveller askance.

"Is that any affair of yours, sir?" he answered, gruffly.

"Eh? yes; I should have a piece of advice to give you."

"Well, you can keep it till it's asked for," retorted Wilfrid, quickening his pace.

I cast a second glance at our new companion. He looked exactly like a great cat with ears standing out from his head, his eyelids half closed, and a long bristling moustache; altogether, he had a sort of purring, paternal air.

"My friend," he began again, this time addressing me, "the best thing you can do is to return whence you came."

"Why, sir?"

"The famous Maestro Prinenti, from Novare, has announced a grand Christmas concert at Heidelberg. Everybody is going to it; you will not get a single kreutzer."

This was too much for Wilfrid.

"A fig for your maestro, and all the Prinentis in the world!" he cried, snapping his fingers. "This lad here, with his long curls and blue eyes, and not a hair yet on his chin, is worth an army of your Italian charlatans. Though he never played outside the Black Forest he can handle a bow with the first musician in Europe, and will draw melody from his violin such as never before was heard at Heidelberg."

"Hear, hear!" cried the stranger.

"It is just as I tell you," said Wilfrid, blowing on his fingers, which were red with the cold.

Then he set out to run, and I followed him as best I might, thinking he wished to make game of the traveller, who kept up with us, however, at a little trot.

In this way we went on in silence for more than half a league. Suddenly the stranger cried out, in a harsh voice:

"Whatever your talents may be, go back to the Black Forest. We have vagabonds enough in Heidelberg already without you. It is good advice I give you—you had best profit by it."

Wilfred was about to make an angry retort, but the rider had started off at a gallop, and already reached the grand avenue of the elector. At the same moment a great flock of crows rose from the plain, and seemed to follow him, filling the air with their loud cries.

About seven o'clock in the evening we reached Heidelberg. There, in fact, we found posted on the walls Prinenti's flaming placards, "Grand Concert, Solo, etc., etc." We wandered about among the different ale houses, in which we met several musicians from the Black Forest, all old comrades of ours, who immediately engaged us to play in their band. There were old Bremer, the violincellist; his two sons, Eudwig and Carl, capital second violins; Heinrich Siebel, the clarinet-player; and big Berthe with her harp. Wilfrid with his bass-voil, and myself as first violin, made up the troupe.

It was agreed that we should all go together, make one purse, and divide after Christmas. Wilfrid had already engaged a room for himself and me. It was on the sixth story of the little tavern "Pied-de-Mouton," in the middle of the Holdergasse, and was only a garret, though luckily, it had had a sheet-iron stove, in which we lighted a fire to dry ourselves.

While we were sitting quietly over the fire, roasting chestnuts and discussing a pot of wine, who should come tripping up the stairs and knock at the door but little Annette, the maid of the inn, in scarlet petticoat and black-velvet bodice, with cheeks like roses, and lips as red as cherries. Next moment she had thrown herself into my arms with a cry of joy.

We were old friends the pretty Annette and I, for we both were from the same village, and, to say the truth, my heart had long been captive to her bright eyes and coquettish airs.

"I saw you go up just now," she said, drawing a stool to my side, "and here I am, come for a minute's talk with you."

With that she began such a string of questions about this one and that—in fact about every one in our village—that I declare to you that it was as much as I could do to answer the half of them. Every little while she would stop and look at me with such a tender air—we would have been there till this time, had not suddenly Mother Grœder Dick screamed from the bottom of the stairs:

"Annette, Annette, are you ever coming?"

"This minute, madame, this minute," cried the poor child, jumping up in a fright. She gave me a little pat on the cheek, and flew to the door. But, just as she was going out, she stopped.

"Ah!" she cried, turning back, "I forgot to tell you. Have you heard—?"

"What?"

"The death of our prorecteur Zahn?"

"Well, what is that to us?"

"Ah, yes; but take care, sir, take care—if your papers are not all right! To-morrow morning, at eight o'clock, they will come to ask for them. They have arrested, oh! so many people during the last two weeks. The prorecteur was assassinated yesterday evening, in the library, at the Cloister of Saint-Cristophe. Last week the old priest, Ulmet Elias, who lived in the Jews' quarter, was killed in the same way. Only a few days before that they murdered the nurse, Christina Haas, and Seligmann, the agate-merchant of the Rue Durlach. So, my poor Kasper," she added, with a tender glance, "take

TIGHT BINDING

good care of yourself, and be sure that your papers are all right."

All the while she was speaking, the cries below continued.

"Annette, oh, Annette, *will* you come? Oh, the miserable creature, to leave me here alone!"

And now, too, we could here the shouts of the guests in the saloon calling for wine, beer, ham and sausages. Annette saw that she must go, and ran down the stairs as quickly as she had come up.

"*Mon Dieu! mon Dieu!*" I heard her soft voice answering her mistress, "what can be the matter, madame, that you should make such an outcry? One would think the house were on fire."

Wilfrid closed the door after her, and came back to his seat. We looked at each other with some uneasiness.

"This is strange news," said he at last. "At any rate, your papers are all in order?"

"Certainly," I replied, and showed him my pass.

"Good! there is mine I had it viseed before we left. But still, all these murders bode no good to us. I am afraid we shall make but a poor business here. Many families must be in mourning, and then, besides all these annoyances, the trouble which the police will give us."

"Bah!" cried I, "you take too dismal a view of everything."

We continued to talk about these strange events until long past midnight. The meagre light of our little stove lighted up the angles of the roof, the square dormer window with its three cracked panes of glass, the mattress spread upon the bare boards, the blackened beams overhead, the little fir table, which cast an unsteady shadow on the worm eaten floor. A mouse, attracted by the heat, darted back and forth like an arrow along the wall. We could hear the wind without, whistling and bellowing around the high chimney stacks, sweeping the snow from the gutters beneath the eaves in misty swirls. I was dreaming of Annette. Silence had fallen upon us. Suddenly Wilfrid, throwing off his coat, cried:

"It is time to sleep, put another stick of wood in the stove, and let us go to bed."

"Yes, that is the best thing we can do," said I, and began to pull off my boots. Two minutes afterward we were stretched on the mattress, the coverings drawn up to our chins, and a great log under our heads for a pillow. Wilfrid was asleep in a moment. The light from the little stove blazed up and died away, the wind redoubled its violence without, and in midst of dreams of Annette, I, too, in my turn, slept the sleep of the just.

(*To be Continued.*)

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ottawa Philharmonic Society—G. Kennedy
Strayed Cow—John Tierney.
Notice—Charles T. Gillmor.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 34, Sparks Street

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1870.

Mr Bourassa, M.P., is in town.

Sir Francis Hincks went to Renfrew yesterday.

Hon. Mr. Beckwith leaves for New Brunswick this morning.

The Halifax election takes place on the 17th of November.

We learn from *La Minerve* that the Minister of Public Works was presented with a highly complimentary address by the people of Chambly when he visited that place on Thursday last.

We notice that a fund is being raised in the United States for the purpose of erecting some testimonial to the memory of General Lee. We have no doubt that many Canadians would be glad to have an opportunity of contributing to it.

George Francis Train, the mountebank, is giving a performance daily in Marseilles. He declares himself in favour of *la republique universelle et fenienne!*. Why do not his friends, if he has any, take care of this very harmless, but utterly incurable lunatic?

The last Intercolonial Railway contracts were let very low, considerably under the estimate of the Chief Engineer, and if carried out the line will undoubtedly prove to be one of the cheapest ever constructed upon this continent.

It must be exceedingly annoying to those who dislike Great Britain, and very puzzling to those who have allowed themselves to be persuaded into a belief that she has no longer any influence in Europe, to find it so generally admitted by all the great powers, that in any intervention between France and Prussia which may be agreed upon, it is Great Britain that must take the lead. This seems to be regarded as a matter of course by Austria and the other powers.

We understand that a new light house with a powerful illuminating apparatus has been erected by the Marine Department on Seven Islands, near the coast of Northumberland County on the North shore of the Gulf of St. Lawrence. This light will be seen for a distance of twenty miles in clear weather, and will be of great service to vessels navigating the gulf, especially to small craft. The money for this new lighthouse was only voted in May last. Mr. Gingras, of Quebec, was the constructor.

At a public meeting of the rate-payers of the Township of Fitzroy, held on the 20th inst., and convened for the purpose of ascertaining their opinion as to the propriety of borrowing money from the Ontario Government to be loaned to the sufferers by the late fires; it was resolved without a dissentient voice, "that it is inexpedient for the Corporation of the County of Carleton to accept a loan from the Ontario Government on the terms generally understood to be offered by the said Government."

As the November elections are approaching in New York city, we find that regiments of regular troops are being concentrated on Governor's Island and other forts in the harbor, "in readiness," says the *N. Y. World*, "to march through our streets and shoot down our citizens on election day." There is evidently throughout the Northern States a constantly increasing feeling of hostility between the General and the State Governments, which will in all probability eventually result in bloodshed and disunion. Democratic papers openly assert that if any attempt is again made by the Federal Government to overawe the electors, the militia of the State will be called upon to resist and drive out any force General Grant may send.

The Fenians have again been detected in Ireland preparing to blow up somebody with twenty-five barrels of powder, which they had carefully stowed away. The powder had nails and lucifer matches mixed with it—a pleasant combination, certainly. *They were taken to Woolwich, and, after examination, sunk in the Thames.—Toronto Globe.*

We have always been in favor of the adoption of the most vigorous measures against the Fenians—"sinking them in the Thames" is an excellent mode of getting rid of them, but why bring them to Woolwich? Why not, "after examination," before the Police Magistrates, we presume, have sank them in the Boyne or Liffey?

It is rather amusing to find the *Globe* asserting that Mr. Brydges "is smarting under the handling he has lately been subjected to," and "is casting about to find anybody who will say a good word for him." We should imagine that Mr. Brydges must feel highly gratified to find that the public press of Canada are so entirely in his favor, and are so unanimous in their condemnation of Mr. Brown's malicious attacks upon him. Out of forty-four journals which have commented upon this matter, forty-three have supported the Grand Trunk. These are called by the *Globe* "the little journalistic fry that wait upon his (Mr. Brydges') bidding." What words of praise and encouragement ought not Mr. Brown's organ to bestow, upon the Cornwall weekly of tender age which has espoused his cause?

THE DEFENCE OF CANADA.

The Montreal *Herald* and others who take exception to our views on this important subject, do so on two grounds First, because they do not believe the Imperial Government of to-day will compel us to fulfil the promise made by our representatives in 1865 in reference to the fortifications of Montreal, and secondly, because they do not consider that permanent fortifications are of much avail. Before replying to these objections we must express our gratification at the fact, that in consequence of our previous remarks a general discussion of the subject of Canadian defence has been evoked. What we desire is that it should be discussed in an enlightened and patriotic spirit, that party considerations should for the time be laid aside, and that animated solely by a desire for the welfare of our common country we may arrive at such a conclusion as may be most likely to contribute to its safety and prosperity. We entirely disagree with those who seem to imagine that any public discussion of the defense question is likely to prove offensive or irritating to the Americans. Our neighbours must be quite aware that we have no intention of provoking hostilities with them, and we believe that they will like us better and respect us the more if they see that we are not disposed to exist upon sufferance, or to allow our liberty to depend solely upon their generosity, however safely we might do so.

With regard to the arrangements made with the Imperial Government and our obligation to erect fortifications in front of Montreal, we will admit that although Mr. Gladstone's administration have undertaken to guarantee the necessary amount, they will not compel us to borrow it against our will. But supposing we say to them that we are not disposed to incur any expenditure in this direction, that although in accordance with a well-digested scheme of Canadian defence, the fortifications of Quebec have been constructed by the Imperial authorities we will not fulfil our part of the compact, what a splendid chance would be afforded for Mr. Bright and his party to argue in favour of the abandonment of this country to its fate! As we have previously stated on good authority, whether Mr. Gladstone's administration *insist* upon our erecting these fortifications or not, the views of the authorities at the Horse Guards have not changed since 1865, and they regard the erection of these works as an essential part of the defense scheme.

The *Herald* is mistaken when it says that we only argue for the construction of these fortifications because we are bound in honor to erect them, and not because we believe that good will accrue to Canada therefrom. We regard their erection as a patriotic duty which we cannot safely evade. It is argued that although these works might check the direct advance of an invading army approaching Montreal from the South, they would not serve to prevent a force from crossing the river St Lawrence at some point above or below them and advancing on the city from the east or west. This is no doubt true, but it must be remembered that the Montreal fortifications are only a part of the defence of Canada, and are principally intended for the purpose, first of protecting the city from being shelled and destroyed from the southern shore of the river, and secondly, to serve as a sort of entrenched camp in which arms and stores might be collected, and a large force of militiamen concentrated and organized. But a still more important feature in the defence of this country, should its freedom ever be threatened, would be the presence of a strong force of British gunboats on the St. Lawrence and in the lakes, and upon these, as we have before explained, we should mainly rely to prevent an enemy crossing the river in any force and taking Montreal and its fortifications in reverse. Supposing no defensive works to be constructed and a Canadian army in the field to suffer a defeat in front of Montreal, instead of being able to retire behind them for recuperation, reorganization, or to await reinforcements, they would be driven into the river, Montreal with all its accumulated wealth would be at the mercy of the victors, and our line of communication with the seaboard interrupted. It appears to us that some of our contemporaries do not sufficiently take into consideration the fact that our safety mainly depends upon the maintenance of uninterrupted communication with England, and that if we can only keep the way open between Portsmouth and Lake Huron, our safety is secured. It was to assist in doing this that the Point Levi forts were erected, it is partly with this object in view, as we have before stated, that the permanent works in front of Montreal are proposed.

Of course we assume that the people of this country are unanimously in favour of maintaining their rights and liberties if threatened, that they have no desire to allow the safety of the Dominion to depend upon the generosity and forbearance of any foreign nation, but that like their fathers with

"Hearts resolved, and hands prepared
The blessings they enjoy to guard."

they would risk life and fortune in defence of their native land. We know that we are correct in so assuming. Some mean, contemptible persons there may be here or there, who, hugging their money bags closely to them, declare that "the best defence for Canada is no defence at all." But such men as these do not represent the feeling of warm, unyielding patriotism, which thrills the life blood and animates the spirit of true Canadians. The people desire and they are thoroughly determined, that any attempts to destroy their liberties shall be met with a firm and effectual resistance, and this being the case it is the duty of the Government, by every means in their power, to enable them to resist aggression on the most favourable terms and under circumstances which would be likely to involve the smallest loss of life.

We are glad to find that we are not alone in the view which we have taken of the defence question. More than one journal has already pointed out the propriety of adopting the defensive measures which we have advocated as necessary for the safety of the country and the permanent maintenance of our liberties. *La Minerve*, in the course of a long article on the subject, says: "To ignore fortifications is to renounce all idea of defence; it is to say to the United States, 'Come and take us when you wish.' But it is further saying to them, take us as you wish, without condition, without treaty, and without privilege."

We would not for a moment have it supposed that we condemn all those who do not think with us as unpatriotic men. We know that this is not the case; and it is because this is so, we hope that a full discussion of this subject will take place, persuaded as we are that its further consideration will convince many who now oppose us, how necessary it is to the successful defence of Canada, that certain permanent works should be erected in accordance with the wishes and advice of the most experienced officers of the British army.

THE LANARK SETTLERS' JUBILEE.

We have already published a short account of the Lanark Settlers' Jubilee, and we have now much pleasure in giving a report of the Hon. Malcolm Cameron's address on that occasion, which we feel sure will be read with interest. Mr. Cameron said:—

Men, Women, and Children of the County of Lanark:—

It affords me the highest gratification to be with you this day; and after fifty years' acquaintance with some of you, and with many more of your fathers and mothers—to *feel* that from the wild boyhood in which they met me—poor, bare-footed, and hard worked—through all my chequered life—that no cloud has ever marred our friendship, and that the partial kindness evinced to the boy was extended to the man and politician—that by your kindness I was sustained, promoted, and raised to positions of honour—and here, this day, I am requested to come as the old friend, to speak of the days of "lang syne," and of those over whom the grass waves dank and dark—not only in the kirkyard, but by many a farm side and school, among the rocks and woods of these townships. And I can in truth quote Burns' lines on Glencairn now, as I did at the meeting in 1836:—

"The mother may forget the child
That smiles sae sweetly on her knee;
But I'll remember thee, Glencairn,
And a' that thou hast done for me!"

Now the year of jubilee is come, with glad sound and song our gratitude should be said and sung, for the change betwixt now and then.

Fifty years ago, Perth, a small military settlement, had few houses—none of stone or brick. The Island was a wilderness. Fifty years ago the road to Lanark was at certain seasons literally impassable. Cameron's ferry had a scow, a canoe, of which I was captain, and a small log house, and a good barn. Then a boy of 12 years of age, I chopped, melted ashes, drove oxen, and kept the ferry; and there many of your fathers stopped in that barn in the summer of 1821. And in that log house, on the 12th of May, 1822, my father died. I remember with pride the anxiety I caused in the heart of a bonnie lass—and I think she is in Lanark to-day—when attempting to ferry a large pig. Grumphy nearly upset me, and the lass cried aloud: "Oh, dear me! the laddie will be drooned for a soo!"

I well remember in coming out to the Ferry—Mr. Glass, myself, and a man hired to carry a bushel of wheat. Paddy fell from a log in the black ash swamp, with the wheat over him. There he lay, and exclaimed—"Good morning to you, Mr. Cameron, with your half dollar!" That wheat Mrs. Glass and I hoed in with two Government hoes, when the black flies literally made us drop our blood with the wheat into the earth.

The scene at Bolton's Mill, with a two bushel grist waiting for days, cracking with Lizzy Horn, Bell Cameron, and other Dalhousie lasses there on the same errand often comes to my rememorance.

At this period the settlers arrived. Col. Marshall came out as Superintendent—Mr. Jas. Shaw as Clerk. Messrs. Glass, Jones, and Coleman were shopkeepers. There I first tried clerking in 1822 and in February, 1822, Mr. Glass married my sister. But all this long story is of myself, and not of the men for whom the Jubilee is held. Who were they, and why hold a jubilee for them more than other settlers? Now, my friends, it is just to this point I come to speak.

These counties were settled in kind of groups. Perth and Richmond were settled by old soldiers; but they were just old soldiers and that was all. Beckwith by settlers from Perthshire, Scotland; and they were just emigrants, and that was all. The Scotch Line, Bathurst, was settled by a wealthier class. The Bally Gibblins were Irish—settled in 1823, who came, and made a stir when they did come; but they were good Bally Gibblins, and that was all. But the Lanark and Ramsay settlers had a history. They were in societies—they had their President and Secretary for each fifty or so, and they had been organized since 1817. They had been spoken of in Parliament; they had been tried for sedition—persecuted—and some of their friends gone to stake and gibbet. They had been defended by Sir Thomas Jeffery, Mr. Grant—afterwards Lord Glenelg—Mr. Campbell, and Mr. Drummond. They had been betrayed into danger and entrapped by ecrotidart ery-cutting Castlereagh and his minions. After his partial success, nobler men appreciating their worth, had organized them as emigrants, and induced the Government to atone for the injury done them by a loan of £10 for each head of a family and each child, and to send them out in chartered vessels in 1821 to Canada, to receive free grants of land, and where they were placed among these rocks—not knowing whether there lot was bettered.

Now my friends, it is important to your young men to study their history, and know what were their crimes—of what they were guilty—and what was the result of the stand they made for freedom and reform. No set of men since the Pilgrim Fathers—who earlier fought for the right to worship God, and faced the unknown forest and the cruel Indian rather than submit to tyranny, 200 years before—deserve better to be remembered in history than the Radicals of 1819—than the persecuted men of the Reform Association and the heroes of Bonny Muir.

I will read the oath they took—the treason they spoke; and then we will thank God that from what they did and suffered, we can now ask reform, speak of immoral or of drunken rulers, and petition, without fear of indictment, jail or gibbet. (Mr. Cameron here read the oath.) This is the treason they uttered, and but thirteen years afterwards the House of Commons was Reform, and Lord John Russell immortalized for doing that for which Palmer and Muir, Baird, Hardie and Mohr suffered as traitors. Glasgow was illuminated, and in the window of widow Hardie were these words in the brilliant gas:

"The cause of Reform was lost—is won,
And for this cause I lost my son."

And to-day a monument stands in Calton graveyard in their memory. Remember too, that at that day the Catholic soldier could not rise above a captaincy unless he forsook the faith of his fathers, or committed perjury. He could never hold a seat in Parliament; and among us in Canada "Dissenters" could not hold land enough for a church or graveyard, and could not marry if within twenty miles of an Episcopalian; and one-seventh of this whole Dominion was set apart for the Church of England. Now no man is asked about his faith or suffers for his color. In Great Britain the legislation was for the landholders, a very limited few; and bread could not be imported except in time of famine. There was no taxation for common schools—no idea of educating the masses; and in fact to demand free schools and the abolition of the Corn Laws was the worst of treason. Machinery could not be exported to Canada, and so manufactures were prohibited to us. These were the causes of that wide spread, heart-rending starvation and misery, which forced men in England and Scotland to speak out and even risk their lives for freedom—for that spirit born in them which even starvation could not kill; as Mr. Talfourd said at Reading, on his first public appearance:

"We die, or shall be free
The men that speak the language
Shakspeare wrote—must and shall be free!"

In England and Scotland Reform Associations were formed and leagues entered into to abolish restrictions on trade, and we in America have reason to bless God to-day for Hardie, Baird, Douglas, and Wilson, as well as for a Cobden and Bright in a later day. I speak not of party politics; I am far from intruding them to-day, as no doubt we have here men of all views in Canadian politics. I make no allusion to them; but matters of history we have a right to recall. It was free trade—in cash, corn, and Catholics—that made England revive—filled her poor with bread, and put shoes and stockings on her children; and the further reform now going on will, I believe, greatly benefit the Church of England, give Ireland peace, and make the British Islands more glorious than they ever have been.

The men whose memories we now honor; upon whose graves the snows of another Canadian winter will soon fall, were a power in Scotland, and have made their mark in Canada, and their sons fill posts of honor now; a Wilson honored the Bench of Canada; a Dick, a Clemie, a Baird, and three Hays the pulpit; Gemmell stands inferior to no local Pressman in Canada, and his son is making a like mark in Chatham, and he has another son a druggist—so that of the old Doctor, whom we all remember, up to "33rdly," it may be said his children's children call him blessed. Time would fail me to speak of the Rollos, Neilsons, Caldwells, Hamiltons, McLaren, Chalmers, Youngs, Robertsons, Sheriff Hall, of Peterboro; Lowrie, McIntyre, and others who have shown that the seens of fine thought were sown in good soil—whenever enterprise, energy, and power is wanted, a Lanark boy is found.

But, my young friends, I would have you not give yourselves selfishly to mere success. It was the public spirit and self-sacrifice of your fathers that I have commended. It was their self sacrifice that made them noble: no self-sacrificing benevolent effort is ever lost. The names of the thousands in Great Britain who amassed fortunes are forgotten: they lasted not as long as their looms and jennies: while a Howard, a Wesley, a Clarke, a Knox, will endure for ever; while such men as Talleyrand, who at 83 wrote: "Eighty-three years of Life now Past,"—filled with what anxieties, what agitations, what enmities, what troublous complexities! and all this with no other result than a great fatigue mental and moral, and a profound sentiment of discouragement with regard to the future, and of disgust for the past! Or Castlereagh, of whom I spoke before, from dread to face his fellows, or abide his own conscience, rushes madly into the presence of his God," unhouseled, unanointed, unanimaled;" and, as Byron said—"Without one single ray of her genius—without the fancy, the manhood, the fire of her race—a being who well might plunge Erin in doubt if she ever gave birth to a miscreant so base." Let your loyalty be based on reason, and not on "the mere crown hung on a thorn." I despise the sentiment; let it not be to King, or emperor, or premier, apart from moral worth; let it be given, not to man, but to humanity, and let your faith be ever in the progress of your race, and so go on extending the influence of humanity. So shall we open up to our country new fields of victory which shall not want the sympathies and gratulations of the good, or the praises of history. Go forth, Canadians, conquering and to conquer—not by brutish violence or force of arms—ah, no! not on dishonest fields of blood, but in the majesty of Peace, Justice, and Freedom—by the invisible might of Christian influence—and rationally establish Government!

If we meet a sovereign like our noble Queen, God bless her!—who is every inch a Queen—still a thousand times more a woman, who sympathizes with humanity; visiting the very bedsides of the poor, Bible in hand, sending letters of condolence not only to Mrs. Lincoln and the unfortunate Eugenie, but to the bereaved widows of the poor colliers in her own neighbourhood! Then let double honour be to our great Queen!

Long live our noble Queen!
Send her victorious,
Happy and glorious,
Long to reign over us—
God save the Queen!

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Canada and the Colonial Office.

From Blackwood's Magazine for October.

The last half century has been signalised by the rise of a sect whose members have appropriated or have complacently accepted the designation of *Rationalists*. Few departments of human knowledge and inquiry have escaped their invasion. We have Rationalists in religion, Rationalists in art, Rationalists in politics; and although it cannot justly be disputed that the world owes much to the new philosophy, it yet appears to us that a higher intelligence, looking down with inscrutably calm view on our petty mundane controversies, would be not unlikely to pronounce the judgment that the prophets of the new sect, as represented by the Renans, the Goldwin Smiths, and the Dilkes, are in many respects as credulous and as narrow-minded as the most bigoted adherents of of the old superstitions whose errors they have made it their business to expose.

Our present concern is with the teachings of the political Rationalists, and more especially with that branch which treats of colonial relations to the parent state.

"Nothing can be a greater error than to suppose that we are indebted for any very considerable portion of our national greatness to the extent of our colonial dominions. In all those cases in which we carry on a really beneficial trade with a colony, the chances are ten to one we should carry it on to an equal extent were it independent; while the numbers of our colonies, their distance from the United Kingdom, the ease with which some of them may be attacked during the war, and the difficulty and expense of defending them, are very grave considerations. On the whole, it will probably be found, if rightly examined, that the retention of distant territories, as colonies that have overcome the difficulties incident to their establishment, and are in a condition to defend and govern themselves, is a source of weakness rather than of strength. We derive our superior wealth and civilization from totally different sources—from the moral and physical advantages which have made the United Kingdom the headquarters, as it were, of freedom, civilization, and manufacturing industry; and while we possess these, we need not fear that any serious injury will result from circumscribing the extent of our colonial dominion."

That is the creed as expounded by M'Culloch, which is professed by the school of thinkers we have alluded to; which makes the greatness of a nation's trade and the greatness of that nation convertible terms bearing identically the same signification; which holds that nothing in the world is of any account that does not possess an exchangeable value in cash.

We hold, on the contrary, that the motive forces of the world are to be found in ideas and sentiments. France makes war for an idea, as we have learnt on high authority; and two millions of men are at this moment withdrawn from the blessed productive labours of peaceful industry, and are engaged in cutting each other's throats, for no material object whatever, but solely for a sentiment—the sentiment of national honour.

What is the motive which sends a man charging up the slope of "the imminent and deadly breach" with all the ardour of a young lover about to clasp his bride, but the thirst after the "bubble reputation"?

What is it that makes old men tottering on the verge of the grave—men of ancient names, titled men, rich men, who possess one would suppose all of this world's good that heart can desire—what is it, we say, that makes them restless and miserable with a dissatisfied longing after an impalpable something, represented perhaps by a ribbon of a particular breadth and hue, but the craving of increased consideration in the eyes of their fellow-men during the few and evil days that are left them?

Do we not know that men individually are ready to imperil their lives—nay, their very souls—for some object or sentiment more impalpable than air? and yet we are to trust the economists—whose peculiar dictum is that what is best for the individual must also be best for the nation, which is only an aggregation of individuals—when they tell us that Great Britain would be *Greater Britain* if stripped of her transmarine empire and limited to her two little islands in the north sea, just in proportion as her expenditure and responsibilities would be diminished.

Are we then to believe that there is no moral power in the pride which the citizens of a state may feel in the greatness of its empire? Is there no moral power, for example, in the Englishman's boast that he is the subject of a dominion on which the sun never sets? An empire must be perilously near its fall when the notion exists to any extent that the distinction and the prestige and the moral force which are the attributes of empire are not worth preserving, if so be their preservation entail an expenditure of money.

But it would not suffice for the anti-colonial party that her distant dependencies should cost England nothing. They advocate the severance of the connection on the ground that its continuance involves the inconvenient and dangerous obligation of defending them in war.

Fortunately these views, although held until lately by an apparently increasing party, have fallen into discredit with the public; and the present Government has declared that the whole strength of the empire would be put forth to defend the colonies if attacked—a declaration which, there is shrewd reason to suspect, was extracted sorely against the grain.

Of late years the complaint has been, and not without affording a plausible text to the anti-colonial party, that the connection is maintained exclusively for the benefit of the offspring, and at the sole charges of the parent. Not only are the colonies allowed to regulate their trade with foreign nations as they think proper, but even to tax, and in some cases to tax heavily, the manufactures and produce of the mother country. The one contribution which the colonies make towards the cost of the connection is in the payment of the salaries of their respective governors; and those officers constitute the only remaining symbol of England's authority over her lusty offspring—an authority which is practically little more than nominal.

On the other hand, England has until lately maintained in her distant dependencies a large military and naval force, towards the cost of which—save in the exceptional cases of Australia and New Zealand, and to a small extent also in Canada—the colonies have contributed nothing; and she is, moreover, saddled with the inconvenient and dangerous obligation of defending them in war.

That is the case against the colonies, and though our limits do not permit a minute examination of the general question whether the possession of great and loyal dependencies such as Canada and Australia do or do not increase the power of England we hold it to be easily demonstrable that our colonial empire gives us consideration and prestige with other nations; that consideration and prestige are synonyms for influence and power; that the colonies do not form any drain on our resources in peace; and that far from being a necessary weakness in war, they might, if properly organized, be made the source of greatly increased strength to the empire.

We postpone to some future occasion the arguments by which we conceive the foregoing conclusions might be established, and turn now to our special subject, the exceptional case of Canada.

The policy of both the great governing parties of England has been for some years past to reduce the colonial military garrisons, and to throw on the colonists the cost of maintaining such garrisons as they may respectively desire to retain. And in general terms this policy is just and wise, provided always the diminution of our forces serving abroad is not made the excuse—as it has lately been, and with what wisdom the present condition of Europe bears convincing testimony—for a *pro tanto* reduction of the army. But this is a danger to which we must always be exposed by our form of government, by the operation of which, while wisdom is with the few the power of the purse is with the many, who will never be persuaded to tax themselves to provide against a danger which is not certain and pressing. And whenever, by reason of the withdrawal of colonial garrisons, the number of troops at home becomes largely increased, there is a certainty—except in a case like the present, when war is raging around us—that the public will cry out against the extravagance of maintaining the increased numbers brought under their eyes, and will force on the Government a reduction of the army.

But although the policy of requiring the colonists to maintain the military force stationed among them for their convenience and protection is abstractedly just, it would be quite as absurd and illogical to apply it to all colonies as to fit all mankind with boots of the same measure. There is no analogy between the case of Canada and that of colonies like New Zealand and Australia, which have maintained the garrisons at their own charges.

New Zealand is inhabited by savage tribes, whose friendly or hostile demeanour depends very much on the acts of the self-governing colonists; and it is fitting that these latter, if they provoke a war with the natives, should bear the charge of carrying it on.

The military force stationed in Australia is principally necessary for police purposes in connection with the gold-fields; and as it is solely for the comfort and convenience of the colonists, it is right they should bear the burden of the cost.

Canada, on the other hand, possesses a vast length of frontier separating her from a foreign nation of an aggressive and jealous disposition, greatly her superior in wealth and population, and with purely democratic institutions, which render it always difficult, sometimes impossible, for the executive to control the popular feeling: and if a regular garrison is required in Canada at all, it is not for imperial and not colonial purposes. Lord Granville and Mr. Cardwell assert that a regular garrison is not needed in Canada at all; and Lord Granville has on more than one occasion advanced the singular argument, that the withdrawal of British troops would remove what has been heretofore a standing temptation to Americans to attack Canada, the principal inducement being supposed by his lordship to consist in the wish to humiliate England by the capture of her red-coats.

This is certainly a remarkable conclusion, the direct opposite of which appears to us to be the true one. So long as Canada remains a dependency, the presence of a hostile force on the Canadian soil is the same in principle as the presence of a hostile force in Sussex or Yorkshire. England cannot escape insult from the act of any foreign power invading one of her colonies by the withdrawal of her troops; neither can she evade the obligation to resent and oppose such invasion. In view of a war with the United States, it might fairly become a question whether, accepting the obligation to defend Canada if attacked, the maintenance therein of a regular military force would be the best means to that end in the absence of adequate support from colonial levies and colonial fortifications.

In the event of a war there are two possible methods of defending Canada—the one direct, the other indirect.

The direct method would consist in opposing an invading army on Canadian soil.

The indirect method would consist in waging a naval warfare against the United States seaboard, in the hope of inflicting such damage as should compel the enemy to make peace on our own terms; a method which would have the disadvantage of leaving Canada temporarily to her own resources to wage an unequal contest against an invading enemy greatly her superior in numbers and in all the appliances of war.

Now, with respect to the direct method of defence, it would obviously be a great disadvantage to England, if Canada were to be the battle field, that the communications of that battle-field with its base of operations should be by a line three thousand miles in length across a stormy ocean, while the enemy would be fighting at his own door. The base of operations for the defence of Canada should be organised in Canada itself, and to this end the following measures are necessary, viz.:

1st. The organization of the militia of the Dominion.

2nd. The construction of intrenched camps in the great centres of population, where the arms and stores which would be required for the warlike equipment of the militia and fighting population of the different districts might be kept constantly in readiness for an emergency.

It must be borne in mind that only the volunteer militia, numbering 40,000 men, who can be regarded merely as the advanced-guard of the main Canadian army, have as yet received any training or equipment. But the intrenched camps would form rallying points for the fighting population of their respective districts, who would find arms and supplies, and would soon acquire some military organization, within the secure area of the camps. Without these fortified places there would be no means of utilising the strong and willing arms of the population; for the depots of arms and warlike material being now fixed at one extremity of the long frontier, and the communications lying just within and parallel to the frontier, a powerful enemy could easily forbid the transport of any part of these stores to the different districts west of Montreal and to this end his first efforts would be directed.

Both of the measures here enumerated have, since the close of the American Civil War, been repeatedly urged on the Canadian Government by successive English Ministers; and the Canadian Parliament responded by passing in the session of 1868—

1st. A Militia Law, applicable to all the provinces of the new Dominion, which provides yearly for the training of 40,000 men of the active or volunteer militia, as well as for the enrolment, by a very simple machinery, of the whole male population liable to military service; and the bill contains the important proviso that *the enrollment of the men has the same force in law as their embodiment*, so that the Governor-General has the legal power, by a stroke of the pen, to place the whole or any part of the militia of the country on active duty without the further intervention of Parliament.

2nd. A bill empowering the Government to raise a loan of five million of dollars for the construction of fortifications on the guarantee of the Imperial Parliament, the works to be executed at such localities and on such plan as might be prescribed by the Home Government.

Freemasonry and the War.

Freemasonry has saved many lives in the present European contest. A story is told of a terrible hand-to-hand conflict between two officers at the battle of Sedan. The Prussian was a stern veteran, and at his first encounter with his antagonist, who was some dozen years his junior and a dashing young fellow, he received a terrible wound in the chest from the Frenchman's sabre. For a time they were parted by the conflict; again they met, and the young man, who had received a gunshot in the interval, was faint from loss of blood. The Prussian raised his sword. His foe was past resistance; but before the blow fell a hasty sign to his victor stayed his hand. Both instinctively paused, each knew that the other was a Freemason, and before they had time to think further both fainted away. After the battle they were seen by an English correspondent sharing each other's rations, and although neither could understand a word of the other's language, they seemed the best friends in the world.

Latest by Telegraph

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Latest War News.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The *Gazette* of this city last evening published a despatch from Gen. Boyer to the Duke of Baden, containing the following intelligence: On Saturday, the 22nd, a general victorious engagement occurred on the river Agnon, at Vary Cussey, Anson, and Generville. The French losses were severe. Battalions of the 1st, 3rd, 4th 5th and 6th Baden Regiments took part in the action. The German losses were generally insignificant. The following is a complete list of the casualities suffered by the Baden troops: Killed, 7; wounded, 38; captured officers, 12; rank and file, 200.

Despatches from Tours announce that a young girl of that city is creating most intense excitement by imitating the example of Joan of Arc. Hundreds of enthusiastic persons have joined her standard. Her appeals for recruits are said to be singularly patriotic and eloquent.

ST. PETERSBURG, 26th.—The *Journal* hopes the discussion of the conditions of peace will not be mixed up with with the discussion of an armistice. The Constituent Assembly is only competent to decide the question. The writer hopes further that pending an armistice, in deference to humanity, Paris may be revictualled.

FLORENCE, 26th.—The Minister of Foreign Affairs has sent a circular letter to the representatives of Italy in foreign countries, denying the assertions made in the late Papal Bull in relation to the reasons for dissolving the Ecumenical Council. The Minister says Italy has not raised, nor will she raise any obstacle whatever, either to the assembling of the Council or the perfect freedom of its discussions.

L'Opinion says the dissolution of the Italian Chambers is contemplated. The elections for new members will occur in November next.

Nearly all the journals of this city are preparing for an early emigration to Rome, which is generally considered must ultimately become the capital of the nation.

BRUSSELS, 25th.—The city continues to be the seat of active Bonapartist intrigues.

The *Independence Belge* denounces these violations of international law, and calls upon the Government to expel the culprits.

LISBON, 26th.—The regular mail steamer from Rio Janerio arrived at this port late last evening, bringing dates from that city to the 5th inst. The news is quite important. Favorable intelligence had been received from Monte Video. Jordan had again been defeated by the forces of the Argentine Republic. The Brazillian Cabinet had been re-constructed, and a moderately Conservative Ministry substituted. Many reform measures, including one in relation to emancipation, had been promised.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The Pall Mall *Gazette* of last evening annouunces that a meeting between Thiers and Bismarck has been arranged.

The Government at Tours having accepted the principles of the armistice, General Trochu made another attempt to force an outlet near Issy on Monday, but was repulsed.

TOURS, Oct. 26.—Extra editions of the "Moniteur" contains a decree for the issue of a loan of two hundred and fifty millions of francs, on Thursday, the 27th instant, under the title of "Loan for the National Defence."

It is confirmed that Garibaldi has successfully attacked the Prussians.

Advices from Marseilles state that disorders still prevail there.

It was rumoured last evening that the Prussians were evacuating Orleans yesterday.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—The "Herald's" London special says: A correspondent at the headquarters of the Prussian army at Versailles, writes under the date of October 18th. He says: I had an opportunity to-day to hear Bismarck's opinion regarding the political and military situation. He declared that the position of Prussia had never been altered, from the declaration of war by the French to the present. Compelled unwillingly to draw the sword, he declared they would never sheath it until Germany was free from future danger of invasion from turbulent neighbors.

Bismarck also says: We anticipated victory, but it was left to the experience of races to teach us what guarantees would effectually accomplish the object we had in view at the commencement. The blood, treasure and suffering it cost us to win our past victories, convinces the Prussian nation that they can hope for no full security without reclaiming those territories wrenched from Germany for purpose of aggression and lust of conquest. Prussia earnestly desires peace, but only a peace which will give full security for the future. In reply to the question whether Germany is able to stand a long campaign, he said that people who talk of the exhaustion of Germany are utterly ignorant of facts. "We have large resources at hand, and the hardest work over, while we are anxious for peace we have no fear for the future." Regarding an armistice, he said that the chances of war complicated negotiations for peace. Prussia is willing to listen to a proposition seeking an end to the war from any quarter likely to lead to practical results in view of the disorganized state of France, no matter whether it comes from the ex-Empire or the present Provisional Government; but an armistice is useless, so as to lead to peace.

It has been dreaded that the franc-tireurs must be treated as soldiers when wearing the military dress ordered in Paris.

There are rumors of peace in all quarters. An armistice is believed probable.

The *Herald's* special dated, Key West, Oct. 23, says:

A fierce hurricane from the North East visited Key West on the 20th, six vessels were wrecked in the harbor. The U. S. steamer "Tuscarora" broke from her three anchors and drifted out to sea. The rest of the squadron withstood the gale. The "Tuscarora," however, is safe.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The President has hoped that the recent election law of Congress would receive general acquiescence, and that he would not be called upon to interfere for the protection of civil officers of the Government in the discharge of duties imposed upon them The disposition manifested in New York city, however, to set law at defiance and to obstruct officers of the Government in arresting flagrant offenders, has determined the President to enforce the Act of Congress at all hazards, and, if necessary, to teach officials who incite riot a wholesome lesson.

To this end he has ordered to concentrate in New York city a large force of troops, consisting of infantry, artillery and detachments of marine corps, in all between 3,000 and 4,000 men, to be held in readiness to suppress riot and to assist the U. S. Marshall in effecting the arrest of those who violate the law. The force will be under the command of Gen. Terry.

Mr. Joseph Royal, the talented chief editor of *Le Nouveau Monde*, is about to return to the northwest, where he will establish a newspaper in the interests of the French of Manitobah.

The City Collector.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—I have observed of late statements in your paper, both editorials and from correspondents, which place the Collector of the city taxes in anything but a creditable light.

As nothing has appeared from this individual in any of the public papers of the city to contradict the statements and charges made, it must therefore be taken for granted that this civic official stands admittedly guilty of the serious charges brought against him in the ministration of the duties of his public office.

Mr. Editor, is it so, that the citizens of Ottawa are so lost to the sense of their own interest as to permit Mr. Preston to fill one of the most onerous situations of trust in the city?

A man who stands charged by implication of gross wrong doing in his public capacity, and who is either unable to meet the charges, or who (as it is said) holds himself independent of the voice of the citizens or the press, through connection or relationship [illegible] and a party in the City Council.

Every citizen having a spark of independence will thank your journal for drawing the public attention to the faulting state of our city exchequer.

Parties executing large contracts for the Council might for a time be [illegible] in securing instalments, but that [illegible] tlemen with families, serving the [illegible] school teachers, having to remain [illegible] their salaries, are through necessity compelled to have the city's cheques "shaved" by brokers [illegible] certain boot and shoe stores in the [illegible] state of affairs anything but creditable [illegible] the Board of School Trustees, [illegible] appears, Mr. Preston is an influential member. And because Mr. Cotton is identified with a public journal which [illegible] finances this very unsatisfactory state of [illegible] of the city before the notice of the citizens, Mr. Preston shows his bad taste by [illegible] his power to injure and annoy Mr. Cotton. It is admitted by intelligent community to be a dangerous state of affairs when officials attempt and aim at being masters instead of servants to the public.

If, as it appears by your paper that the City Chamberlain is unable to honour [illegible] cash a cheque of the City Council or [illegible] mon School Board for the amount of [illegible] it is time for the press and the people to speak out.

If a majority of the men who sit in the City Council and at the Board of Common Schools as Trustees, have shown their incompetency by bringing the affairs of the city to such a deplorable state, why not withdraw and allow other men, who are competent to manage the City affairs and resuscitate the city exchequer?

I remain,
Respectfully yours,
A TAX-PAYER.

Ottawa, 26th Oct., 1870.

Vacant Lots.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—I am pleased to see that your exertions in behalf of municipal reform are duly appreciated by the citizens generally, and it is to be hoped that much substantial good will be the result.

Might I, therefore, sir, be permitted to ask, to whom are the ratepayers to look for the due carrying out of the the by-laws; to our hard working Chief of Police, our representatives, or to some of the many well paid officials?

I am informed that a by-law exists which provides for the fencing in of vacant lots in certain streets. If so, why are so many left unfenced in some of the most [illegible] portions of the city. I might mention three lots on the corner of Sparks and O'Connor streets, on two of which dangerous mantraps exists, and it is only a wonder that some unfortunate has not before this tumbled into some of them and been killed. These mantraps or pitfalls are fully ten feet deep, and entirely unprotected. Some of the city aldermen and police pass and repass these dangerous falls several times a day without giving them a passing notice; and I suppose they will so remain until some serious accident will occur. Then upon whose shoulders will the responsibility rest? There is another dangerous pitfall, also unprotected, just below the residence of Mr. Van Cortland that requires immediate attention.

By giving these few remarks a place in your next paper possibly the grievance complained of may be removed.

A WELLINGTON WARD RATEPAYER.

October 26, 1870.

Dr. W. J. Palmer, who has had [illegible] years experience in deaf and dumb institutions, and who was lately in an institution in North Carolina, has been appointed to the charge of the new Provincial Asylum in Belleville. He is accompanied with his family. Professor McGann is senior teacher, and Messrs. Coleman and Green are assistant teachers.

MARRIED

In St. Alban's Church, by the Rev. [illegible] ford Jones, on the 25th inst., [illegible] bell, of the Township of [illegible] Catherine, third daughter of [illegible] of the Township of Gloucester.

WALTHAM WATCHES

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of the WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are everywhere acknowledged to be the CHEAPEST TIME-KEEPERS.

Almost all other watches are [illegible] pretences; not one in a hundred bears [illegible] of the real maker; the public have [illegible] security, and have, therefore, been [illegible] imposed upon. On the contrary, every a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the Company, and no matter from whom he buys [illegible] positive security that he is getting a KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the [illegible] of watchmakers lies in selling other [illegible] which they can make larger profits [illegible] enterprise in the trade prefer an article [illegible] and ready sale, and which leaves [illegible] It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several [illegible] (all guaranteed), the silver cases are [illegible] coin silver, and from 2 to 3 ounces in weight; gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and [illegible] 3.4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for [illegible] richly engraved or enamelled. For the [illegible] both in gold and silver, are the CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD.

These watches can be ordered of any watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be [illegible] required. The Company in all cases pay Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,

Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada, Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street. Montreal—445 St. Paul Street

397-3

NOTICE.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO

TORONTO, 29th October, 1870

Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,

Toronto, Oct 7, 1870

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

AYLMER AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart.............. 3.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive.............. 4.20 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

☞ 50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

RACING.—Since the races of the O. T. C. betting and racing has become very fashionable among the fancies about Ottawa. Bets are generally more numerous than heavy.

WATER AND MILKMEN.—The rise of water in the creeks and streams throughout the country will account for the abundant supply of milk at present. Milkmen are rejoicing.

☞ Another lot of those wonderfully cheap French Merinoes, worth 3s. 9d. for 3s. 6d., and worth 2s. 6d. for 2s., in all the leading colours, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

RECOVERING.—We are glad to learn that John Moxley, who had his arm amputated a few days ago, owing to the accident in Messrs. Currier's & Co.'s mill, is progressing favourably.

☞ Effects of the war! Great sacrifice in Silks! Garland, Mutchmor & Co. secured a parcel at the low prices. Good ordinary Black Silk at 3s. 6d., 3s. 9d., 4s. and 5s. per yard. Beautiful Lyons gros grains 6s. 3d., 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 9d., and 10s.

HAY.—There is talk of hay being brought in already on the cars from the States and parts of Canada where it is plentiful. As hay is selling at present in Ottawa for $20, we consider such an enterprise would prove rather unremunerative.

ATTEMPT AT ESCAPE.—Yesterday two prisoners confined in the Ottawa gaol made a determined attempt to escape being armed for the purpose with an axe. They were, however, defeated in their intentions by the gaol authorities, who discovered the plot in time.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 1m.

THAT HOLE.—That hole at the corner of the market has not yet been filled up, and it is certainly very unpleasant for ladies to be endeavouring to wade their way through it from one side of the square to the other. As we said before, a couple of loads of gravel would fill it up.

O. Y. M. C. A.—Among the many other good things which this Association is about undertaking is, we understand, the educating of the Ottawa newspaper boys. We wish them success in their very laudable, but, we fear, very difficult work.

LARCENY AND ARREST.—Yesterday a boy, named Evans, for some time in the employ of Mr. Kavanagh, of the "Queen Saloon," was arrested for the larceny of sums of money from that gentleman. He will probably be before the Police Magistrate this morning, when the particulars will be elicited.

DEER.—Farmers in the surrounding townships account for the scarcity of deer this season as not owing so much to the fires during the summer as to the manner in which deer were shot down last year by American hunters.

☞ Flannels, Lancashire, Walsh, Ante the mate, Saxony and Canadian, in a great variety of colors and prices, from 1s. up, all excellent value, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges the receipt, per John Hill, Esq., of seven dollars and fifty cents, one half the proceeds of a juvenile bazaar, held in favor of the Orphans' Home and said institution by Misses Eva Rowe, Tiny Champness, Adeline Howes and Minnie Hill.

MURDER!—On Monday night the residents of a certain portion of Patrick street were roused from their slumbers by hideous crys of murder, from an individual on the street. Of course a number of stout hearted men immediately ran out to rescue him from, as they supposed, imminent danger, but they soon discovered that he was an inveterate drunkard well known in that locality. He was in the horrors, and had escaped from an hotel hard by.

THAT WELL.—A couple of months back a contract was given for the sinking of a well at the corner of Rideau and Gloucester streets, and accordingly the well was duly sunk, but so far no pump has been put into it, or any other means supplied of obtaining water. The people in that locality who have to draw water from private wells are impatient to know when they will be able to use the well. They are humoured by some parties who suggest that they will soon have the convenience of water works?

ELOPEMENT.—It is not often that Ottawa has the sensation of an elopment in its midst, but such an occurrence really took place in Lower Town on Monday night, in which are concerned the daughter of a well-known gentleman and a panting swain who was too impatient to await the regular turn of events. They eloped during the night and evading all search on the part of those who objected to the union had the knot tied this morning at a very early hour and very secretly. They have not yet left on their wedding tour, and it is probable they will be obliged to enjoy the honey moon in Ottawa.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.

HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—R. A. Allen, Thos Hiran, D McIntyre, Montreal; George M Crane, Brockville; A. Johnston, Manchester; G T Smith, N Y; George Loft, Grand River; W P Simcoe Kerr, Wellington Square; Mrs. Russell and child, Arnprior; O G Harris, Washington; R W Walmsley, St John; G S Page, Kingston; M Cayber Beauharnois; G Mooney, Prescott; P W White Pembroke; M Kickenson, Manotic; F Dudeey, S Brown, Montreal; G W Robertson, Kingston.

POLICE COURT—Wednesday morning.—This minor, though very necessary court of justice, was opened this morning to a large attendance of constables and no prisoners. The first violation of a generous city's by-laws, was

George Maloney, who was charged with assaulting John Kelly. The complainant having stated his grievance, the Magistrate postponed the case to allow of a counter charge being made against complainant, and to permit of witnesses being procured.

A respectably dressed woman named Ellen Payne charged her husband, Abraham Payne, with cruelly assaulting her from time to time, and on the 24th inst. in particular. This case was also postponed, to give the parties an opportunity of arranging an amicable settlement, which they should have done, if it was possible, before coming to Court. Such a case as this is always better kept away from the Police Court.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Oct. 26.

At the Assizes yesterday, Thos. Spinks was tried for the murder of William Allen, on the 4th of June last, by striking him on the head. Verdict—Manslaughter.

Wm. Sheppard, who shot his wife last July, was tried this morning, and a verdict of manslaughter returned.

Robert Carson was tried for arson of the premises of Dr Crawford, at the Police Court, yesterday. Adjournment till Saturday.

Weather beautiful and cool.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Oct. 26.

At noon, to day, his Excellency Lieut.-Gen. Doyle, Lieut-Gov. of Nova Scotia, and commanding H. M. forces in North America, arrived by rail from Boston, and is staying at the St. Lawrence Hall. He is accompanied by Col. Ainslie and Capt. Mack.

The first meeting of the winter session of the Natural History Society takes place on Monday evening, 31st inst. Some remarks will be made by Mr. E. Billings, F. G. S., on the fossil whale lately found at Cornwall.

Last evening the Rev. Dr. Burns delivered a lecture on temperance in the Presbyterian mission house, corner of Wellington and Nazareth streets. He gave a very interesting account of the drinking habits and customs of the past century, and pointed out the baneful effects and results of intemperance in the history of individuals as well as of nations.

Mr. J. Royal writes to the "Herald," denying that the paper he proposes to establish in Manitoba, will be in the interests of the priests.

Weather cool.

HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, Oct. 26.

The writ for the Halifax election has been issued, the tenth of November being fixed as the nomination day, and the 17th as the election day.

Garvie has not yet made any declaration as to his views, although he is not understood to identify himself with the present Government, he has been brought forward by its supporters. To-morrow will probably determine whether he is to be opposed. P. C. Hill will be his opponent. He is Confederate, and was, in conjunction with Blanchard, at the head of the previous Local Government. If there is a contest it will be keen.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weizer, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know he only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle Sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which have proved their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chafin, D. D; New York.
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres, Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence

Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

SUITS,

PEA JACKETS,

OVERCOATS,

☞ WINTER CLOTHING ☜

MAGEE & RUSSELL,

SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA,

Beg to inform the Gentlemen of Ottawa and the public generally that their Clothing Department is now under the management of a FIRST-CLASS ARTIST, of ENGLISH, AMERICAN and CANADIAN experience. Also that, their STOCK of CLOTHS this season is extremely large and varied, embracing all the NEW STYLES adapted for SUITS, PEA JACKETS and OVERCOATS.

☞ M. & R. would suggest to those requiring NEW and CORRECT FITTING GARMENTS, that it would be wise to place thyir orders at once, to prevent disappointments as a great pressure of Trade is anticipated when the cold weather sets in.

☞ M. & R's facilities for doing justice to the requirements of the public is now such as to warrant them in saying that no house in the Province can manufacture superior or better fitting clothing.

☞ For Correctness of Fit, Elegance of Style and Workmanship unsurpassed.

☞ See Garments made to measure only, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,

SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

SUITS—Pea Jackets and Over Coats, made to measure only at Magee & Russell's, are unequalled for fit, style, workmanship and price.

☞ Gentlemen who are in the habit of ordering their clothing from Montreal and Toronto, are invited to view specimen garments, at Magee & Russell's.

OTTAWA

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

The attendance of all Members and those intending to become Members, is requested at GOWAN'S HALL, on TUESDAY next, the 1st NOVEMBER, at 7½ P.M.

G KENNEDY, Secretary.

Ottawa, Oct 7, 1870 149 tf

STRAYED COW

Came into my place on the 12th OCTOBER, on the 3rd Con. of NEPEAN, near LONG ISLAND, one large RED COW, with a piece cut off her tail, and white spot down her forehead. Both horns has a hole bored in them. The owner can have her by description of the animal and paying expenses. Can have the same by applying to

JOHN TIERNEY, 3rd Con., No 15 Lot, Nepean.

Nepean, Oct 7, 1870 1493 3-1w

BY A. ROWE, AUCTIONEER.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

SPLENDID SEVEN OCTAVE PIANO-FORTE

MADE BY HANES BROS., OF N. Y., &c., &c.

The subscriber has been instructed by W. C. CLARK, Esq., to sell at his residence, O'Connor street.

ON FRIDAY, the 28th OCTOBER, 1870,

One Hanes Bros Piano, in excellent order with all the modern improvements, Hair Cloth Cover to match and Rocking Chair, Centre Table, What-not, Mirrors, Carpet and Curtains. Extension Dining Table, Chairs, Sideboard, Couch, Curtains and Carpet, Hall Oil Cloth, Hall Stove and Pipes, Cooking Stove and utensils, Parlour Stove and Pipes, Bedroom Furniture, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Dressing Tables, Carpet and Curtains, Set of China, Stoneware, Kitchen utensils, and one second-hand Sewing Machine, a quantity of house plants, a singing Canary, &c.

Terms cash.

Sale at half past ten o'clock.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Oct 25, 1870 1495td

SALE OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The Subscriber has received instructions from CHAS. McCARRON, Esq., to sell at his residence, Sussex street, on THURSDAY the 27th inst., at 11 o'clock, a.m., all his Household Furniture, consisting in part of Drawing Room Set, in Black Walnut, Extension Dining Table, Black Walnut Sideboard, What-Not, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Looking Glasses, Glass, China and Crockery Ware, large Double Stove, Cooking Stove and utensils, Kitchen Furniture, and a number of articles not enumerated.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1870. 1495td.

WANTED.

A BOY, to carry a Round. Must be able to read and write.
Apply at this Office.

ADDITIONAL STOCK

RE-ORDERED

—BY—

ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Are now receiving large lots of new GOODS, re-ordered by Cable and Mail from BRITAIN, to fill up lines sold out in September.

Their Stock will be again very complete in all the Departments this week.

They invite special attention to their Stock of

BLACK and COLOURED SILKS,

Fancy DRESS GOODS, in all the Fashionable Materials,

RIBBONS,

LACES,

GLOVES,

HOSIERY,

SHAWLS,

MILLINERY

and MANTLES

PRINTS,

COTTONS,

SHEETINGS,

BLANKETS and

FLANNELS,

All purchased in the best Markets, under every possible advantage.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47 SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct. 11, 1870.

JUST PUBLISHED!

RED RIVER INSURRECTION

HON. WM. MacDOUGALL'S

CONDUCT REVIEWED.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

For Sale at the Bookstore of Messrs JAMES HOPE & CO., and at the Bookstore of Messrs J DURIE & SON, Ottawa, or at the office of

JOHN LOVELL, Publisher.

Montreal, Oct 26, 1870 1496 3

WRITING LESSONS, &c., FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

Respectable young women, employed in stores or otherwise, during the day, whose evenings are at their own disposal, and who desire to improve themselves educationally, more especially in Writing, Reading, and Spelling, will effect their object, on terms quite within their means, on application to

MRS. CHARLES POPE, Corner of Bank and Albert sts

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1870.

BAZAAR.

THE ANNUAL BAZAAR

in aid of the

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM,

Will open this morning, and continue during the week, in the Barracks, formerly the British Hotel, corner of Sussex and George streets.

Donations in aid of the same, will be thankfully received by the Lady Managers.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495tf

AUTUMN. 1870.

"THE GOLDEN LION,"

SPARKS STREET,

Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in

HATS,

BONNETS,

FEATHERS,

Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c

Fashionable Velveteen Hats.

From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets,

$1.50 upwards

New Paris Jackets,

In Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Under-clothing,

A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods,

A complete Stock.

☞ R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

☞ FALL AND WINTER STOCK, ☜

And are shewing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c.

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES

HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

☞ OUR STOCK ☜

—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Box and Parlor Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen's Supplies, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

NEW GROCERY STORE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND YORK STREETS.

J. M. C. DE LES DERNIERS

HAS OPENED A

NEW GROCERY STORE

In the above named Premises, in which will be found a full supply of all articles of the Trade, all new, and of first class quality. Having been selected by himself, he can guarantee their excellence. As the

GOODS WERE CASH PURCHASES

They can be sold at a less figure than if bought on credit. They consist in part of

WINES,
LIQUORS,
SCOTCH ALES, and
PORTER,
TEAS,
SUGARS,
(in variety.)
TOBACCOS,
FISH, (dried and salted),
PICKLES,
SAUCES,

And a variety of other articles too numerous to mention, and such as can be found only in a

☞ *First Class Grocery Establishment.* ☜

Mr. De les Derniers, having an extensive country connection, is in constant receipt of Butter, Eggs and other Farm Products, and has now on hand hundred packages of

SUPERIOR QUALITY FAMILY BUTTER,

Which he offers for Sale at a very low rate.

☞ Remember the place—Corner of SUSSEX and YORK streets, in Messrs. Kearns & Ryan's Old Stand.

An inspection of the Goods is respectfully desired.

J. M. C. DE les DERNIERS,

Corner of Sussex and York Streets,

Ottawa, 18th Oct, 1870 1493tf

COAL VASES, PERDONIANS, and SCUTTLES, of beautiful patterns, at
ESMONDE'S.

THE largest and best assortment of COAL STOVES, at
ESMONDE'S.

CUTLERY, WOODEN WARE, WILLOW WARE and BRUSHES, at
ESMONDE'S.

LAMPS, GLOBES, CHIMNEYS, and COAL OIL, wholesale and retail, at
ESMONDE'S

JAPANNED, TIN, IRON, and Enamelled ware, at
ESMONDE'S.

DUMB STOVES, GALLOWS PIPES, and all improvements in STOVE PIPING, at
ESMONDE'S.

MONTREAL STOVE PIPE VARNISH, the best in use, at
ESMONDE'S.

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree. Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON, Master at Ottawa

SCOTT & ROSS, Plaintiff's Solicitors.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1d-3w.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-tIN.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to authorize the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

W M P LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, October 12th, 1870 1492 1awk-2m

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hope by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot),
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congo.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy),

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS.
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general

Groceries,

Wines,

and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for A few trials will prove their superiority common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON, No. 26, Rideau Street.

6th June, 1870.

CANADA PACIFIC

RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leather Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870 1493 2m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to MAGEE & RUSSELL, Ottawa

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

LOST.

On Friday, the 21st Oct, at the Race Course, a Silver Mounted Riding WHIP, the gift of a valued friend. The finder will be suitably rewarded, by leaving it at this office.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870. 1495a

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT.

Hull, September 29, 1870 1416 1m&

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

—OF THE—

☞ PROVINCE OF ONTARIO ☜

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W R WORSLEY, Sec. C C R Co

Ottawa, Oct 15, 1870 1488tf

CANADA CENTRAL

AND

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS,

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over the Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4 40 p. m

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT, Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 13 1870 1460tf

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILO

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

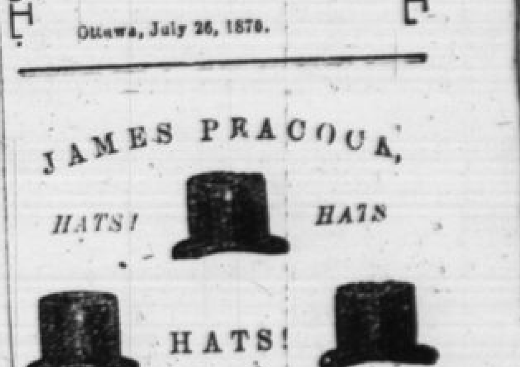
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL

JAMES PRACOUA,



HATS! HATS

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

WANTED.

Until the 1st of MAY next, a Furnished House, within easy distance of the Public Buildings, containing at least, five Bed-rooms.

Apply to "N.", TIMES Office, by letter—stating rent, &c.

Ottawa, Oct 26, 1870 1495 3

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA..................$300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Total Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1 2: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 0s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following:

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 50 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent

1407 3m

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards. For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL, Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

1321 P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS

OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

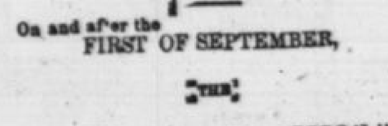
The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 3 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 23, 1870 144 tf

MR DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several ....

212tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap. 36,) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 17th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY of FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES, Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

TO LET.

From the 15th November to the 1st May next, the house at present occupied by Dr Henry, corner of Kent and Wellington streets Apply after ... p m. 1488 6

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,

European and American

Patent Med

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations

English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS — TRADE-MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL — AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in ... twa.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

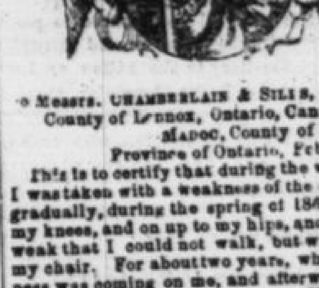
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hacey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J F, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

GABRIEL'S — TRADE MARK — MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESS^RS GABRIEL Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. — PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London.

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm 1awk6m

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

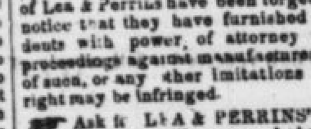
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 62v1236 law

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next,

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORSLE Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office, Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1462td

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct 4, 1870 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G W Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

The Tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN. Secretary.

Department of Public Works

Ottawa, October 1, 1870. 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool)

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850	miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	738	do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730	do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120	do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

TEAS AND WINES,

8 HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL

Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1 00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,

Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained

OPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

1306tf

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p. m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 ..1

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 6? 1443t

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal,

Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,

Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materia and Founder's Supplies,

32 Lemoine Street. Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven	Cook Stoves.
Low Oven	Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.	Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.	Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.	Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.	Elbows.
Zinc.	

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, August 6 3m

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9 30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 15 p m.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 13, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 5.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

J. ABBOTT, Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a m., and 8 45 p. m, and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York,

or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,

No 5 Sparks street.

.... 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of he Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1470 td law

Sarsaparilla

... they were painfully afflicting, have been cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. ...

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

...

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical ... LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq. Malcolm Cameron, W T Mackenzie, Esq. McMaster, Esq, B S Howland, Esq, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, ... J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs ... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL COMPANY are as low as its ... shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of Insurance is ... not when the premiums are being paid, ... losses are being settled, and ... promptness of its settlements ... Insurance Company is second to ...

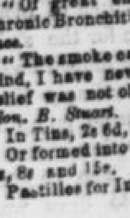
Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses ...

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

1298tf

FOR ASTHMA



DATURA TATULA ...

Affords Immediate ...

"A remedy of great ... usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of ... Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal* ...

"The smoke causes no nausea ... kind, I have never known ... relief was not obtained."—*General* ... *Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes ... 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, ...

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., ...

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co. ...

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the Digestion and ASSIMILATION OF COD LIVER OIL and fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive ... perior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 5s, ... and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, ...

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. ...

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with ... ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union ...

Ottawa, July 6, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business. Apply ...

References given if required. ... TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 32, Sparks ... Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES ... Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1499. OTTAWA FRIDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

F C CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Sparks street.

F C CLEMOW.

LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ... streets. 488y

Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, Ottawa. 35y

Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Elgin-st. 43utf

Barristers, Attorneys, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the ...

JOHN J. GEMMILL.

BARTNELL, Barrister, Notary Public, Clerk Attorney, for the United ... and Russell. Office—In the ... 34 6m

& KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario ... Office Buildings, Elgin street.

RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

PARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st. Post Office, Ottawa. 48ly

MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MUSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, &c. Office—Musgrove's Buildings, Ottawa. 306f GEORGE TAILLON

Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post ... 190ef

Medical.

HENDERSON, [McGill University], Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, ... recently-occupied by Dr. Mal... Ottawa. 1385y

..., Physician, Surgeon, ... Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug ... Sapper's Bridge. Office ... given to the treatment ... and EAR. At night ... Murray street.

..., Physician, Surgeon and ... Hunton's Block, Sparks ...

MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Central Ottawa. 34utf

Hotels and Saloons.

HOUSE,

... NOVA SCOTIA. Established 1851. ... boarders accommodated ... to their comfort. ... MANS, Proprietor.

... James and King-sts., ... and Public Offices, ST. ... HOUGHTON, Proprietor. (Late of ... Dining Saloon.) ... sample-room for commercial ... 859y

HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

... "TIMES" OFFICE.

... is fully prepared to supply ... to insert single Teeth ... gold, silver or vulcanite ... administered without the ...

... except Sunday, ... 9 p.m.

... COMMISSION AGENT, ... next to the City Hotel Ottawa. ... patronage of the Lumber Merchants ... From his long experience ... his services in engaging ... to their rafts while passing ... ability.

REFERENCES.

Walter Smith, Esq.

R W Cruice, Esq.

1324t.

DOWARD, Organist, Christ ... Teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing ... street. Mr. Doward was ... Bay and Articled Pupil of Mr ... Gloucester Cathedral, England. 1396y

... HARVEY, Manager.

Cherry Pectoral,

... of the Throat and Lungs, ... Coughs, Colds, Whooping ... Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

...'s Ague Cure,

... and Ague, Intermittent Fever, ... Remittent Fever, Dumb ... or Bilious Fever, &c., ... all the affections which arise ... marsh, or miasmatic ...

... printed and published ... at the Office 38, ... Ottawa. JAMES ... Proprietor.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also. Bordeaux and other Vinegars

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Souterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices. Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES.

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M D., F R C.P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R.C.S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F R C.S"

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s, and 40s

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

the Village of Kenmore,

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St.

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw27t

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 33, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.

Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w37tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.

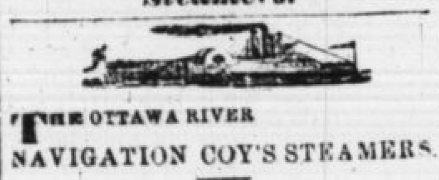
Ottawa, August 13, 1870 1433tf

BOARD.

A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.

Ottawa, September 19 1870 80tf

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 134ttf

Hardware.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth.
Whitinge Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottawa 24th June, 1870,

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deal Milk-saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

STOVES.

Buy Them and Save 20 Per Cent,

AT

ESMONDE BROS.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.t

EAU DE VIE BLANC,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavouring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do 7;30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at........ 4.00 p m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 7;30 am

Trains for Lachine at ....6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1;30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........ 7:00 am

Express for Boston at........ 8:40 am

Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at........ 3:45 pm

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at........ 6.00 am

Express for Island Pond, at........ 2:00 pm

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........ 10:10 pm

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations,

As fast as completed.

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
1427tf

June 3, 1870.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at..... 9 00 a m

NIGHT, do do........ 9 00 p m

Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations........ 7 00 a m

Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations........ 5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine a 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations, at........ 7 10 a m

Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at........ 9 00 a m

Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at........ 3 45 p m

Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at........ 6 00 a m

Do do do do .... 4 00 p m

Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at........ 1 30 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1425tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	MAILS	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
11.15		9.00	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		4.00
6.00			Montreal, by Steamer			
11.15			Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		4.00
7.30		8.00	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.45		7.30
11.15		8.00	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	9.45		4.00
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	8.00		6.30
5.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.			6.30
5.00		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.		11.00	
	11.00	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	9.45		4.00
11.15	11.15		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L & O. Railway	9.45		1.00
7.30			North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		1.00
7.30		4.30	Osgoode, Russell and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.00		5.00
8.00			For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway			
6.00			For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway			
			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays.			
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 12th Oct, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of the Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Cold-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. SELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says; "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

FOR

STYLISH SIGNS

AND

HANDSOME WALL

PAINTING

GO TO

THE

LANG'S

PAINTING

ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

THE DEAN'S WATCH.

From the French Erckmann-Chatrian.

(*Continued.*)

About two o'clock in the morning I was awakened by a strange noise. At first I thought it was a cat running along the gutters; but my ear being close to the rafters, I could not remain long in doubt. Some one was walking over the roof. I touched Wilfrid with my elbow to awaken him.

"Hist!" whispered he, pressing my hand.

He also had heard the noise. The fire was just dying out, the last feeble flame flickered on the crumbling walls. I was on the point of springing from the bed, when, at a single blow, the little window, kept close by a fragment of brick, was pushed open. A pale face, with red hair, eyes gleaming with phosphorescent light, and quivering cheeks appeared in the opening, and looked about the room. Our fright was so great that we could not utter a sound. The man passed first one leg, then the other, through the window, and descended into the garret so carefully that not a board creaked under his footsteps.

This man, with heavy round shoulders, short and thick-set, his face wrinkled and set like a tiger couched to spring, was none other than the rider who had overtaken us on the road to Heidleberg. But what a change in his appearance since then! In spite of the excessive cold, he was in his shirt-sleeves, a pair of breeches belted about his waist, woollen stockings, and shoes with silver buckles. A long knife flecked with blood, glittered in his hand.

Wilfrid and I gave ourselves up for lost. But he did not seem to see us under the shadow of the sloping roof, although the fire was again fanned into a blaze by the current of cold air from the open window. The intruder seated himself on a stool, cowering and shivering in a strange way. Suddenly his greenish-yellow eyes fixed themselves on me, his nostrils dilated; for more than a minute, which seemed to me an age, he stared at me. The blood stood still in my veins. Then, at last, turning toward the fire, he coughed with a husky, hoarse sound, like that which a cat makes, without moving a muscle of his face. Drawing a watch from the fob of his pantaloons, he seemed to look at the hour, and then, whether from absence of mind or some other reason, I know not, laid it upon the table. At length, rising from his seat with an air of uncertainty, he looked toward the window, appeared for a moment to hesitate, and then passed out of the door, leaving it wide open behind him.

I jumped up to shove the bolt, but already the man's steps were creaking on the staircase two stories below. An irresistable curiosity overcame my terror. I heard a window open, which looked upon the court, and, in a moment, I was at the dormer in the landing of the stairs on the same side. The court, seen from this height, was like a deep well. A wall, fifty or sixty feet high divided into two parts. On the right was the court of a pork-butcher; on the left, that of the Pied-du-Mouton. The wall was covered with moss and the rank vegetation which flourishes in the shade. Its summit reached from the window which the marauder had just opened, in a straight line to the roof of a great, gloomy building in the rear of the Bergstrasse. All this I took in at a glance, as the moon shone out from among the heavy snow-laden clouds, and I trembled as I saw the man come out through the window, and fly along the top of this wall, his head bent forward, the long knife in his hand, while the wind whistled and wailed a dismal chorus.

He gained the roof in front, and dissappeared through a window. I believed I must be dreaming. For several moments I remained with open mouth, my breast bare, and my hair blown about by the wind, and wet by the sleet which fell from the eaves. At last waking from my stupor, I returned to our garret, and found Wilfrid with face blanched, and haggard with fright, and muttering a prayer under his breath. I hastened to bolt the door, throw some wood into the stove, and slip on my clothes.

"Well?" asked my comrade, getting out of bed.

"Well," I replied, "we are safe this time. If that man did not see us, it was only because Heaven was not ready yet for us to die."

"Yes," he murmured, "yes; it is one of the assassins Annette told us about. Good Heavens! what a face, and what a knife!"

He fell back on the mattress. I swallowed what was left of the wine in the pitcher; and, as the fire was now burning brightly, filling the room with its heat, and the bolt seemed a strong one, I began to regain my courage.

Still, the watch was there; the man might return to look for it. Our fears awoke again at this idea.

"What is to be done now?" asked Wilfrid. Our shortest plan will be to go back at once to the Black Forest. I have no wish to play any more double-bass. You can do as you choose—"

"But why?" What should make us go back? We have done no crime."

"Hush! speak low!" whispered he. The word *crime* alone is enough to hang us, if any one heard. Poor devils like us serve as examples for others. Were they only to find this watch here—"

"Come, Wilfrid," said I: "it is no use to lose one's head. I dare say, a crime has been committed last night in the neighbourhood; it is more than probable; but, instead of flying, an honest man should aid justice; he should—"

"But how aid it? how?"

"The simplest way will be to take the watch to-morrow to the provost, and tell him what had taken place."

"Never! never! I would not dare touch the watch."

"Very well; I will go myself. Come let us go to bed again."

"No; I cannot sleep any more."

"As you will.—Light your pipe, then, and let us talk."

As soon as day dawned, I took the watch from the table. It was a very fine one, with two dials—one for the hours, the other for the minutes. Wilfrid seemed, however, by this time to have regained his assurance.

"Kasper," he said, "all things considered, it will be better for me to go to the provost. You are too young for such a piece of business. You will not be able to explain properly."

"Just as you choose," I replied.

"Besides it would seem strange for a man of my age to send a child."

"Oh yes Wilfrid; I understand."

I saw that his self-esteem had driven him to this resolution. He would have been ashamed to own to his comrades that he had shown less courage than I.

He took the watch, and we decended the stairs with grave faces. Passing through the alley which leads to the street Saint-Christophe, we heard the clinking of glasses and knives and forks. At the same time recognized the voices of Bremer and his two sons.

"Faith, Wilfrid," said I, "a good glass of wine would not be bad before we go out."

I pushed open the door into the saloon. All our friends were there; violins and horns hung upon the walls—the harp in one corner. They received us with joyful cries of welcome, and made us take seats at the table.

"Heh!" cried old Bremer; "good luck, comrades! See the snow and the wind! The saloons will all be full. Every flake of snow in the air is a florin in our pockets!"

The sight of my little Annette, as fresh and picquant as ever, smilling on me with eyes and lips full of love, gave me new spirits. The best pieces of ham were for me; and, every time that she came to set down a glass near me, her hand would tenderly press my shoulder. Ah! how my heart beat, as I thought of the nuts which we had cracked together the night before!

Still the pale face of the assassin would pass from time to time before my eyes, making me shudder at the recollection. I looked at Wilfrid. He was grave and thoughtful. As eight o'clock struck, we all rose to go, when suddenly the door opened, and three mean-looking fellows, with leaden faces, and eyes sharp as rats, followed by several more of the same sort, presented themselves on the threshold. One of them, with a long nose, which seemed to be on the scent for some mischief, a great cudgel in his fist, advanced with the demand—

"Your papers, gentlemen!"

Every one hastened to satisfy him. Unhappily, however, Wilfrid who was standing near the stove, was seized with a sudden fit of trembling; and, as he saw the practised eye of the police agent regarding him with an equivocal look, the unlucky idea occurred to him of letting the watch slip down into his boot. Before it reached its destination, however, the officers stepped up to him, and, slapping him on the leg, cried, in a bantering tone:

"Ah, ah! something seems to trouble you here!"

Upon this, Wilfrid, to the consternation of all, succumbed entirely. He fell back upon a bench, as pale as death; and Madoc the chief of police, with a malicious shout of laughter, drew forth the watch from his pantaloons. But the moment the agent looked at it, he became grave.

"Let no one go out!" he thundered to his followers; "we've the whole gang here. Tis the watch of the dean, Daniel Van der Berg-Quick! the handcuffs!"

Thereupon rose a terrible tumult. Giving ourselves up for lost, I slipped down under the bench close to the wall. In spite of their protests, poor old Bremer, his sons, and Wilfrid, were all handcuffed. Just then I felt a soft little hand passed gently about my neck. It was Annette's, and I pressed my lips upon it as a last adieu, when, seizing my ear, she pulled it gently—gently. Under one end of the table I saw the cellar-door open; I slipped through; the trap-door closed.

All had passed in a second. In my hiding-place I heard them trampling over the door; then every thing was still; my unlucky comrades were gone. Without, on the doorstep, I heard Mother Gredel Dick lamenting in shrill tones the dishonor which had fallen on the Pied-du-Mouton.

All day long I remained squeezed behind a hogshead, with back bent and legs doubled under me—a prey to a thousand fears. Should a dog stray into the cellar should the landlady take a fancy to refill the jug herself, or a fresh cask to be broached—the least chance might be my destruction. I imagined old Bremer and his sons, Wilfrid, big Berth herself, all hanging from the gibbet on the Harberg, in the middle of a great flock of crows that were feasting at their expense. My hair stood on end.

(*To be Continued.*)

What Kind of Business is it?

A PERTINENT QUERY BY A CLEVER WOMAN.

A Chicago lady writes to the *Tribune*, propounding a question of solemn import, and also suggesting the existence of certain habits on the part of the husbands of that ambitious city probably not altogether imaginary. She asks: "What is is that fearful maelstrom called business, which swallows up the purest and best of our married men, after dark? Where is it located, and what, oh, what do they do there? Is it some infernal chowder that witches stir? They come thence with mysterious particles of boiled lobster sticking to their silken beards; the dust of Kenosha crackers is on their lips. Odors strange and undefinable cling about them; they walk in tortuous ways; their speech is thick; they exaggerate. Is this business chimera a ubiquitous pretence to be tolerated, when it invades our homes and thrusts midnight vigils upon us. We know this is a legitimate calling; for when our husbands leave us after tea to go down town they look weary and dejected, and when they return near morning they are livelier than crickets. But how we yearn to know where the partners of our bosoms are, that we might share the dangers of their "business." It is not at their offices, for those are always dark. Doubtless some dreary, subterranean retreat, piled with ledgers and hard-cushioned chairs, receives those self-sacrificing spirits, and sl... for us—for us!"

MISCELLANEOUS.

Chateau d'Eu is a chateau done.

Mutton should be dark colored.

The Pope is in good health, and remains at Rome.

"Too Shoo," treasurer of the Cherokee nation, is dead.

A marble statue of Sir Humphrey Davy is to be erected at Penzance.

Appropriate good wishes for revenue officers—"Many happy returns," &c.

California has recently imported 500 chesnut trees from Japan.

A bell rung under the water returns a tone as distinct as if rung in the air.

Mr. T. A. Trollope has written a new novel, entitled "A Siren."

Mice are building thick nests. Look out for early winter.

A St. Louis cook misteok the arsenic for baking powder.

Mr. Thomas Hughes beat the other boys in a game of foot-ball at Cornell University on Monday.

Boston, not to be outdone by New York, sets up a metropolitan claim on the strength of four cases of yellow fever.

It is reported that Brigham Young's eldest son has proposed to the young ladies' seminary lately opened by the Methodists at Salt Lake.

A thrifty Cincinnati housewife not only lessened her expenses by poisoning her husband, but added to her gains by selling him for dissection afterwards.

The worst thing thus far attributed to Napoleon is a novel in manuscript said to have been found among the Imperial papers in the Tuileries.

Hans Braitmann Leland has published a pamphlet in advocacy of Prussia's claims to Alsace and Lorraine.

The Frederic Wilheim University of Berlin has furnished 1,500 volunteers for the war—military and medical, professors and students.

Paper and twine are now made of wood. Imagine a package done up with a cord of wood.

The eccentric English *milor* of untold wealth is not dead. He has offered $10,000 for the unfinished manuscript of "Edwin Drood."

"What did the Israelites do after they crossed the Red Sea?" asked a superintendent of a Sunday school. "They dried themselves," said a shrill-voiced little girl.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society—G. Kennedy.
Music Hall—Barnard & Perkins.
Chamberlin Testimonial Fund—John Rochester.
To Let—A Dwelling House.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Stree[t]

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1870.

The writ for the Richelieu election will be issued shortly.

Hon. Mr. Chapais leaves town this morning for the East.

We believe that Mr. Speaker Cockburn left town last evening.

We believe that Sir George E. Cartier will leave on Saturday for Quebec.

The English yacht *Sappho* has beaten the American yacht *Dauntless*, and is declared by the New York papers to be the "fastest yacht in the world."

We understand that that portion of the Intercolonial Railway lying between Sackville, N. B., and Amherst, N. S., is completed and ready to be handed over to the Dominion authorities.

There is no truth in the statement to the effect that the Governor-General intends to visit Virginia. His Excellency is about to visit Montreal on public business, but will return in a few days.

On Saturday next the sword of honour, procured in England for Lieut.-Colonel Chamberlin, to serve as a testimonial of the manner in which the citizens of Ottawa appreciate his gallantry and patriotism, will be presented to that gentleman by His Excellency Lord Lisgar. The presentation will take place in the Senate Chamber at three o'clock in the afternoon.

At the present time there are four lunatics in the County Jail awaiting removal to the Provincial Asylum, so soon as there may be room for them there. The jail is certainly not the place for unfortunate people of this class. They cannot be taken care of properly, and what might have been but a temporary affection of the mind, may, in some cases, be converted into permanent insanity. We would suggest that it would be well if some other place of accommodation could be provided for unfortunates of this description; to send a man to jail for being out of his mind certainly seems, and certainly is, an extraordinary proceeding.

We learn that the American fishing schooner "Lizzie Tarr," seized by the Marine Police, and condemned in the Court of Vice Admiralty at Quebec, was yesterday sold at public auction by the Collector of Customs, for $2,801. The owner, Mr. Tarr, was in Ottawa this week, prosecuting a petition to the Executive for the release of his vessel. Much sympathy is felt for him, because he asserts that the master trespassed on the Canadian fishing grounds contrary to his orders. This circumstance makes the loss inflicted on him felt to be severe; and it seems to us he would very likely have succeeded in his appeal to the clemency of the Government, but for the difficulty of admitting a plea which differs only in degree from that which every other absent owner might urge to avert personal loss. There are so many seizures of foreign fishing vessels now in course of adjudication, that we can easily see various objections in the way of mere leniency.

WHERE IS THE MONEY?

"Shoo Fly," in a letter to the *Citizen*, says that the TIMES "promised to give for this (Wednesday) morning the clauses in the statute by which the Collector is bound to complete his assessment roll within a special time," &c. "Shoo Fly" for once speaks the truth; we did so promise and we fulfilled our promise. "Shoo Fly" who is in reality the City Collector himself, tries to make out that his recent exposure is the result of a private quarrel between himself and the Managing Director of the TIMES' Publishing Company, and says, "if the Managing Director wishes to vent his spleen on the Collector because he had to distrain on him for taxes, what has the public got to do with it." Now it so happens that the public know and Mr. George Honey Preston knows, that we exposed the peccadilloes of the Collector before the levy referred to was made: that we had stated, what has since been proved by a host of witnesses to be the fact, that school teachers were unable to obtain their salaries because the City Collector had not paid over the monies which he had collected into the hands of the City Chamberlain. We also referred to certain transactions in reference to the payment of the sum of $4 000 some time since, concerning which we shall have more to say in a day or two, and it was in response to our enquiry "where is the money" that the Collector distrained upon Mr. Cotton for taxes which he did not owe. When "Shoo Fly," *alias* George Honey Preston, talks about "the Managing Director venting his spleen, &c.," as he does in the passage which we have quoted above, he is guilty, and he knows that he is guilty of a gross perversion of the facts. But that is nothing to a man of Mr. Preston's peculiar ideas of right and wrong. What does he care whether what he asserts be true or false, if he can but hope to mislead the public a little and distract their attention from the true issue? But the scheme will not answer Mr. George Honey Preston! The people of Ottawa are thoroughly aroused and are watching your proceedings with a suspicious eye. You cannot make a personal matter of this between yourself and the Managing Director of the TIMES' Publishing Company. You may abuse him as you like; you may attempt to injure this journal by every means in your power; our reply is WHERE IS THE MONEY to pay the school teachers, and to take up the *dishonoured cheques* of the city? That is the question in which the public are interested, and it is one which you will sooner or later be compelled to answer. We know that you have powerful friends in the Council upon whose support you rely, but they are not quite omnipotent. Unless we are mistaken there is a day of reckoning coming for them also, when they will have something else to do besides trying to screen your wrong doing, and when they will be compelled to make way for more capable and more reliable men.

CANADIAN DEFENSES.

In discussing the question of fortifications the Montreal *Gazette* argues as though we regarded the erection of forts in front of Montreal as all that is necessary to insure the safety of Canada, whereas, we have repeatedly shown that the defence of this country must, to a great extent be a naval one, and that our safety depends upon the maintenance of a naval supremacy upon the lakes and the river St. Lawrence. This fact is fully recognized by the Imperial authorities. The *Gazette* says that the forts would be useless if an enemy "crossed at any point between Lachine and the Cascades, and marched down the left bank of the St. Lawrence upon Montreal, preceded by a fleet of heavily-armed gunboats able to clear everything before it."

We quite agree with the *Gazette* in thinking that in such a contingency the forts would not be of much use; we will go further and admit that if the invaders were able to put "a fleet of heavily armed gunboats able to clear everything before it" upon the St. Lawrence, neither forts or anything else would avail us much. But while we rely principally upon a naval force to prevent the enemy from crossing the river St. Lawrence in any strength, supposing a Canadian army defeated and driven back upon Montreal, gunboats could not be relied upon to save the beaten troops from capture or the undefended city from destruction. If, however the army could reorganise under cover of fortifications, both it and the city would probably be saved.

MR. McDOUGALL AND THE NORTH WEST EMIGRATION AID SOCIETY.

A day or two since we alluded to the North West Emigration Aid Society, lately started in Toronto for the purpose of encouraging emigration to Manitoba. Among those who became one of its members was no less a person than the Honourable William McDougall, and he at once set to work to see how he could manage to do some harm to the Dominion Government by means of this organization. Accordingly he issued a circular in the name of the Society in which the policy of the Government was denounced in unmeasured terms. But a day or two since a meeting of the society was held, at which it was shown that the circular in question was entirely the production of Mr. McDougall's brain, that the Society had nothing to do with it, utterly repudiated and condemned it, and in fact that this was only another of the many little discreditable "dodges" by which Mr. McDougall strives to undermine the position of his political adversaries and to make his own way to power and place. A man must feel that his chances are desperate indeed before he would descend to such an ignoble trick as this. To become connected with a Society the sole object of which is to promote emigration to the North West, and then to take advantage of his connection with it and issue circulars for his own political purposes in its name! We have heard of desperate politicians resorting to somewhat questionable measures, but do not recollect anything more thoroughly discreditable than this. We are not surprised to hear that at the meeting to which we have referred, Mr. McDougall's conduct was denounced in the strongest terms by other members of the organization, who justly felt incensed at his treachery. They can scarcely hope that the North West Emigration Aid Society will be regarded with any confidence or respect so long as Mr. McDougall remains a member of it.

A GENERAL THANKSGIVING.

Actuated by the most laudable of motives, a number of persons have suggested, that in view of the general prosperity of the country it would be only right and proper for the Dominion Government to appoint a day of public thanksgiving to Heaven for the many mercies, political and social, which we enjoy at present. We understand, however, that the Government do not consider that they could with propriety do this. The fact is that our territory is so large, and its interests so varied, that what might be an appropriate season for rejoicing and gratitude in one portion of the country might in another part be marked by some girevous calamity. Supposing for instance that in 1868, Manitoba had belonged to us, the people of that Province who had just had all their crops destroyed by locusts, could not well have been called upon to unite with Ontario in returning thanks for an abundant harvest. We merely mention this in order to show that this is a matter with which the Local Governments can more properly deal than the Dominion Government.

MR. MACKENZIE AT LONDON.

On Monday night a public meeting was held in London, (Ont.) when Mr. Mackenzie delivered a long oration, the report of which we have read with care, expecting therefrom to be able to form some idea as to what are the leading principles of the Opposition. We must confess, however, that although the honorable gentleman assured his audience in general terms that the present Ministry are altogether incapable, and bestowed upon them a considerable amount of abuse, we cannot find that on any great public question Mr. Mackenzie's views are opposed to those of Sir John A. Macdonald or Sir George E. Cartier. He advocated economical government, the encouragment of immigration by every possible mean, and the rapid development of all the resources of the country. These are measures the importance of which is fully recognized by every member of the Cabinet, and we are happy to find that Mr. Mackenzie's views are so thoroughly in accord with those of the Government and with our own.

Sir Francis Hincks in Renfrew—The Meeting at Pembroke Yesterday.

(Special to THE TIMES by Montreal Line.)

PEMBROKE, Thursday Evening.

Sir Francis Hincks spoke for three hours, frequently interrupted by interrogations from Mr. Findlay, the replies to which always elicited bursts of applause. Sir Francis spoke of Coalition Governments in general, showing their necessity and value, and that they not only were not inconsistent with party Government, but were more violently opposed by the party in opposition than any other Governments, illustrating their value by references to several Coalitions, such as those of North and Fox, and Aberdeen and Russell, in 1852. Also the Canadian Coalitions of 1854 and 1864 showed that this Government had no open questions, which was the usual fault of Coalitions, but were united in their politics on all questions, while the Opposition was a faction having no union of opinion between Ontario, Quebec, and the Maritime Provinces. He vigorously attacked Mr. Mackenzie's late speeches, and discussed the tariff and coal duty, the banking and silver policy, the financial position of the country, the Red River policy, Intercolonial Railway and immigration and public improvements, winding up with a compliment to the Premier, who could boast that no Minister in similar circumstances had ever received from colleagues a more loyal support. He charged the Opposition faction with gross misrepresentations and disingenuousness, and feared not the calm verdict of the people in all parts of the Dominion in support of the Government which, while it was Conservative was also Liberal. The meeting was a decided success.

Presentation.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—Permit me to notice through the columns of your widely circulated journal a very interesting ceremony which took place here on the 16th inst., viz: the presentation of a sum of money and a suitable address by the people of Springtown and vicinity to the Rev. Mr. Bovier, on his departure from the mission.

Such a presentation is no doubt very agreeable at any time, but it must have been particularly so on this occasion. 1st to the rev. gentleman to receive such an unexpected and unlooked for proof of the love and respect of the people he was leaving, and I know it was a pleasure to the people to have such a chance to testify (even in a trifling way) that they are by no means unmindful of the obligations they are under to this really good and noble hearted gentleman.

It is also another to add to the many proofs already, given that Springtown, although a very small place, is not a whit behind places of much more pretensions, either in the will or the means, to be generous.

Yours respectfully.
D.

Springtown, Oct. 21, 1870.

Emigration and Immigration.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—My object in visiting your hospitable shores was to ascertain for MYSELF whether my emigrant friends were progressing satisfactorily. Most glad am I to be able to report favorably.

Some few have undoubtedly signally failed, but it's through their own misconduct or by unforeseen circumstances; but to the honest, persevering, and *above all* to the sober, Canada affords ample opportunities for advancement. I am informed 40,000 emigrants have settled in the Dominion during the past two years. Yesterday I met here a man earning $20 per week, sometimes $5 a day, who, previous to emigrating, was eighteen months almost out of work. Who will gainsay the benefit *to all parties* of such an emigration?

Great Britain has thousands of good charactered persons, able and willing to work, but cannot now obtain it. Why not induce them to move here, and thereby add strength to to the Dominion?

I am encouraged to entertain strong hopes that the Government will liberally respond to the almost universal voice of public opinion, and put forth more powerful means of attracting and perhaps aiding, the honest, industrious, and sober to locate within this favored Dominion.

Population and wealth generally go hand in hand, and Canada greatly requires the one, and the other will speedily follow.

Canada was never so prosperous as at the present moment. Let the Government of the Dominion; the Ontario and Quebec Governments; the municipal authorities and private individuals, EACH, nobly and liberally forward on this movement, which must inevitably lead to most beneficial results, to the whole community.

A word to my emigrant friends:—After having travelled from Quebec to Sarnia, from Parry Sound to Niagara, visited many emigrants at their home, *the free grant districts* (100,000 acres of which have been taken up for settlement since April last) and Eastern Townships, I am more and more convinced of the blessings of Emigration. I find those who care for your souls are zealous, the school system excellent, land and the necessaries of life cheap, and labor good. To all of you I say, "Go forward, (Exodus 14-15). Do not look back too much on the gloomy past, but look hopefully forward to the future: avoid murmuring—(1) Keep to your churches. (2) Keep from the whiskey, the curse of this land, and woe be to any Legislature which encourages the multiplication of liquor shops. (3) Keep care of your cents and dollars. Establish "*Emigrant Aid Societies*" which aim at giving advice to those newly arrived from the Old Country, a savings bank, a labor mart for hirers and those requiring work—sick and medical clubs—getting out relatives by weekly payments, &c. The Ottawa Society is flourishing. (J. Johnson, Esq., Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, will gladly forward their prospectus.)

I beg publicly to express my gratitude to the Messrs. Allan (Montreal Steamship Co.) for their considerate and liberal treatment of my emigrants.

I shall carry home (whither I proceed in a few days, after 12,000 miles of travel) the happy feeling that many who in the old country were in poverty and misery are now, by the blessing of God, *comparatively* in a state of happiness, contentment, and comfort.

I tender my most heartfelt thanks to all parties for the many acts of kindness and hospitality I have received from many dear and valued friends, and I shall ever pray God will abundantly bless and prosper the people of this country.

I remain, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. STYLMAN HERRING,
St. Paul's, Clerkenwell, London.

Ottawa, October 25.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.
HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Latest by Telegraph

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—Prince Napoleon, who is in this city, has written a long communication to the London journals contradicting the charges recently made by the *Daily News*, impugning his loyalty to the Empress and Emperor. He denies having ever seen either Gen. Bourbaki or General Boyer, who came to England on a mission from Bazaine to the Empress. He says he repeated personally to the Empress the expression of his devotion and fidelity.

The Prussians investing Verdun recently sent a communication to the Mayor of that town demanding its surrender. The Mayor indignantly refused, inviting the Prussians if they thought the town was to become an easy prey to come forward and take it.

The military situation on the Loire is unchanged.

Among the persons lately arrested at Versailles by the Prussians was the Secretary of the French Legation at Berlin, who delivered to the Prussian Government the French declaration of war. He was regarded as a prisoner of war, and sent to Mayence.

There is no doubt that the French Provisional Government will soon be obliged to leave Tours. Arrangements are now making for transferring the national headquarters to Clermont in the Department of Prey de Donne.

The Prussians are persevering in their starving policy at Paris and Metz. All fugitives from these cities are rigorously turned back.

The English Government is still without a reply from the Prussian authorities to the request for a safe conduct for Thiers, in order to enable him to enter Paris. England accepts this as an indisposition on the part of Prussia to grant an armistice.

The stern of the *Cambria* drifted ashore at Islay, Scotland. So far as we know here, there is but one survivor of the disaster.

The prospect of a new French loan is said to be very favorable.

SHIELDS, 27.—It is reported here on the best authority, that two German ships recently captured by the French in the English Channel have been burned about ten miles east of Newcastle-on-Tyne.

BERLIN, 27.—The King telegraphs to the Queen to day as follows:

This morning Bazaine and Metz capitulated. 150,000 prisoners, including 20,000 sick and wounded. The army and garrison laid down their arms this afternoon. One of the most important events of the war. Providence be thanked.

Thus far no safe conduct has been forwarded from Prussian headquarters for Thiers.

It is asserted here that Prussia's disinclination in this respect is from her fear of having the Parisians informed of the true state of affairs. Elsewhere in France the Parisians have thus far taken extraordinary pains to conceal from the beleagured city the capacity of France for resistance.

TOURS, 27th.—The Ministry has ordered all Mobiles in the province of Brittany to concentrate at Mons in order to oppose the progress of the Prussians, who seem to be moving in that direction. It is understood that when the troops are collected there, as contemplated, M. Keratry will also be incorporated in this army. He has already issued a stirring proclamation to the Mobiles, promising that they shall have the best weapons, and be well supplied with cannon and mitrailleuses. They are to be submitted to the strictest discipline. Unwilling hearts must remain away. Let only true Britons come whose rallying cry shall be "God and my country." Waggons under the charge of soldiers have gone through the streets of the city to-day collecting supplies of all kinds for the inhabitants of Chateau Dun, whose houses were burned by the Prussians, and a subscription list has also been opened in their behalf.

In the east the Prussian army has been suddenly and decisively stopped. Their march upon Lyons has been checked by the victories of the French under Garibaldi. Ever since he took command he has acted vigorously, taken many prisoners and cannon, and accomplished the object for which he set forth.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

TOURS, Oct. 27.—Gambetta has issued another circular to prefects of the departments, urging resistance to the enemy as the peculiar duty of the hour. Every town, village and hamlet should organize for resistance.

The Prussians have consented to offer Thiers a safe conduct to Versailles, but no further. He has refused to avail himself of this, as he must confer with the Government at Paris.

The natives of Algeria have been decreed the citizens of France, and that country divided into three departments, making the total number of departments in France 92.

No important military movements are announced.

The Ministry is mute as to the army of the Loire.

The weather continues stormy and otherwise unfavorable to military operations.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—The *World's* London special says a correspondent at Ostend sends extracts from the press of Cologne, Berlin and Breslau, setting forth the severe pressure of the times on the people. Prices of all necessaries of life are rising. Societies are forming for the support of enormous numbers of families thrown upon the charity of the public.

In the cities of Elbe and the Capital prostitution is increasing to an extent which alarms sanitary authorities.

The general feeling of the country is growing bitterly hostile to a continuance of the war, and the liberals are no longer silenced by the authorities in their protests, as the feeling which they represent has become too strong to be suppressed by force.

The *Herald's* correspondent at the Prussian headquarters at Versailles on the 20th says the Saxon contingent at Aulnay, Severan, Livey and other points on field service in and near the forest of Bondly, are kept on the alert day and night by surprises and slight assaults of the French. At Chetenay and Sceaux the Bavarian troops are disturbed nightly by shells, which fall around their position in rather alarming contiguity to their lines.

The besiegers have not yet replied to those offensive demonstrations by the discharge of a single cannon. There is no secret made of the of assertion; indeed it may be set down as a positive fact that the Prussians do not intend to commence regular artillery practice until they have brought enough of their heavy guns into such position as will enable them to bombard Paris effectually.

A number of guns in reinforcement of the batteries, and for the armament of new works, have been already brought up by the slow and painful process of being dragged over common roads and highways. Guns of larger calibre than those cannot be moved by such routes, so the Prussian siege guns reinforcements must be halted, and wait for the clearance of obstructions which now impede their advance.

The tunnel at Monteuil is being rebuilt, also bridges across the Marne at Leungny.

When the Prussian guns are up in working order, nobody can doubt the result.

Notwithstanding the prospect of an early bombardment, and almost certain hope of success of the Prussians, it must be acknowledged that the men serving here are becoming impatient under the delay of active work. The casualties in the field are not yet very heavy, it is true; yet with constant, almost incessant firing from the French forts, the Prussian mortality by wounds foots up a very considerable aggregate each week.

NEWS BY MAIL.

A permanent committee has been constituted in Luxemburg to defend the neutrality of the Duchy.

The Prussians continue to shoot all franc tireurs who fall into their hands.

A large quantity of arms have been seized by the police at Castlebar, Ireland.

The French fleet has apparently withdrawn to Havre and other French harbors.

The small pox prevails to quite an alarming extent in very many of the towns of Michigan.

At Bazailles the parish clergyman put himself at the head of the women and girls to fight against the Germans. The wife of the village blacksmith is said to have killed five of the enemy with her own hand.

Several English noblemen have arrived in Florence from Rome, it is said, to urge upon the Italian Government the settlement of guarantees relative to the independence of the Pope.

England and Holland have just concluded a treaty, the object of which is to allow the engagement of free workmen in British India for the Dutch colony of Surinam.

Upon the surrender of Soissons to the Prussians a mutinous disturbance occurred among the garrison, in which seven Mobiles were killed and three wounded.

An order has been issued commanding all the German princes and nobles hanging about the Prussian army before Paris to report for military duty at once or go home.

The *Univers* says:—In the battles before Metz, on August 16 and 18, Marshal Leboeuf vainly sought death. Before going into battle he put on all his decorations, and in full uniform of a marshal he wished to be one of the first under fire. The bullets rained round him, the officers fell by his side—he alone was not wounded. He has openly avowed that he had not dared to tell the Emperor was not ready.

The "Three Graces" have been playing some extraordinary cricket in Gloucestershire. Mr. W. G. Grace hit three sixes off three successive balls. Dr. E. M. Grace scored 211 (not out) in one innings, during which he hit the probably unprecedented number of eleven sixes. Mr. Frederick Grace struck a ball with such force that it went clean through a lady's parasol like a cannon-shot.

The Crown Prince of Prussia has given orders for safe conducts to be granted to Mdlle. Rosa Bonheur and M. Edouard Frere, the celebrated artists, to go to their friends.

If Sedan has suffered, Bouillon, the nearest Belgian town, is thriving on the war. The Hotel de la Poste is full to over flowing, with five in a room. Beds are at fancy prices all over the town, ten francs a night being thought moderate.

Cap. Chennowith, of the British steamer *Ross*, reports that he passed through much wrecked matter off the northern coast of Ireland. Among the debris were portions of the cargo of the *Cambria* and fragments of her small boats.

Some days ago a committee was appointed by the St. Louis Medical Society to examine and report upon the case of Susan C. Goodsey, the "sleeping beauty." The committee pronounce the case one of collusion, and declare Susan a humbug.

The Pope's Protest.

The following protest in Latin has been addressed by the Pope to each Cardinal, and was distributed in the 300 vestries of Rome:

PIUS IX, POPE.

Beloved Son, salutation and apostolic benediction; our Lord Jesus Christ, who humbles and elevates, mortifies and vivifies (1st Kings, chap. ii, ver. 6); scourges and saves (Tobias, chap. xiii, ver. 12); has recently permitted that this city of Rome, the seat of the Supreme Pontificate, should fall into hostile hands, as well as the remaining portion of the Pontificial State, which the enemies had for some time considered it expedient not to usurp. Yielding to the impulse of our fatherly love towards our beloved the Holy Roman Church, and seeing in them co-operators in our supreme aspostolate, we have this day resolved, in our mourning and sorrow, to declare to them, as is required by the duty of our dynasty, and as even this voice of our conscience urges us to do, the inmost feeling of our soul, which makes us to detest and publicly and openly to reprobate the state of things now existing. We who, although unworthy and undeserving, exercise the power of the vicar of our Lord Christ on earth, and who are the pastor over the whole House of Israel, find ourselves now practically wanting that freedom which is absolutely indispensable to us in order to govern that Church of God and to maintain its rights; and we feel it is our duty to issue this protest, which we moreover intend to have published, that it may be known, as it is proper that it should, by the whole Catholic world. And when we assert that the freedom has been ravished and taken from us, our adversaries could not reply that this complaint and this declaration are without foundation. Indeed, any one who possesses good sense will understand and confess that having no longer that supreme and free power, in virtue of which we enjoy the right of our civil principate in the use of public means of conveyance and in the public circulation of letters, and being unable to trust the Government who has arrogated this power, we are really deprived of the necessary and speedy way as well as of the free faculty of treating the affairs which the vicar of Jesus Christ and the Common Father of the Faithful, to whom his sons so numerously come from all parts of the world, must treat and administer. This observation has again been confirmed by a fact within the last few days. Persons going out of our Palace of the Vatican have been searched by soldiers of the new Government, who wanted to know if they were not carying something under their clothes. A complaint was lodged against this proceeding, and the reply was it had been done by mistake, and an apology was offered for it. But who can ignore how easily errors of this kind can be repeated and lead to others?

Moreover public education in this august city is threatened with a very serious evil. Before long the academic year will be opened at the university. This establishment, which has heretofore enjoyed exemplary tranquility and order, although about 1,200 young men are there assembled, being the sole place where so many Christian and honest parents can send their children to be instructed without the risk of being corrupted; this establishment, either on account of the false and erroneous doctrines which are now prevailing, or on account of the enemies of those who have been chosen to propagate them, must fall, as will be easily understood, into a state very different from what it was. It was made known that the laws in operation in Rome should remain in their integrity and inviolability after the occupation; but in spite of such declarations the parish registers are taken away by force and examined, and it is not difficult to guess that such information is therein searched for as will doubtless be useful to draw up conscription lists, and for other ends which are easily imagined. It must be added that attacks and offences inspired by the desire of vengeance and by party spirit, are left unpunished, and that a similar impunity is assured to the authors of those shameful and unworthy outrages with which our faithful bodies of troops, who have so well deserved of society and religion, have been loaded to the great grief of all honest people. Lastly, ordinances and decrees concerning church property have already showed the tendencies of the usurpers. Therefore, against all those things already accomplished, as well as against those still worse which are imminent, we intend to protest in virtue of our supreme authority, as we protest through the present letter, by means of which we let you know, beloved son, and also each of the cardinals of the Holy Roman Church, a brief statement of those particular facts, moreover reserving to ourself to enter more fully into the matter elsewhere.

Meanwhile let us fervently and incessently pray Almighty God that he will enlighten the minds of our enemies in order that they cease loading their souls with the more and more overwhelming weight of ecclesiastical censures, and provoking upon themselves the terrible wrath of the living and all-seeing God, whose arm nobody can shun. We, on our part, pray the Divine Majesty, with constancy and humility, imploring also the intercession of the Immaculate Virgin and of the Brother Apostles Peter and Paul; and let us do so with the holy confidence that we shall obtain what we ask, because the Lord helps those who are in tribulation who invoke him in sincerity. Meanwhile, praying that Our Lord Jesus Christ may bestow peace and joy on thee, beloved son, we, from the bottom of our heart, give thee the apostolic blessing. Given at Rome, near St. Peter's, on the 29th of September, the Feast of St. Michael the Archangel, in the 25th year of our Pontificate.

PIUS P. P. IX.

Affairs in Red River.

(From Le Nouveau Monde.)

Our letters from Red River from which we make the following extracts, are of the 8th inst.:

The news from the district of the Lac Qui Appelle is sad; the small pox continues its ravages in the North West, so that yesterday a Sanitary Commission was formed whose duty it will be to prevent the bringing of furs into the colony from that district.

All goes well here at present; the Government is in good working order, and we hope it will continue so.

The people of Upper Canada commence to realize that we do not deserve the rope as much as they believed.

Last night an English soldier was drowned whilst endeavoring to cross the river opposite the fort at St. Boniface. There were two of them in a boat crossing the river, and when about the middle they commenced to quarrel, and one of them losing his equilibrium fell into the water. The night being dark the efforts of his comrade to save him were without avail.

The fire appears to be extinguished on the prairies, and people are getting in another supply of hay instead of that which they lost. If fine weather continues they will yet be able to gather enough to winter their cattle.

A despatch from St. Paul, Minn., informs us that O'Donoghue, formerly treasurer of Riel's Provisional Government, has arrived there *en route* for Washington, whither he takes a petition from the Red River colonies, addressed to President Grant. News by telegraph informs us that the subscribers to the petition complains to Grant that they were deceived by the Canadian Government in not extending to them an amnesty; they pray him to make representations to the English Government showing the oppressive manner in which Canada has treated them, and also requests him to obtain permission from the Queen for them to annex the colonies peaceably to the United States republic. This despatch, which is as false as it is absurd, is seriously swallowed by the Toronto and by some Montreal papers.

It may be that O'Donoghue is an annexationist, and in fact his convictions in this respect were the cause of his disagreement with Riel; but to believe that the half-breeds of Red River have charged him to take to Washington a document so ridiculous as that in question is absurd. The whole affair is simply a canard, conceived at Pembina, and brought to light at St. Paul in the office of the *Pioneer*.

The French half breeds of Red River would not accept annexation at any price, so long as they could withstand it. In this respect they are as loyal as their brothers of Lower Canada. The interest which they have to remain English is with them a matter of sentiment and domestic traditions. If to-day O'Donoghue exiles himself from the frontiers of Manitoba, it is precisely because he is convinced of the impossibility of forming an annexationist party among his former partisans.

The person who wrote those lines has the information from the mouth of O'Donoghue.

In all probability O'Donoghue will not again return to the North West. Being an American citizen, his intention is to quit frontier life, and to return to some large city whither his inclination and vocation call him. It is this resolution which he is carrying out at present.

O'Donoghue believes in the bad faith of Canada, and he remained at Pembina only so long as he saw any possibility of a revolt of his former partizans against Canada. Seeing them accept the new rule and submit in silence, he did not wish to enter on the role of agitation, or to appear as an abetter of revolution.

He has gone, thus carrying out a resolution formed since the month of September last, and more than this, nothing attaches to his present movement. The story, therefore, of the petition is simply got up to flatter the American vanity, and to again rouse against the half-breeds the hatred of the Upper Canadians.

At present, however, things are becoming by degrees brighter and more propitious in the North West; the unanimous efforts of the French press, the patience of the half breeds, the heroic conduct of Bishop Tache and his generous clergy; the almost unexampled abnegation of Riel himself; all seems to foreshadow a reaction for the better, the precursory signs of which we greet with joy. Yesterday we gave the very able article from the Ottawa TIMES to a quasi-official journal, and to-morrow we shall translate an article on the same question in to-day's Montreal *Gazette*.

Sir Francis Hinck's and the Silver Currency.

We find the following correspondence in the St. Cathorines *Journal*:

"St. Catharines, Oct. 12, 1870.

"To the Hon. F. Hinck's, Minister of Finance:

SIR,—I have the honor of enclosing you a copy of a resolution passed at a meeting of the Grocers' Association of the town of St. Catharines.

"Your obedient servant,
"HARPER WILSON.
Secretary.

"[COPY.]

"*Resolved*,—That in the opinion of this Association, the Hon. Sir Francis Hincks is entitled to the thanks of the public generally, for his judgment and foresight in establishing a currency which has had the effect of alleviating a burden long inflicted upon the community by the circulation of American silver.

"St. Catharines, Oct. 12, 1870."

Sir Francis replied as follows:

"OTTAWA, Oct. 19, 1870.

"SIR,—I am this day honored with your letter of the 12th inst., enclosing a copy of a resolution passed at a meeting of the Grocers' Association of the town of St. Catharines, thanking me for my efforts to remove from circulation the American silver tokens which were introduced into Canada after the suspension of specie payment in the adjoining States. May I request that you will convey to the St. Catharine's Grocers' Association my grateful acknowledgment of their appreciation of my services.

"I have the honor to be, sir,
"Your obedient servant,
"F. HINCKS.

"Harper Wilson, Esq., Secretary Grocers' Association."

MARRIED.

At Aylmer East, Quebec, on the 25th Oct., 1870, James Aylen, Esq., M.D., to Celestine Jane, daughter of the late Geo. Bolton, Esq. by the Rev. William Freeland, (L.L.D., of the University of Glasgow, Scotland), member of the A. R. Presbytery of New York, and Minister of the Presbyterian Congregation of Aylmer.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY.—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weizer, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chafin, D. D; New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres. Mass. Senate.
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence.

Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

MUSIC HALL.

BERNARD & PERKINS, - - - Managers
J. E. GREEN, - - Director of Amusements
JOE M. FORD, - - - Business Agent.

Positively for Two Nights Only!!

— COMMENCING —

MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 31st and NOVEMBER 1st.

THE GREATEST SUCCESS EVER KNOWN IN MINSTRELSY!!

HOUSES CROWDED EVERYWHERE!

BERNARD & PERKINS'

FEMALE MINSTRELS

Will give a series of their popular and unrivalled Entertainments, as above, when they will introduce an entirely new and original Programme. This is the greatest Original and only first-class FEMALE MINSTREL TROUPE in the world.

Admission 25cts.; Reserved Seats, 50cts.

Be sure and get a Mammoth Programme.

Ottawa, Oct 28, 1870 1499 4

CHAMBERLIN

TESTIMONIAL FUND.

The subscribers to the above fund are hereby informed that the presentation of the SWORD OF HONOR, to Lieut.-Colonel CHAMBERLIN C.M.G., will take place in the SENATE CHAMBER Parliament Buildings, on SATURDAY afternoon next, at 3 o'clock. The Sword will be presented by His Excellency LORD LISGAR.

Subscribers will be furnished with Tickets of admission to the Chamber, by the Secretary.

JOHN ROCHESTER,
Chairman.
HENRY J. MORGAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Oct 28, 1870 1499.f

OTTAWA LITERARY

— AND —

SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

A General Meeting will be held in the LECTURE ROOM, this (FRIDAY) evening, at ½ to 8.

G. KENNEDY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, October 28, 1870 1499 1

TO LET.

The House on Wilbrod street, recently occupied by the late Rev. Chas. Codd, contains 9 rooms, good outbuildings, small garden, &c.

Ottawa, Oct 28, 1870 1899 1

TAILORS WANTED.

Wanted immediately, two or three good hands, to whom the highest wages will be paid in cash, every Saturday, by the Subscriber.

J. METCALFE,
Centre Town.

Ottawa, Oct 19, 1870 1492tf

WRITING LESSONS, &c., FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

Respectable young women, employed in stores or otherwise, during the day, whose evenings are at their own disposal, and who desire to improve themselves educationally, more especially in Writing, Reading, and Spelling, will effect their object, on terms quite within their means, on application to

MRS. CHARLES POPE,
Corner of Bank and Albert sts

Ottawa, Oct. 29, 1870.

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of Stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT.

Hull, September 29, 1870 1476 1m&

STRAYED COW

Came into my place on the 12th OCTOBER, on the 3rd Con. of NEPEAN, near LONG ISLAND, one large RED COW, with a piece cut off her tail, and white spot down her forehead. Both horns has a hole bored in them. The owner can have her by description of the animal and paying expenses. Can have the same by applying to

JOHN TIERNEY,
3rd Con., No 15 Lot,
Nepean

Nepean, Oct 7, 1870 1498 3-1w

ADDITIONAL STOCK

RE-ORDERED

BY—

ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Are now receiving large lots of new GOODS, re-ordered by Cable and Mail from BRITAIN, to fill up lines sold out in September.

Their Stock will be again very complete in all the Departments this week.

They invite special attention to the Stock of

BLACK and COLOURED SILKS,

Fancy DRESS GOODS, in all the Fashionable Materials,

RIBBONS,

LACES,

GLOVES,

HOSIERY,

SHAWLS,

MILLINERY

and MANTLES

PRINTS,

COTTONS,

SHEETINGS,

BLANKETS and

FLANNELS.

All purchased in the best Markets, under every possible advantage.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO

47 SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings.

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN,"

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears all to prove the most fashionable, and of these we are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skin hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving,

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11, 1870.

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

— OF THE —

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W R WORSLEY,
Sec. C C R Co

Ottawa, Oct 15, 1870

NOTICE.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO,

TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.

Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Pivate Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk.

Toronto, Oct 27, 1870 1awks28D,

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

...8.10 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 10.00 p.m.
...4.30 p.m., 11.00 a.m., 9.00 p.m.
...trains connect at Prescott Junction ... Grand Trunk Railway for all points south.
...Office—York street, corner of Sussex.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents

LOCAL NEWS.

...—A large stock new stylish ... at moderate prices, at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

...and House Furnishings made ... at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's ... stock and new styles, at reduced ...

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

...LINE ROBBERY.—On Wednesday ... family residing on Patrick Street ... clothes line stripped of what articles ... on it. There were several window ... taken among other articles. All ... valued at $15.

...50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 ... upwards. A large assortment of ... and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and ... the "Golden Lion."

R L. JAMES & Co.

...ladies in charge of the refreshment ... the bazaar in aid of the orphans ... their friends and patrons ... will be served up during ... in every variety and style. ... hope their friends will give ... all. The O. B. G. A. band will be ... during the evening.

...effects of the war! Great sacrifice ... Garland, Mutchmor & Co. secur... at the low prices. Good ordin... Silk at 3s. 6d., 3s. 9d., 4s. and ... yard. Beautiful Lyons gros grains ... 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 9d., and 10s.

...the past few days the nursery ... been supplying a large num... ornamental trees for fall planting ... ornamental trees, Mr. Nicholas ... has been planting several about ... They seem to grow well in ... and these trees being of a ... description will make a beautiful ... summer.

...—Now is the time. Go and see ... Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves ... stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see ... Lumbermen and country ... come and see. The most com... house in this Line in the Capital. ... C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks

1486 2m.

...—Cornwall, St. Lawrence and ... Mills Blankets, in all sizes and ... very cheap at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

...AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE—Thurs... Ruston, St. Catharines; John ... Montreal; John McLean, do; ... Desbarats, do; Allan Ritchie, do; ... Inglis, do; Willis Coates, Toronto; ... Pantuckett; Joseph Burt, To. ... Robert M Baggs, N J; George Mc ... Brockville; M Cameron, do; Minor ... S X Cimon, Charlevoix; ... and lady, Quebec; Captain Mc... J N Mosse, Halifax, N S.

...will be seen by advertisement in ... column, Mr. Rowe will sell to-day ... residence of Professor Clark, O'Con... all of his household effects. ... the lot is a splendid seven oc... made by Hanes Bros., of New ... The furniture is in excellent order, ... a short time in use, and bar... be expected, as the Professor is ... the city, and all must be sold, ... advertised for half-past ten this ...

...—There is a very dangerous ... Sparks Street, near to Mills' mar... Some person has been build... foundation there for ... and has undermined the ... so much as to have no sup... the posts to which the boards of ... are nailed; the consequence was ... storm the other night blew the ... Should anyone passing by ... night fail to see the place, and ... the drop might result seriously, ... is about ten feet deep.

...ACCIDENT.—About a month ago ... of shantymen who went up to ... for the purpose of preparing tim... the winter, brought with them ... quantity of salt beef, but no fresh ... About a fortnight afterwards they ... out for the latter, the sudden ... diet not agreeing with them. ... of affairs was getting worse. ... night, however, a heavy storm ... and a large tree was blown down ... shanty. On the following morn... it was their delight on beholding a ... killed by the tree falling across ...

...COURT—Thursday.—The first vol... law to appear this morning was ... representative of the fair sex in the per... Mary Ann Parker, who was charged ... the sum of seventy dollars ... Cameron, who lives on the ... thirteen miles from the city. ... witnesses were examined, when ... was committed to stand her ... the next Court of Assizes. ... cases of drunk and disorderly. ... two or three weeks. ... Evan, stealing money from his ... One month hard labor.

...ARD AND PERKINS' FEMALE MINSTRELS.

...and Perkins' Female Minstrels ... at the Music Hall on Monday and ... October 31st and November 1st. ... the Montreal "Herald" says: ... Patrick's Hall has been tested to its ... capacity the past two nights by the ... given by Bernard and Perkins' ... Minstrels, and, judging by the ap... bestowed, the performance can be ... success. Last night Miss Carrie ... sang a ballad in the first part, and ... selection in the Olio very well ... The pathetic duett by Alicia and ... entitled 'Out in the Cold ... and a little interlude called 'Bar... Courtship,' elicited great ... and the audience exacted ... encore. Miss Jennie Weston ... dansense, appeared in a ... dance entitled 'The Girl of the ... and subsequently a waltz, which ... the audience hugely. Miss Kath-

...len Broomfield danced a hornpipe very gracefully. James and John Kelly cannot be excelled by any performers in the burnt cork business, and they have established themselves as favourites in this city. James Emerson, in his stump speech and witticisms set the audience wild with laughter. Mr. J. E. Green sang a song in the first part and his celebrated Mocking Bird Imitations. Mr. Green's voice has lost none of its sweetness, and his warblings in imitation of the mocking bird are certainly wonderful.

A Desperate Attempt to Break Gaol.

It will probably be remembered by many of our readers that some time ago—about six weeks—an attempt was made by two convicts in the Ottawa gaol to escape. An account was then given in this journal of their doings towards that end. They managed to make a key with which they could open several of the cells, from a piece of pail handle wire, and, which for a time they succeeded in concealing from the authorities of the Gaol. However, though they are certainly very ingenious and daring in carrying out any scheme of that kind yet they behaved very imprudently with their fellow prisoners. It appears that shortly after their conviction, which took place on the 27th of August, for the larceny of some jewelry, being sentenced to six months imprisonment at hard labor, they openly told their fellow prisoners that they would not remain in gaol long, and after they had made the key they informed the other prisoners of the fact and we believe even went so far as to show it them. This imprudence proved fatal to their intentions. One of the prisoners, in confidence, informed the Governor of the design to escape at the earliest opportunity, and of the preparations which they were making for the purpose. He immediately set all hands to searching, and as we stated in our account then, the key was found behind one of the brackets, supporting the heating pipes, after search had been made for a day and a half. Being foiled in this first attempt seems not in the least to have dampened their hopes of escaping; they still continued on the alert, prepared and ready to take advantage of any opportunity that might offer. But they also continued very imprudent—having apparently profited little by experience, as again in some way they made known to their fellow prisoners the nature of their new scheme to escape.

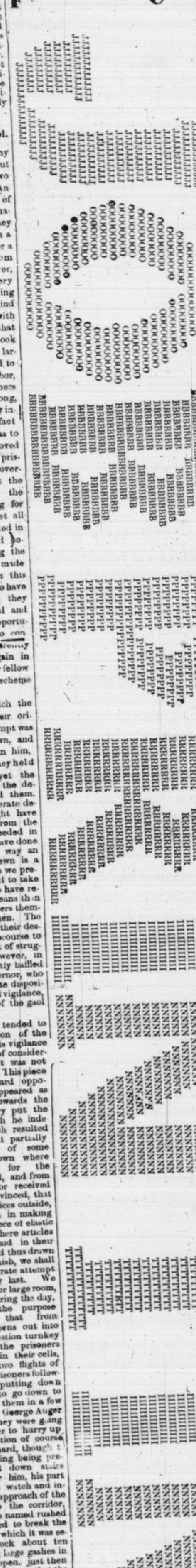
According to the information which the circumspect Governor acquired, their original intention in the second attempt was to seize upon the turnkey McKewn, and taking the keys of the gaol from him, make a hurried escape. Though they held to this bold intention to the last, yet the authorities being aware of the fact the desired opportunity was not afforded them. It is difficult to say, in their desperate determination, what means they might have had resort to to obtain the keys from the turnkey, and, in case they succeeded in obtaining them, what they might have done to prevent his being in any other way an obstacle to their escape, McKewn is a small weak man, but nevertheless we presume that if they had determined to take the keys from him they must also have resolved to make use of other means than mere strength, as the two prisoners themselves are anything but strong men. The assault once begun, probably in their desperation they would have had recourse to any means which in the moment of struggle might suggest itself. However, in this intent they were persistently baffled by the cautiousness of the Governor, who now convinced of their desperate disposition, kept them under continued vigilance, making minute examination of the gaol himself daily.

Another circumstance which tended to still further rouse the suspicion of the wary Governor and to increase his vigilance was his finding a piece of cord of considerable length in a place where it was not usual for such an article to be. This piece of cord was found in the gaol yard opposite one of the windows, and appeared as though it had been thrown towards the wall of the yard. This discovery put the governor on a new scent, which he indefatigably followed up, and which resulted in his finding a ball of cord partially made of cotton strips and of some other twine, it being unknown where they got the material for the latter. It is generally believed, and from the information the Governor received from other prisoners, he is convinced, that the two convicts had accomplices outside, and that it was their intention in making the cord to, by means of a piece of elastic wood, shoot it over the wall where articles or instruments, which would aid in their escape, could be tied to it, and thus drawn up into their cell. But, to finish, we shall briefly relate the final desperate attempt made by them on Tuesday last. We may state that in the corridor or large room, where the prisoners work during the day, is always an axe, for the purpose of cutting oakum, and that from the same corridor a door opens out into the yard. On the day in question turnkey Pinard, who scarcely leaves the prisoners for a minute except when in their cells, went up, if we mistake not, two flights of stairs to his room, the two prisoners following him with wood. After putting down the wood Pinard told them to go down to work, that he would be with them in a few minutes. There names are George Auger and Edward Matte, and as they were going down the latter said to Auger to hurry up the meaning of this exhortation of course not being understood by Pinard, though it was by Auger the whole thing being preconcerted. Auger hurried down stairs Matte following slowly after him, his part of the work being to keep watch and inform his companion of the approach of the turnkey. Auger ran into the corridor, and seizing the axe before named rushed to the door and endeavored to break the burglar proof lock with which it was secured. He gave the lock about ten strokes of the axe, making large gashes in it, but failing to break it open. Just then one of the prisoners cried out that the turnkey was coming, but Matte, who was on the look out, said it was a lie, and his accomplice proceeded to carry on the work with more vigor; he rushed down to the engine room, and bursting in the door, he caught up a large iron bar used as a poker and with this hurried back to pry open the lock, but by this time they were detected by the cook, Jeremiah Latrim, and had also been heard by the Governor who was hurrying to the scene. As soon as the cook gave the alarm, Pinard, who was up stairs, slid down the two flights of the ballustrades with great rapidity, and in a moment had Auger by the throat, whom he met as he was returning with the iron bar in his hand. This defeat, we presume, is decisive; they are now in complete subjection having each a large chain fastened to his ankles, to which will be attached without delay a heavy ball, thus making any attempt at escape futile.

To the cook, who is a prisoner, there is certainly due much credit for his having given the alarm, and Pinard has only upheld his established reputation. We believe a new charge will shortly be brought against Auger and Matte by a gentleman of Montreal for the larceny of a number of gold watches.

In the above detection no one will fail to notice the constant vigilance exercised by the Governor of the gaol, Mr. Powell.

FOR CHEAP



CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE
13 Sparks Street,
Otta

SUITS, PEA JACKETS, OVERCOATS.

WINTER CLOTHING

MAGEE & RUSSELL,

SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA,

Beg to inform the Gentlemen of Ottawa and the public generally that their Tailoring Department is now under the management of a FIRST-CLASS ARTIST, of ENGLISH, AMERICAN and CANADIAN experience. Also that their STOCK of CLOTHS this season is extremely large and varied, embracing all the NEW STYLES adapted for SUITS, PEA JACKETS and OVERCOATS.

M. & R. would suggest to those requiring NEW and CORRECT FITTING GARMENTS, that it would be wise to place their orders at once, to prevent disappointments as a great pressure of Trade is anticipated when the cold weather sets in.

M. & R's facilities for doing justice to the requirements of the public is now such as to warrant them in saying that no house in the Province can manufacture superior or better fitting clothing.

For Correctness of Fit, Elegance of Style and Workmanship unsurpassed.

See Garments made to measure only, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,
SPARKS STREET,
OTTAWA.

SUITS—Pea Jackets and Over Coats, made to measure only at Magee & Russell's, are unequalled for fit, style, workmanship and price.

Gentlemen who are in the habit of ordering their clothing from Montreal and Toronto, are invited to view specimen garments, at Magee & Russell's.

OTTAWA PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

The attendance of all Members and those intending to become Members, is requested at GOWAN'S HALL, on TUESDAY next, the 1st NOVEMBER ... P.M.

G KENNEDY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Oct 7, 1870 1498tf

BY A. ROWE, AUCTIONEER.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

SPLENDID SEVEN OCTAVE PIANO-FORTE
MADE BY HANES BROS., OF
N. Y., &c., &c.

The subscriber has been instructed by W. C. CLARK, Esq., to sell at his residence, O'Connor street,

ON FRIDAY, the 28th OCTOBER, 1870,

One Hanes Bros Piano, in excellent order with all the modern improvements, Hair Cloth Chairs to match and Rocking Chair, Centre Table, What-not, Mirrors, Carpet and Curtains, Extension Dining Table, Chairs, Sideboard, Couch, Curtains and Carpet, Hall Oil Cloth, Hall Stove and Pipes, Cooking Stove and utensils, Parlour Stove and Pipes, Bed-room Furniture, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Dressing Tables, Carpet and Curtains, Set of China, Stoneware, Kitchen utensils, and one second-hand Sewing Machine, a quantity of house plants, a singing Canary, &c.

Terms cash.

Sale at half-past ten o'clock.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Oct 25, 1870 1496td

JUST PUBLISHED!

RED RIVER INSURRECTION

HON. WM. MacDOUGALL'S

CONDUCT REVIEWED.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

For Sale at the Bookstore of Messrs. JAMES HOPE & CO., and at the Bookstore of Messrs J DURIE & SON, Ottawa, or at the office of

JOHN LOVELL, Publisher.

Montreal, Oct 26, 1870 1496 3

BAZAAR.

THE ANNUAL BAZAAR

in aid of the

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM,

Will open this morning, and continue during the week, in the Barracks, formerly the British Hotel, corner of Sussex and George streets.

Donations in aid of the same, will be thankfully received by the Lady Managers.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495tf

WANTED.

A BOY, to carry a Round. Must be able to read and write.

Apply at this Office.

AUTUMN. 1870.

"THE GOLDEN LION,"

SPARKS STREET.

Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in

HATS,
BONNETS,
FEATHERS,
Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c

Fashionable Velveteen Hats.
From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets,
$1.50 upwards

New Paris Jackets,
in Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Under-clothing,
A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods,
A complete Stock.

R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

R L. JAMES & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

FALL AMD WINTER STOCK,

And are shewing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c., &c

WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.

PARTIES
HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

OUR STOCK

—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Box and Parlor Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen's Supplies, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

NEW GROCERY STORE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND YORK STREETS.

J. M. C. DE LES DERNIERS

HAS OPENED A

NEW GROCERY STORE

In the above named Premises, in which will be found a full supply of all articles of the Trade, all new, and of first class quality. Having been selected by himself, he can guarantee their excellence. As the

GOODS WERE CASH PURCHASES

They can be sold at a less figure than if bought on credit. They consist in part of

WINES,
LIQUORS,
SCOTCH ALES, and
PORTER,
TEAS,
SUGARS,
(in variety.)
TOBACCOS,
FISH, (dried and salted),
PICKLES,
SAUCES,

And a variety of other articles too numerous to mention, and such as can be found only in a

First Class Grocery Establishment.

Mr. De les Derniers, having an extensive country connection, is in constant receipt of Butter, Eggs and other Farm Products, and has now on hand hundred packages of

SUPERIOR QUALITY FAMILY BUTTER,

Which he offers for Sale at a very low rate.

Remember the place—Corner of SUSSEX and YORK streets, in Messrs. Kearns & Ryan's Old Stand.

An inspection of the Goods is respectfully desired.

J. M. C. DE les DERNIERS,
Corner of Sussex and York Streets,

Ottawa, 18th Oct, 1870 1490tf

COAL VASES, PERDONIANS, and SCUTTLES, of beautiful patterns, at
ESMONDE'S.

THE largest and best assortment of COAL STOVES, at
ESMONDE'S.

CUTLERY, WOODEN WARE, WILLOW WARE and BRUSHES, at
ESMONDE'S.

LAMPS, GLOBES, CHIMNEYS, and COAL OIL, wholesale and retail, at
ESMONDE'S

JAPANNED, TIN, IRON, and Enamelled ware, at
ESMONDE'S.

DUMB STOVES, GALLOWS PIPES, and all improvements in STOVE PIPING, at
ESMONDE'S.

MONTREAL STOVE PIPE VARNISH, the best in use, at
ESMONDE'S.

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON,
Master at Ottawa

SCOTT & ROSS,
Plaintiff's Solicitors.
Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1d-3w.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-11N.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,
MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

— IN ALL —

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to authorise the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 12th, 1870 1492 1awk-2m

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hope by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,
Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot),
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for fam... use.

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very ... vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,

Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,

all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, LONDON.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general
Groceries
Wines,
and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for common goods. A few trials will prove their superiority

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26, Rideau Street.

6th June, 1870.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the sizes for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street

1397-8

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

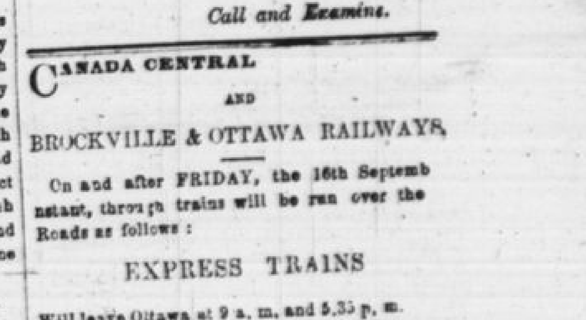
Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

JAMES PEACOCK,



HATS! *HATS*

HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

CANADA PACIFIC

RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leather Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct 21, 1870 1493 2m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

ONE FIRST HAND MILLINER,

ALSO

TWO APPRENTICES.

Apply to MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Ottawa

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1469tf

LOST.

On Friday, the 21st Oct, at the Race Course, a Silver Mounted Riding WHIP, the gift of a valued friend. The finder will be suitably rewarded, by leaving it at this office.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870. 1495a

WANTED.

Until the 1st of MAY next, a Furnished House, within easy distance of the Public Buildings, containing at least, five Bed-rooms.

Apply to "N.", TIMES Office, by letter—stating rent, &c.

Ottawa Oct 26, 1870 1495 3

CANADA CENTRAL

AND

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over the Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m., and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4.40 p. m

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12 1870 1460tf

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA.......................$200,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER, Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000 Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £112: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4238. Bonus Additions, £61 17s 6d or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d. the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent on the amount of ordinary premiums received will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrendered value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c, Agent
1407 3m

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is becoming one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out
OVER 100 OPERATORS,
Who now fill important positions with
GOOD SALARIES.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards. For full particulars and terms address

W H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario,

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa,
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the
FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,
THE
"STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 23, 1870 144.tf

Mrs. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the general [illegible] 219tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap. 36,) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY OF FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES,
Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

TO LET.

From the 15th November to the 1st May next, the house at present occupied by Dr Heary, corner of Kent and Wellington streets. Apply after 5 p.m. 1489 6

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Med
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

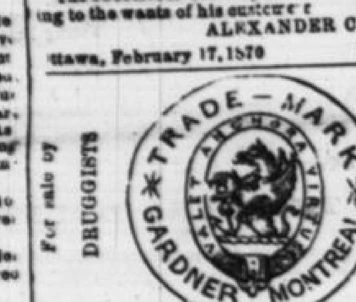
Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y



GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

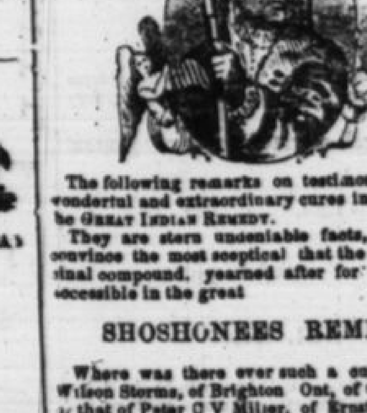
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in [illegible]

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

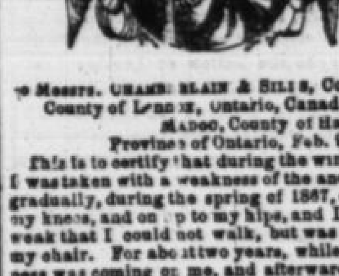
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & BILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS.
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

FOR THE TEETH

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers,

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London.
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

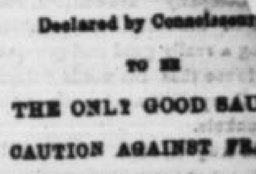
GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm 1awk6m



LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

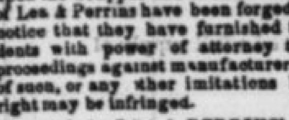
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 33v1236 law

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next,
AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORSLE
Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1462d

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

The Tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

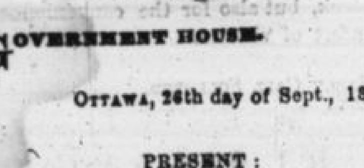
The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works
Ottawa, October 1, 1870. 1477 4



GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into a Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool)

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada.]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET,
MONTREAL.

Ottawa, August 25, 1870 1444tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained
OPE & CO., and
1306tf JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call, Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron.

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 1

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 1448

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $5 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,

Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,

32 Lemoine Street,
Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven	Cook Stoves.
Low Oven	Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.	Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.	Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.	Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.	Elbows.
Zinc.	

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, August 6 3m

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 50 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 8 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 50 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9 30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m. connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 40 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 23, 869

MAIN LINE

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a.m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ma 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

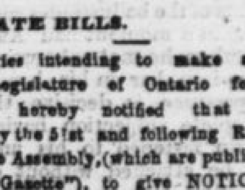
FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Bottoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870

Sarsaparilla

they were painfully afflicted ... the country, that the public ... be informed of its virtues ...

Scrofulous poison is one of the ... enemies of our race. ...

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial* ... are cured by it ...

PREPARED BY

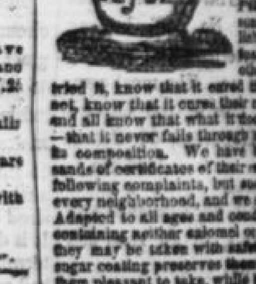
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO. Lowell,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a ... Medicine.



... DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical ... LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO of Canada, Head Office, Toronto

President—The Hon. John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, ... W T Mason, ... Malcolm Cameron, ... McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, ... Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T ... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as is ... shewn to be profitable.

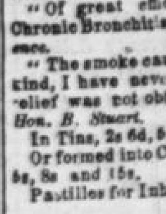
The test of the value of Insurance ... not when the premiums are being paid, ... losses are being settled, and ... promptness of its settlements ... Insurance Company is ...

Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly ...

It has no adjusted losses ...

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

1298tf



FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis ...

DATURA TATULA ...

Affords Immediate ...

"A remedy of great usefulness."—*Dr. W. Farber.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of ... Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal* ...

"The smoke causes no nausea. ... kind, I have never known an instance ... relief was not obtained."—*General* ... *Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes ... 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes ...

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., ...

FOR INDIGESTION.—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive ... perior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, ... and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, ...

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F.

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business. Apply at the ...

Reference given if required.

TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 35, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1500. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1870 PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

...NEY & CLEMOW, Barristers and ...ney-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, ...ary Public, &c, &c, for the Pro... of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Dale's Book Store, Sparks street, ...ttawa, Ottawa. 14w F C CLEMOW.

...S. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, ...ard & Ward, has removed his Chancery ...Daly Law Chambers, opposite Russel ...House.

...ARLES LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ...Streets. 365y

...ORSON, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, Dale Buildings, Ottawa. 445y

...D BATCHER, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary ...Public, Post Eight Solicitor. Office—Lim...street, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 450tf

...ARD & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, ...Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the ...Block, Ottawa. JOHN J. GEMMILL.

...ARD D. DARTNELL, Barrister ...Attorney-at-Law, Notary Public, Clerk ...Peace, Deputy Attorney, for the United ...Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, ...Ottawa, Ottawa. 34-6m

...ARDS & KIRKPATRICK, Barristers and ...Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, ...Notaries, &c, for the Province of Ontario. ...Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, ...Ottawa. RICHARD EDWARD KIRKPATRICK.

...ROLASSPARRE, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, ...Notary Public, Office—Hagar's Buildings, Elgin-st., ...Ottawa. 437y

...A. SAKA, Architect, Office—Armond's ...Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 362y

...GROVE & PALMER, Barristers, ...Solicitors, &c. Office—Musgrove's Buildings, ...Sparks-street, Ottawa. 366f GEORGE TAILLON ...Assistant Assessor.

...TRAND, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post ...Office of Quebec. 390tf

Medical.

...SON HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, ...Office, that recently occupied by Dr. Mal...Chandler, Ottawa. 1385y

...R. MORILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, ...Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug ...Store, cor. of Sussex and Sapper's Bridge. Office ...hours, 8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to the treatment of ...EYE and EAR. At night can ...be found at his residence, Murray street.

...W. LYON, Physician, Surgeon and ...Accoucheur, Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

...ALIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—...Sparks street, Central Ottawa. 344tf

Hotels and Saloons.

...ARLEY HOUSE,

...REGENT-STREET,

...HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

...Established 1851.

...Permanent and transient boarders accommodated ...on the most reasonable terms. Every attention paid to their comfort.

...DEN ROMANS, Proprietor.

...ROCKWOOD HOUSE,

...Corner of Queen, Sussex and King-sts., ...Opposite Post Office and Public Offices, ST. JOHN'S, NFD.

...J. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,

...(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) ...Travellers supplied with sample-room for commercial ...samples. 359y

...ROBERT HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

...OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

...HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply ...ARTIFICIAL TEETH, or to insert single Teeth ...on gold, silver or vulcanite ...plates, fitted so closely and easily to ...the gums as to be capable of all the uses to ...which natural teeth are applied, without the ...inconvenience to the wearers, and after ...a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance foreign to the mouth.

...Special attention is paid to the removal of painful ...nerves during the operation of extracting ...decayed or fractured teeth, has introduced into ...Ottawa the use of the Nitrous Oxide or ...Gas, which the sufferer inhales without ...pain or inconvenience, and loses his teeth as it ...were in a pleasant dream.

...Office open every day, except Sunday, ...from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

...Ottawa, September 3, 1870.

...HENRY FOX,

...GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

...Russell House, next to the City Hotel ...Ottawa.

...Agent for the passage of the Lumber Merchants ...on the Ottawa. From his long experience ...in the trade he offers his services in engaging ...men for towing their rafts while passing ...down the rest of his ability.

...REFERENCES.

...Hon. Judge Wright, Walter Smith, Esq.,

...Geo. Bryce, Esq., R W Cruikes, Esq.

...1314.

...W. H. DOWARD, Organist, Christ ...Church Cathedral, Teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing ...Queen's Avenue street. Mr. Doward was ...Choir Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr ...Worcester Cathedral, England. 1287y

Cherry Pectoral,

...Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, ...Coughs, Colds, Whooping ...Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, ...and Consumption.

...Long years before in the whole history of ...Medicine was anything so widely and so deeply ...felt by the children of mankind, as this excellent ...Pulmonary compound. Through a long ...series of years, and among most of the races of ...mankind, it has been higher and higher in their estimation as they have learned its virtues. Its uniform ...power to cure the various affections ...of the throat and lungs, have made it known as a reliable ...friend to many thousands of them. While adapted to ...the cure of disease and to young children, it is ...yet the most effectual remedy that can ...be used in incipient consumption, and the danger ...of the throat and lungs. As a protection against ...sudden attacks of Croup, it should ...be kept in every family, and indeed as all ...are subject to colds and coughs, all ...should be provided with this antidote for them.

...Incipient Consumption is thought ...to yield to it, and great numbers of cases where the disease ...had fastened, have been completely cured. ...Those restored to sound health by the ...use of this remedy, do not hesitate to ...give it their testimony in its favor. So complete is its mastery ...over diseases of the Lungs and Throat, that ...many of them yield to it. When nothing ...else can reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* ...they soon recover and disappear.

...*Public Speakers* find great protection ...in its use.

...Asthma is generally cured by taking the ...Cherry Pectoral in small and frequent doses.

...Hoarseness is relieved and often wholly ...cured by its use.

...Its virtues are known that we need ...not dwell on the evidences of them here, or do more ...than assure the public that its qualities are fully ...sustained by its present character.

...PREPARED BY

...DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical ...Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold ...by all Druggists everywhere.

...PER BOTTLE.

Groceries.

...DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

...HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

...offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also.

Bordeaux and Other Vinegars

...MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

...and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

...TEAS—

Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—

Fresh Coffee *ground and roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—

Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Henessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—

De Kuyper's and Hontman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—

Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines at all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

...HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

...High proof and aromatic, at extremely low prices. Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.

Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.

'Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.

Molson's and other Ales.

Sugars and Syrups, all grades.

Sale at refiners' prices.

...THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or bar ains. 1195

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

C MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and employ the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS.

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES.

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent improvements in his Voltaic "Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for "Medical Purposes are of great importance to "Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled "to the consideration and support of every "one disposed to further the advancement of "real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P

"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.

"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.

"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S

"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgic, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 32s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Rapbey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

the Village of Kenmore,

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St.

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1462 3aw271

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R. Front, containing 500 acres, 110 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.

Ottawa september 5, 1870 1454tf&w3tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIOR

Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

BOARD.

A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.

Ottawa, September 19 1870 66tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 8 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

Hardware.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Sneath,
Waltings Eureka Sneath ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Motey and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottaw 24th June, 1870,

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oneida," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deil Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c, &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

STOVES.

Buy Them and Save 20 to 25 per Cent,

AT

ESMONDE BROS.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

BENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 29, 1869. 1236.1

EAU DE VIE BLANC,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavouring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Eight Street.

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ..... 4 00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 7:30 a m

Trains for Lachine at ..... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Provincial Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ..... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at ..... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at ..... 3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ..... 6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at ..... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ..... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal, in 12 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1427tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF

CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at ..... 9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do ..... 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations ..... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations ..... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Provincial Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at ..... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at ..... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at ..... 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at ..... 6 00 a m
Do do do do ..... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at ..... 1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 33, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1426tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	A.M.	P.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00		11.15		9.45	4.00
Montreal, P. E. I. and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway			6.00			
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott			11.15		9.45	4.00
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Original, Point Fortune, Vaudreuil, Rigaud, Hudson, Pointe Fortune, Carillon, Grenville, Argenteuil, Montebello, Papineau, Calumet, Pembroke, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	8.00		11.15		9.45	4.00
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Dunlop, Arnprior, Braeside, Renfrew, Pembroke, &c.	8.00		11.15		9.45	4.00
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Gordon, Portland, Portland Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	8.00		11.15		9.45	4.00
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pembroke, Renfrew, Arnprior, Braeside, Killaloe, Madawaska, Barry's Bay, Round Lake, Opeongo, Hunter's, Lake Clear,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Civil Service Lodge—John Walsh.
For Sale—A Saloon.
Tailors Wanted—Magee & Russell.

The Ottawa Times.

Office 1 34, Sparks Stree

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1870.

We understand that the rumour of certain important changes in the Department of Agriculture has no foundation in fact.

It seems that the fall elections in New York this year will be attended by demonstrations to which we in Canada are happily strangers. The city of New York invariably gives a Democratic majority, and President Grant evidently thinks it is time this state of affairs was changed. Accordingly the plan which was lately tried with so much success in the State of North Carolina is to be repeated to some extent in the Empire City. Four thousand regular soldiers have been massed in and around the city who are to stand guard over the ballot boxes on election day, while Federal officers will be expected to do all they can to help the Republican ticket. The fact that General Terry, who has just concluded the work of military reconstruction in Georgia, has been ordered to assume command in New York, indicates pretty clearly the course which President Grant is prepared to pursue if necessary. Very soon the military despotism which the people of the Northern States helped to establish in the South, will destroy their own political freedom.

"DEEDS NOT WORDS."

We do not believe that Mr. Mackenzie in the course of his "missionary tour" will succeed in making many converts. He is unfortunate in not having any great political principle to serve as a rallying cry wherewith to animate his followers. In the face of the unexampled prosperity which prevails throughout the length and breadth of Canada, it is difficult even for an orator of Mr. Mackenzie's eloquence and persuasive powers to make people believe that the country is going headlong to ruin, or that the men who have thus far guided the ship of state can be utterly corrupt and incapable. We readily admit Mr. Mackenzie's ability, and we are willing to credit him with a far larger share of political honesty than is possessed by most of the leaders of the Opposition, but the task he has undertaken is too much even for him, and his efforts will most surely result in failure. A man who has not a single great principle to advocate in opposition to the policy of the Government, who has not one specific charge to make against the Administration, and is compelled to content himself with vague undefined assertions as to the general incompetency and dishonesty of all the Ministers, is not likely to make many converts. The people of Canada require something more than this now-a-days. They have acquired the habit of thinking and acting for themselves, and they form their opinions as to the ability of men to govern, from the results which their policy has produced, not from the mere assertions of their political opponents. It is by these results that the Government desire to be judged to-day, and in view of what has been achieved during the past three years, they appeal with every confidence to the people of Canada for that support which Mr. Mackenzie asserts they no longer deserve.

When in 1867 the leading statesmen of both political parties in the various Provinces united together and formed the first Government of the Dominion, Confederation was in one sense *un fait accompli*, although much remained to be done in order to render it a success, and to carry out the policy of Union in its entirety. The attempt which was then made to resuscitate old party cries and old sectional hostilities signally failed, and the voice of the nation declared in unmistakeable terms, that as the questions in which former political lines of demarcation originated were settled, our states men should be judged by their measures in the future, and not with any reference to what their views might have been upon the dead issues of the past. What has been accomplished since that time, and how far have the hopes of the people been realized? We doubt whether the most sanguine who hailed the birth of the new Dominion, hoped or dreamed that within so brief a space of time such great results would have been achieved. In Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, where three years ago dangerous feelings of suspicion and dissatisfaction prevailed among a numerous class, a wonderful change for the better has taken place. Unpatriotic expressions which were then so common in those Provinces, are now scarcely ever heard, and are confined to the columns of the Halifax *Chronicle* and the letters of John Stiles the paid agent of the Washington Government. The immense territory of the North West, an empire in itself, has been added to the Dominion at a cost, which in view of the value of the prize obtained may be considered a nominal one; arrangements have been concluded with British Columbia which render it well nigh certain that by the 1st of July, 1871, the whole northern half of this continent will be united under one Government and one flag. Meanwhile, unexampled prosperity prevails throughout the land. Our credit stands higher than ever, our commerce is increasing with wonderful rapidity, our banking business is established on a more stable basis than it ever was before, and railways and other enterprises which tend to develop the resources of the country are being constructed in all directions. This is no overdrawn picture; we are merely stating facts which no one can deny, and we would ask any unprejudiced person, whether such results as these could be accomplished under a Government so utterly corrupt and so utterly incapable as Mr. Mackenzie represents the present administration to be. The work which they undertook when they assumed the reins of office was no light or unimportant one. The great Imperial policy of which the confederation of Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick was but the first step, had still to be pursued. Conflicting interests had to be reconciled, old jealousies removed, and the great work of union still carried on until every British colony upon this continent was united under one central Government. This was the policy first introduced by the men who now stand at the head of affairs, it was the policy almost unanimously adopted by the people, and no one who looks back at the history of the past three years can deny that it has been faithfully carried out. Therefore we say that in spite of Mr. Mackenzie's denunciations, and in spite of Mr. McDougall's misrepresentations and futile efforts to evoke old antipathies and distrusts, the Government may fearlessly point to the results which they have accomplished as the best evidence of their honesty and ability.

We regret to find a man of Mr. Mackenzie's position descending to coarse personalities which are alike unworthy of him and of the country. We are sorry to find him falling back upon the old custom of calling names, which we hoped and believed had passed away with the "petty politics of the past." Now, when such mighty issues are at stake, and when the destinies of half a continent are confided to our charge, men who aspire to the rank of statesmen should learn to abjure those personalities and abusive epithets which savour so much of the village politician. We have shown what have been the results of the policy pursued by the present Government during the past three years; we have shown that great social and political progress has been made, and that the work of Union which the Administration were charged to carry out has been pushed forward with uninterrupted vigour. All that Mr. Mackenzie can urge against this is the general charge that the Ministry are "steeped to the lips in corruption," and that all the political honesty in the country is centred in himself and a few other members of the Opposition. But bare assertions of this kind will not have much weight against the facts we have mentioned.

EQUAL TO THE EMERGENCY.

The Buffalo *Express* is filled with anxiety touching the future progress and prosperity of Canada, and doubts our ability to carry out successfully those great public works which are among the necessities of our position. The *Express* says:—

"Four of their present schemes would alone test to the utmost the capacity of far wealthier nations. The Intercolonial Railway, their proposed canal system, the gigantic scheme of fortifications at Montreal and elsewhere, and now this new Pacific road, in addition to their other enormous load of foreign obligations, appear to outsiders to be a greater weight than they will be able permanently to carry."

If the *Express* had not hounded on the Fenians to attack us, as it has done at intervals during the past four years, we might have some faith in its friendship, and be induced to believe that it really feels a kindly interest in our career. However, we can assure our contemporary that there is no cause for apprehension. As for the Intercolonial Railway the greater portion of the required sum has already been obtained, and the sinking fund and interest will be fully made up by the development of fresh resources which will result in consequence of the construction of the line. For our proposed canal schemes and the new Pacific road, the necessary amount of money can be provided without much difficulty so long as we have millions of acres of land to offer English capitalists as security. Of course the fortifications at Montreal and elsewhere will not yield any direct return for the money expended but the additional security which they will give the country, and the evidence which their erection will afford of our determination to defend what belongs to us so far as possible, will no doubt to some extent serve to induce immigrants to take up their abode in Canada. People will never be likely to settle in a country, the inhabitants of which are content to owe their national existence to the generosity of their neighbors.

All things considered, we think that our Buffalo contemporary may dismiss all anxiety on our account. Although we have some gigantic enterprises which we are bound to carry out, we believe that the people of this country will prove equal to their responsibilities, and will succeed in establishing under favourable auspices the foundations of an empire upon this continent, where British institutions and British laws will be permanently maintained.

THE PRESENTATION TO LIEUTENANT COLONEL CHAMBERLIN.

The following are the arrangements which will be carried out to-day on the occasion of the presentation of the Sword of Honour to Lieutenant Colonel Chamberlin. The Governor General will proceed in State to the Parliament Buildings at three o'clock, and will be received at the main entrance by the Usher of the Black Rod, who will conduct His Excellency to the Throne. Col. Chamberlin and the members of the Presentation Committee will then present themselves at the Bar of the Senate. The address of the citizens of Ottawa to Colonel Chamberlin will be read by His Worship the Mayor, and His Excellency will be requested to present the Sword of Honour to the gallant Colonel. The ceremony of presentation will then take place. Persons holding tickets will be admitted at the Senators' private entrance, and will occupy places on the floor of the Senate Chamber. The general public will not be admitted until after the arrival of the Governor General.

All officials are expected to be in full evening costume.

The band of the Ottawa Garrison Artillery will be stationed in the corridor, and will play the National Anthem on the arrival of His Excellency.

Mr. James A. H. Murray has lately examined for the Early English Text Society, the prints of parts of the Auchinleck MS. issued by some of the Scotch printing clubs. The result is such as to justify the Society in determining to have these prints gradually re-edited from the manuscript.

For Mr. Hazlitt's new edition of "Warton's History of English Poetry," Mr. Sweet, of Balliol, has written a concise account of Anglo Saxon poetry, and Dr. R. Morris and Mr. Furnival have compiled a list of the principal poetical works from 1200 to 1500, with a statement of the changes in the different stages of the Transition Period of our language.—*Athenæum*.

The Ottawa City Tax Collector.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—In my quiet retirement in one of the suburbs of Montreal I welcome the arrival of the newspapers as the only connecting link between myself and the outer world, in which, but a short time ago, I was an active worker. Would you believe it?—I enjoyed a wondrous thrill of pleasure when I found that the full weight of your editorial indignation had fallen upon your City Tax Collector! My old friend "Cheops" has evidently not forgot his little score with that functionary, as I see that he has something to *repeat* concerning him. It is a shame for Ottawa, and I only write as its friend, that its public business is not done as it ought to be. The peddling of cheques of school teachers is an infamy to the city against which the people ought to rise.

There is no duty more incumbent on the press than that of making official personages perform the obligations attaching to their office; and there is no place more than Ottawa where the discharge of this duty is more urgently needed. You, sir, have a high mission. If you strike the "Corruptionists," no matter where you find them, take my word for it the public will applaud you. Having once put your hand to the plough, I counsel you not to look back until you have effected a complete civic reformation. Surely the popular sentiment of Ottawa will sustain you.

QUIZ.

Montreal, Oct. 28th.

GOSSIP FOR THE BREAKFAST TABLE

Not fifteen hundred of the four or five thousand of the Mormon Church have more than one wife.

An Indiana lady of 114 is still active enough to fulfil all her maternal duties towards her little girl of seventy-eight.

The Bishop of Huron has appointed Sunday, Nov. 6th, a day of thanksgiving throughout the diocese.

Mount Forrest has decided in favour of granting $20,000 as a bonus to the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway.

Lopez Jordan, the revolutionary leader in the Argentine Republic, has been again defeated by the Government troops.

Major Yelverton, the notorious husband of Mrs. Theresa Yelverton, has become Viscount Avonmore by the recent death of the late holder of that title.

The Channel Islands are just now crowded with wealthy French families. Jersey and Guernsey are remarkable for cheapness of living and salubrity of climate.

An exchange says: "The compositors in San Francisco embrace many ladies." The compositors in San Francisco ought to be ashamed of themselves.

Many reforms are promised in Brazil, including one relative to emancipation, by the newly reconstructed Cabinet of that country.

The boys and girls of England have erected a monument in Bunhill Fields over the grave of Daniel Defoe, the author of "Robinson Crusoe."

The Confederates of Halifax have chosen Mr. C. P. Hill as their candidate for the House of Assembly, in opposition to the Anti favorite, Mr. Garvie.

The total damage by the flood of 1870, in Virginia, is probably $5,000,000, two-thirds of which falls upon the poor and laboring classes.

Among the stories from the diamond fields of South Africa is one about a homestead and kraal whose plastered walls were found studded with diamonds.

Mr. Newman, of Mississippi, recently picked two inches of knife blade out of his back, a souvenir of a little fight in which he was engaged thirty-six years ago.

Next year will be the thousandth anniversary of the ascension of the throne by Alfred the Great, and preparations are being made in England for celebrating the event.

An Ohio papers says: "Besides Grant's property in other places, he pays taxes on $100,000 worth in St. Louis, where a few years ago he peddled kindling wood to get money to buy whiskey."

A movement is on foot in Louisiana to induce white farm laborers to emigrate into that state from Canada. The price at which the emigrants will be supplied with coffins is not stated.

A man named Carver, convicted of the murder of his wife, but for some reason set at liberty, returned to his home in Croydon (England) a few days ago, and was mobbed and pelted with brickbats by 700 or 800 women.

Quite a number of French soldiers have lately been found concealed at Weissemburg who had been hid and supplied by the inhabitants since the battle there, and who were only discovered by accident.

It has been found difficult to get a crew for the iron armor-plated turret ship *Cerberus*, bound from England to Australia. Sailors do not like to engage in such ships after the fearful fate of the *Captain*.

The managing editor of the Louisville *Courier Journal* is nearly blind, and is said to be one of the best amateur pianists in the country, rendering the music of Schumann and Chopin with great fidelity.

Gen. Butler is in favor of a war with Great Britain. He is satisfied that, under the protection of a Dutch Gap canal in Holland, he can float a powder ship up the channel, and blow England clear out of the water.

Large and enthusiastic meetings have recently been held in Boston to sympathise with France in her present struggle. Some of the first men of the city are taking part in the meetings and subscribing money.

A firm of champagne manufacturers, of Ay, write to their London correspondents advising them that the Prussians passing through Champagne leave the vine harvest in safety, and even afford it protection.

So unpopular are all evidences of imperialism in Paris that all gentlemen who wear waxed moustaches, a la Napoleon le Petit, become at once objects of suspicion, and all wearers of such hirsute appendages are in danger of mob violence. Imperials on the chin are also under the ban.

In one of the four houses in the Staines Road, Hounslow, which were burnt on Oct. 10, lived the daughter of the late Tom Sayers, Champion of England. The only things saved from destruction were Sayers' four brass guns (cannon,) and the massive silver-mounted lion's head cane which was presented to him after his fight with Heenan, which, it is said, he prized more than all his trophies.

The *Court Journal* quotes an absurd story told by the Cologne *Gazette* to the effect that on the occasion of the surrender at Sedan, the Emperor thought that Count Bismarck intended to shoot him, as when within some paces of Napoleon he (Bismarck) put his hand on his revolver, which had on his journey become displaced. The movement, it seems, was merely one to readjust the weapon. Bismarck, reading the Emperor's glance, merely smiled.

Here is a verbatim copy of a paper posted on the walls of the Exchange at Bristol: "To merchants, traders, and uthers. A young man, about thirty-five years of age, who understand the bakker bisiness and husbandry, would be glad to go to A merryka or any outlandish places as over seer and like of that. Enquire of 'Change keeper. N. B. has no objecshun to go to Bottomley Bay as a Skool measter, on condition that his life can be inshured to the wild Savvages."

The arrival of the first Fench eagle captured by the Germans in battle was the signal for great rejoicing in Berlin. It was brought proudly into the city by the Lieutenant and Sergeant who had taken it. At the Brandburg Gate the guard was called out in their honour, and presented arms at they passed. The venerable Field Marshal Wrangel was so impatient that he started out to meet them, and, encountering them on their way to the palace, followed by a large crowd, he, in his patriotic ardour, heartily hugged and kissed the Lieutenant who was carrying the eagle.

The *Gazette de France* publishes the following letter from Lille:—"The Republic has not been everywhere accepted with the enthusiasm of which you have heard from the official despatches. At Tourcoing, Roubaix, and Armentieres, which are chiefly manufacturing towns, the municipal councils have energetically refused to proclaim the Republic. The commissaries sent to replace the administration have been obliged to retire. It is not admitted here that a Parisian *emeute* should determine the fate of all France. The arrondissements of Dunkerque, Hazebruck, and Flanders, properly so called, are essentially monarchic. The same is the case with Douay.

The shaky honors of the throne of Spain have at last found a taker in the person of the Duke of Aosta, otherwise known as the Prince Amadeus-Ferdinand-Maria, second son of the King of Italy. He rejoices in a wife with the remarkably pretty name of Victoria-Carletta-Henrietta Gianni del Pozzo della Cistema. The Prince wears his ducal title in honor of a miserable little dirty town in Piedmont, is a Lieutenant General in the Italian army, and is only twenty-five years of age. He has little or no experience in public life. His acceptance of the Spanish throne will bring Italy in very close relations with the Iberian peninsular, a daughter of Victor Emanuel being Queen of Portugal.

Germany evidently expects to get her own again, and is making preparations with that intent. The director of the Royal Library at Fulda, in Prussia, has been ordered to examine the records, and to report whether any of the works named in the old catalogue, and which were carried off by the French in 1816, were not subsequently restored; and to make out a list of such missing objects and forward it to Berlin. The city council of Frankfort-on-the-Main has also been requested by the government to examine the town records and report whether any objects of value, especially works of art and antique relics, were carried off by the French at the end of the last and at the beginning of the present century; and whether they are still missing.

The Duke of Saxe Cobourg, writing from Versailles on the 30th, to the Duchess, and speaking of the environs of Paris, says: "The whole district has for some years been dotted with parks and chateaux, and been very much beautified. Truly very ill adapted to the seat of war. We seated ourselves at a very picturesque spot, and were absorbed in the view of the great city, which lay in the evening sunlight before us. All at once a 60-pounder from Fort Montrouge was directed at us, and went whizzing over and beyond us into a woody part. It was a sorry jest, and we were going back to our horses, when again a large ball flew over us, felling branches and trees, so that the poor animals, which were standing in the shade, were much frightened. A few minutes afterwards a similar shot carried off the head of a poor Bavarian, who was likewise enjoying the prospect. This people call amusing in war. Without siege artillery we cannot properly attack and take the forts; it would cost too many men. We must, therefore, confine ourselves to investing, intrenching ourselves, and repelling sorties."

The Situation in Paris.

A correspondent of the *Daily News* writes from Paris, September 27.

When the town was first invested the greatest disorder existed. For a few days officers, even generals were shot at by regiments outside the fortifications, the National Guards performed their service on the ramparts very reluctantly, and when possible shirked it. The Mobiles were little better than an armed mob of peasants. The troops of the line were utterly demoralized. The streets were filled with troopers staggering about half drunk, and by groups of armed Mobiles wandering in ignorance of the whereabouts of their quarters, and of their regiments. The Government was divided into two parties, one supported by the moderates and anxious to make peace on reasonable terms, the other supported by the ultras, and determined to continue the contest at all hazard. The ministers were almost in despair at finding the state of disorder in which everything had been left by their predecessors. Little by little this condition of things has mended for the better. Since the failure of the mission of M. Jules Favre, and the exorbitant demands which were then put forward by Count Bismarck, both moderates and ultras have unitedly supported the men who are in power. It is felt by all that if Paris is to be defended with any prospect of success, there must be absolute union among its defenders. The Deputies of Paris are not thought perhaps to be endowed with any very great administrative ability, but Mr. Lincoln's proverb respecting the difficulty of a person changing his horse while he is passing over a brook, is acted on, and so long as they neither commit any signal act of folly, nor attempt to treat with Prussia either for peace or a capitulation, I think that no effort will be made to oust them. They are, I believe, doing their best to organize the defence of this city, and if they waste a little time in altering the names of the streets and publishing manifestoes couched in grand and bombastic phrases, it must be remembered that they have to govern Frenchmen who are fond of this species of nonsense. With respect to the military situation, the soldiers of all sorts are kept well together, and appear to be under the command of their officers. The National Guard, although it still grumbles a little, does its duty on the ramparts. The soldiers of the line are kept outside the town. The Mobiles have passed many hours in drill during the last ten days, they are orderly and well conducted, and, if not soldiers already, are a far more formidable force than they were at the commencement of the siege. Whether they will ever become available for operations in the open field is, perhaps, questionable, for their regiments would probably be thrown into confusion if called upon to act together. Within the line of the forts, however, there is no reason to suppose that they will not fight well. The forts are manned by sailors, who are excellent artillerists, and the guns are formidable ones. On the Seine there is a flotilla of gunboats. The city has food and ammunition for two months. Paris, therefore, ought to be able to hold out for these two months. She has her own population, a large portion of which consist of the working men, who have never been backward in fighting. The provinces have been drained of their best blood, which has been brought up to the capital. All the remains of the French army is here. At the lowest average the armed force in Paris amounts to 450,000 men, and there are about 500,000 more from which this force can recruit itself.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off.

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.
HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Oct. 28.

Rev. Wm. Punshon preached a missionary sermon last evening in Richmond street Wesleyan church, from the text "Luke xix, 41, 42." He concluded his very eloquent discourse with an earnest appeal on behalf of city missions.

A protest against Victor Emmanuel's occupation of Rome has been numerously signed by the Catholics at a public meeting held in St. Michael's Cathedral last night.

The fall races were held yesterday at the Newmarket Course. The first race, a trotting match between R. Paul's "Miltonian" and J. Jacob's "Charles Douglas," was won by the latter. The second race was not decided.

Special to the *Telegraph*: Fort Garry, Oct. 12, *via* St. Cloud, 26.—An investigation is being made by Mr. McBeath and Mr. Hamelin, Magistrates, into the circumstances attending the destruction of Mr. Ross's house by fire a few days ago. So far they have not succeeded in throwing any light on the cause. The head constable, Chief Fox, called upon the Governor this week. George Klind reports seeing O'Donohue at St. Joe, four days ago, but it appears to be getting warm for him even there, as he was shot at, report says, six times in one night.

Mr. J. F. Graham, of Ottawa, connected with the Board of Works Department, and Mr. George McVicar, of Fort William, arrived on Thursday from the north-west angle of the Lake of the Woods.

Private William Dunbar, of the Ontario Battalion, who accidentally shot himself in the leg a few weeks ago is now well.

Steps are being taken by the leading settlers to show their kindly feelings toward the Volunteers by a grand banquet at an early day. In a few hours a subscription list of almost £100 was made up, with a very partial canvas.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Oct. 28.

At the meeting last night at St. Roch, on the North Shore R. R., Hon. Mr. Cauchon delivered an address explaining the position and stating that the City Council and the Directors had come to an arrangement in reference to Alderman Hunt's amendment, and would finally settle matters this evening.

Strenuous efforts are making to procure the valuable services of the river police for the protection of the city this winter.

At the Court of Queen's Bench true bills were found against John Mead, obtaining money under false pretences, plea not guilty; Joseph Carrier, robbery, plea not guilty; Louis Poliquin, robbery, plea not guilty; Herbert Labrecque, and Beland, robbery, plea not guilty.

Weather mild.

HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, Oct. 28.

At a meeting of leading Confederates, last night, it was decided to bring out P. C. Hill to oppose Mr. Garvie in Halifax for the House of Assembly.

There is now another vacancy in the Assembly; the Speaker, Mr. John K. Marshall, of Guysboro, having died. He was for many years a prominent politician.

Four Halifax vessels engaged in the West India trade are missing so long, that all hopes of them have been given up.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—The *Times* doubts if England should not, like America, abandon scrupulous neutrality and afford supplies to both belligerents.

A recent arrival from the west coast of Africa announces that the French frigate *Villebeute* had captured a German vessel, near the Berona Islands, on the 17th of September. The prize had 700 barrels of gunpowder on board.

The capitulation of Metz was not signed until Thursday night. The city will be occupied by the Germans to-morrow. The whole number of prisoners now represented to be taken are 173,000, including three marshals and 5,000 officers.

One hundred guns were fired in Berlin yesterday in honor of the event.

A despatch to the *Times* from Berlin intimates that the French has rejected the German armistice; but thinks that the fall of Metz will lead them to reconsider their determination.

Lord Lyons is preparing to leave Tours to-day. He has engaged the first floor of the Hotel de Lapaix in Bordeaux.

La Pays estimates the expenses of the war, beginning with the cost of armament since 1868, at £460,000,000.

It is certain that the Italian Government will be dissolved and a new Ministry formed.

Heavy rifle firing was heard to-day near Paris, the sound coming from the defences between La Villette and Mont martre.

A letter from Garibaldi has been published, which says he at first sympathized with Germany, when she sought the overthrow of Napoleon, and he now sympathizes with France because she has made herself a Republic.

A soldier at Spandau grossly insulted Lord Loftus, the British Minister to Prussia, and was severely punished.

ST. PETERSBURG, 28th—The Emperor has removed certain anti-German Governors in the Baltic Provinces.

MADRID, Oct. 27.—Reports say that the great powers have returned answers favorable to the conditions of the Duke of Aosta.

LIMERICK, Oct. 28th.—The Corporation have united in protest against the Italian Incorporation of the Papal States.

TOURS, Oct. 28th.—The official report of the capitulation of Schlestadt was received by the Minister of the Interior.

Advices from Besancon show that successful resistance has been offered to the German invaders of the eastern provinces.

Thiers starts for Paris to-day.

BERLIN, Oct. 28.—The correspondent of the city says the health of Napoleon requires a milder climate. It is possible that early next month he may leave Wilhemshohe for Elba.

LONDON, 28th.—A correspondent of the "Times" telegraphs the following from Marseilles, dated 25th.—It will be a few days before the Germans will be ready to bombard Paris.

There are over two thousand sick and wounded French and German soldiers in and around Versailles.

Twenty citizens of Bongenal have been executed by the Prussians for aiding the French sorties from Paris.

A despatch from Bombay announce that a day has been fixed by the Chinese for the massacre of all foreigners. They are marching and distributing their troops accordingly. There is much excitement among the English and French residents.

BERLIN, Oct. 28.—The *Auzeiger* says that Germany regaining Metz has the strongest point on the line of the Moselle, and she must keep it.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The correspondent of the *Times* telegraphs the following from Marseilles, dated 25th: It will be a few days yet before the Germans will be ready to bombard Paris.

There are over two thousand sick and wounded French and German soldiers in and around Versailles.

Forts Vaures, Montreuge and Bicetre are connected by strong earthworks.

Twenty citizens of Bongenel have been executed by the Prussians for aiding French sorties from Paris.

A despatch from Bombay announces that a day has been fixed by the Chinese for the massacre of all foreigners. They are marching and distributing their troops accordingly. There is much excitement among the French and English residents.

BERLIN, Oct. 28.—The *Azeinger* says that Germany regaining Metz has the strongest point on the line of the Moselle, and she must keep it.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—A correspondent before Metz, on the 26th instant, telegraphs: Five days ago General Caffinieres, commandant of the city and fortress of Metz, informed Marshal Bazaine, commander of the army, that he could supply no more provisions, and that the Marshall's army must shift for itself.

Thereupon Bazaine ordered the outposts to cease firing on the Prussian pickets and allowed his men to desert in groups of a dozen or two at a time.

On the afternoon of the 24th, trustworthy information came from Metz by a spy that an outbreak *en masse* would be made during the night towards Gravelotte, as Bazaine's offers to capitulate with the army alone had been repeatedly and peremptorily refused.

The outbreak was to be made without hope of saving any organized force, but simply to enable superfluous mouths to get beyond the German lines and force, than to preserve them.

By this means it was intended to hold the fortress a little longer with a small garrison, but at 7 in the evening Bazaine had succeeded in convincing Gen. Coffinieres that the bloodshed necessarily attending such a purpose was too dear a price to pay for a few weeks prolongation of resistance.

A messenger was then sent to Prince Frederick Charles, intimating the intention of the fortress to capitulate.

This was the first proposition made for including the fortress and outside army. Accordingly at midnight the Prussian troops which had been ordered towards Gravellotte received orders to retire to their camp yesterday afternoon.

Chauganier, with a plenipotentiary, spent an hour with the Prince, and departed much disturbed, excusing some absentmindedness of his own by saying, "No wonder the Prince was so severe."

By an arrangement at this meeting Gen. Stihel and Col. Von Henganig, the chief of the staff, and the Quarter-master General of the Prince's army, rode to Fescay Chateau, three miles south of Metz, just within the Prussian lines, whither the two French commanders, with Humbert, second in command of the fortress, had been brought by the Prussian field postchaise.

The meeting lasted from six to seven in the evening, and resulted only in parting with the agreement that the disputed points were to be re-discussed this noon.

Matters were so far advanced that the Second Corps received marching orders for Paris yesterday at noon, and started early in the evening; other troops were concentrating at the nearest attackable points to Metz last night to prevent desertion in masses. Bazaine's last means of prlonging negociations.

At two this morning masses of soldiers covered the roads and fields. No disturbance occurred, as none of the troops suspected the truth.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—A cable despatch states that among other extraordinary documents unearthed at the Tuilleries, with the correspondence and private matters of Napoleon, was one showing the future of the Emperor's mistress.

This paper presents the form of a legal document detailing a marriage settlement of Elizabeth Ann Harriet, Countess of Beauregard, France Chateau Beauregard, near Versailles, better known as Miss or Mistress.

The deed was made out on the occasion of the union, by marriage, of this lady with Clarence Irevellyian, in 2854.

Two schedules which are attached to the paper makes known that the Countess possessed £17,000 in English and other foreign securities, including the sum of $90,000 in Pensylvania railway debentures, $74,000 in St. Louis and Cincinnati bonds, besides another additional sum of £59,000, which is described as other stock, funds and securities, and distinguished as the settled fund she had besides divers other investments, shares and securities, with jewels and other personal estate and property in France, during the latter years of her life.

At the period of her death the property of the Countess Beauregard, exceeded in value the united wealth of Madame de Pompadour and Madame du Barri.

England's "Moral Influence," and India.

The *International*, a French paper published in London, tries to frighten us out of our neutral position towards France and Germany by prophecies of consequent danger to our Indian dependency. It is a fearful mistake, we are assured, to see in Germany's triumph nothing but a loss of strength in France. Not to interfere in the present struggle is to make confession of our own weakness, and thus to deal a death blow at our own moral influence, the chief basis of our power and the prime constituent of our prosperity. Once taught to look on England as a mere cipher in European politics, India will be lost to her forever. Russia, Prussia and the United States, singly or in concert, will some day ease her of those rich possessions which the French alliance would have secured to her more than ought else. She has been conquered at Sedan even as France was conquered a Sadowa. All this, says "Allen's Indian Mail," is shocking to comtemplate from the French point of view; but as England has wisely held aloof from the quarrel, our heads are cool enough to consider the consequences from a comparatively neutral point of view. So far as England or India is concerned, German ascendency can do neither any possible harm. It is much more likely to hurt Russia than England in the long run. A united Germany will no more stand dictation from the Czar than it has done from Louis Napoleon. Germany and Austria may both be reckoned upon to bar the Russian march on Constantinople. There is really no reason to fear any considerable increase in the naval armaments of Germany.—Whatever these may become, they will almost certainly be proportioned to the mere needs of German commerce, and they will never equal those which our island empire, with its wide belt of colonies, must keep for its own protection. We have repeatedly shown that from Russia we have little, if anything, to fear on the side of India. Any move of hers in that direction is merely a a feint to mask her real game on the side of Turkey or some other power. As for our loss of moral influence, we ought by this time to have none at all left, if there had ever been much truth in that oft-repeated cry.

The St. Clair Canal.

FURTHER LIGHT UPON THE SUBJECT.

The Chatham *Planet* says: A great deal has been said and written respecting the location of the St. Clair Ship Canal; and on the other side of the lines a vast amount of ignorance has been displayed and braggadocia indulged in without, in the least, touching the real point at issue, viz.: the seizure of Mr. Hiram Little's vessels by the Detroit Custom House authorities. A correspondent writing to the Buffalo *Commercial* has, however, touched the point, and he is the first person writing to a United States paper on this vexed question who has had the ability or the honesty to deal at all intelligently or fairly with it. This writer perfectly agrees with the position first taken by the *Planet* and since assumed by the Toronto *Globe*, and other Canadian papers, that "The boundary line as established by the Commissioners, under the sixth Article of the Treaty of Ghent, is in the middle of the old ship channel. In straightening the channel to improve the navigation, a part of the excavations, or the canal, is on the easterly side of the old ship channel, and consequently within British territory." Here, then, is our whole case. What the *Commercial's* correspondent says after must be taken *cum grano salis*, as, for instance, the concluding portion of the following paragraph:

"As it is provided in the treaty that all the channels of these waters shall be free for navigation to each and both governments, for commercial purposes, it is of no consequence on which side of the line the navigable channel is. In case of a war with Great Britain or Canada, no one doubts that the United States would immediately have possession of *all* the channels."

On this the *Commercial* editorially comments by saying that "the only question of any consequence is that of jurisdiction during peace," and concludes by agreeing with its correspondent in thinking "that the part of the canal, or improvements made, which lies on the east of the old ship channel, is as much within the jurisdiction of the Canadian Government and its revenue officers as any part of Canada; and that any seizures made by American officers there would, of course, be illegal." Here is precisely the point. And it being the fact that the Canal is "within the jurisdiction of the Canadian Government and its revenue officers as much as any part of Canada," there can no longer be a doubt that the United States officers made an illegal and unjustifiable seizure when they took possession of Mr. Little's boats, had them sent to Detroit, exacted heavy bonds from Mr. Little, and in an inexcusable manner invaded Canadian waters and interfered with legitimate Canadian trade. We trust our Government will without unnecessary delay see to it that Mr. Little's vessels are released, and that he is fairly remunerated for any losses and inconvenience which he may have been put to by American Revenue officers.

DIED.

At Ottawa, on 28th instant, Emily A. Lyon, fifth daughter of the late George Lyon, Esq., of Richmond, Ont.

The funeral will leave the residence of her brother, Robert Lyon, Esq., on Theodore st., on Sunday, at 8 o'clock, a.m., for Richmond.

In this city on the 28th inst., Margaret, wife of Mr. Michael Scanlan, aged 51 years.

Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend the funeral, on Sunday afternoon, at 4 o'clock from her husband's residence, Ottawa street.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, which they can make larger profit: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a priviliged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street

1397-3

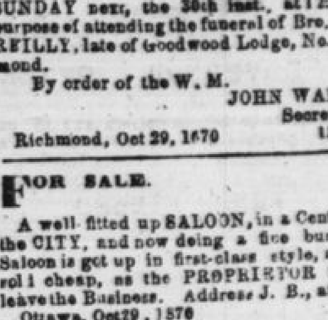
WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

SIX JOURNEYMEN TAILORS

First-class and steady Men only, need apply, to

Foreman Tailoring Department,
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, Oct 29, 1870. 1500 1m



CIVIL SERVICE LODGE,

No. 148, G.R.C.

The Members of the Lodge are requested to meet at the MASONIC HALL, Richmond, on SUNDAY next, the 30th inst., at 12:30, for the purpose of attending the funeral of Bro. EDWARD REILLY, late of Goodwood Lodge, No. 159, Richmond.

By order of the W. M.
JOHN WALSH,
Secretary 148.

Richmond, Oct 29, 1870. 1500 4

FOR SALE.

A well fitted up SALOON, in a Central part of the CITY, and now doing a fine business. The Saloon is got up in first-class style, and will be sold cheap, as the PROPRIETOR is about to leave the Business. Address J. B., at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct 29, 1870. 1500 2

WRITING LESSONS, &c., FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

Respectable young women, employed in stores or otherwise, during the day, whose evenings are at their own disposal, and who desire to improve themselves educationally, more especially in Writing, Reading, and Spelling, will effect their object, on terms quite within their means, on application to

MRS. CHARLES POPE,
Corner of Bank and Albert sts

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1870.

WANTED.

Until the 1st of MAY next, a Furnished House, within easy distance of the Public Buildings, containing at least, five Bed-rooms.

Apply to "N.", TIMES Office, by letter—stating rent, &c.

Ottawa Oct 26, 1870. 1496 3

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to authorise the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 13, 1870. 1492 lawk-2m

ADDITIONAL STOCK

RE-ORDERED

BY

ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Are now receiving large lots of GOODS, re-ordered by Cable and Mail from BRITAIN, to fill up lines sold out in September.

Their Stock will be again very complete in all the Departments this week.

They invite special attention to their Stock of

BLACK and COLOURED SILKS,

Fancy DRESS GOODS, in all the Fashionable Materials,

RIBBONS,

LACES,

GLOVES,

HOSIERY,

SHAWLS,

MILLINERY

and MANTLES.

PRINTS,

COTTONS,

SHEETINGS,

BLANKETS and

FLANNELS.

All purchased in the best Markets, under every possible advantage.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

47 SPARKS ST. 49

Will receive this week per Express LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY

Containing the Very Latest Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings.

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable Dress Goods

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" ... prove the most fashionable, ... are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter ... hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.
47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

MUSIC HALL.

BERNARD & PERKINS, ... Directors of Amusements
J. E. GREEN, ... Business Manager
JOE M. FORD, ...

Positively for Two Nights Only

—COMMENCING—

MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 31st,

NOVEMBER 1st.

THE GREATEST SUCCESS EVER KNOWN IN MINSTRELSY!!

HOUSES CROWDED EVERYWHERE

BERNARD & PERKINS'

FEMALE MINSTRELS

Will give a series of their popular and ... Entertainments, as above, when they will introduce an entirely new and original Programme. This is the greatest Original and only first class FEMALE MINSTREL TROUPE in the world.

Admission 25cts.; Reserved Seats ...

Be sure and get a Mammoth Programme.

Ottawa, Oct 28, 1870

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

PRESCOTT AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

9.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m
... trains connect at Prescott Junction ... Trunk Railway for all points south ...

... York street, corner o Sussex ...

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

...—A large stock new stylish ..., at moderate prices, at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

The Victoria Cadet Corps will shoot for the "Taylor Gold Medal" this (Saturday) ... at 9.30 o'clock, weather permitting.

... and House Furnishings made a ... at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's, ... stock and new styles, at reduced ...

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

CANADA CENTRAL R. R.—The C. C. R. R. is in a prospering condition, the traffic on ... increasing daily. The receipts for the ... are said to amount to $23,103. These figures speak well for the line.

...—Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Empire Mills Blankets, in all sizes and ..., very cheap, at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

The ladies in charge of the refreshment ... at the bazaar in aid of the orphans, ... to inform their friends and patrons ... oysters will be served up during ... afternoon in every variety and style, ... when they hope their friends will give ... a call. The O. B. G. A. band will be in attendance during the evening.

Effects of the war! Great sacrifice ... Silks! Garland, Mutchmor & Co. securing a parcel at the low prices. Good ordinary Black Silk at 3s. 6d., 3s. 9d., 4s. and ... per yard. Beautiful Lyons gros grains ... 4d., 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 9d., and 10s.

LECTURE.—The celebrated lecturer, Rev. ... Carmichael of Montreal, will deliver ... lecture in the Rink Music Hall, on behalf of the charitable fund of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society, on the occasion of their anniversary entertainment, Tuesday, 8th November. Subject: "Grattan and the Irish Volunteers."

... dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets at the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

SALOON FOR SALE.—We beg to draw attention to an advertisement in another column of the saloon in York street, next ...'s Hotel. The saloon is got up in first-class style, and as the proprietor is about leaving the business a bargain may be expected.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country merchants come and see. The most complete Stove House in this Line in the Capital. ... Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks ... 1486 2m.

...—We are glad to learn that ...'s Corners which was totally destroyed by the fire during the summer, is being rebuilt. Previous to the terrible calamity which laid it in ashes, it was a prosperous little village, and we have no doubt that with the Canada Central Railroad running through it when it is rebuilt the energy of its inhabitants will revive.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE—FRIDAY. —J. H. Baldwin, Allan Ritchie, George Stephen, Mrs. Stephen, Montreal; Miss Stephen Brooke and Madame Savane Daniel ..., Metapedia; J. N. Fowler, Detroit; J. McMillan, Metapedia; R. Luttrell, Prescott; George W. Weast, James MacLaren, Buckingham, John R. Cushin and ..., New York.

THE BAZAAR in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum is still flourishing in the George street Barracks. There are many very desirable articles in the grand room ... many very beautiful ones, but the ... charitable young ladies who attack ... so successfully for "a throw" are the ... alluring commodity in the room. ... they beseige a young man he invariably succumbs, and they are soon possessed of his treasury.

FORGERY.—A woman residing on St. Paul ... has been arrested on the charge of forgery. She wrote out a note for groceries from Mr. Thompson on Rideau Street, to which she signed the name of a gentleman whom she knew dealt extensively with Mr. Thompson. She obtained the groceries, but when the gentleman in question was presented with the bill the forgery was detected. She will appear at the police court.

OTTAWA IMMIGRANTS' AID SOCIETY.—The public readings of the Society will commence on Monday evening at eight o'clock, in their rooms, Aumond's block, Rideau street, and will be continued every Monday evening during the winter. The Hon. ... Duskin, Minister of Agriculture, has kindly consented to preside on Monday evening next. The monthly meeting of the members and friends of the Society will take place on Tuesday evening, at the same time and place.

... STREET.—This is one of the ... streets in the city, as regards buildings, but, by the corporation, one of those ... neglected. Had it only a good sidewalk it would be among the favorite promenade streets; but, as it is at present, people must walk knee deep in sand to go from Cumberland to Gloucester street. There are but one or two lamps on it. Property in that locality is very valuable, and consequently heavy taxes are paid by the property owners; therefore, we think they should at least be favored with a sidewalk between the above named streets.

FOOT RACE AT PRESCOTT.—A foot race took place yesterday at Prescott between Burgess and D. McDonald, for $250 a side—the distance being 100 yards. Burgess giving McDonald 15 feet start. The race was run at 11 a. m., in front of the drill shed, Burgess winning easily, and leading his opponent by several feet. Time, 11 seconds. Captain J. W. Walsh, who got up the match, bet, before the competitors started, $200 to $160 that Burgess would come off victorious. The race caused considerable excitement. Burgess is a resident of Prescott, and McDonald of Morrisburg

CHARIVARI.—On Thursday night a ceremony was performed on Clarence street, the like of which Ottawa has not been troubled or disgraced by for some time —we refer to the brutal action of charivaring a poor widow woman. This barbarous game generally results very unpleasantly, and it is difficult to say what may arise out of the present. Our readers probably remember of a similar attempt made about six months ago in Buckingham, which came near resulting fatally to a couple of young men concerned. In that case the law took no notice of the culprits, but we believe the authorities of Ottawa are on the alert for the offenders in the present.

Police Court.

FRIDAY Morning.

Sarah Sullivan, a hardened criminal, was sent to gaol for two months for vagrancy.

Joseph Sebra, drunk and disorderly; fined $2.

Charles Jones, drunk and disorderly in the public streets; fined $5 including costs.

James Swan was brought up for a like offence. In reply to the usual question, "What have you to say," he replied with a stentorian voice, "Yes, I was!" He was allowed to pay $5.

John Sullivan, drunk and disorderly, petitioned the Magistrate to forgive him, but his Worship was inexorable; fined $5.

The boy Louis Proule, who was charged with stealing a pair of boots and some leather, was let off with two days in gaol, the prosecutor, his master, not wishing to punish him severely; besides he had already been several days in confinement.

A young man, charged with stealing a watch, was allowed out on bail on his recognizance.

MANITOBA.

From the Manitoba News Letter, Oct. 8.

We learn that His Excellency has been pleased to appoint Narcisse Marion, Esq., a Justice of the Peace, and we feel sure that it will be a popular appointment both among French and English. It is a deserved tribute to his loyalty and honesty.

A large amount of new silver fifty cent pieces of Canadian coining have recently been put in circulation. The coin is a trifle smaller than the American half dollar, and of the same general style as the 10c. and 20c. pieces.

An investigation is being conducted by Mr. McBeath and Mr. Hamelin, the magistrates, into the circumstances attending the destruction of Mr. Ross's house by fire a few days ago. So far they have not succeeded in throwing any light on the cause of the fire.

SMALL-POX.—His Excellency the Governor summoned to his assistance yesterday the leading clergymen and physicians of the Settlement to devise means to ensure the safety of the Settlement against small-pox. From information supplied by the Governor of the Hudson Bay Company and the clergy it was found that two cases of small-pox which had been brought from the Saskatchewan had not spread the disease, but that it was still raging in the vicinity of Forts Pitt, Carleton and Edmonton. His Excellency manifested a desire to enter into the matter in a way that would avert the threatened danger, and on his suggestion a Board of Health was chosen, consisting of the Rt. Rev. the Lord Bishop of Rupert's Land, his Lordship Bishop Tache, Rev. Geo. Young, Rev. John Black, Hon. A. Boyd, Hon. Mr. Girard, the Commandant of the Quebec Battalion, Lieut.-Col. Cassault, the Commander of the Ontario Battalion, Major Wainwright, Dr. Schultz, Dr. O'Donnell, and Dr. Reddome. His Excellency has placed a room in the Council House at the disposal of the Board, and they are to meet to-day at 3 p.m.

PRODUCTIVENESS OF MANITOBA.—Dr. Lynch, who has just arrived from the thriving settlement of Portage La Prairie, has shown us some specimens of the productions of the soil in that quarter. Among these we may notice three Swedish turnips, weighing in the aggregate 55 pounds, the largest 19½. Some potatoes, of the Flake and early Rose varieties, weigh on an average two pounds four ounces each, the largest reaching two pounds thirteen ounces. Other specimens of the root crop are equally fine. Mr. House, of White Horse Plains, planted 11 Early Rose potatoes, dividing them into 120 hills, and has just dug 10 bushels. Mr. Gowler, of High Bluff, put in 26 bush. and has dug 830 bush. The average wheat yield in the Portage vicinity will be at least 35 bushels per acre, some fields reaching as high as 40 and 45. These facts may appear extraordinary to our readers in Canada, but the specimens mentioned have been left by the kindness of Dr. Lynch at our office, and have been seen by a good many of the recently arrived emigrants from Canada, and place the productiveness of our soil beyond a question.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

FRIDAY, Oct. 28, 1870.

There is generally a very good market on Friday, but this morning the attendance was rather meagre, owing probably to the stormy nature of the previous evening. There was an abundant supply however of firkin butter, which sold for from 18cts. to 20cts. per pound; potatoes 40cts. per bushel; mutton 7cts. per pound. Pork, beef and other commodities at the old prices.

FLOUR—Extra	6 50	@ 0 00
Strong Bakers	6 25	@ 0 00
No. 1	5 75	@ 6 00
No. 2	5 00	@ 5 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@ 3 50
" Spring "	2 84	@ 3 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	5 50	@ 0 00
Indian meal "	4 25	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 75	@ 0 00
Buckwheat flour 100 lbs.	2 12½	@ 2 25
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 20	@ 1 30
Spring "	1 10	@ 1 20
CORN—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@ 0 75
Pease " 60 lbs	0 90	@ 1 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@ 0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 1 40
PORK—Mess—per barrel	28 50	@ 29 00
Prime Mess per do.	23 00	@ 00 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	7 50	@ 8 50
Hams	0 15	@ 0 18
Beef per 100 lbs.	5 00	@ 5 50
Mutton per lb.	0 6	@ 7 00
Vell	0 50	@ 7 00
Calves,—each	0 00	@ 0 00
Geese—each	0 45	@ 0 50
Turkeys each	0 30	@ 0 50
Poultry, per pair	0 50	@ 0 60
Ducks	0 00	@ 0 50
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@ 0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@ 0 22
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 20	@ 0 00
Apples, per brl	3 00	@ 4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@ 0 45
Turnips per bushel	0 30	@ 0 35
Onions, " "	2 00	@ 0 00
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@ 20 00
STRAW—Per ton	8 00	@ 10 00
WOOD—per cord (Cubic measure)	0 00	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@ 0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@ 0 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1 Insp.	8 50	@ 0 00
No. 2, do. Inspected	8 00	@ 0 00
No. 3, do. do.	7 50	@ 0 00
Green Raw Hides	7 00	@ 0 00
Green Calf Skins, per lb	0 10	@ 0 00
Lamb Skins—each	0 60	@ 0 00

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & Co.

FOR CHEAP JOB PRINTING

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE 13 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

SUITS,

PEA JACKETS,

OVERCOATS,

WINTER CLOTHING

MAGEE & RUSSELL,

SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA,

Beg to inform the Gentlemen of Ottawa and the public generally that their Tailoring Department is now under the management of a FIRST-CLASS ARTIST, of ENGLISH, AMERICAN and CANADIAN experience. Also that, their STOCK of CLOTHS this season is extremely large and varied, embracing all the NEW STYLES adapted for SUITS, PEA JACKETS and OVERCOATS.

M. & R. would suggest to those requiring NEW and CORRECT FITTING GARMENTS, that it would be wise to place thyir orders at once, to prevent disappointments as a great pressure of Trade is anticipated when the cold weather sets in.

M. & R's facilities for doing justice to the requirements of the public is now such as to warrant them in saying that no house in the Province can manufacture superior or better fitting clothing.

For Correctness of Fit, Elegance of Style and Workmanship unsurpassed.

See Garments made to measure only, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,

SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

SUITS—Pea Jackets and Over Coats, made to measure only at Magee & Russell's, are unequalled for fit, style, workmanship and price.

Gentlemen who are in the habit of ordering their clothing from Montreal and Toronto, are invited to view specimen garments, at Magee & Rus ell's.

OTTAWA PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

The attendance of all Members and those intending to become Members, is requested at GOWAN'S HALL, on TUESDAY next, the 1st NOVEMBER, at 7½ P.M.

G. KENNEDY, Secretary.

Ottawa, Oct 7, 1870 149 tf

BY A. ROWE, AUCTIONEER.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

SPLENDID SEVEN OCTAVE PIANO-FORTE MADE BY HANES BROS., OF N. Y., &c., &c.

The subscriber has been instructed by W. C. CLARK, Esq., to sell at his residence, O'Connor street.

ON FRIDAY, the 28th OCTOBER, 1870,

One Hanes Bros Piano, in excellent order with all the modern improvements, Hair Cloth Chai s to match and Rocking Chair, Centre Table, Whatnot, Mirrors, Carpet and Curtains, Extension Dining Table, Chairs, Sideboard, Couch, Curtains and Carpet, Hall Oil Cloth, Hall Stove and Pipes, Cooking Stove and utensils, Parlour Stove and Pipes, Bed-room Furniture, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Dressing Tables, Carpet and Curtains, Set of China, Stoneware, Kitchen utensils, and one second-hand Sewing Machine, a quantity of house plants, a singing Canary, &c.

Terms cash.

Sale at half-past ten o'clock.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Oct 25, 1870 1496td

NOTICE.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO,

TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.

Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next

CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Clerk.

Toronto, Oct 27, 1870 1awk-28D.

CHAMBERLIN TESTIMONIAL FUND.

The subscribers to the above fund are hereby informed that the presentation of the SWORD OF HONOR, to Lieut.-Colonel CHAMBERLIN, C.M.G., will take place in the SENATE CHAMBER, Parliament Buildings, on SATURDAY afternoon next, at 3 o'clock. The Sword will be presented by His Excellency LORD LISGAR.

Subscribers will be furnished with Tickets of admission to the Chamber, by the Secretary.

JOHN ROCHESTER, Chairman.

HENRY J. MORGAN, Secretary.

Ottawa, Oct 28, 1870 1499tf

AUTUMN. 1870.

THE GOLDEN LION,"

SPARKS STREET,

Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in

HATS,

BONNETS.

FEATHERS,

Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c

Fashionable Velveteen Hats.

From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets,

$1.50 upwards

New Paris Jackets,

In Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Underclothing,

A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods,

A complete Stock.

R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

FALL AMD WINTER STOCK,

And are shewing great bargains in

BLANKETS

FLANNELS

TWEEDS

SHAWLS

VELVETS

TARTANS

GLOVES

TIES

&c., &c.

WINCIES

COBOURGS

LUSTRES

HOSIERY

LACES

RIBBONS.

PARTIES!

HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

OUR STOCK

—OF—

BLANKETS

SHEETINGS

COUNTERPANES

&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen s Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

NEW GROCERY STORE

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND YORK STREETS.

J. M. C. DE LES DERNIERS

HAS OPENED A

NEW GROCERY STORE

In the above named Premises, in which will be found a full supply of all articles of the Trade, all new, and of first class quality. Having been selected by himself, he can guarantee their excellence. As the

GOODS WERE CASH PURCHASES

They can be sold at a less figure than it bought on credit. They consist in part of

WINES,

LIQUORS,

SCOTCH ALES, and

PORTER,

TEAS,

SUGARS,

(in variety,)

TOBACCOS,

FISH, (dried and salted),

PICKLES,

SAUCES,

And a variety of other articles too numerous to mention, and such as can be found only in a

First Class Grocery Establishment.

Mr. De les Derniers, having an extensive country connection, is in constant receipt of Butter, Eggs and other Farm Products, and has now on hand hundred packages of

SUPERIOR QUALITY FAMILY BUTTER,

Which he offers for Sale at a very low rate.

Remember the place—Corner of SUSSEX and YORK streets, in Messrs. Kearns & Ryan's Old Stand.

An inspection of the Goods is respectfully desired.

J. M. C. DE les DERNIERS,

Corner of Sussex and York Streets,

Ottawa, 18th Oct, 1870 1490tf

COAL VASES, PERDONIANS, and SCUTTLES, of beautiful patterns, at ESMONDE'S;

THE largest and best assortment of COAL STOVES, at ESMONDE'S.

CUTLERY, WOODEN WARE, WILLOW WARE and BRUSHES, at ESMONDE'S.

LAMPS, GLOBES, CHIMNEYS, and COAL OIL, wholesale and retail, at ESMONDE'S

JAPANNED, TIN, IRON, and Enamelled ware, at ESMONDE'S.

DUMB STOVES, GALLOWS PIPES, and all improvements in STOVE PIPING, at ESMONDE'S.

MONTREAL STOVE PIPE VARNISH, the best in use, at ESMONDE'S.

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON, Master at Ottawa

Scott & Ross, Plaintiff's Solicitors.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1d-3w.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-tIN.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

— IN ALL —

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

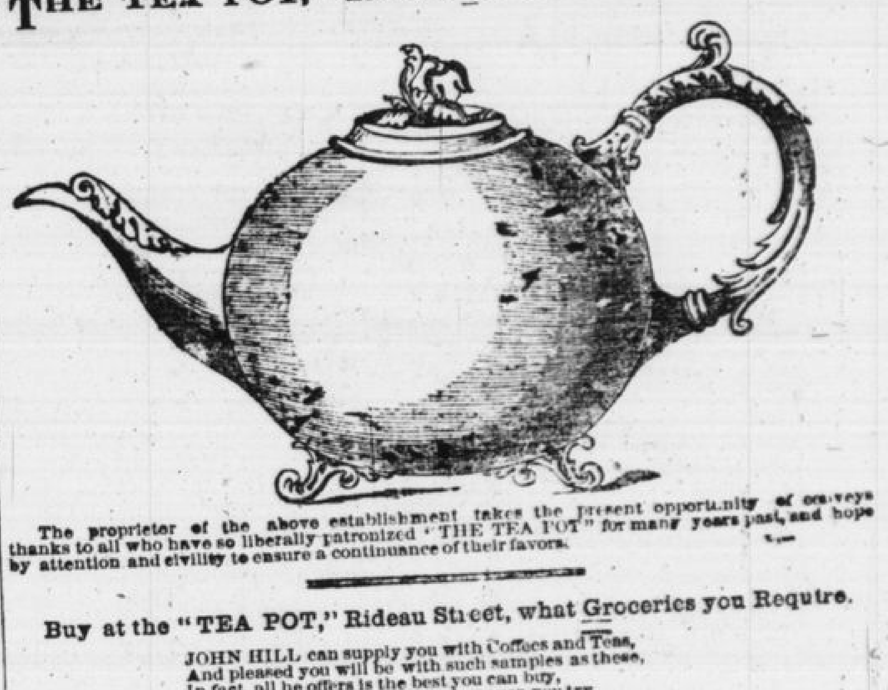
STRAYED COW

Came into my place on the 12th OCTOBER, on the 3rd Con. of NEPEAN, near LONG ISLAND, one large RED COW, with a piece cut off her tail, and white spot down her forehead. Both horns has a hole bored in them. The owner can have her by description of the animal and paying expenses. Can have the same by applying to

JOHN TIERNEY, 3rd Con., No 15 Lot, Nepean

Nepean, Oct 7, 1870 1498 3-1w

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,



The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveying thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hope by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Requre.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may equire.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor,

Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot),
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at "THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Fz Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,

First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851,

The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,

Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,

The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,

Dubli Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,

The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,

BLACK, in differen kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS, all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,

Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good

PICKLES,

SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS,

Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general

Groceries

Wines,

and Liquors,

OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for common goods. A few trials will prove their superiority.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON, No. 26, Rideau Street.

4th June, 1870

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leather Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct 21, 1870 1493 2m

LOST.

On Friday, the 21st Oct, at the Race Course, a Silver Mounted Riding WHIP, the gift of a valued friend. The finder will be suitably rewarded, by leaving it at this office

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870. 1495a

BAZAAR.

THE ANNUAL BAZAAR in aid of the ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM,

Will open this morning, and continue during the week, in the Barracks, formerly the British Hotel, corner of Sussex and George streets.

Donations in aid of the same, will be thankfully received by the Lady Managers.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495tf

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over the Roads as follows:

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5 35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.65 a. m. and 4 40 p. m

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT, Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 13 1870 1460tf

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

—OF THE—

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W R WORSLEY, Sec. C C R Co

Ottawa, Oct 15, 1870

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

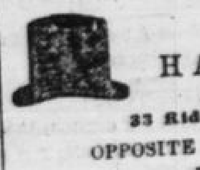
Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS!

HATS



HATS!

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

TO LET.

The House on Wilbrod street, recently occupied by the late Rev. Chas. Cood, contains 9 rooms, good outbuildings, small garden, bed ...

Ottawa, Oct 28, 1870 1899 1

TIGHT BINDING

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL
ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL:—ONE MILLION STERLING.

INVESTED IN CANADA........................$300,000.

Canada Head Office:—Montreal.

A DAVIDSON PARKER,
Manager.

BENEFIT OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

In illustration of the benefits which have accrued to Participating Policies of Life Assurance the following examples may be quoted, taken from the Books of the Canadian Branch of THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY:—

Policy, 5313, effected October, 1861, for £1000. Total Additions amounted in 1867 to £82 10s. Total outlay by assured, £1..2: the Bonus thus amounting to seventy-five per cent. of premiums paid.

Referring to same policy—should it become a claim during current year 1870, the Bonus Additions will amount to £112 10s. Sterling, exceeding the Total Amount of premiums paid at the date of last Division in 1867. This is accounted for by the INTERMEDIATE BONUS allowed by the "SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL."

Policy 4236. Bonus Additions, £61 17s. 6d., or nearly seventy per cent. of £91 2s. and 6d., the amount of premiums paid.

These Benefits must be evident to all. It may be asked whether, in the event of the Assured giving up the Policy, all such benefits would be lost? In reply, attention is directed to the following

REGULATION AS TO SURRENDER OF POLICIES.

For surrender of Policies for the term of life, effected at uniform premiums, and which have been three years in force, a return of 40 per cent. on the amount of ordinary premiums received, will, at any time, be allowed, besides the value of vested Bonuses, where such have been declared. An objection, often urged against Life Assurance, that there is no certainty of value being obtained, in the event of surrender, is thus completely obviated.

Thus: Should Policy above referred to (No. 5313) be surrendered now (1870) the sum of over $465 will be paid to policy holder.

Loans granted under Policies when surrender value is of not less amount than One Hundred Dollars.

OTTAWA,
HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor &c,
1407 3m Agent.

DOMINION
TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,
34 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO, ONT.
ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address
T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.
Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
2292 P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

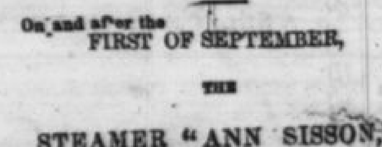
The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the
FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,
THE
STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, August 22, 1870 1464tf

MR. DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 219tf

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic., Cap. 36,) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY OF FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES,
Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks
Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 6w

TO LET.

From the 15th November to the 1st May next, the house at present occupied by Dr Henry, corner of Kent and Wellington streets. Apply after ... p.m. 1486 6

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Med

The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles.

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS ... TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S
QUININE
WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

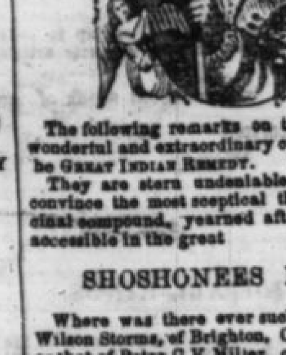
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in ...

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS.
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.
MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

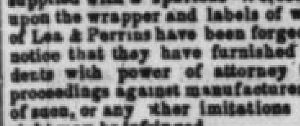
Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2aw6m 1awk6m

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
Declared by Connoisseurs
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.
CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 42v1236 law

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING
OF THE
SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,
Will be held at the
ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL
ON
Wednesday, the 12th day of October next,
AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORSLE
Secretary.
Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, September 14, 1870. 1462td

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

The Tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order
F BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works
Ottawa, October 1, 1870. 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

GREAT
CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850	miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736	do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730	do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120	do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau st.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET,
MONTREAL.
Ottawa, August 23, 1870 1444tf

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants

J. BERMINGHAM,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.
THE
Canadian Parliamentary Calendar
AND
Directory for 1870.
To be obtained of
1366tf OPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto: "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 77y

HIGHER EDUCATION.
HELLMUTH COLLEGE.
Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 .1

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ... ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August ... 1443t

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS,
PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame, Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will ... come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materia and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street.
Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.

Low Oven Cook Stoves.

Double Stoves. Parlour Stoves.

Box Stoves all sizes. Hotel Cook Stoves.

Dumb Stoves. Hot Air Furnaces.

Stove Pipes. Elbows.

Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
35 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. ... 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.
Ottawa, August 6 3m

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a. m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director
Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9. .. a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 7.20 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.20 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

J. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN
INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
... Mar 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK
—OF—
FEET WARE
AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE
YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870 1300 1awE.

Sarsaparilla

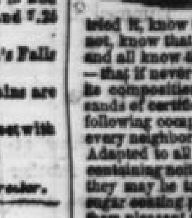
... they were painfully afflicted ... cured in such great numbers ... tion of the country, that the public ... be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the ... enemies of our race. ...

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a ... Medicine.



DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical ...
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
Ottawa, August 1, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY
of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, ... Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonald, ... McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, ... Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, ... J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J ... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL ... COMPANY are as low as its ... shewn to be profitable.

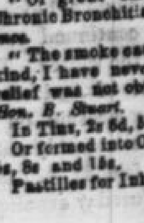
The test of the value of ... not when the premiums are being ... losses are being settled, ... promptness of its settlement ... Insurance Company ...

Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly ...

It has no adjusted losses ...

It respectfully solicits a share of the insuring public of ...

1298tf



FOR ASTHMA and Chronic ...

DATURA TATULA

Affords Immediate ...

"A remedy of great ... usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of ... Chronic Bronchitis."—...

"The smoke causes no nausea. ... kind, I have never known ... relief was not obtained."—...

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes ... 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation ...

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., ...

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, ... and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, ...

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. ...

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

OTTAWA, July 5, 1870.

WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business. Apply at the ...

References given if required.

TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870. 1434-tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 33, Sparks street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1501. OTTAWA, MONDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1870 PRICE—5 CENTS

Legal.

[illegible] & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Province of Ontario and Quebec. [illegible] Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, [illegible] F C CLEMOW.

[illegible] WARD, of the late firm of Lewis & Ward, has removed his Chancery [illegible] Law Chambers, opposite Russel [illegible]

[illegible] LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and [illegible] 389y

[illegible] Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, [illegible] Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

[illegible] HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public. Office—[illegible] Russell House, Elgin-st. 43uff

[illegible] GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, &c. Office—In the [illegible] JOHN J. GEMMILL.

[illegible] DARTNELL, Barrister [illegible] Notary Public, Clerk [illegible] Attorney, for the United [illegible] and Russell. Office—In the [illegible] 34-6m

[illegible] & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, [illegible] for the Provinces of Ontario [illegible] Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, [illegible] RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

[illegible] SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., [illegible] Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

[illegible] MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 982y

[illegible] GROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Musgrove's Buildings, [illegible] street, Ottawa. [illegible] GEORGE TAILLON

[illegible] THEAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the [illegible] 390tf

Medical.

[illegible] HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. [illegible] recently occupied by Dr. Mal-[illegible] Chaudière, Ottawa. 1388y

[illegible] HILLIARD, Physician, Surgeon, [illegible] Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug [illegible] Sapper's Bridge. Office [illegible] to 4 p. m. [illegible] given to the treatment [illegible] EAR. At night can [illegible] Murray street.

[illegible] Physician, Surgeon and [illegible] Hunton's Block, Sparks-[illegible]

[illegible] MARTIN, Dentist. Office—[illegible] Central Ottawa. 3dtf

Hotels and Saloons.

[illegible] HOUSE, [illegible] STREET, [illegible] NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851. [illegible] transient boarders accommodated [illegible] paid to their comfort. JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

[illegible] HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., [illegible] Court House and Public Offices, ST. [illegible] E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor. (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) [illegible] sample-room for commercial [illegible] 859y

[illegible] HUTCHISON, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, Sparks Street. [illegible] "TIMES" OFFICE. [illegible] is fully prepared to supply [illegible] or to insert single Teeth [illegible] silver or vulcanite [illegible] Nitrous Oxide or [illegible] attended any day, except Sunday, from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. [illegible] September 2, 1870

[illegible] GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, [illegible] next to the City Hotel Ottawa. [illegible] of the Lumber Merchants [illegible] Ottawa. From his long experience [illegible] offers his services in engaging [illegible] to their rafts while passing [illegible] his ability. REFERENCES. Walter Smith, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1324tf

[illegible] DOWARD, Organist, Christ [illegible] Teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. [illegible] O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was [illegible] Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr [illegible] Worcester Cathedral, England. 1396y

[illegible] & ROWSELL. [illegible] TAILO[RS] —AND— HABIT MAKERS [illegible] SPARKS STREET [illegible] SELECT ASSORTMENT OF Broad Cloths, Doe Skins, Fancy Coatings, Vestings, &c. MADE TO ORDER [illegible] MR. ROWSELL'S, [illegible] the Union Hotel, Centre Town. [illegible] July 26, 1870. 1489

PRESTON & ROWSELL

[illegible] COW [illegible] on the 12th OCTOBER, on [illegible] near LONG ISLAND, [illegible] COW, with a piece cut off her [illegible] down her forehead. Both [illegible] in them. The owner [illegible] description of the animal and [illegible] Can have the same by applying [illegible] JOHN TIERNEY, 3rd Con., No 15 Lot, Nepean. 1434-tf 1498 3-1w

[illegible] a situation as SEAM[STRESS] [illegible] MAKER, in a [illegible] required. Apply at th[illegible]

[illegible] GENTLEMAN [illegible] with [illegible] WITHOUT BOARD [illegible]

Printed and published [illegible] PRINTING AND PUB[LISHING] [illegible] at the Office 38, Sparks [illegible] Ottawa; JAMES COTTON, [illegible] Director.

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also. *Bordeaux and other Vinegars*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Hostrans, in wood and bottle.

WINES—Sherries, all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age. HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

high proof and flavor, at extremely low rices. Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale strafiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time for bargains. 1165

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR, *Wellington street,*

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render [his] Parlour the most comfortable, and [to] procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand FRESH KILLED STALL-fed BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND *ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,*

To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, *BY-WARD MARKET*

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES.

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M. R. C. S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 31s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantal Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 lawky

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

the Village of Kenmore,

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St.

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw27t

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 33, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.

Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w37tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Connor and Wellington Streets.

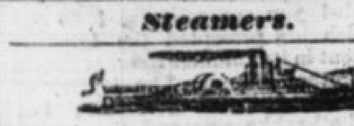
Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

BOARD.

A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable ROOMS and BOARD by applying to Mrs. GREEN, corner of York and Sussex streets, over the G. T. R. R. Ticket Office.

Ottawa, September 19 1870 68tf

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"*QUEEN VICTORIA,*"

CAPT. BOWIE.

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER [illegible] AIRY [illegible]

CAPT. NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

Hardware.

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Oil or Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,

Ottaw 24th June, 1870.

BLYTH & KERR.

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deli Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c., &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 ly

STOVES.

Buy Them and Save 20 Per Cent,

AT ESMONDE BROS.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.1

EAU DE VIE BLANC,

A very fine BRANDY, without colouring or flavouring matter, just as it comes from the STILL.

MALVOISIE.

A very rare French Wine.

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

A fine Red Wine, resembling Port, but lighter in body.

J P MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870.

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at........ 4 00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at ....6:00 a m, 7:00 am 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1;30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.
The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........ 7:00 am
Express for Boston at........ 8:40 am
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at........ 3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at........ 6.00 am
Express for Island Pond, at........ 2:00 pm
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........ 10:10 pm

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m. They has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

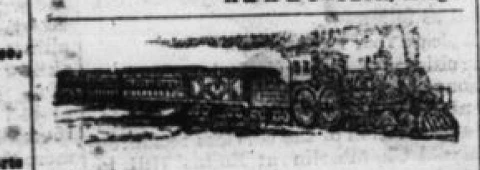
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours. Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1427tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours. Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th, the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at..... 9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do........ 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations........ 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations........ 6 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at........ 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at........ 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at........ 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at........ 6 00 a m
Do do do do........ 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at........ 1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1425tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	Mails	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
11.15		8.00	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		4.00
6.00			Montreal, by Steamer			
11.15			Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		4.00
7.30		8.00	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.45		7.30
11.15		8.00	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c	9.45		4.00
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c			6.30
5.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c	8.00		6.30
		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c	8.00	11.00	
5.00	11.00	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c	9.45		4.00
7.30	11.15		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		
11.15			North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.45		
7.30			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.00		1.00
8.00		4.30	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway			1.00
8.00			For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway			
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays			5.00
		12.30	Templeton. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.3 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7.30 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, 12th Oct, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with effect success. It cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank [in] the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING, GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

CHIT CHAT FOR THE LADIES.

The last style for ladies' jackets are denominated the "Freischutz" and "La Fille au Regiment."

The three favorite shades for the winter's evening robes are cerise, Mexican blue and maize.

A lady residing in Twety-ninth street, N Y., gave the first "synagogue party" of this or any other season last Friday evening. It was a brilliant success.

A new dance called the "Rye" is said to rival the "Dip."

Wallack's Theatre seems to be the rendezvous, on Saturday evening, for most of the young people in New York.

Beautiful silver bouquet holders, with an ivory engagement book and pencil case appendant is the fashion at present.

The latest thing in head-dresses is a coronet of glass Geissler tubes filled with colored electric rays, emanating from a small galvanic battery set in the chignon. Such extravagance is "shocking."

The best favored engagement ring now-a-days is a solitaire pearl. It is more symbolically pure, and not as unpleasantly conspicious as the diamond.

The winter season has fairly begun. We hear of several evening parties and afternoon receptions for next week.

The billiard players in the Apollo Rooms, N. Y, were startled on Friday evening by a visit from a number of ladies from the Woman's Rights' meeting, who seemed much impressed with the sports and pastimes of the "superior creature."

A new thing in dresses is the "mitrailleuse"—a heavy silk, in color steel grey; made with plain waist, two skirts, and trimmed with flutings, which bear in the eyes of a modiste some likeness to gun-barrels.

We learn that it is every day becoming more customary for ladies and gentlemen who are not engaged to walk arm in arm on the promenade.

The new polonaises have been somebody's Helicon:

The girls lay out their money upon them
In a way that their fathers think rash,
The darlings think only of *cashmere*,
The paternals consider *mere cash*.

Some young ladies hang three large lockets on their necks. The effect is very similar to that which would be presented by a gentleman with three silk hats.

The charges for opening churches for fashionable weddings are being raised on account of the wear and tear on the wood work. Even the most fairy-like of bottines are apt to leave an unfavorable impression on highly polished pew rails.

We saw a pretty card for a tin wedding lately. A large sheet of tin framed and backed by a photograph of the happy couple in front of their country house, in the attitude of welcoming their coming friends. A large placard on a rustic stand contained the invitation to the "tenth anniversary."

A wealthy lady of New York recently went through an extraordinary performance. She gave out her engagement to a gentleman in Washington, had the cards sent out, the guests came in numbers, many presents were sent in, the clergyman was ready, the bride waiting, but the groom came not. On an explanation being demanded of the astounded gentleman, it appeared that the whole thing was a delusion, or an invention of the lady's without the slightest knowledge of it on his part. This sounds extraordinary, but it is nevertheless a positive fact, and will be vouched for by many. It ought to be a warning to young ladies who go to seventeen ceremonies a week as a sad case of "marriage on the brain." ON DIT.

PERSONAL.

Agassiz has opened a discussion on the potato bug.

Secretary Fish's housekeeping costs him $40,000 a year.

Edwin Booth began an engagement in Cincinnati last night.

Wagner is writing a book about Beethoven, which will be published early next year.

Agassiz, during the last year, has discovered ten thousand different varieties of the fly.

Helen Muzzy, for over forty years a leading actress, died suddenly at Washington, recently, aged 65.

General Thomas J. Brady, of Indiana, has been appointed United States Consul at St. Thomas.

Peter Richings, the old English opera manager, is farming at Media, Pa., aged 76, and healthy.

A Bostonian has given King William an American gold pen, which he has promised to sign the treaty of peace with.

The oldest fireman in the United States is supposed to be Mr. William Cord, of Newport, R. I. He is 88 years old.

Mr. Sumner has two lectures for delivery this season: "The Duel between France and Germany," and "Lafayette, the Faithful One."

John D. Barritt, aged 106 years, died near Pine Pluff, Ark., a few days ago. He served under General Jackson at New Orleans, in 1815.

Music and the Drama.

A new theatre is said to be in contemplation: site, part of the unoccupied ground at the foot of London Bridge, formerly occupied by St. Thomas's Hospital.

We have good accounts of a young Irish tenor, Mr. Carroll, who as Signor Karl is making a great success in Milan, in Felicien David's "Lallah Roukh." The Italian papers—not always trustworthy—speak in very high terms of his voice, general physique, and style.

The next burlesque at the Vandeville Theatre is on the subject of the invasion of England by the Spanish Armada. Mr. Honey will play the part of Sir Francis Drake.

"Zana, the Bride of the Alhambra," is the title of a new drama at the Britiannia. It shows the danger of noblemen marrying gipsy women, and is probably expected to have a most salutary effect in that respect.

The *Musical Standard* learns that Mr. Phelps, the eminent tragedian, has been engaged by the management of the Queen's Theatre for a period extending over twelve months.

It is fully anticipated that at least £6,000 will be handed to the Birmingham General Hospital, as the profit of the late festival.

Mr. Royal at Manitoba.

To the Editor of the Montreal Herald :—

SIR,—Your paper this morning, reproducing, no doubt, the *Witness*, who sees R. C. priests everywhere, says that I am about to start for Red River, there to establish *a paper in the interests of the priests.* Permit me to contradict the last part of this statement, at least. If I establish a paper in Manitoba, I will make it the organ of union and equal justice between the various elements of the Manitobians, and certainly not in the sense which the *Witness* tales to make it understood.

That will be the way, I believe, the best to promote, not only the interests of the new Province at large, but even those of the French population, whose organ that paper will be, if established.

Yours truly,
J. ROYAL.

Montreal, Oct. 25, 1870.

THE DEAN'S WATCH.

From the French Erckmann-Chatrian.

(*Concluded.*)

The procession, rabble and all, turned in to the dark alley which led to the inn. Presently the guards drove out the eager crowd, who remained outside in the mud, with their noses flattened against the window panes.

I dressed myself quickly, and opened my door, to see if there were not some chance of escape, but I could hear footsteps going to and fro down stairs, and made up my mind that the passages were well guarded. My door opened on the landing, just opposite the window which our midnight visitor of the night before must have used in his flight. At first I paid no attention to this window, but, while I remained listening, on a sudden I perceived that it was open, that there was but little snow on the sill, drawing near I perceived that there were fresh tracks along the wall, I shuddered at this discovery. The man had been there again, perhaps he came every night. The cat, the weasel, the ferret, all such beasts of prey, have their accustomed paths in this way. In a moment, everything was clear to my mind.

"Ah," thought I, "if chance has thus put the assassin's fate in my hands, my poor comrades may be saved."

Just at this moment, the door of the saloon was opened, and I could hear some words of the examination going on.

"Do you admit having participated, on the 20th of this month in the assassination of the priest Ulmet Elias?"

Then followed some words which I could not make out, and the door was closed again. I leaned my head on the banister, debating in my mind a great, an heroic resolution. "Heaven has put the fate of my companions in my hands. I can save them. If I recoil from such a duty, I shall be their murderer! my peace of mind, my honor, will be gone forever! I shall feel myself the most contemptible of men!"

For a long time I hesitated, but all at once my resolution was taken. I descended the stairs and made my way into the hall.

"Have you never seen this watch?" the provost was saying to Gredel. "Try to recollect, madame."

Without awaiting her answer, I advanced and replied myself, in a firm voice; "This watch, sir, I have seen in the hands of the assassin himself, I recognize it, and I can deliver the assassin into your hands this very night, if you will but listen to me."

Profound silence for a moment followed my address. The astounded officials looked at each other; my comrades seemed to revive a little.

"Who are you, sir?" demanded the provost, recovering himself.

"I am the comrade of these unfortunate men, and I am not ashamed to own it," I cried, "for all, all of them, though poor, are honest. Not one of them is capable of committing the crime they are accused of."

Once more there was silence. The great Berthe began to sob under her breath. The provost seemed to reflect. At last, looking at me sternly, he said:

"Where do you pretend you will find the assassin for us?"

"Here, sir, in this house, and, to convince you, I only ask to speak one moment to you in private."

"Come," said he, rising.

He motioned to the chief detective, Madoc, to follow us, and we went out.

I ran quickly up stairs; the others close behind me. On the third story, I stopped before the window, and pointed out the tracks in the snow.

"There are the assassin's footsteps," said I. "This is where he passes every evening. Night before last he came at two o'clock in the morning. Last night he was here; no doubt he will return to-night."

The provost and Madoc looked at the footsteps for several moments without saying a word.

"And how do you know these are the footprints of the murderer?" asked the chief of police, incredulously.

I told them about the man's entrance into our garret, and pointed out above us the lattice through which I had watched his flight in the moonlight. "It was only by accident," I said, "that I had discovered the footsteps this morning."

"Strange!" muttered the provost. "This modifies considerably the position of the prisoners. But how do you explain the murderer's being in the cellar?"

"The murderer was myself, sir."

And I related in a few words the events of the night before.

"That will do," said he, and then, turning to the chief of police, continued: "I must confess, Madoc, that these fiddlers' story has seemed to me by no means conclusive of their having had any thing to do with the murders. Besides, their papers establish, for several of them, an *alibi* very hard to disprove. Still, young man, though the account you give us has the appearance of being true, you will remain in our power until it is verified. Madoc, do not lose sight of him, and take your measures accordingly."

With this he went down-stairs, collected his papers, and ordered the prisoners to be taken back to jail. Then, casting a look of contempt at the corpulent landlady, he took his departure, followed by his secretary.

"Madame," said Madoc, who remained with two of his men, "you will please preserve the most profound silence as to what has taken place. Also, prepare for this brave lad here the same room he occupied night before last."

His tone admitted of no reply, and Madame Gredel promised by all that was sacred to do whatever they wished, if they would only save her from the brigands.

"Give yourself no uneasiness about the brigands," replied Madoc. "We will stay here all day and all night to protect you. Go quietly about your affairs and begin by giving us breakfast. Young man, will you do me the honor to breakfast with me?"

My situation did not permit me to decline this offer. I accepted.

We were soon seated in front of a ham and a bottle of Rhine wine. The chief of police, in spite of his leaden face—his keen eye and great nose like the beak of an eagle—was a jolly enough fellow after a few glasses of wine. He tried to seize Annette by the waist as she passed. He told funny stories, at which the others shouted with laughter. I, however, remained silent, depressed.

"Come, young man," said Madoc, with a laugh, "try to forget the death of your estimable grandmother. We are all mortal. Take a good drink, and chase away all these gloomy thoughts."

So the time slipped away, amid clouds of tobacco smoke, the jingling of glasses and clinking of cans. We sat apart during the day in one quarter of the saloon. Guests came to drink as usual, but they paid no attention to us. At nine o'clock, however, after the watchman had gone his round, Madoc rose.

"Now," said he, "we must attend to our little business. Close the door and shutters—softly, madame, softly. There, you and Mademoiselle Annette may go to bed."

The chief and his two followers drew from their pockets bars of iron loaded at the ends with leaden balls. Madoc put a fresh cap on his pistol, and placed it carefully in the breast-pocket of his overcoat, so as to be ready at hand.

Then we mounted to the garrett. The two attentive Annette had lighted a fire in the stove. Madoc, muttering an oath

TIGHT BINDING

between his teeth, hastened to throw some water on the coals. Then he pointed to the mattress.

"If you have any mind for it," said he to me, "you can sleep."

He blew out the candle, and seated himself with his two acolytes in the back part of the room against the wall. I threw myself on the bed, murmuring a prayer that Heaven would send the assassin.

The hours rolled by. Midnight came. The silence was profound. I could scarcely believe the three men sat there with eye and ear strained to catch the least movement—the slightest sound. Minute after minute passed slowly—slowly. I could not speak. A thousand terrible images chased each other through my brain. One o'clock struck—two—yet nothing—no one appeared.

At three o'clock one of the policemen moved. I thought the man was coming—but all was silent again as before. I began to think that Madoc would take me for an imposter, to imagine how he would abuse me in the morning. And then my comrades, instead of aiding, I had only riveted their chains.

The time seemed now to pass on too rapidly. I wished the night might last forever, so as to preserve at least a ray of hope for me.

I was going over the same torturing fancies for the hundredth time—on a sudden, without my having heard the least sound—the window opened—two eyes gleamed in the aperture—nothing moved in the garret.

"They have gone to sleep!" thought I, in agony of suspense.

The head remained there—motionless—watchful. The villain must suspect something! Oh! how my heart thumped—the blood coursed through my veins! And yet cold beads of sweat gathered on my forehead. I ceased to breathe.

Several minutes passed thus—then, suddenly, the man seemed to have decided—he glided down into the garret, with the same noiseless caution as on the previous night.

But at the same instant a cry—a terrible, short, thrilling cry—vibrated through the room.

"We have him!"

Then the whole house was shaken from garret to the cellar by cries—the stamping of feet—hoarse shouts. I was petrified by terror. The man bellowed—the others drew their breaths in quick gasps—then came a heavy fall which made the floor crack—and I heard only the gnashing of teeth and clink of chains.

"Light!" cried the terrible Madoc.

By the flame of the burning coals, which cast a bluish light through the room, I could dimly see the police officers crouched over the body of a man in his shirt sleeves; one held him by the throat, the knees of the other rested on his chest; Madoc was roughly clasping the handcuffs on his wrists. The man lay as if lifeless, save that from time to time one of the great legs, naked from knee to ankle, was raised and struck the floor with a convulsive movement. His eyes were starting from their sockets—a blood-stain foam had gathered upon his lips.

Hardly had I lighted the candle when the officer started back with an exclamation:

"Our dean!"

And all three rose to their feet, looking at each other with pale faces.

The blood shot eye of the assassin turned toward Madoc, his lips moved, but only after several seconds I could hear him murmer:

"What a dream!—Good God what a dream!"

Then a sigh, and he lay motionless again.

I drew near to look at him. Yes, it was he, the man who had overtaken us on the road to Heidelberg, and advised us to turn back. Perhaps even then he had a presentiment that we would be the cause of his ruin. Madoc, who had recovered from his surprise, seeing that he did not move, and that a thread of blood was oozing along the dusty floor, bent over him and tore asunder the bosom of his shirt; he had stabbed himself to the heart with his huge knife.

"Eh!" said Madoc, with a sinister smile. "Monsieur the dean has cheated the gallows. He knew where to strike, and he has not missed his mark. Do you stay here," he continued to us. "I'll go and inform the provost."

I remain with two police-agents watching the corpse.

By eight o'clock next morning all Heidelberg was electrified with the news. Daniel Van der Berg, dean of the woollen-drapers, possessed of wealth and position such as few enjoyed, who could believe that he had been the terrible assassin?

A hundred different explanations were offered. Some said the rich dean had been a sonnambulist, and therefore not responsible for his actions—others, that he had murdered from pure love of blood, that he could have no other motive for such a crime. Perhaps both theories were true. In the somnambulist the will is dead, he is governed by his animal instincts alone, be they pacific or sanguinary, and in Master Daniel Van der Berg, the cruel face, the flat head swollen behind the ears—the green eyes—the long bristling mustache, all proved that he unhappily belonged to the feline family terrible race, which kills for the pleasure of killing.

A Great Convenience.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—The Canada Central Railway is a great convenience to all those who reside in the vicinity of Brockville, Merrickville, Smith's Falls, Perth, Carleton Place, Almonte, Arnprior, Sand Point, and the country around those places, who require to go from any one place to the other, or to the city of Ottawa; it is also as great a convenience to the Ottawa people who require to visit any of the places above-named. Any one leaving Ottawa at 9 o'clock in the morning can be at Perth, Brockville or Sand Point about 12.30, and can spend about four hours either in pleasure or business, and return to Ottawa by 8.30 in the evening, or persons leaving either of those places by the morning train will arrive in Ottawa at 12, noon, where they will have over five hours for the transaction of business and can then return by the evening train, which leaves at 5.35, and be back, to their homes before 9 o'clock.

None but those who have travelled over the Canada Central can form a correct idea of how great a convenience this road is, running as it does in connection with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway; the road is smooth, the cars are comfortable, and the employees are civil and obliging, and at the same time very careful in the discharge of their duties.

Yours truly,

"AN OCCASIONAL TRAVELLER."

Lord Shaftsbury said some time ago that not more than two per cent of the workingmen of London attended any place of worship. The statement occasioned doubt, but it is said to be verified by wider inquiry and observation. The Earl professes himself to be overwhelmed by the statistics. He urges the Church of England to enlist a new order of men, and new methods of operation. He wants working men to preach, and desires to see Bishops in lawn holding forth in the open air. It would appear that the secularist authorities have spread a network of complete organization over England. They possess an effective system of tract distribution, and command eloquent and persuasive lectures. They have female propagandists, who are, in some respects, more effective than male speakers.

An immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked

Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Notice—A. Rowe.
A Rifle Sweepstake.
Customs Department—R. S. M. Bourchette

The Ottawa Times.

Office 38, Sparks Street

MONDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1870.

Sir Francis Hincks returned home on Saturday.

Honourable John Hamilton is staying at the Russell House.

We hear that the School Trustees will hold a meeting on Thursday next for the purpose of reviewing the management of affairs in the past, and preventing a recurrence of those impositions which have taken place.

We have been informed by some of the most respectable Aldermen in the city that the brother-in-law of "Shoo Fly," who now holds a high civic position, stated in public Council that if he ("Shoo Fly") had "his deserts, it is in the P——y he should be and not in the City Council."

The vessels comprising the Canadian squadron for the protection of the fisheries will be recalled at once for the season. They have performed most valuable services during the summer, and have done much to promote the prosperity of the Canadian fishermen.

ANNEXATION.

A day or two since we published a somewhat lengthy extract from an article on Canadian affairs, which appeared in the last number of *Blackwood's Magazine*. In the pages of "Old Maga" any reference to the colonies of the Empire is certain to be accompanied by some friendly and encouraging remarks, and both as British subjects and Canadians, we cannot avoid feeling grateful to that staunch Conservative periodical, for the loyal and determined fight which it always makes against the anti-colonial theories of certain political doctrinnaires of the day. The paper to which we refer, however, contains one passage to which we feel bound to take exception, and that is when showing that the annexation of this country to the United States would prove a grievous injury to the Mother Country, the writer asserts that Canada would be benefitted in consequence.

We feel sure that we are only expressing the views of a very large majority of the Canadian people when we say that we do not believe this, that we have no faith in Democratic institutions, and that we believe the future welfare and progress of the country are far more safely assured under existing circumstances, than they would be if we formed a portion of the American Republic. We are aware of all that can be said in favor of annexation; of the large amount of American capital which might be employed in the development of the resources of the country, of the probable rise in the value of real estate, &c.; but without alluding to the increased burden of taxation which we should be called upon to bear, and without reference to the little real sympathy which exists between the people of Canada and the citizens of the neighbouring Republic, the present condition of political affairs in the United States is of itself sufficient to deter any nation from desiring to unite its future destinies with theirs. The utter disregard which is paid in the States to the views and rights of a minority, the fact that four or five millions of Southerners are kept in the Union by the force of military power, the alarming prevalence of lawlessness and mob rule, all these things, which are the natural and unavoidable results of Democratic rule fill us with misgivings as to the future of the "Great Republic." Believing as we do in the superiority of our own institutions we cannot help feeling that the mission which the people of this country have to accomplish upon this continent in the future is a high and noble one, and that it is one which is not only fraught with important results to ourselves but to the entire human race.

The people of Canada seek for no more intimate relations with the United States than they have at present. They desire their friendship and wish them prosperity, but, as we said before, they have no faith in the American form of Government, nor do they believe that their prosperity would be permanently increased by annexation, but the contrary. The interests both of Canada and the mother country demand that the colonial tie should be maintained, that if possible it should be made yet stronger than it is at present, and that colonial affairs should be recognized by Imperial statesmen as among the most important questions with which they are called upon to deal.

THE POSITION IN FRANCE.

The surrender of Metz marks another important epoch in the great European struggle. The interest is now all centred in the siege of Paris, and if that city falls France is helpless at the feet of King William. Had it not been for the fortifications erected round the capital the war ere this must have terminated, and the Prussian Monarch have dictated terms from the Tuilleries. How long a city containing two millions of inhabitants can sustain a bombardment and a siege is perhaps questionable, but the fact that valuable time has been gained in consequence of the existence of these fortifications, may and possibly will even yet be productive of favorable results to France, and enable her to obtain more advantageous terms than she otherwise could have hoped for. Unless an armistice is arranged within a few days we may soon expect to hear that the bombardment of Paris has commenced. The destruction of that beautiful city with its rich store of works of art and scientific treasures would be a world wide calamity, and although we suppose it might be justified by the rules of war, such an event would be a disgrace to the boasted civilization of the age. We cannot of course enter behind the scenes and learn what diplomatic action has been taken by the great neutral powers to avert such a catastrophe, but it seems only reasonable to imagine that the united efforts of Great Britain, Russia and Austria should be sufficient to induce the Prussian monarch to consent to such terms of peace as, under the circumstances, the French might with propriety and without disgrace accept. If it should prove that this really has been the case, and that it is the French Republican Government urged on by men like Victor Hugo and Garibaldi who have refused to accept reasonable terms, a terrible responsibility rests upon their shoulders.

For the sake of France it is most earnestly to be hoped that the men who now rule in Paris will be induced peaceably to make way for the establishment of a more stable form of Government. Supposing peace proclaimed, and the invading armies withdrawn from French soil, it is very much to be feared that the condition of affairs would not be much improved, so long as the present Government attempted to exercise authority over the whole country. It is not recognized by other powers, nor is it sustained by the will of the people; large districts in France still firmly adhere to Imperialism, and regard Republicanism with repugnance, while the "Reds," on the other hand, have raised their blood-stained flag in many places, and threaten to involve the country in anarchy so soon as the war with Prussia has terminated. The Legitimists would also probably make themselves heard and felt, and would clamour for the restoration of the old Bourbon line.

Meanwhile the feeling of animosity against Napoleon is evidently not nearly so strong as it was in France. Every day the opinion, which we think is the correct one, seems to be gaining ground, and the fact that he was betrayed by those in whom he had trusted is more generally recognized. We have always held the belief that Napoleon was more "sinned against than sinning," and we think that when the true history of this tremendous tragedy is written, it will be found that such was really the case. However ambitious and unscrupulous he may have been, we believe that he was true to France, and that while plotting and intriguing for the secure establishment of his own dynasty upon the throne, he ever sought also with steady persistence the aggrandizement and permanent prosperity of the nation over which he ruled.

A SILLY STORY.

In the course of his speech in London on Monday evening last, Mr. Mackenzie alluded to the Honourable Mr. Howe's visit to Manitoba, and accused him of insulting the loyal settlers of the province in the person of Dr. Schultz. It appears that when Mr. Howe and his party were seen approaching Winnipeg, the worthy doctor, animated by a laudable desire to do honour to one of Her Majesty's Ministers, hoisted a small pocket-handkerchief flag, about a yard square, from one of the windows of his habitation. But when the Provincial Secretary arrived opposite Dr. Schultz's residence he is represented as having become exceedingly angry, and with the air and manner which Oliver Cromwell may have been supposed to have assumed when he ordered the removal of the mace, to have exclaimed, "take down that rag," alluding to the pocket handkerchief called by courtesy a flag, as before mentioned. We have no hesitation in asserting that the whole of this story is utterly unfounded in fact. It is, we believe, true that the Provincial Secretary very soon after meeting with Dr. Schultz became impressed with the opinion that whatever his ability might be, he was utterly lacking in prudence, and in consequence determined that he would not in any way become identified with him. For this reason when Dr. Schultz asked Mr. Howe to visit him the invitation was with thanks declined. But the "rag" that Mr. Mackenzie talked about continued to fly for some time afterwards, nor had Mr. Howe anything to do either directly or indirectly with its removal. The Opposition must be "hard up" for ammunition indeed when they are obliged to resort to such a nonsensical story as this.

WILD STATEMENTS.

Among Opposition papers just now there seems to exist an irrepressible desire to vie with each other in announcing a variety of utterly unlikely and in many cases impossible changes in departmental and official circles. A day or two since the Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto *Globe* telegraphed to his paper, that Dr. Tache was to be removed from his position as Deputy Minister of Agriculture, &c., and announced a number of changes and appointments which would follow in consequence. The Montreal *Witness*, not to be outdone by its Western friend and fellow-worker, tried its hand at the same game, and we must confess that as a promulgator of statements, the untruthfulness of which must be apparent to almost any one, the "only religious daily published in Canada" is a great success. Not that its fictions are nearly as ingenious as those published by the *Globe*; in striving to create an immense sensation the *Witness* has gone too far and has become ridiculously absurd. The Hon. Mr. Morris is made to vacate his position and make room for the Hon. J. H. Holton; Mr. Duncombe, of Quebec, retires into private life; and judges of the Court of Queen's Bench and of the Superior Court, are promoted to all kinds of impossible positions. The mind of a man who reads the Montreal *Witness* diligently and persistently for any length of time, must become nicely muddled, so far as any knowledge of the actual condition of public affairs is concerned. To preach the gospel of bigotry and dissension, to excite sectional and sectarian differences, and to publish statements in reference to the Government which are devoid alike of truth and reason, this appears to be the chief mission of our Montreal evening contemporary.

INFORMATION WANTED HERE.

An inquisitive correspondent wants to know very anxiously when the City Collector is going to publish the Chamberlain's letters in reply to his inquiries in regard to "the $1,000" and other monies. A very pretty bit of information is wanted here.

IN RE "SHOO FLY."

We understand that Mr. George Honey Preston, *alias* "Shoo Fly," has written an official letter to the City Chamberlain, requesting him to "whitewash" him; to which he has received an official reply. Now let us have these letters, so that the public may have an opportunity of judging how far he has been able to prove his innocence. We understand from good authority that about the year 1858, when Mr. Preston was a member of the City Council, he moved a by-law relating to the city taxes, the passage of which so embarrassed the city that no taxes could be collected for two years, and a special Act of Parliament had to be obtained, the result of which was a levy by the Sheriff. All these things are now coming to light, and we hope soon to be able to lay them before the public in *extenso*. Mr. Preston then traded off his position as City Counsellor for that of Tax Collector, and the result of his doing so may be seen to-day in Daly street and other streets of the city.

PRESENTATION OF THE CHAMBERLIN TESTIMONIAL.

As announced the ceremony of presenting Lieutenant Col. Chamberlin with the testimonial sword took place at three o'clock on Saturday afternoon in the Senate Chamber. The ceremony was a very interesting one, and notwithstanding the unpleasant state of the weather the Senate Chamber and the Gallery were filled with ladies and gentlemen comprising the *elite* of the city.

From about 2.30 until a few moments before the arrival of His Excellency, carriages, continued to drive up to the main entrance, where they deposited their freight of ladies and gentlemen, while great numbers came on foot. At a few minutes after 3 o'clock people ceased to arrive, and soon after the O. B. Garrison Artillery band struck up the National Anthem, the signal of His Excellency's arrival. He entered the Senate Chamber followed by his staff, and was received by the Usher of the Black Rod, who acted as Master of the Ceremonies. His Excellency having taken his seat, His Worship the Mayor addressed him as follows:

May it please Your Excellency,—

The citizens of Ottawa, of whom I have the honor to be the present municipal representative, having desired to testify their appreciation of the services rendered by Colonel Chamberlin at Eccles' Hill, in May last, are prepared to do so in the presentation to him of a Sword of Honor, Your Excellency has been pleased kindly to accede to the request of the doners of this testimonial to be yourself the medium of presentation on their behalf.

I have the honor, therefore, to lay the sword before you, and to request your Excellency to permit me to express to Colonel Chamberlin the feelings of those who are represented in this testimonial.

The address, which was beautifully engrossed by Mr. David Scott, was as follows:

To Lieut.-Colonel Chamberlin, Colonel Commanding 6th Battalion (Missisquoi) Volunteers; Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and St. George, &c.,&c.

SIR,—A large number of my fellow-citizens of Ottawa, deeply impressed with admiration of the signal service rendered by you to the country, in repelling with a small but gallant band of the Border Militia, the invasion of lawless marauders from the neighbouring Republic at Eccles' Hill, during the month of May last, have desired to mark their appreciation of your noble and patriotic conduct by presenting you with a suitable testimonial.

It has afforded your countrymen throughout the Dominion of Canada the greatest satisfaction to learn that your conduct and that of your brother officers, on that memorable occasion, has met with the warm approval of the Queen, and that Her Majesty has, in consequence, been pleased to confer upon you, a special mark of Royal favour. In these acts are recognized the important principles that, in the hour of danger, Canada may with perfect confidence rely upon the courage and discipline of her citizen soldiers for her defence and protection; and that the Imperial authorities regard the Militia of the Dominion as a part of that constitutional force by which the honor and dignity of the British Empire shall be maintained.

As citizens of Ottawa, we rejoice that the opportunity has been afforded you of proving the loyalty and devotion of the Canadian people to the Empire, and we doubt not that the example you have so worthily set will be followed, should duty ever require it.

The pleasing duty now devolves upon me to ask your acceptance, through the representative of our beloved Sovereign, of this sword, and on behalf of the subscribers, to express the hope that you may be long spared to wear in honour that which in honour has been won.

JOHN ROCHESTER, jr,
Chairman.
HENRY J. MORGAN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 29th October, 1870.

Colonel Chamberlin in replying said:

SIR,—I cannot sufficiently thank the citizens of Ottawa, on whose behalf you have addressed me, for their most generous appreciation of my services, nor yourself for the too flattering manner in which you have spoken of them. However much a just knowledge of my own merits might tempt me to deprecate your praise, or disown the merit which you attribute to my conduct, I cannot fail to be profoundly gratified at the kindness which has prompted this presentation. I only did my duty, as hundreds of others did theirs, as hundreds of thousands of Canadians would have done it, if the happy chance which fell to my lot had been afforded to them; and I accept this gift from my Ottawa friends as I accept the decoration which His Excellency the Governor General was so good as to recommend and our most Gracious Majesty was pleased to confer on me, not as won by me, but by the officers and men whom I was so fortunate as to command, together with the farmers of the county which I then represented, and who formed more than a third of my force. As their representative, and on their behalf, I venture to receive both.

If we did our duty zealously we had every incentive to do it. All were defending their homes—many, myself among the number, their birthplaces, their families, and the graves of their kindred from pollution. We had seen our fair frontier ravaged once before by a portion of this same horde of cut-throats. We resolved, if permitted—and the government and military authorities acquiesced in that course—to meet them next time at the very boundary line. Success their secured immunity for all the country behind us, as well as for our own homes. Providence vouchsafed us victory.

For myself, I feel that no feat of arms was ever more generously appreciated, or more amply rewarded. The safety of my home, the approval of my own immediate chief, (Col. Smith, to whose wise plans and advice so much was due) the thanks and congratulations of the gallant General in command of the troops, and of His Royal Highness Prince Arthur, who had become our comrade in arms, were more than enough to repay me for all that I had done. That His Excellency and the General, who could best judge my work, should have recommended me for decoration, and Her Majesty should have deigned to confer it; that my new neighbors in Ottawa—among whom I am glad to reckon old friends—should so mark their good will and that Her Majesty's representative should deign to grace the occasion with his presence and approval, makes my rewards profuse which were ample before.

I am glad you appreciate as I do the spirit which has prompted the Imperial Government in its kindness towards myself and my brother officers. The loyalty of Canadians needed no stimulant; but these and other like acts, and the recent utterance of the public men of the Mother Country may serve to dispel some doubts and relieve some anxieties. I accept the beautiful sword you offer me, as a gift from loyal men, and I will take care that, if ever it is used in battle, it shall be for the defence of the British Crown and the integrity of the British Empire, for which we all fervently pray.

After the reply, His Worship the Mayor handed the sword to His Excellency, who, in presenting it to the gallant Colonel, spoke as follows:

His Excellency stated that he took part in the proceedings of the day at the instance and request of the subscribers to the testimonial, who might with all propriety be considered as representing the general feeling of the country. He had pleasure in being the medium of conveying their gift to its meritorious recipient, as he had pleasure ten days ago, at Montreal, in being the medium of conveying marks of the Royal favor to four gallant officers, of whom Colonel Chamberlin was one. His fellow countrymen present this Sword of Honor to Colonel Chamberlin in token of respect and admiration for the high qualities he displayed, and the good fortune which attended him, on a day which would remain memorable in the annals of the Dominion of Canada, for in it were crushed, and, it may be hoped, crushed for ever, the wild hopes and wicked designs of the hordes of what Colonel Chamberlin has properly called cut throats, who had so long threatened invasion and kept the country in suspense. They had certainly made formidable preparations, collected large stores of ammunition, provisions and uniforms, as well as cannon, and over twenty thousand rifles. Numbers of deluded persons were ready to take part with them, aid on the move, in consequence of the reports circulated as to their strength, and the certainty of their march to easy victory. Any success, however, small or transient, their establishing themselves on Canadian soil for any short time, would have brought multitudes to their aid, and probably caused much bloodshed and led to serious complications. All these prospects of evil were dissipated by the promptitude with which the militia and volunteers flew to arms, the skill with which they were handled, and the steadiness which they displayed under fire. They showed themselves equal to the occasion, and more than a match for their assailants, who have had a lesson as to the stout resistance that awaits them. They have found a Lion in their ill-chosen path, and have probably prudently relinquished their vain imaginations as to the conquest of Canada. The repulse of the piratical bands, and the spirit shown by our Militia Volunteers, and their proved ability to defend the country against any similar attempts, have produced a general feeling and assurance of security, which finds its natural expression in such a testimonial as that now offered to Col. Chamberlin.

His Excellency then handed the sword to the gallant Colonel with these words:—

"Colonel Chamberlin, I have, on behalf of the subscribers, much pleasure in presenting you with this sword. May you live many years to look upon it with rejoicing, and eventually hand it down as an heirloom and animating record to your descendents. May you enjoy your trophy in health and comfort. We all breathe the wish very earnestly as the best possible for you and the country—may you never have occasion to draw it in civil strife or against foreign enemies."

His Excellency then shook hands with the Colonel and retired.

His Excellency wore the ribbon of a Knight Grand Cross of the Order of St. Michael and St. George. He was attended by his suite: Lt.-Col. McNeill, V. C., Military Secretary; Lt.-Col. Irvine, P.A.D.C.; Lt.-Col. Bernard, A.D.C., and Col. Wily, Commandant; Col. W. Powell, D.A.G.M.; Colonel Aumond, Major Ross, Capt. Forsyth, Capt. White, Surgeon VanCortlandt, &c., and accompanied by the following Ministers of the Crown: Sir G. E. Cartier, Bart; Hon. Dr. Tupper, C.B.; Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B.; Hon. Peter Mitchell, Hon. Alexander Morris, Hon. C. Dunkin. Amongst other ladies and gentlemen present we noticed His Honor Judge Armstrong, Mrs. Chamberlin and Miss Fitzgibbon, the Rev. J. S. Lauder, Mrs. Tilley, Mrs. Dr. Tupper, Mrs. Dunkin, Capt. and Mrs. Cameron, Mrs. Kimber, Mr. Dillon, Rifle Brigade, and the Misses Stanton, Hon. Col. Gray, M.P., Mrs. and Miss Gray, Colonel, Mrs. and the Misses Coffin, Col. and Mrs. Stuart, Mr. Morse, Superintendent of Railways in the Mauritius, Mr. J. F. Taylor, Mr. Fennings Taylor, Mr. Etienne Parent, Major Lindsay, Mr. R. S. M. Bouchette, Mrs. Thos. Ross and Miss Ross, Capt. Worsley, 60th Rifles, Mr. H. Abbott, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen of Montreal, Mrs. Robertson-Ross, Mrs. Capt. Payley, the Misses Reynolds, Mr. Walsh, M.P., Mr. Currier, M.P., and Mrs. Currier, Mr. D. S. Eastwood, Mr. Remon, the Rev. Father Dawson, Mr. E. J. Langevin, Mr. and Mrs. Griffin, Mr. Daniel Fraser, of Metapedia; Mr. John Lowe, of Montreal; Rev. Dr. Bedford-Jones, Rev. C. P. Bliss and Mrs. Bliss, Mr. Gilbert McMicken, Mr. and Mrs. Whitcher, Mr. and Mrs. Dorion, Dr. and Mrs. Wilson, Mr. Adamson, the Misses Irvine, and others.

MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.—His Worship the Mayor, Chairman; Mr. Henry J. Morgan, Secretary; Mr. Alexander Gibb, Mr. Francis Clemow, Mr. Alderman Mosgrove, and Mr. M. J. May.

LUNCH AT THE RIDEAU CLUB.

After the ceremony was over Colonel Chamberlin entertained the Chairman and members of the Presentation Committee and a few other friends to an *impromtu* champagne lunch at the Rideau Club.

After the toast of the "Queen" had been duly honoured, Colonel Chamberlin proposed the "Presentation Committee," and in doing so expressed his sense of the services of every member of it.

The Mayor replied, and in response to repeated calls, also Messrs. Gibb and Morgan.

Several other toasts were drunk, including the "Heroes of the War of 1812," and "Mrs. Chamberlin."

The latter, proposed by the Mayor, which was as a matter of course received with three times three. Mr. R. S. M. Bouchette made a very felicitous speech in alluding to the fact that after the war of 1812, a sword of honor was subscribed for by the inhabitants of Quebec and presented to Lieutenant Rolette, an officer of the Provincial Navy, who achieved a brilliant victory over the enemy on the Upper Lake. The sword referred to is now in the possession of the Honorable the Minister of Militia and Defence.

The last toast proposed was "Colonel Chamberlin—long life to him."

The gallant Colonel in replying took little merit to himself for the success of the engagement at Eccles' Hill, which he said was due to the energy, pluck and endurance of the brave fellows whom he had the high honor to command on that occasion. A very pleasant gathering was brought to a close at six o'clock.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & Co.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods, French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.

HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

The City Collector.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Without entering into the controversy regarding the non-payment of the taxes into the hands of the City Chamberlain by the officer charged with the duty, I beg to say that, according to my reading of the law, the School Trustees have the remedy in their own hands, for if they choose they can appoint their own Collector, and, as the education tax is comparatively small, and, of all imposts, is that which is most cheerfully assented to by the community, the realization of it, immediately after the assesment, would be a comparatively easy task. If this were done the money could be deposited at interest in one of the banks, and the teachers would be sure to receive their stipends as soon as they were earned. With whomsoever the fault may lie, it is certainly a very discreditable thing, that the educators of our youth should be exposed to the inconvenience and loss consequent upon the system at present in operation. There is something very loose and unbusiness-like, not to call it by worse names, in the practice of giving cheques upon an empty treasury, and so compelling the holders to resort to the alternative of having them discounted, if under the necessity, as I believe the teachers generally are, of converting them into cash. The subject is one which—leaving out all considerations of malfeasance on the part of the City Collector, of which I know nothing and assert nothing—claims the serious attention of all well disposed persons, and it seems to be about time that public opinion should make itself felt in relation thereto. Let us all bring it home to ourselves and inquire how we would like to have our rents, our shop accounts and our salaries paid in inconvertible promises. How would the trader who has a note falling due, and who, to take it up, depends upon a payment from another party, enjoy receiving a cheque which, when presented at the bank upon which it was drawn was refused, with the laconic reply of "no funds!" Would he not feel that he had been swindled? And would he accept as adequate amends the information that at some indefinite future period the amount would be forthcoming? But if in addition his complaints were treated with resentment by the maker of the cheque, and he knew the said maker had it in his power to injure him, and possibly the disposition to do so, would you not conclude that his was a very hard case indeed? And yet such seems to be about the position of the school teachers of Ottawa with the Trustees' cheques in their hands. I am loath to accept as true the charges made against the City Collector, but at the same time conceive that the public have a right to expect from him or from the proper civic authority, whoever that may be, an explanation of the causes which have operated to prevent the collection of the taxes, or if collected, their transfer into the hands of the Chamberlain. All the pottering of Mr. "Shoo Fly," who seems to be the only person disposed to speak for the Collector, is beside the mark, and I really cannot discover any relevancy at all in his persistent reproduction of the assumed slight put upon the delegates to the Provincial Exhibition. The public have by this time formed their opinion of the merits of that matter, and it looks very much like a crafty attempt to throw dust in people's eyes, when a really important question to intrude another with which it has no manner of connection upon their attention. If "Shoo Fly" can give us good and honest reasons why the taxes have not been collected, or, if collected, why they have not been paid over, I am sure the community will be glad to consider them, and to relieve the Collector from the censure which has been cast upon him, and under which, for want of a frank explanation, he is now suffering in the minds of many persons who would very much rather entertain better opinions about him. If "Shoo Fly" purposes to keep up the excitement about the delegates let him do it to his heart's content, but let me entreat him not to mix up the Collector with them. I have a right to suppose that "Shoo Fly" is himself one of the delegates, or that he is writing at their instance, as otherwise the fact of his so doing and thereby keeping them in an undesirable aspect before the public would be a very peculiar proceeding indeed, and one for which, I should think, they would not feel greatly obliged to their self-constituted champion. But be that as it may let us have the two dishes served up separately. Perhaps some one will prefer taking another meal off the "delegates" and if so let him be gratified, but the particular joint asked for by the public is the "Collector," and my word for it if the dish is served up simply and plainly cooked, or as Soyer would call it, "au naturel," there is not a citizen with a good healthful, mental and moral digestion who will not readily partake of it. Now please then Mr. "Shoo Fly" don't give the "delegates" with "Collector" sauce, but first, if you like, the "delegates," and then the *piece de resistance*, which I take to be the "Collector," and don't you be afraid, for he will have good British

FAIR PLAY.

Concerning Mud in General, and the Suspension Bridge in Particular.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—No one can say just now that the ways of the people of Ottawa and the adjacent villages are ways of pleasantness. While enjoying the pleasant sunshine of this fine October, we are wading through perfect sloughs of despond. Nature, aided by our energetic Corporation, has succeeded in providing acres of muck which would gladden the heart of many a farmer, and enrich the soil of all the worn out farms of the County of Carleton. As respects Hull, the like of it was never seen anywhere except in some distant prairie town of the far west. The corporation of Ottawa might do something certainly to improve the crossings in the city, but of course we who live in the village of shanties have long since given up the idea of improvement at present in the condition of our thoroughfares. Municipal authorities exist somewhere, but their efforts are like legends of the shadowy past. I do not refer especially to the state of the Aylmer bridge, which is just now undergoing repairs, and is necessarily in a condition which puts your teeth on edge, or engulfs you in an abyss of mud. While Hull is not an incorporated town, we cannot expect street improvements, and must wait patiently for happier times when the village assumes the garb of a higher state of municipal justice. But what I would mention especially is the shameful condition of the Suspension Bridge, on which the Government collect tolls with the view of keeping it in order. It is always filthy, though a little pains could make it passable. The sidewalk is not continuous, but suddenly stops short and lands you in a mud hole beyond anything I have seen hereabouts where mud has pretty much its own way. On Sundays, people are actually unable to go to church unless they are willing to appear like weary, worn out travellers. The expenditure of a very few dollars would make a decent sidewalk and save a good deal of annoyance to the numerous people who walk or go by the horse cars between Hull and the city. I hope, in common with many others, that those who have charge of this public work will make an attempt to remedy this pitiable state of things.

SENTINEL.

Hull, October 29th, 1870.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

Latest from the Seat of War.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—The Prussian force—12,000 strong—which tried to cut the Amiens and Rouen railroad at Fornier, were repulsed after a severe fight with the Mobiles. The National Guards retreated on Sorgons. The Mobiles took one gun. The Prussians retreating fired the village with torches and petroleum.

The Orleanist peace party counts as its leaders: M. Thiers, Grevy, Guizot, Montpayroux and Lefevre. Pontatis is to be named the constituent.

Balloon voyages has ceased for more than a week.

The Italian press advocate the placing of outrage and treason to the Pope on the same footing as treason to the King.

In consequence of the calamity which befel the 'Captain,' the Admiralty detained in port the new turret ships 'Gerberus' and 'Magdala.' The channel squadron is expected home before Christmas.

The States of Germany, northern and southern, are said to have agreed to name King William as Emperor.

M. Thiers has declined a Prussian safe conduct to Paris because it requires him to go via Versailles.

TOURS, 30th.—A profound impression was produced here by the news of Bazaine's capitulation. The majority deem it a political move, and express intense indignation. The army of the Loire, which had been largely increased, was ready to attack the Prussians, and much was expected from it towards the deliverance of Paris. The surrender of Metz has checkee its efforts.

BERLIN, 30.—The King telegraphs as follows to the Queen: "Versailles, 29th.—The defeat of the two hostile armies which recently marched against us, warrant me in conferring on the two commanders, Fritz and Frederick Charles, the batons of Field Marshals, the first instances of such appointments in our family history.

(Signed) "WILLIAM."

Kreutz Keitung says the last summons to surrender has been forwarded to the military authorities inside the Paris fortifications. The bombardment of the city will commence early next week. The Pomeranian division heretofore before Metz has gone to the siege of Paris.

General Trochu has written to King William on behalf of General Duerat.

The spoils captured at Metz include 3,000 guns; forty millions of French war funds, and twenty millions of French Civil Government Department funds.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 29.—The *Independence Belge* denies the Prussian report that there was fighting in Paris on the 25th. It has the highest evidence of perfect unity of the population.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

AMIENS, Oct. 28.—The Prussians were defeated at Fortmiers this morning by the troops of the line of Mobiles and a small force of artillery. The village of Bouvesse was burned by the enemy's petroleum shells.

The French still hold the railway from this place to Rouen, and the communication between the two cities is perfect, notwithstanding the reported attempts of the Prussians to destroy it.

A despatch says the Prussians have evacuated Courville in the department of South Loire, near Chartres, after an engagement with the Mobiles and volunteers.

ROUEN, Oct. 28.—The Prefect of this department telegraphed to the Ministry at Tours, to-day, that the enemy, pursued by French cavalry, had hastily retreated upon Beauvois and Longeon.

BREMEN, Oct. 29.—Late yesterday afternoon the authorities of this city were notified by authorities in Belgium that twelve French men-of-war had just left Dunkirk, going north. The river entrances and coasts on the North and Baltic seas will immediately be placed in a state of defence.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—The *World's* London special of the 28th says: News of the surrender of Metz, with Bazaine's army, is confirmed here. In Government circles and among Imperialists, it is regarded as favorable to the negotiations now going on at Versailles for an armistice. The negotiations, in their original basis, involve no reference whatever to Metz, the army of Bazaine having been considered by both parties as out of the practical question. I have the points on the best authority as follows: First, that the principle of the *statu quo ante* is to govern all arrangements looking to a possible resumption of arms after armistice. Second, that both belligerents are to be allowed to hold, undisturbed, their usual positions, at the time of signing stipulations. Third, that the city of Paris is to be allowed to receive daily one day's supply of provisions. Fourth, all latitude is to be given throughout the country to proceed with the election of members to the Constituent Assembly.

It is now reported that Austria has renewed her activity in support of the English negotiations, and that she is warmly backed by the Italian Government.

Intelligence has been received at the Foreign Office here, that the German authorities at Versailles have consented, upon a formal demand to that effect, couched in diplomatic but decided language of the Governments of Great Britain and Russia, to grant M. Thiers safe conduct from Tours, through German lines into Paris. It is expected that an interview between M. Thiers and General Trochu will decide the fate of the negotiations for an armistice.

A special at Bologne sends word that a few of the American volunteers, who arrived at Brest, enlisted in the 94th regiment, stationed in that city, but the majority joined Franc-Tireurs, and were at once to Tours; they were received coolly by the officials at Brest, but most enthusiastically along the road, and at Tours.

Paris dates to the 30th state that heavy and continued rains, with strong winds from the west, have forced the Government to suspend aeronautic posts and no balloons have been sent up since the 18th. On the 19th a Prussian fixed a balloon which broke loose from its station above the Prussian position at Montreuilles and was blown towards Paris till it came over the Seine at Billomcourt, where it was perforated with rifle bullets and fell to the earth. Two men of the Engineers were picked out of the wreck, one so badly hurt that he soon after died; together with damaged telescopic apparatus, a valuable note book, and a set of newly executed charts; it appeared, however, that other views made of French works were inaccurate and mostly worthless. The rains increase the difficulty which the Prussians experience in establishing their siege guns; and typhus fever already being in, the camp before Paris is assuming a malignant and epidemic character. The main bodies of the German forces to the south and west of Paris continue to be carefully masked.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to $2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

A Liverpool detective has arrested at Quebec a Mrs. George Neilson, who eloped from England with a Mr. George William Wright. They are to be taken back to the old country, not for their own sakes, but on account of a large quantity of silver plate which they brought with them, though it belonged to the injured husband.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

SATURDAY, Oct. 29, 1870.

There was about as large an attendance on the market this morning as on any day during the week. Beef and Pork were in abundance, the former selling a shade lower than on the previous day, the latter at old prices. Hay was in demand and sold rapidly at $00 to 21 per ton.

FLOUR—Extra	[illegible]	[illegible]
Strong Bakers	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 1	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 2	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Spring	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Indian meal	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Barley " 48 lbs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Buckwheat flour 100 lbs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Spring " "	[illegible]	[illegible]
CORN—per bushel 56 lbs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pease " 60 lbs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oats " 34 lbs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beans " 60 lbs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
PORK—Mess—per barrel	[illegible]	[illegible]
Prime Mess per do	[illegible]	[illegible]
Prime	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pork (fresh)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hams	[illegible]	[illegible]
—Beef per 100 lbs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mutton per lb.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Veal	[illegible]	[illegible]
Calves,—each	[illegible]	[illegible]
Geese—each	[illegible]	[illegible]
Turkeys each	[illegible]	[illegible]
Poultry, per pair	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ducks	[illegible]	[illegible]
BUTTER—Choice Table	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 1 Firkin	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 2	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eggs	[illegible]	[illegible]
Apples, per brl.	[illegible]	[illegible]
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	[illegible]	[illegible]
Turnips per bushel	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onions, " "	[illegible]	[illegible]
HAY—Per ton	[illegible]	[illegible]
STRAW—Per ton	[illegible]	[illegible]
WOOD—per cord (Cubic measure)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mixed Wood	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tamarac	[illegible]	[illegible]
Soft Wood	[illegible]	[illegible]
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1 Insp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 2, do. Inspected	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 3, do. do.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Green Raw Hides	[illegible]	[illegible]
Green Calf Skins, per lb	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lamb Skins—each	[illegible]	[illegible]

BIRTH.

At Nepean, on Saturday, the 29th inst., the wife of G. P. Baker, Esq., Postmaster of this city, of a son.

DIED.

On the 29th October, Maria M., the beloved wife of James Young, of the Government Stationery office, and daughter of James Blythe.

The funeral will leave her father's house, Gloucester street, Centre Town, on Tuesday, 1st November, at half-past ten o'clock, for the Railway Station, *en route* to Quebec.

Friends are respectfully invited to attend, without further notice.

MUSIC HALL.

BERNARD & PERKINS, - - Managers
J. E. GREEN, - - Director of Amusements
JOE M. FORD, - - Business Agent

Positively for Two Nights Only!!

—COMMENCING—

MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 31st and NOVEMBER 1st.

THE GREATEST SUCCESS EVER KNOWN IN MINSTRELSY!!

HOUSES CROWDED EVERYWHERE!

BERNARD & PERKINS'

FEMALE MINSTRELS

Will give a series of their popular and unrivalled Entertainments, as above, when they will introduce an entirely new and original Programme. This is the greatest Original and only first-class FEMALE MINSTREL TROUPE in the world.

Admission 25cts.; Reserved Seats, 50cts.

Be sure and get a Mammoth Programme.

Ottawa, Oct 28, 1870

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 28 October, 1870.

Authorised discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice, 10 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

NOTICE.

For Sale, a two and a half feet PRESCOTT STOVE, second hand, in good order, at A. ROWE'S SALE ROOMS, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, Oct 31, 1870

A RIFLE SWEEPSTAKE will be held at the Rideau Rifle Range to-morrow, TUESDAY, at 2 P.M. Open to all comers, Snider Rifles. Ammunition can be had on the ground.

Ottawa, Oct 31, 1870

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

47 SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express" from LONDON, England,

3 CASES OF MILLINERY

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings.

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten pieces.

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

SIX JOURNEYMEN TAILORS.

First-class and Steady Men only, need apply, to

Foreman Tailoring Department, NAGLE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, Oct 29, 1870

WRITING LESSONS, &c., FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

Respectable young women, employed in stores or otherwise, during the day, whose evenings are at their own disposal, and who desire to improve themselves educationally, more especially in Writing, Reading, and Spelling, will effect their object, on terms quite within their means, on application to

MRS. CHARLES POPE, Corner of Bank and Albert sts

Ottawa, Oct. 29, 1870.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart........ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive........ 4.30 p m, 11.0 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner o Sussex place.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Jackets.—A large stock new stylish Jackets, at moderate prices, at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Blankets.—Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Empire Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap, at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

"Last night snow fell, and the weather turned stormy."

☞ 30 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets. At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

Music Hall To-night.—Barnard & …'s Female Minstrels open at the Music Hall to-night. They come well recommended by the press of other cities, and we bespeak for them a good house.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a specialty, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Race.—From the sporting fraternity the news comes that a four mile race is to take place at two o'clock to-morrow afternoon on the Bank street road. The match is between two gentlemen of this city, Messrs. Lawrence and Brown; the former is to give the latter 100 yards start.

Arrivals at the Russell House—Saturday.—George Williams, Montreal; R … McGreevy; R Jones; Henry Mac…, Montreal; Wm Hall, Orillia; J A …, …dington, Cleveland; S … Edison, do; J H Dumble, Cobourg; W Farquahar, Toronto; Wm Findlay, B & O R R; Chas E …, Toronto; J W Danganuir, do; C P Lewis, Montreal; Jas Cowper; Robt McCready, Montreal.

☞ Effects of the war! Great sacrifice in Silks! Garland, Mutchmor & Co. secured … at the low prices. Good ordinary Black Silk at 3s. 6d., 3s. 9d., 4s. and 4s. 6d. per yard. Beautiful Lyons gros grains 5s., 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d, 8s. 9d., and 10s.

Butter.—This article of consumption is now being brought in pretty plentifully, and generally of a good quality. Some time ago fears were entertained that it would be unusually scarce and dear during the coming winter, but at present it would appear as if there was a good supply in the surrounding country. Good firkin butter at present sells for 20cts, and sometimes a little over that figure.

Josh Billings' Farmers' Allminax.—We have received from Messrs. J. Durie & Son a copy of Josh Billings' Farmers' Allminax for 1871, which is one of the most amusing productions of the day, filled with wit and originality. We should think that it will be sure to have a large sale, and hope that one of its prophecies may be realized, viz.: that "this will prove a good year for Allminax; they will do better this year than they hav did for the last 30 thousind years."

Stoves.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

The Races at Smith's Falls.—The races at Smith's Falls were a success, not exactly to the sporting fraternity, but to the residents of that place. The horses that ran were "Rattler," a stallion owned by Mr. Davis, and "Ottawa Dick," formerly owned by Mr. Goulet. The latter horse took the first heat, but was beaten in the other two by "Rattler." The "sports" considered the whole affair a sell, and one of them lost $100, leaving the offer open one week, that "Ottawa Dick" can regain his laurels.

Police Court—Saturday morning—Two men were charged with creating a disturbance by singing and shouting on Rideau street early this morning. Fined 5 dollars and costs.

Alex. Christie, for taking a lot of sand off … street, was fined $2.

… G. White, for depositing boxes on the side walk in Rideau street—one dollar and costs.

Margaret Nelson, for obtaining goods from Thomson, a grocer on Rideau street by forging an order, was remanded until Monday.

Two or three other cases of a trivial nature were summarily disposed of by His Worship.

Victoria Cadet Corps.—The Taylor gold medal was shot for on Saturday by the above corps; the successful competitor being, as will be seen below, Master J. Grant. Very good shooting was also made by Master H. …, who it will be remembered came off victorious in the match which took place a couple of weeks ago. The following is the score:

	100 yds.	200 yds.	300 yds.
Grant	3343	223	022—24
O'Hanly	0402	002	000— 8
[illegible]	0020	002	000— 4
[illegible]	0004	000	000— 4
[illegible]	2030	000	000— 5
[illegible]	0223	000	000— 7
[illegible]	3232	004	000—13
[illegible]	4333	332	200—23
[illegible]	0332	230	220—17
[illegible]	3420	203	022—18
[illegible]	0323	332	020—18
[illegible]	4000	000	000— 4

At the close of the match three cheers were given to Master J. Grant, the winner of the medal.

The Chromo-Lithograph.—A very fine chromo-lithograph of Raphael's picture, "…hants chased by wolves" from the establishment of Messrs. Burland, Lafricaine, & Co., has been shown us. The following is a very true description of the picture:—"The scene is winter, a solitary spot, wild and desolate in its aspect—the ground covered with snow—three habitants are speeding on their homeward journey in a rude sleigh, when suddenly some hunger starved wolves, their eyes glaring, their sides lank and lean, emerge from the forest and give them chase. The frightened driver, his cheeks blanched with fear, is urging his horse to its topmost speed, the startled animal seems to partake of his master's terror, which lends swiftness to his heels—the pace is severe, as the apparent snorting and panting of the poor jade testifies. The habitant in the rear of the sleigh has a very defiant look, and is standing, in doubtful equipoise, with a stout branch of a tree in his hand ready to break the head of the first attacking wolf, while the central figure, half crouched, has a sort of doubtful and anxious expression as to the issue of the race and of the living freight. The chromo-lithograph, we believe, will be sold at the remarkably low figure of $5. Mr. John G. Davis will canvass the city for subscribers.

The Finance Minister in Pembroke.

When the Finance Minister arrived in Pembroke on Wednesday last he met with a most enthusiastic reception. The following address was presented to him:

To the Hon. Sir Francis Hincks, K.C.M.G. & C.B., M.P., for North Riding of Renfrew, Finance Minister, Dominion of Canada.

Sir,—We, the undersigned, inhabitants of Pembroke, not having sufficient notice of your intended visit to your constituents to present you with a formal address, cannot allow the occasion to pass without expressing the gratification we feel at seeing you again in this place, and of tendering you a most hearty welcome.

And we can assure you that we believe that we speak the sentiments of your constituents generally, when we say that your action in Parliament, since you became our representative, has been of the greatest service to the Dominion, reflecting credit alike upon yourself and us.

We have the honor to be, Sir,
Yours &c., &c.,

John Supple, Wm Murphy, Thomas Murray, James Coleman, C O Kelly, Wm Halfpenny, Wm McAdam, Geo Murphy, Michael O'Meara, John E Wright, G Herrick, Michael Howe, R White, Samuel Hamilton, Benj McConnell, Jas White, Jas Heenan, Chas E Overman, Wm Murray, Chas B Whalen, W S Harvey, Wm. Sweatman, Dudley O'Kelly, J E Whelan, James Leach, David Leitch, H B Hawkins, Daniel Shields, W D Chapman, Michael Hughes, M Gorman; Ed Leeney; Alex. Millar, M Gorman, Edward Leeney, Alex Millar, James W Slack, John Cunningham, Martin Dowsley, Richard Mackey, Asher Ansell, James Copeland, John Cockburn, James Behan, John Copeland, Joseph Kenaday, Samuel Dowsley, Stewart Little, Jas Irwin, M D, Francis Mooney, R A Dennison.

Pembroke, 26th Oct., 1870.

REPLY.

Gentlemen,—Accept my sincere thanks for this unexpected but most welcome address. Circumstances beyond my control rendered it impossible for me to give notice of the precise time of my long intended visit to Pembroke, the object of which is to meet as many of my constituents as may find it convenient to attend, to render an account of my conduct as their representative, and to reply to any interrogatories that may be put to me on the political questions of the day. From inquiries which I made from time to time since the close of the last session of Parliament, I was led to think that this month would be the most convenient one for the inhabitants of the Riding, and I observe that it has been likewise chosen by the leaders of the Opposition as the best time to hold meetings to denounce the policy of the Government, of which I have the honour to be a member. As I desire nothing but fair and open discussion of the various questions at issue between the Government and the Opposition, I shall take care that the substance of the observations which I hope to address to you to-morrow, shall be extensively circulated among those of my constituents who, owing to the distance from the County Town, or other causes, should be unable to be present at the meeting. The assurance that you give me in advance of my explanations, that my constituents generally are satisfied with my conduct is most gratifying to me.

F. HINCKS.

Pembroke, Oct. 26th, 1870.

The Florence Nightingale of the Nursery.—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weizer, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. Winslow will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "Susy" to say, "A Blessing on Mrs. Winslow," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the Prospectus. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know he only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "Cough," "Cold," or Irritated Throat, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES Reach directly the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In Bronchitis, Asthma, and Catarrh they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D; New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres, Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence

Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"Troches," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

NOTICE.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO.

Toronto, 29th October, 1870.

Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Clerk.

Toronto, Oct 27, 1870 1awk-28D.

OTTAWA PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

The attendance of all Members and those intending to become Members, is requested at GOWAN'S HALL, on TUESDAY next, the 1st NOVEMBER, at 7½ P.M.

G KENNEDY, Secretary.

Ottawa, Oct 7, 1870 1497tf

FOR CHEAP

JOB PRINTING

CALL AT THE TIMES OFFICE
48 Sparks Street,
Ottawa.

SUITS,
PEA JACKETS,
OVERCOATS,
☞ WINTER CLOTHING ☜

MAGEE & RUSSELL,

SPARKS STREET,
OTTAWA,

Beg to inform the Gentlemen of Ottawa and the public generally that their Tailoring Department is now under the management of a FIRST-CLASS ARTIST, of ENGLISH, AMERICAN and CANADIAN experience. Also that, their STOCK of CLOTHS this season is extremely large and varied, embracing all the NEW STYLES adapted for SUITS, PEA JACKETS and OVERCOATS.

☞ M. & R. would suggest to those requiring NEW and CORRECT FITTING GARMENTS, that it would be wise to place thyir orders at once, to prevent disappointments, as a great pressure of Trade is anticipated when the cold weather sets in.

☞ M. & R's facilities for doing justice to the requirements of the public is now such as to warrant them in saying that no house in the Province can manufacture superior or better fitting clothing.

☞ For Correctness of Fit, Elegance of Style and Workmanship unsurpassed.

☞ See Garments made to measure only, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,
SPARKS STREET,
OTTAWA.

Suits—Pea Jackets and Over Coats, made to measure only at Magee & Russell's, are unequalled for fit, style, workmanship and price.

☞ Gentlemen who are in the habit of ordering their clothing from Montreal and Toronto, are invited to view specimen garments, at Magee & Russell's.

ADDITIONAL STOCK

RE-ORDERED

—BY—

ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Are now receiving large lots of new GOODS, re-ordered by Cable and Mail from BRITAIN, to fill up lines sold out in September.

Their Stock will be again very complete in all the Departments this week.

They invite special attention to their Stock of

BLACK and COLOURED SILKS,

Fancy DRESS GOODS, in all the Fashionable Materials,

RIBBONS,
LACES,
GLOVES,
HOSIERY,
SHAWLS,
MILLINERY
and MANTLES,
PRINTS,
COTTONS,
SHEETINGS,
BLANKETS and
FLANNELS,

All purchased in the best Markets, under every possible advantage.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

AUTUMN. 1870.

"THE GOLDEN LION,"

SPARKS STREET,

Opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE

MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

DISPLAY of NEW GOODS,
—ON—
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

All the new styles in

HATS,
BONNETS,
FEATHERS,
Flowers, Trimming Materials, &c

Fashionable Velveteen Hats.
From 25 Cents upwards.

Cloth and Velveteen Jackets,
$1.50 upwards

New Paris Jackets,
In Various Styles.

Ladies and Children's Under-clothing,
A large Assortment.

Gents Furnishing Goods,
A complete Stock.

☞ R. L. JAMES & Co. have enlarged their premises, not only to make room for larger stock, but also for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

An Early Call Solicited.

R L. JAMES & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON

Have now completed their

☞ FALL AND WINTER STOCK, ☜

And are showing great bargains in

BLANKETS
FLANNELS
TWEEDS
SHAWLS
VELVETS
TARTANS
GLOVES
TIES
&c. &c
WINCIES
COBOURGS
LUSTRES
HOSIERY
LACES
RIBBONS.
PARTIES
HOUSE FURNISHING

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine

☞ OUR STOCK ☜
—OF—

BLANKETS
SHEETINGS
COUNTERPANES
&c., &c., &c.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Box and Parlor Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen s Supplies, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 18, 1870.

NEW GROCERY STORE

CORNER OF
SUSSEX AND YORK STREETS.

J. M. C. DE LES DERNIERS
HAS OPENED A
NEW GROCERY STORE

In the above named Premises, in which will be found a full supply of all articles of the Trade, all new, and of first class quality. Having been selected by himself, he can guarantee their excellence. As the

GOODS WERE CASH PURCHASES

They can be sold at a less figure than if bought on credit. They consist in part of

WINES,
LIQUORS,
SCOTCH ALES, and
PORTER,
TEAS,
SUGARS,
(in variety,)
TOBACCOS,
FISH, (dried and salted)
PICKLES,
SAUCES,

And a variety of other articles too numerous to mention, and such as can be found only in a

☞ *First Class Grocery Establishment.* ☜

Mr. De les Derniers, having an extensive country connection, is in constant receipt of Butter, Eggs and other Farm Products, and has now on hand hundred packages of

SUPERIOR QUALITY FAMILY BUTTER,

Which he offers for Sale at a very low rate.

☞ Remember the place—Corner of SUSSEX and YORK streets, in Messrs. Kearns & Ryan's Old Stand.

An inspection of the Goods is respectfully desired.

J. M. C. DE les DERNIERS,
Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

Ottawa, 18th Oct, 1870 1490f

COAL VASES, PERDONIANS, and SCUTTLES, of beautiful patterns, at
ESMONDE'S.

THE largest and best assortment of COAL STOVES, at
ESMONDE'S.

CUTLERY, WOODEN WARE, WILLOW WARE and BRUSHES, at
ESMONDE'S.

LAMPS, GLOBES, CHIMNEYS, and COAL OIL, wholesale and retail, at
ESMONDE'S

JAPANNED, TIN, IRON, and Enamelled ware, at
ESMONDE'S.

DUMB STOVES, GALLOWS PIPES, and all improvements in STOVE PIPING, at
ESMONDE'S.

MONTREAL STOVE PIPE VARNISH, the best in use, at
ESMONDE'S.

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree. Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON,
Master at Ottawa

Scott & Ross,
Plaintiff's Solicitors.
Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1d-3w.

CAUTION.

CORNWALL BLANKETS.

THE CORNWALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to caution the public against a spurious shoddy imitation of their celebrated Blankets, now being imported into this country from England, and got up so as to cheat the public into the belief that they are of Canadian manufacture. The style and general appearance of the Cornwall Blankets have been closely copied, and so have the shape and printing of the tickets, except that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are omitted, and the words "Canadian Manufacture" substituted. Persons desiring a really good and genuine article will have to see that the words "Cornwall Manufacturing Company" are on the ticket of each pair of Blankets.

Cornwall, 17th August, 1870. 1445-tIN.

Wholesale Agents in Ottawa,
MAGEE & RUSSELL
Elgin Street.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14, RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

WANTED,

A man and his wife to take full charge of a large FARM on the Aylmer Road. The man must have a good knowledge of farming, and the management of Stock, and his wife must be capable of the management of a dairy. An active couple without incumberance preferred.

C B WRIGHT.

Hull, September 29, 1870 1476 1m

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET,

The proprietor of the above establishment takes the present opportunity of conveys thanks to all who have so liberally patronized "THE TEA POT" for many years past, and hope by attention and civility to ensure a continuance of their favors.

Buy at the "TEA POT," Rideau Street, what Groceries you Require.

JOHN HILL can supply you with Coffees and Teas,
And pleased you will be with such samples as these,
In fact, all he offers is the best you can buy,
And this you'll acknowledge whenever you try,
The quality's good and the prices are low,
And you cannot buy better or cheaper I know.
Then buy at "THE TEA POT" what you now may require.
And all that you buy will be all you desire.

Just arrived and guaranteed to be of the finest flavor:

Chests and Half Chests Japan Tea,
Gunpowder Tea (heavy shot)
Catties Japan Tea (extra fine),
Young Hyson Tea,
Twankay Tea,
Good Black Tea,
Very Best Breakfast Souchong Tea,
Strong rich Congou.

All these Teas are recommended with confidence to our customers, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

If you desire a Cup of really Good Coffee, try some of

THE PURE MOUNTAIN BERRY,

Fresh roasted and ground on the premises daily, and acknowledged by all who use it, to be a great treat!! and only to be found at

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

1870.

Ex Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY,
First Class Brands, warranted genuine for fam us.

16 HHDS. PORT WINE, very 14 vintage, 1851,
The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE,
Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY,
The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS,
Dublin Porter, put up to order. Dawe's Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE,
The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS,
BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh round and sweet.
GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS,
all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES,
SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS,
The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS,
Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general
Groceries,
Wines,
and Liquors,
OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for A few trials will prove their superiority common goods.

A call solicited by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 25, Rideau Street.

4th June, 1870.

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leather Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870 1493 2m

BAZAAR.

THE ANNUAL BAZAAR
in aid of the
ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM,

Will open this morning, and continue during the week, in the Barracks, formerly the British Hotel, corner of Sussex and George streets.

Donations in aid of the same, will be thankfully received by the Lady Managers

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495tf

FOR SALE.

A well fitted up SALOON, in a Central part of the City, and now doing a fine business. The saloon is got up in first class style, and will be sold cheap, as the PROPRIETOR is about to leave the Business. Address J. B., at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct 19, 1870 1519 2

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH.

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now every where acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street

1397 3

JAMES PEACOCK,

HATS! HATS! HATS!

33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

The latest Novelties in

FALL STYLES OF HATS

JUST RECEIVED.

Call and Examine.

CANADA CENTRAL
AND
BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS

On and after FRIDAY, the 16th September instant, through trains will be run over the Roads as follows

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Ottawa at 9 a. m. and 5.35 p. m.

The Train Leaving at 9 a. m.,

Will connect at Brockville with the Grand Trunk Express going West, and at Sand Point with the Union Forwarding and Railway Company's steamers for Portage Du Fort, Pembroke, &c.

EXPRESS TRAINS

Will leave Brockville at 8.05 a. m. and 4 40 p. m.

The 4.40 p. m. Train

Will await the arrival of the Grand Trunk Mail Train going East, if late making a certain connection for mails and passengers for Ottawa. Grain and other freight in car loads will go through from points west to Ottawa without transhipment.

Arrangements will shortly be made to connect with the Grand Trunk Night Express Trains so that passengers can go through without change by sleeping car from

TORONTO TO OTTAWA.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, September 12 1870 1460tf

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

—OF THE—

☞ PROVINCE OF ONTARIO ☜

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W R WORSLEY,
Sec, C C R Co

Ottawa, Oct 15, 1870

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session for an Act to authorise the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 18th, 1870 1492 1awk-3a

TIGHT BINDING

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PR[illegible] BOTTLE.

DOMINION

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario,

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1468 13

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa,
332tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

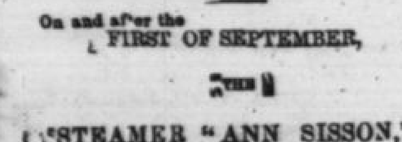
The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the
FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 3 p. m.

The steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144 tf

M'DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the general banks. 219tf

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PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

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TIMBER MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given to Timber Manufacturers that the delay granted by Law (33 Vic. Cap. 36,) for the Registering of their Timber Marks, will expire on the 12th of NOVEMBER next, after which they will be liable to a PENALTY of FIFTY DOLLARS for neglect.

Search made and advice given as to Marks which may be registered without conflicting with others, FREE.

T. G. COURSOLLES,
Agent for Regis. of Timber Marks

Ottawa, Oct 5, 1870 1479 [illegible]

TO LET.

From the 15th November to the 1st May next, the house at present occupied by Dr Henry, corner of Kent and Wellington streets Apply after [illegible] 1486

Medical.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and he public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Med

The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations
English, French and German
Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

For sale by DRUGGISTS — TRADE-MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL — GROCERS [illegible]

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best task for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

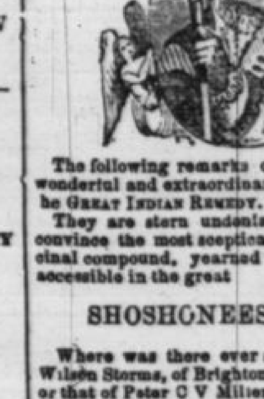
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in [illegible]

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

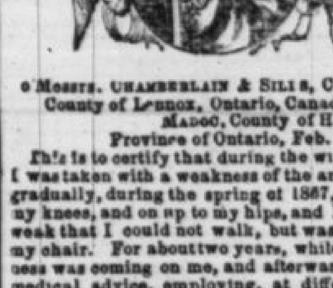
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



o Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS.
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS — TRADE MARK — MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London.
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

_ All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm 1awkfm

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LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseur

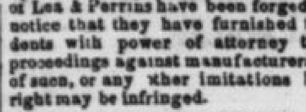
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 52y1136 law

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CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

A GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,

Will be held at the

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, MONTREAL

ON

Wednesday, the 12th day of October Next,
AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

W R WORSLEY
Secretary.

Canada Central Railway Office,
Ottawa, September 14, 1870 1452d

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of the Act.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870 1478 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, Toronto," will be received at this Office until Monday Evening, the 24th instant, for the erection and completion of a new POST OFFICE, Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office, also at the office of G. W. Storm Architect, King Street, Toronto, on and after the 14th instant.

The Tender must be in one bulk sum, and embracing all trades and classifications of work and material.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works
Ottawa, October 1, 1870 1477 4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

[PR]ESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago...... 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit...... 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit...... 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route...... 120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

Ottawa, August 23, 1870 1444tf

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained

1386tf OPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $226.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 -1

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM. SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

Augus 6 1446t

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

UNION LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $5 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street.
Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1463

TO FARMERS.

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven	
	Cook Stoves.
Low Oven	
	Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.	
	Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.	
	Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.	
	Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.	
	Elbows.
Zinc.	

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H ASims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

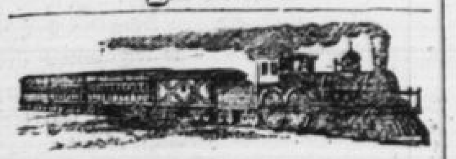
NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, Augus 6 3m

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

On and from WEDNESDAY next, the 14th inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 8 30 a m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Toronto at 10 p m. Also with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers, at Prescott, East and West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, due in Montreal at 8 p m,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West, due in Toronto at 11 a m, and in Montreal at 9 a m.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.15 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses leaving Toronto at 730 p m. and Montreal at 9 p m, and arriving in Ottawa at 9.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.30 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 9 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 40 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, leaving Toronto at 6 and 7 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 7.15 p m.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time,

R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director

Ottawa, September 12, 1870.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis. completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown...... $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown...... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown...... $100 00
Halifax...... 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer...... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown...... 30 00
Halifax...... 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer...... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

[illegible] 18, 1870

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STOR

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 [illegible] law

Sarsaparilla,

[PURIF]YING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

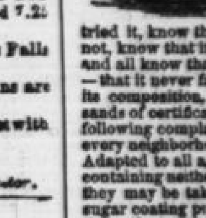
Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite*, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice* or *Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers*, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhœa*, but one mild dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back* and *Loins*, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Suppression* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

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Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

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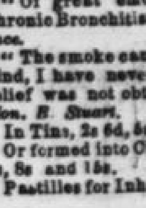

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